



HTCondor Networking Concepts

Disclaimers

- > Not about configuration macros
- Not about host or daemon lookups
- > Not about HTCondor internals





Asking the Right Questions

- > There will be a quiz at the end
- > Start by reviewing fairy-tale networking
- > ... then add IPv6
- > ... then add schedd firewalls
- > ... then add startd firewalls
- > End by passing the quiz (open-manual)





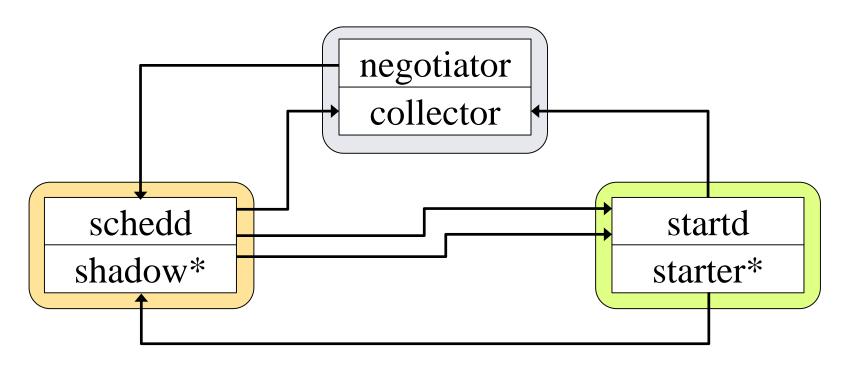
Fairy-tale Networking

- > Single network protocol
- > All addresses publically routable
- > No firewalls
- > Fewer than ~25k simultaneous running jobs





Working in a Fairy Tale

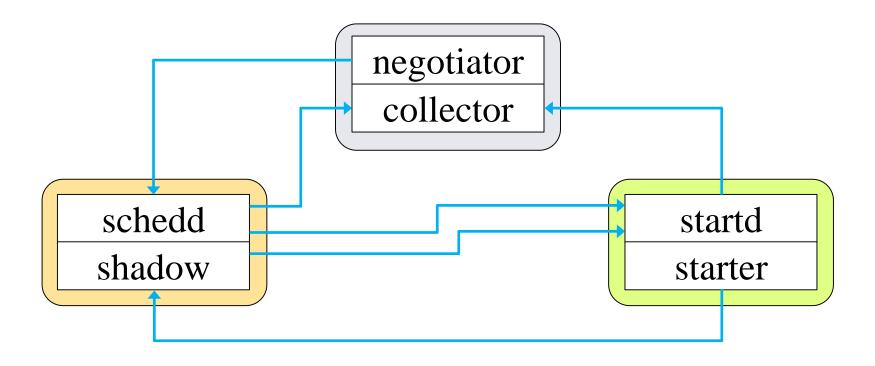


* One shadow, starter per running job





IPv6

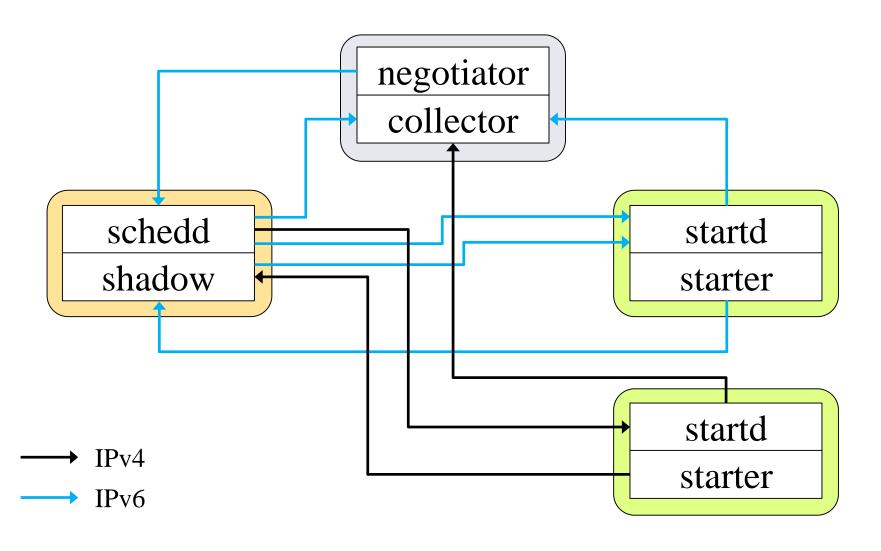


 $\longrightarrow IPv4 \\ \longrightarrow IPv6$





IPv6 + IPv4







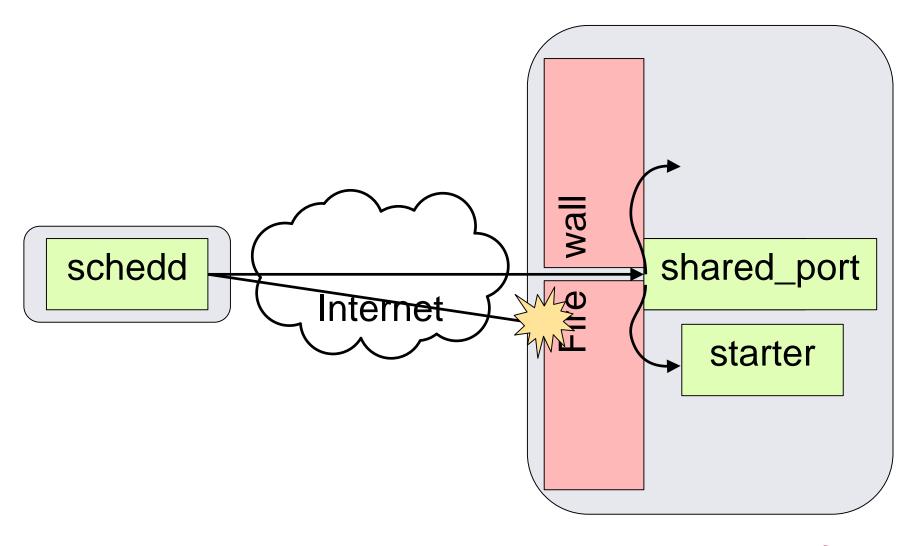
Shared Port

- > Problem: Firewall
 - Admin willing to open only one port
- > Problem: only ~60k TCP ports
 - Need one per shadow
- > Shared Port Service
 - Listens on single port for incoming connections
 - Hands each connection to intended recipient





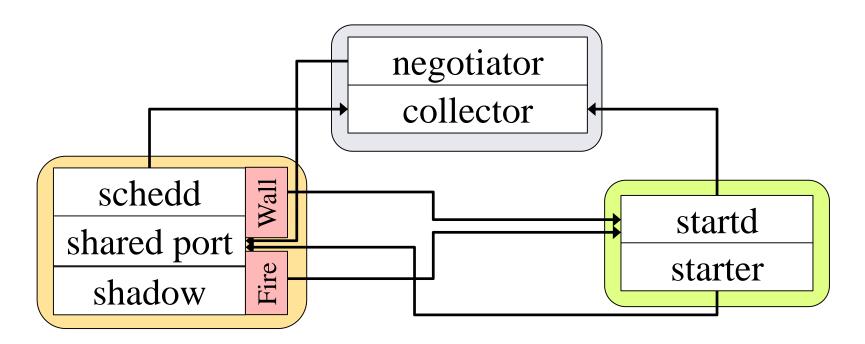
Shared Port







Firewalled Submit Node







TCP Forwarding Host

- > Problem: Private network with NAT
- > Traverse firewall via port forwarding
 - Allocate a public IP address
 - Connections to public address forwarded by NAT to machine on private network
- Common in the Cloud





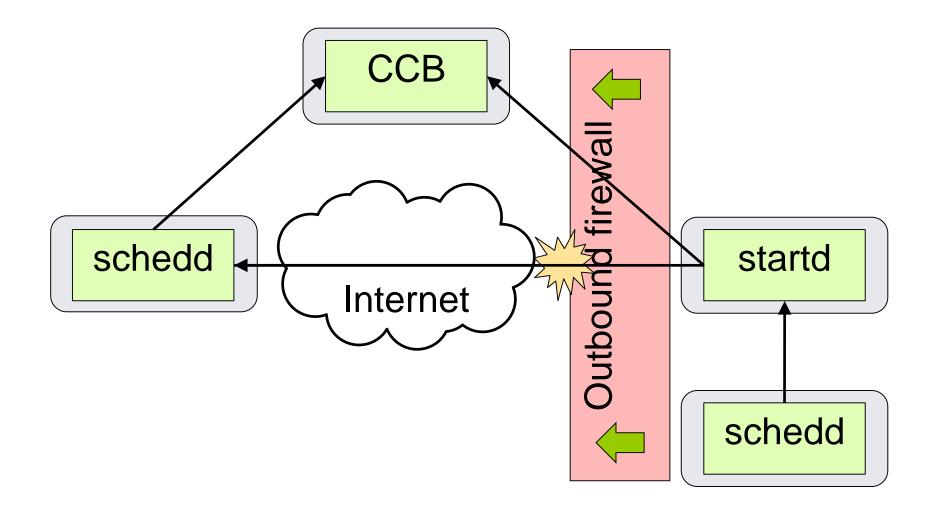
Condor Connection Broker

- > Problem: Private network with NAT
 - Or firewall with no opening for HTCondor
- > Traverse firewall by reversing connection
 - Client sends connection request via broker
 - Server initiates TCP connection to client
- > Only bypasses one firewall
 - Client and broker (CCB server) must have publically routable addresses





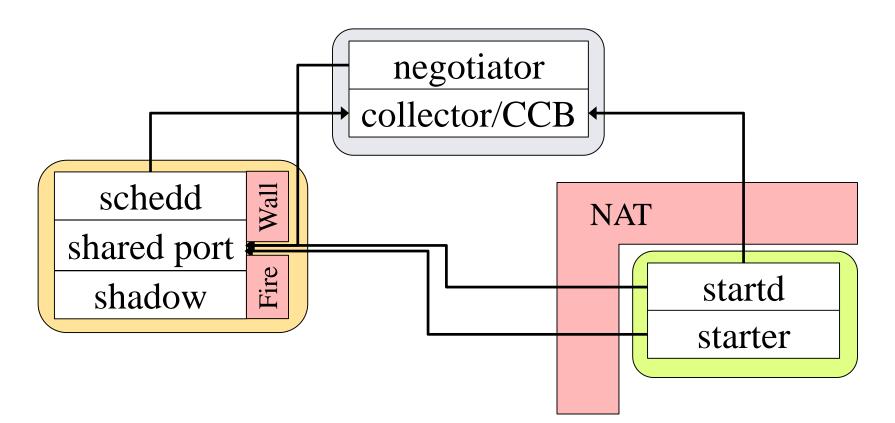
CCB: Condor Connection Broker







NATd Execute Nodes







Port Usage (Digression)

- > Shadow for each running job
- > In fairy-tale setup
 - Each shadow uses two ports
 - Limit of ~25k running jobs
- > With shared port and CCB
 - Shadow use no ports
 - No network limit on number of running jobs



Quiz

- Why do schedds and central managers need to be mixed-mode in a pool split between IPv4 and IPv6 nodes?
- 2. Why use CCB on execute nodes?
- **3.** Why use both CCB and shared port?
- 4. If both the schedd and the execute nodes are NATd, what do you do?





- Why do schedds and central managers need to be mixed-mode in a pool split between IPv4 and IPv6 nodes?
 - They need to be able to talk to all execute nodes





- > Why use CCB on execute nodes (and not submit nodes)?
 - Easier to make submit nodes publically accessible (fewer of them)





> Why use both CCB and shared port?

- Can't use CCB for both schedd and startd
- No ports used for shadow, so no limit on number of running jobs





- If both the schedd and the execute nodes are NATd, what do you do?
 - If same NAT, no problem
 - TCP Forwarding Host for schedd









