

CERN IT Department CH-1211 Genève 23 Switzerland **www.cern.ch/it**

Data & Storage Services

CERN Lustre Evaluation and Storage Outlook

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HEPiX, Lisbon 20th April 2010



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Agenda



- Lustre Evaluation Summary
- Storage Outlook
 - Life cycle management
 - Large disk archive
- Conclusions





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Lustre Evaluation Scope



HSM System

- CERN Advanced STORage Manager (CASTOR)
- 23 PB, 120 million files, 1'352 servers

Analysis Space

- Analysis of the experiments' data
- 1 PB access with XRootD

Project Space

- >150 projects
- Experiments' code (build infrastructure)
- CVS/SVN, Indico, Twiki, ...

User home directories

- 20'000 users on AFS
- 50'000 volumes, 25 TB, 1.5 billion acc/day, 50 servers
- 400 million files

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Evaluation Criteria



• Mandatory is support for ...

- Life Cycle Management
- Backup
- Strong Authentication
- Fault-tolerance
- Acceptable performance for small files and random I/O
- HSM interface

• Desirable is support for ...

- Replication
- Privilege delegation
- WAN access
- Strong administrative control

Performance was explicitly excluded

See the results of the HEPiX FSWG





Compliance (1/3)



Life cycle management

 Not OK: no support for live data migration, Lustre or kernel upgrades, monitoring, version compatibility

Backup

 OK: LVM snaphots for MDS plus TSM for files worked w/o problems

- Strong Authentication
 - Almost OK: Incomplete code in v2.0, full implementation expected Q4/2010 or Q1/2011





Compliance (2/3)



Fault-tolerance

OK: MDS and OSS failover (we used a fully redundant multipath iSCSI setup)

Small files

Almost OK: Problems when mixing small and big files (striping)

HSM interface

- Not OK: Not supported yet, but under active development





Compliance (3/3)



Replication

- Not OK: not supported (would help with data migration and availability)
- Privilege delegation
 - Not OK: not supported

WAN access

- Not OK: may become possible once Kerberos is fully implemented (cross-realm setups)
- Strong administrative control
 - Not OK: pools not mandatory, striping settings cannot be enforced





Additional thoughts



 Lustre comes with (too) strong client/server coupling

- Recovery case

Moving targets on the roadmap

- Some of the requested features are on the roadmap since years, some are simply dropped
- Lustre aims at extreme HPC rather then a general purpose file system
 - Most of our requested features are not needed in the primary customers' environment





Lustre Evaluation Conclusion

 Operational deficiencies do not allow for a Lustrebased storage consolidation at CERN

• Lustre still interesting for the analysis use case (but operational issues should be kept in mind here as well)

 Many interesting and desired features (still) on the roadmap, so it's worthwhile to keep an eye on it

For details, see write up at https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/pub/DSSGroup/LustreEvaluation/CERN_Lustre_Evaluation.pdf



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Life Cycle Management

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- Archive sizes continue to grow
 - 28 PB tape used currently at CERN
 - 20 PB/year expected
- Media refresh every 2-3 years
 - Warranty expiry on disk servers
 - Tape drive repacking to new densities
- Time taken is related to
 - TOTAL space, not new data volume recorded
 - Interconnect between source and target
 - Metadata handling overheads per file
- Must be performed during online periods
 - Conflicts between user data serving and refresh



Repack Campaign

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Last repack campaign took 12 months to copy 15PB of data
When next drives are available, there will be around 35PB of data
To complete repack in 1 year, data refresh will require as much resources as LHC data recording

•This I/O capacity needs to be reserved in the disk and tape planning for sites with large archives

Storage Outlook - 12



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Disk Based Archive?





•Can we build a disk based archive at reasonable cost compared to a tape based solution?







Storage in a Rack

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- Tape Storage at CERN
 - 1 drive has 374 TB storage
 - Average rate 25 MB/s
- Disk Server equivalent
 - 2 head nodes
 - 2 x 4 port SAS cards
 - 8 JBOD expansion units
 - 45 x 2 TB disks each
 - Capacities
 - 720 TB per rack
 - 540 TB when RAID-6 of 8 disks
 - 270 TB per head node





High Availability





Simulation 20 PB/yr 2011-15







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- Costs normalised to tape HSM as 100
- Storage in a rack can be comparable with *Storage Outlook - 16*



Simulation for power







- Additional power consumption of 100 kWatt
- Cost included in the simulation Storage Outlook 17



Areas to investigate

- Reliability
 - Corruptions
 - Scrubbing
- Availability
 - Fail-over testing
- Power conservation
 - Disk spin down / up
- Lifecycle management
 - 40 days to drain at gigabit ethernet speeds
- Manageability
 - Monitoring, Repair, Install
- Operations cost
 - How much effort is it to run

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Conclusions

- Lustre should continue to be watched but currently is not being considered for Tier-0, Analysis or AFS replacement
- Lifecycle management is a major concern for the future as the size of the archive grows
- Disk based archiving may be an option
 - In-depth reliability study before production
 - Watch trends for disk/tape capacities and pricing
 - Adapt software for multiple hierarchies



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Backup Slides



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Use Cases







