

Introduction to gLite

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Training and induction

Application Porting Support

*MTA SZTAKI (Hungarian Academy of Sciences)
Budapest*

www.lpds.sztaki.hu

<http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=73509>

Google – “egee na3 Training Events and Registration”
Find “An Introduction to gLite” event in the list

14:15 – 15:15

- **What is EGEE and how to get access**
 - The grid
 - The gLite middleware
 - User communities and user support services
- **gLite command line usage**
 - Executing a simple job
 - Links to hands-on exercises
 - More realistic jobs
 - Links to hands-on exercises
 - Working with large datasets
 - Links to hands-on exercises

15:15 – 15:30 Break

15:30 – 17:30

- **Hands-on on GILDA**
 - Access and exercises are provided

- Aim of EGEE:**

“to establish a seamless European Grid infrastructure for the support of the European Research Area (ERA)”

- EGEE**

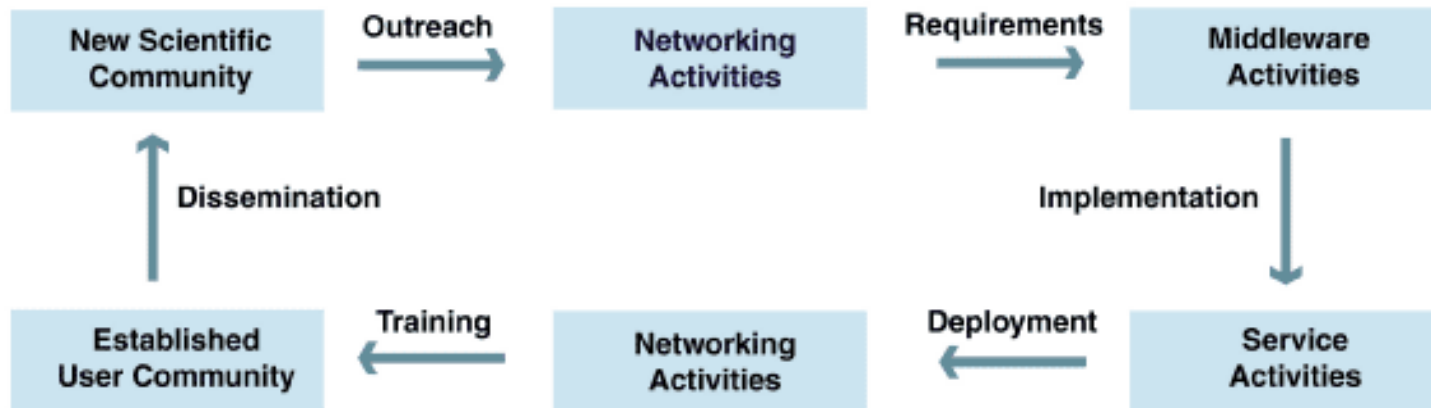
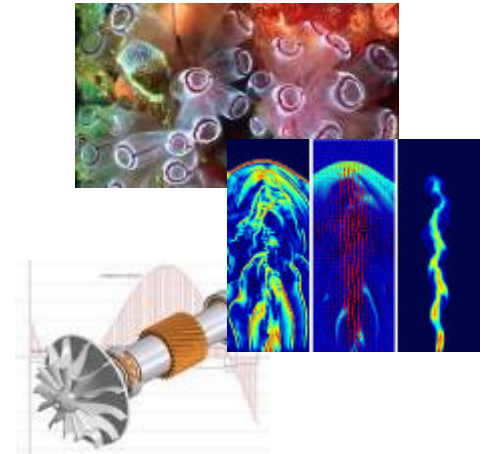
- 1 April 2004 – 31 March 2006
- 71 partners in 27 countries, federated in regional Grids

- EGEE-II**

- 1 April 2006 – 30 April 2008
- Expanded consortium

- EGEE-III**

- 1 May 2008 – 30 April 2010
- Transition to sustainable model: European Grid Initiative (EGI): www.egi.eu



What is happening now?

17,000 users

~150,000 CPUs (cores)

28Pb disk

41Pb tape

12 million jobs/month

+45% in a year

260+ sites

+5% in a year

55 countries

+10% in a year

140 VOs

+29% in a year

Real Time Monitor:

<http://gridportal.hep.ph.ic.ac.uk/rtm>

Imperial College
London



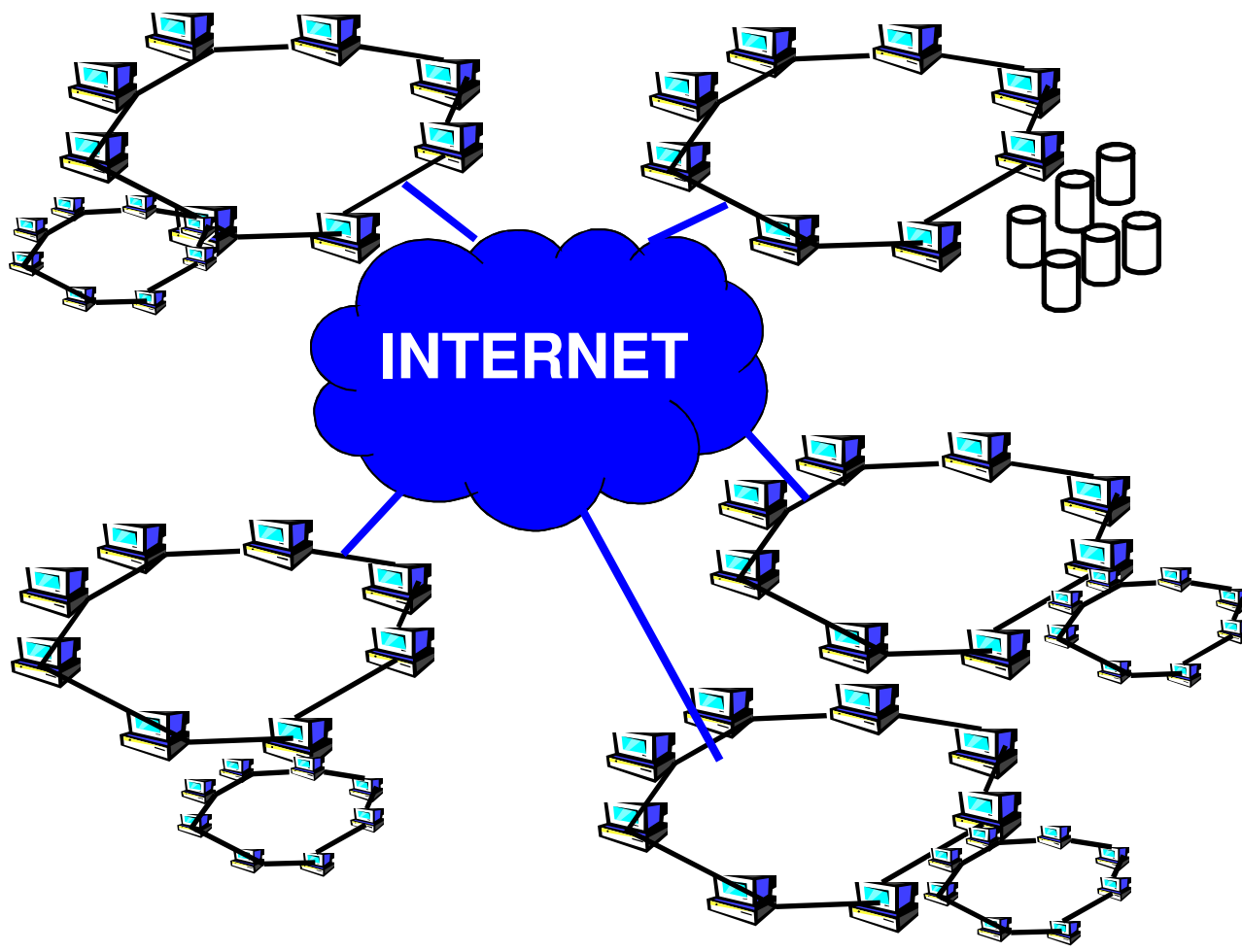
GridPP
UK Computing for Particle Physics

- **Production service**
 - Scaling up the infrastructure with resource centres around the globe
 - Running only well-tested and reliable middleware
 - 260 sites, 55 countries, ~150.000 CPU cores, ~69 PB storage
 - Separated into ~140 Virtual Organizations
 - T-Infrastructure (Training&Education) – GILDA Virtual Organization
 - *Complete suite of Grid elements*
 - *Everyone can register and use for training and application porting*
 - <https://gilda.ct.infn.it/>

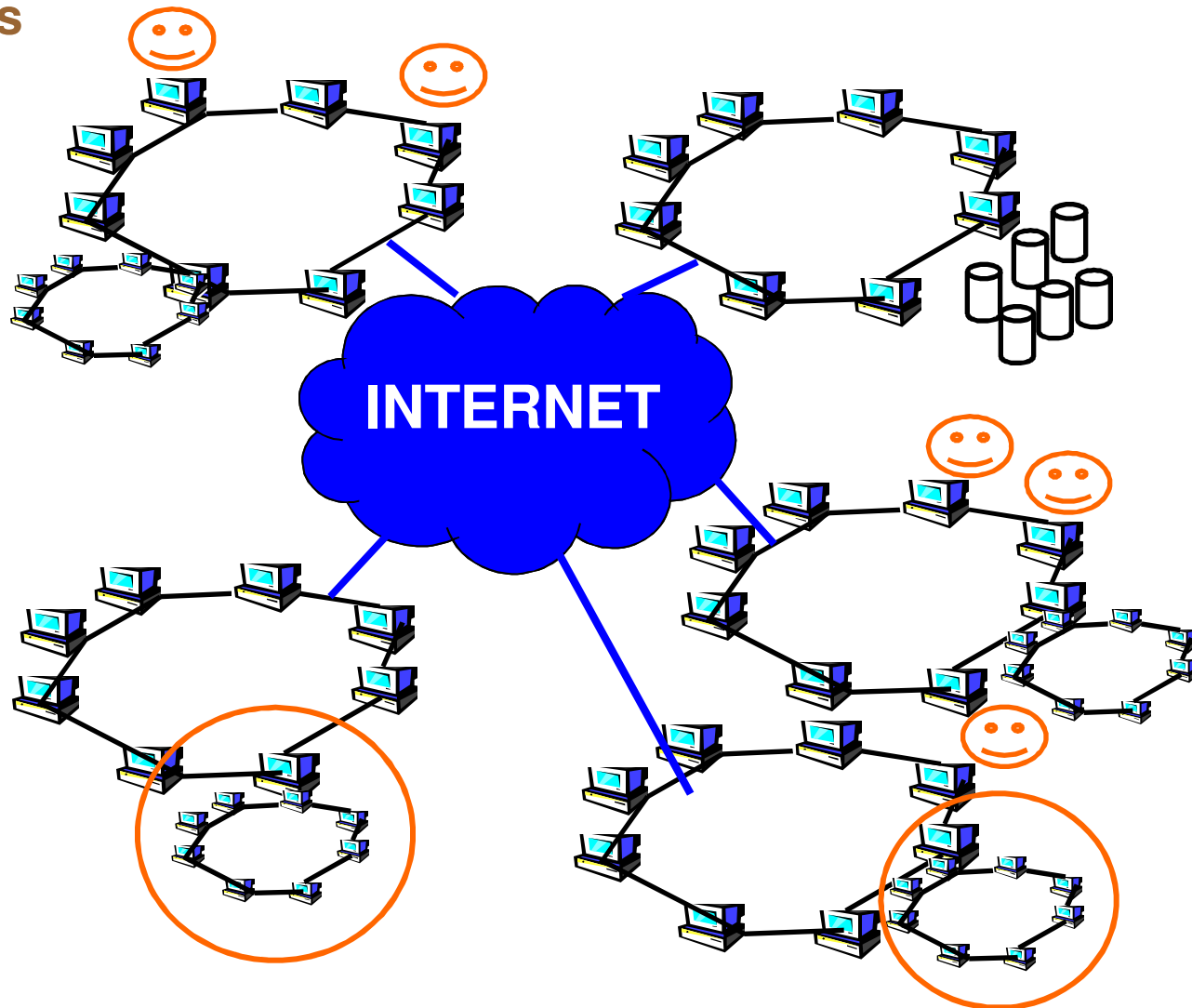


- **Pre-production service**
 - Run in parallel with the production service (restricted number of sites)
 - First deployment of new versions of the gLite middleware

- **gLite middleware runs on each EGEE site to provide**
 - Data services
 - Computation services
 - Security service



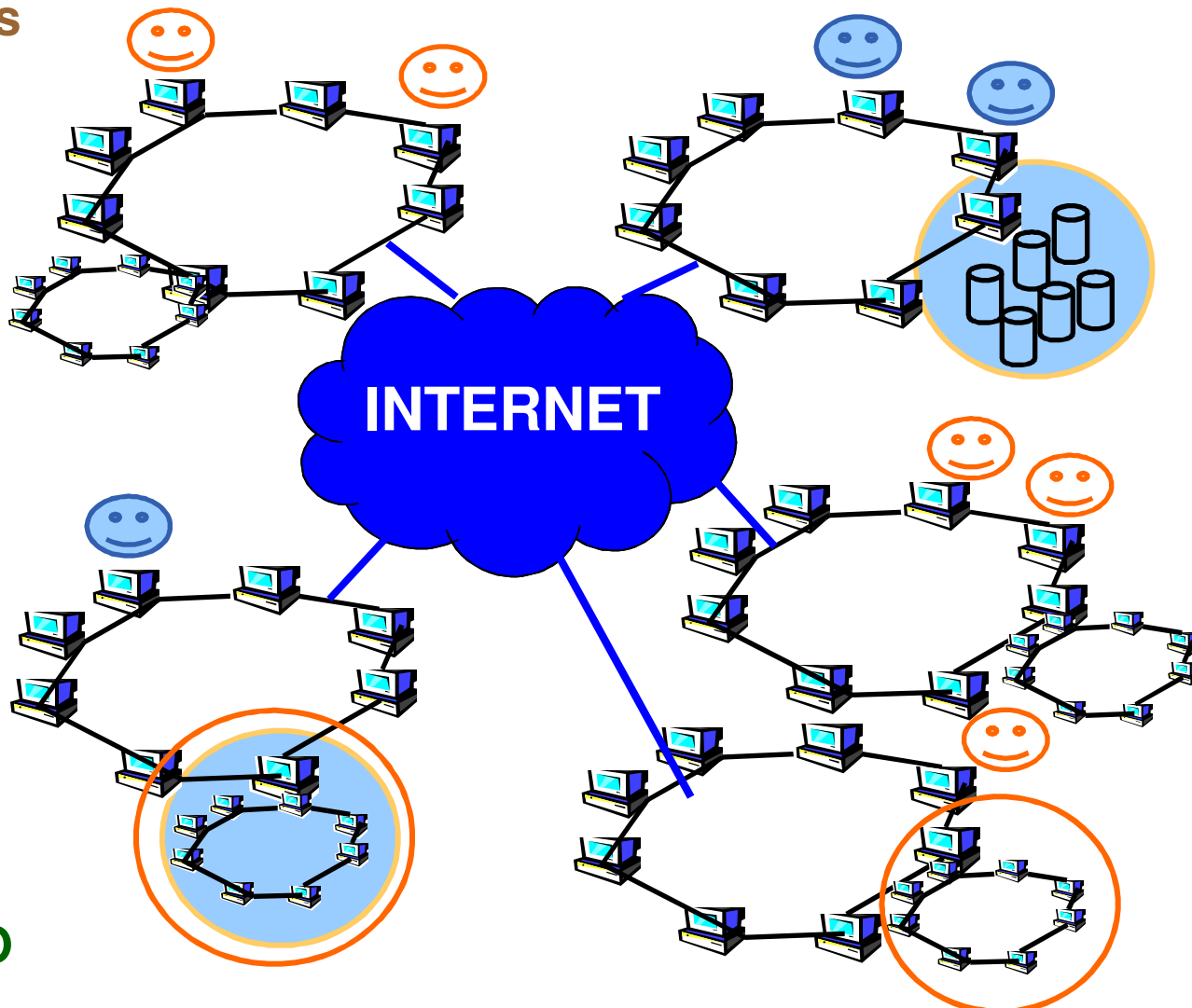
- **gLite middleware runs on each EGEE site to provide**
 - Data services
 - Computation services
 - Security service
- **EGEE resources and users form Virtual organisations (VO): basis for collaboration**



- **gLite middleware runs on each EGEE site to provide**
 - Data services
 - Computation services
 - Security service

- **EGEE resources and users form Virtual organisations (VO): basis for collaboration**

- **Distributed services (both people and software) enable a VO**



Sites:

- 36, mostly from Europe and Asia
- 65,584 CPUs
- ~741 TB storage

Portal services are also available

Members:

- **Anybody working with biomedical applications**
- **No geographical restriction**
- **Currently 220-250 members**



CIC Operations Portal - Windows Internet Explorer

<http://cic.gridops.org/index.php?section=home&page=vo1st&vo=6>

EGEE Enabling Grids for E-science

OPERATIONS PORTAL

Home VO RC ROC COD

Home

- About this portal
- Contact us - Feedback
- Current Developements
- Getting started with Grid
- Site Map

Procedures / Documentation

- [CIC Portal Documentation](#)

CIC Tools

- [VO Information / List](#)

External Tools

- [Enoc Network Operation](#)

Communication

- [Send a EGEE Broadcast](#)

Links

Information about VO biomed

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| VO Name | biomed |
| Scope | Global Selected |
| Current integration status | active |
| Description | These VO covers the areas related to health sciences. Currently, it is divided in 3 sectors: medical imaging, bioinformatics and drug discovery. |
| Homepage | https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/EGEE/LifeSciences |
| Contact | egee-biomed-vo-manager(AT)healthgrid(DOT)org |

NOTE

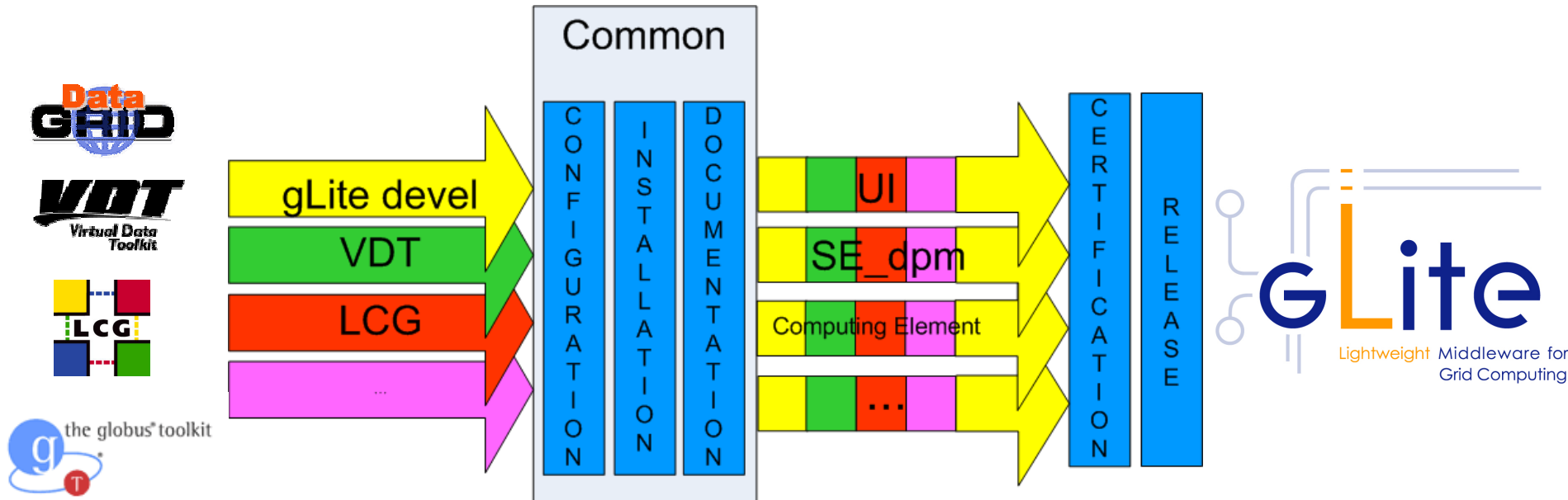
More information is available about this VO in the secured section of this portal: <https://cic.gridops.org/index.php?section=vo&vo=biomed>

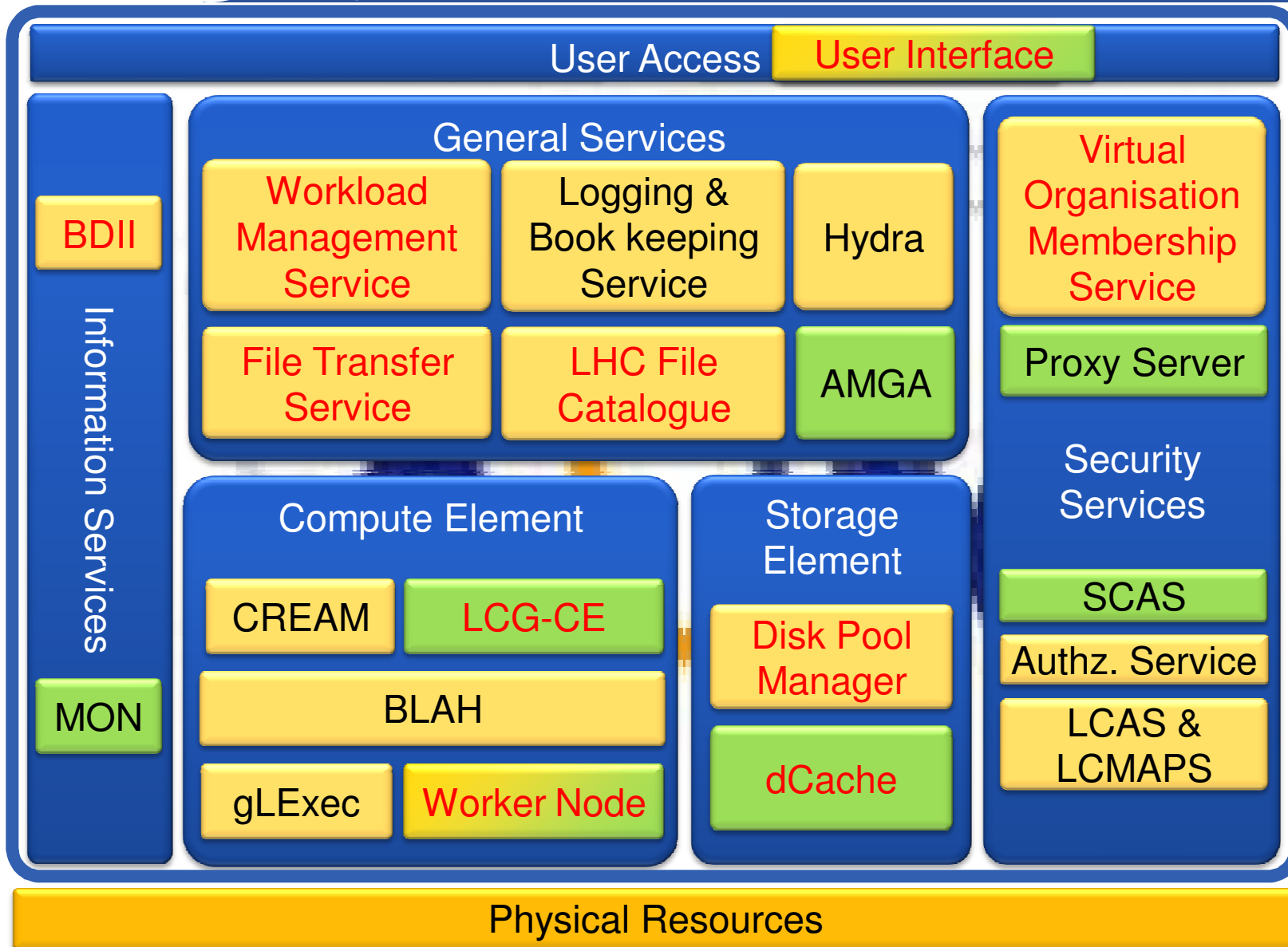
You will need to have a valid certificate to enter this secured section. Please browse the **Getting Started** section to learn more about certificates

Download

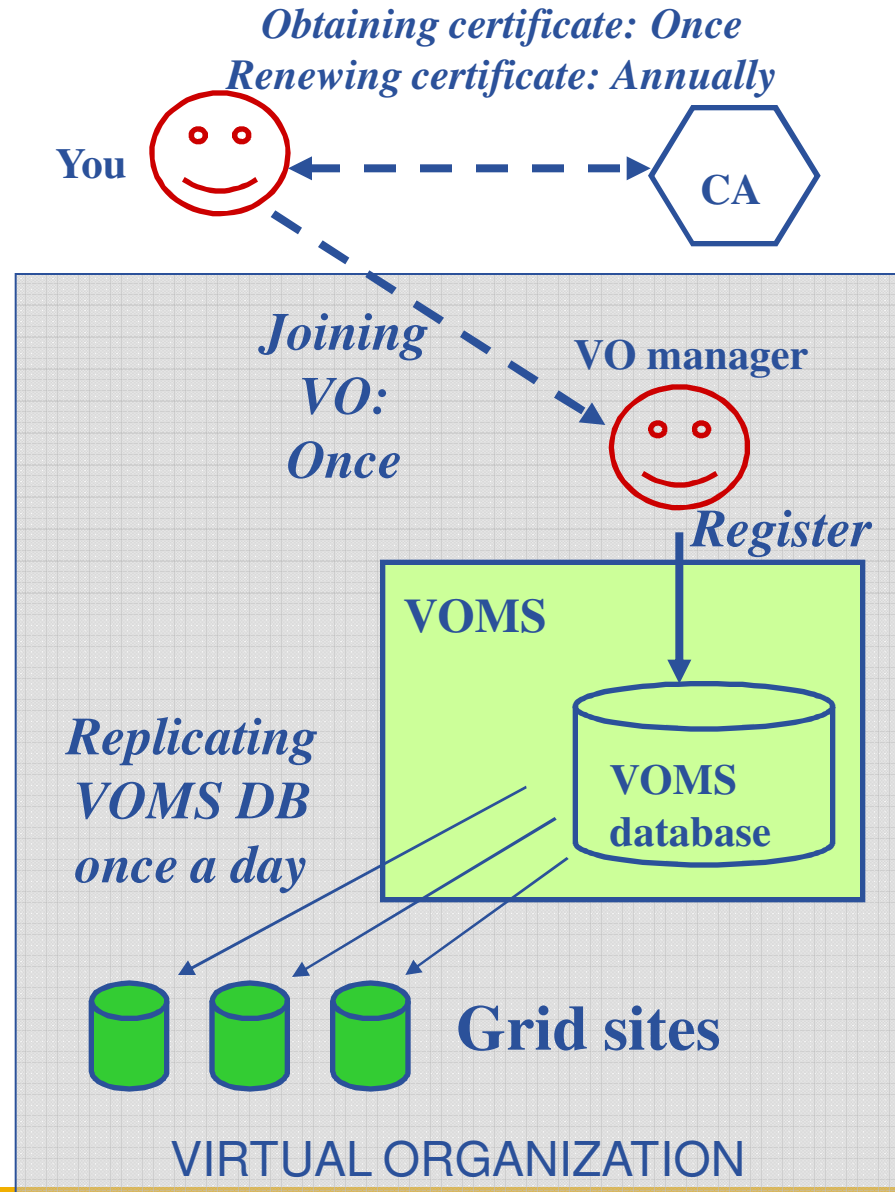
Information about this VO is available in downloadable format:

- The current release is gLite 3.2
- Compatible with Scientific Linux 5
 - Some services also work with Debian and/or older SL distributions
- gLite is...
 - A distribution
 - With its own large development effort
- It is updated almost every week





- **Users (and machines) are identified by grid certificates. Certificates issued by national Certification Authorities (CA)**
- **VO Membership Service (VOMS) keeps list of people who are registered to a VO**
- **Users' steplist**
 - Obtain certificate from your national CA: <http://www.igtf.net>
 - Register at the VO
 - List of VOs: <http://cic.gridops.org/>
 - VO manager authorizes You
 - VOMS DB updated
 - Your identity is replicated onto VO resource within 24 hours
 - Use the grid through command line *or* graphical interfaces



<http://igtf.net>

About the IGTF

[IGTF Charter](#)
[Tokyo Accord \(2003\)](#)

Member PMAs and Registries

[APGridPMA](#)
[EUGridPMA](#)
[TAGPMA](#)
[TACAR](#)

Authentication Profiles

[Classic X.509 CAs](#)
[Short-Lived Credential Services \(SLCS\)](#)
[Member Integrated Credential Services](#)

[Download the Distribution](#)
[Download the Utilities](#)

Open Grid Forum Relationships

[CA Operations WG](#)
[OGF Documents](#)

Links

[Open Grid Forum](#)
[TERENA TF-EMC2](#)

The International Grid Trust Federation

The international community is deploying large scale distributed computing grids on a production scale, across organisations, across countries, and across continents, for the advancement of science and engineering. In shaping this common grid infrastructure, many of these grids are relying on common practices, policies and procedures to reliably identify grid subscribers and resources.

The International Grid Trust Federation (IGTF) is a body to establish common policies and guidelines between its Policy Management Authorities (PMAs) members and to ensure compliance to this Federation Document amongst the participating PMAs. The IGTF does not provide identity assertions but instead ensures that within the scope of the [IGTF charter](#) the assertions issued by accredited authorities of any of its member PMAs meet or exceed an authentication profile relevant to the accredited authority.

Functions and the Trust Anchor Distribution

The IGTF maintains a list of trust anchors, root certificates and related meta-information for all the accredited authorities, i.e., those that meet or exceed the criteria of the [Authentication Profiles](#). The Distribution contains Certificate Revocation List (CRL) locations and policies.

- [Download the Distribution](#)
- [Download the crl utility](#)

Constituency

The IGTF constituency consists of our three member PMAs: the [APGridPMA](#) covering Asia and the Pacific, the [EUGridPMA](#) covering Europe, the Middle East and Africa, and [The Americas Grid PMA](#) covering Latin America, the Caribbean and North America. All registered members in each regional PMA are also members of the IGTF. These include identity providers, CAs, and their major Relying Parties, such as the international Grid Deployment and Infrastructure projects.

News

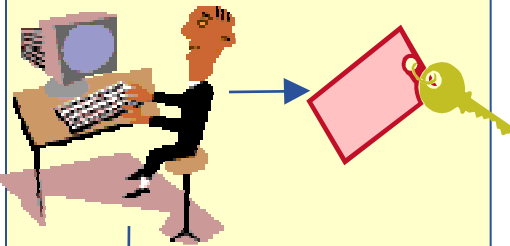
The latest IGTF trust anchor distribution is always available from the PMA web sites: [EUGridPMA](#) and [APGridPMA](#). Please refer to the README and CHANGES files for information about the distribution and its use.

CA's in Asia-Pacific region

CA's in Europe and Africa

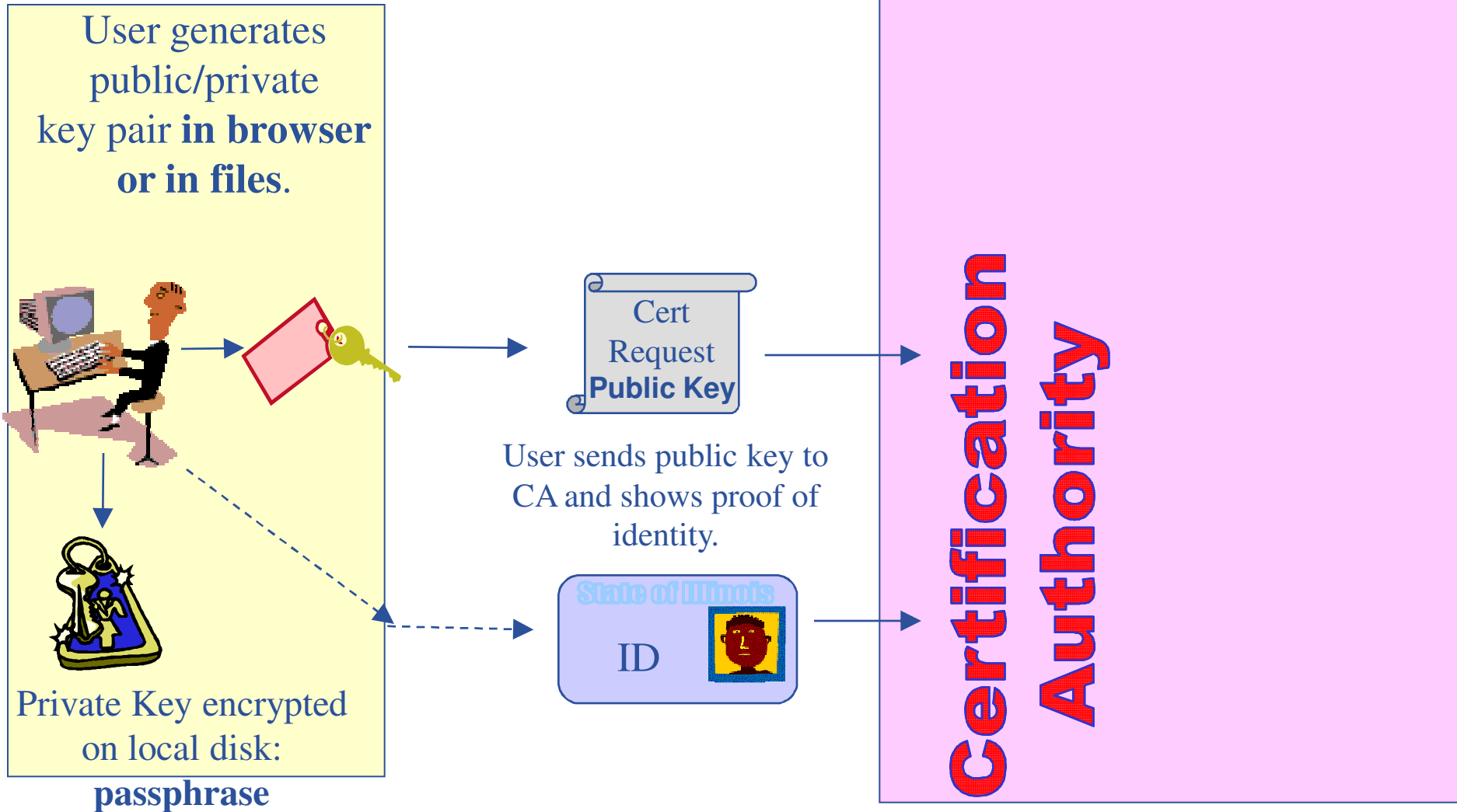
CA's in America

User generates
public/private
key pair **in browser**
or **in files.**

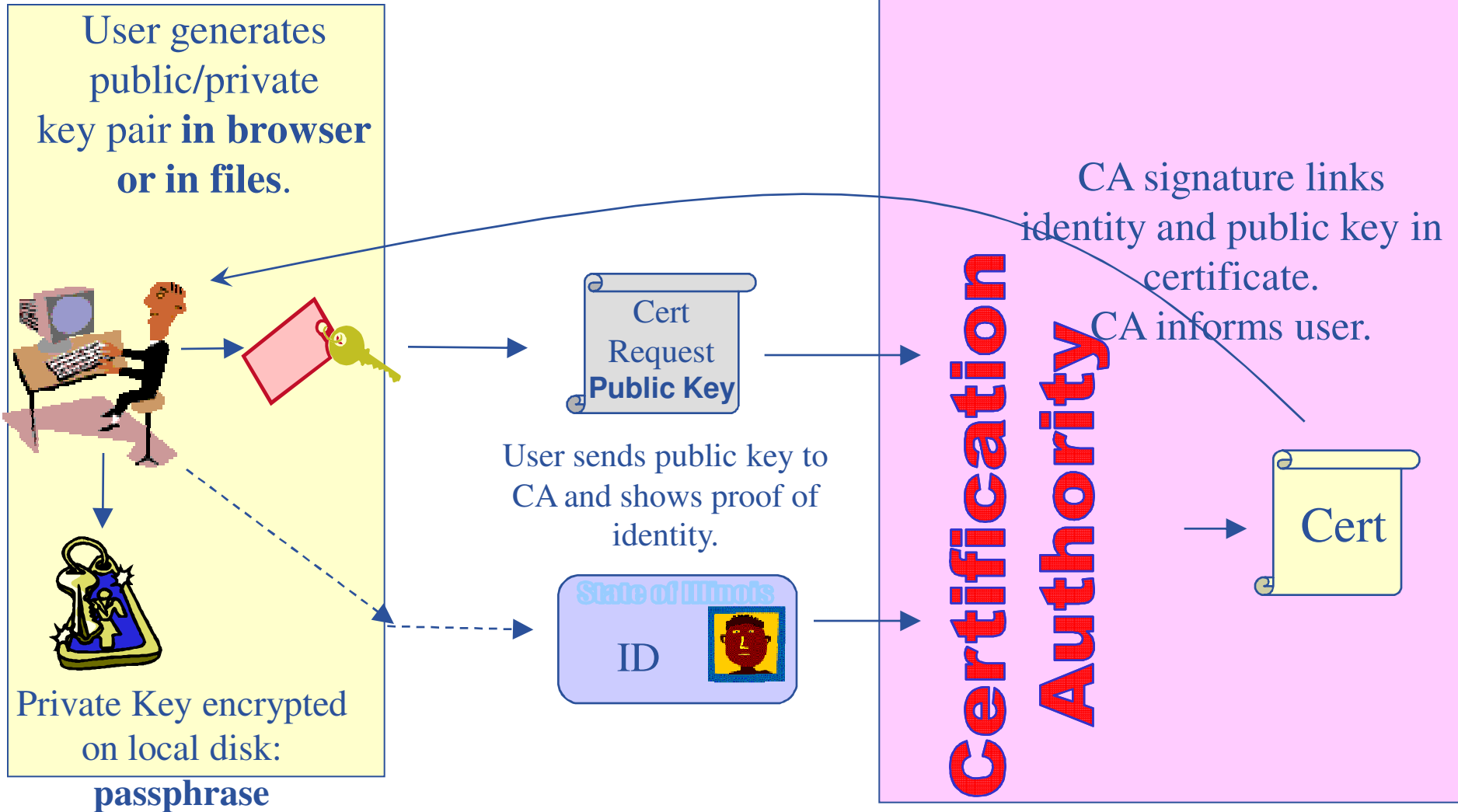


Private Key encrypted
on local disk:
passphrase

**Certification
Authority**



Obtaining a grid certificate



- **Different formats exist – transformation may be required!!!**
 - Browser format → To access user support services
 - PEM format → For grid interaction
- **Keep your private key and certificate secure**
 - *Typically kept*
 - *in Web browser*
 - *on the User Interface machine of your VO*
 - *in MyProxy server*
 - *if possible on a USB drive only*
 - Do not loan your certificate to anyone
 - Report to your CA if your certificate has been compromised

Typical situation on User Interface machine:

```
[sipos@glite-tutor sipos]$ ls -l .globus/
```

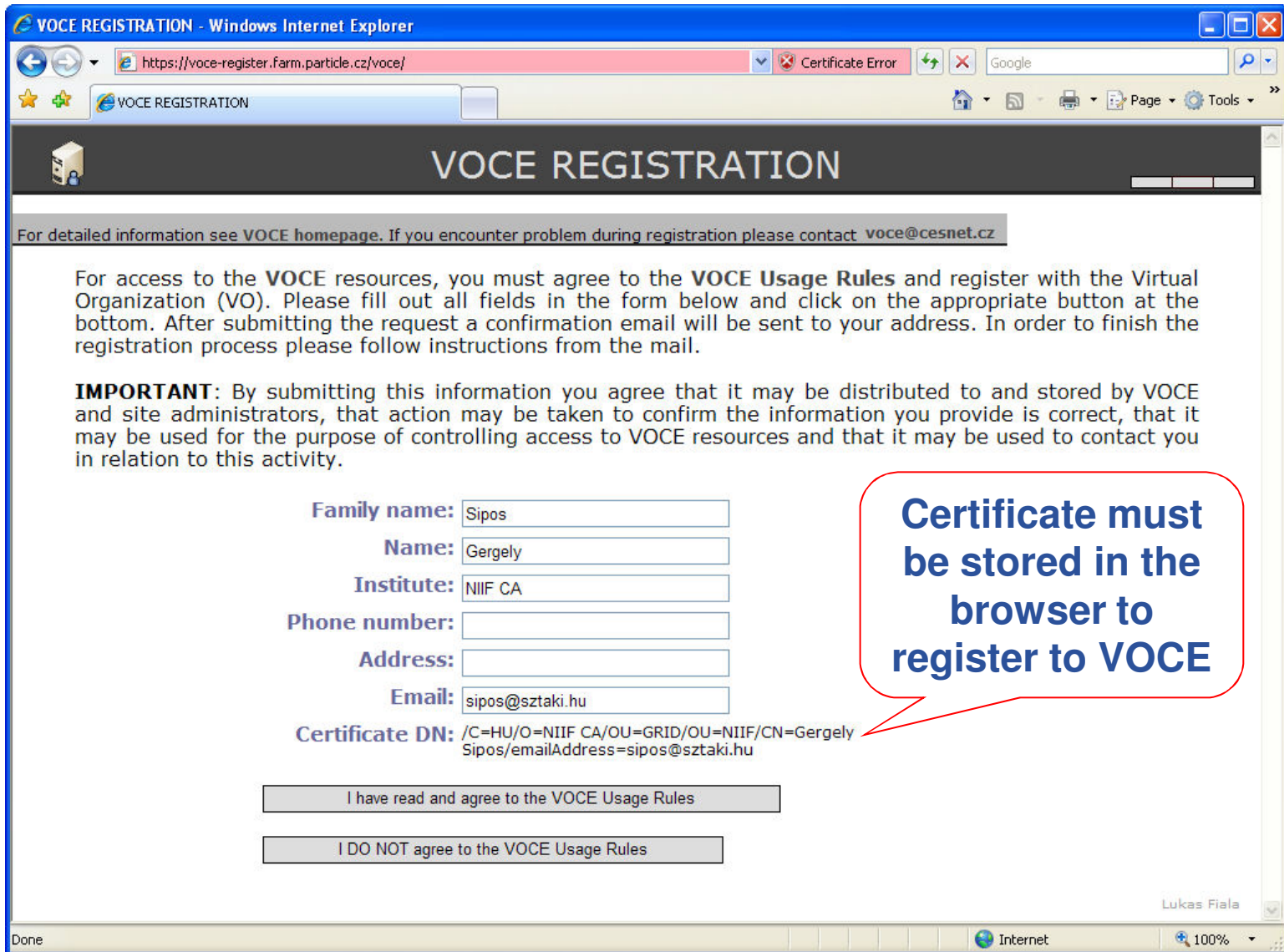
```
total 8
```

```
-rw-r--r--    1 sipos    users    1761 Nov 25  2008 usercert.pem
-r-----    1 sipos    users    951  Nov 24  2008 userkey.pem
```

Someone's identity on an EGEE grid site = Certificate Distinguished Name:

```
[sipos@glite-tutor sipos]$ grid-cert-info -subject
```

```
/C=HU/O=NIIF CA/OU=GRID/OU=NIIF/CN=Gergely Sipos/Email=sipos@sztaki.hu
```



VOCE REGISTRATION - Windows Internet Explorer

https://voce-register.farm.particle.cz/voce/ Certificate Error Google

VOCE REGISTRATION

For detailed information see [VOCE homepage](#). If you encounter problem during registration please contact voce@cesnet.cz

For access to the **VOCE** resources, you must agree to the **VOCE Usage Rules** and register with the Virtual Organization (VO). Please fill out all fields in the form below and click on the appropriate button at the bottom. After submitting the request a confirmation email will be sent to your address. In order to finish the registration process please follow instructions from the mail.

IMPORTANT: By submitting this information you agree that it may be distributed to and stored by VOCE and site administrators, that action may be taken to confirm the information you provide is correct, that it may be used for the purpose of controlling access to VOCE resources and that it may be used to contact you in relation to this activity.

Family name:
Name:
Institute:
Phone number:
Address:
Email:
Certificate DN: /C=HU/O=NIIF CA/OU=GRID/OU=NIIF/CN=Gergely Sipos/emailAddress=sipos@sztaki.hu

Lukas Fiala

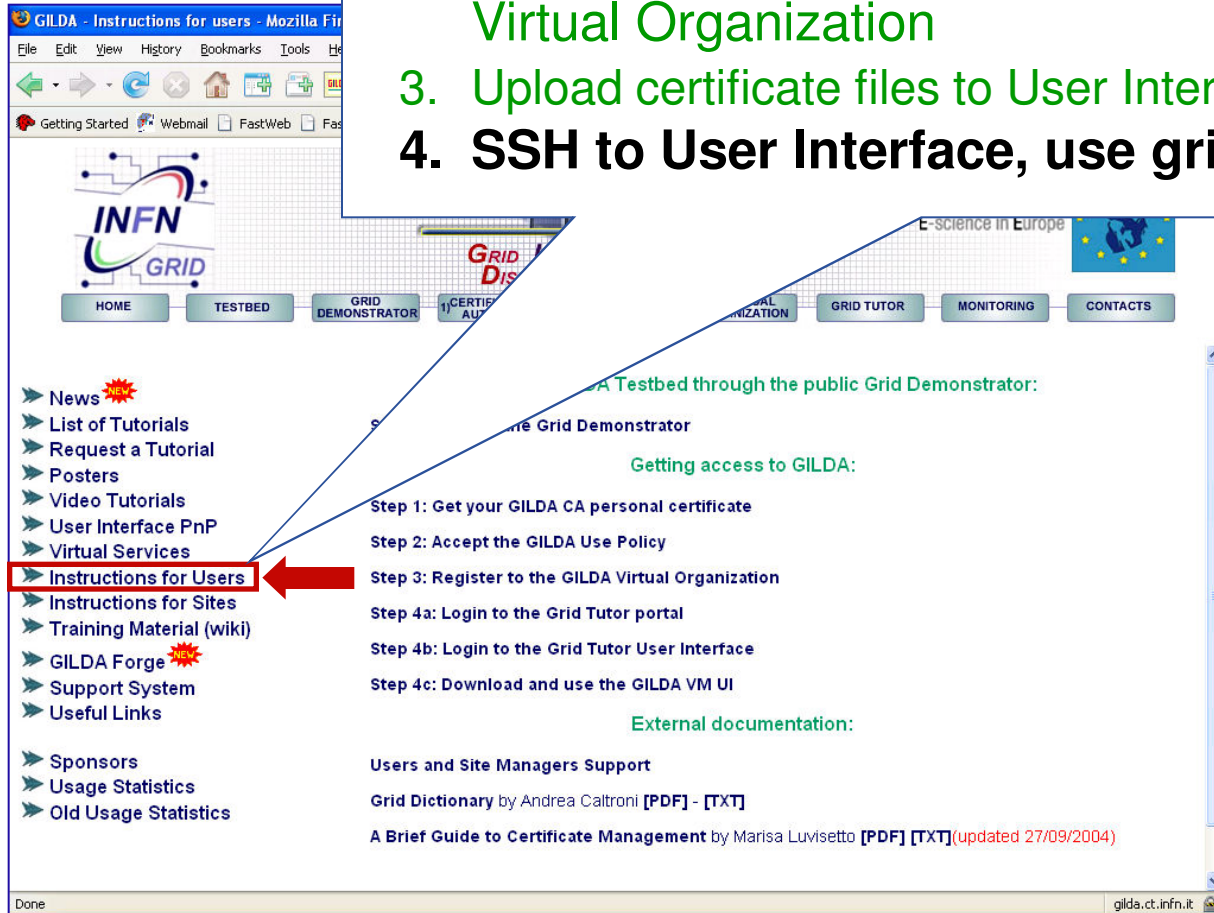
Done Internet 100%

Certificate must be stored in the browser to register to VOCE

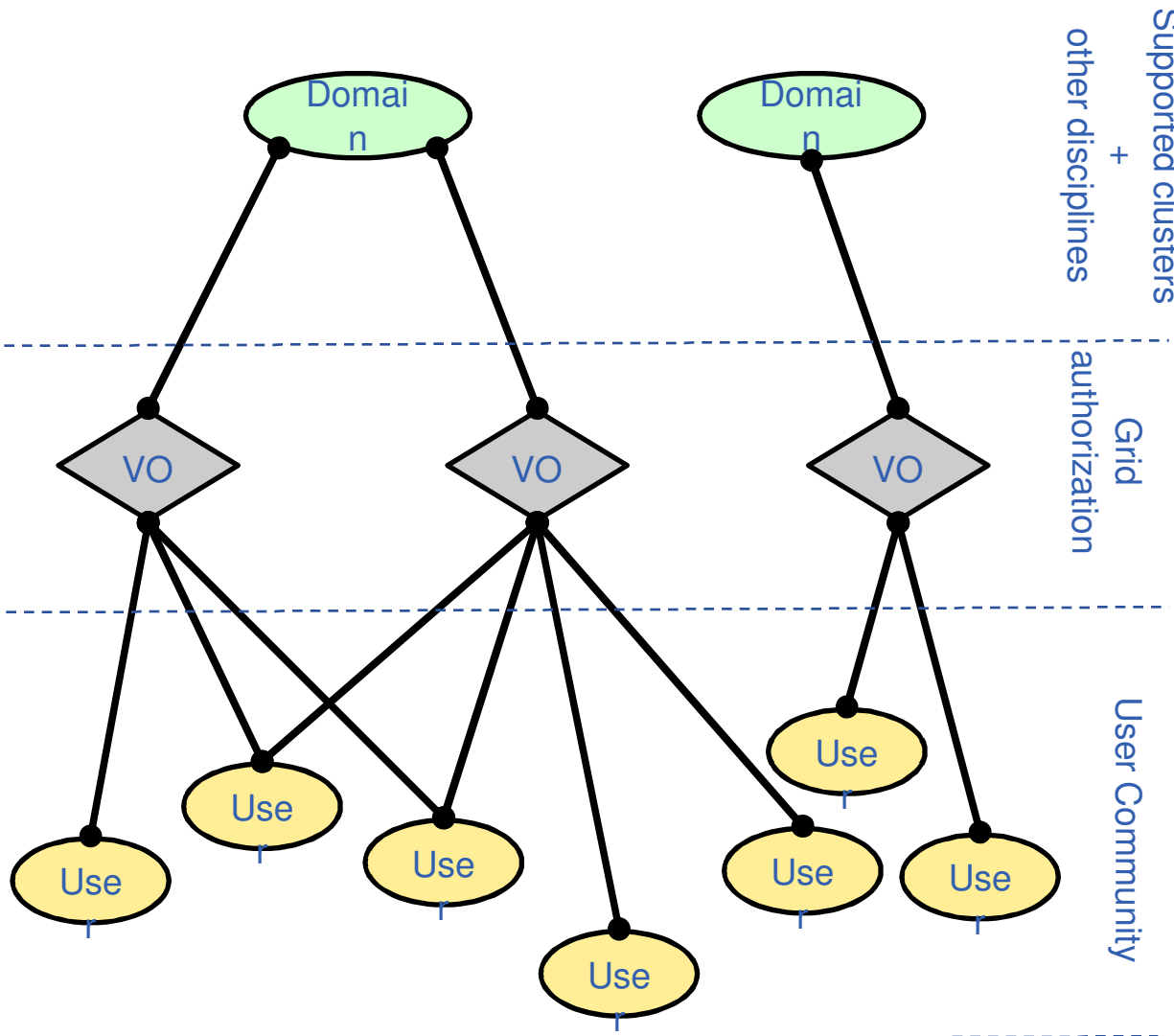
- **GILDA training Certification Authority is special**
 - Lightweight authentication - **No need for personal visit!**
 - Apply for a certificate on the Web!
 - GILDA re-newable certificates are **valid for 2 weeks** (normal certificates for 1 year, also renewable)
 - GILDA renewable certificates are valid **only in GILDA VO** (normal certificates in any VO)

- **Related resources:**
 - **Apply for a GILDA certificate:** <https://gilda.ct.infn.it>
 - Choose “Instruction for Users” menu
 - **Ticketing system (GILDA-related complaints, questions):**
 - <http://gilda-support.ct.infn.it/>

1. Obtain a grid certificate from GILDA CA
2. Accept the GILDA Use Policy, register to GILDA Virtual Organization
3. Upload certificate files to User Interface
4. **SSH to User Interface, use grid services**



The screenshot shows the GILDA website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with buttons for HOME, TESTBED, GRID DEMONSTRATOR, CERTIFICATE AUTHORIZATION, GRID TUTOR, MONITORING, and CONTACTS. Below this is a sidebar menu with various links, including 'Instructions for Users' which is highlighted with a red box and a red arrow. The main content area contains a section titled 'Getting access to GILDA:' with four numbered steps: Step 1: Get your GILDA CA personal certificate; Step 2: Accept the GILDA Use Policy; Step 3: Register to the GILDA Virtual Organization; Step 4: Login to the Grid Tutor portal, which is further divided into Step 4a, Step 4b, and Step 4c. Below this is a section for 'External documentation:' listing 'Users and Site Managers Support', 'Grid Dictionary' by Andrea Caltroni, and 'A Brief Guide to Certificate Management' by Marisa Luvisetto.



Application domains:

- High Energy Physics (HEP)
- Life Sciences (LS)
- Earth Sciences (ES)
- Grid Observatory (GO)
- Computational Chemistry (CC)
- Astronomy & Astrophysics (AA)
- Fusion (F)

23 "Core" VOs:

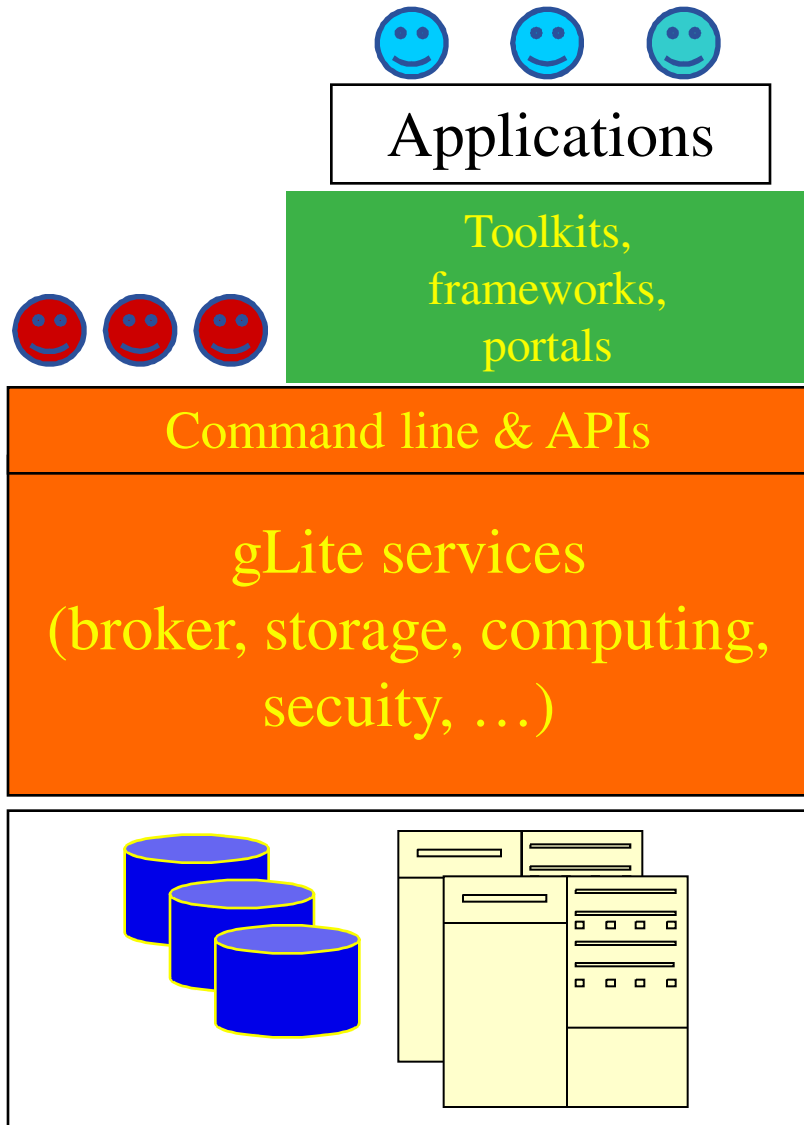
CPU Utilization > 10% in the domain

112 total Registered VOs

4167 users in "Core" VOs

13,381 users in Registered VOs

Application domains and contacts: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/EGEE/NA4>



- Most VOs include software on top of gLite
- Some domain specific, some not
- **EGEE RESPECT Programme:**
 - Recommended External Software Packages for Egee CommuniTies
 - Identify third-party software that works well with gLite
 - Expand the functionality of the grid infrastructure,
 - Reduce duplicated development
 - Speed the porting of new applications to the grid
 - <http://technical.eu-egee.org/index.php?id=290>

Generic support services:

- **Global Grid User Support - GGUS:** <http://www.ggus.org/>
 - If you have problems with any of the EGEE Production VOs (e.g. CE, WMS, UI, ...)
 - If you have a practical question on a gLite service
 - Your grid certificate must be in your browser (See [this tutorial](#) how to do it)
- **EGEE Application Porting Support for users:** <http://www.lpd.sztaki.hu/gasuc/>
 - If you don't know how to port your application to EGEE
 - Technical consultancy + programmers who can work with you!

Generic support resources:

- **gLite user guide:** <http://glite.web.cern.ch/glite/documentation>
- **Training materials:** <http://egee.lib.ed.ac.uk>,
<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/UserTutorials>
- **Training events:** <http://www.egee.nesc.ac.uk>

gLite command line usage

GILDA User Interface



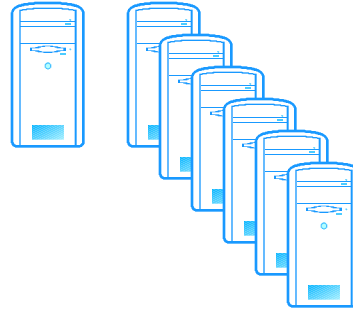
create proxy



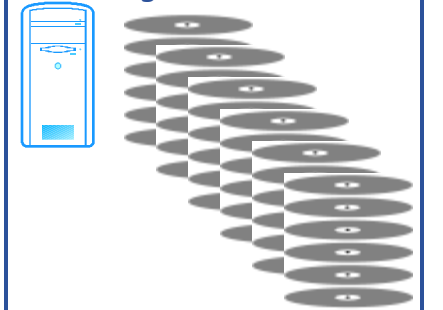
VO Management Service
(DB of VO users)

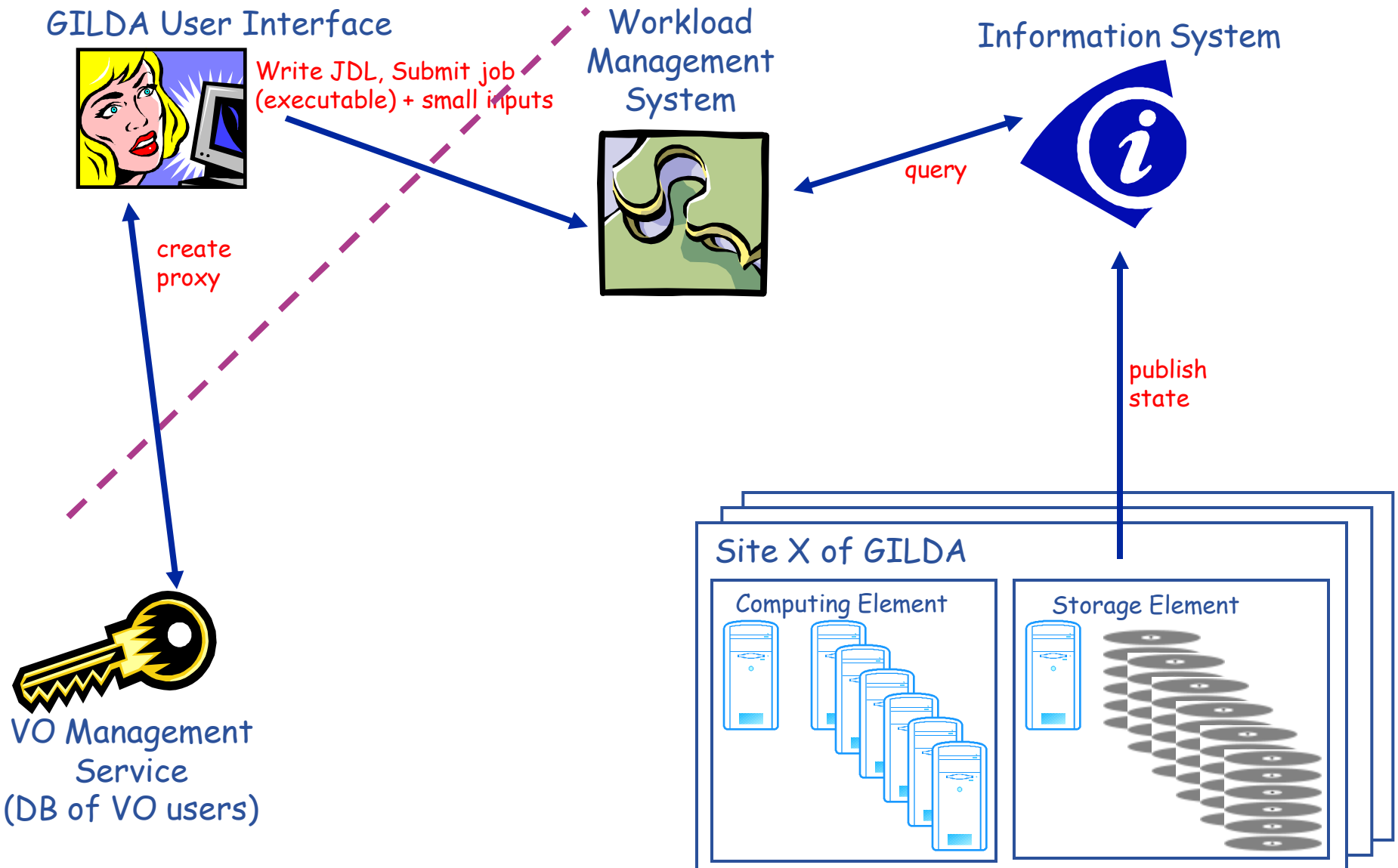
Site X of GILDA

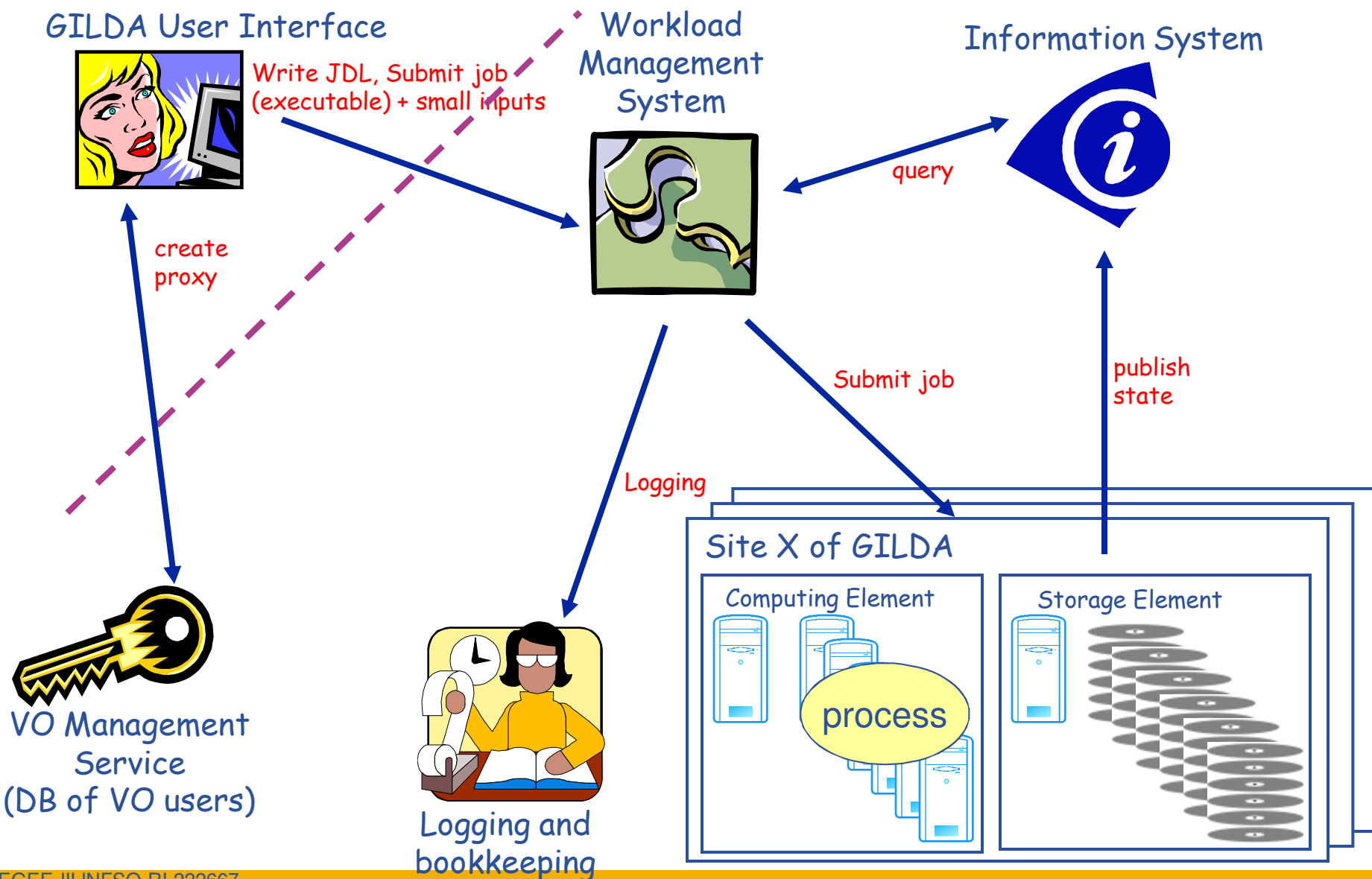
Computing Element

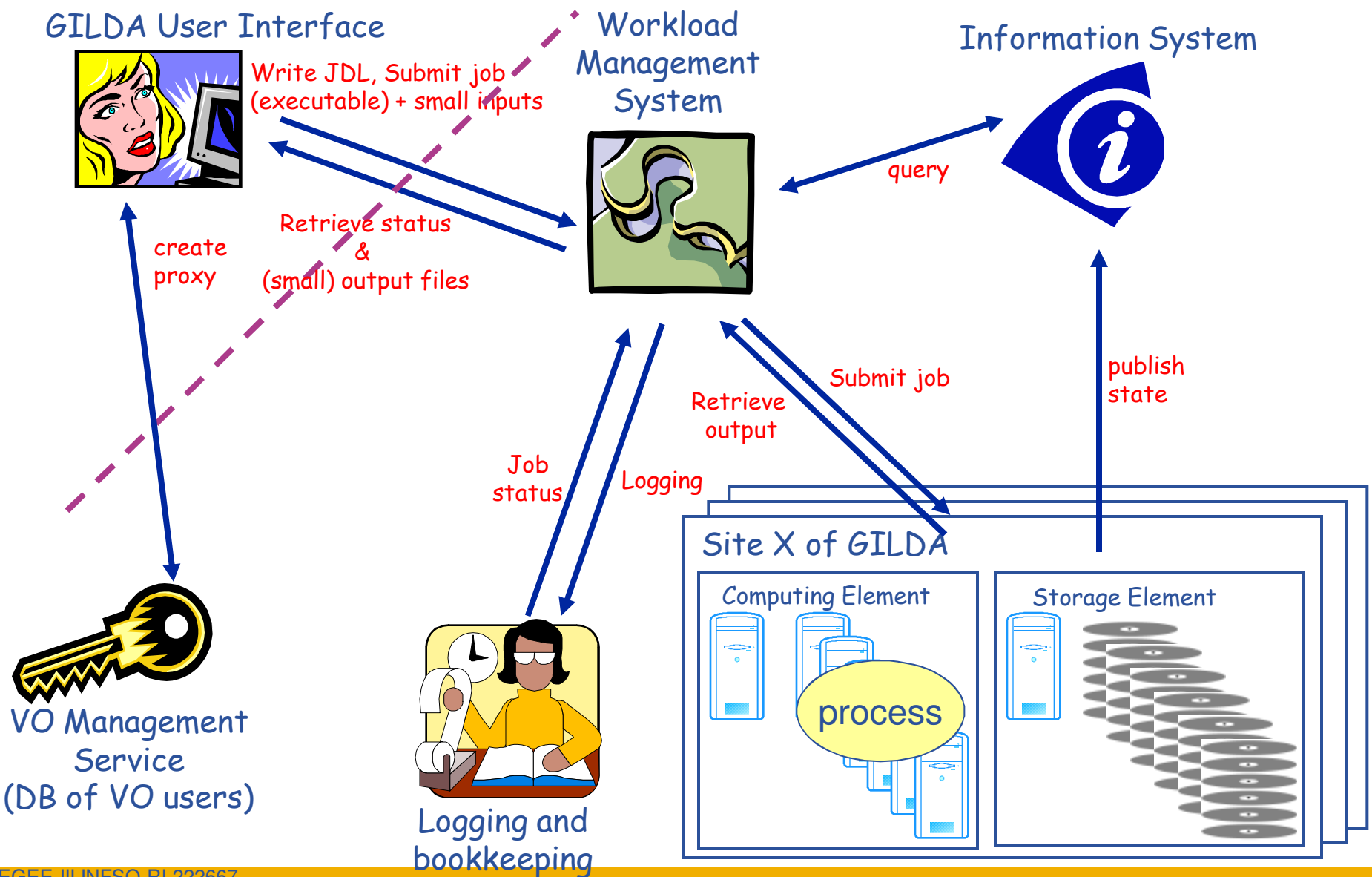


Storage Element









```
[sipos@glite-tutor ~]$ ls -l .globus/
-rw-r--r-- 1 sipos users 1761 Dec  2 2008 usercert.pem
-r----- 1 sipos users  951 Oct 24 2006 userkey.pem
```

```
[sipos@glite-tutor sipos]$ voms-proxy-init --voms gilda
Enter GRID pass phrase: *****
Your identity: /C=HU/O=NIIF CA/OU=GRID/OU=NIIF/CN=Gergely
Sipos/Email=sipos@sztaki.hu
Creating temporary proxy ..... Done
Contacting voms.ct.infn.it:15001 [/C=IT/O=INFN/OU=Host/L=Catania/CN=voms.ct.infn.it]
"gilda" Done
Creating proxy ..... Done
Your proxy is valid until Sat Jun 23 04:55:19 2007
```

% voms-proxy-init → login to the Grid

Enter PEM pass phrase: ***** → private key is protected by a password

— Options for voms-proxy-init:

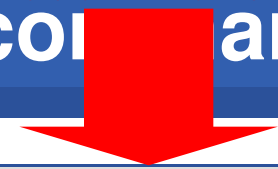
- VO name
- -hours <lifetime of new credential>
- -help

% voms-proxy-destroy → logout from the grid

```
[sipos@glite-tutor sipos]$ nano OR vi hostname.jdl
```

```
Type = "Job";  
JobType = "Normal";  
Executable = "/bin/hostname";  
StdOutput = "hostname.out";  
StdError = "hostname.err";  
OutputSandbox = {"hostname.err", "hostname.out"};  
Arguments = "-f";
```

- **Executable** – sets the name of the executable file;
- **Arguments** – command line arguments of the program;
- **StdOutput, StdError** - files for storing the standard output and error messages output;
- **InputSandbox** – set of input files needed by the program, including the executable;
- **OutputSandbox** – set of output files which will be written during the execution, including standard output and standard error output; these are sent from the CE to the WMS for you to retrieve
- **ShallowRetryCount** – in case of grid error, retry job this many times (“Shallow”: before job is running)



| WMS version | LCG-2 WMS | gLite WMS via NS gLite 3.0 | gLite WMS via WMPProxy gLite 3.1+ |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| Delegate proxy | | D | glite-wms-job-delegate-proxy -d delegID |
| Submit | edg-job-submit [-o joblist]jdlfile | glite-job-submit [-o joblist] jdlfile | glite-wms-job-submit [-d delegID] [-a] [-o joblist] jdlfile |
| Status | edg-job-status [-v verbosity] [-i joblist] jobIDs | glite-job-status [-v verbosity] [-i joblist] jobIDs | glite-wms-job-status [-v verbosity] [-i joblist] jobIDs |
| Logging | edg-job-get-logging-info [-v verbosity] [-i joblist] jobIDs | glite-job-logging-info [-v verbosity] [-i joblist] jobIDs | glite-wms-job-logging-info [-v verbosity] [-i joblist] jobIDs |
| Output | edg-job-get-output [-dir outdir] [-i joblist] jobIDs | glite-job-output [-dir outdir] [-i joblist] jobIDs | glite-wms-job-output [-dir outdir] [-i joblist] jobIDs |
| Cancel | edg-job-cancel [-i joblist] jobID | glite-job-cancel [-i joblist] jobID | glite-wms-job-cancel [-i joblist] jobID |
| Compatible resources | edg-job-list-match jdlfile | glite-job-list-match jdlfile | glite-wms-job-list-match [-d delegID] [-a] jdlfile |

D

E

P

R

E

C

A

T

E

D

GILDA User Interface



`glite-wms-job-delegate-proxy -d delegID`

`glite-wms-job-list-match hostname.jdl`

`glite-wms-job-submit
hostname.jdl → JobID`

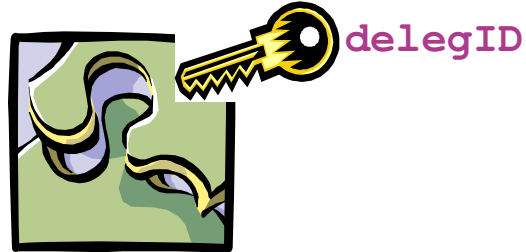
`glite-wms-job-status JobID`

`glite-wms-job-output JobID`

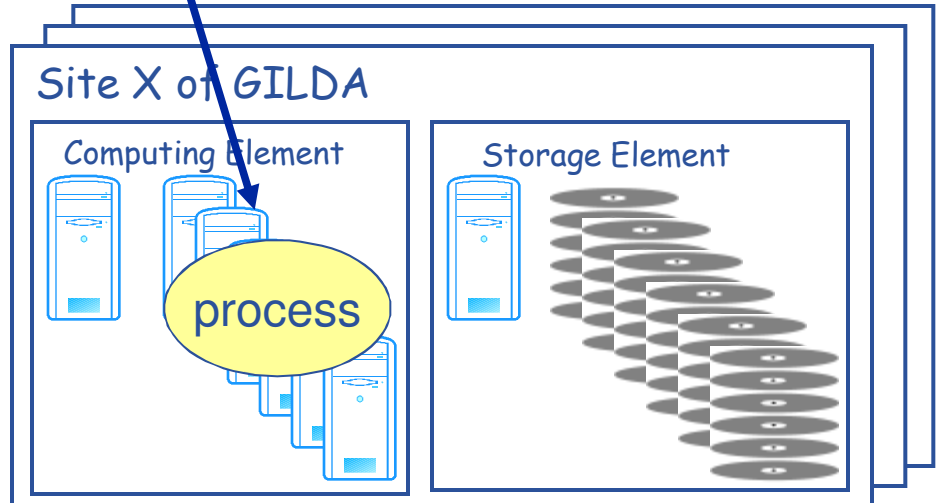
`voms-proxy-init --voms gilda`



VO Management
Service
(DB of VO users)



Manage job



| Flag | Meaning |
|-----------|---|
| SUBMITTED | submission logged in the Logging & Bookkeeping service |
| WAIT | job match making for resources |
| READY | job being sent to executing CE |
| SCHEDULED | job scheduled in the CE queue manager |
| RUNNING | job executing on a Worker Node of the selected CE queue |
| DONE | job terminated without grid errors |
| CLEARED | job output retrieved |
| ABORT | job aborted by middleware, check <i>reason</i> |

1. Practical

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/AuthenticationAuthorization>

- Investigate your certificate
- Create proxy
- Investigate your proxy

2. Practical

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/SimpleJobSubmission>

- Create a simple JDL file
copy&paste JDL file from tutorial into a file.
- Delegate proxy
- List the CEs that can accept it
- Submit job
- Check job status until its finished
- Retrieve output

Extra: <https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/CertificateManagement>

- How to import certificate in a web browser
- Now to convert pkcs12 to pem
- How to send signed email
- How to export a certificate from the web browser



Jump [] Search []

GILDA



Log In

- GILDA Web
- Create New Topic
- Index
- Search
- Changes
- Notifications
- Statistics
- Preferences

- Webs**
- ConsortioCOMETA
 - EELA2
 - EPIKH
 - EUMEDGRID
 - GEANT4LNS
 - GILDA
 - ICEAGE
 - Main
 - PI2S2
 - Sandbox

TWiki > GILDA Web > UserTutorials > SimpleJobSubmission (24 Sep 2009, Elisalngra)

Edit Attach

Simple job Submission: glite-wms commands

- ↓ [Simple JDL](#)
- ↓ [Credentials delegation](#)
- ↓ [Job List Match](#)
- ↓ [Job Submission](#)
- ↓ [Job Status](#)
- ↓ [Job Output](#)
- ↓ [Job cancel](#)
- ↓ [References](#)

This tutorial will take you through the stages of running simple jobs. Before continuing, be sure to have a valid proxy, and if not create one. Look [here](#) if you need help on this.

Simple JDL

To submit a job to the Workload management System, a text file containing Job Description Language is used. The JDL describes the job and its requirements.

Here is the simplest example of a JDL file, to run a simple job on the grid:

```
[catania41@glite-tutor Tutorial]$ cat hostname.jdl
Type = "Job";
JobType = "Normal";
Executable = "/bin/hostname";
```

More realistic jobs

```
[sipos@glite-tutor sipos]$ nano OR vi hostname.jdl
```

```
...
```

```
Executable = "/bin/hostname";
```

```
...
```

- **Installed on the CE**

- Standard software in Linux (Scientific Linux!)
- VO specific software: advertised in information system
 - *Use JDL expressions to navigate job to such a site*

- **Or Comes from client side**

- Part of **InputSandbox**

- Script
 - *No compilation is necessary*
 - *Can invoke binary that is statically installed on the CE*
- **Or Binary**
 - *Must be compiled on the User Interface → binary compatibility with CEs*
 - *Statically linked → to avoid errors caused by different library versions*

```
$ cat testsandbox.jdl
Type = "Job";
JobType = "Normal";
Executable = "/bin/sh";
Arguments = "testsandbox.sh";
StdOutput = "testsandbox.out";
StdError = "testsandbox.err";
InputSandbox = "testsandbox.sh";
OutputSandbox = {"testsandbox.err", "testsandbox.out"};
ShallowRetryCount = 1;
```

```
$ cat testsandbox.sh
#!/bin/bash
ls -l
```

```
$ /bin/sh testsandbox.sh
```



```
$ cat yourexe.jdl
Type = "Job";
JobType = "Normal";
Executable = "/bin/sh";
Arguments = "script.sh INSERT_YOUR_NAME";
StdOutput = "script.out";
StdError = "script.err";
InputSandbox = {"script.sh", "myexecutable"};
OutputSandbox = {"script.out", "script.err", "exe.out"};
ShallowRetryCount = 1;
```

Compiled on UI

```
cat script.sh
#!/bin/sh
echo "setting right permissions"
chmod 755 myexecutable
echo "executing program now..."
./myexecutable $1 > exe.out
```

```
$ /bin/sh script.sh Gergely
```

```
Executable = "gridTest";
StdError = "std...";
StdOutput = "std...";
InputSandbox = "...Test"};
OutputSandbox = { "...log", "output.log"};
```

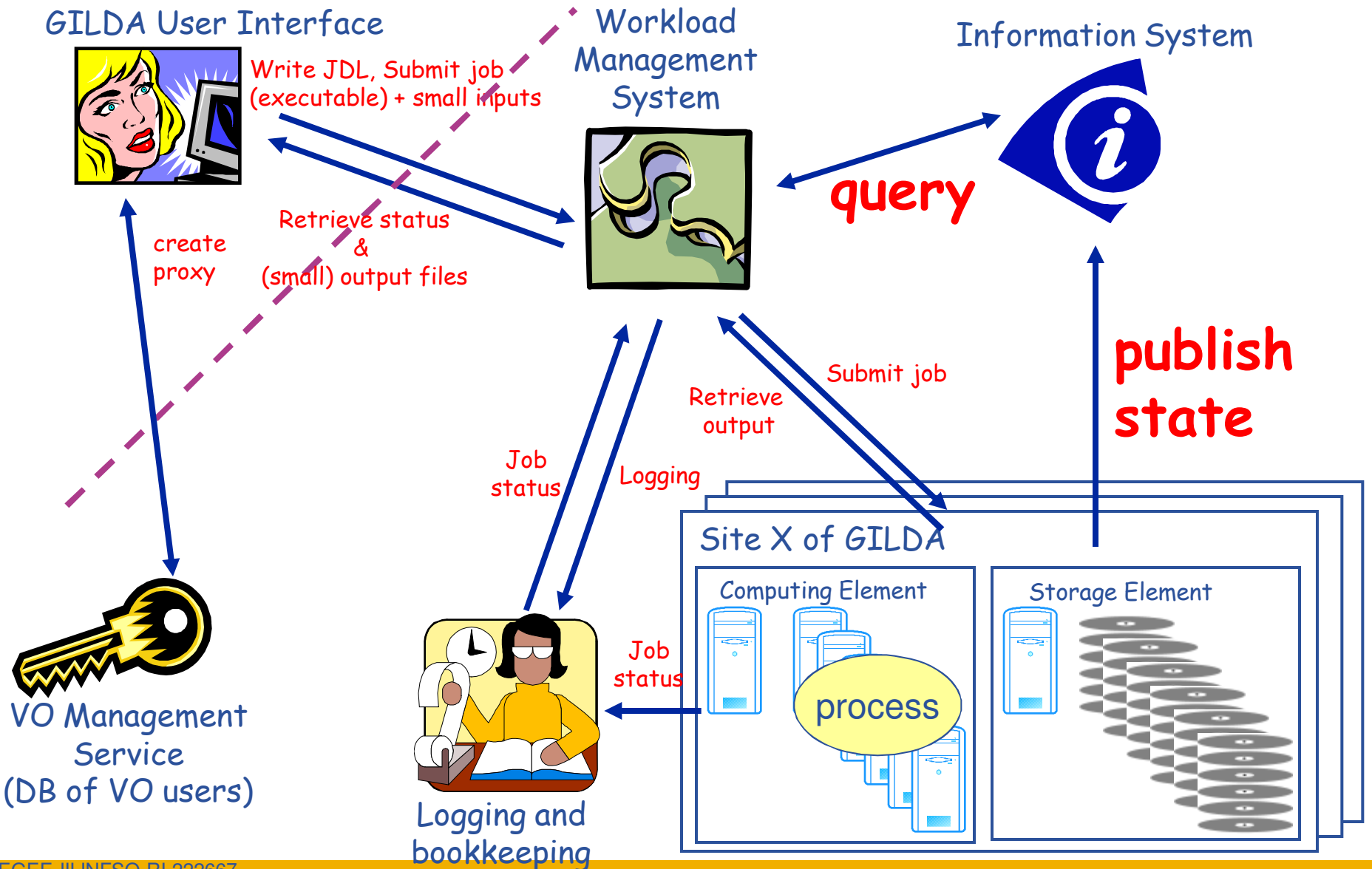
WMS uses Information System to find CE

```
Requirements = other.Architecture=="INTEL" &&
    other.GlueCEInfoTotalCPUs > 480;
Rank = other.GlueCEStateTotalJobs;
```

WMS brokering policy :

- Meet CE requirements
- Select CE with highest rank

Handling Requirements and Rank



- 1. Meet CE requirements
(defined by Requirements part of JDL)**

- 2. Select CE which is close to InputData**
 - “Close” relationship is defined between CEs and SEs by site administrators
 - “Close” is not necessarily physical distance – rather bandwidth
 - “Close” typically means same site
 - *CE:* iceage-ce-01.ct.infn.it:2119/jobmanager-lcgpbs-short
 - *Close SE:* iceage-se-01.ct.infn.it

- 3. Select CE with highest rank
(rank formula is defined by Rank part of JDL)**

- **GlueCEUniqueID** – Identify a CE
 - Eliminating an erroneous CE:


```
other.GlueCEUniqueID !=
  "grid010.ct.infn.it:2119/jobmanager-lcgpbs-long"
```
 - Sending the job to a given CE:


```
other.GlueCEUniqueID ==
  "grid010.ct.infn.it:2119/jobmanager-lcgpbs-long"
```
- **GlueCEInfoTotalCPUs** – max number of CPUs at a CE


```
Rank = other. GlueCEInfoTotalCPUs;
```
- **GlueCEStateWaitingJobs** – number of waiting jobs
- **GlueCEPolicyMaxCPUTime** – job will be killed after this number of minutes
- **GlueHostMainMemoryRAMSize** – memory size

<http://glite.web.cern.ch/glite/documentation/> → **JDL specification (submission via WMS WMPProxy)**

- *Rank =*
*(other.GlueCEStateWaitingJobs == 0 ? other.GlueCEStateFreeCPUs :
 -other.GlueCEStateWaitingJobs);*

if there are no waiting jobs,

- then the selected CE will be the one with the most free CPUs
- else the one with the least waiting jobs.

- *Requirements =*
*(Member(„IDL2.1”, other.GlueHostApplicationSoftwareRunTimeEnvironment))
 && (other.GlueCEPolicyMaxWallClockTime > 10000);*

CE where,

- IDL2.1 software is available
- At least 10000s can be spent on the site (waiting + running)

More complex JDLs

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/MoreOnJDL>

Using different executables

- Submit a script from client side
 - Listing work directory of the job
- Submit a binary from client side (with wrapper script)

Requirements, Ranks

- Send the job to a particular CE
- Send the job to any CE where “GEANT4-6” is available
- Send a job anywhere but a particular CE (dealing with errors)

Extra:

Query of the Information System to discover CE and SE characteristics and status:

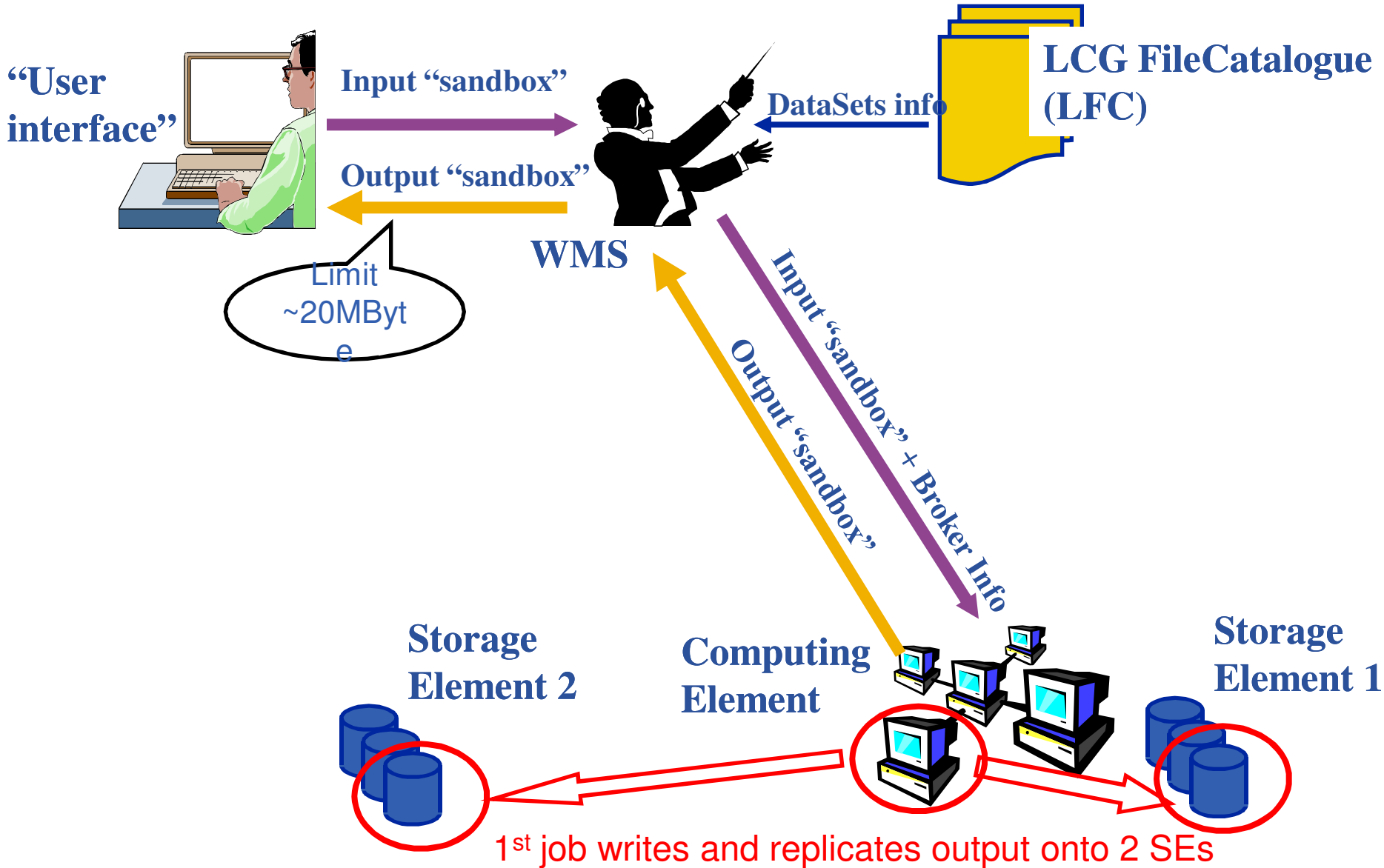
<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/InformationSystems>

Working with large datasets

- **Files that are write-once, read-many**
 - If users edit files then
 - They manage the consequences!
 - Maybe just create a new filename!
 - No intention of providing a global file management system

- **Services for file management**
 - Storage
 - Catalogs
 - Transfer

Data management example





“User interface”

Limit
~20MByte
e

Input “sandbox”

Output “sandbox”



WMS

DataSets info

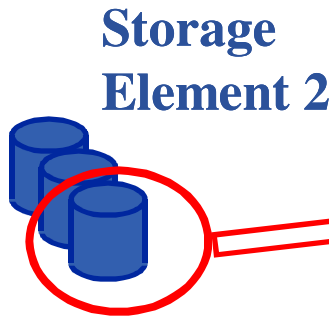


LCG File Catalogue (LFC)

Keep computation close to storage data

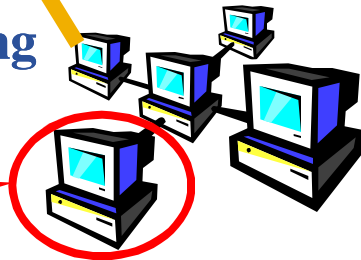
Input “sandbox” + Broker Info

Output “sandbox”

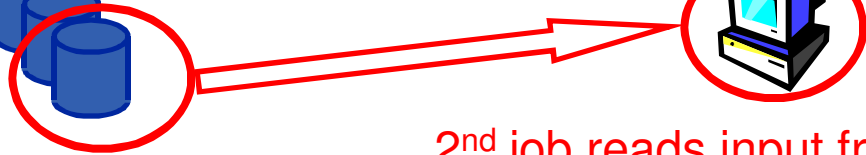


Storage Element 2

Computing Element



Storage Element 1



2nd job reads input from an SE

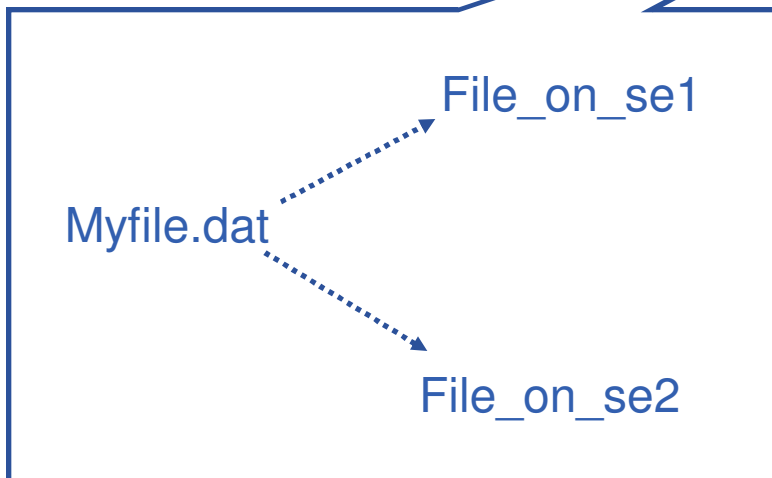
Resolving logical file name

“User interface”

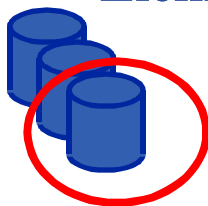


“Myfile.dat”

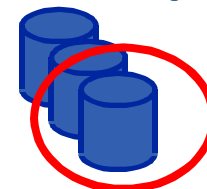
LCG FileCatalogue (LFC)



Storage Element 2



Storage Element 1



Content is available on 2 SEs

Resolving logical file name

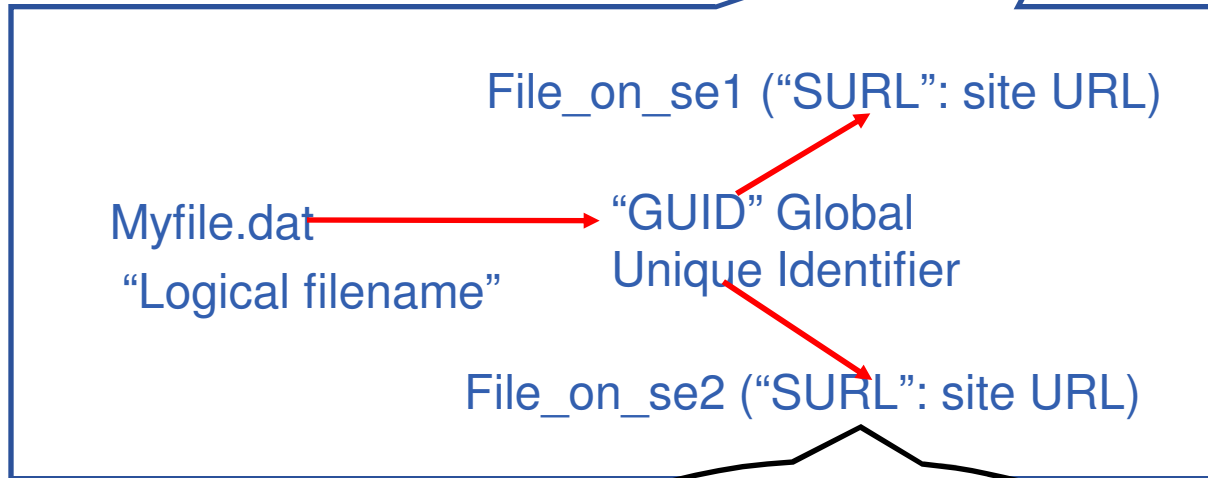
“User interface”



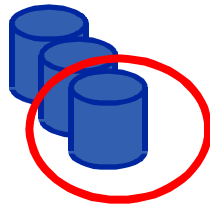
“Myfile.dat”



LCG FileCatalogue (LFC)

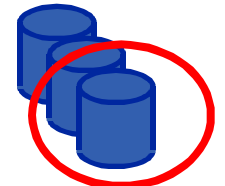


Storage Element 2



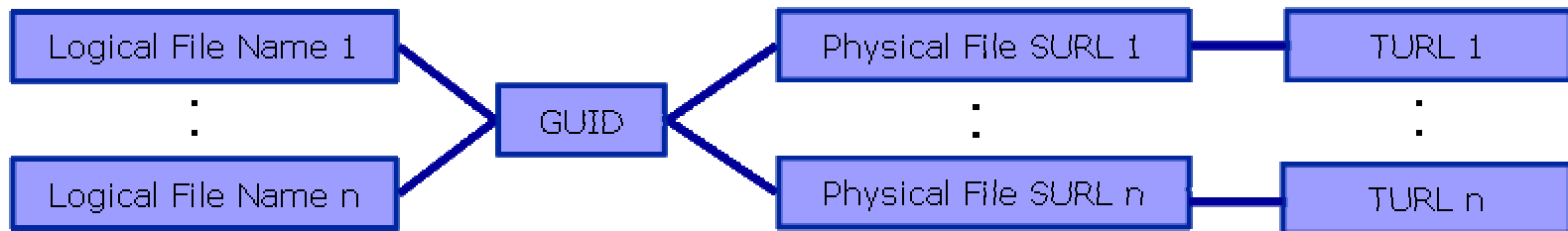
File content cannot change → No need to synchronize replicas

Storage Element 1

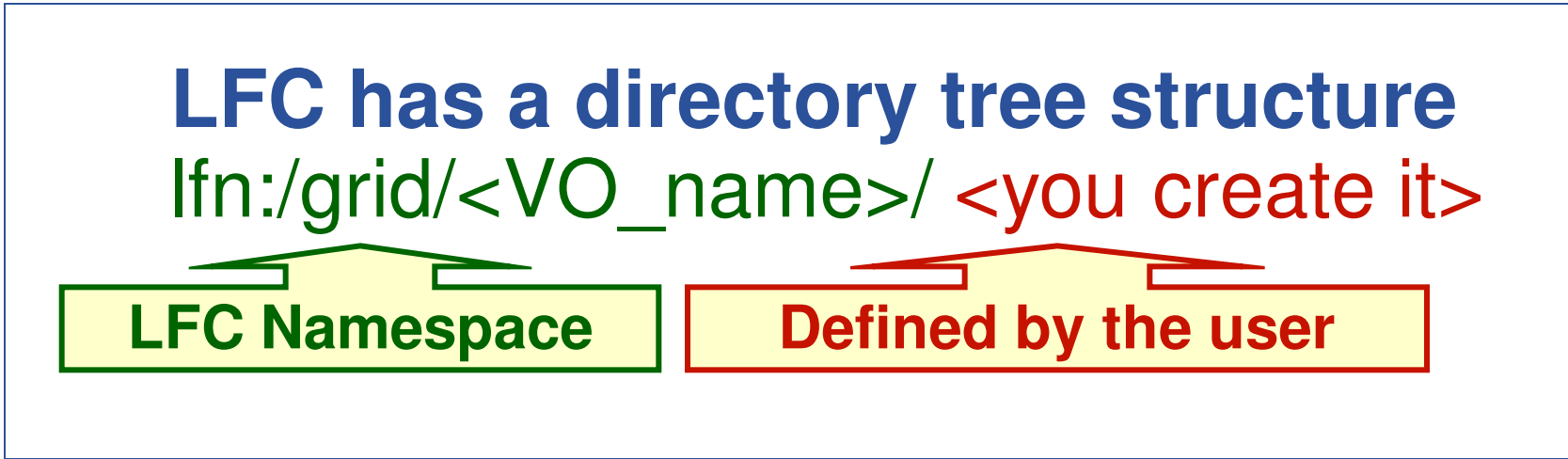


Content is available on 2 SEs

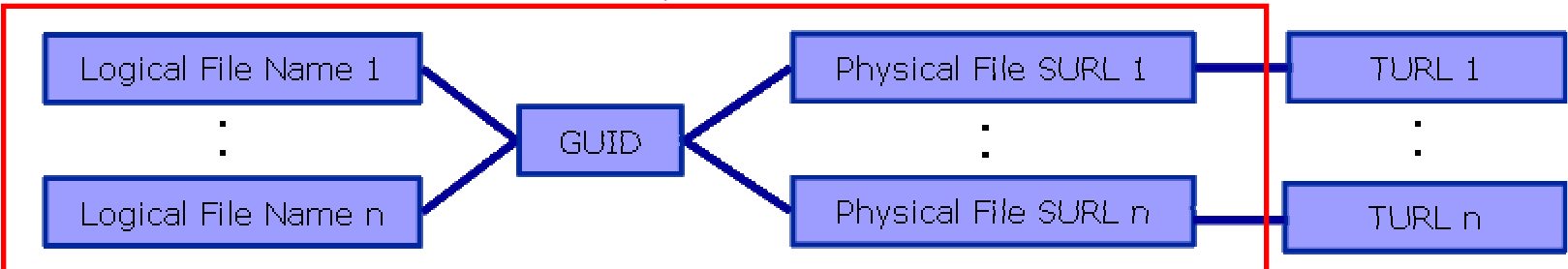
- **Logical File Name (LFN)**
 - An alias created by a user to refer to some item of data, e.g.
`lfn:/grid/gilda/budapest23/run2/track1`
- **Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)**
 - A non-human-readable unique identifier for an item of data, e.g.
`guid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6`
- **Site URL (SURL) (or Physical File Name (PFN) or Site FN)**
 - The location of an actual piece of data on a storage system, e.g.
`srm://pcrd24.cern.ch/flatfiles/cms/output10_1` (SRM)
`sfn://lxshare0209.cern.ch/data/alice/ntuples.dat` (Classic SE)
- **Transport URL (TURL)**
 - Temporary locator of a replica + access protocol: understood by a SE, e.g.
`rfio://lxshare0209.cern.ch//data/alice/ntuples.dat`



- Users primarily access and manage files through “logical filenames” - LFC



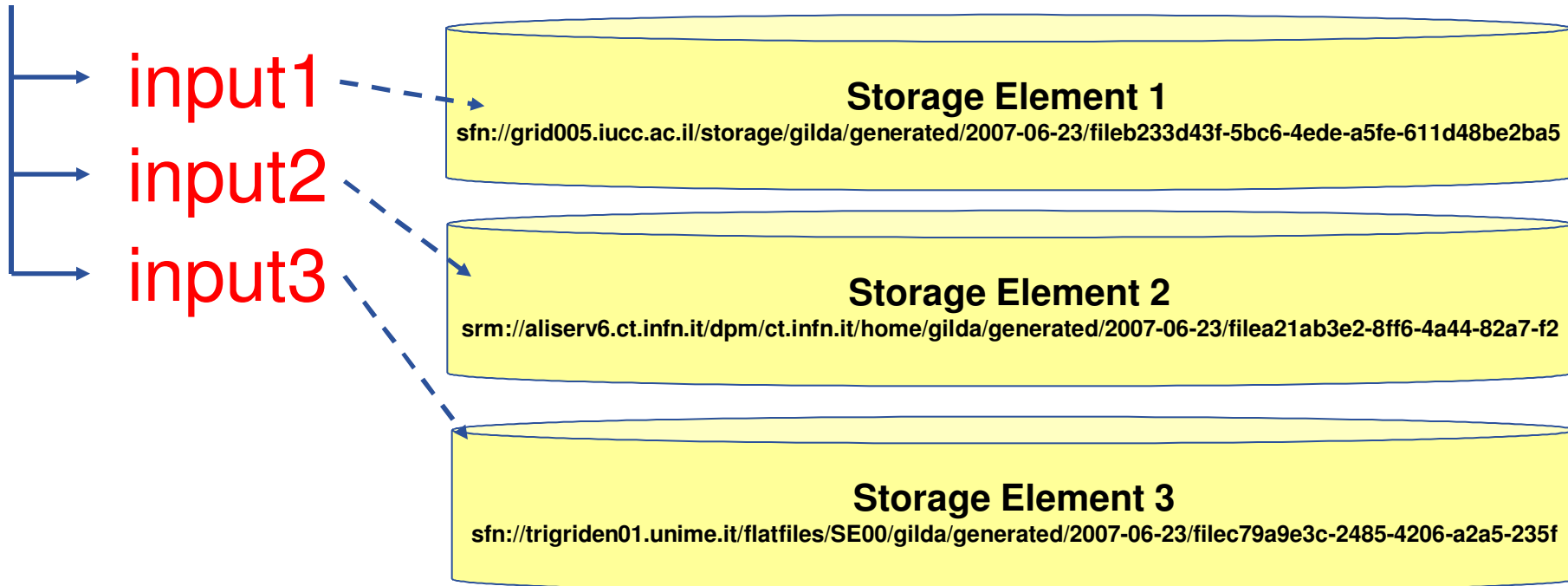
- Mapping by the “LFC” catalogue server





LCG FileCatalogue
(LFC)

`lfn:/grid/gilda/sipos/run2/`

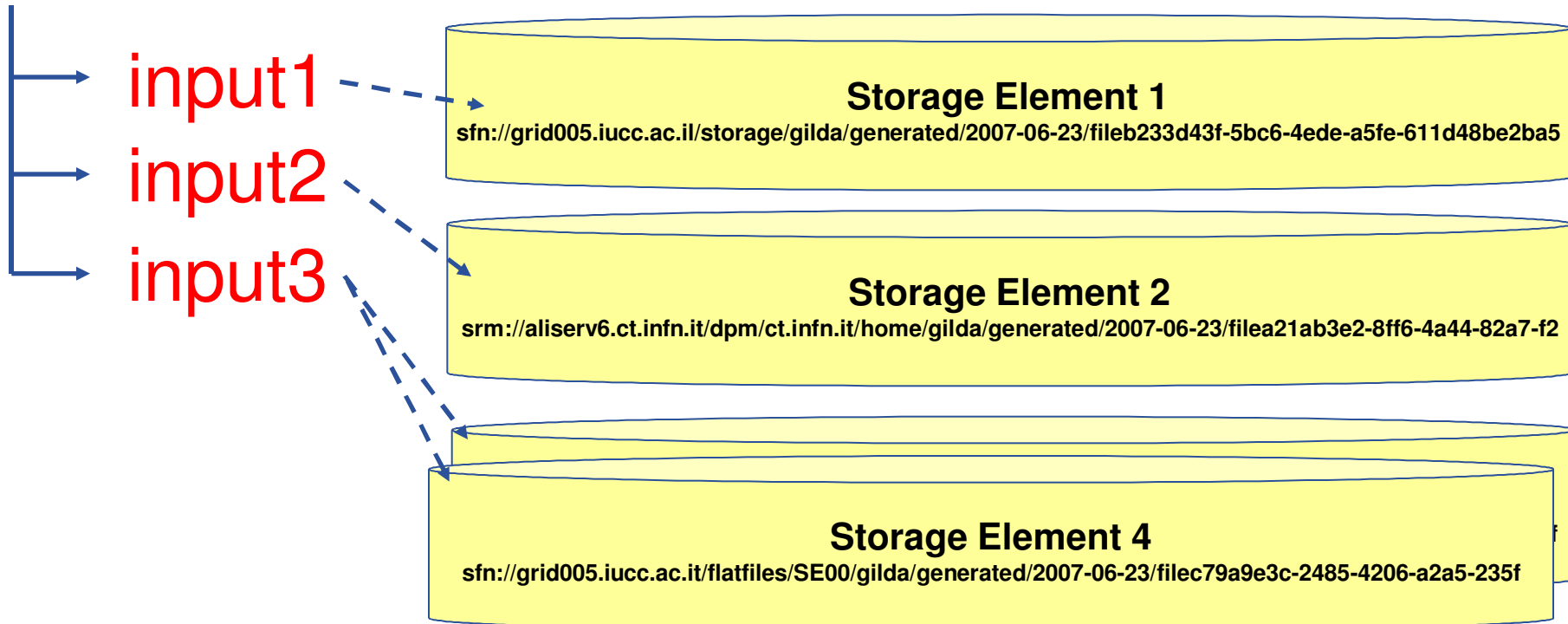


- **LFC directories = virtual directories**
 - Each entry in the directory may be stored on different SEs

`lfn:/grid/gilda/sipos/run2/`



LCG FileCatalogue (LFC)



- **LFC directories = virtual directories**
 - Each entry in the directory may be stored on different SEs

- **lfc-***

LFC = LCG File Catalogue

- LCG = LHC Compute Grid
- LHC = Large Hadron Collider

- Use LFC commands to interact with the directory catalogue only
 - To create catalogue directory
 - List files
- Used by you, your scripts and by lcg-utils (see below)

- **lcg-***

- Couples catalogue operations with file management
 - Keeps SEs and catalogue in step!
- Copy files to/from/between SEs
- Replicate files

LFC has a directory tree structure

`/grid/<VO_name>/ <you create it>`



LFC Namespace

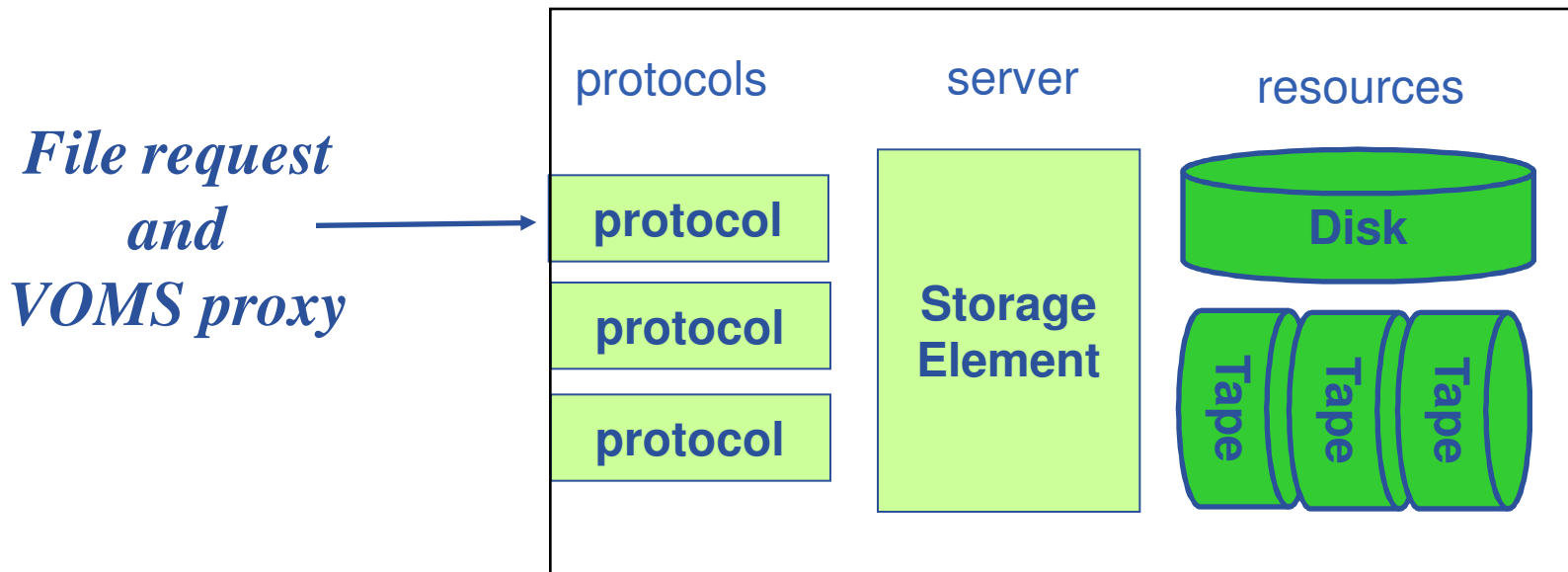


Defined by the user

- All members of a given VO have read-write permissions in their directory
- Commands look like UNIX with “lfc-” in front (often)

- **Provides**

- Storage for files : massive storage system - disk or tape based
- Transfer protocol (gsiFTP) ~ GSI based FTP server
 - Striped file transfer – cluster as back-end

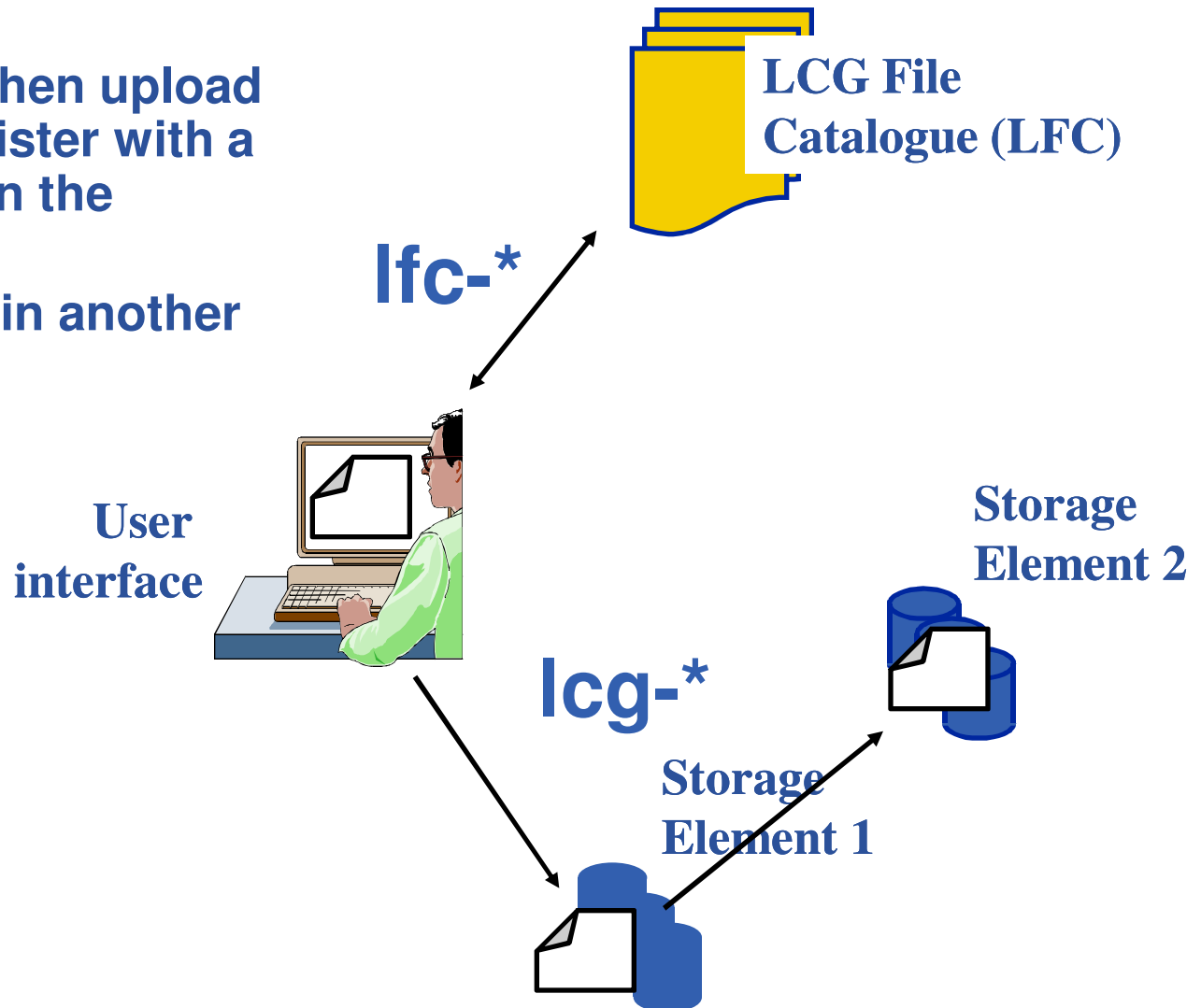


*Authentication,
authorization*

| Type | Resources | File transfer | File I/O | SRM |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----|
| Classic SE | Disk server | GSIFTP | insecure RFIO | No |
| DPM | Disk pool | GSIFTP | secure RFIO | Yes |
| dCache | Disk pool/MSS | GSIFTP | gsidcap | Yes |
| CASTOR | MSS | GSIFTP | insecure RFIO | Yes |

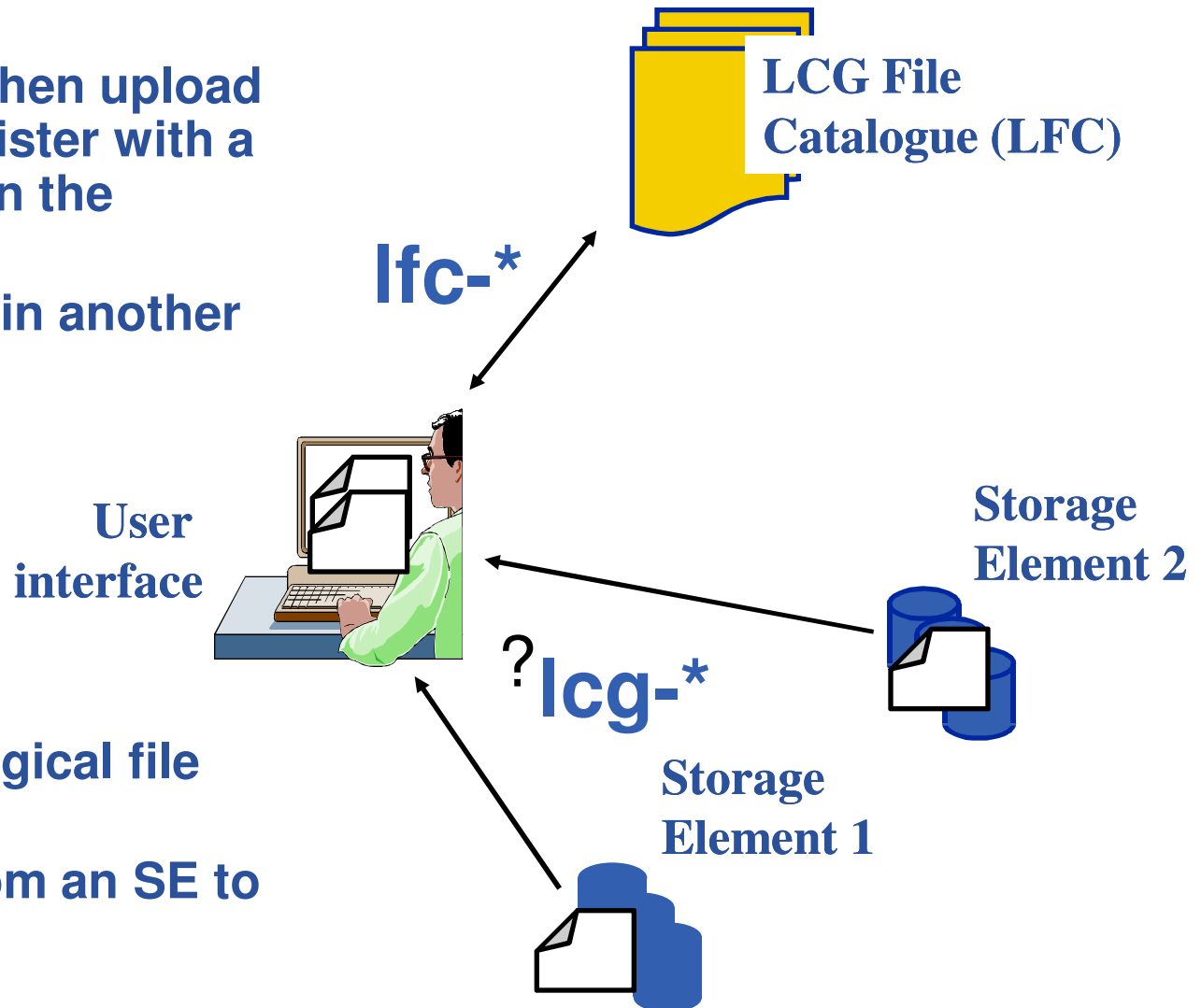
[http://www.lpds.sztaki.hu/~sipos/egEE/tutorials/File Management-lfc and lcg commands.htm](http://www.lpds.sztaki.hu/~sipos/egEE/tutorials/File%20Management-lfc%20and%20lcg%20commands.htm)

- List directory
- Create a local file then upload it to an SE and register with a logical name (lfn) in the catalogue
- Create a duplicate in another SE
- List the replicas



http://www.lpds.sztaki.hu/~sipos/egee/tutorials/File_Management-lfc_and_lcg_commands.htm

- List directory
- Create a local file then upload it to an SE and register with a logical name (lfn) in the catalogue
- Create a duplicate in another SE
- List the replicas
- Create a second logical file name for a file
- Download a file from an SE to the UI



Find exercises here:

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/JobDataWMS>

Exercise one:

1. Upload a file to SE, register it in LFC
2. Send wrapper script to CE as job
3. Send real executable in sand-box
4. Script starts executable on CE
5. Executable downloads file from CE
6. Executable processes file, produces result on STDOUT

Exercise two:

1. Send wrapper script to CE as job
2. Send real executable in sand-box
3. Script starts executable on CE
4. Executable produces result in a local file
5. Wrapper uploads file to CE, registers in LFC
6. Result file is available for download with lcg-cp

- **Parallel/distributed programming:**

- Functional Decomposition (Functional Parallelism)
 - Decomposing the problem (code) into several jobs, run on CEs
- Domain Decomposition (Data Parallelism)
 - Partitioning the problem's data domain, give them to jobs that run on CEs simultaneously

High level tools that help:

- P-GRADE Portal, GANGA, GridWay, ...
- WMS scripting

- **Distributed/collaborative storage:**

- Distribute files to SEs, create multiple replicas if needed
- Distribute relational data to AMGA metadata catalog
- Provide access through the Web

Example application:

- [gLibrary](#) – Preserve Federico De Roberto's Cultural Heritage

Questions?

- **Hands-on exercises**
 - See links in the slides
 - Getting access to GILDA:
 - *Open SSH client and connect to*
 - *glite-tutor.ct.infn.it*
 - *backup: glite-tutor2.ct.infn.it*
 - *User name: ******
 - *Password: ******
 - *Private key passphrase: ******
 - GILDA Support System: <http://gilda-support.ct.infn.it/>
- **Questions, comments:**
 - Email to sipos@sztaki.hu

1. Certificate management:

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/AuthenticationAuthorization>

2. Simple job submission:

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/SimpleJobSubmission>

3. More complex jobs:

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/MoreOnJDL>

4. Grid catalog and file management:

http://www.lpds.sztaki.hu/~sipos/egee/tutorials/File_Management-lfc_and_lcg_commands.htm

5. Integrating practical:

<https://grid.ct.infn.it/twiki/bin/view/GILDA/JobDataWMS>

Thank you