



High Energy Particle Accelerator Applications with the AWAKE-Scheme

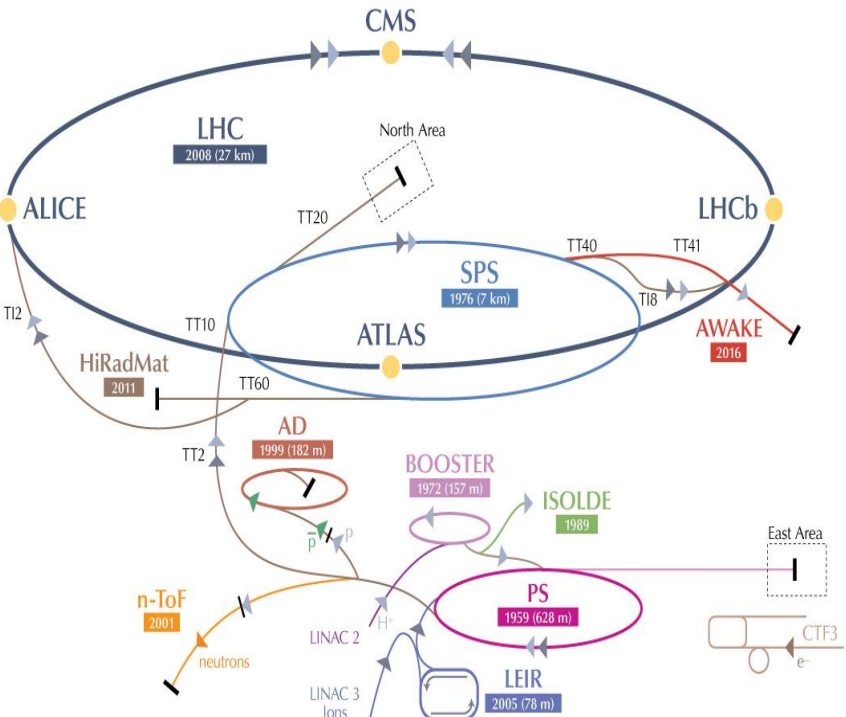
Edda Gschwendtner, CERN

ALEGRO Workshop, 26 – 29 March 2019

Outline

- AWAKE Run 1 Results
- AWAKE Run 2
- High Energy Physics Applications
 - Fixed Targets
 - Electron/proton or electron/ion collider
- Summary

Introduction



AWAKE: Advanced Proton driven Plasma Wakefield Experiment

- First facility that investigates the use of plasma wakefields driven by a proton beam to accelerate electrons to high energies at GeV level.
- Apply scheme to particle physics experiments leading to shorter or higher energy accelerators
- Collaboration of 18 institutes and 2 associate members.
- Approved in 2013
- First beam in 2016

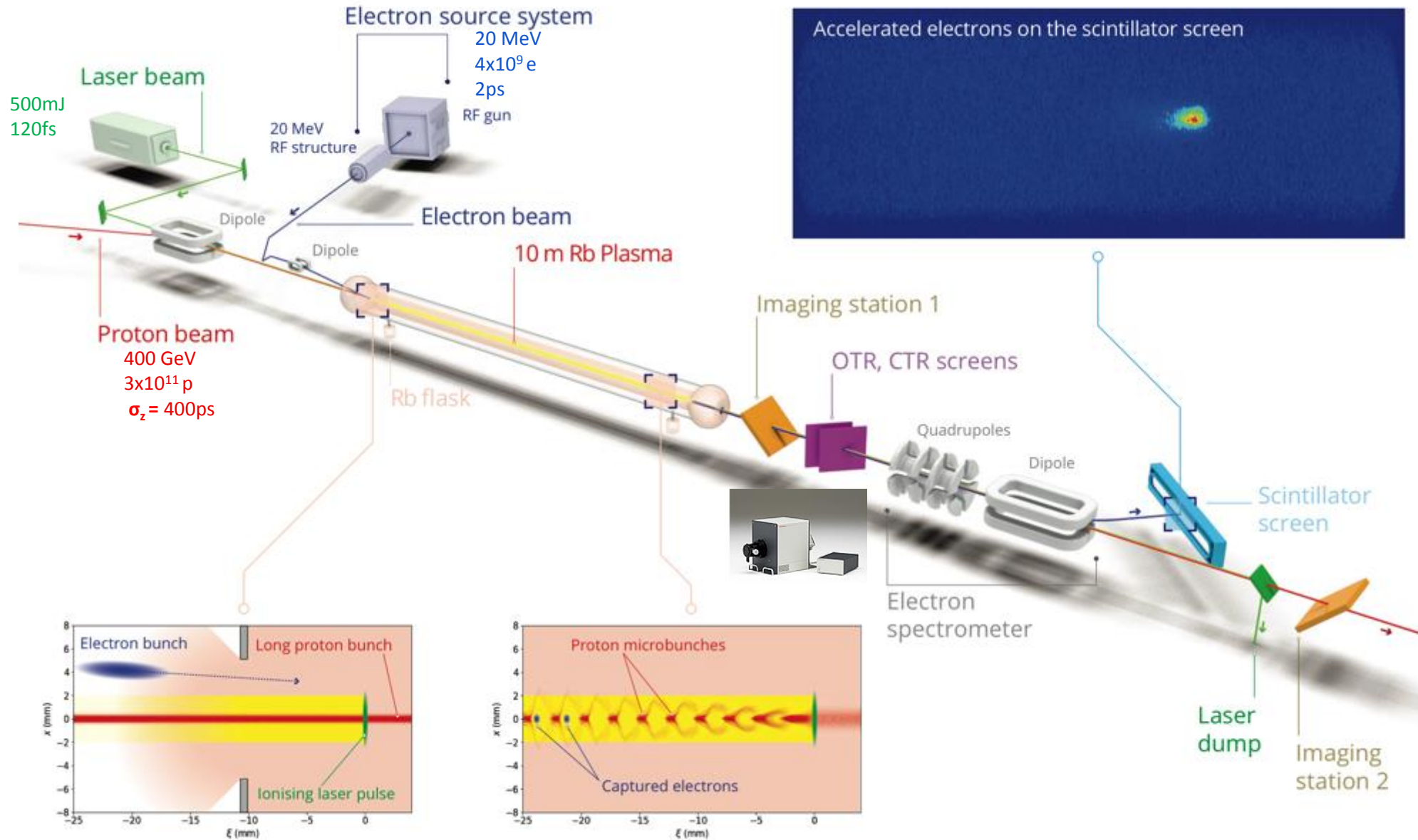
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022/23/24
Proton and laser beam-line	Study, Design, Procurement, Component preparation			Installation	Commissioning	Data taking		Long Shutdown 2 24 months	Data taking	
Experimental area	Study, Design, Procurement, Component preparation			Modification, Civil Engineering and installation		RUN 1			RUN 2	
e ⁻ source and beam-line	Studies, design		Fabrication	Installation	Commissioning	Phase 2				

Run 1 – until LS2 of the LHC.

After LS2 – proposing Run 2 of AWAKE (during Run 3 of LHC)

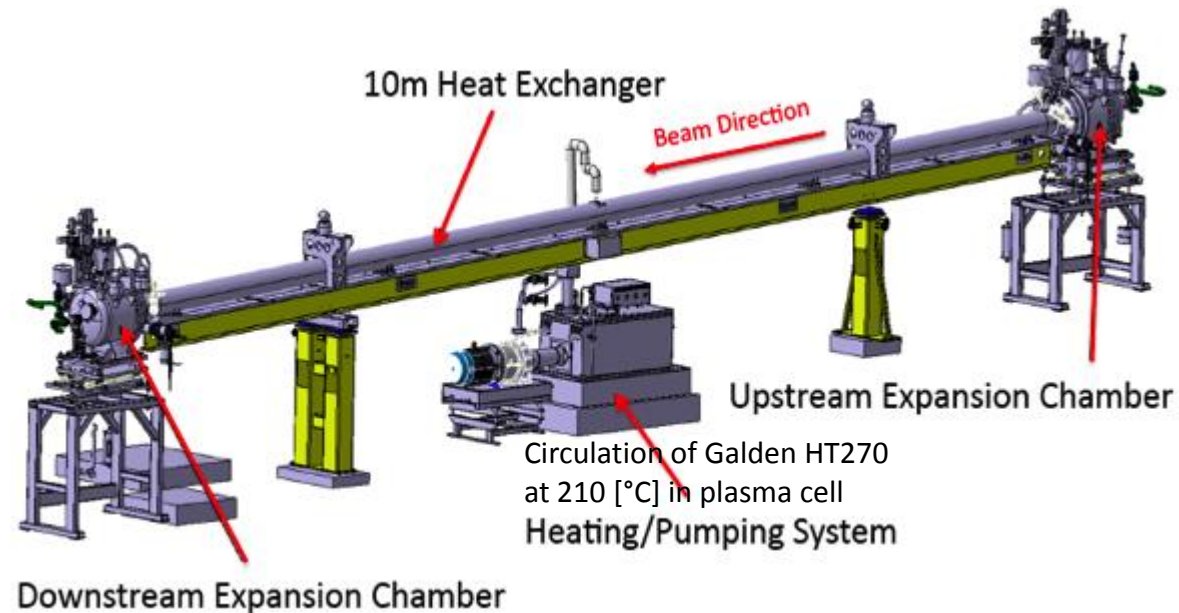
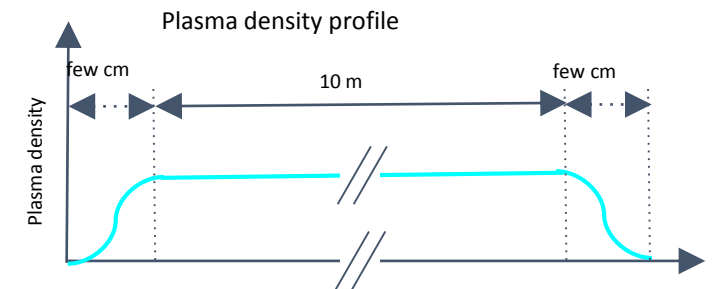
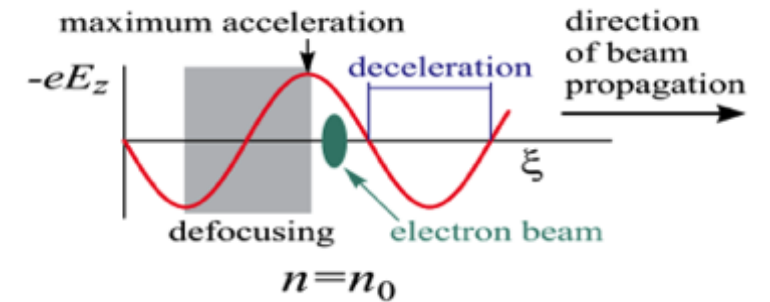
After Run 2: kick off particle physics driven applications

AWAKE Experiment



AWAKE Plasma Cell

- **10 m long**, 4 cm diameter
- Rubidium vapor, field ionization threshold $\sim 10^{12}$ W/cm²
- Density adjustable from $10^{14} - 10^{15}$ cm⁻³ \rightarrow **7×10^{14} cm⁻³**
- Requirements:
 - **density uniformity better than 0.2%**
 - Fluid-heated system (~ 220 deg)
 - Complex control system: 79 Temperature probes, valves
 - **Transition between plasma and vacuum as sharp as possible**



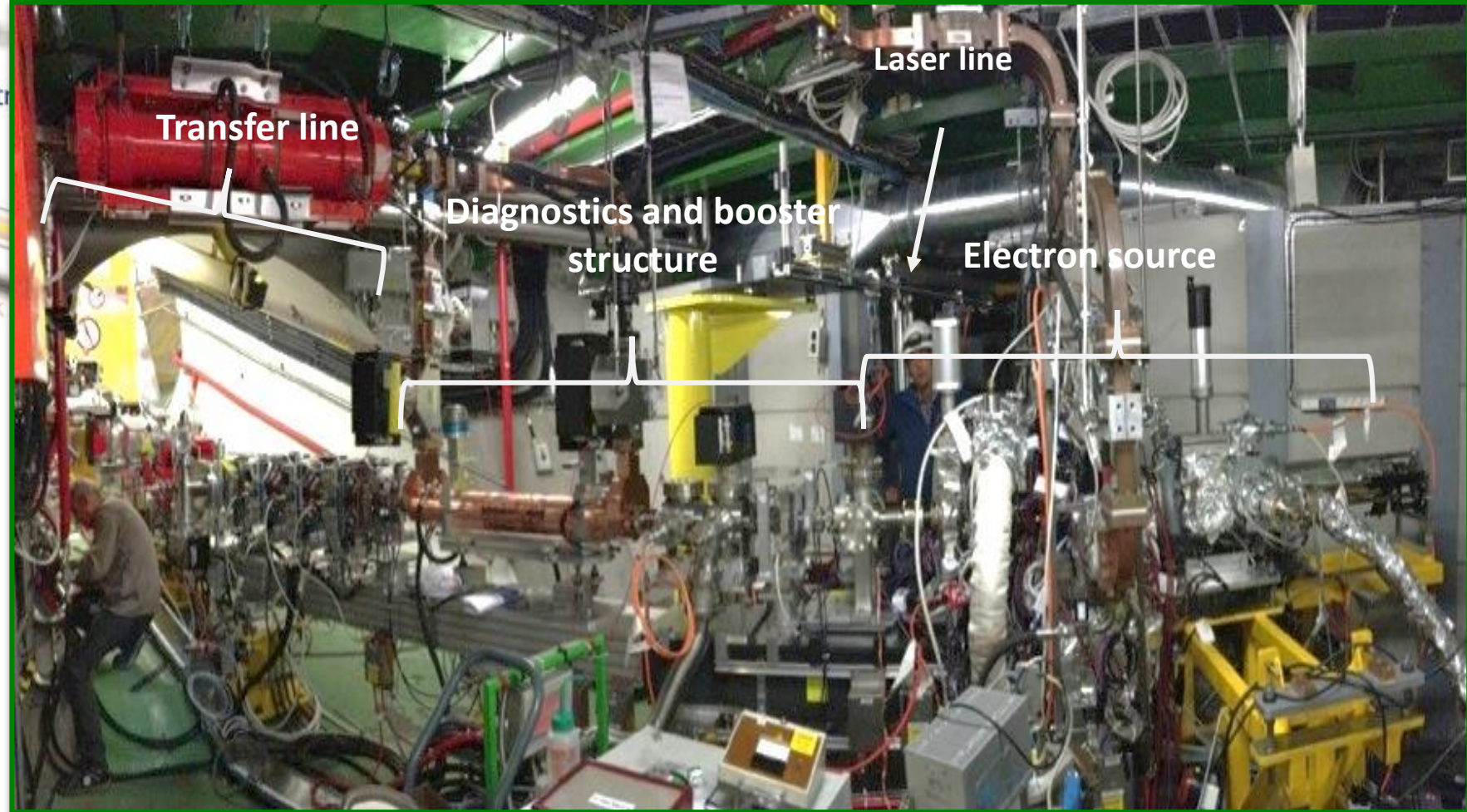
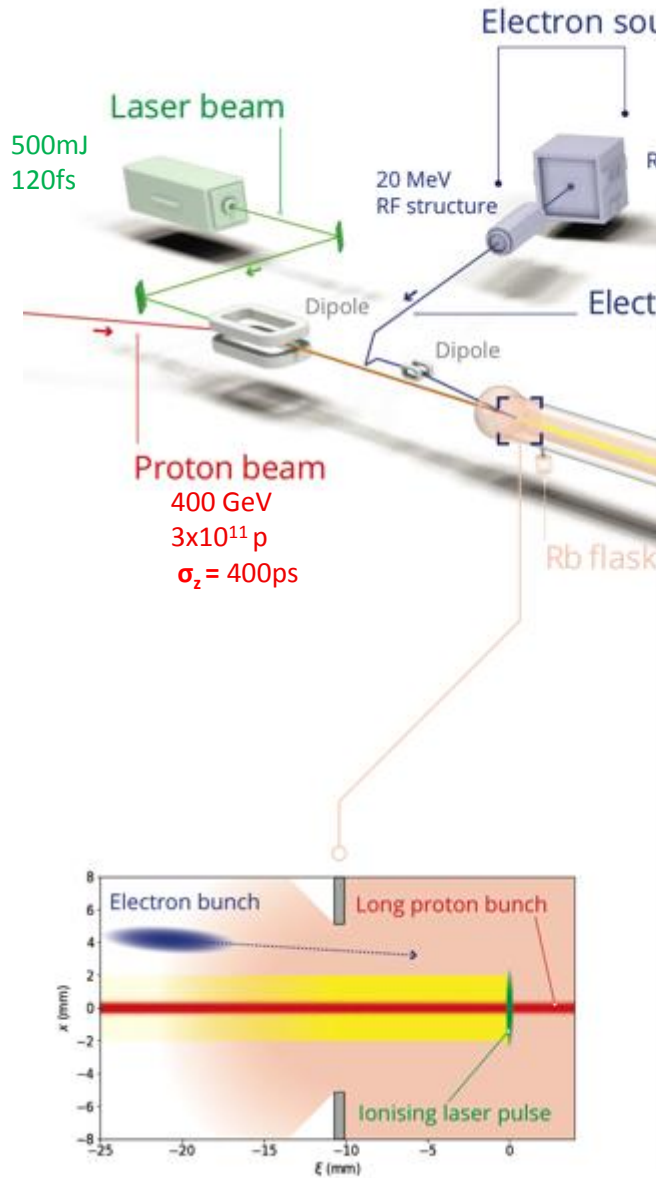
E. Öz et al., NIM A 740(11), 197 (2014)
E. Öz et al., NIM A 829, 321 (2016)
F. Batsch et al., NIM A, 909, 359 (2018)

AWAKE Plasma Cell

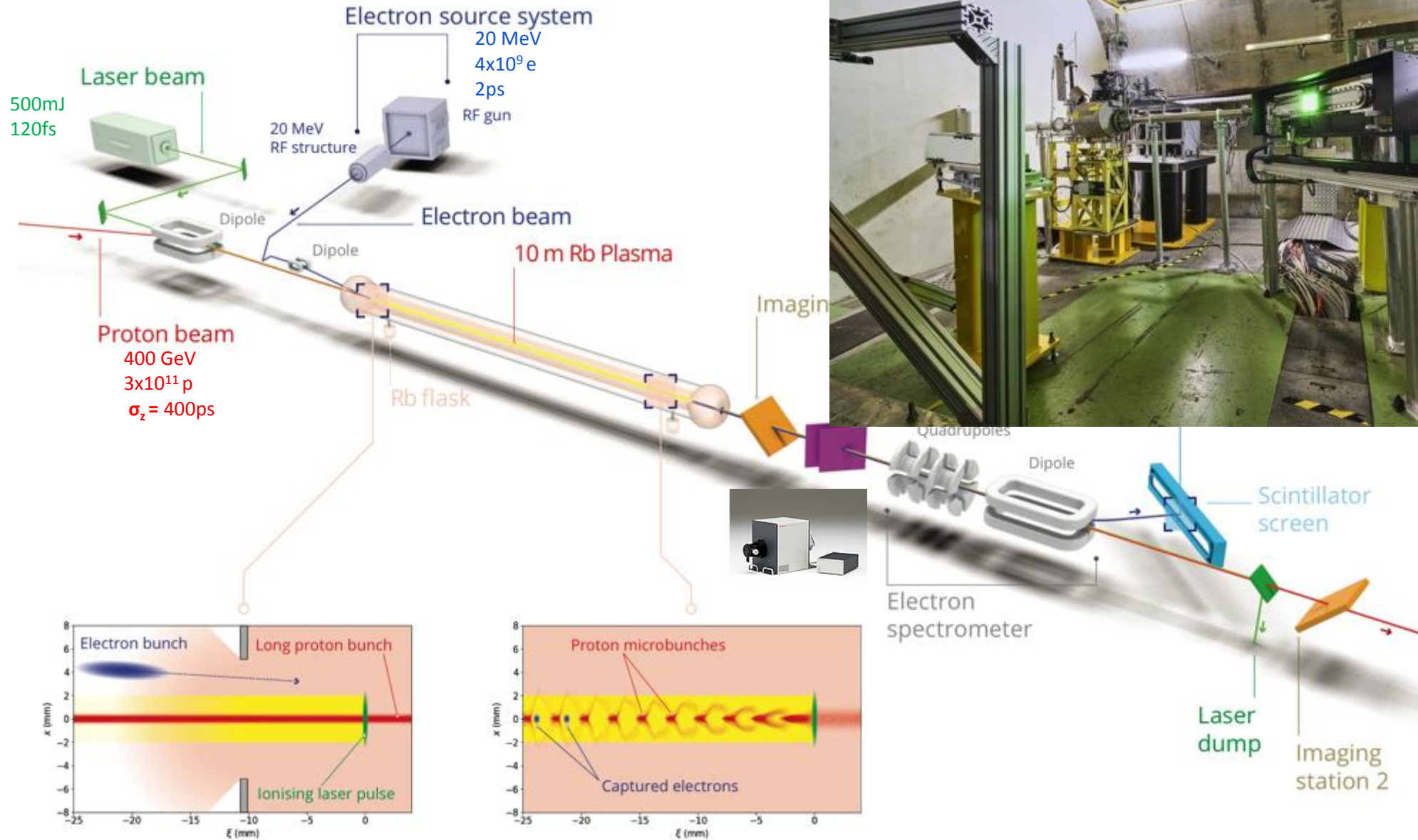


Plasma cell in AWAKE tunnel

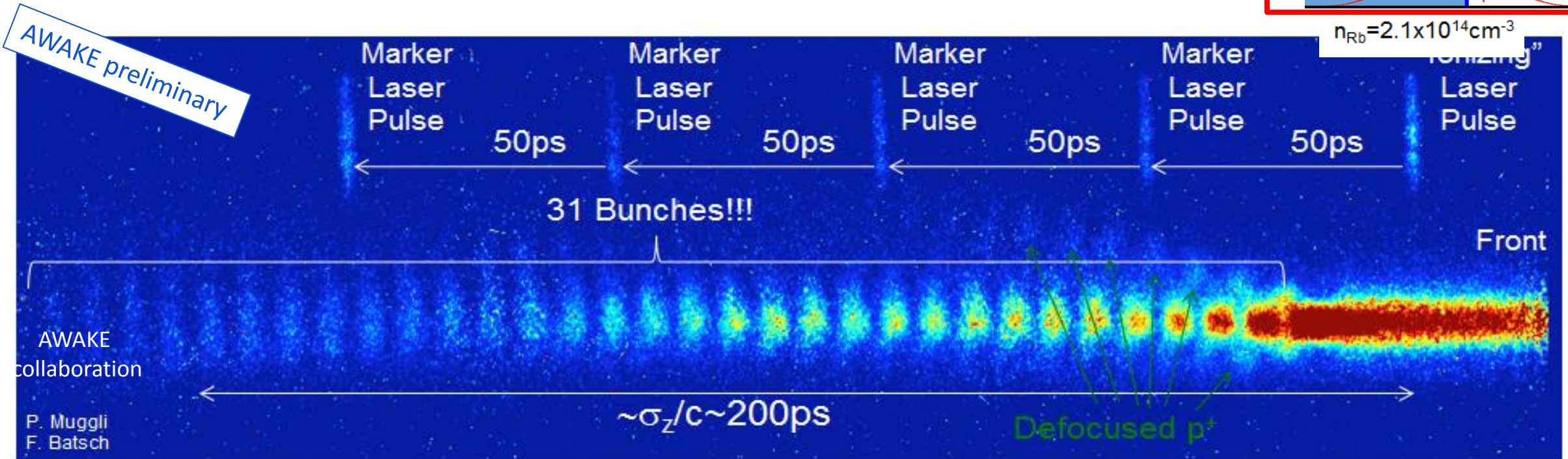
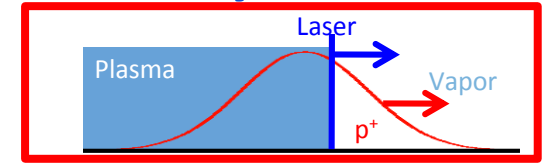
AWAKE Experiment



AWAKE Experiment



Results: Direct Seeded Self-Modulation Measurement, 2018



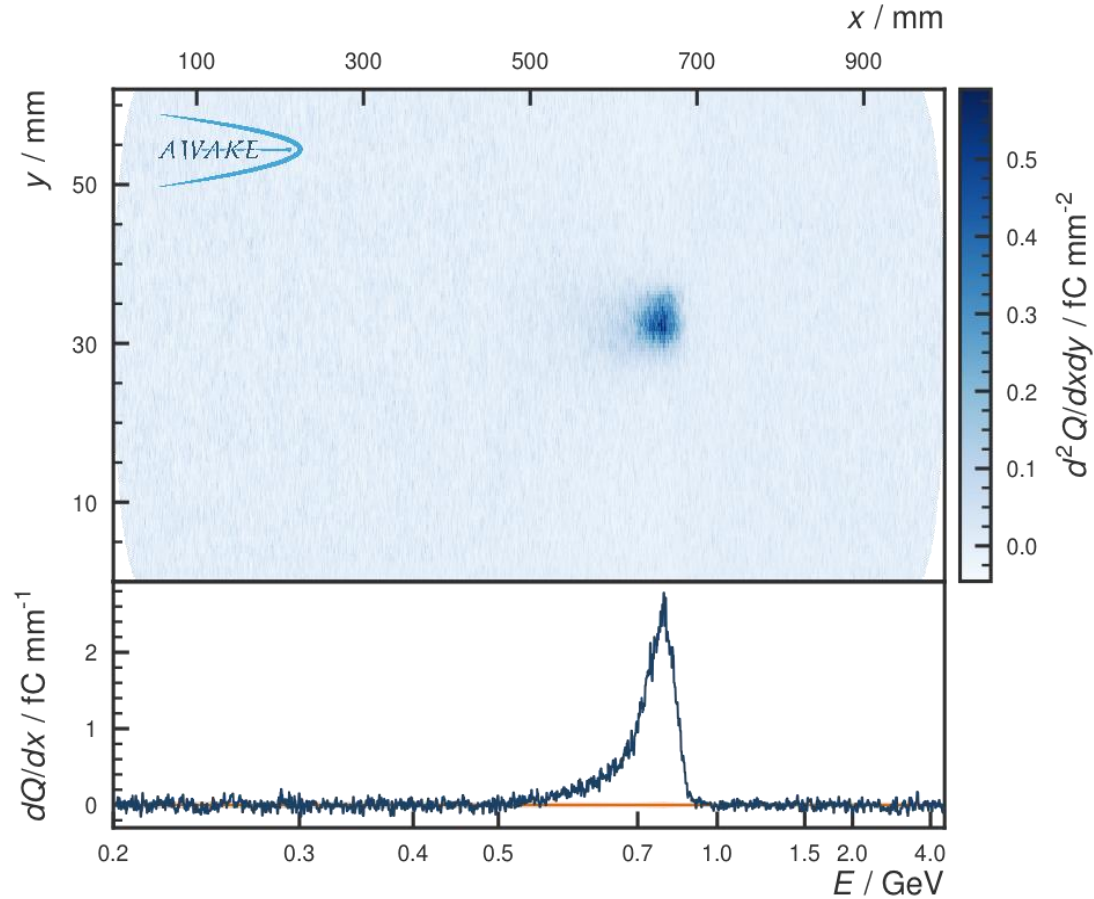
- Effect starts at laser timing → **SM seeding**
- **Density modulation** at the ps-scale visible
- Micro-bunches **present over long time scale** from seed point
- **Reproducibility** of the μ -bunch process against bunch parameters variation
- **Phase stability** essential for e⁻ external injection.

AWAKE Collaboration, 'Experimental observation of proton bunch modulation in a plasma, at varying plasma densities'. **Phys. Rev. Lett.** **122**, 054802 (2019).

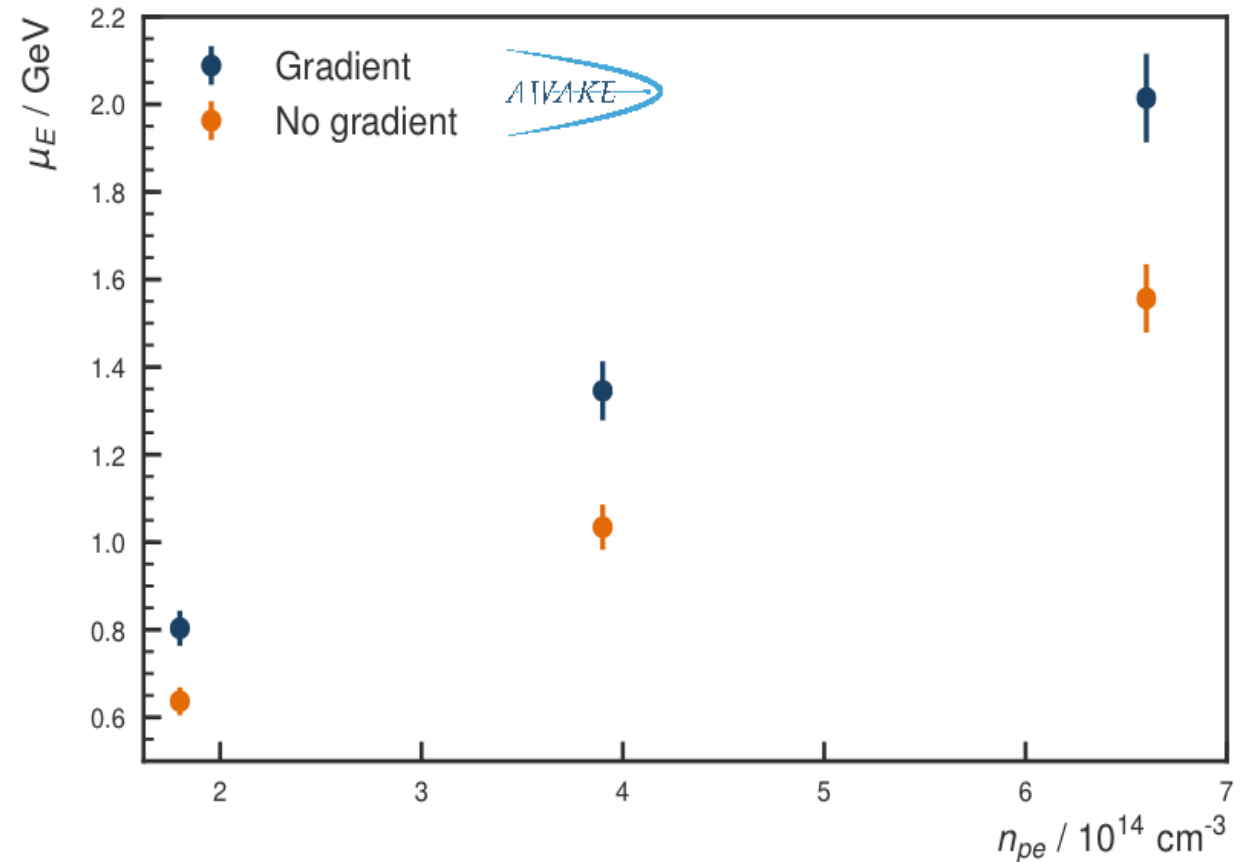
M. Turner et al. (AWAKE Collaboration), 'Experimental observation of plasma wakefield growth by the seeded self-modulation of a proton bunch', **PRL**, **122**, 054801 (2019).

Electron Acceleration Results, 2018

Results from May 2018 Run



Event at $n_{pe} = 1.8 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ with 5%/10m density gradient.



➔ Acceleration up to 2 GeV has been achieved.

What's Next?

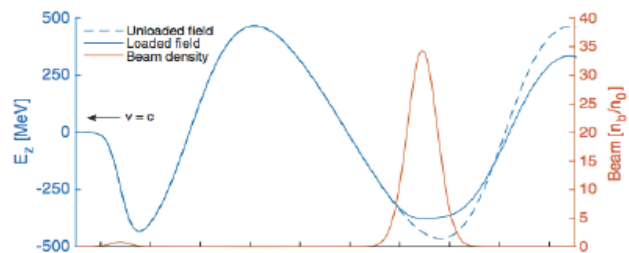
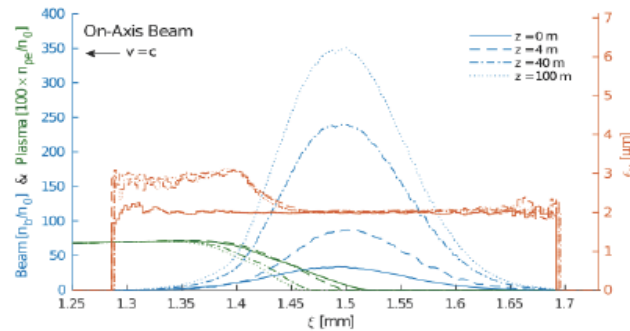
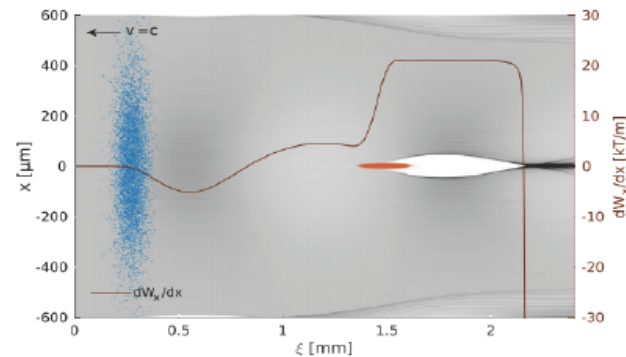
AWAKE Run 2

- Accelerate an electron beam to high energy (gradient of 0.5-1GV/m)
- Preserve electron beam quality as well as possible (emittance preservation at 10 mm mrad level)
- Demonstrate scalability of the AWAKE concept (R&D plasma sources)

✧ Acceleration of an externally injected e^- bunch with small final ε and $\Delta E/E$ @ GeV

OLSEN, ADLI, and MUGGLI

PHYS. REV. ACCEL. BEAMS **21**, 011301 (2018)



Typical parameters:

$$\sigma_z = 60 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\sigma_r = 5.25 \mu\text{m}$$

(matched for $\varepsilon_N = 2 \text{ mm-mrad}$, $n_e = 7 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $\sim \varepsilon_N^{1/4}$)

$$Q = 100 \text{ pC}$$

Blow-out and beam loading

$\sim 73\%$ charge with $\Delta \varepsilon_N / \varepsilon_N < 5\%$, $\Delta E/E \sim \%$

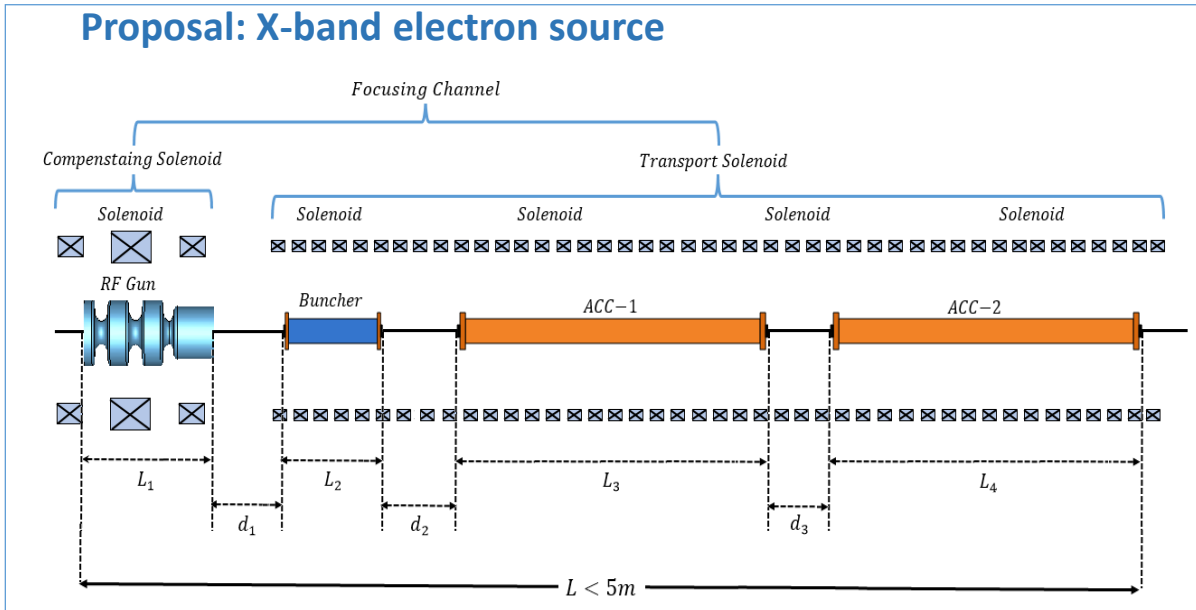
- AWAKE Run 1: Proof-of-Concept
- AWAKE Run 2: Propose for after CERN Long Shutdown 2: Accelerate electron beam to high energy while preserving beam quality so that it can be used for first physics application.

- ✧ Challenging parameters to produce with low energy particles (σ_r, σ_z)
- ✧ Challenging to measure (σ_r)

AWAKE Run 2

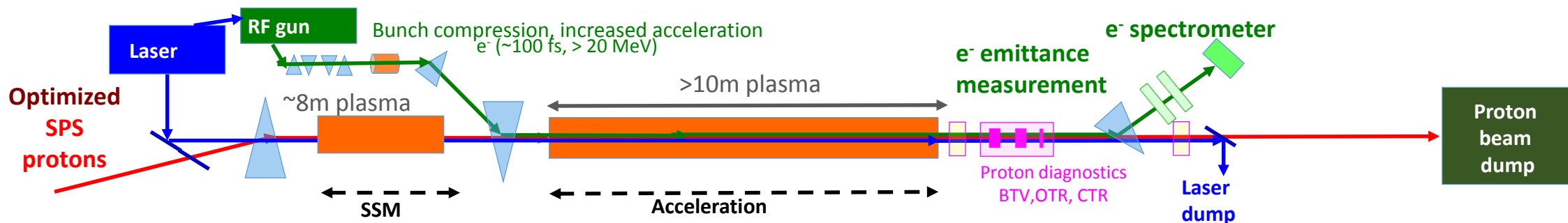
Proposing Run 2 for 2021 after CERN Long Shutdown 2

Proposal: X-band electron source



Preliminary Run 2 electron beam parameters

Parameter	Value
Acc. gradient	>0.5 GV/m
Energy gain	10 GeV
Injection energy	$\gtrsim 50$ MeV
Bunch length, rms	40–60 μm (120–180 fs)
Peak current	200–400 A
Bunch charge	67–200 pC
Final energy spread, rms	few %
Final emittance	$\lesssim 10$ μm



E. Adli (AWAKE Collaboration), IPAC 2016 proceedings, p.2557 (WEPMY008)

First Applications

After AWAKE Run 2 and after LS3: get ready for first applications:

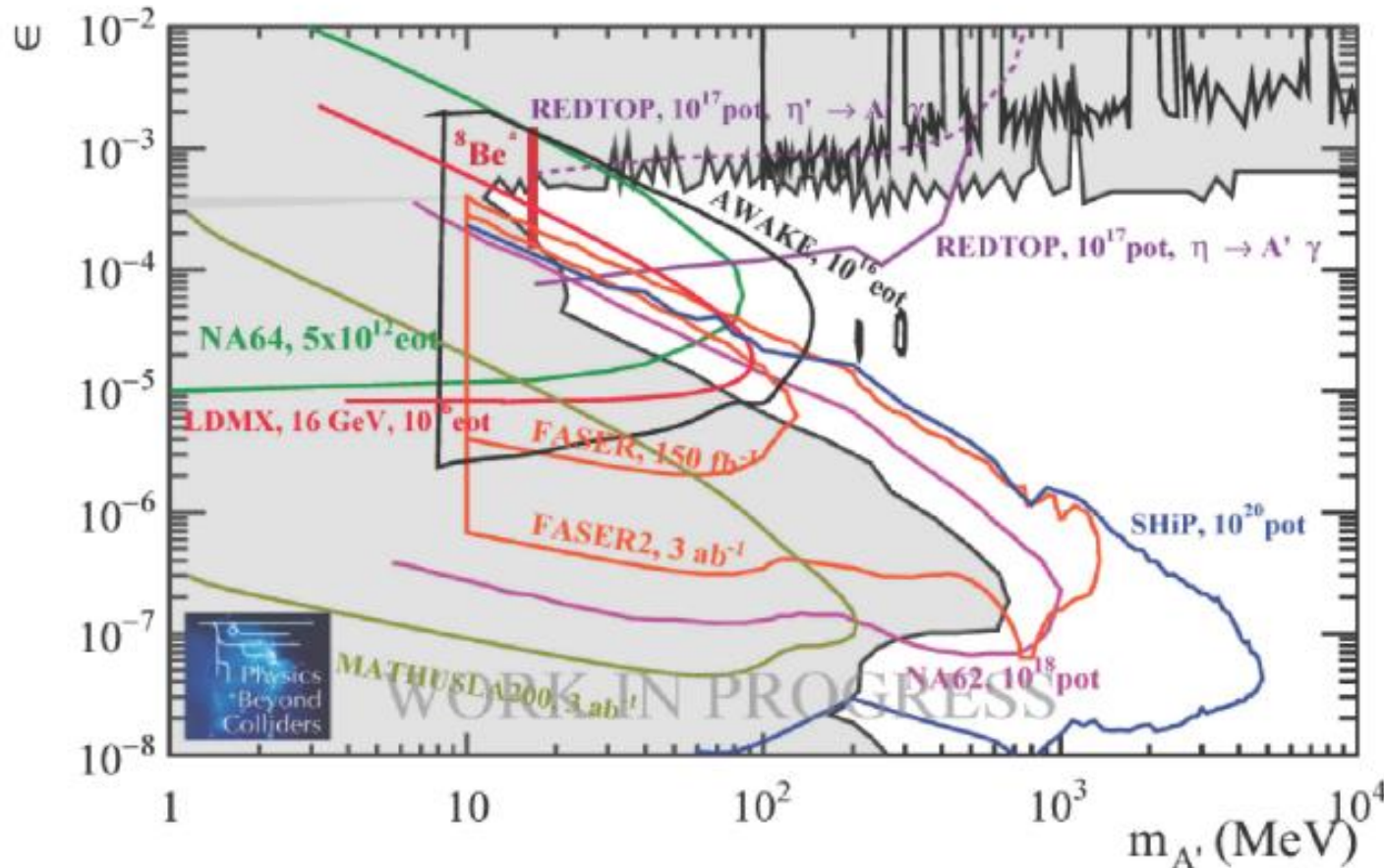
Use bunches from SPS with 3.5×10^{11} protons every ~ 5 sec, electron beam of up to 0 (50GeV).

→ Fixed target test facility

→ Collide with LHC protons/ions

Application: Fixed Target Experiments

- **Fixed target test facility:** Use bunches from SPS with 3.5 E11 protons every ~5sec,
→ electron beam of up to O (50GeV), **3 orders of magnitude increase in electrons**
- deep inelastic scattering, non-linear QED, **search for dark photons a la NA64**



Projected sensitivities to the dark photon visible mode

NA64 invisible-like experiment requires tagging of single electrons
→ not compatible with AWAKE time structure

Investigate **visible mode $A' \rightarrow e^+e^-$**
→ **fixed target experiment** → compatible with AWAKE time structure

Application: Fixed Target Experiments

- **Fixed target test facility:** Use bunches from SPS with 3.5 E11 protons every ~5sec,
→ electron beam of up to O (50GeV), **3 orders of magnitude increase in electrons**
- deep inelastic scattering, non-linear QED, **search for dark photons a la NA64**

Parameter	AWAKE-upgrade-type	HL-LHC-type
Proton energy E_p (GeV)	400	450
Number of protons per bunch N_p	3×10^{11}	2.3×10^{11}
Longitudinal bunch size protons σ_z (cm)	6	7.55
Transverse bunch size protons σ_r (μm)	200	100
Proton bunches per cycle n_p	8	320
Cycle length (s)	6	20
SPS supercycle length (s)	40	40
Electrons per cycle N_e	2×10^9	5×10^9
Number of electrons on target per 12 weeks run	4.1×10^{15}	2×10^{17}

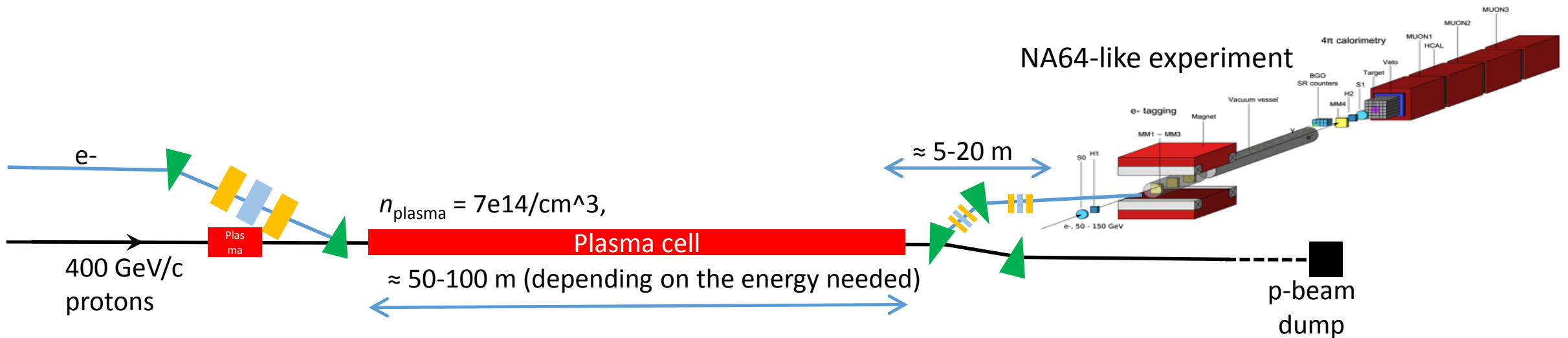
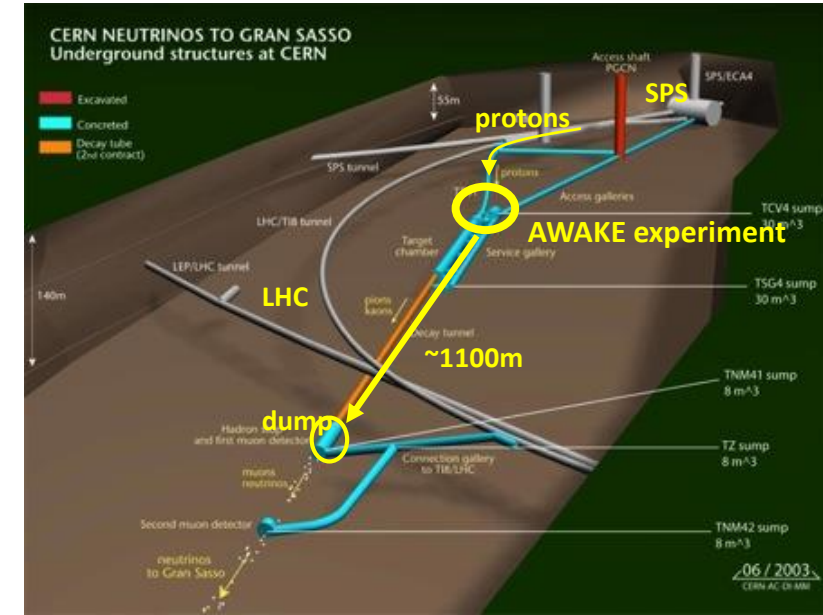
NA64 experiment: $\sim 3 \times 10^{12}$ electrons on target

Application: Fixed Target Experiments

Install in the current AWAKE facility, empty old CERN Neutrinos to Gran Sasso Area

Baseline scenario (based on AWAKE Run 2 parameters)

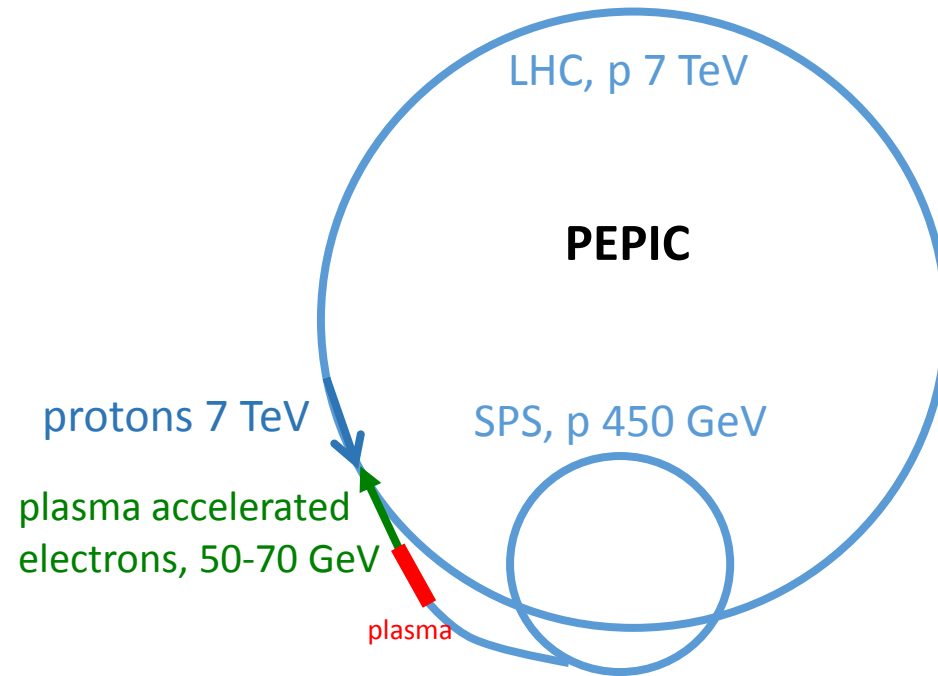
- 50 m long plasma accelerator
- 33 GeV/c electrons, $\Delta E/E = 2\%$, ~ 100 pC
- For 100 m accelerator: 53 GeV/c e, $\Delta E/E = 2\%$, ~ 130 pC



Application: Colliders

Using **the SPS or the LHC beam as a driver**, TeV electron beams are possible → Electron/Proton or Ion Collider

- **PEPIC**: LHeC like collider: E_e up to O (70 GeV), colliding with LHC protons → exceeds HERA centre-of-mass energy

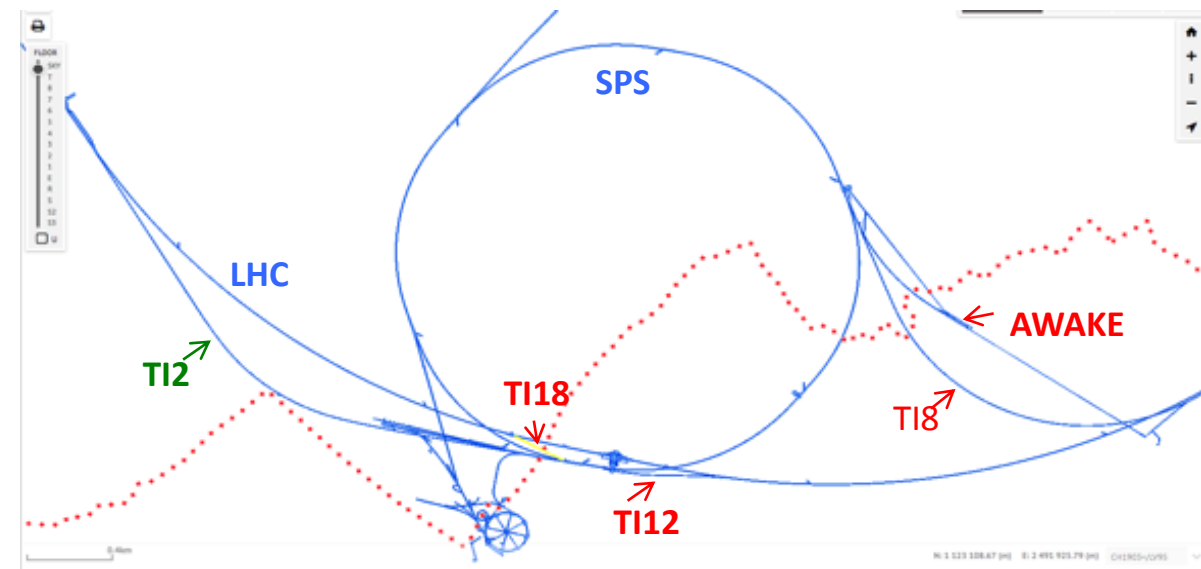


Luminosity $\ll 10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

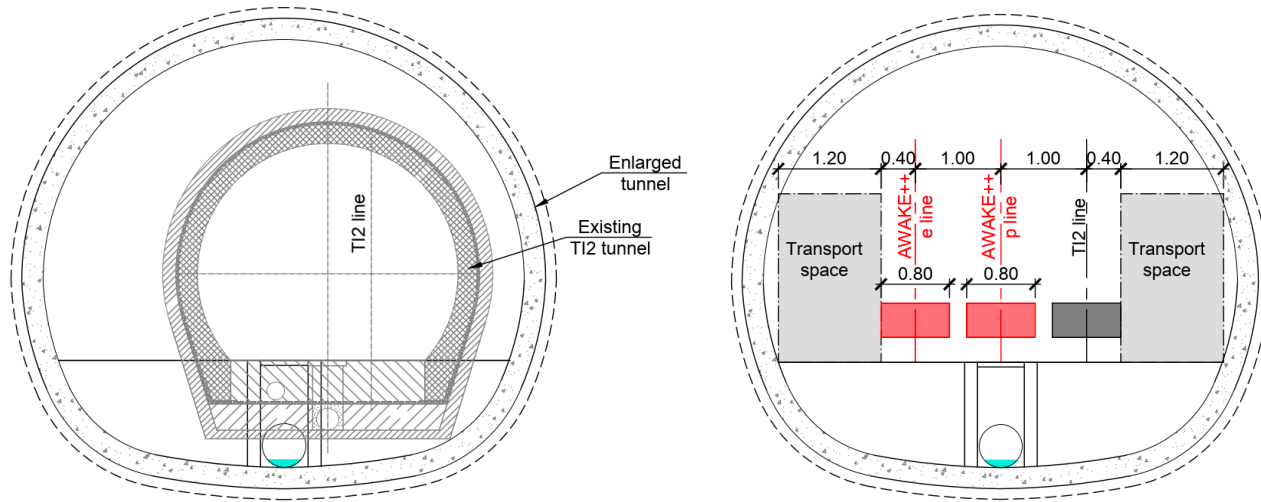
→ focus on QCD. → large cross-sections grow with energy → luminosity requirements modest

Possible Locations for PEPIC Plasma Acceleration Stage

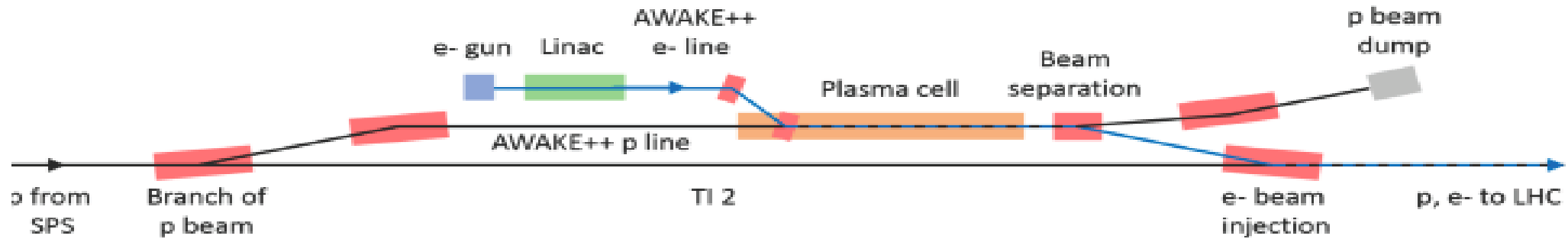
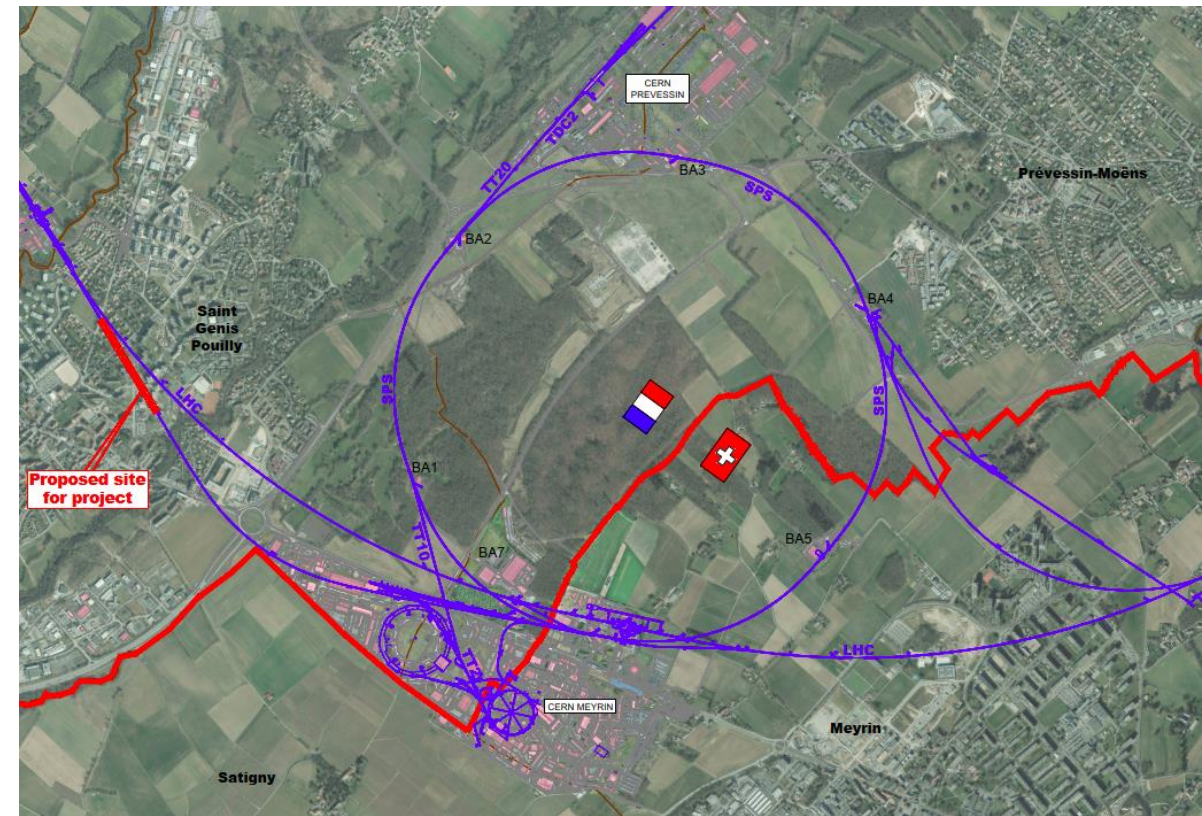
- Possible locations for pe- collider experiment would be either ALICE or LHCb.
- Since p beam is produced in the SPS a natural location for the plasma cell(s) would be in one of the transfer tunnels from the SPS to the LHC:
 - TI 12 old e- TL from SPS to LEP: TI12: 275m straight section. Direction opposite to SPS direction.
 - TI 18 old e+ TL from SPS to LEP: 190m straight section. Bend inside SPS → 4.7T. 40m height difference, slope of 15%.
 - TI 8 SPS → LHC beam 2: TI8: filled with magnets, 230m straight section, smaller radius than LEP.
 - **TI 2 SPS → LHC beam 1: TI2: 540m straight section. 18 empty half cells available.**
- LHC needs to stay fully operational as pp collider
- PEPIC equipment needs to share space with existing equipment in LHC/TI2/TI8



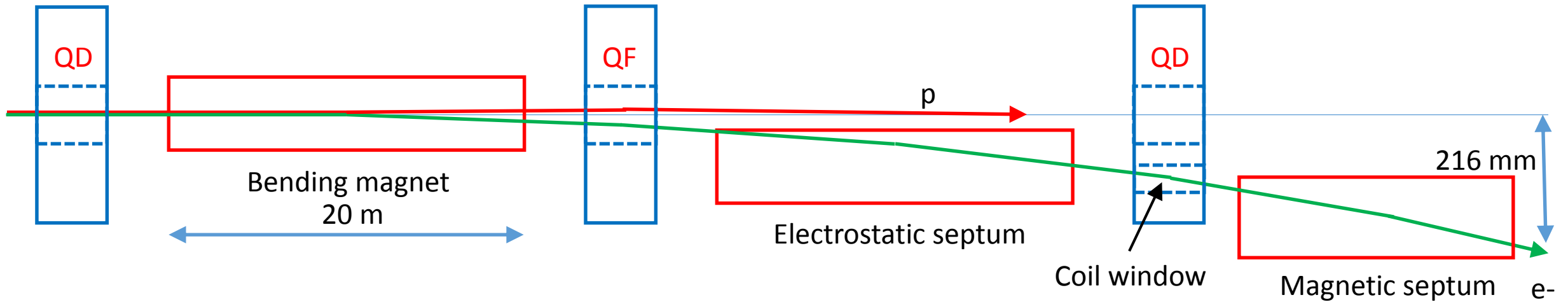
PEPIC



Existing and enlarged transfer tunnel



TI 2 Transfer Line for PEPIC



Proposal for separation scheme over multiple half cells

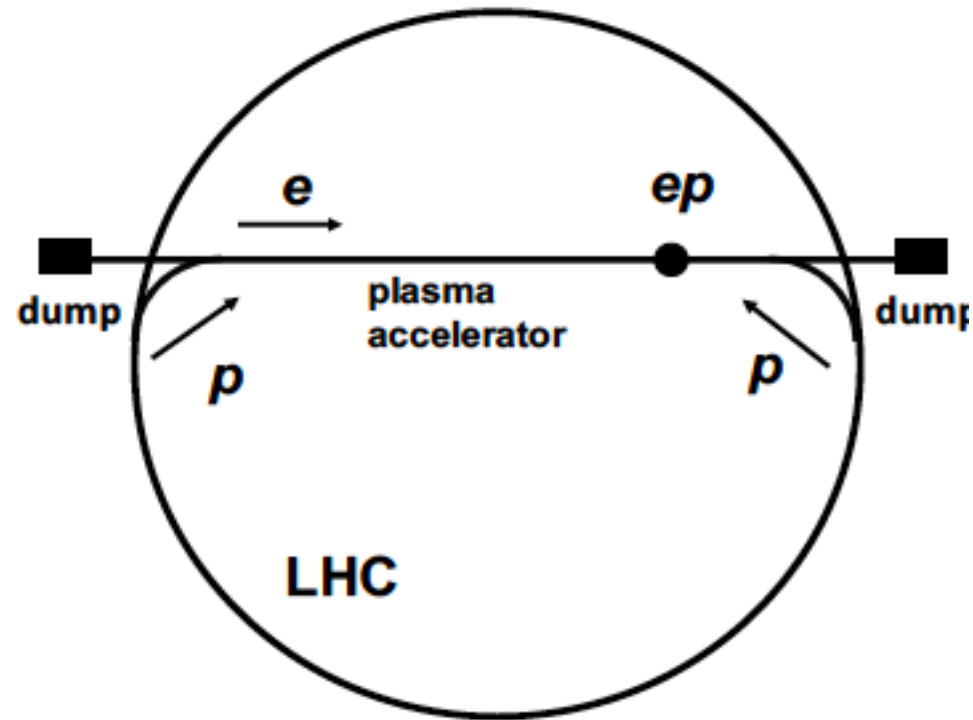
- Focussing quad for p is defocussing for e-
- Reduced energy loss for e- beam and reduced synchrotron radiation power.
- Reduced deflection of p beam. It might be able to transport p beam to TED.

→ To be further studied in detail

VHeP Collider

Using **the LHC beam as a driver**, TeV electron beams are possible → Electron/Proton or Electron/Ion Collider

- **VHPEc**: choose $E_e = 3$ TeV as a baseline and with $E_p = 7$ TeV yields $\sqrt{s} = 9$ TeV. → CM ~ 30 higher than HERA. Luminosity $\sim 10^{28} - 10^{29} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ gives $\sim 1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ per year. → Studies on achievable luminosity ongoing.
- Reach in high Q^2 and low Bjorken x extended by ~ 1000 compared to HERA.



Summary

- AWAKE: Proton-driven plasma wakefield acceleration interesting because of large energy content of driver. Modulation process means existing proton machines can be used.
- **AWAKE has for the first time demonstrated proton driven plasma wakefield acceleration of externally injected electrons.**
- AWAKE Run 1 was a proof-of-concept experiment. → Done!
- Aim of **AWAKE Run 2** starting 2021 after CERN's Long Shutdown 2 is to achieve high-charge bunches of electrons accelerated to **high energy, about 10 GeV**, while maintaining **beam quality** through the plasma and showing that the process is **scalable**.
- First applications possible in nearer future: Use the AWAKE scheme for **particle physics applications** such as fixed target experiments for dark photon searches and also for future electron-proton or electron-ion colliders.