
Detectors for the INTAS experimental program

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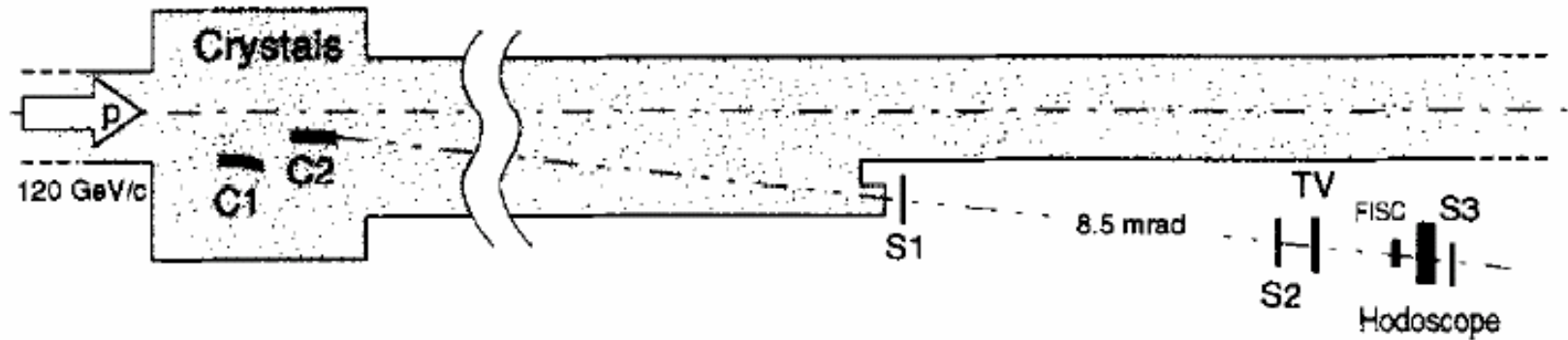
Meeting on Crystal Channeling
8 - 9 December 2005

INTAS PROPOSAL

- INTAS Proposal “Experimental study of crystal channeling at CERN SPS for use at the LHC in diffractive physics and halo cleaning”, Ref. Nr 05-103-7525
- “a facility at CERN SPS for tests and characterization of crystals to be used for particle channeling studies in the SPS”
- 2 crystal stations: deflection at large (some mrad) and low (200 μ rad) angles
- station equipped with goniometers, crystal holders and particle detectors

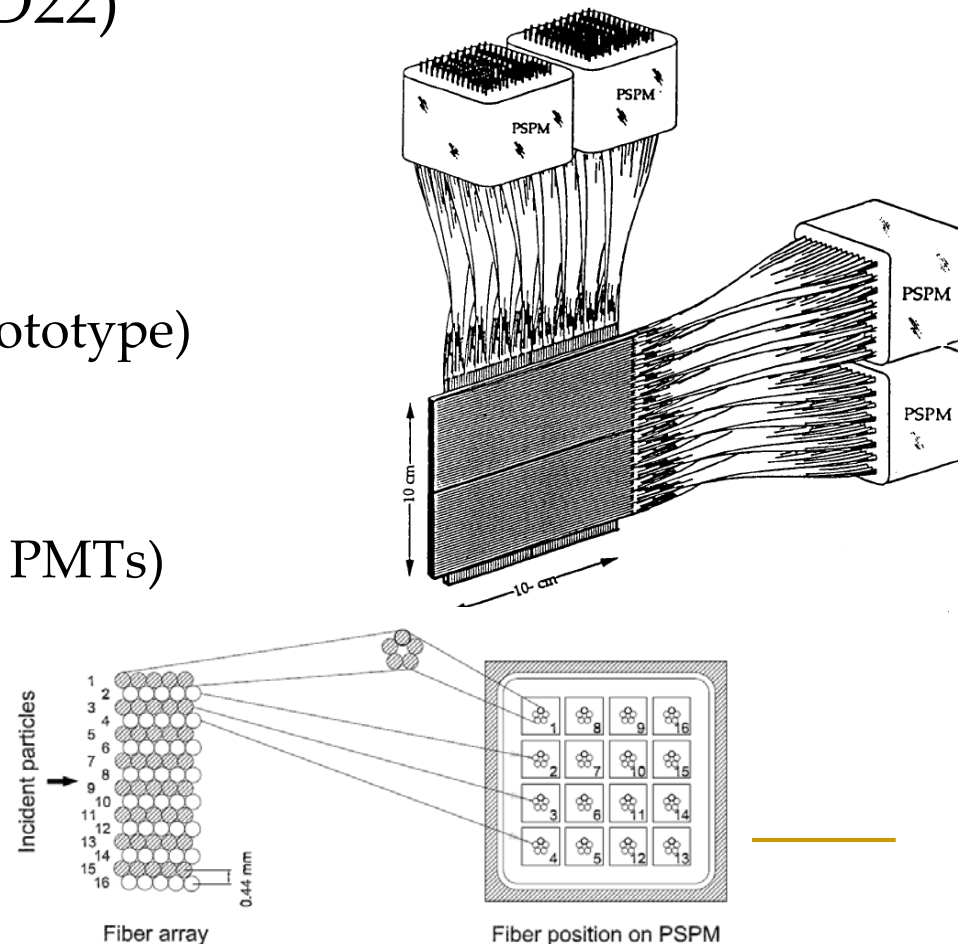
RD22 experiment

- 120 GeV/c SPS proton coasting beam, 5×10^{11} p
- 8.5 mrad bending angle
- extracted protons measured in external telescope:
 - scintillators for counting and triggering, FISC for monitoring
 - scintillating hodoscope to measure beam profile:
 - $3.2 \times 3.2 \text{ cm}^2$
 - 32 H + 32 V 1 mm strips (64 PMTs)
 - maximum rate per strip 10^7 s^{-1}
 - detection efficiency 98%



First crystal station (1)

- external telescope to detect the protons extracted from the SPS through a crystal bent with an angle of some mrad (arrangement similar to RD22)
- DIRAC SCI-FI detector:
 - $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$
 - column pitch 0.44 mm
 - $0.5 \text{ mm } \Phi$ fibers (0.28 mm prototype)
 - 16 channels PSPM
 - 5 fibers per pixel
 - for 2 planes 480 channels (30 PMTs)
 - spatial resolution: $127 \mu\text{m}$
 - time resolution: 650 ps
at flux $2 \times 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$



First crystal station (2)

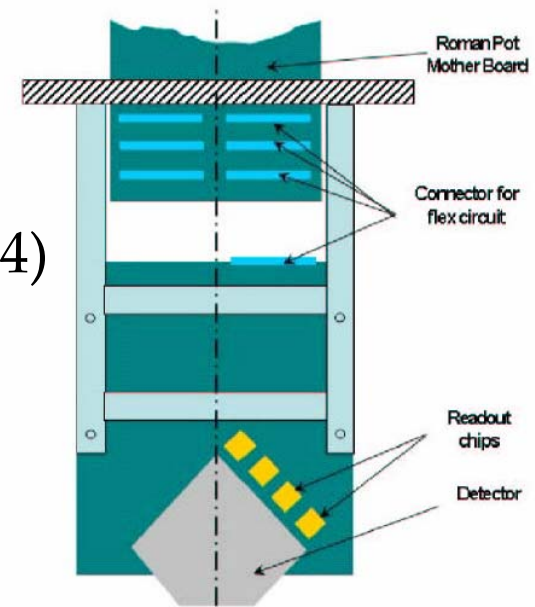
- GEM detectors (TOTEM, COMPASS)
 - good spatial resolution ($\sim 70 \mu\text{m}$) with very high rate capability
 - the detector sensitive area can be tailored into the shapes required by the experiment

 - AMS silicon microstrip tracker (spatial resolution of $\sim 10 \mu\text{m}$, thickness $300 \mu\text{m}$)
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Second crystal station (1)

- assembly of 2 Roman Pots to detect the particles bent by the first crystal at low angles ($200 \mu\text{rad}$)
- Roman Pots could be equipped with either silicon microstrips or scintillating-fiber detectors

- TOTEM Roman Pots:
 - Prototype installed and operated in SPS (2004)
 - access the beam vertically
 - stepping motors $5 \mu\text{m}$ resolution
 - vacuum requirements: $\sim 10^{-7}$ mbar for SPS (primary) and $\sim 10^{-4}$ mbar for pot (secondary)



Second crystal station (2)

- Silicon strip detector (TOTEM)
 - $3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$, strip pitch of $50\text{-}100 \mu\text{m}$, achievable spatial resolution of $10\text{-}20 \mu\text{m}$
 - $200 \mu\text{m}$ window separates the detectors from the primary beam vacuum
- Scintillating fiber detector (ATLAS Luminosity)
 - $3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^2$, 0.5 mm square fibers, 10 fibers along track path
 - 10 layers of one plane staggered in multiples of $50 \mu\text{m}$ (spatial resolution of $20\text{-}30 \mu\text{m}$)
 - 2 planes (X,Y) and a scintillator plate

