



Introduction to SciTokens

European HTCondor Workshop 2018

RAL UK

Todd Tannenbaum tannenba@cs.wisc.edu

On behalf of the SciTokens Team

<https://www.scitokens.org>

This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. 1738962. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.

SciTokens: Federated Authorization Ecosystem for Distributed Scientific Computing

- The SciTokens project, started July 2017, aims to:
 - Introduce a ***capabilities-based* authorization infrastructure** for distributed scientific computing,
 - provide a **reference platform**, combining a token library with CILogon, HTCondor, CVMFS, and Xrootd, AND
 - **Deploy this service** to help our science stakeholders (LIGO and LSST) better achieve their scientific aims.
- In this presentation, I'd like to unpack what this means

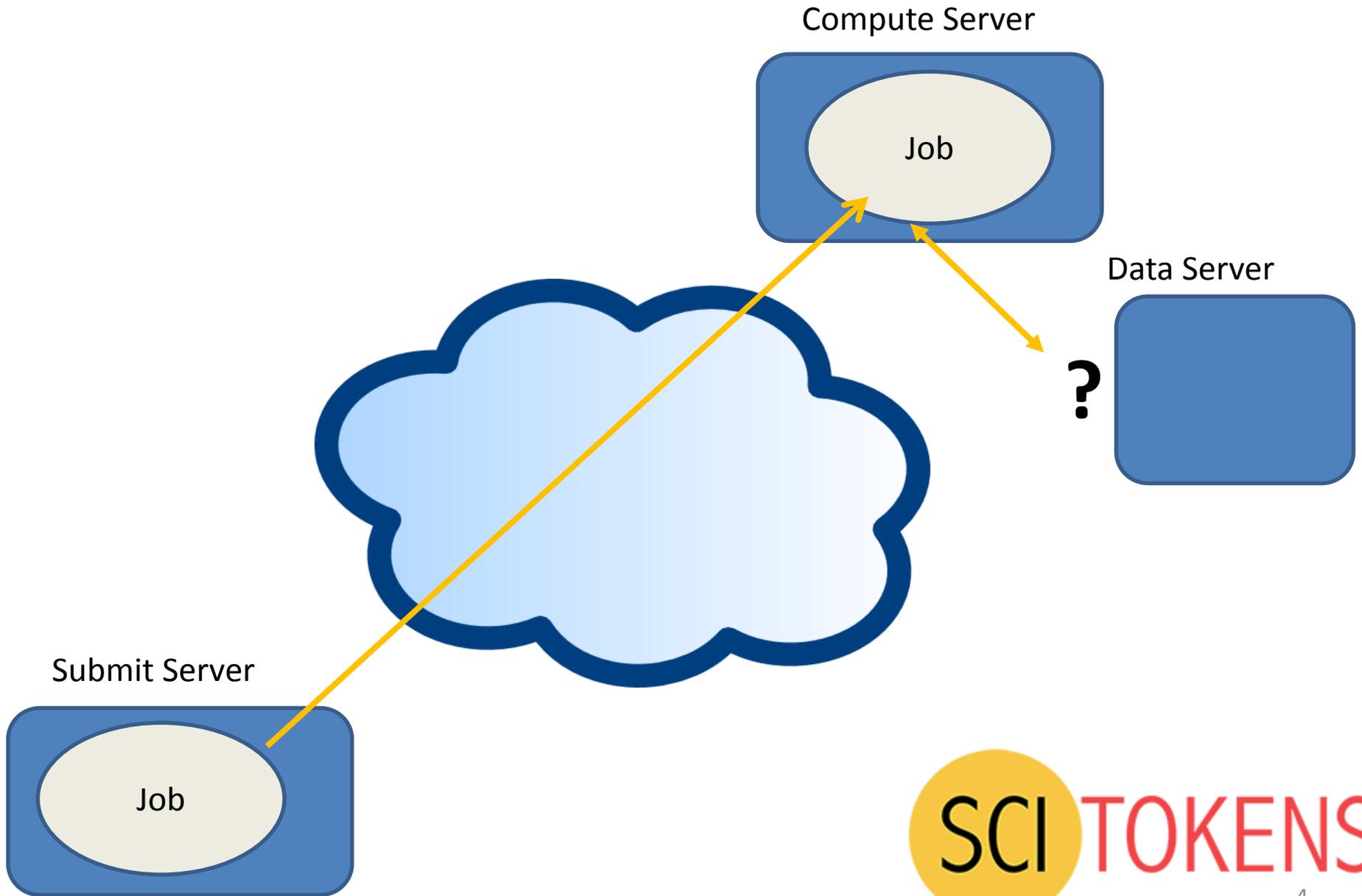


A common grid computing scenario

- Scientist submits a compute job
- This compute job is scheduled and ultimately starts running on some server out in the grid (or cloud, or HPC center)
- The job requests to read (and/or write) data from some remote data storage service

How should the storage service validate the job's request to access the data?

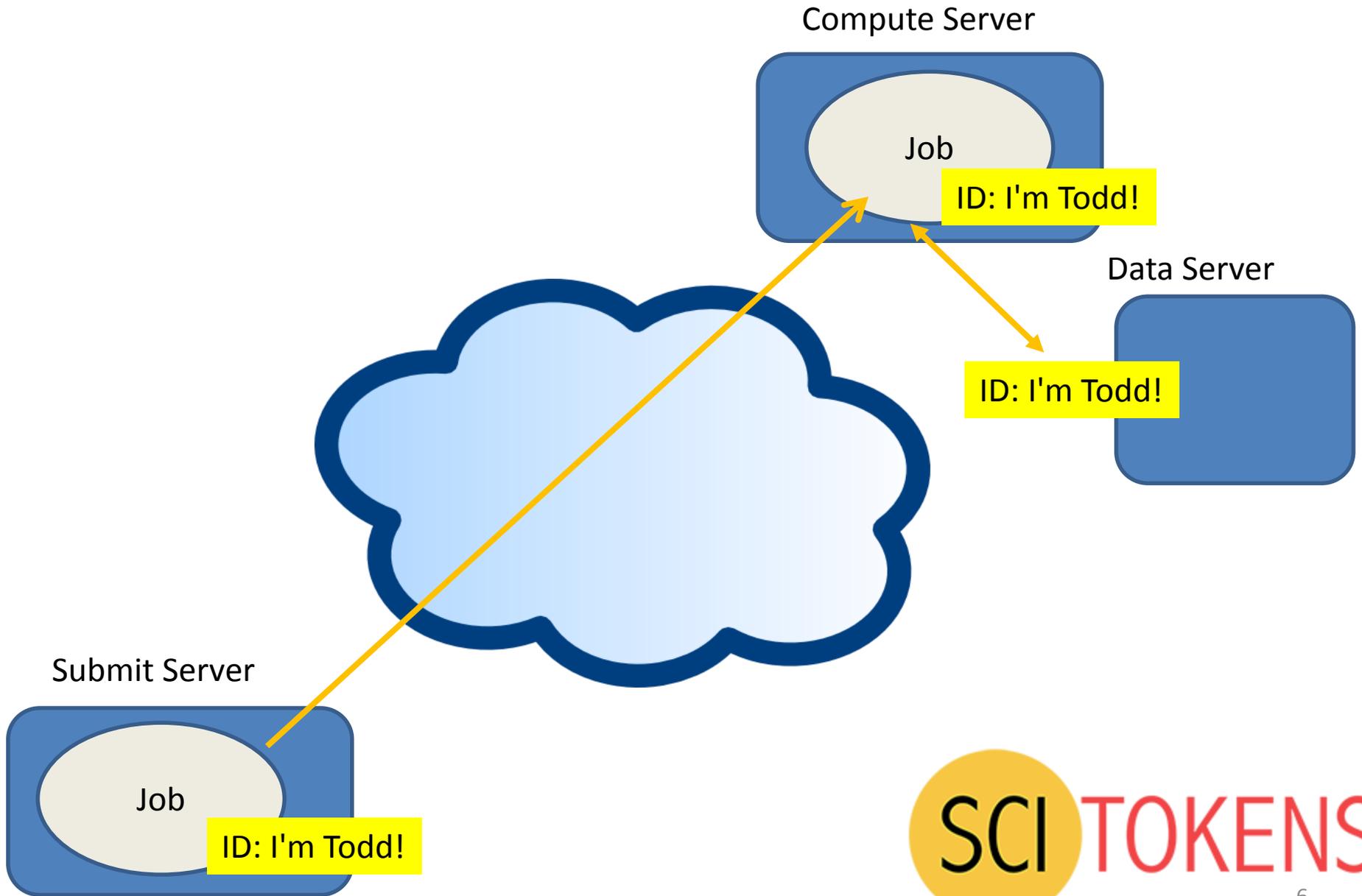




Identity & Impersonation-based Authorization Infrastructure w/ Certs

- Common grid solution used today: *identity* and *impersonation* via X.509 certificates.
 - Each user is assigned a grid certificate providing you with a globally-recognized identification.
 - The grid proxy, shipped with the job, allows a third party to impersonate you, (ideally) on your behalf.
 - The remote service maps your identity to some set of locally defined authorizations.
- Not ideal for a few reasons: Not least privilege (what if identity is stolen?), global identity complicates life...

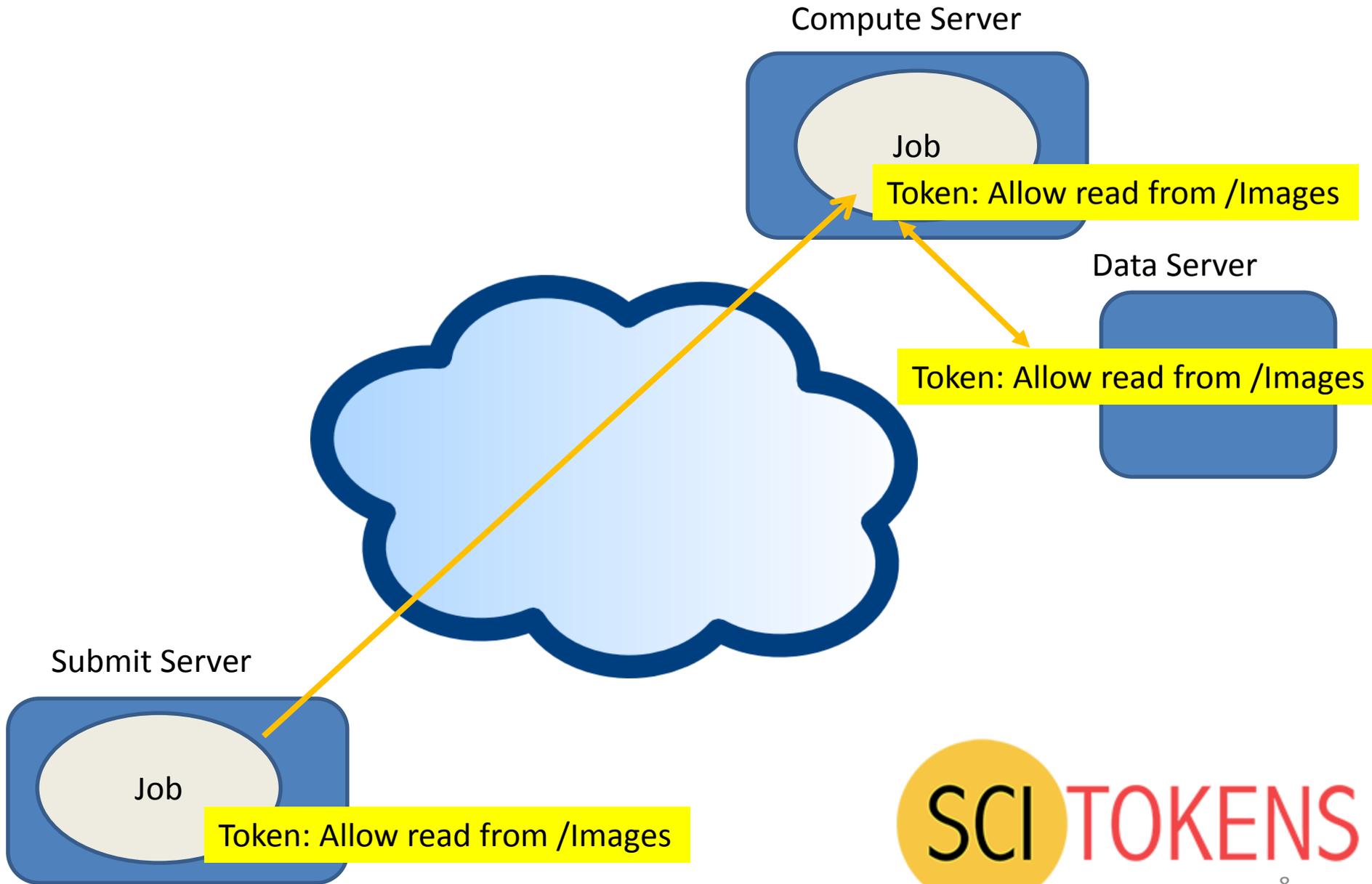




Capabilities-based Authorization Infrastructure w/ tokens

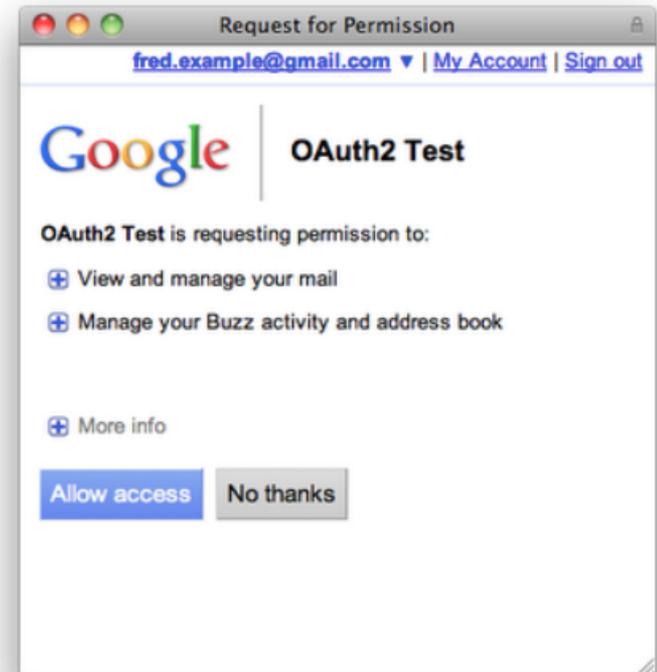
- We want to change the infrastructure to focus on *capabilities*!
 - The tokens passed to the remote service describe what authorizations the bearer has.
 - For traceability purposes, there may be an identifier that allows tracing of the token bearer back to an identity.
 - Identifier != identity. It may be privacy-preserving, requiring the issuer (VO) to provide help in mapping.
- Example: “The bearer of this piece of paper is entitled to read image files from /LSST/datasets/DecemberImages”.



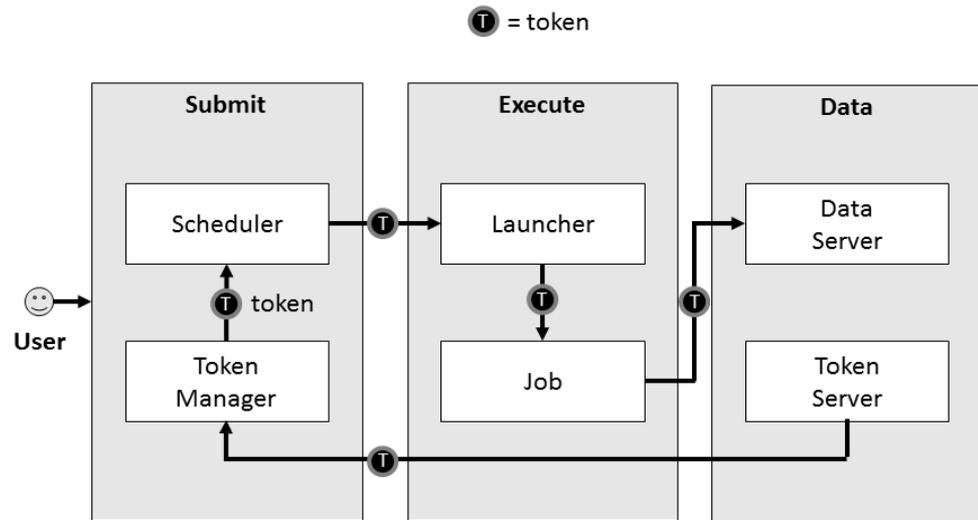


The rest of the world uses capabilities!

- The rest of the world uses capabilities for distributed services.
 - The authorization service creates a token that describes a certain capability or authorization.
 - Any bearer of that token may present it to a resource service and utilize the authorization.
- The primary way this is implemented is through OAuth2.
- When you click “allow access” on the right, the **client** at “OAuth2 Test” will receive a token. This token will permit it to access the listed subset of Google services for your account.
- OAuth2 is used by Microsoft, Facebook, Google, Dropbox, Box, Twitter, Amazon, GitHub, Salesforce (and more) to allow distributed access to their identity services.



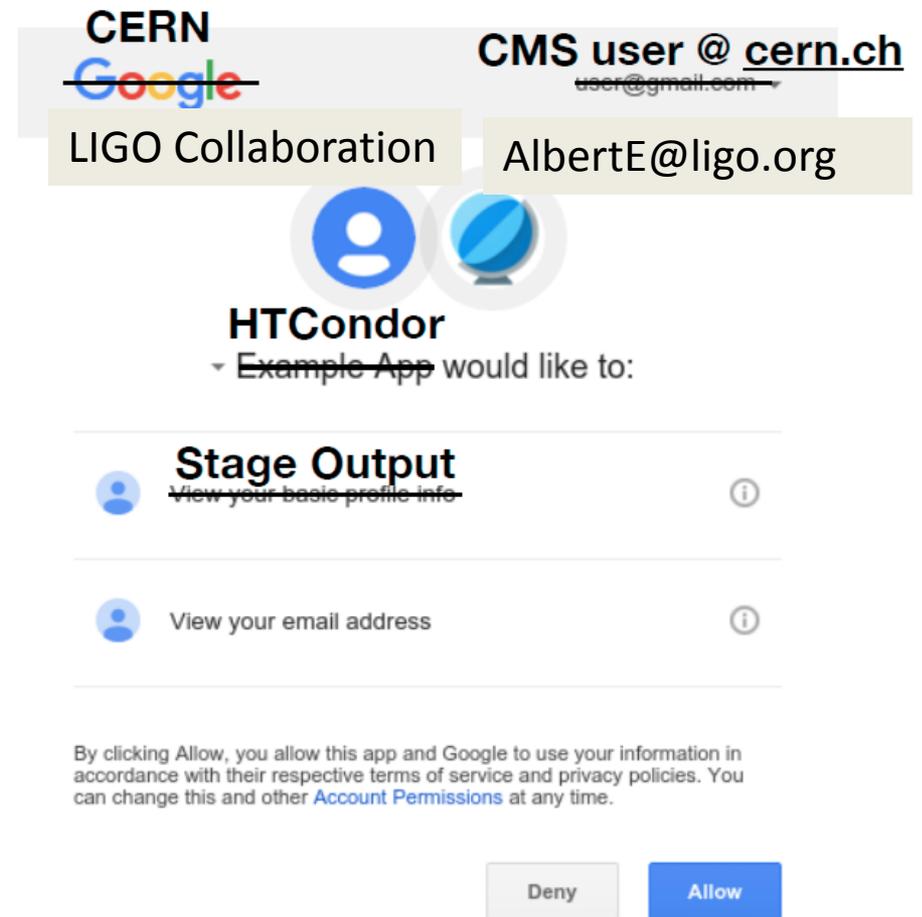
SciTokens Project Reference Platform



- SciTokens team working to integrate an OAuth2 client into HTCondor submit host, and enhance OAuth2 at CILogon.
- HTCondor being enhanced to manage the token lifetime (refreshing as needed), possibly attenuating it, and delivering to the job.
- Data services (CVMFS, Xrootd) are being enhanced to allow read/writes utilizing tokens instead of grid proxy certificates.

End-Goal will look like this

- The first time you use HTCondor, you navigate to a web interface and setup your desired permissions.
 - On every subsequent job submission, HTCondor will transparently create the access token for you. *User sees nothing.*
- Replace LIGO, usernames, permissions as desired.
- Goal: our first use of OAuth will be to send job output to Box.com storage



~~USER
MANAGEMENT
OF FILES~~

~~PASSWORD
IN
TERMINAL~~

~~SCITOKENS-
PROXY-INIT~~

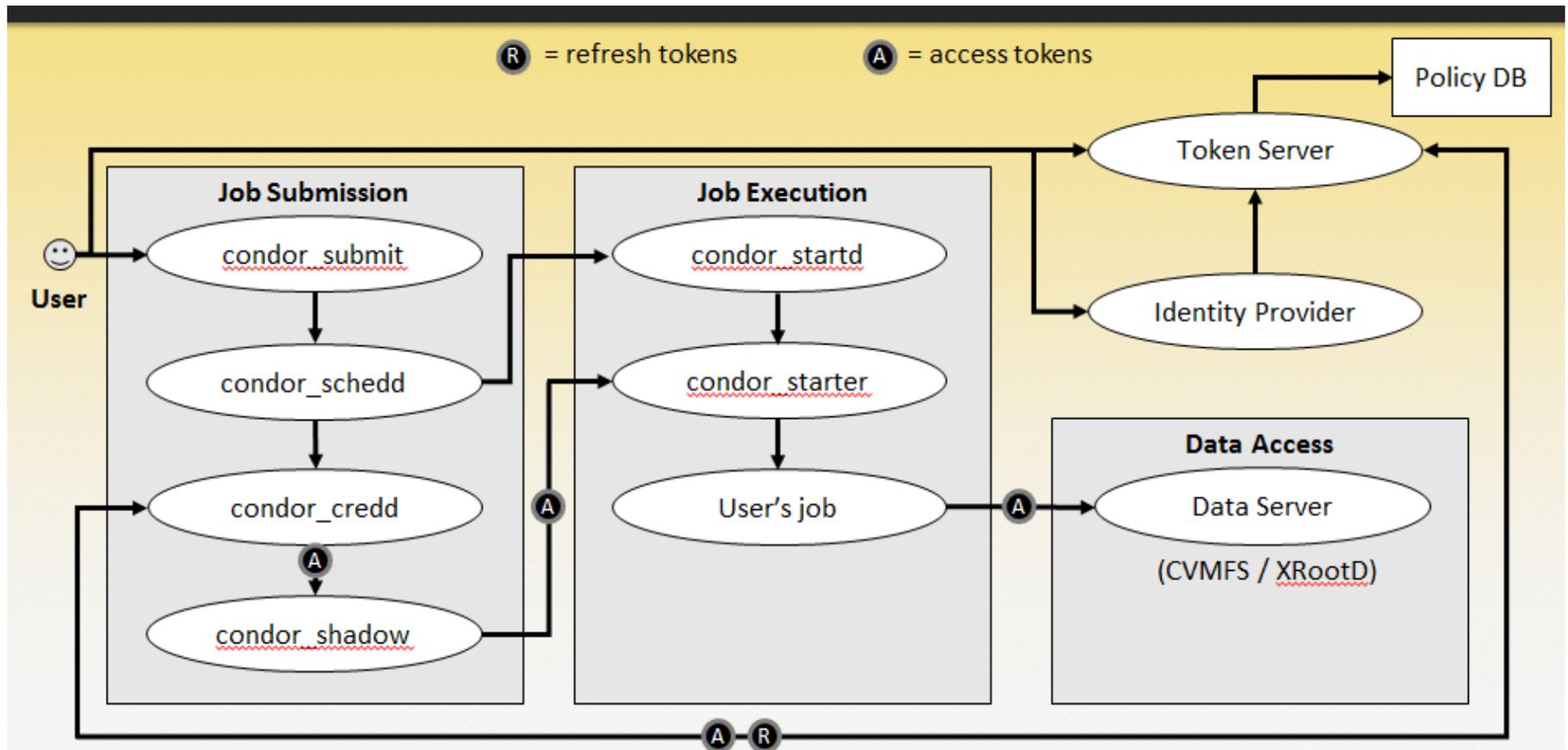
~~COPY/PASTE~~

Leverage Relevant RFC Standards

- We don't exist in a vacuum, we'd rather adopt existing industry standards than create new ones.
- Workflows for acquiring/using tokens: **OAuth 2.0**.
 - Think of OAuth2 as describing how the various parties should interact
- Access Tokens: **JWT bearer tokens**.
 - The contents (*claims*) of JWT tokens are not standardized, so we will provide a **SciTokens Claims specification and reference library implementation** so tokens issued by an organization are understood by a wide variety of resources. SciTokens Library also supports
 - **Distributed verification**
 - **Privacy preservation**

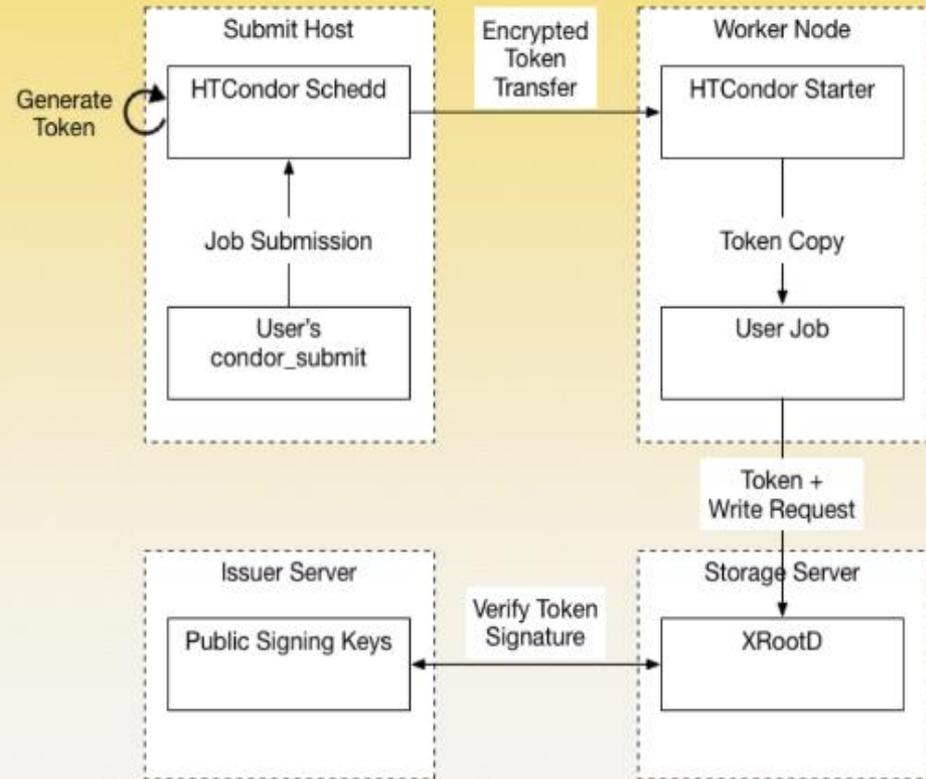


Architecture



Early results on OSG

- End-to-end token-based auth{z,n} workflow for the OSG VO submit service
- Includes patches to Xrootd to validate tokens presented via HTTPS and to write files out with the correct Unix user permissions
- **Details:**
 - instead of using OAuth2 to generate the token, we keep a signing key on the submit host.
 - only one token needed.
 - submit host and storage server owned by OSG.



1,643,620

Transfers

1.87TB

Data Uploaded

5

Unique Users

3

Unique Projects

48

Unique Sites

775

Unique Servers



Status and Next Steps

- So far we have:
 - Version 1.0 of Python and Java libraries
 - Simple HTCondor OAuth client implementation
 - XRootD token validation plugins
 - Token-based CVMFS access
 - X509-to-SciToken translation service
 - 3rd-party HTTPS FTS transfers authorized with SciTokens
- Next steps:
 - Use Java library for a dCache authorization plugin
 - Release plugin for CVMFS support
 - More fine-grained token management in HTCondor
 - Integration with LIGO LDAP
 - Enhancing HTCondor token support with OAuth flows



TL;DR

- The SciTokens project aims to:
 - Introduce a ***capabilities-based authorization infrastructure*** for distributed scientific computing,
 - provide a **reference platform**, combining a token library with CILogon, HTCondor, CVMFS, and Xrootd, AND
 - **Deploy this technology** to help our science stakeholders (LIGO and LSST) better achieve their scientific aims.
- Note: SciTokens does not do everything... e.g. SciTokens does not manage your identity (still need an identity management solution), nor does SciTokens provide an authorization service. But it will enable taking existing solutions and scale them out of distributed grid infrastructure.



We are working with a lot of people

- Stakeholders: LIGO, LSST
- Technologies: HTCondor, CILogin, CVMFS, XRootD, FTS
- Discussions and Interest from Open Science Grid (OSG), LHC WLCG (Worldwide LHC Computing Grid), CMS, CERN IT
- You?



SCITOKENS

Feel free to contact us

- Web Site (includes email lists):
<https://scitokens.org>
- PI/co-PI contact info appears below
- Questions and Thank You!



Jim Basney
Senior Research
Scientist
NCSA / UIUC
jbasney@illinois.edu



Brian Bockelman
Asst. Research
Professor, OSG Coord.
U of Nebraska-Lincoln
bbockelm@cse.unl.edu



Duncan Brown
Charles Brightman
Professor of Physics
Syracuse University
dabrown@syr.edu



Todd Tannenbaum
Researcher, HTCondor
Technical Lead
UW-Madison
tannenba@cs.wisc.edu



Alexander Withers
Senior Security
Engineer
NCSA / UIUC
alexw1@illinois.edu