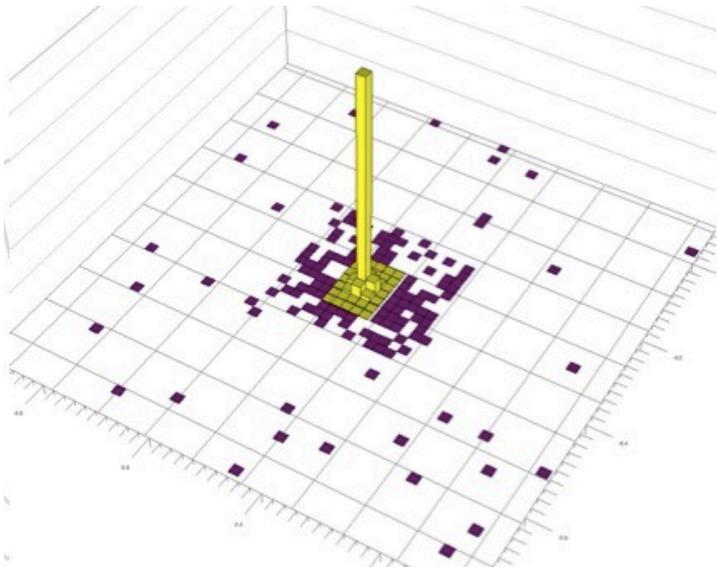


The logo for the Laboratory of High Energy Physics (LLR) at the University of Paris VI, featuring the letters 'LLR' in a stylized red font.

Electron and Photon reconstruction and identification with the CMS detector in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

Roberto Salerno
LLR/Ecole Polytechnique
on behalf of CMS collaboration



Outline

- Physics with electrons and photons at CMS
- Electron/Photon triggers

Electron

- Electron candidates in Minimum Bias events
- Prompt electrons from W/Z decays
 - electron reconstruction commissioning
 - electron selections commissioning
 - electron variables commissioning
- Electron fake rate measurement

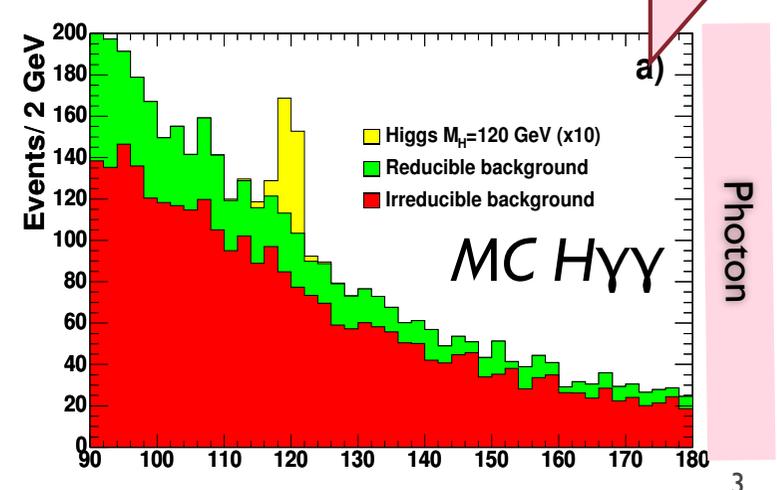
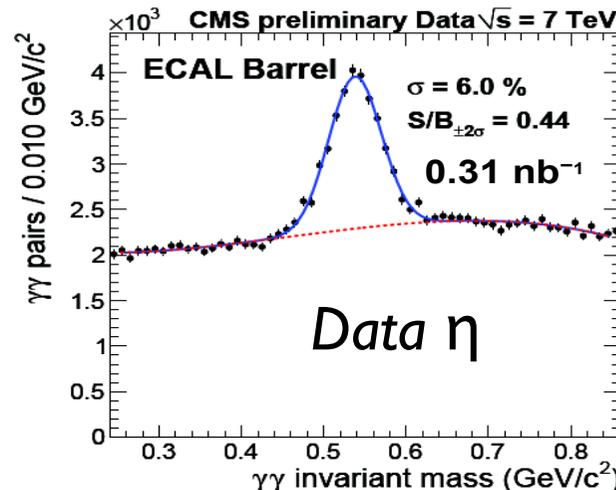
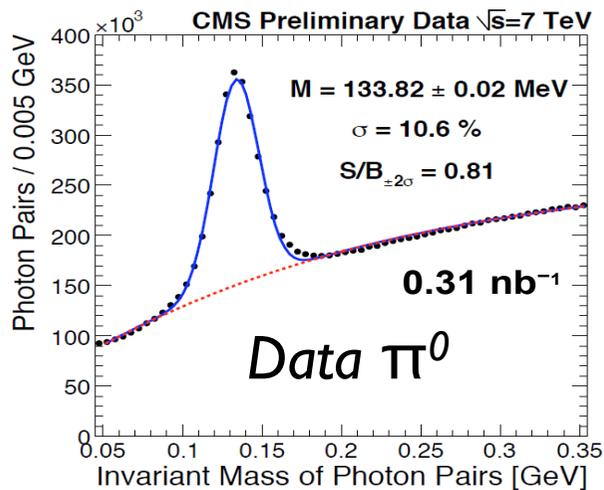
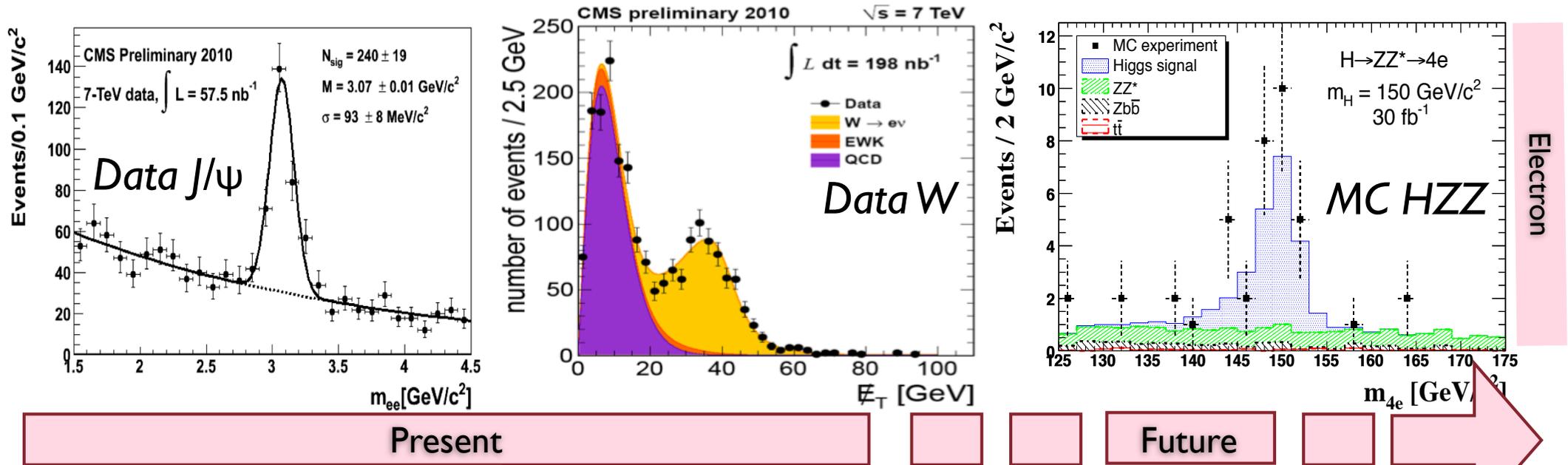
Photon

- Photon reconstruction
- Selection of photon enriched sample
- Converted photons

Physics with e and γ at LHC

On the critical paths of LHC major discoveries $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4e, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, Z' \rightarrow ee, \dots$
 Vital objects to establish calibration and SM candles $Z \rightarrow ee, W \rightarrow e\nu, \dots$

Performance for physics depends on: efficiency, energy resolution, particle identification, isolation



CMS Detector

The Electromagnetic CALorimeter
made of homogeneous PbWO_4 crystals

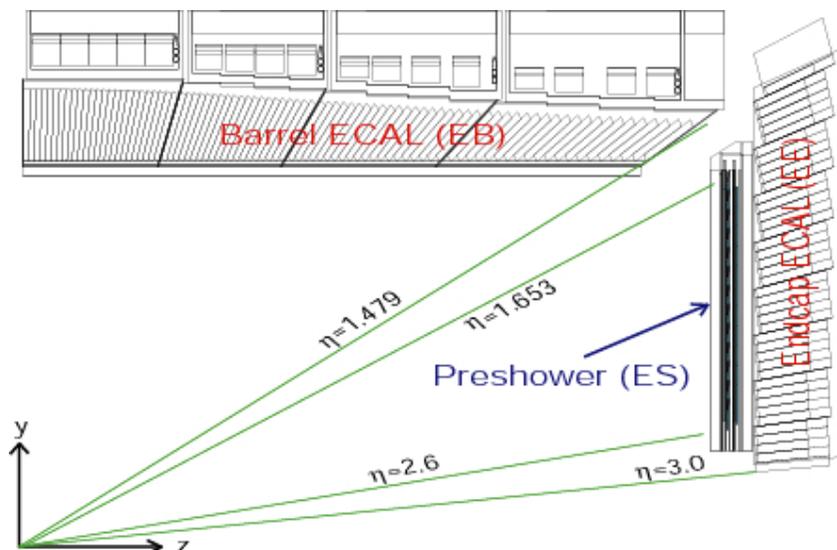
Barrel

61200 crystals with APD readout

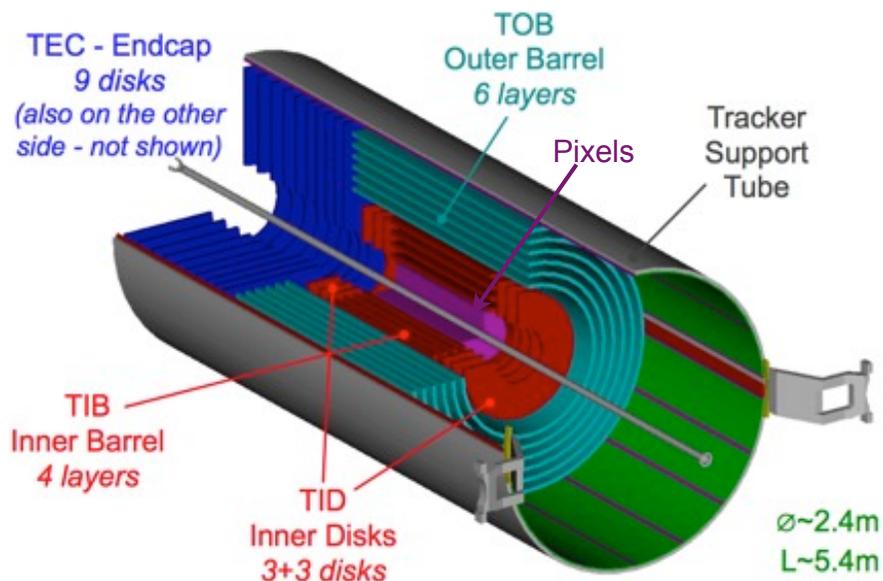
Endcap

14648 crystals with VPT readout

Preshower



More details in the P.Gras's talk in this session



The Tracker

all silicon, coverage $|\eta| < 2.5$

Pixels

~1 m² of Si sensors, 65 M channels

Strips

~198 m² of Si sensors, ~9.6 M channels

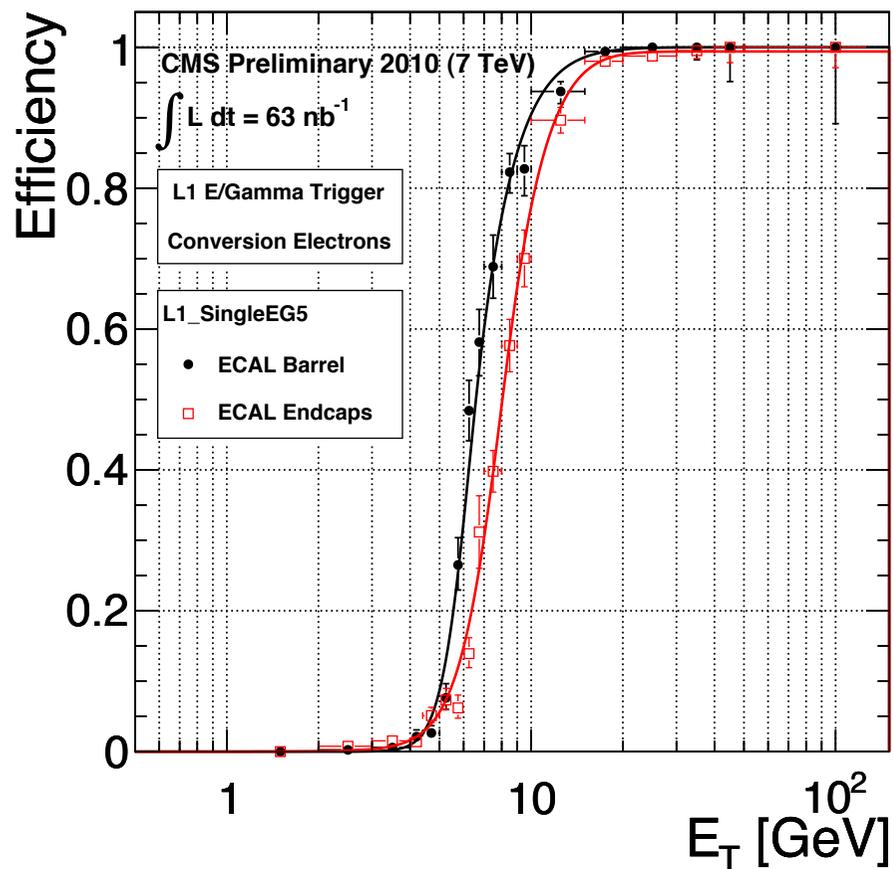
More details in the S.Lowette's talk in this session

ECAL and Tracker inside the superconducting solenoid ($B=3.8\text{T}$)
Important material budget before ECAL → dedicated algorithms

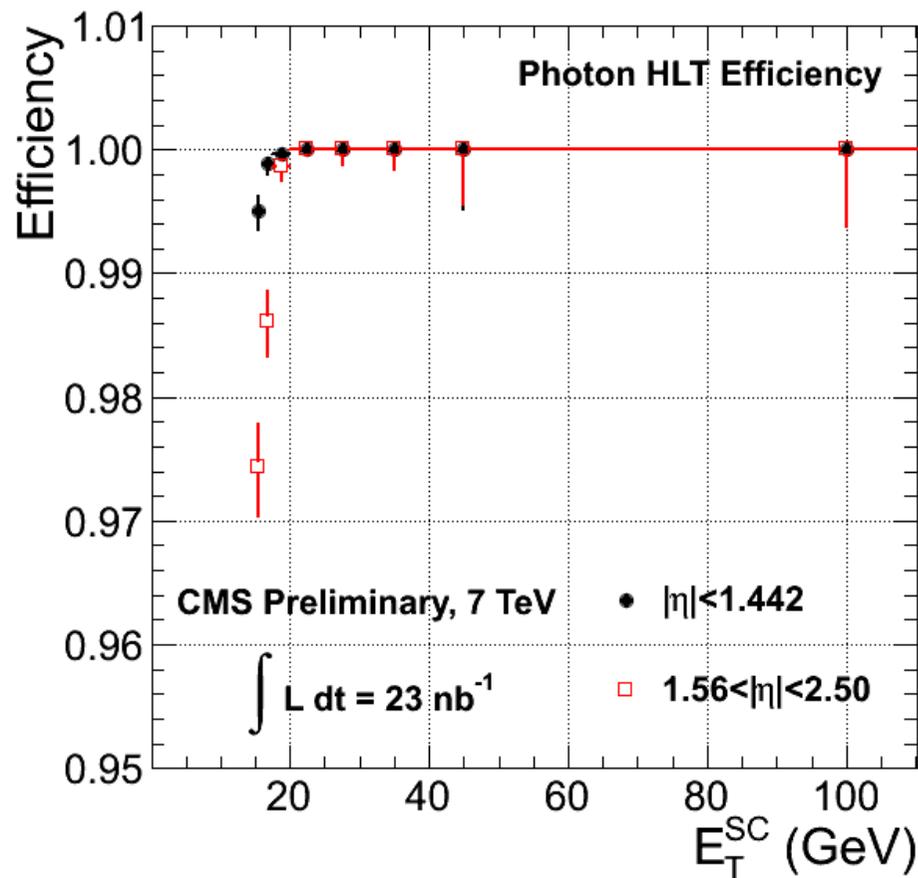
Level I and High Level Trigger

Events filtered online in two steps: Level I (hardware) High Level Trigger (software)

Trigger efficiencies has been measured on Minimum Bias data



The Level I trigger efficiency for a nominal 5 GeV threshold



The HLT efficiency for nominal 15 GeV threshold

Electrons in the ECAL barrel (black dots), electrons in the ECAL endcaps (red empty squares)

Minimum Bias Data

Electron reconstruction

Energy clustering to recover bremsstrahlung

- **Superclusters** are built by collecting clusters of crystals within in φ window

Electron seeding two complementary algorithms

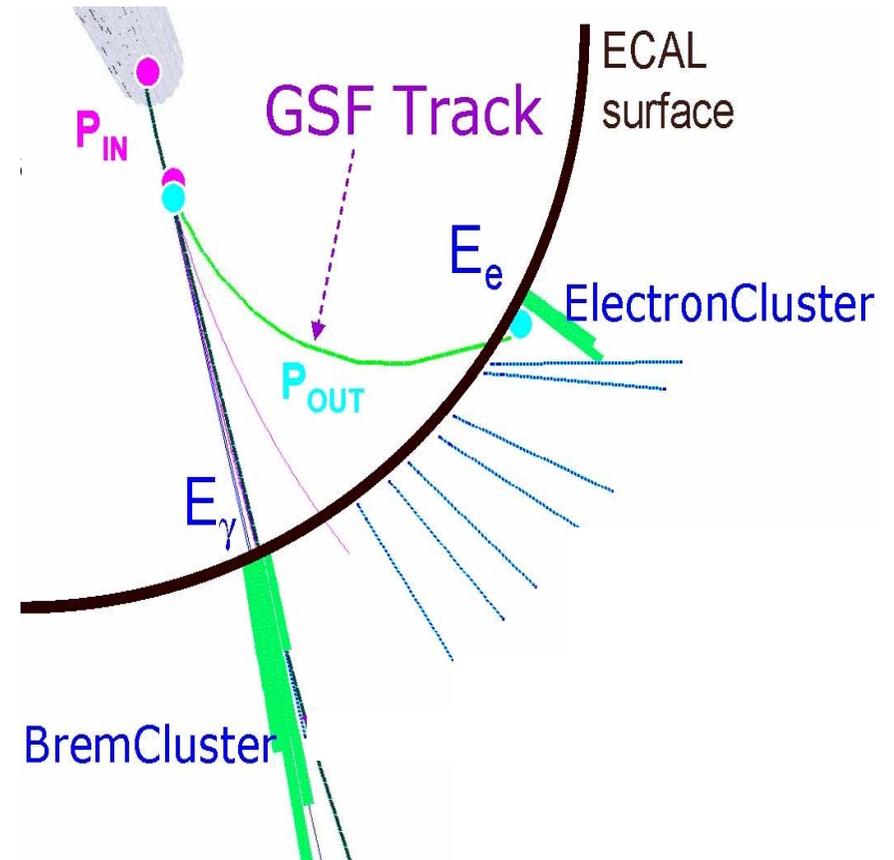
- Start from ECAL superclusters and search for compatible hits in the tracker inner layers (ECAL driven)
- Start from tracks (Tracker driven)

Electrons tracking

- Bremsstrahlung energy loss modeled with a mixture of Gaussians (Gaussian Sum Filter)

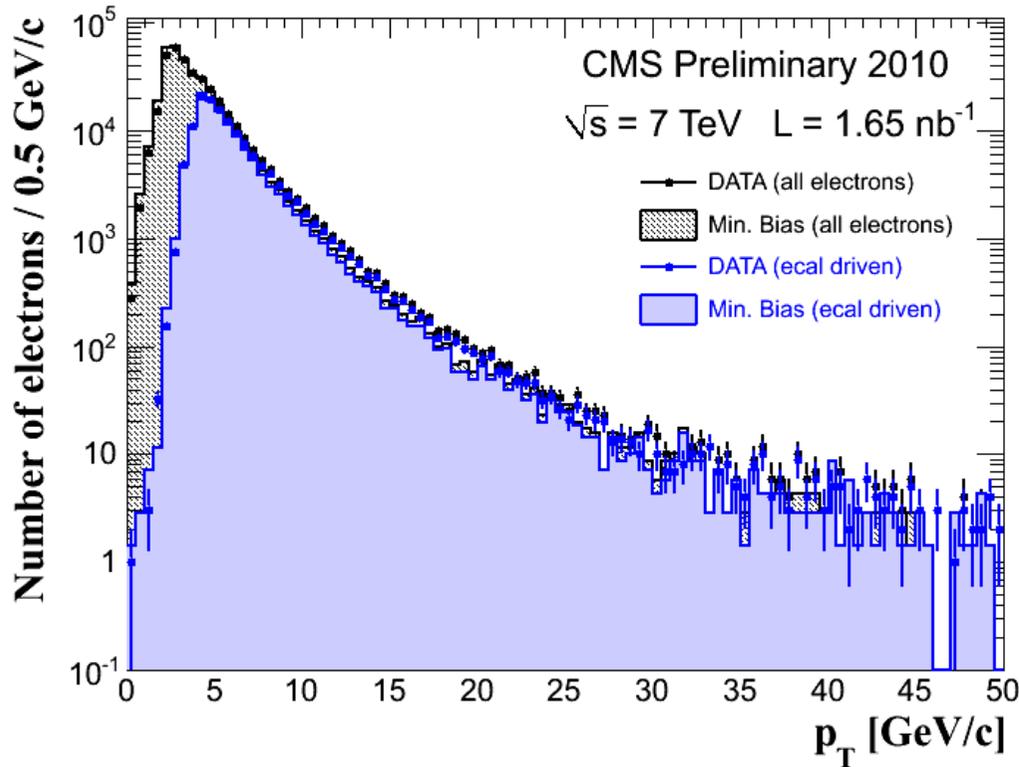
Electrons preselection

- Track Supercluster position matching cuts
- Multivariate analysis



First electron commissioning

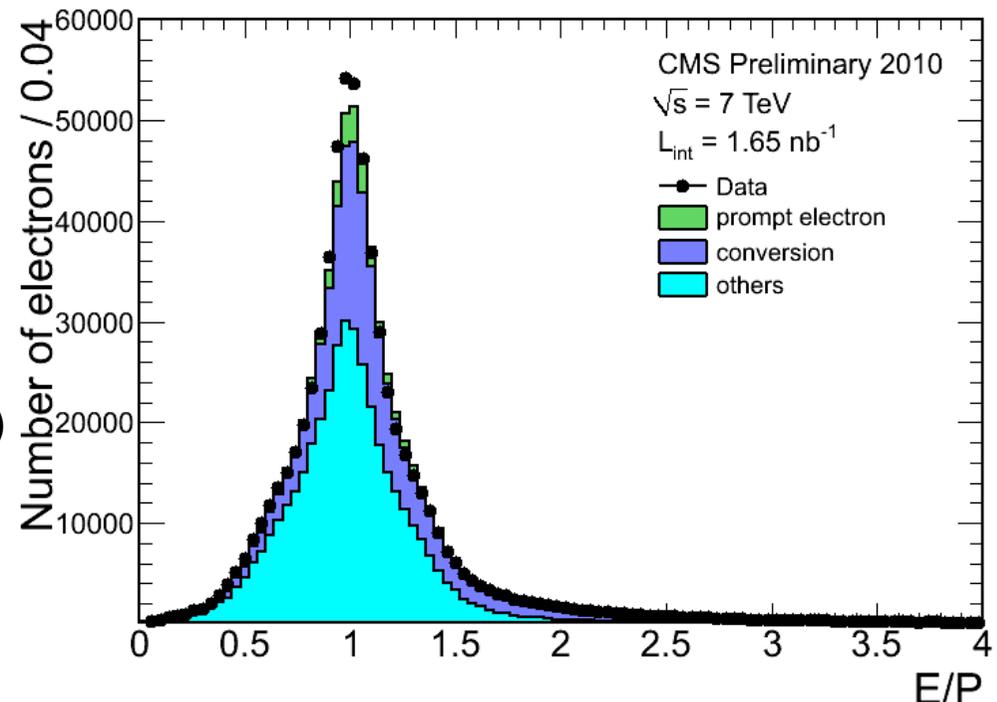
assessment with Minimum Bias events



The contribution of **ECAL driven** electron is above 4 GeV/c
 The contribution of **tracker driven** electron extends coverage at low p_T

At this stage the inclusive sample of **electron candidates** is composed from

- 4.6% real electrons (mainly Ds/Bs decays, few J/Ψ)
- 33.9% gamma conversion
- 61.5% fakes from hadrons



Figures are normalized to number of entries

Electron commissioning at high pT

with more statistics use electrons from W/Z

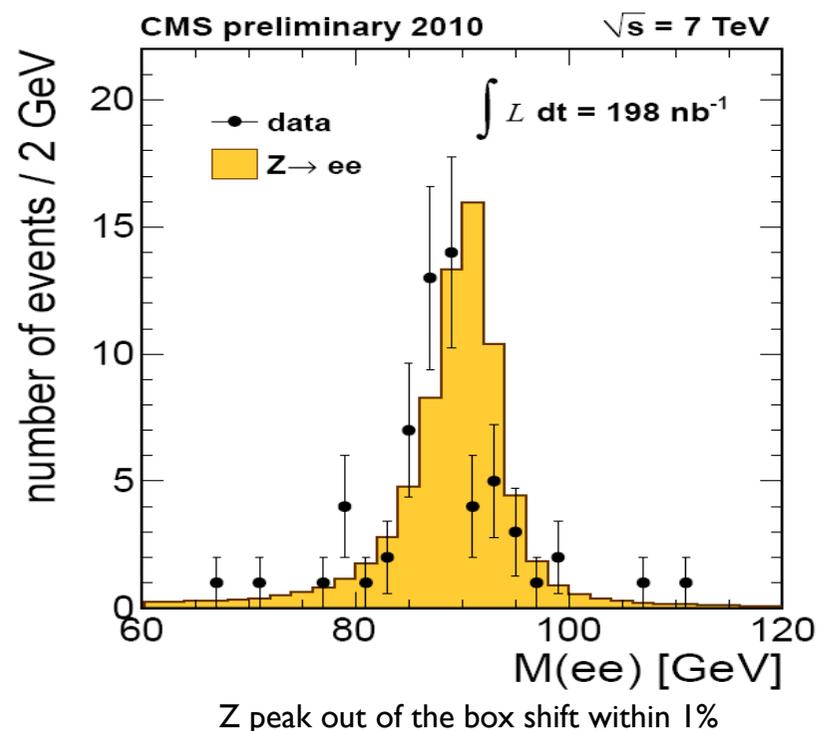
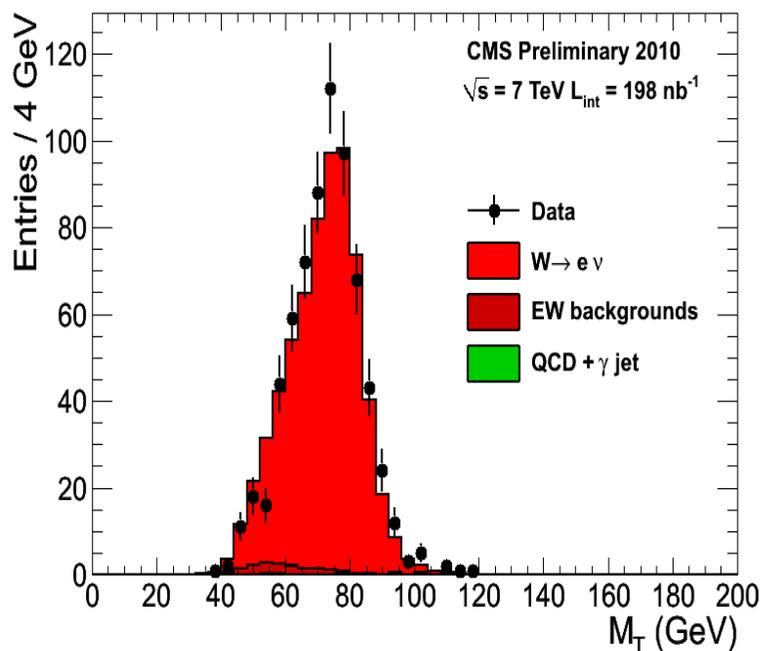
W and Z selections are used to commission reconstruction and measure efficiencies

W Selection:

- high MET
- 1 high energy ECAL supercluster
- little hadronic activity

Z Selection:

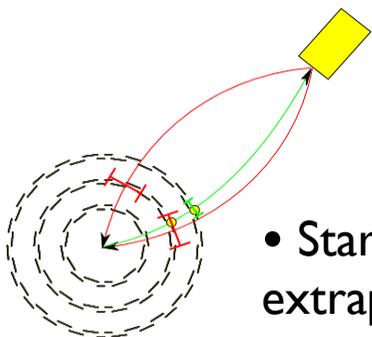
- Tag: identified/isolated electron
- Probe: 1 ECAL supercluster
- Invariant mass



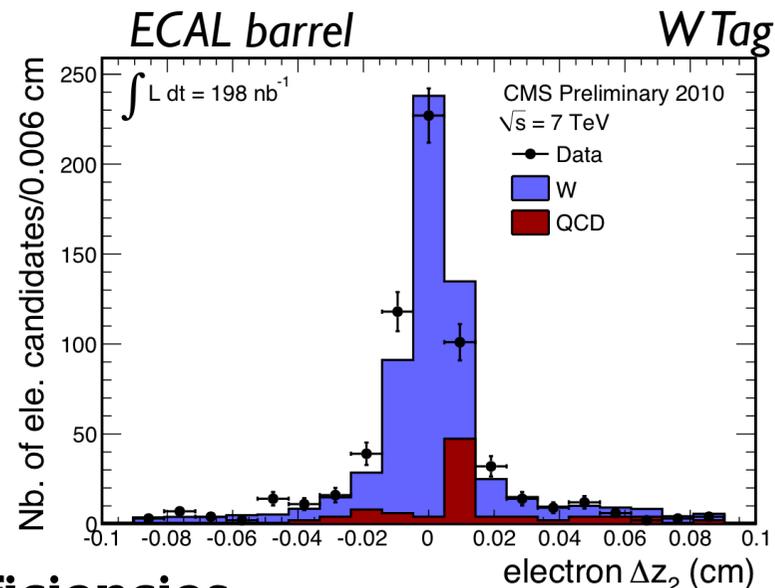
Figures are for selected electrons

Electron reconstruction

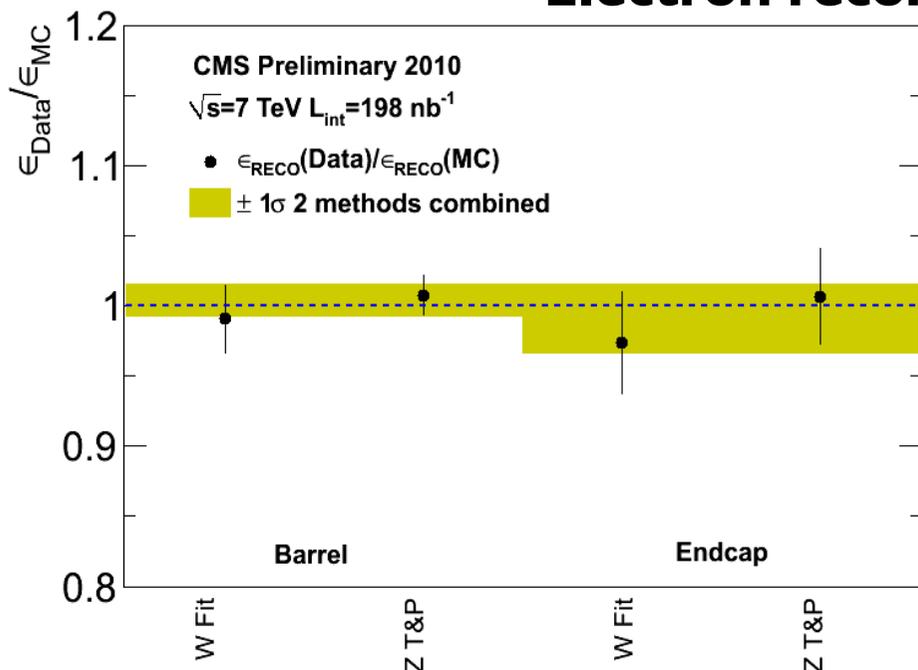
ECAL driven seeding



- Start by high ET ECAL supercluster and extrapolate toward innermost tracker layers
- Pair of hits are selected within a window around the expected position (r-phi and r-z planes)



Electron reconstruction efficiencies

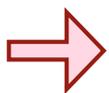


Detector	Method	Data	MC
Barrel	Z Tag&Probe	0.993 ± 0.014	0.985
Endcap	Z Tag&Probe	0.968 ± 0.034	0.961

Electron reconstruction efficiency ratio between data and MC
 The shaded region is the combined efficiency data/MC ratio

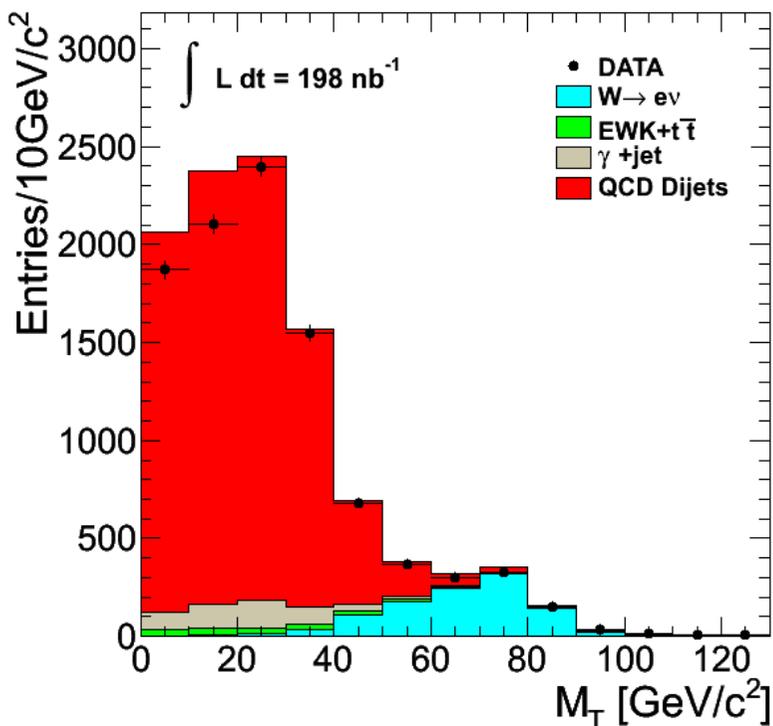
Electron selections

Electron selection is based on Identification, Isolation, Conversion rejection variables

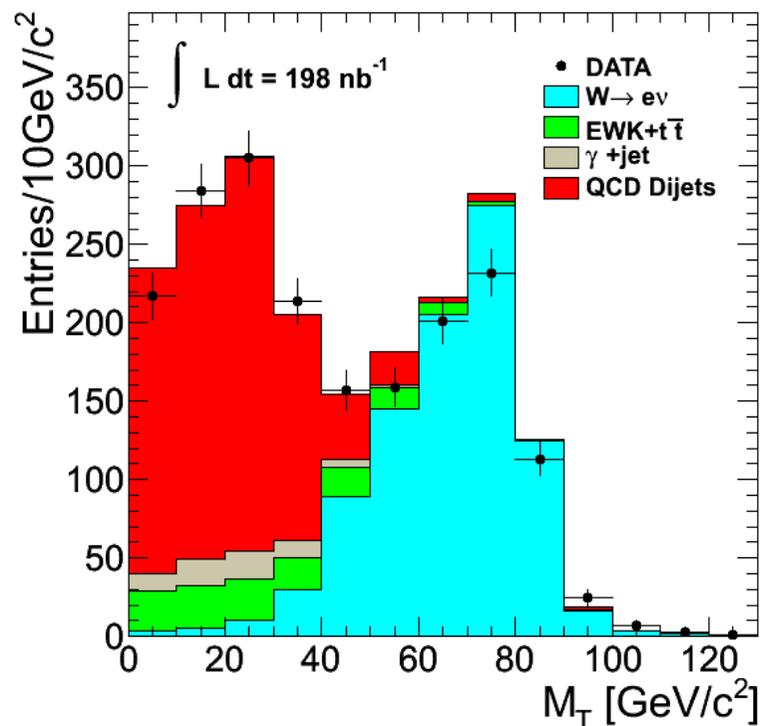


Selection for first physics uses **simple cuts** on the discriminating observables
The selection is tuned to different tightness e.g. here 80% and 95% efficiencies

95% working point



80% working point



Figures are normalized to integrated luminosity

Simple Cuts



A more elaborate selection is obtained using an **electron classification** to separate electrons as function of the radiated bremsstrahlung and E/p variables (Cuts in Categories)

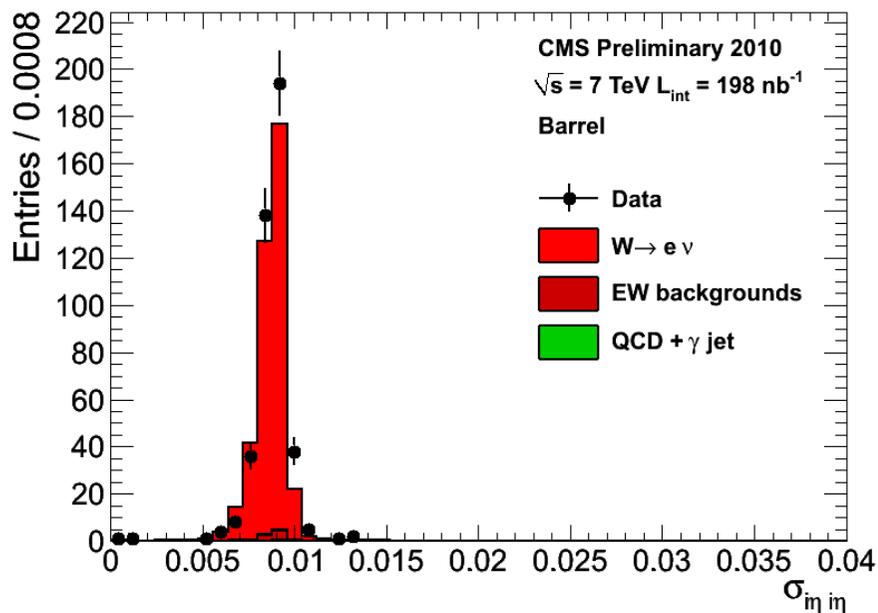
Cuts in Categories

Electron variables

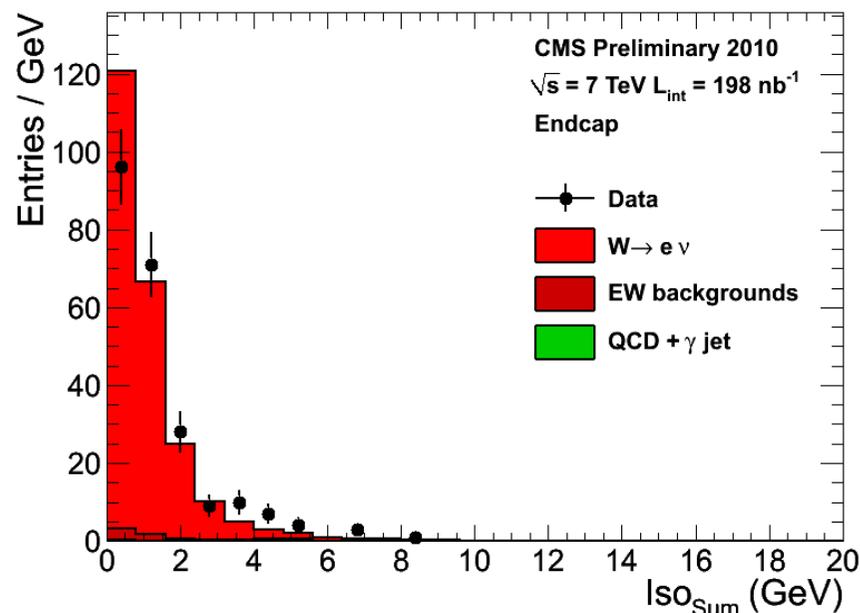
Examples of discriminating variables:

- supercluster shower spread in η ($\sigma_{\eta\eta}$)
- electron isolation
 - combined ECAL/Tracker/HCAL isolations
 - removal of the electron footprint in each detectors

ECAL barrel



ECAL endcap



Figures are normalized to integrated luminosity

Selection efficiencies

Simple Cuts Selection

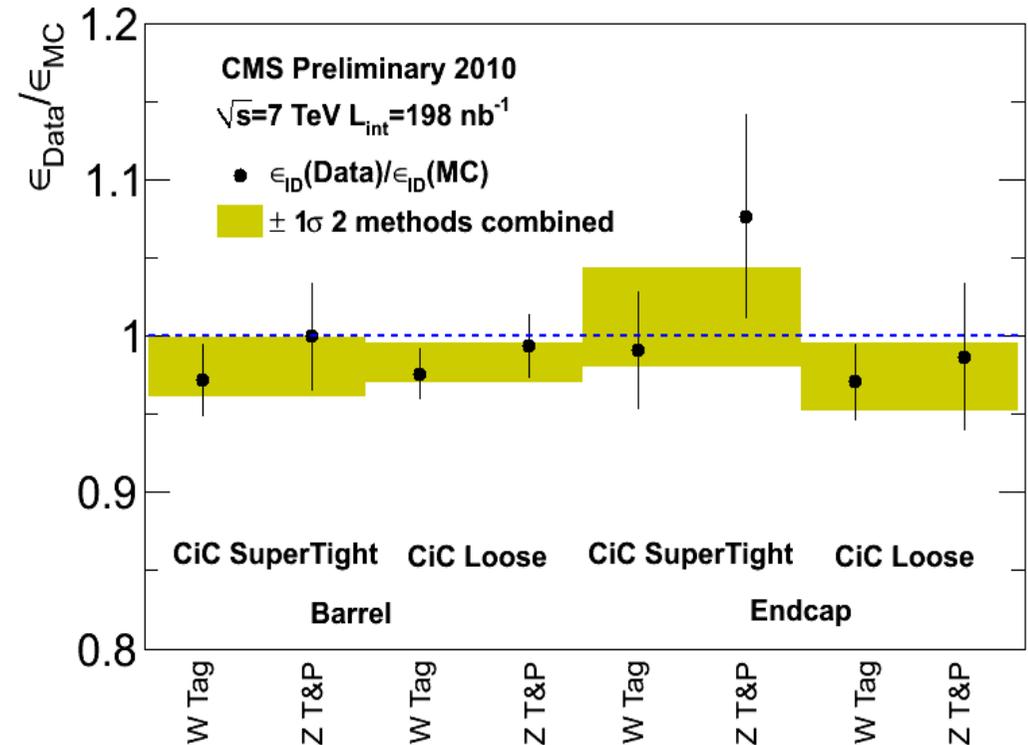
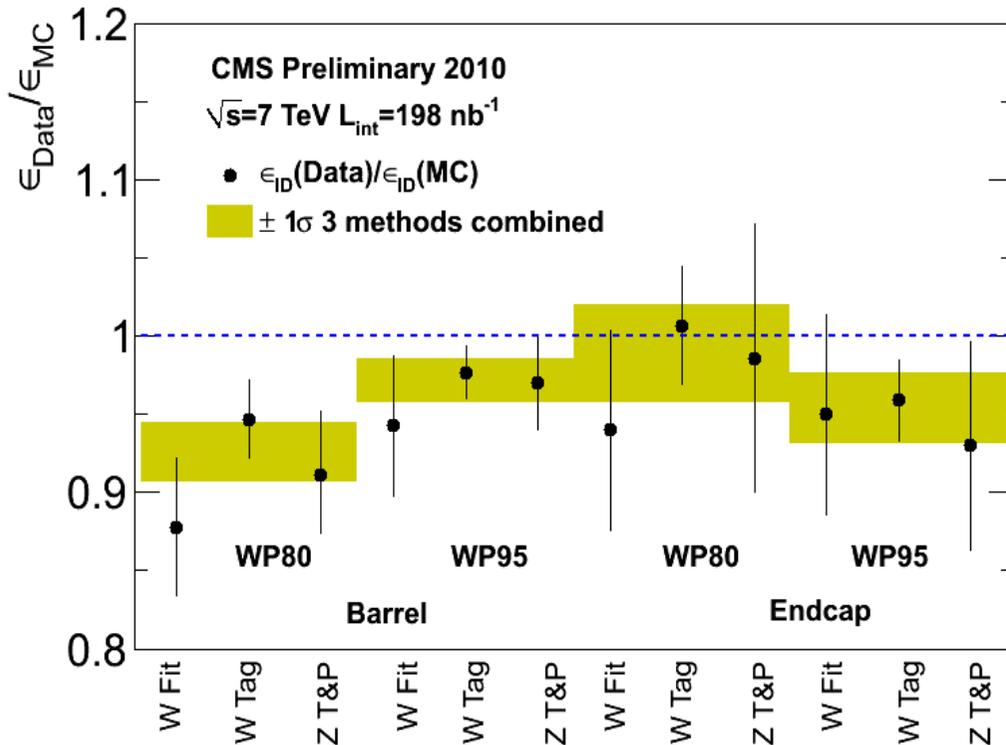
Z Tag&Probe

	Measured efficiency	Error (stat. + syst)	MC efficiency
WP95 Barrel	92.5%	3.2%	95.4%
WP95 Endcap	86.4%	6.7%	92.9%
WP80 Barrel	77.5%	4.7%	85.1%
WP80 Endcap	75.1%	8.6%	76.2%

Cuts in Categories Selection

Z Tag&Probe

	Measured efficiency	Error (stat. + syst)	MC efficiency
CiC Loose Barrel	96.4%	2.1%	97.0%
CiC Loose Endcap	94.1%	4.7%	95.3%
CiC Tight Barrel	89.3%	3.4%	89.3%
CiC Tight Endcap	85.5%	6.5%	79.4%



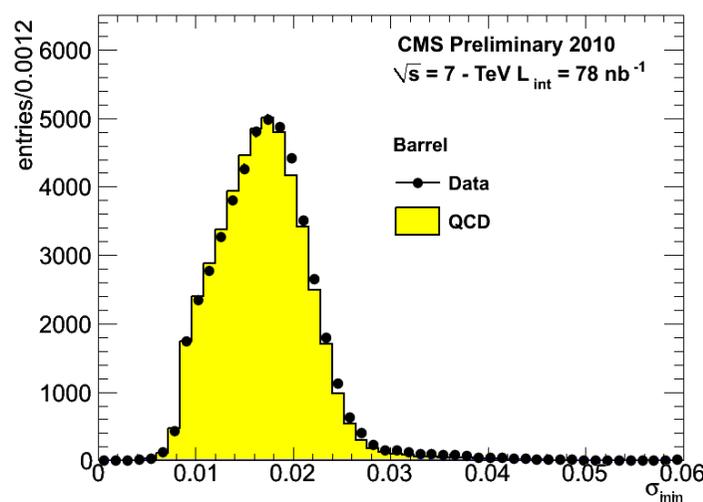
Electron selection efficiency ratio between data and MC
 The shaded region is the combined efficiency data/MC ratio

Fake rate measurement

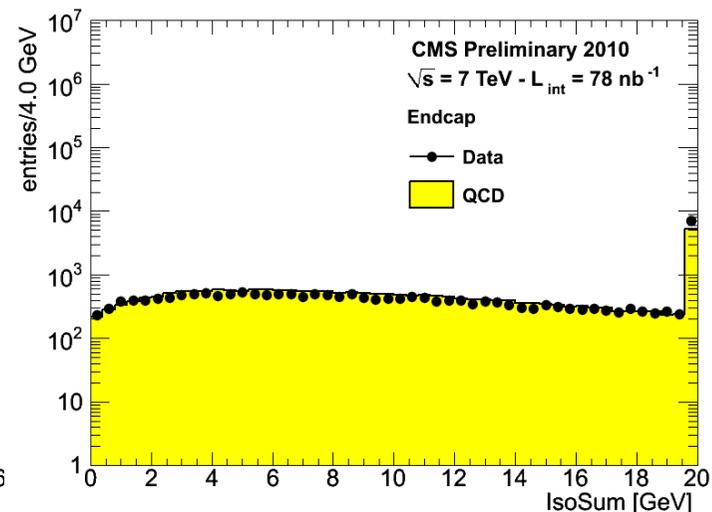
Background selection:

- Single jet trigger with Raw ET > 15 GeV
- Small MET
- Reconstructed electrons outside triggering jet

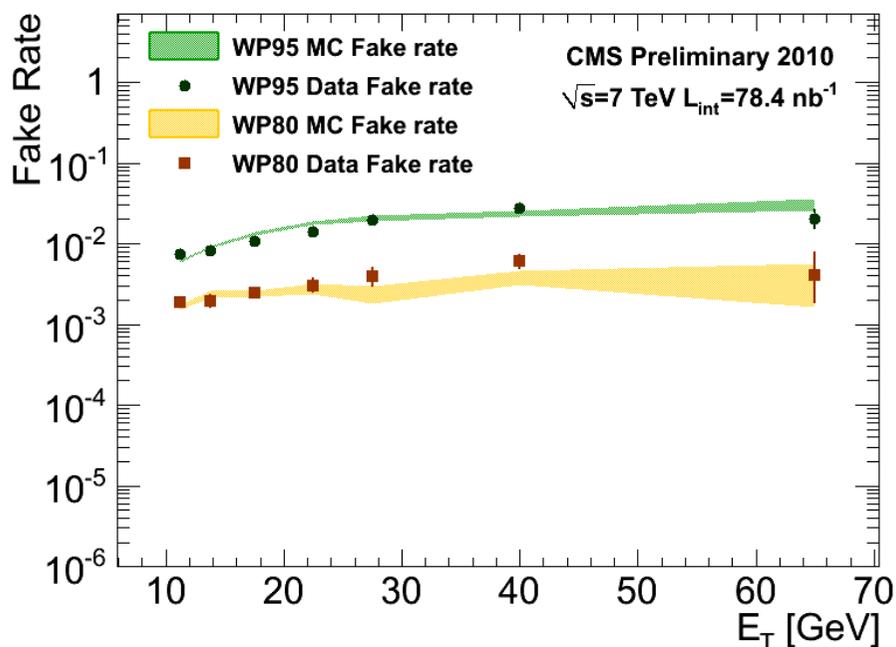
ECAL barrel



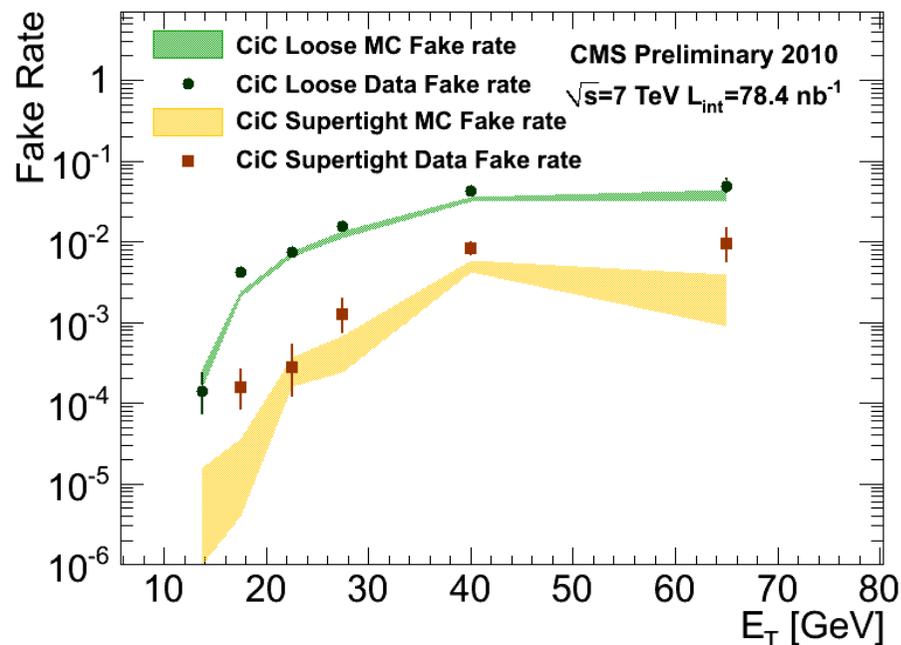
ECAL endcap



Simple Cuts Selection

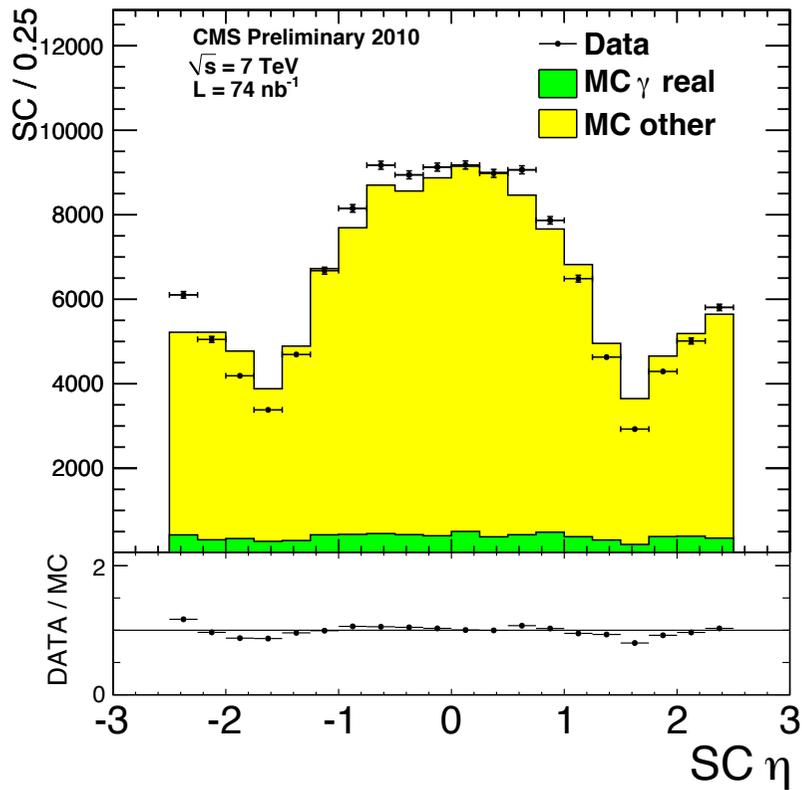


Cuts in Categories Selection



Electron fake rate per reconstructed electron as a function of ET in data and simulation

Photon reconstruction

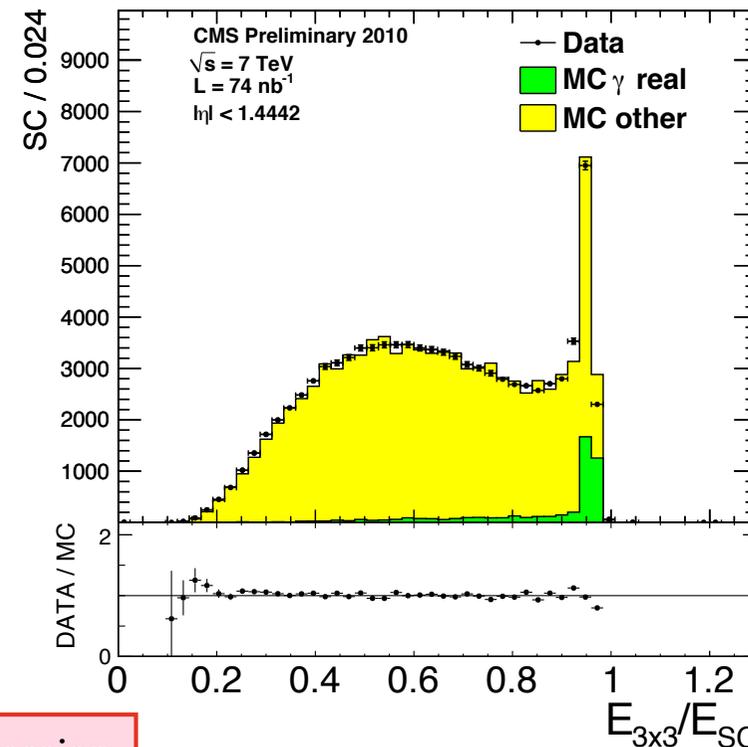


$E_{3 \times 3} / E_{SC}$ is used to separate converted from unconverted photons

Photon objects are reconstructed from the superclusters

Supercluster selection

- HLT Photon I5
- $ET > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- SC in $|\eta| \leq 2.5$ but excluding barrel/endcap transition region
- $H/E < 0.05$



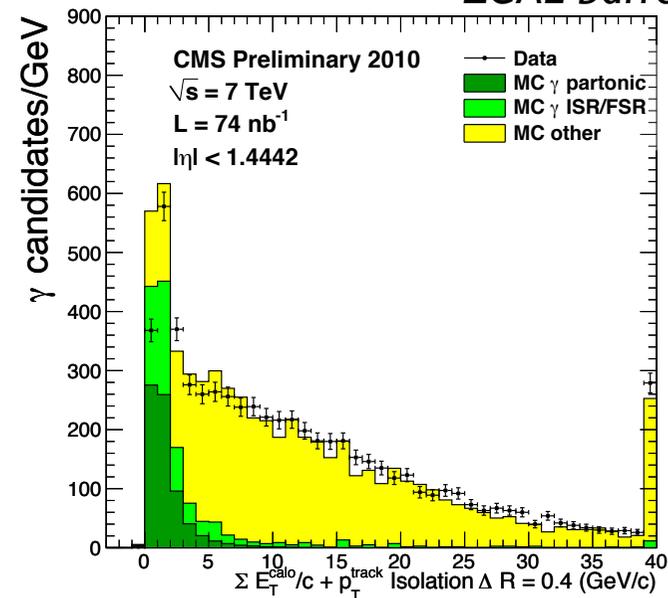
More details on photon in the R. Shyang's talk in the QCD session

Photon selection

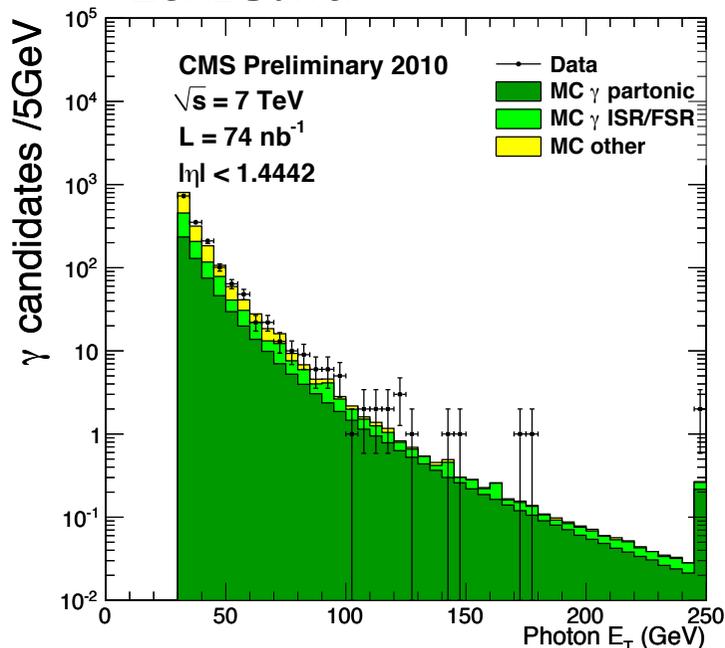
Simple selection allows to define a sample with more than 50% purity from prompt photons with an efficiencies around 90% for the Barrel and 80% for the Endcap

Variable	Barrel photon	Endcap photon
photon E_T	> 30 GeV	
tracker isolation	< 2.0 GeV	
ECAL isolation	< 4.2 GeV	
HCAL isolation	< 2.2 GeV	
(hadronic/EM) energy	< 0.05	
shower shape σ_{injin}	< 0.01	< 0.03
	Require not to match a pixel hit	

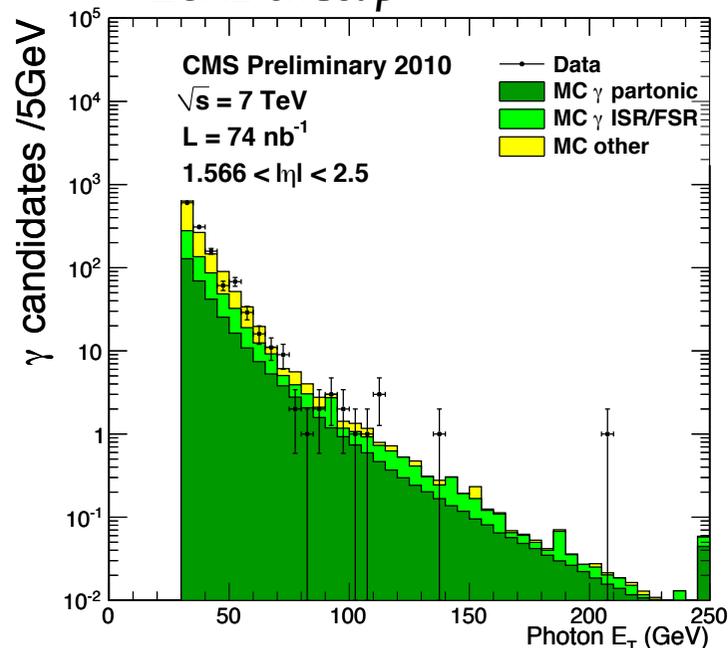
ECAL barrel



ECAL barrel

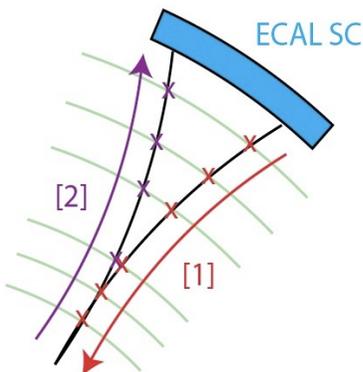


ECAL endcap



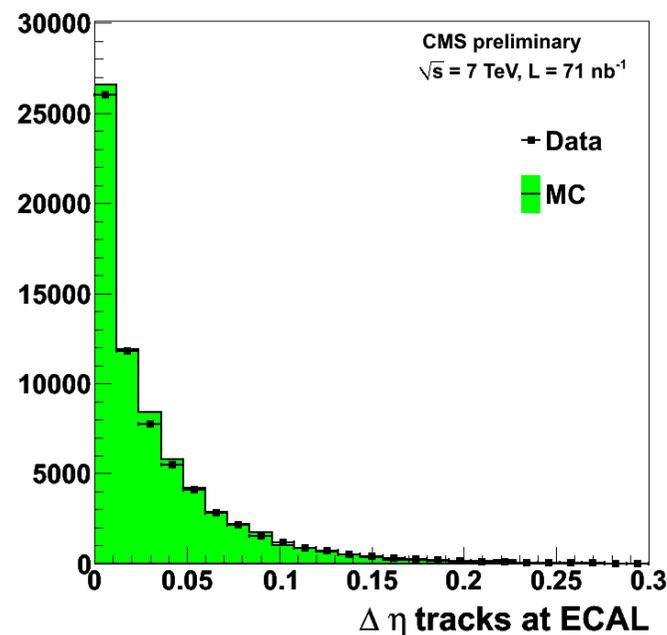
Photon purity increases with E_T

Converted photons

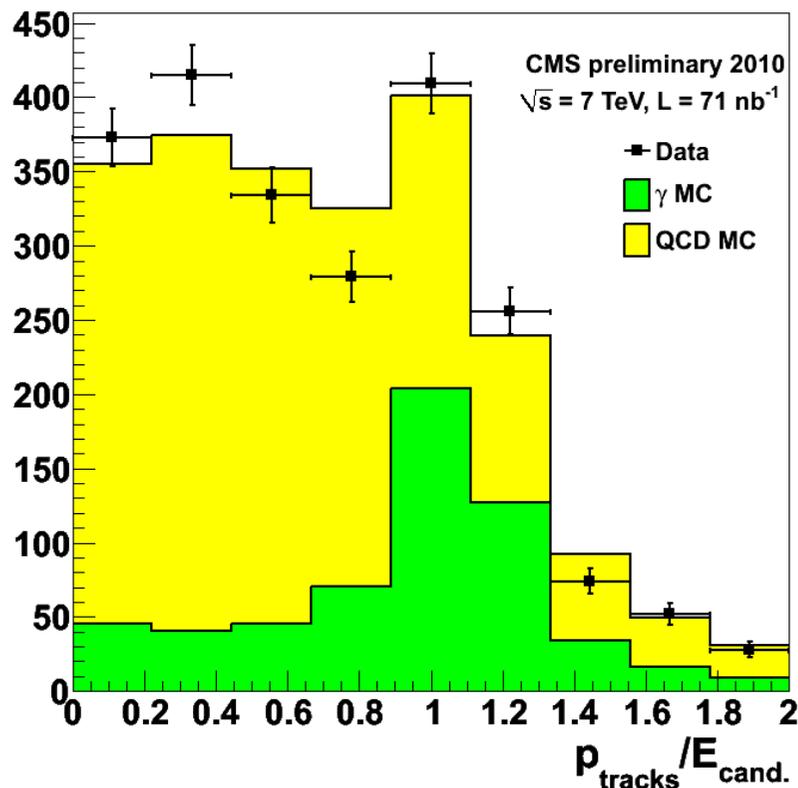


Selection

- $|\Delta \cot \theta|$ between the tracks at vertex < 0.3
- $|\Delta \varphi|$ between the tracks at vertex < 0.2
- $P(\text{vertex})$ returned by fitter > 0.0005 .



HLT Photon, $ET > 20 \text{ GeV}$, selection cuts applied



Conversion p/E with p from the tracks and E from the supercluster

Variable may be used to extract photon purity in physics analysis



Conclusions

- With **200 nb⁻¹** of analyzed data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV electrons from W and Z have been measured
- CMS has commissioned the **key observables** for the measurement, identification and isolation of primary ("prompt") electrons and photons
- Trigger, reconstruction and electron selection **efficiencies** have been measured and found to be very close to Monte Carlo simulation
- **Electron fake** rate has been measured and found in good agreement with expectation
- **Photon variables** have been compared between data and simulation for background and photon enriched samples and found in very good agreement with Monte Carlo expectation

BACKUP

