



Single Top Quark Production at the Tevatron



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On behalf of the CDF and DØ Collaborations



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Single Top Production

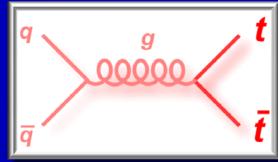


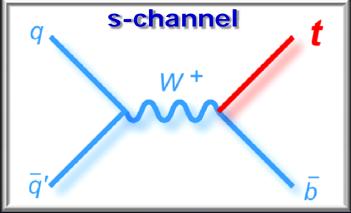
Top quarks are most commonly produced in pairs through the strong interaction.

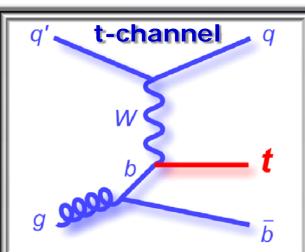
$$\bullet$$
 $\sigma(t\bar{t}) = 7.46^{+0.48}_{-0.67} \text{ pb}$

@ $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV/c}^2$

Moch, Uwer: PRD 78, 034003 (2008)







- ♦ EW processes can produce single top quarks in association with b quarks.
 - \bullet s-channel: $\sigma = 1.12 \pm 0.05$ pb
 - + t-channel: $σ = 2.34\pm0.13$ pb @ $m_t=170$ GeV/ c^2 , Kidonakis PRD **74**, 114012 (2006)
- SM measurements
 - \bullet CKM: $|V_{tb}|$
 - top width and polarization...
 - ♦ Width: Grohsjean, TRK02, 7/23 11:25
- New Physics
 - Anomalous couplings, FCNC
 - ♣ Anomalous couplings: Sharyy, TRK02, 7/23 9:20
 - Resonance searches (W', H⁺)
 - ♦ W': Scodellaro, TRK10, 7/24 15:20



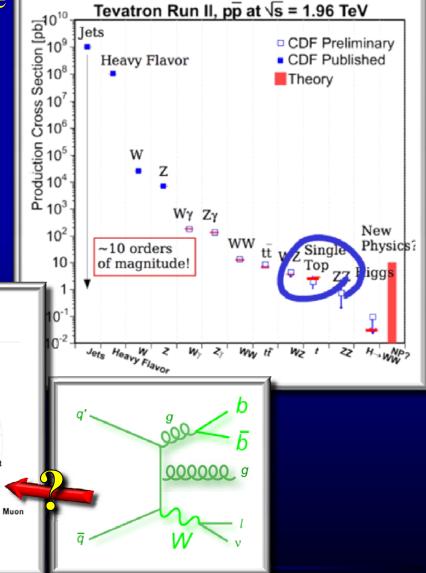
Why It's Been So Hard To Find



- Single t production predicted 10 years before t discovered in pair production, but no evidence until 12 years after!
- \blacksquare Half the cross section of $t\bar{t}$, but much more difficult background situation.
 - ♦ S:B after event selection 1:20 for Single t 5:1 for $t\bar{t}$

DØ Experiment Event Display Single Top Quark Candidate Event, 2.3 fb⁻¹ Analysis

→ Backgrounds:QCD W+jets, Z+jets, Diboson, t̄t





The Data

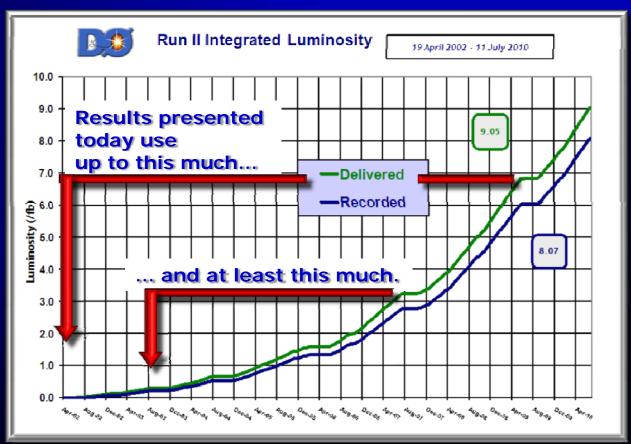


2002-2005

- ♣ Lower instantaneous luminosities (typical peak ~1E32)
- → ~1.5 fb⁻¹ integrated luminosity delivered

2006-2010

- Higher instantaneous luminosities (typical peak ~3E32)
- Upgraded detectors
- ◆ ~7.5 fb⁻¹ delivered
- All results described in this talk have been published within the past year, and are based on 2.3-4.8 fb⁻¹ of 'good' data.





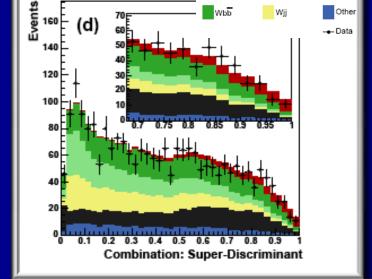
Results Prior to 8/09

CDF Run II, $L = 2.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



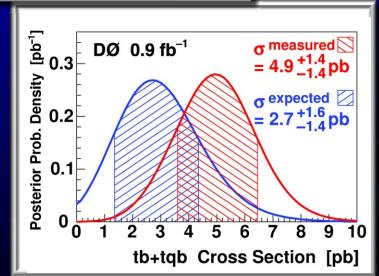
♦ Evidence, DØ & CDF

- DØ: $\sigma = 4.9 \pm 1.4 \text{ pb}$
 - \bullet 3.6 σ , 0.9 fb ⁻¹
 - **PRL 98**, 181802 (2007)
- CDF: $\sigma = 2.2^{+0.7}_{-0.6} \text{ pb}$
 - \bullet 3.7 σ , 2.2 fb⁻¹
 - **PRL 101**, 252001 (2007)



♦ FCNC Production, DØ & CDF

- \bullet Search for $u(c) + g \rightarrow t$ processes
- \bullet CDF: σ < 1.8 pb PRL **102**, 151801 (2008)
 - $\star \kappa_{tug}/\Lambda < 0.018 \text{ TeV}^{-1}, \ \kappa_{tcg}/\Lambda < 0.069 \text{ TeV}^{-1}$
- **♦** Anomalous Wtb Couplings, DØ
- **♦** Resonance searches, DØ & CDF



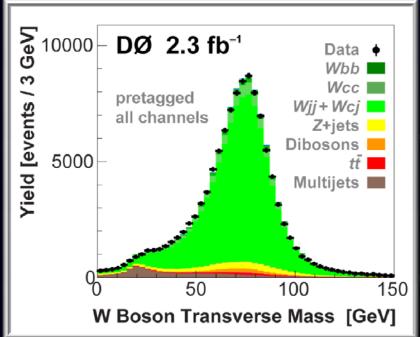


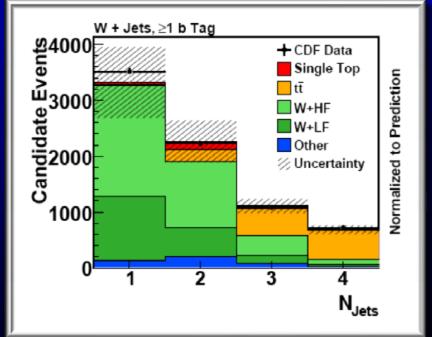
Modeling and BG Normalization



- ◆ Signal is modeled using SINGLETOP (DØ) and MADEVENT (CDF).
- ↑ Most backgrounds modeled using ALPGEN, with PYTHIA parton hadronization. W+Heavy Flavor jets are underestimated, so are scaled up by a factor of ~1.4, which is obtained from data/MC comparisons.
- ◆ QCD background is obtained from data, using orthogonal samples (non-isolated leptons for DØ, extrapolation from low missing transverse energy for CDF).

♦ W+jets and QCD are normalized to data, all others to SM NNLO cross sections before b-tagging.







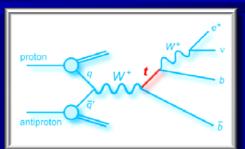
Event Selection

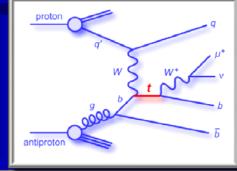
- Lepton + jets selection
 - ◆ 2 or 3 (or 4 for DØ) jets
 - ♦ 1 or 2 jets *b*-tagged
 - \rightarrow High p_T isolated e or μ
 - \leftarrow Large missing transverse energy, \cancel{E}_T

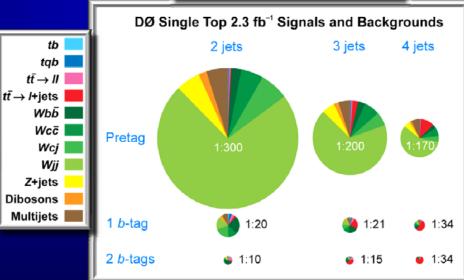


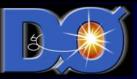
- ♦ S:B ~1:20, Signal acceptance ~3%
- Need multivariate analysis (MVA) techniques to discriminate

Event	DØ 2.3 fb ⁻¹	CDF 3.2 fb ⁻¹		
Yields	Lepton+隼 ₇ +jets / <i>b</i> -tagged			
tb + tqb signal *1,*2	223 ± 30	191 ± 28		
W+jets	2,647 ± 241	2,204 ± 542		
Z+jets, dibosons	340 ± 61	171 ± 15		
<i>tt</i> pairs *1,*2, *3	1,142 ± 168	686 ± 99		
Multijets	300 ± 52	125 ± 50		
Total prediction	4,652 ± 352	3,377 ± 505		
Data	4,519	3,315		





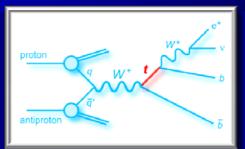




Event Selection

- Lepton + jets selection
 - ◆ 2 or 3 (or 4 for DØ) jets
 - ♦ 1 or 2 jets *b*-tagged
 - \rightarrow High p_T isolated e or μ
 - ightharpoonup Large missing transverse energy, $\not E_T$
- Still big background problem
 - ♦ S:B ~1:20, Signal acceptance ~3%
 - Need multivariate analysis (MVA) techniques to discriminate

Event Yields	DØ 2.3 fb ⁻¹	CDF 3.2 fb ⁻¹		
	Lepton+ <i>⋢</i> ₇ +jets / <i>b</i> -tagged			
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tb

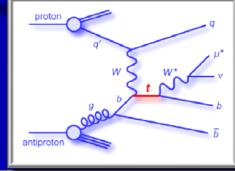
tqb

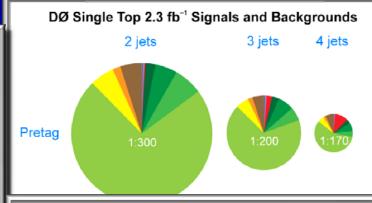
 $t\bar{t} \rightarrow II$ $t\bar{t} \rightarrow I+jets$

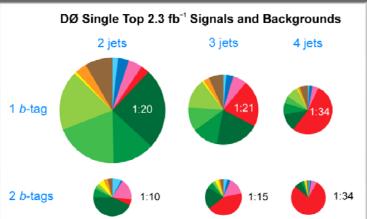
Wbō

Wcc

Wcj Wjj Z+jets Dibosons Multijets









Multivariate Methods



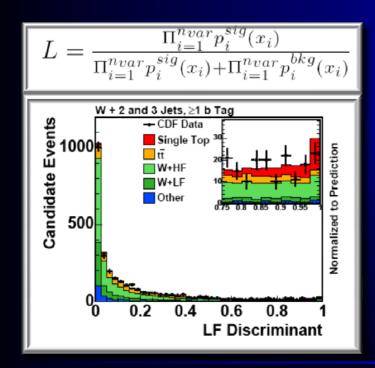
- ← Combine the modest discriminating power of many separate variables into one very effective discriminant.
- ightharpoonup Data is separated into several individual analysis channels based on N_{jet} , N_{b-tag} , and lepton type (DØ only). MVAs are performed on each channel separately, then combined.

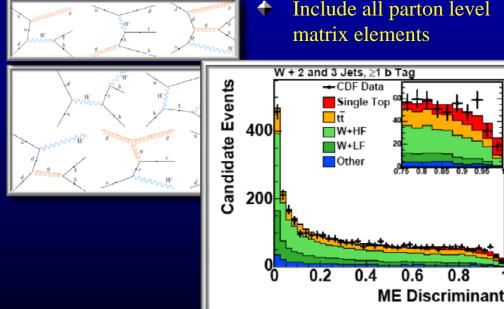
Likelihood Functions (CDF only)

Combine 7-10 variables into a single likelihood function

Matrix Elements

 ◆ Using full event kinematics from reconstructed 4-momenta, calculate probability for S and B hypotheses







Multivariate Methods

M,>162

 $p_{x} < 27.6$



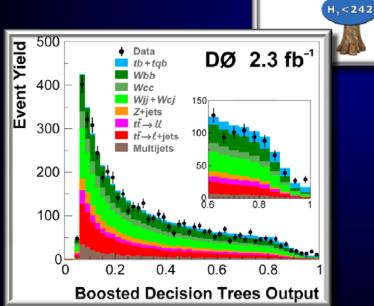
Boosted Decision Trees

★ Sequence of binary split cuts for S/B separation

Pass or fail, events continue to be analyzed, terminating in leaf nodes classified as S or B based on signal purity

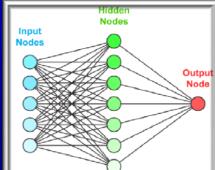
♣ Boosting: performance and stability improved by averaging over many trees

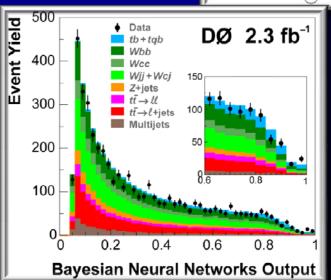
↑ Many variables (DØ: 64, CDF: 20), adding more does not degrade performance



Neural Networks

- Combine variables using node-to-node weights and thresholds
- Fewer variables (DØ: 18-28, CDF: 11-18), adding too many degrades performance
- DØ: Bayesian NN − average over many NN, avoid overtraining
- ↑ CDF: NeuroBayes –incl. jet flavor separation







0.0035

0.003

0.0025

0.002

0.0015

0.001

0.0005

Other Methods (CDF)

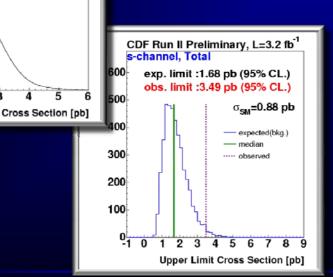


Separate s-channel search

- ♦ s-channel sensitive to W', H⁺
- Likelihood function analysis optimized for s-channel only in lepton+jets
- \uparrow Double *b*-tagged events only

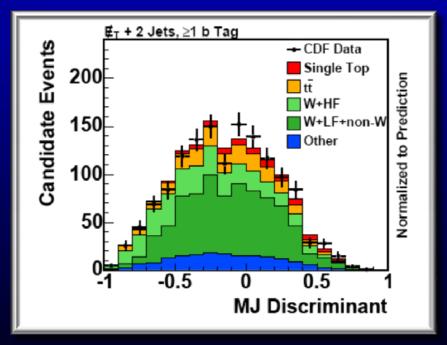
σ_cSM=0.88 [pb]

 $\sigma_{s} < 3.49 \text{ pb}$ at 95% CL cDF Conf. Note 9712



$E_T + \mathbf{Jets}$

- Performed on a sample orthogonal to lepton+jets, with un-reconstructed leptons
- Recover hadronic taus from W decay
- Neural net based
- ← Combined with 3.2 fb⁻¹ lepton+jets analyses
 - **PRD 81**, 072003 (2010)





Combinations

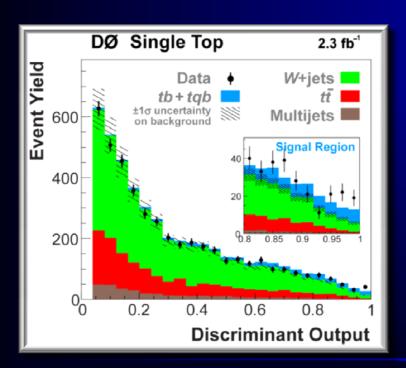


Combine the separate MVAs into one, more powerful discriminant

♣ Individual analyses are ~60-90% correlated

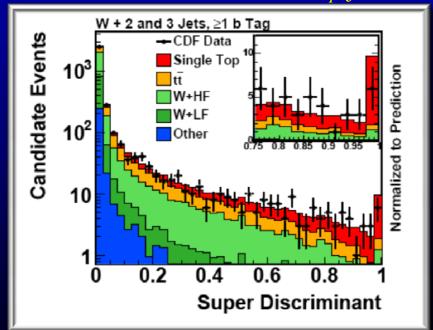
DØ: Bayesian Neural Network

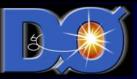
- Similar to individual BNN analysis, but with the three MVA results as inputs
- Cross-checked with BLUE (Best Linear Unbiased Estimator)



CDF: NeuroEvolution of Augmenting Topologies (NEAT)

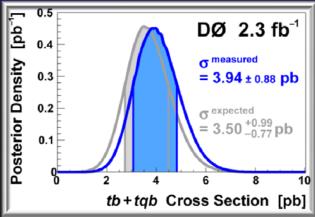
- ◆ Competition of NNs that includes binning, systematics, etc. using 5 lepton+jets inputs
- ♦ Choose the NN that optimizes expected p-value
- \uparrow Then do simultaneous fit with \mathbb{Z}_{T} +jets

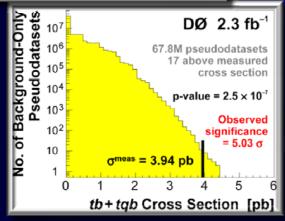


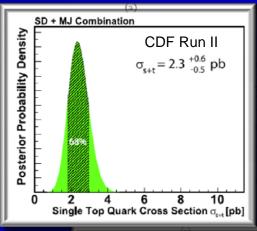


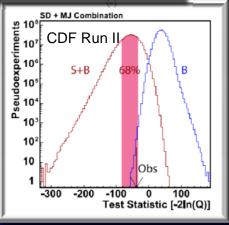
Observation!











	Lumi (fb ⁻¹)	Cross Section (pb)	Expected Significance	Observed Significance	Publication
DØ	2.3	3.94±0.88	4.5σ	$\int 5.0\sigma$	PRL 103, 092001 (2009)
CDF	3.2	2.3 ^{+0.6}	5.9σ	$\int 5.0\sigma$	PRL 103, 092002 (2009)



V_{th} Extraction



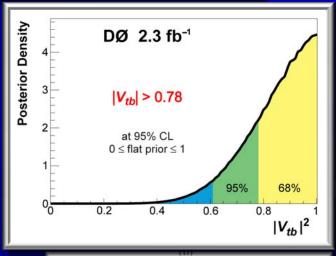
$$\Gamma_{Wtb}^{\mu} = -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \underbrace{V_{tb}} \left\{ \gamma^{\mu} \left[f_{1}^{L} P_{L} + f_{1}^{R} P_{R} \right] - \frac{i \sigma^{\mu \nu}}{M_{W}} \left(p_{t} - p_{b} \right)_{\nu} \left[f_{2}^{L} P_{L} + f_{2}^{R} P_{R} \right] \right\}$$

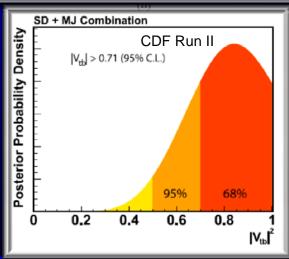
- + $|V_{tb}|^2 \alpha \sigma(s+t)_{meas} / \sigma(s+t)_{SM}$
- Need to make some assumptions:

$$\left| V_{td} \right|^2 + \left| V_{ts} \right|^2 << \left| V_{tb} \right|^2$$

- Pure V-A, CP conserving interaction: $f_1^R = f_2^L = f_2^R = 0$
- Does not assume 3 generations or CKM unitarity

$ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{tb}} $	Measurement	Lower Limit $(0 \le V_{tb} ^2 \le 1)$	
DØ	1.07±0.12	0.78	
CDF	0.91±0.13	0.71	

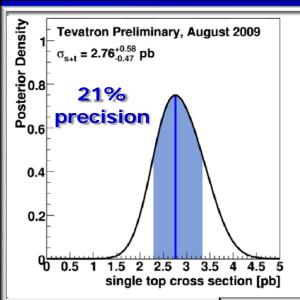






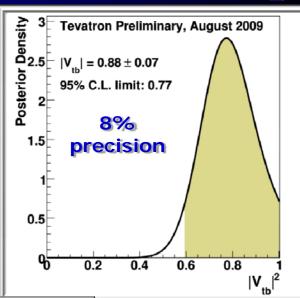
Tevatron Combination



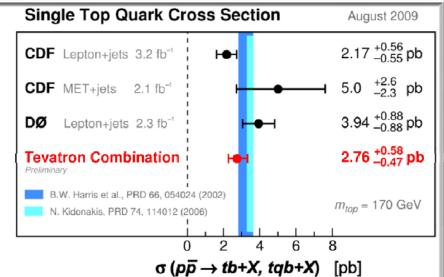


- Bayesian analysis using discriminants from all 9
 DØ and CDF MVA outputs.
- Compatible with SM
 - \bullet Compatible with each other at 1.6 σ

arXiv: 0908.2171









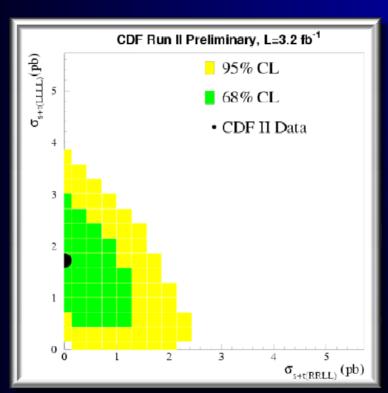


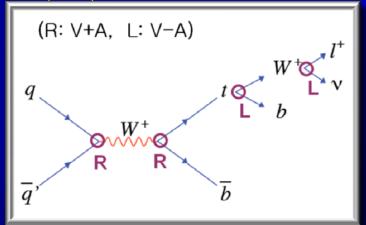
Top Quark Polarization: CDF

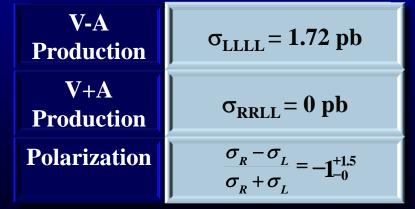


- → SM single t production is almost pure V-A, i.e. 100% left-handed polarization
- ◆ Non-SM production can introduce V+A, right-handed couplings
- → 2D Likelihood analysis with separate LLLL (SM) and RRLL discriminants

CDF Conf. Note 9920









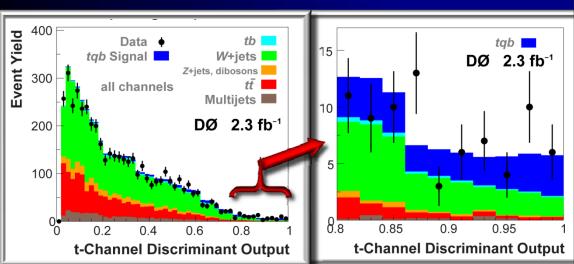
First t-channel Evidence: DØ

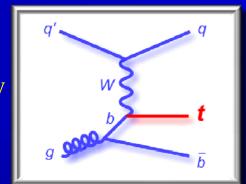


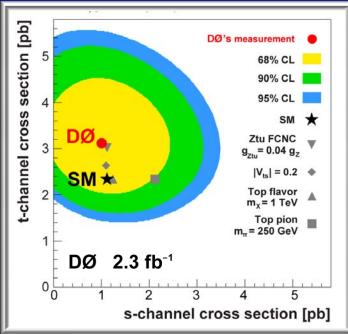
- Sensitive to FCNC, anomalous couplings
- Train the MVAs to select t-channel events only
- Measure s- and t-channel cross sections simultaneously
 - ♦ s/t is not constrained to SM value

	$\sigma(\mathrm{pb})$	Exp. Sig.	Obs. Sig.
t-channel	3.1±0.9	3.7σ	4.8σ
s-channel	1.0±0.8		

PLB **690**, 5 (2010)







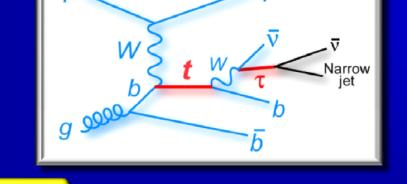


τ +jets: DØ

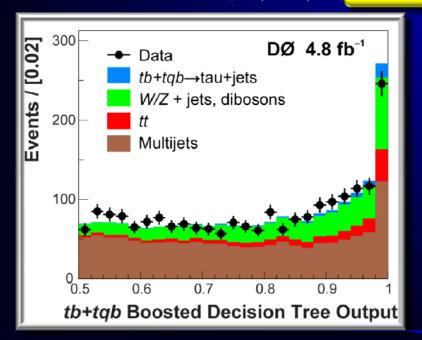


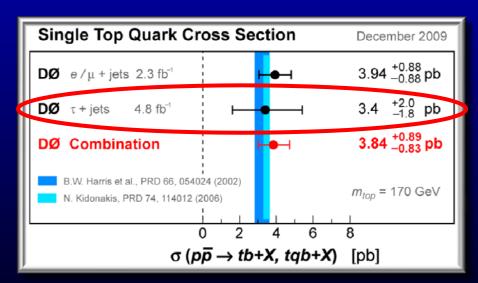
- Reconstruct hadronically decaying taus
 - \uparrow 1 and 3 prong, with and without π^0 s
- Use Boosted Decision Trees for tau ID
- Use Boosted Decision Trees for signal discrimination
 - ♦ 44-70 variables

PLB **690**, 5 (2010)



Published 6/7/10!





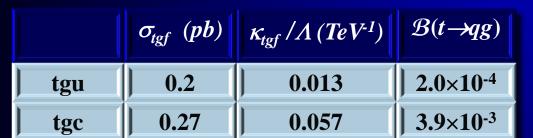


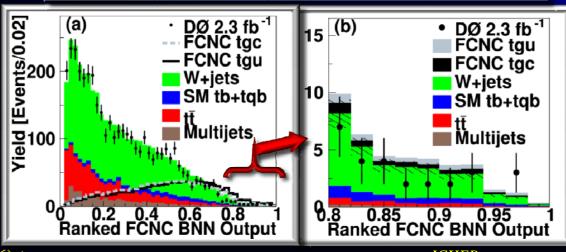
Gluon FCNC Production: DØ

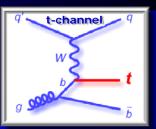


- Gluon mediated flavor-changing neutral currents can produce single t
- Negligible in SM, large in BSM (SUSY, composite,...)
- Topology similar to EW t-channel production

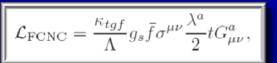


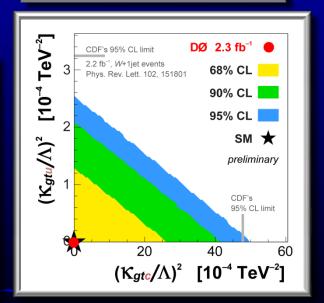














Summary



- **♦** The study of single top quark physics at the Tevatron has been extremely rich and productive.
- **♦** In the past year, we've published
 - Observation of single top production
 - ♣ Evidence for t-channel production
 - → Top quark polarization
 - **♦** New limits on FCNC
 - New W' search (Scodellaro, 7/24 15:20)
 - → Top width measurement (Grohsjean, 7/23 11:25)
- **Established single** *t* analysis methods now being used to search for Higgs, ...
- **♦** New analyses with more than twice the data *very* soon, 10 fb⁻¹ by next year, possibly running 3 more years!

