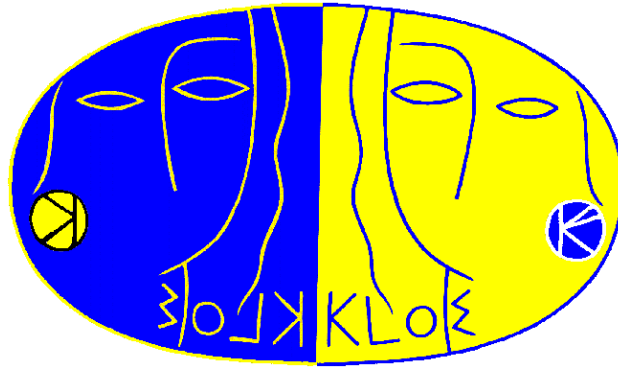


Hadron physics at KLOE: results and prospects

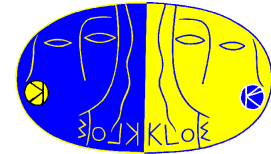


P.Gauzzi
(Universita' La Sapienza e INFN – Roma)
for the KLOE / KLOE-2 Collaborations

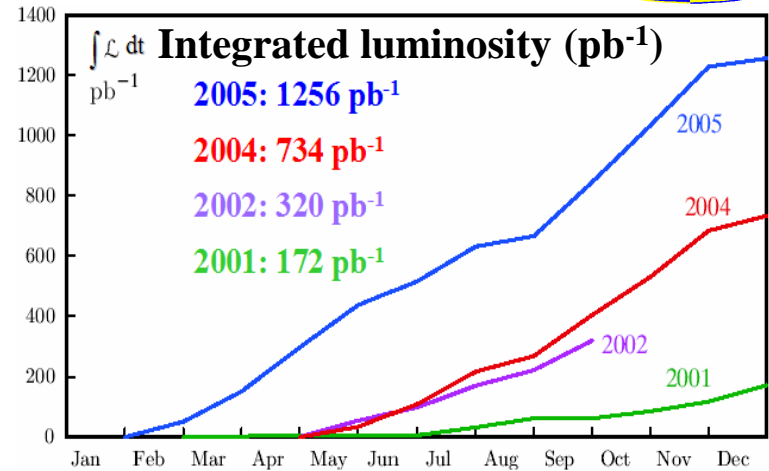


ICHEP 2010
23 July 2010 – Paris

DAΦNE



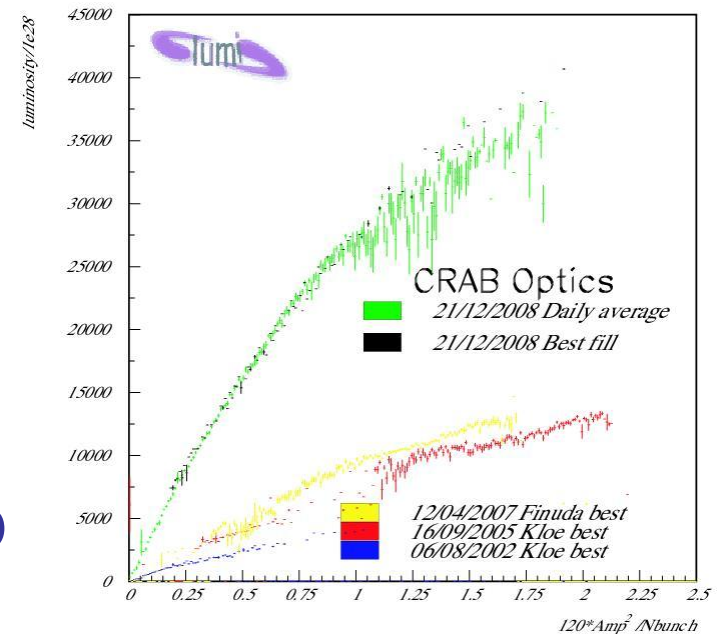
- Frascati ϕ -factory: e^+e^- collider
@ $\sqrt{s} \approx 1020 \text{ MeV} \approx M_\phi$; $\sigma_{\text{peak}} \approx 3.1 \mu\text{b}$
- Best performances in 2005:
 - $L_{\text{peak}} = 1.4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - $\int L dt = 8.5 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$
- **KLOE: 2.5 fb^{-1} @ $\sqrt{s}=M_\phi$ ($\Rightarrow 8 \times 10^9 \phi$ produced)**
+ 250 pb^{-1} off-peak @ $\sqrt{s}=1000 \text{ MeV}$



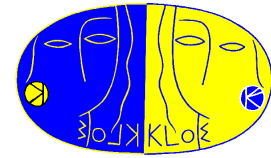
- **DAΦNE upgrade:**
New interaction scheme implemented,
large beam crossing angle +
crabbed waist optics

\Rightarrow Luminosity increase: factor ~ 3
 $\int L dt \approx 1 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{hour}$

- DAΦNE commissioning start in September 2010
for the KLOE-2 data-taking



KLOE



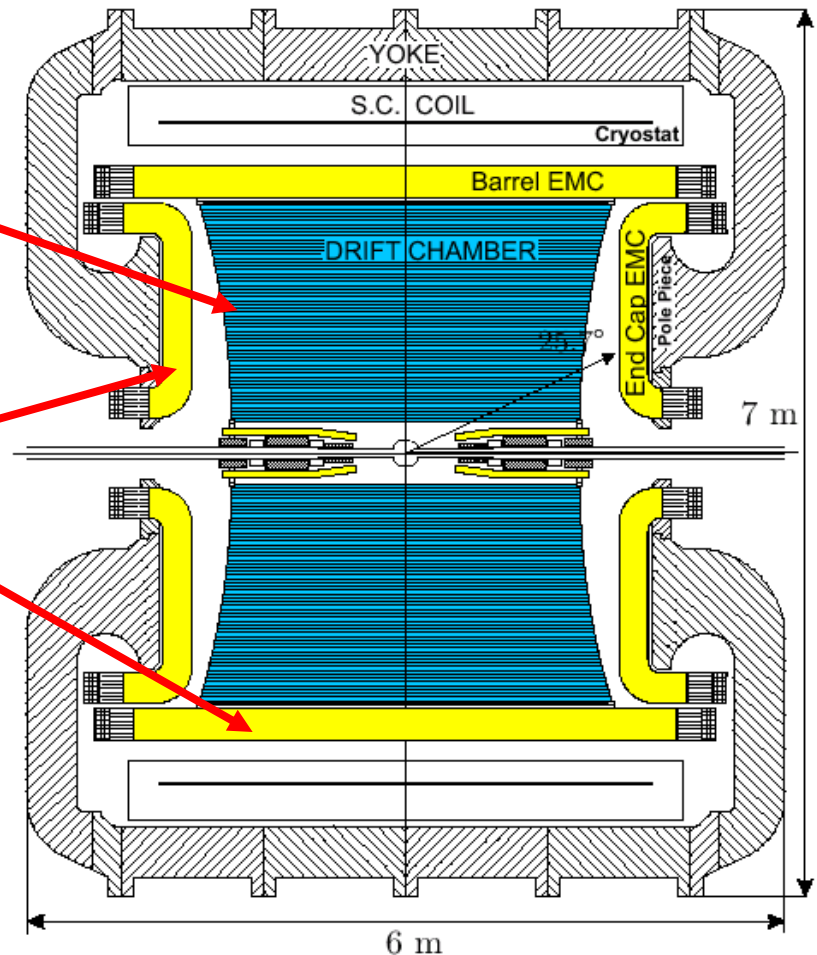
Drift chamber:

- gas: 90% He-10% iC_4H_{10}
- $\delta p_T/p_T = 0.4\%$
- $\sigma_{xy} \approx 150 \mu\text{m}$; $\sigma_z \approx 2 \text{ mm}$
- $\sigma_{\text{vertex}} \approx 1 \text{ mm}$

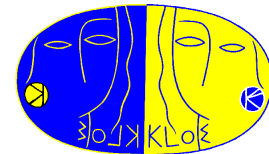
E.m. calorimeter (Pb-Sci.Fi.):

- $\sigma_E/E = 5.7\% / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$
- $\sigma_t = 55 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})} \oplus 100 \text{ ps}$
- 98% of 4π

Magnetic field: 0.52 T



KLOE



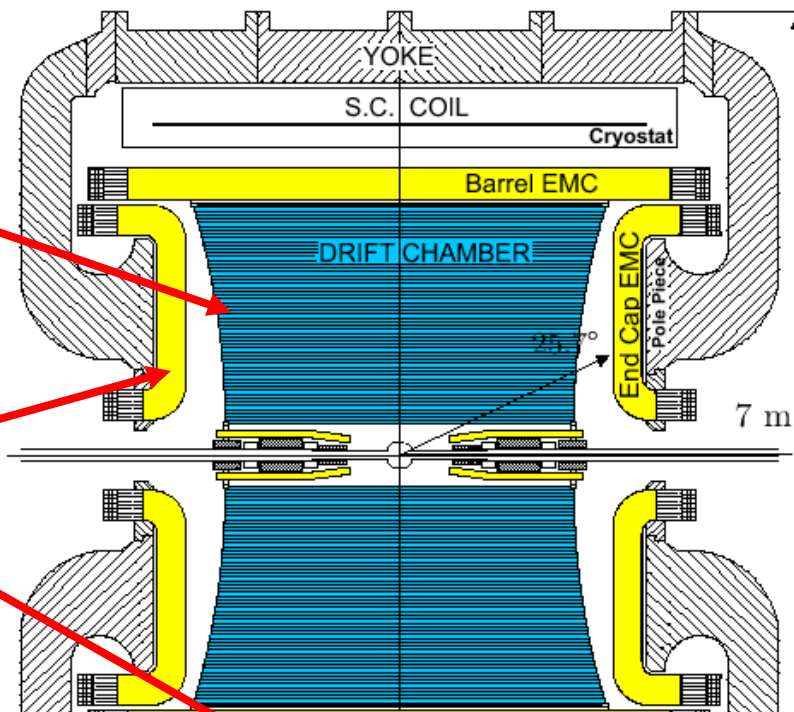
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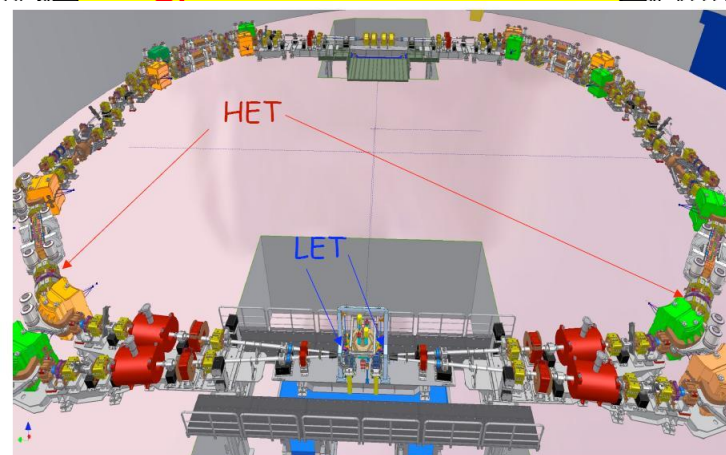
• KLOE-2: two step upgrade

1) e^\pm taggers for $\gamma\gamma$ physics
(already installed)

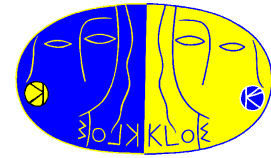
2) major upgrade (late 2011)
inner tracker +
new small angle calorimeters

(see F.Archilli's talk – Sess.13)

– 23 July 20

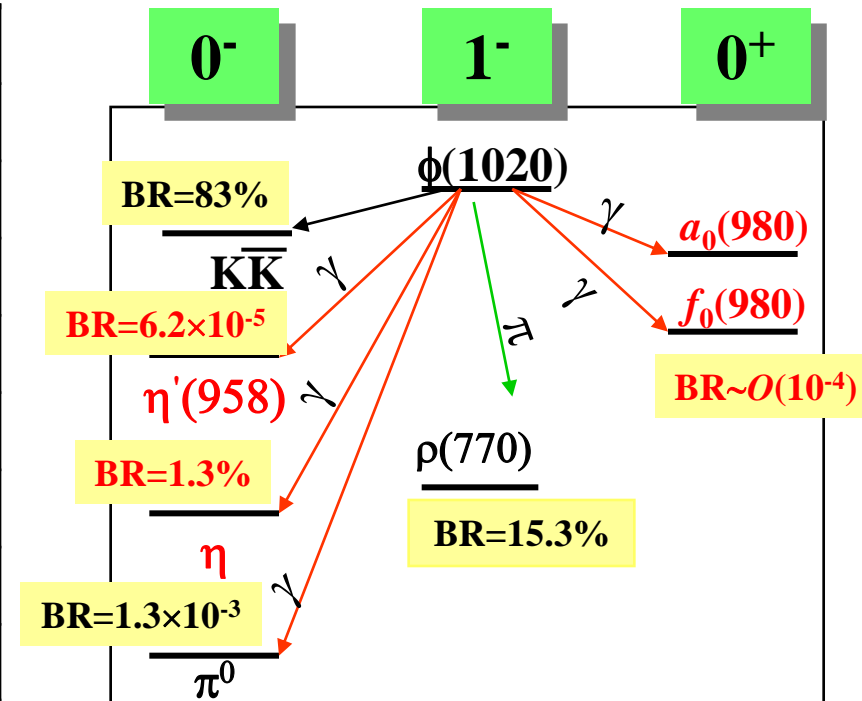


Physics at a ϕ -factory

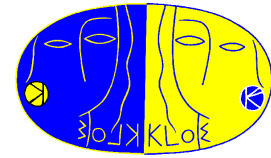


- Kaon physics: $|V_{us}|$ and CKM unitarity, CP and CPT violation, rare decays, χ PT tests, quantum mechanics tests
- ϕ radiative decays: pseudoscalar and scalar mesons
- Hadron production in $\gamma\gamma$ collisions
- Hadronic cross-section via ISR [$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)$]: hadronic corrections to $(g-2)_\mu$

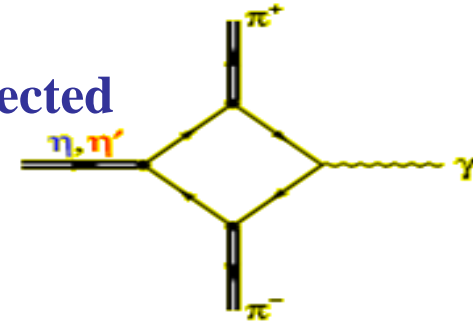
Decay channel	Events (2.5 fb^{-1})
K^+K^-	3.7×10^9
$K_L K_S$	2.5×10^9
$\rho\pi + \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	1.1×10^9
$\eta\gamma$	9.7×10^7
$\pi^0\gamma$	9.4×10^6
$\eta'\gamma$	4.6×10^5
$\pi\pi\gamma$	2.2×10^6
$\eta\pi^0\gamma$	5.2×10^5



$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$



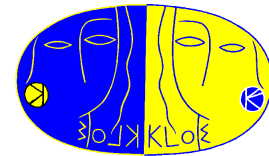
- ϕ -factory $\Rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$: large samples of η
 $\Rightarrow L = 2.5 \text{ fb}^{-1} \Rightarrow 8 \times 10^9 \phi \Rightarrow \sim 10^8 \eta$
- $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$: significant contribution from box anomaly expected
- $M_{\pi\pi}$ distribution needed to evaluate box anomaly vs resonant (ρ -dominated) contributions
- Existing measurements not sufficient for unambiguous interpretation [Benayoun et al., EPJC31, 525 (2003)]



- Recent CLEO result more than 2σ lower than previous measurements

$$\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma) / \Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$$

value	events	author	year
0.203 ± 0.008	PDG average		
$0.175 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006$	859	Lopez	2007
0.209 ± 0.004	18 k	Thaler	1973
0.201 ± 0.006	7250	Gormley	1970



$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$

- $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma, \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$: 6×10^5 events in 1.2 fb^{-1}
- Normalization to $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
- Main background: $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
- Simultaneous fit on $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ and $\cos\theta_{\gamma\gamma}$

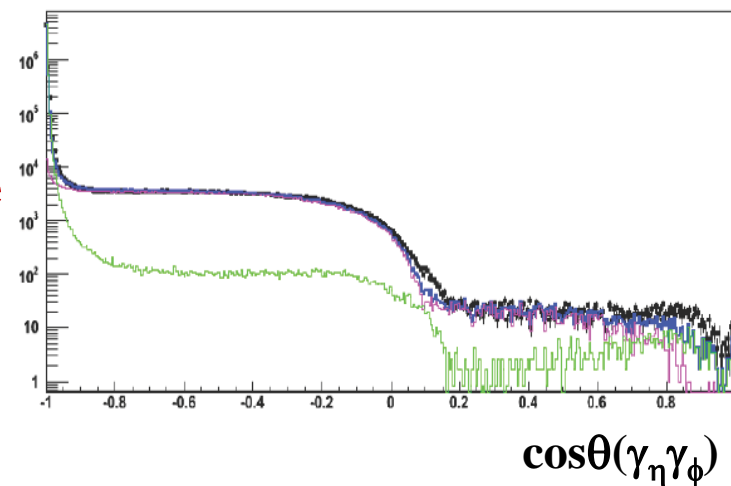
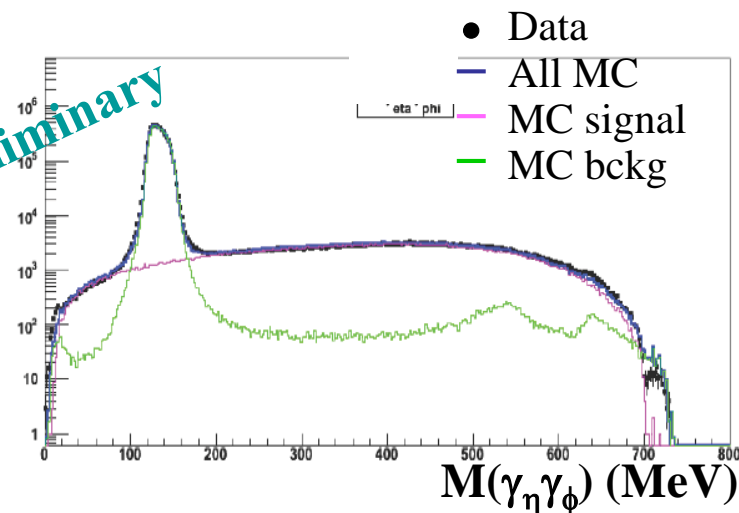
$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma)}{\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)} = 0.201 \pm 0.006_{\text{stat} \oplus \text{syst}}$$

- Improving the systematics $\Rightarrow \sim 1\%$
- Agreement with the older measurements

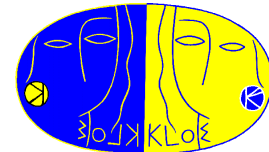
Prospects:

- Use the full KLOE data set to investigate the $\pi^+ \pi^-$ invariant mass distribution
- $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$: $\sim 10^5$ events expected from first KLOE-2 run
- \Rightarrow combined $\eta/\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ analysis

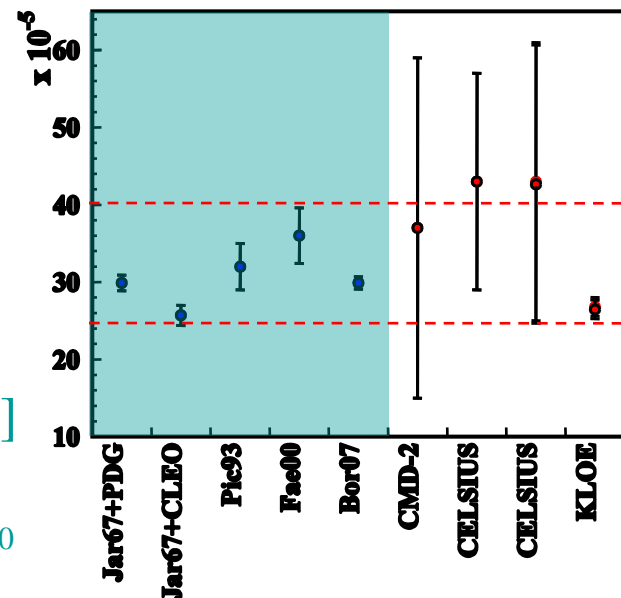
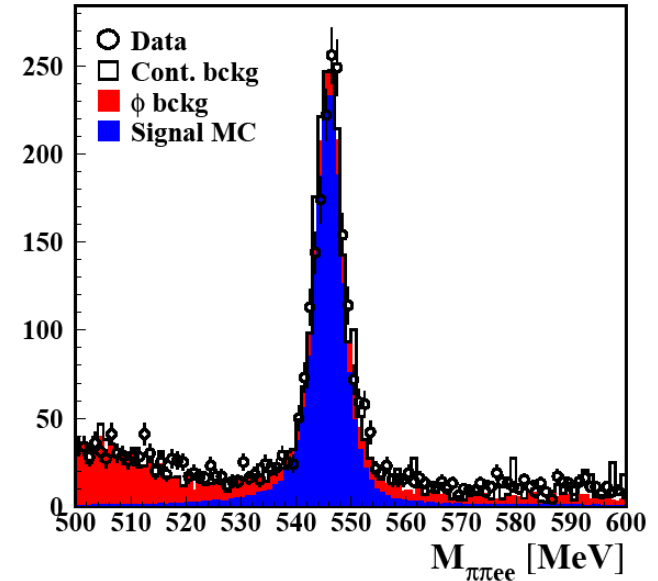
KLOE preliminary



$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$



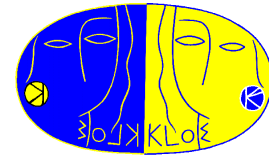
- Rare decay: χ PT and VDM predictions \Rightarrow $\text{Br} \sim 3 \times 10^{-4}$
- 2 measurements: CMD-2 4 events
WASA@CELSIUS 16 events
- Data sample: 1.73 fb^{-1}
- $M(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-)$ distribution:
fit with signal + background (MC)
 $\Rightarrow 1555 \pm 52$ signal events
368 background “



$$\text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^- (\gamma)) = (26.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$$

[PLB675(2009)283]

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$



- Plane asymmetry \Rightarrow test of CP violation
- Constraints from $\text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$: expt. $A_{\text{CP}} < 10^{-4}$
th. (SM) $A_{\text{CP}} < 10^{-15}$

$$A_{\text{CP}} = \frac{N(\sin\phi \cos\phi > 0) - N(\sin\phi \cos\phi < 0)}{N(\sin\phi \cos\phi > 0) + N(\sin\phi \cos\phi < 0)}$$

- Non conventional CP violation mechanism (non CKM) proposed $\Rightarrow A_{\text{CP}}$ up to 2×10^{-2}

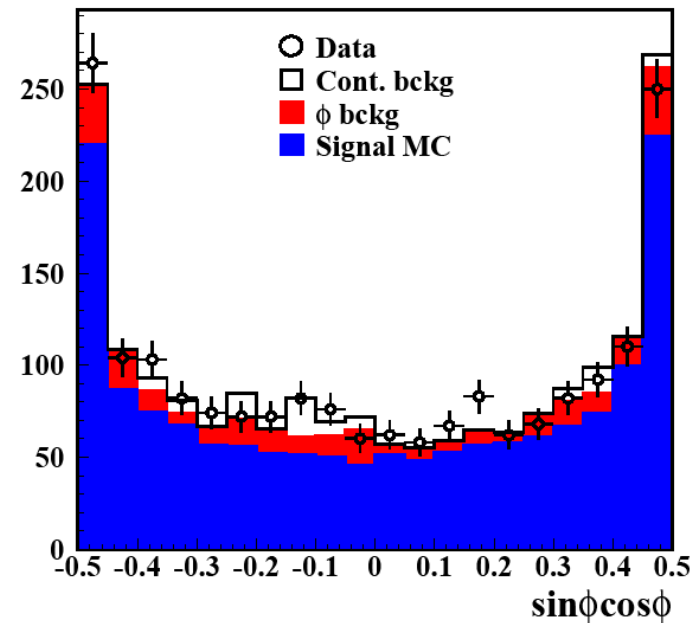
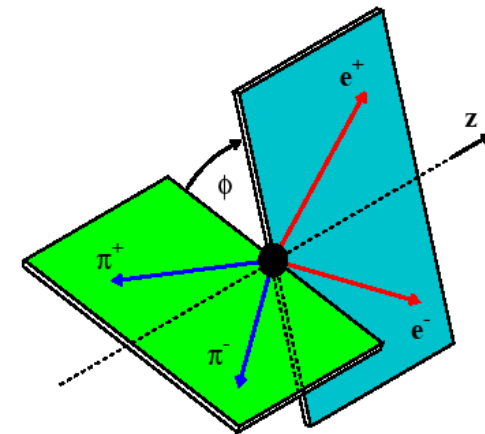
[D.N.Gao MPLA17(2002)]

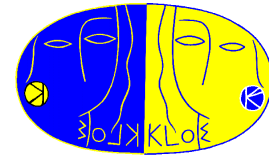
$$A_{\text{CP}} = (-0.6 \pm 2.5 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-2}$$

[PLB675(2009)283]

• KLOE-2

- with $O(10 \text{ fb}^{-1}) \Rightarrow \delta\text{Br} \sim 1.4\%$ (stat.)
 $\delta A_{\text{CP}} \sim 1.2\%$ (“)
- reduce systematics
- $O(20 \text{ fb}^{-1})$ with IT $\Rightarrow \delta A_{\text{CP}} < 1\%$





$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$

- $\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$ decay \Rightarrow Isospin violation $L_1 = -\frac{1}{2}(m_u - m_d)(\bar{u}u - \bar{d}d)$

- Symmetric Dalitz plot:

$|A|^2 \propto 1 + 2\alpha Z \Rightarrow$ only one parameter

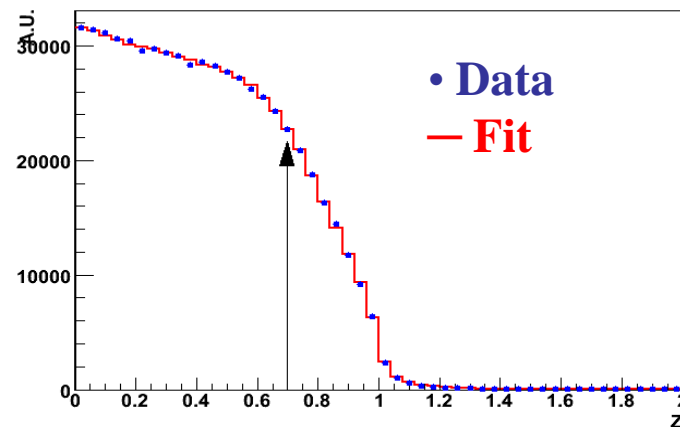
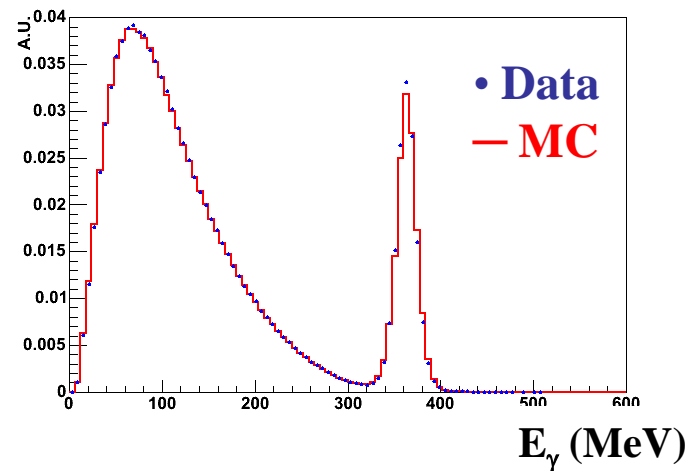
$$Z = \frac{2}{3} \sum_{i=1}^3 \left(\frac{3E_i - M_\eta}{M_\eta - 3M_\pi} \right)^2 = \frac{\rho^2}{\rho_{\max}^2}$$

(ρ = distance from the Dalitz plot center)

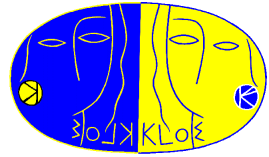
- 450 pb⁻¹ ; 7 prompt photons
 $\Rightarrow 6.5 \times 10^5$ events

$$\alpha = -0.0301 \pm 0.0035^{+0.0022}_{-0.0036}$$

[arXiv:1004.1319, submitted to PLB]



$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$



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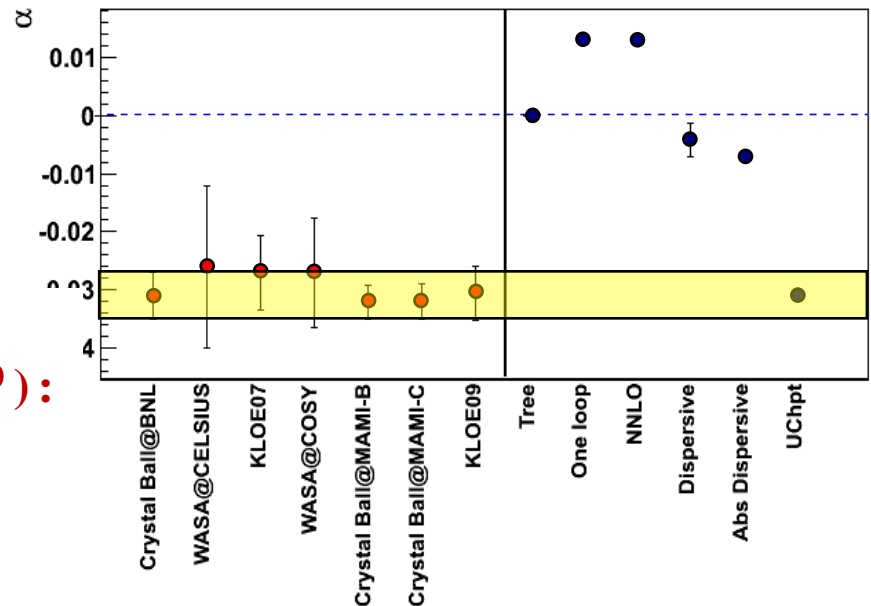
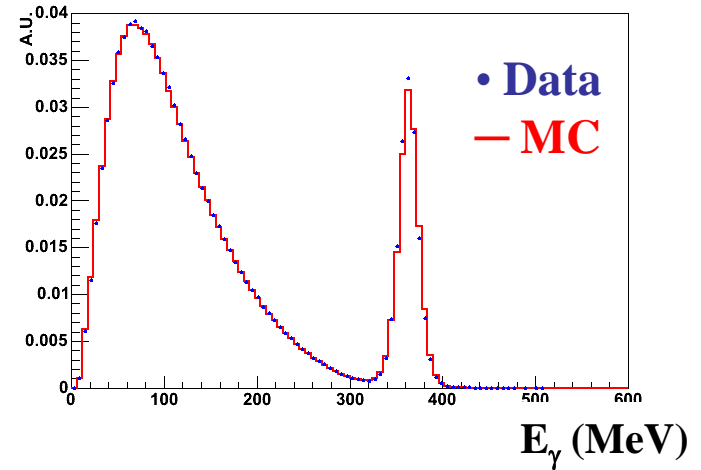
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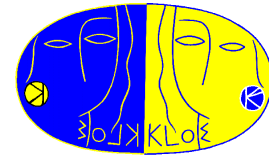
[arXiv:1004.1319, submitted to PLB]

Strong interactions mix the two amplitudes $A(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$ and $A(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)$:
from the Dalitz plot of $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

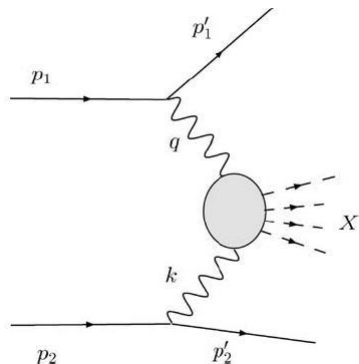
$$\Rightarrow \alpha = -0.038 \pm 0.003^{+0.012}_{-0.008}$$

[JHEP0805(2008)006]





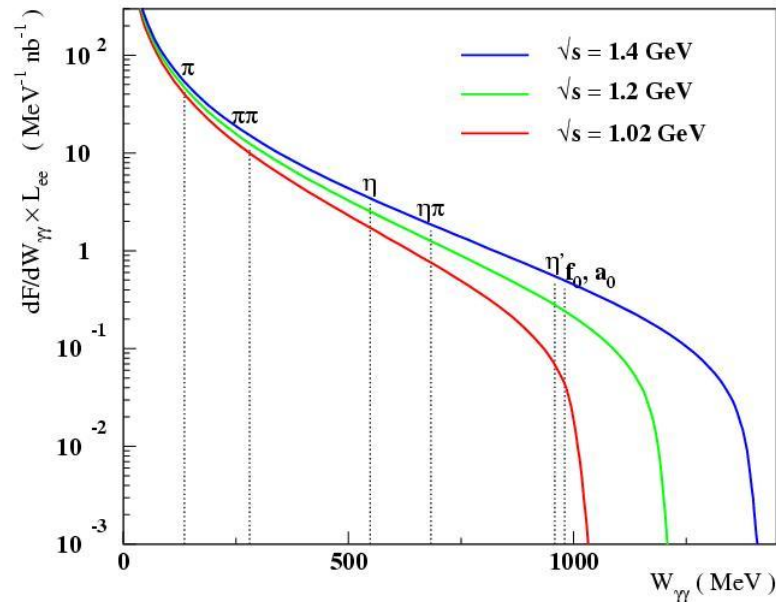
$\gamma\gamma$ physics



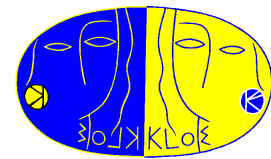
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma^* \gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^- X$$

$$[C(X) = +1]$$

$$\frac{dN}{dW_{\gamma\gamma}} = L_{\text{int}} \frac{dF}{dW_{\gamma\gamma}} \sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow X)$$



- $X = \pi\pi \Rightarrow$ search for $\sigma(600)$
- $X = \pi^0, \eta, (\eta')$
 - $\Gamma(X \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
 - Transition form factors $\mathcal{F}_{X\gamma^*\gamma^*}(q_1^2, q_2^2)$
- KLOE: no e^\pm tagging $\Rightarrow \sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$
- KLOE-2: $\sqrt{s} = M_\phi \Rightarrow$ Tagger is essential to reduce the background from the ϕ and to close the kinematics
 - If $\sqrt{s} \rightarrow 1.4 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ coupling of $a_0(980), f_0(980)$



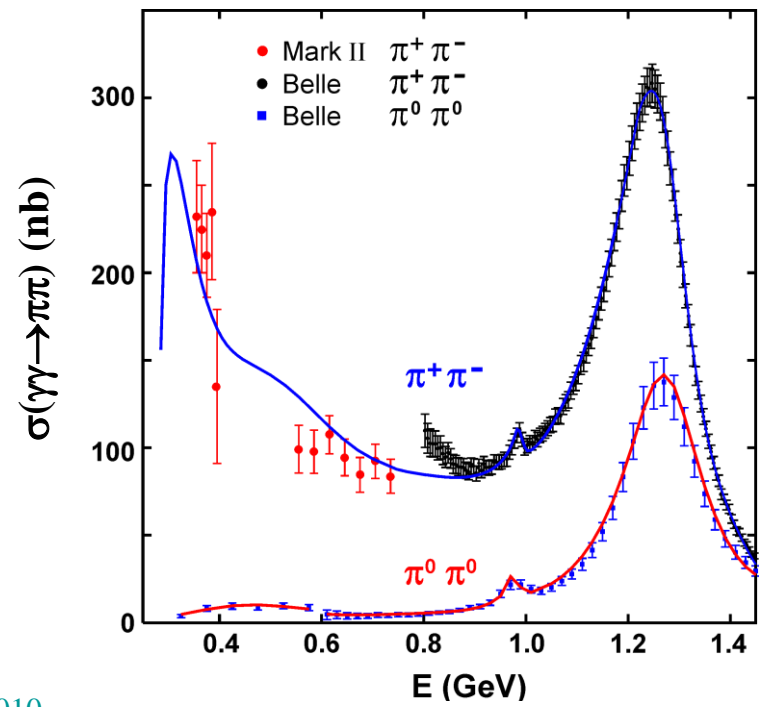
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \sigma(600) \rightarrow \pi\pi$

Motivations: pole in the $\pi\pi$ scattering with vacuum quantum numbers ($J^{PC}=0^{++}$)

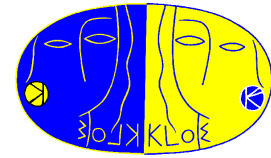
$m_\sigma = 441_{-8}^{+16} \text{ MeV}, \Gamma_\sigma = 544_{-18}^{+24} \text{ MeV}$ [Caprini et al., PRL96(2006)132001]

- Observations by E791 in $D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ ($m_\sigma=478 \text{ MeV}, \Gamma_\sigma=324 \text{ MeV}$) and BES II in $J/\psi \rightarrow \omega \pi^+ \pi^-$ ($m_\sigma=541 \pm 39 \text{ MeV}, \Gamma_\sigma=504 \pm 84 \text{ MeV}$) (and by FOCUS, CLEO)
- Indirect $\sigma(600)$ evidence in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ Dalitz plot by KLOE

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi\pi$



$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \sigma(600) \rightarrow \pi\pi$



Motivations: pole in the $\pi\pi$ scattering with vacuum quantum numbers ($J^{PC}=0^{++}$)

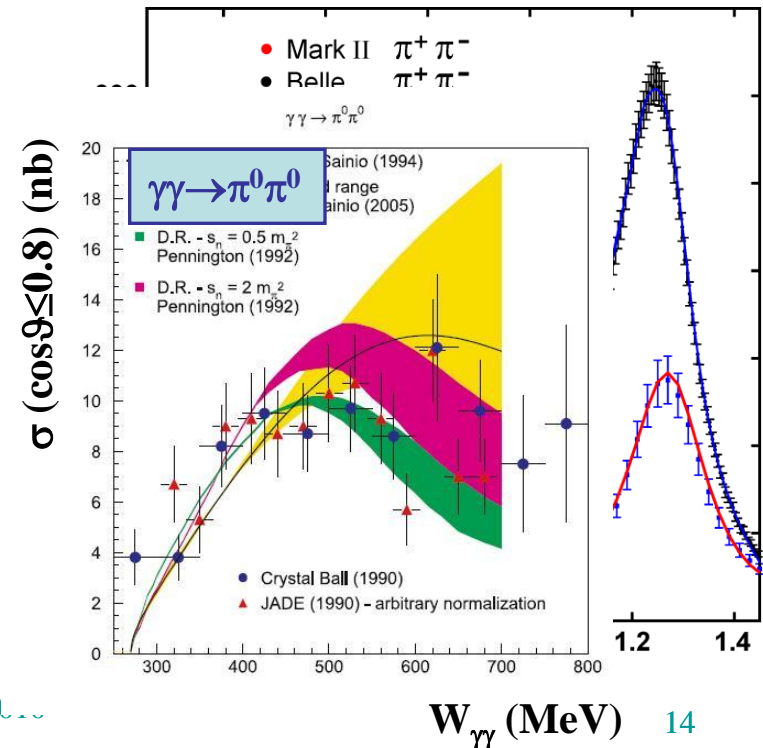
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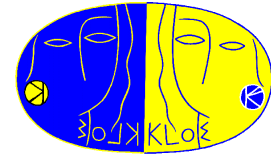
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi\pi$

$\pi^0 \pi^0 \Rightarrow$ golden channel

$\pi^+ \pi^-$: large background from $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \mu^+ \mu^-$ and from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma^* \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$



$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

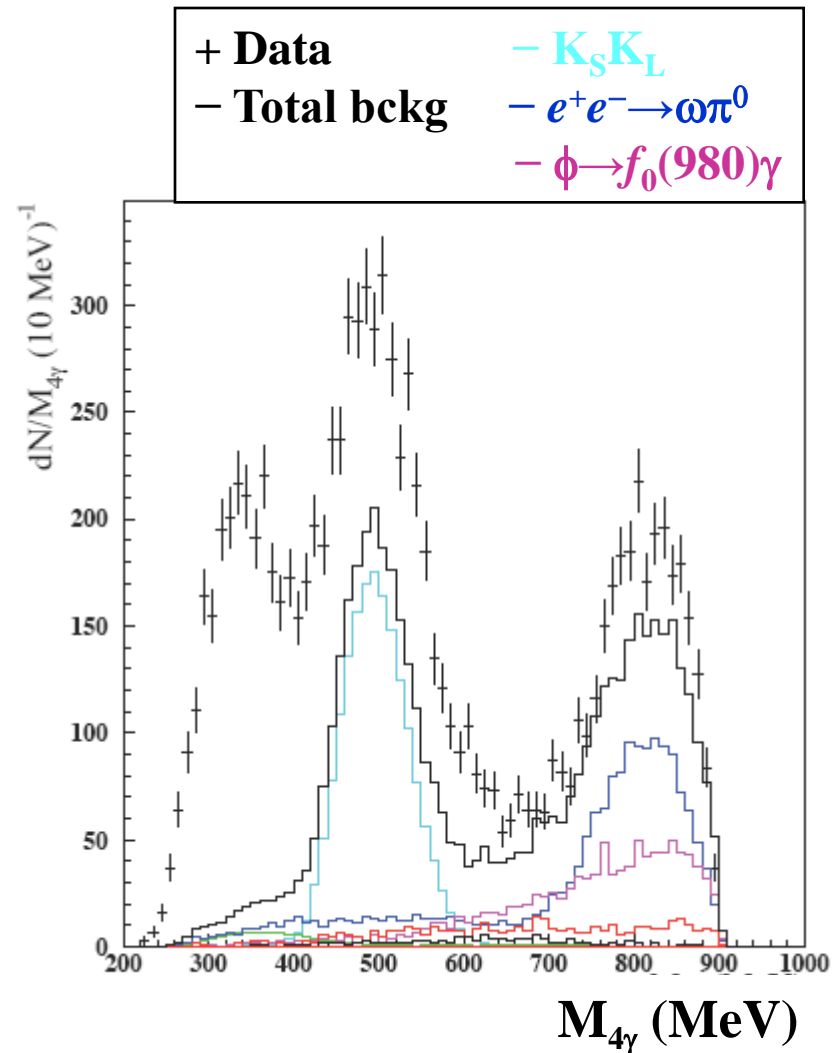


- KLOE: 240 pb⁻¹ off-peak ($\sqrt{s} = 1$ GeV)
no e^\pm tagging

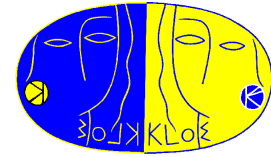
- ~ 10000 events with 4 prompt γ 's
- ~ 4000 events after bckg subtraction
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$ cross-section evaluation
in progress

KLOE-2: $O(10 \text{ fb}^{-1})$ at $\sqrt{s} = M_\phi$ with
 e^\pm tagging

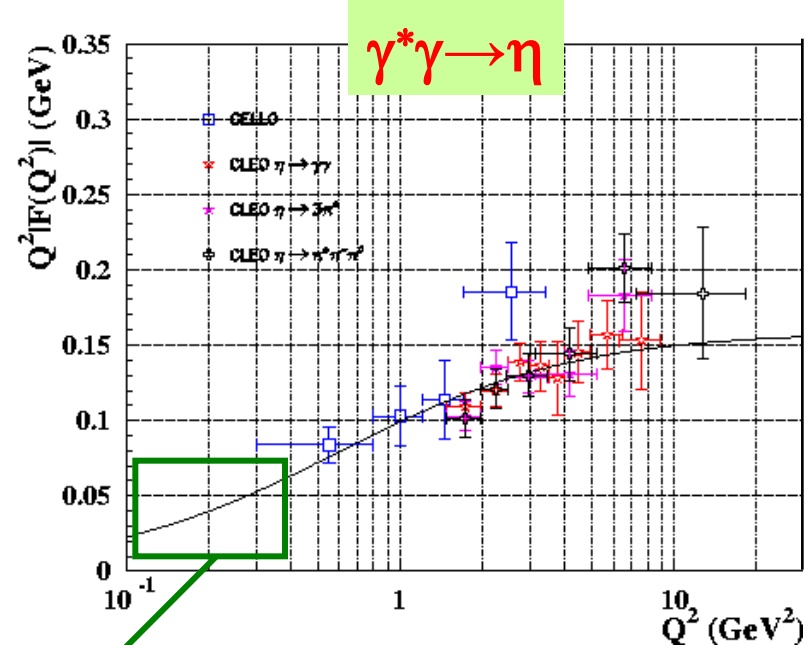
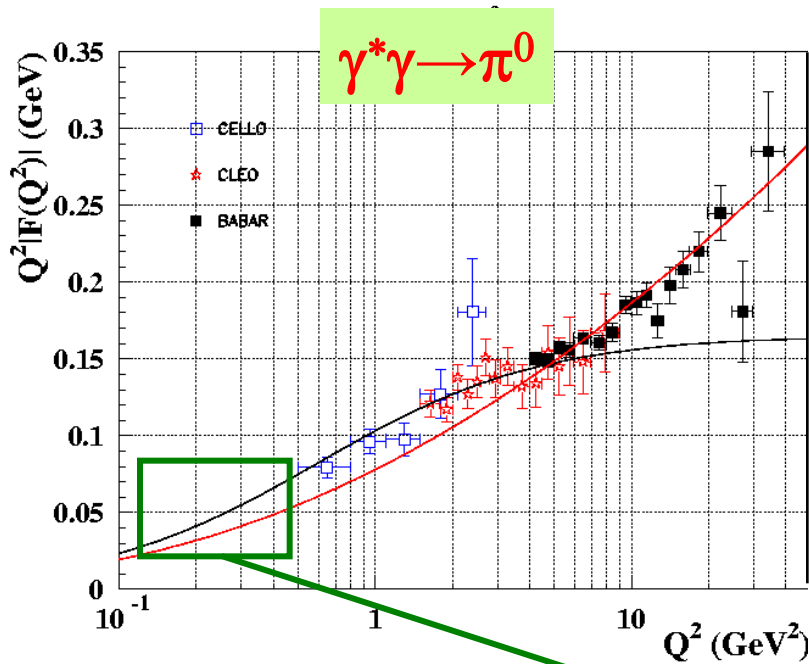
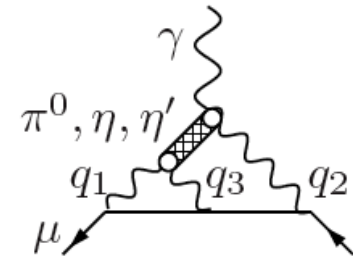
\Rightarrow 2% statistical accuracy
using the same energy bin as Crystal Ball



$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$ single pseudoscalar

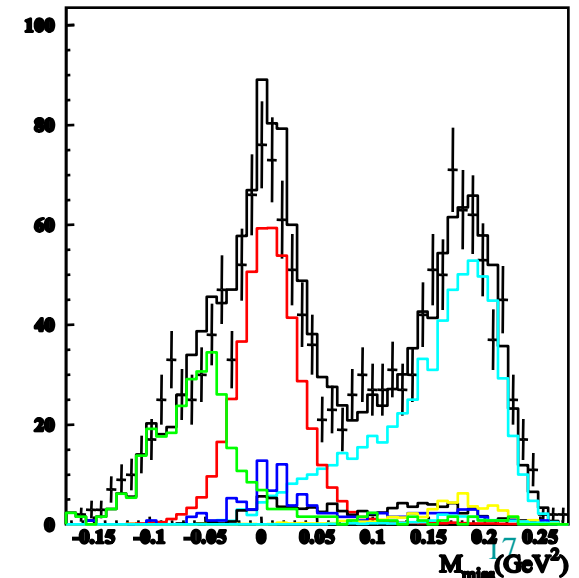
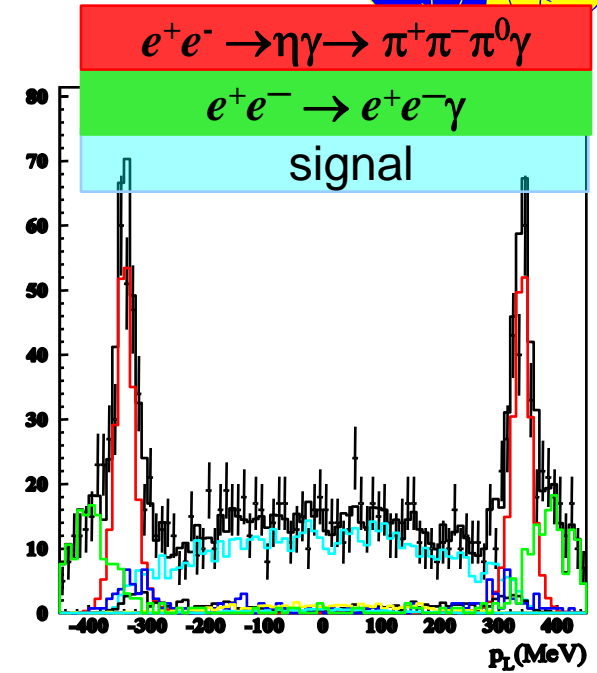


- Measurement of $\Gamma(P \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
- Transition form factors $\mathcal{F}_{P\gamma^*\gamma^*}(q_1^2, q_2^2)$:
 - input for the calculation of the Light-by-Light contribution to $g-2$ of the muon

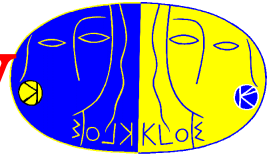


$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta$

- KLOE: 240 pb⁻¹ off-peak ($\sqrt{s} = 1$ GeV)
without e^\pm tagging
- Selected decay channel: $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
- Main bckg: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\gamma$
- Fit to η longitudinal momentum (p_L) and
missing mass (M_{miss})
 $\Rightarrow \sim 600$ events
- Extraction of $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\eta)$ and
 $\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ in progress



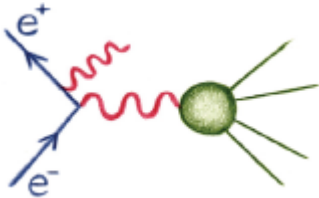
$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.})$ below 1 GeV



- $\sim 3 \sigma$ discrepancy between $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} - a_\mu^{\text{exp}}$ [$a_\mu = (g_\mu - 2)/2$]
- $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = a_\mu^{\text{QED}} + a_\mu^{\text{weak}} + a_\mu^{\text{had}}$ → main contribution to the uncertainty on a_μ^{SM}

$$a_\mu^{\text{had, LO}} = \frac{1}{(4\pi^3)} \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{\infty} \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.}) K(s) ds \quad ; \quad K(s) \sim 1/s$$

- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.})$ below 1 GeV is dominated by $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
- ϕ - factory: fixed $\sqrt{s} \Rightarrow$ Initial State Radiation method

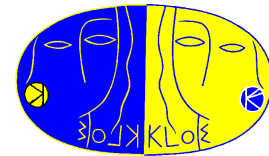


$$s \cdot \frac{d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + \gamma)}{ds_\pi} = \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) H(s, s_\pi)$$

- Two different analyses: (1) photon emitted at Small Angle (S.A. analysis) [PLB606(2005)12, PLB670(2009)285]
- (2) photon emitted at Large Angle (L.A. analysis)

[arXiv:1006:5313, submitted to PLB]

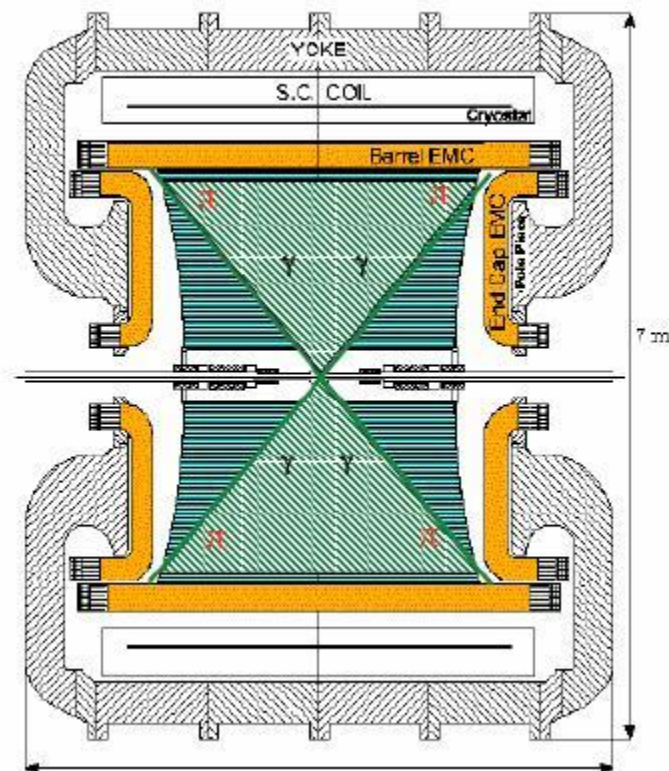
L.A. analysis



- 2 pions at large angle ($\vartheta > 50^\circ$)
- **Photon detected at large angle ($\vartheta > 50^\circ$)**
- Kinematics closed
- Threshold region accessible
- Lower statistics
- Larger contribution from FSR

Larger background from $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

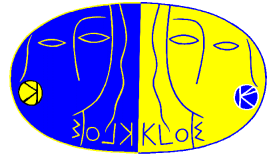
Irreducible background from $\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$



Use data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$, below the ϕ peak:

233 pb^{-1} from 2006 data-taking

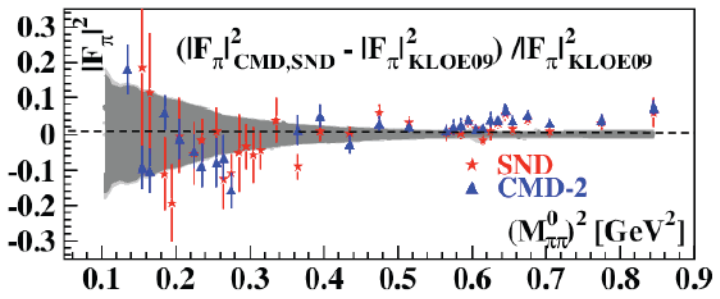
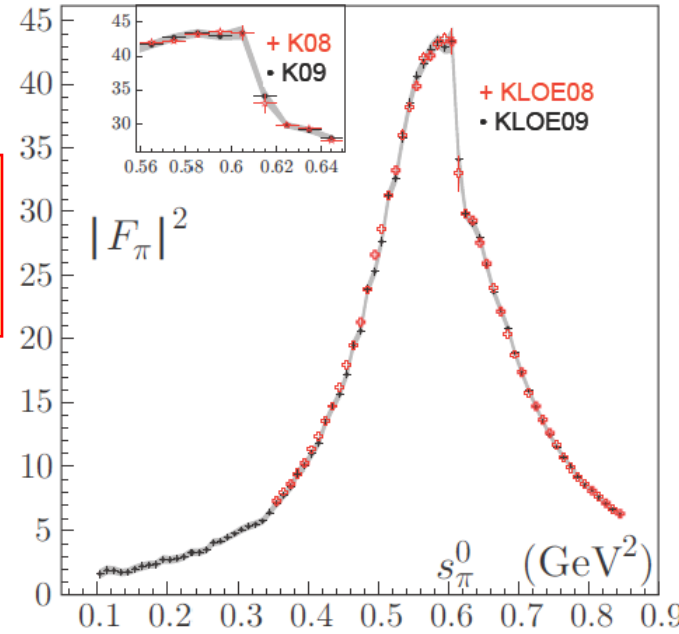
Result on L.A. analysis



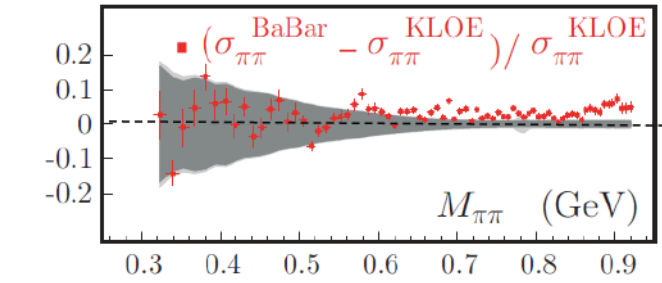
- Good agreement between S.A. (KLOE08) and L.A. (KLOE09) analyses

$$a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1 - 0.85 \text{ GeV}^2) = (478.5 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.8_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.9_{\text{theo}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

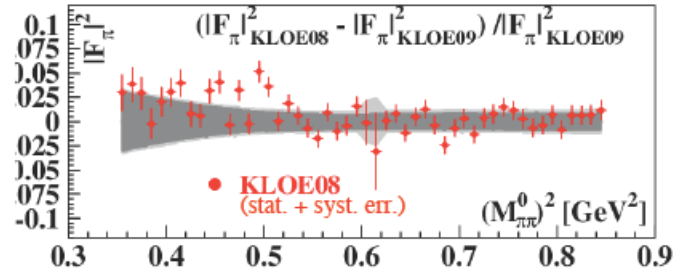
[arXiv:1006:5313, submitted to PLB]



Agreement with
CMD-2 and SND



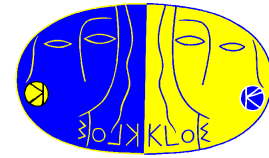
Above 0.6 GeV
BaBar higher by
2 - 3%



(Grey band = L.A. error)

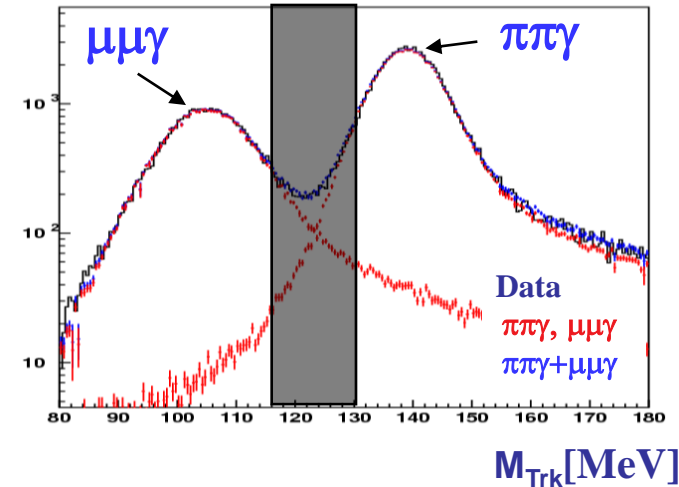
- 3.2 σ discrepancy $a_\mu^{\text{SM}} - a_\mu^{\text{exp}}$ confirmed

Prospects on σ_{had}



- **In progress:** $|F_\pi|^2$ from the ratio $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma) / \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma)$

$$|F_\pi(s')|^2 \approx \frac{4(1 + 2m_\mu^2/s')\beta_\mu}{\beta_\pi^3} \frac{d\sigma_{\pi\pi\gamma}/ds'}{d\sigma_{\mu\mu\gamma}/ds'}$$



- Many factors cancel in the ratio:
 - radiator function
 - luminosity from Bhabhas
 - vacuum polarization

$$\left(\sqrt{s} - \sqrt{p_1^2 + M_{\text{trk}}^2} - \sqrt{p_2^2 + M_{\text{trk}}^2} \right)^2 - (p_1 + p_2)^2 = 0$$

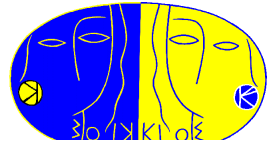
• KLOE-2:

$\delta\sigma \sim 0.4\%$ for $\sqrt{s} < 1$ GeV with ISR @ 1 GeV, 2 fb⁻¹

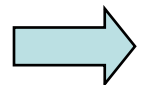
$\delta\sigma \sim 2\%$ for $1 < \sqrt{s} < 2$ GeV with energy scan

(if DAΦNE energy $\rightarrow 2 - 2.5$ GeV)

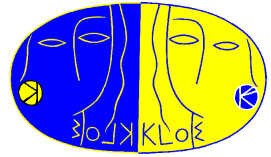
Conclusions



- Important results have been achieved by KLOE in hadron physics:
 - η rare decays: $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$, $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$, $\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-$
 - Dalitz plot of $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi$
 - η - η' mixing and gluonium in η' ; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma\gamma$,
 - Precision measurements of $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow f_0(980)\gamma)$ and $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow a_0(980)\gamma)$ and of the scalar resonance parameters
 - Upper limit for $\phi \rightarrow (f_0/a_0)\gamma \rightarrow \text{K}^0\bar{\text{K}}^0\gamma$
 - $\gamma\gamma$ physics: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$ and $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadr.})$ with ISR: Small Angle + Large Angle analyses confirm the 3.2σ discrepancy between a_μ^{SM} and a_μ^{exp}
- KLOE-2 data-taking start in September 2010:
 - e^\pm taggers for $\gamma\gamma$ physics are being installed
 - possibility of new and more precise measurements in hadron physics



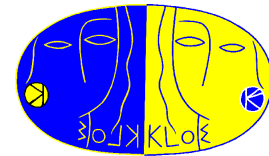
KLOE-2 physics program



Goal: $\sim 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in the next 3 – 4 years to extend the KLOE physics program at DAΦNE upgraded in luminosity (approved) and energy up to 2.4 GeV (under discussion):

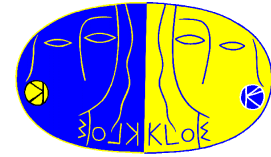
G.Amelino-Camelia et al., arXiv:1003.3868,
DOI:10.1140/epjc/s10052-010-1351-1

- $\gamma\gamma$ physics
 - Light meson spectroscopy
 - Kaon physics
 - Dark matter searches
 - Hadronic cross section
- Existence (and properties) of $\sigma(600)$
 - Study of $\Gamma(S/P \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
 - P transition form factor
 - Properties of scalar/vector mesons
 - Rare η decays
 - η' physics
 - Test of CPT (and QM) in correlated kaon decays
 - Test of CPT in K_S semileptonic decays
 - Test of SM (CKM unitarity, lepton universality)
 - Test of χ PT (K_S decays)
 - Light bosons @ $O(1 \text{ GeV})$
 - $\alpha_{\text{em}}(M_Z)$ and $(g_\mu - 2)$



Spare slides

Result on L.A. analysis

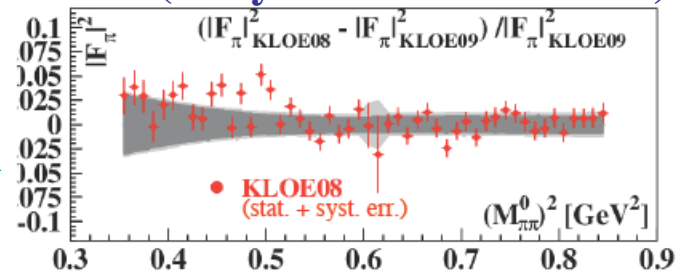
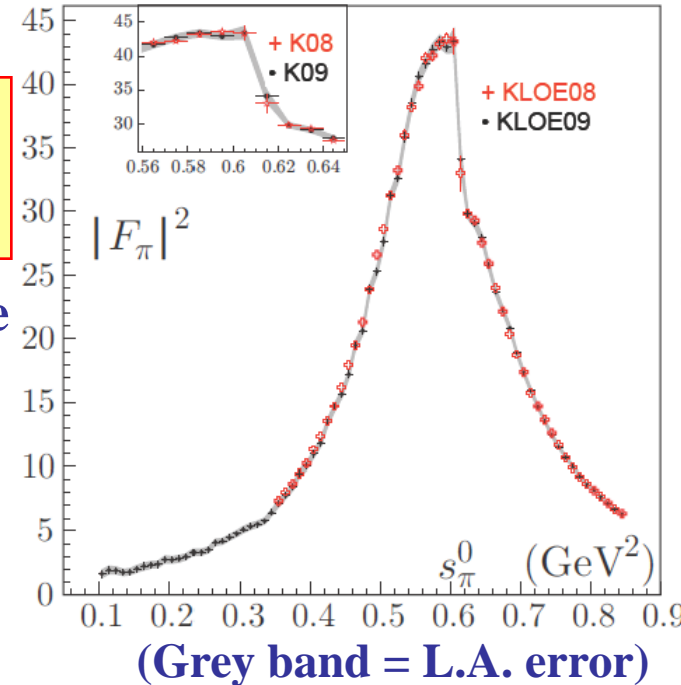


- Good agreement between S.A. (KLOE08) and L.A. (KLOE09) analyses

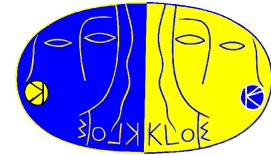
$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.1 - 0.85 \text{ GeV}^2) = (478.5 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.8_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.9_{\text{theo}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

[arXiv:1006:5313, submitted to PLB]

- Agreement with CMD-2 and SND, some difference with BaBar
- **3.2 σ discrepancy $a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}}$ confirmed**
- **In progress: measurement of the $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$ from the ratio $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma / \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ (radiator function, int. luminosity and vacuum polarization cancel)**
- **KLOE-2:**
 $\delta\sigma \sim 0.4\%$ for $\sqrt{s} < 1 \text{ GeV}$ with ISR @ 1 GeV, 2 fb⁻¹
 $\delta\sigma \sim 2\%$ for $1 < \sqrt{s} < 2 \text{ GeV}$ with energy scan
 (if DAΦNE energy $\rightarrow 2 - 2.5 \text{ GeV}$)



KLOE-2



- Two step upgrade:

- 1) First run ($\sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in one year data-taking)

- e^\pm taggers for $\gamma\gamma$ physics:

- Low Energy Tagger ($E_e = 130\text{-}230 \text{ MeV}$)

- Inside KLOE

- Calorimeters: LYSO + SiPM

- High Energy Tagger ($E_e > 400 \text{ MeV}$)

- 11 m far from IP

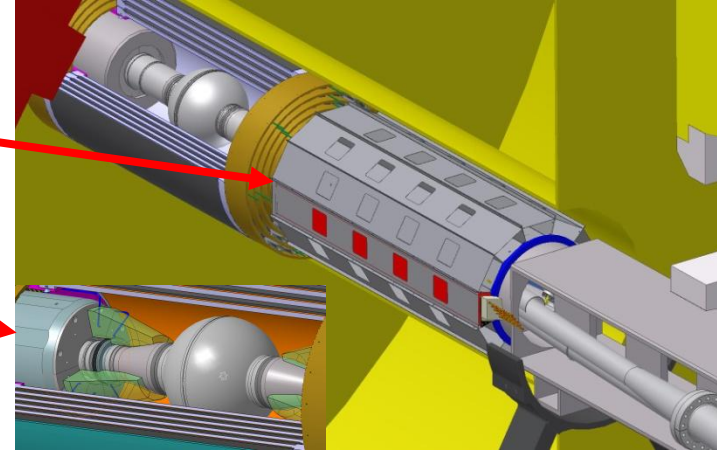
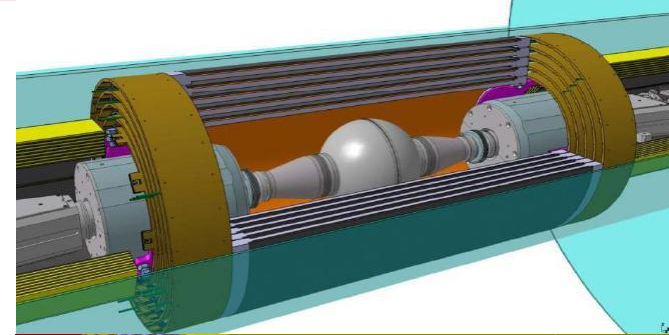
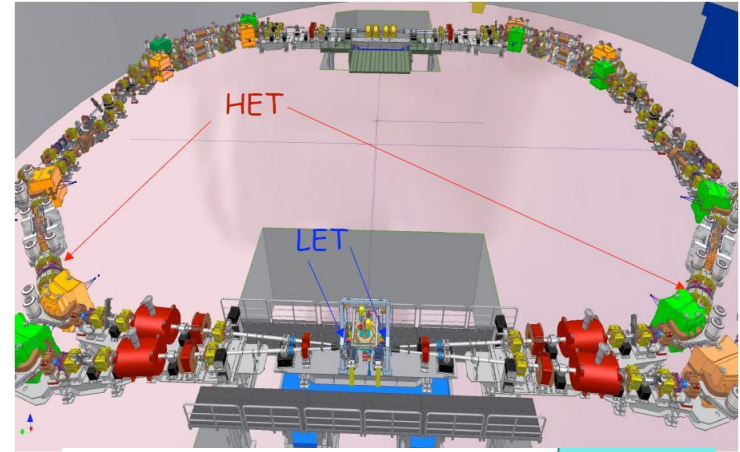
- Scintillators + PMT

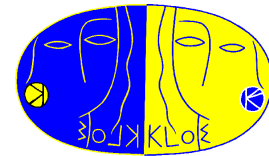
- 2) Major upgrade (late 2011)

- Inner tracker : 4 layers of cylindrical GEM

- QCALT: W + scint. tiles + SiPM

- CCAL : LYSO + APD

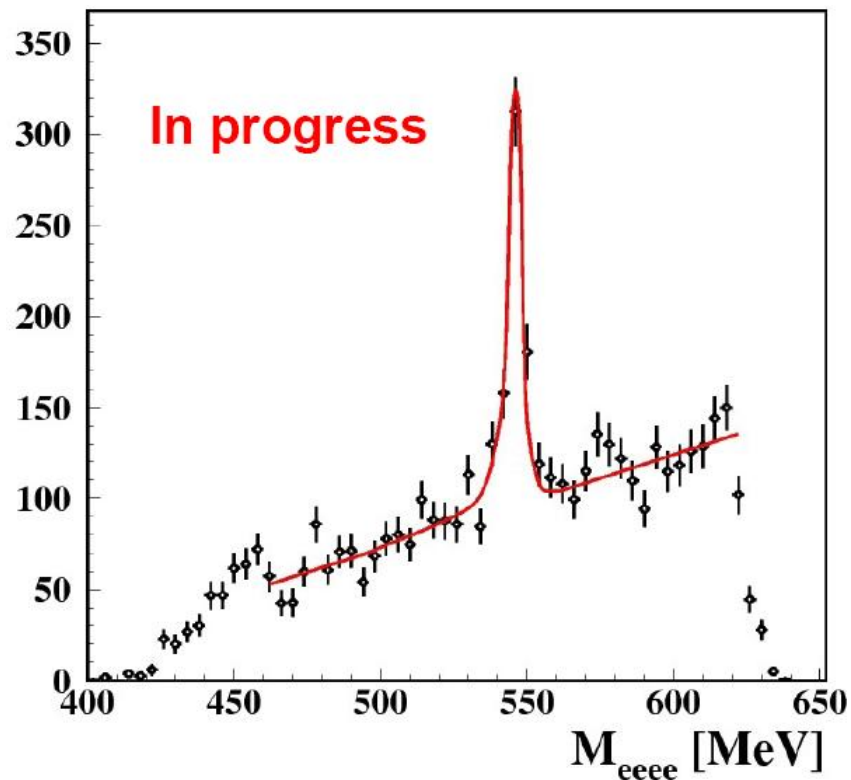




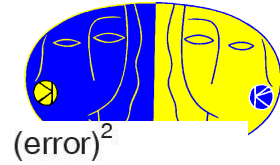
$$\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$$

- Never observed before
 $\text{Br} < 6.9 \times 10^{-5}$ @90%C.L. (CMD-2)
- Theoretical predictions: $\sim 2.5 - 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$
- Same data set analyzed for $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$
- MC simulation according to
Bijnens and Persson [[hep-ph/0106130](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0106130)]
- Fit with signal + background from
continuum

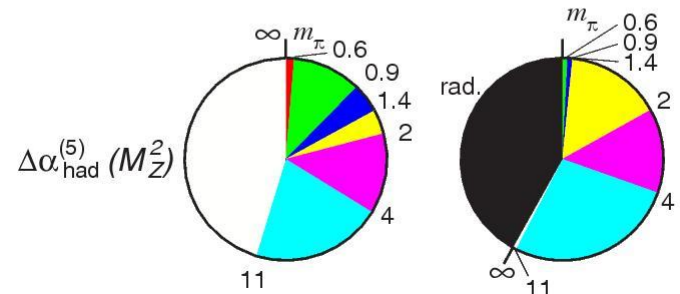
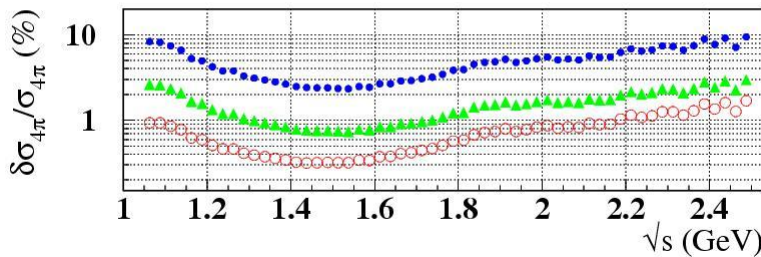
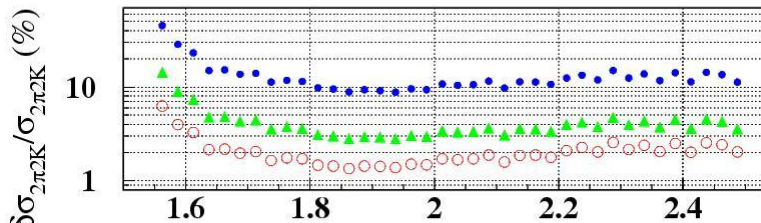
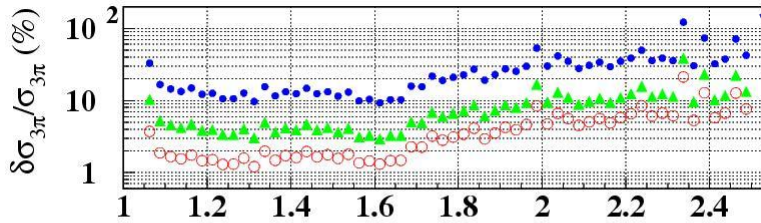
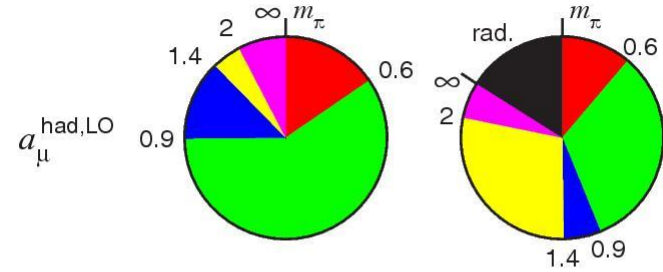
413 ± 31 events \Rightarrow first evidence



σ_{had} with energy scan

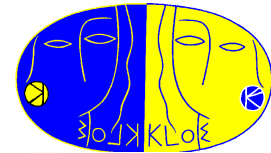


- The region 1- 2.5 GeV contributes 55% to δa_μ and 40% to $\delta \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}$ ⁽⁵⁾

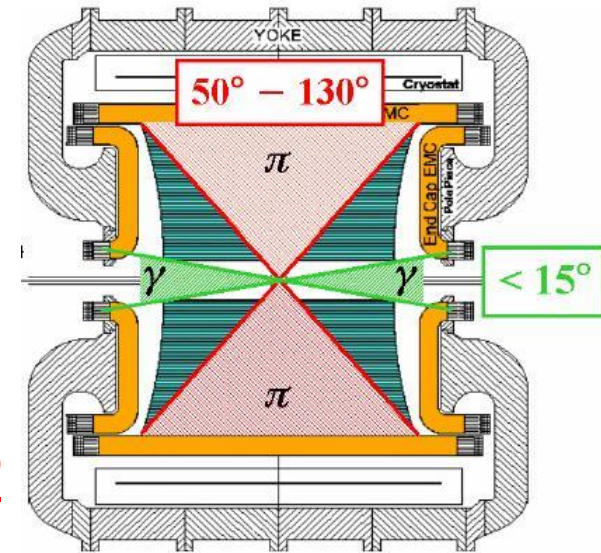


- Published BaBar results
- 89 fb⁻¹ (ISR)
- ▲ BaBar × 10
- KLOE-2 energy scan: 20 pb⁻¹/point
- @ L= 10³² cm⁻² s⁻¹, 25 MeV bin
- ⇒ 1 year data-taking

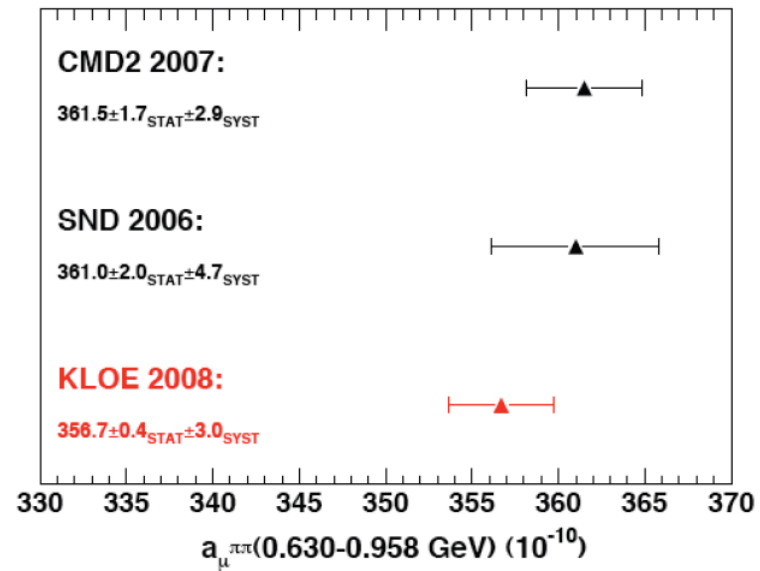
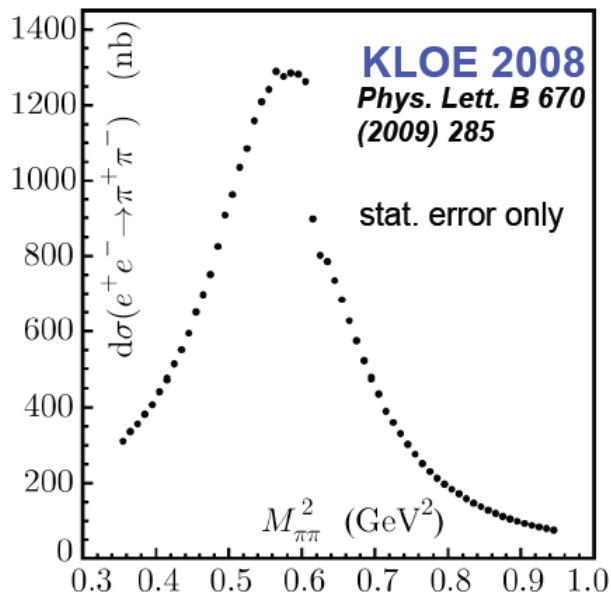
S.A. analysis



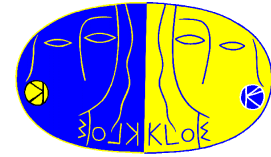
- 2 pions at large angle ($\vartheta > 50^\circ$)
- Photon at small angle ($\vartheta < 15^\circ$ - not detected) to reduce FSR
- 240 pb^{-1} from 2002 data-taking



$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} (0.35-0.95 \text{ GeV}^2) = (387.2 \pm 0.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.4_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.3_{\text{th}}) \times 10^{-10}$$



Result on L.A. analysis



$$\sigma_{\pi\pi}(s_\pi) = \frac{\pi\alpha^2\beta_\pi^3}{3s} |F_\pi(s_\pi)|^2$$

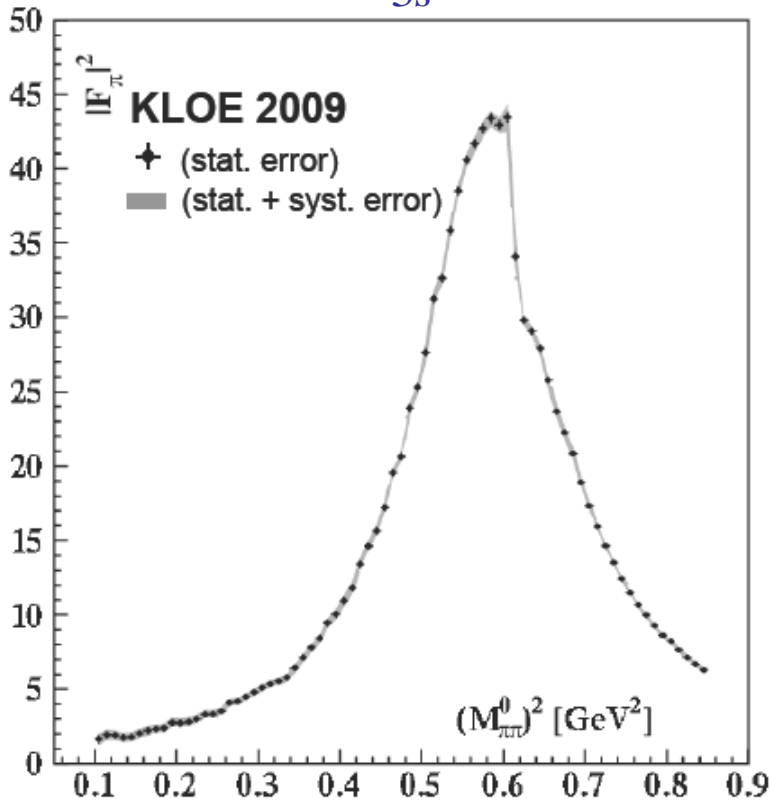


Table of systematic errors on $a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1-0.85 \text{ GeV}^2)$:

Reconstruction Filter	< 0.1%
Background	0.5%
$f_0+\rho\pi$	0.4%
Omega	0.2%
Trackmass	0.5%
π/e -ID and TCA	< 0.1%
Tracking	0.3%
Trigger	0.2%
Acceptance	0.4%
Unfolding	negligible
Software Trigger	0.1%
Luminosity($0.1_{\text{th}} \oplus 0.3_{\text{exp}}$)%	0.3%

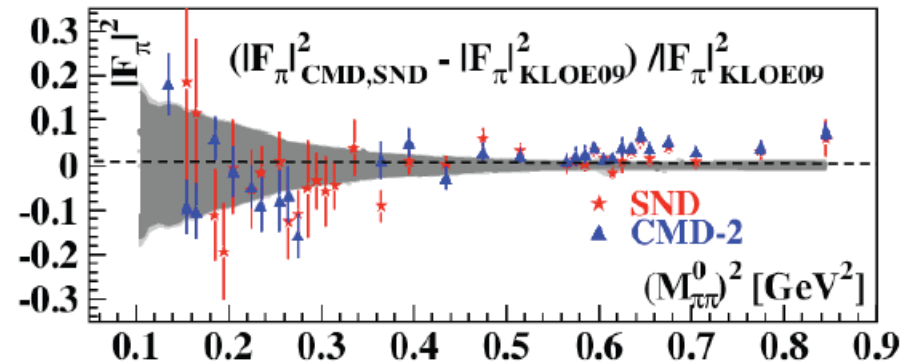
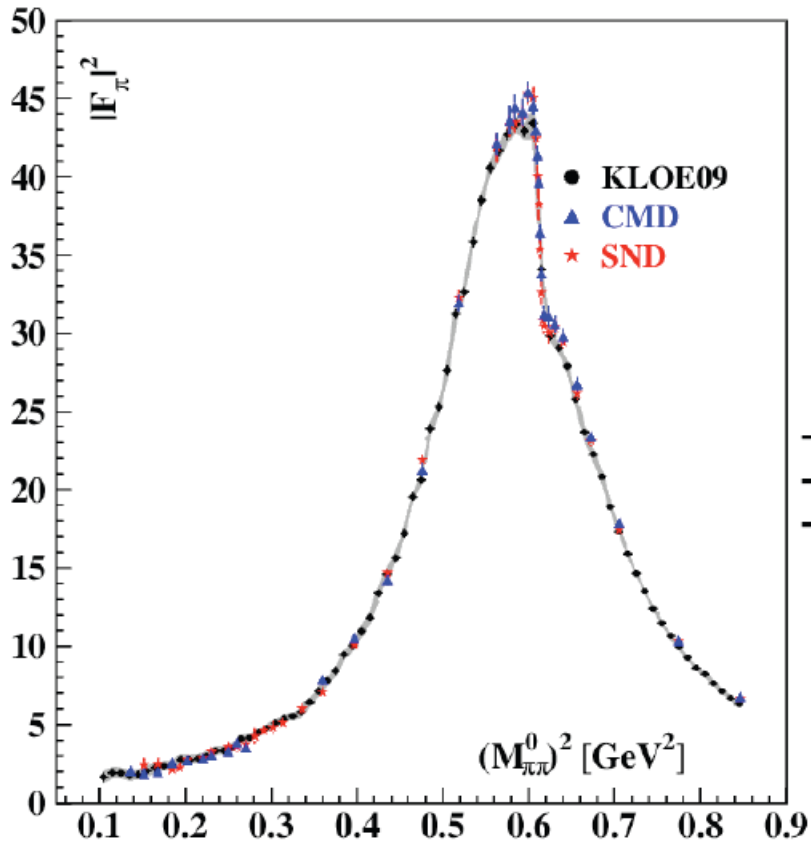
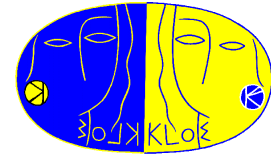
experimental fractional error on $a_\mu^{\pi\pi} = 1.0\%$

FSR resummation	0.3%
Radiator H	0.5%
Vacuum polarization	< 0.1%

theoretical fractional error on $a_\mu^{\pi\pi} = 0.6\%$

$$a_\mu^{\pi\pi}(0.1-0.85 \text{ GeV}^2) = (478.5 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.8_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.9_{\text{theo}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

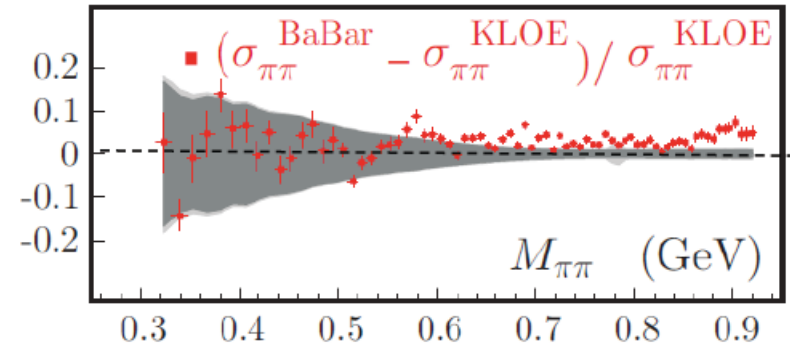
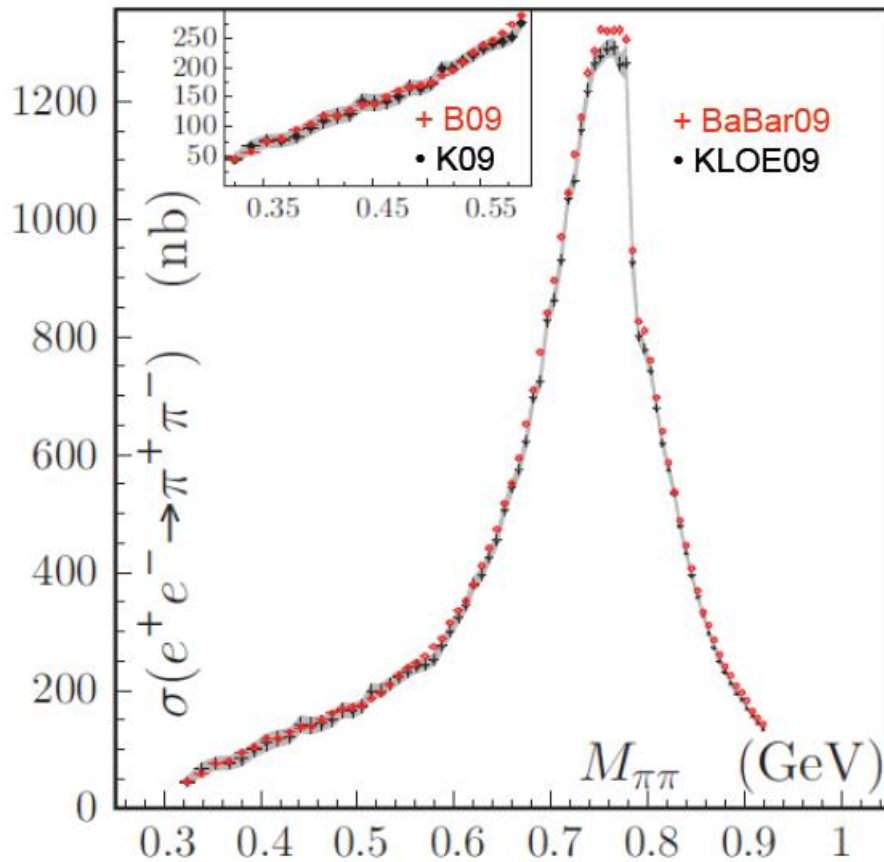
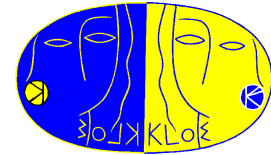
KLOE vs CMD-2 / SND



(Grey band = KLOE error)

- Good agreement below the ρ peak
- Above the ρ peak KLOE slightly lower

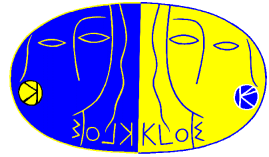
KLOE vs BaBar



(Grey band = KLOE error)

- Good agreement below 0.6 GeV
- Above 0.6 GeV BaBar higher by 2 – 3%

$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}$ for different expt.



$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.35-0.85\text{GeV}^2)$:

KLOE08 (small angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (379.6 \pm 0.4_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.4_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.2_{\text{theo}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

KLOE09 (large angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (376.6 \pm 0.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.4_{\text{sys}} \pm 2.1_{\text{theo}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.152-0.270 \text{ GeV}^2)$:

KLOE09 (large angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (48.1 \pm 1.2_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.2_{\text{sys}} \pm 0.4_{\text{theo}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

CMD-2

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (46.2 \pm 1.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.3_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi}(0.397-0.918 \text{ GeV}^2)$:

KLOE08 (small angle)

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (356.7 \pm 0.4_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.1_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

CMD-2

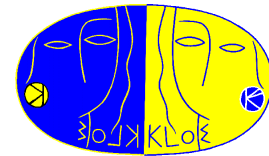
$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (361.5 \pm 1.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 2.9_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

SND

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (361.0 \pm 2.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 4.7_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

I BaBar

$$a_{\mu}^{\pi\pi} = (365.2 \pm 1.9_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.9_{\text{sys}}) \cdot 10^{-10}$$



$f_0(980), a_0(980)$

- Measurement of $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow S\gamma \rightarrow PP\gamma)$ and extraction of the parameters from fit of the Dalitz Plot or invariant mass distributions
- Hints for the $\sigma(600)$ presence in $\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$ Dalitz plot

PLB634(2006)148
EPJC49(2007)473
NPB(PS)186(2009)290
PLB681(2009)5

- $\phi \rightarrow (f_0/a_0)\gamma \rightarrow \text{K}^0\bar{\text{K}}^0\gamma$

$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \text{K}^0\bar{\text{K}}^0\gamma) < 1.8 \times 10^{-8}$
@ 90% C.L.

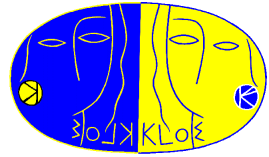
[PLB679(2009)10]

Parameter	$\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$	$\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$	$\eta\pi^0\gamma$
M_S (MeV)	983.7	$984.7 \pm 1.9_{\text{mod}}$	$982.5 \pm 1.6 \pm 1.1$
g_{SKK} (GeV)	4.74	$3.97 \pm 0.43_{\text{mod}}$	$2.15 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.06$
g_{SPP} (GeV)	-2.22	$-1.82 \pm 0.19_{\text{mod}}$	$2.82 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$
$g_{\text{SKK}}^2 / g_{\text{SPP}}^2$	~ 4.6	~ 4.8	~ 0.6

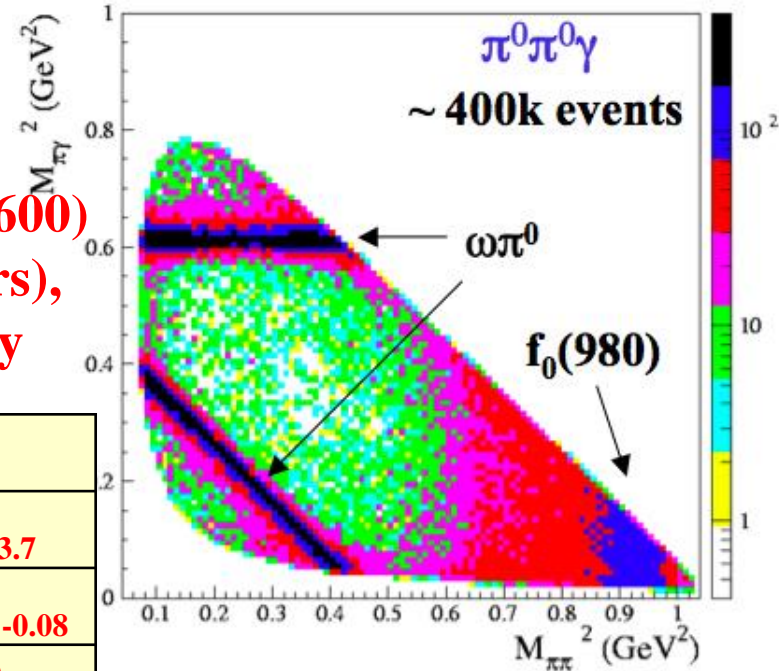
• KLOE-2:

- $O(10 \text{ fb}^{-1}) \Rightarrow$ sensitivity to $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \text{KK}\gamma) \rightarrow \sim 10^{-8}$
with IT \Rightarrow “ $\sim 0.5 \times 10^{-8} \Rightarrow$ first observation possible
- contributions of $f_0(980), a_0(980), \sigma(600)$ exchanges in $\eta' \rightarrow \eta\pi\pi$ decays [Fariborz-Schechter PRD60(1999)034002]
- $a_0(980)$ parameters can be improved

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma: f_0(980)$



- Data sample: $450 \text{ pb}^{-1} \Rightarrow \sim 4 \times 10^5$ events
- Two contributions: $\phi \rightarrow S\gamma$ and $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$
- Dalitz plot fit: Kaon Loop with $f_0(980)$ and $\sigma(600)$ (σ with fixed parameters), “No structure” with $f_0(980)$ only

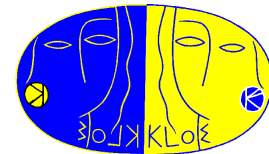


$f_0(980)$ param.	KL model	NS model
M_{f_0} (MeV)	$976.8 \pm 0.3^{+10.1}_{-0.6}$	$984.7 \pm 0.4^{+2.4}_{-3.7}$
$g_{\phi\gamma}$ (GeV ⁻¹)	$2.78^{+0.02}_{-0.05}{}^{+1.32}_{-0.05}$	$2.61 \pm 0.02^{+0.31}_{-0.08}$
$g_{f\pi^+\pi^-}$ (GeV)	$-1.43 \pm 0.01^{+0.03}_{-0.60}$	$1.31 \pm 0.01^{+0.09}_{-0.03}$
$g_{fK^+K^-}$ (GeV)	$3.76 \pm 0.04^{+1.17}_{-0.49}$	$0.40 \pm 0.04^{+0.62}_{-0.29}$
$(g_{fK^+K^-}/g_{f\pi^+\pi^-})^2$	~ 6.9	~ 0.09
$P(\chi^2)$	14.5 %	4.2 %

$\sigma(600)$ fixed parameters :
 [Achasov,Kiselev,PRD73(2006)054029]
 $M_\sigma=462 \text{ MeV}; \Gamma_\sigma=286 \text{ MeV}$
 $g_{\sigma K^+K^-}=0.5 \text{ GeV}$
 $g_{\sigma\pi^+\pi^-}=2.4 \text{ GeV}$

- KL fit without $\sigma(600) \Rightarrow P(\chi^2) \rightarrow 10^{-4}$

$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow S\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma) = (1.07^{+0.01}_{-0.03(\text{fit})}{}^{+0.04}_{-0.02(\text{syst})}{}^{+0.05}_{-0.06(\text{mod})}) \times 10^{-4}$$



$f_0(980)$ parameters

- Fit the $\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$ Dalitz plot and the $M(\pi^+\pi^-)$ distribution with the same scalar amplitude (with $\sigma(600)$ with fixed parameters)
- Latest version of the Kaon Loop model [N.Achasov]

$\sigma(600)$ fixed parameters :
 $M_\sigma=462$ MeV; $\Gamma_\sigma=286$ MeV
 $g_{\sigma K+K^-}=0.5$ GeV
 $g_{\sigma\pi^+\pi^-}=2.4$ GeV
 Achasov,Kiselev,PRD73(2006)054029

$f_0(980)$ param.	$f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$	$f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
M_{f_0} (MeV)	984.7	983.7
$g_{f_0\pi^+\pi^-}$ (GeV)	-1.82	-2.22
$g_{f_0K+K^-}$ (GeV)	3.97	4.74
$R=(g_{f_0K+K^-}/g_{f_0\pi^+\pi^-})^2$	~ 4.8	~ 4.6

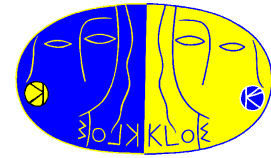
- Agreement between the two channels
- Next: combined fit

	$f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$	$f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
$g_{\phi f_0\gamma}$ (GeV ⁻¹)	$2.61 \pm 0.02^{+0.31}_{-0.08}$	1.2 – 2.0

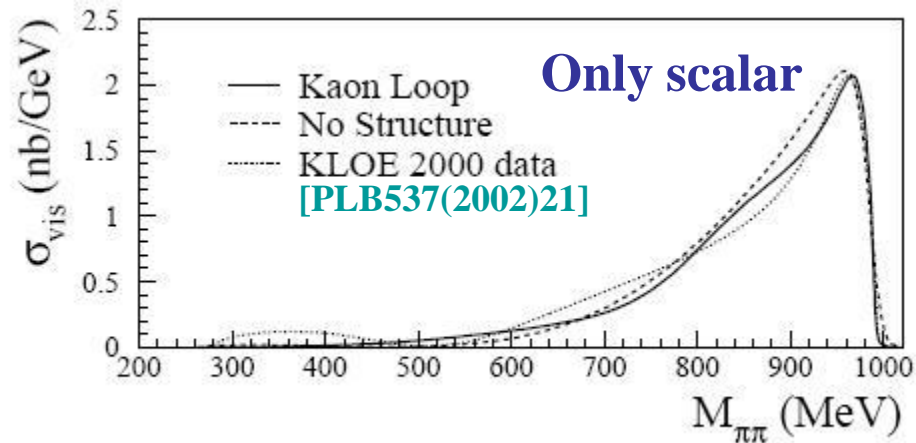
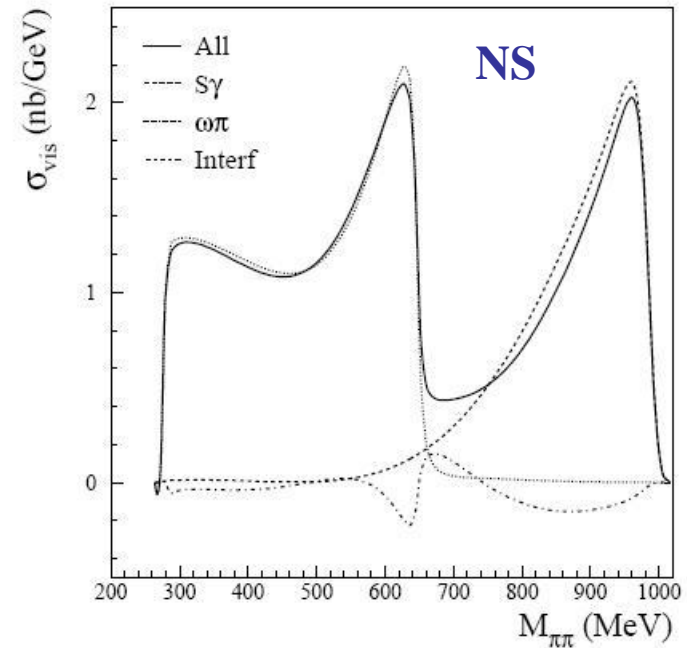
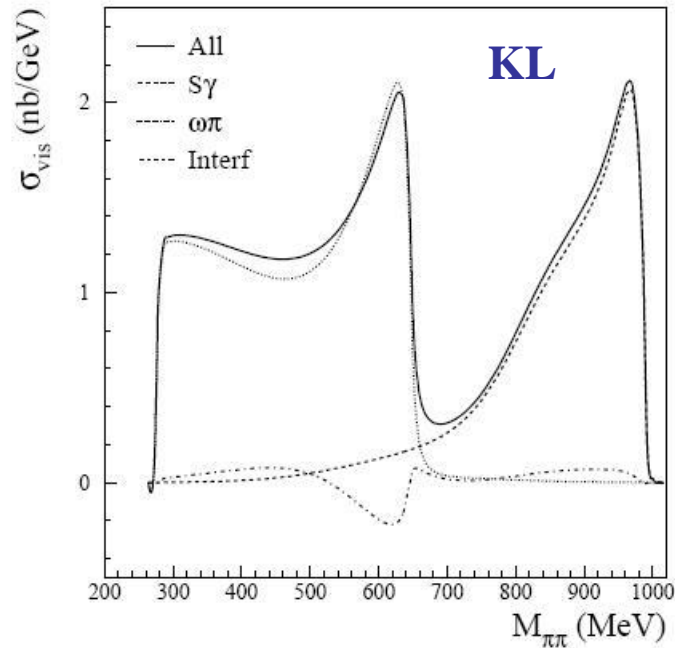
- $g_{\phi f_0\gamma}$ from fit to No Structure model (point-like coupling $\phi f_0\gamma$)

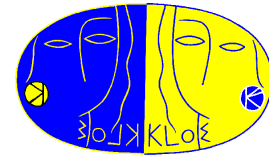
[G.Isidori, L.Maiani et al., JHEP0605(2006)049]

Fit results



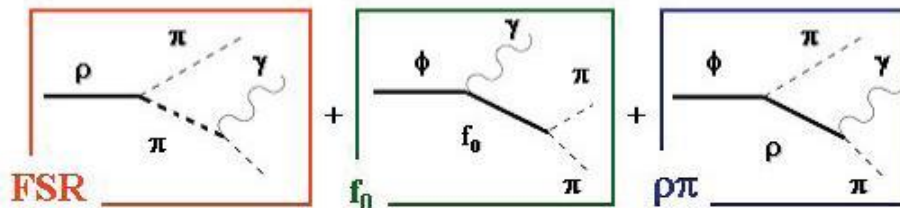
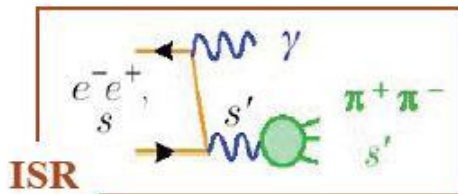
Scalar + $\omega\pi^0$





$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$$

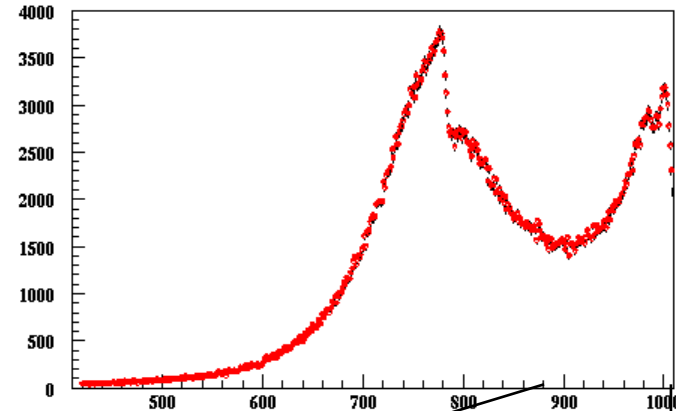
• Main contributions



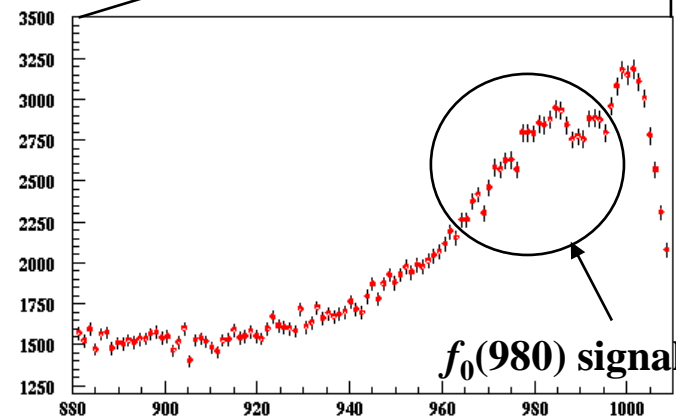
• **Event selection:** 2 charged tracks and missing momentum at large angle ($\vartheta > 45^\circ$) + photon matching missing energy and momentum

• **Data sample:** 350 pb^{-1} at ϕ peak
 $\Rightarrow 6.7 \times 10^5$ events selected

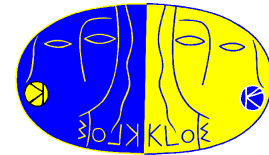
Events/1.2 MeV



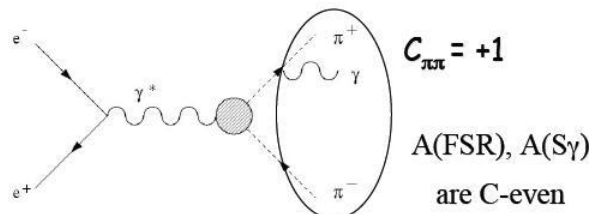
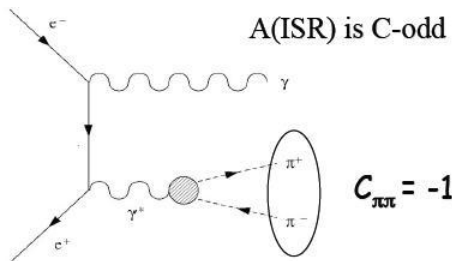
$M(\pi\pi)$ (MeV)



$M(\pi\pi)$ (MeV)



F-B asymmetry

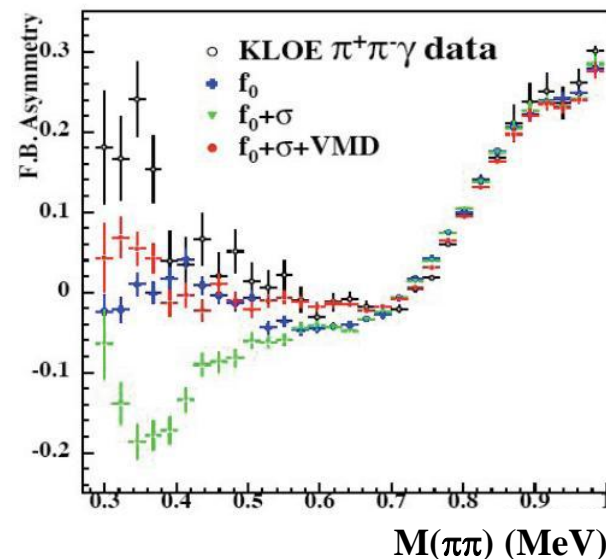


$$A_{FB} = \frac{N(\vartheta_+ > 90^\circ) - N(\vartheta_+ < 90^\circ)}{N(\vartheta_+ > 90^\circ) + N(\vartheta_+ < 90^\circ)}$$

- $f_0(980)$ evidence at $M(\pi\pi) \approx 980$ MeV

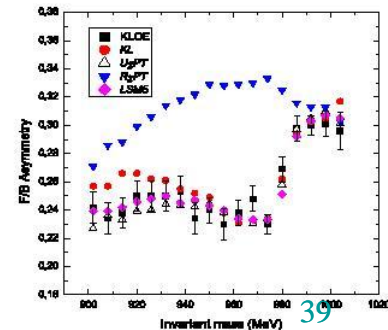
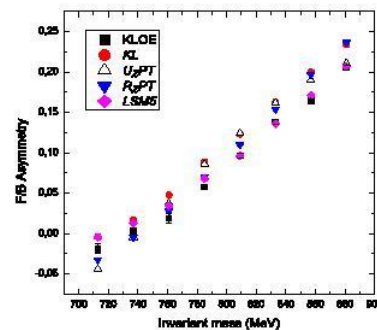
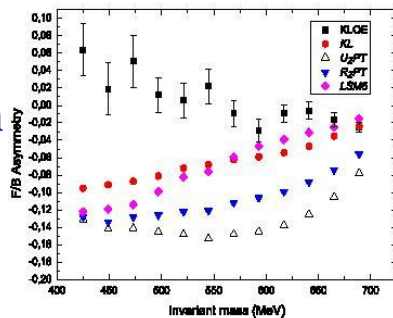
- Simulation with f_0 and σ parameters from $\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$ analysis

[Pancheri, Shekhovtsova
Venanzoni, arXiv0706.3027]

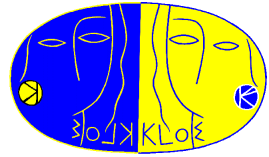


- Recent analysis by A.Gallegos et al. [arXiv:0908]: comparison of KLOE data with 4 different models: KL, R_χ PT, U_χ PT and $L\sigma$ M

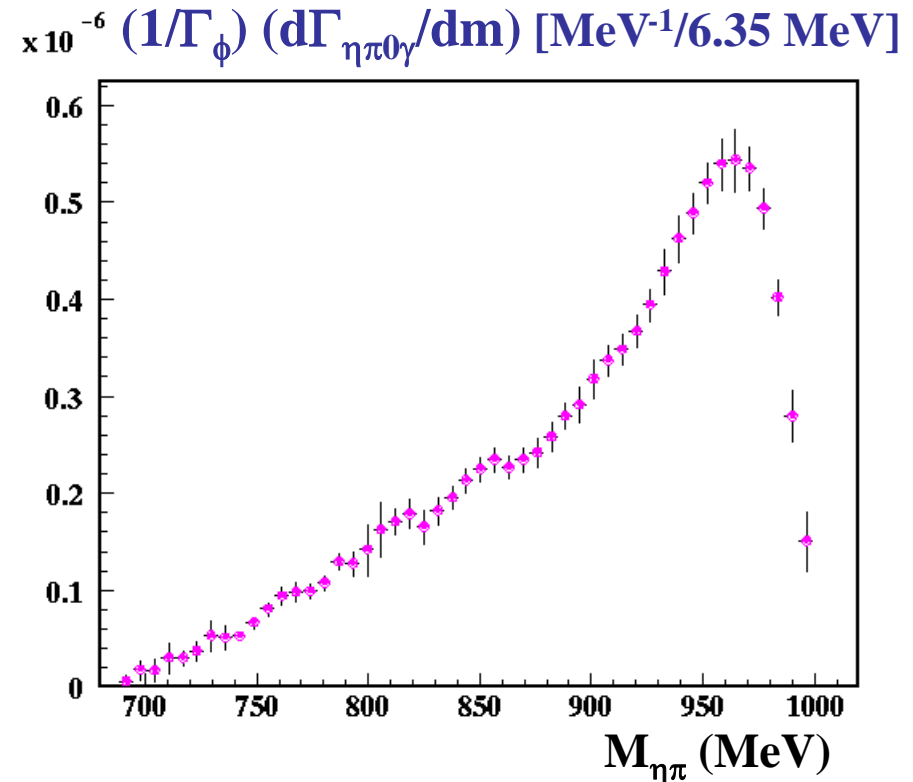
P.Gauzzi



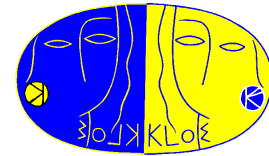
Unfolded $M_{\eta\pi}$ distribution



- To allow better comparison with other experimental results and theoretical models \Rightarrow unfolding procedure to correct data for detector and resolution effects
- Bayesian unfolding
(avoids smearing matrix inversion)
[G.D'Agostini, NIM A362 (1995), 487]
- Average of the two $M_{\eta\pi}$ distributions



$\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma: a_0(980)$



1) $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ (Br=38.31%) \Rightarrow 5 photon final state

Total background = 55%

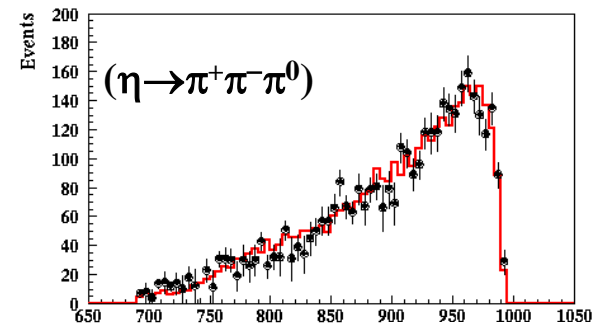
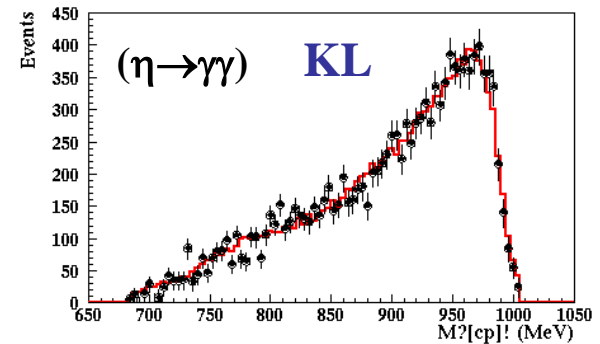
$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (7.01 \pm 0.10_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.20_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-5}$$

2) $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (Br=22.73%) \Rightarrow 5 γ + 2 tracks

Total background = 15%

$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (7.12 \pm 0.13_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.22_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-5}$$

- Combined fit of the two $M(\eta \pi^0)$ distributions
 \Rightarrow Free parameter: $R_\eta = \text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma) / \text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$

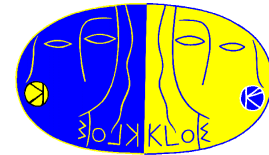


[PLB681(2009),5] $M_{\eta\pi}$ (MeV)

	KL	NS
M_{a_0} (MeV)	$982.5 \pm 1.6 \pm 1.1$	982.5 (fixed)
$g_{a_{K+K^-}}$ (GeV)	$2.15 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.06$	$2.01 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.28$
$g_{a_{\eta\pi}}$ (GeV)	$2.82 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$	$2.46 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.11$
$g_{\phi a_\gamma}$ (GeV ⁻¹)	$1.58 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.16$	$1.83 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.08$
$\text{Br}(\text{VDM}) \times 10^6$	$0.92 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.15$	~ 0
R_η	$1.70 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.03$	$1.70 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$
$R = (g_{a_{K+K^-}} / g_{a_{\eta\pi}})^2$	$0.58 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$	$0.67 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.13$
$P(\chi^2)$	10.4%	30.9%

- M_{a_0} PDG: 985.1 MeV- Belle: $982.3^{+3.2}_{-4.8}$ MeV
- $\Gamma_{\text{tot}}(a_0) = 80 - 105$ MeV
- (PDG: 50-100 MeV, Belle: $76.5^{+17.5}_{-10.1}$ MeV)
- VDM very small
- PDG $\Rightarrow R_\eta = 1.73 \pm 0.04$

a_0 and f_0 couplings

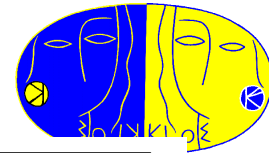


		SU(3)		
		4q	qqbar	
$(g_{a_0 K^+ K^-} / g_{a_0 \eta \pi})^2$	0.6 – 0.7	1.2 – 1.7	0.4	
	Crystal Barrel: 0.525 ± 0.043			
	SND (2000) : 1.8 ± 2.5			
$(g_{f_0 K^+ K^-} / g_{f_0 \pi^+ \pi^-})^2$	4.6 – 4.8	$\gg 1$	$\gg 1$ ($f_0 = s\bar{s}$)	1/4 ($f_0 = n\bar{n}$)
	CMD-2 (1999) : 3.61 ± 0.62			
	SND (2000) : 4.6 ± 0.8			
	BES (2005) : 4.21 ± 0.33			
$(g_{f_0 K^+ K^-} / g_{a_0 K^+ K^-})^2$	4 – 5	1	2	1

• Large $g_{\phi S \gamma} \Rightarrow$ sizeable s quark content ?

Meson	$g_{\phi M \gamma}$ (GeV ⁻¹)
π^0	0.13
η	0.71
η'	0.75
$a_0(980)$	1.6 – 1.8
$f_0(980)$	1.2 – 2.8

$$\phi \rightarrow (f_0/a_0)\gamma \rightarrow K^0\bar{K}^0\gamma$$

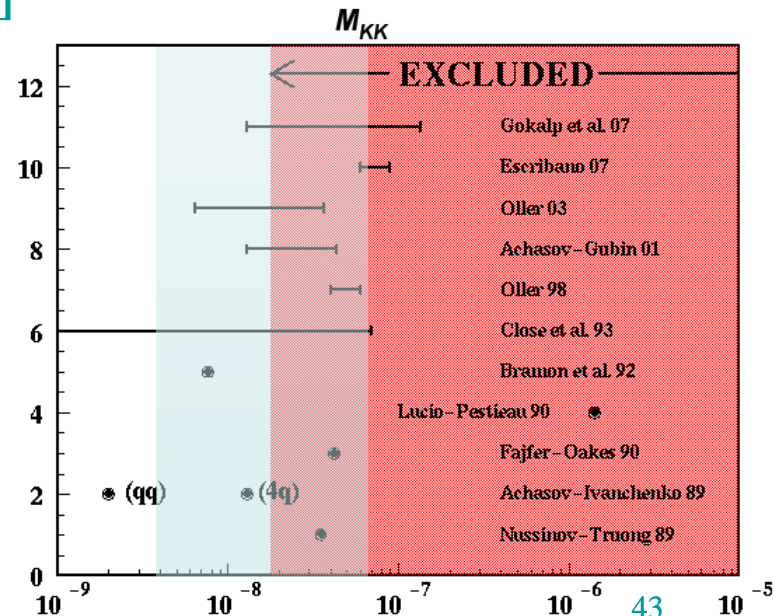
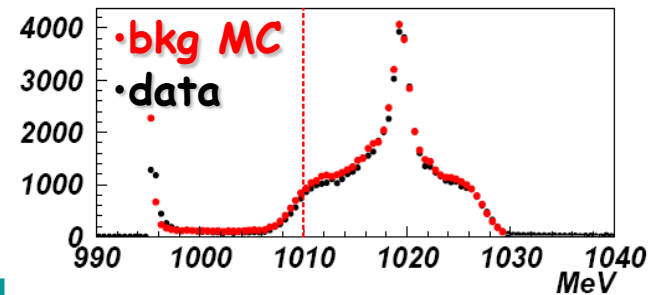
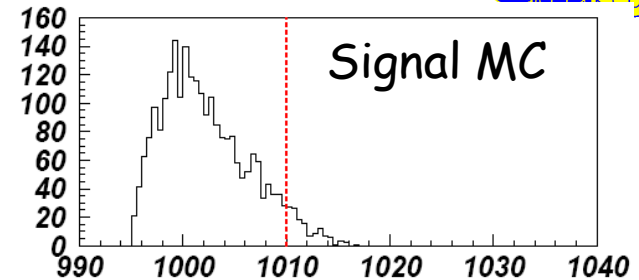


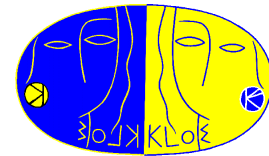
- $K^0\bar{K}^0$ with scalar quantum numbers ($J^{PC}=0^{++}$)
- Small phase space ($2M_K \leq M_{KK} \leq M_\phi$)
 \Rightarrow small Br expected ($10^{-9} - 10^{-7}$)
- “Golden channel” $\phi \rightarrow K_S K_S \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$
- Analyzed sample: 2.18 fb^{-1}
- 5 events in data and 3.2 background events (MC)
 $(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- (\gamma))$ from $\phi \rightarrow K_S K_L$ and from continuum

$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow K^0\bar{K}^0\gamma) < 1.9 \times 10^{-8} \text{ @ 90\% C.L.}$$

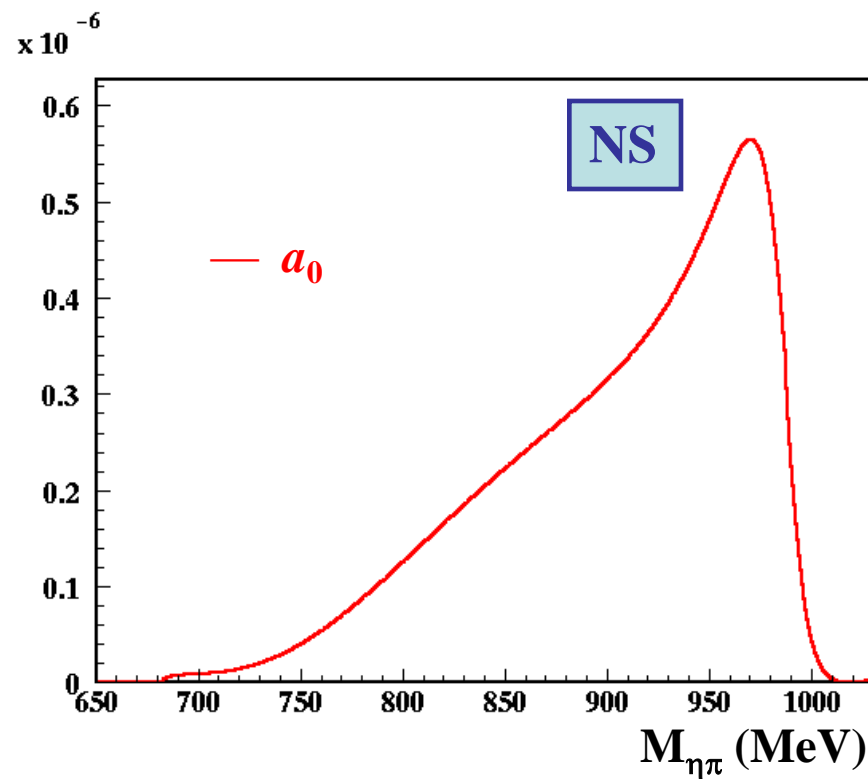
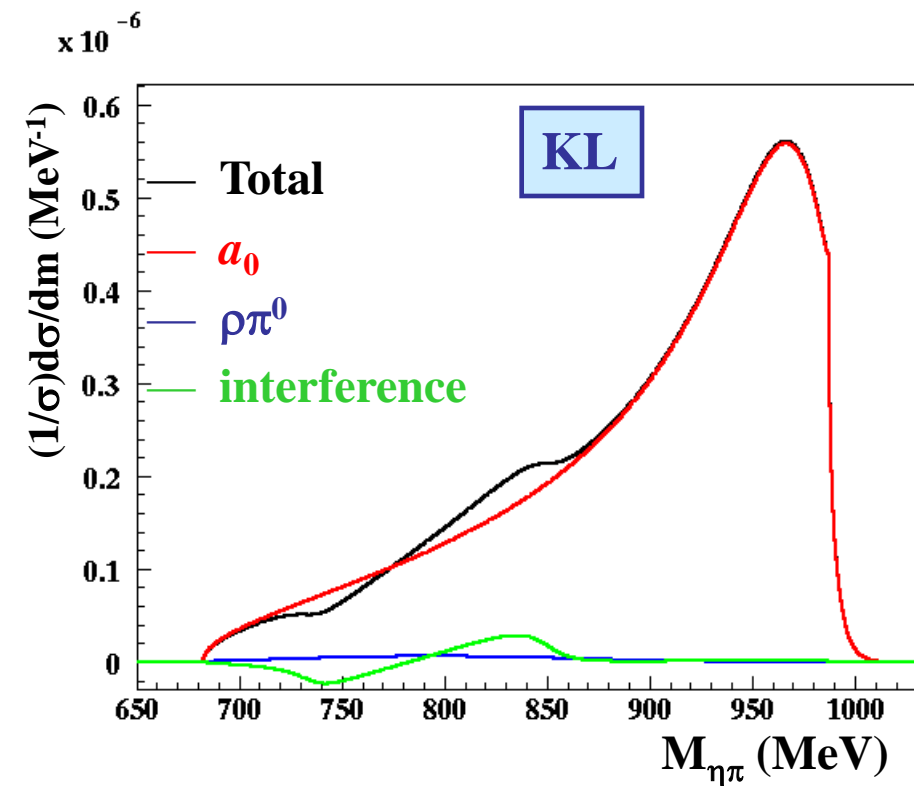
[PLB679(2009),10]

- Consistency check: using the KLOE couplings from $\phi \rightarrow \pi\pi\gamma$, $\eta\pi^0\gamma$ in the Kaon Loop model
 $\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow K^0\bar{K}^0\gamma) = 4 \times 10^{-9} - 6.8 \times 10^{-8}$
- KLOE-2 sensitivity
 (with Inner Tracker) $\Rightarrow 0.5 \times 10^{-8}$
 \Rightarrow First observation possible

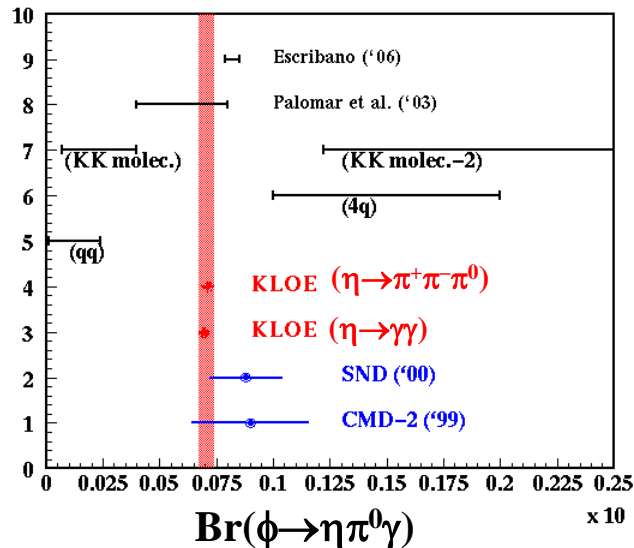
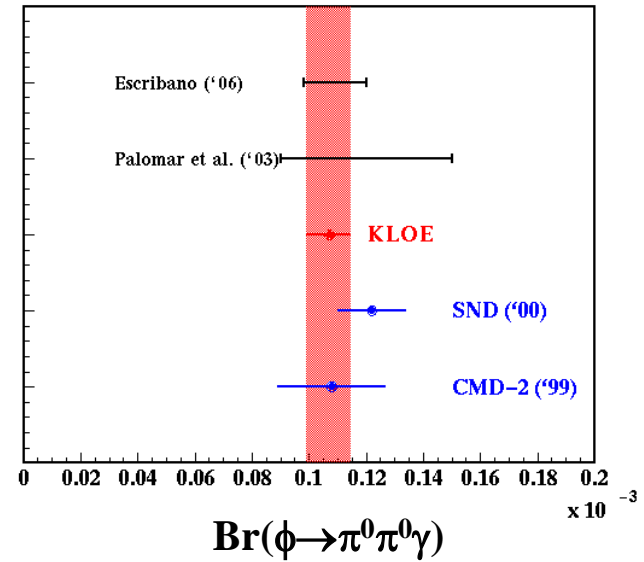
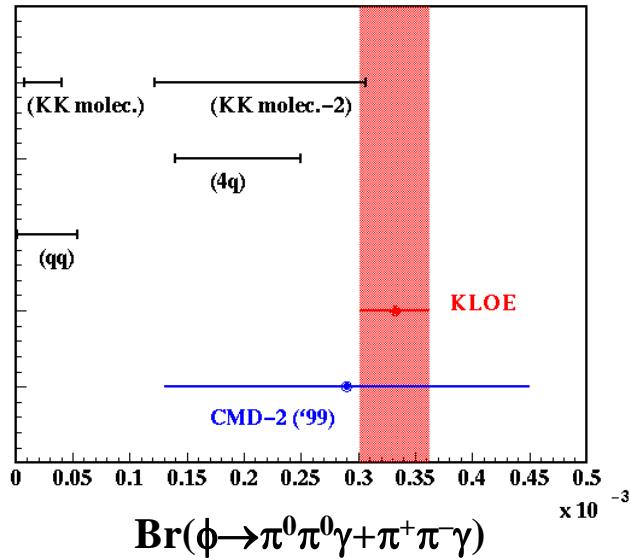
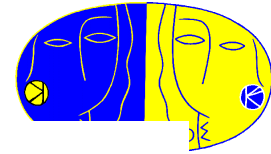




$a_0(980)$ shape

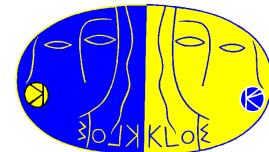


Branching ratios



qq: Achasov-Ivanchenko NPB315(1989)
 Close et al., NPB389(1993)
 4q: Achasov-Ivanchenko NPB315(1989)
 KK molec.: Close et al., NPB389(1993)
 Achasov et al., PRD56(1997)
 KK molec.-2: Kalashnikova et al., EPJA24(2005)
 Palomar et al., NPA729(2003): $U\chi\text{PT}$
 Escribano, PRD74(2006): Linear σ model

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$

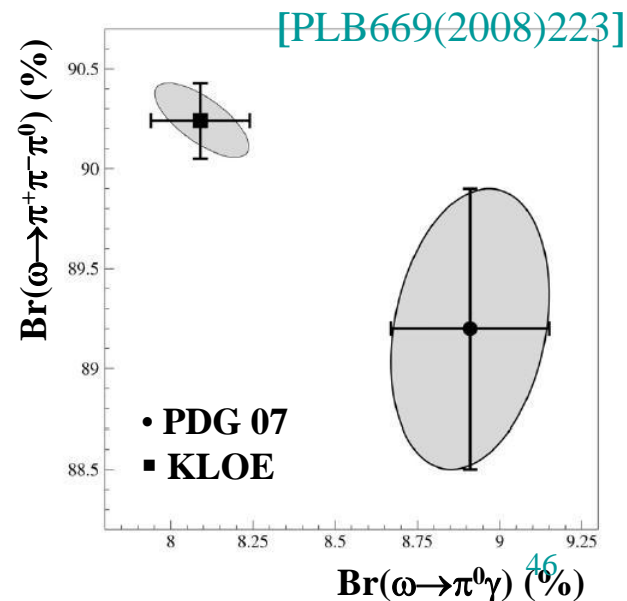
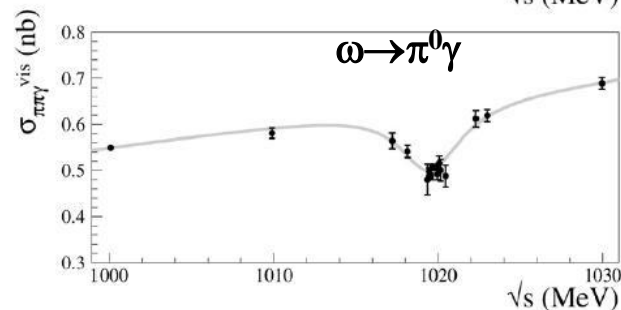
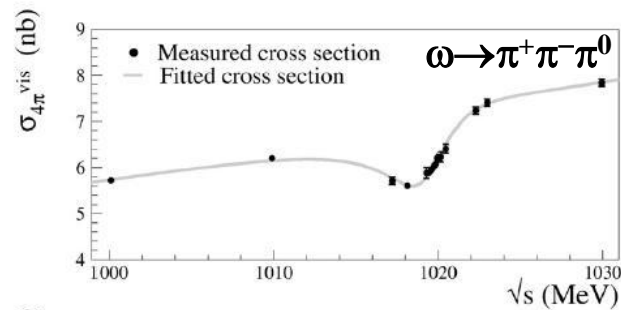


- 600 pb⁻¹ with 1000 < √s < 1030 MeV
- Interference with $\phi \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$ (OZI and G-parity viol.)

$$\sigma_{\text{vis}}(\sqrt{s}) = \sigma_{\text{nr}}(\sqrt{s}) \left(1 - Z \frac{M_\phi \Gamma_\phi}{D_\phi(\sqrt{s})} \right)$$

$$\sigma_{\text{nr}}(\sqrt{s}) = \sigma_0 + \sigma' \cdot (\sqrt{s} - M_\phi)$$

Parameter	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
σ_0 [nb]	$7.89 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.07$	$0.724 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.003$
$\text{Re}(Z)$	$0.106 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.004$	$0.011 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.006$
$\text{Im}(Z)$	$-0.103 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.003$	$-0.154 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.004$
σ' [nb/MeV]	$0.064 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.001$	$0.0053 \pm 0.0005 \pm 0.0002$



- From $\sigma_0(\pi^0\gamma)/\sigma_0(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$ (with rare Br's from PDG)

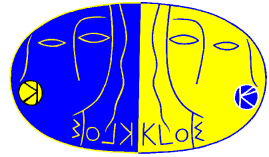
$$\text{Br}(\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) = (90.24 \pm 0.19)\%$$

$$\text{Br}(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma) = (8.09 \pm 0.14)\% \quad (\sim 3 \sigma \text{ from PDG})$$

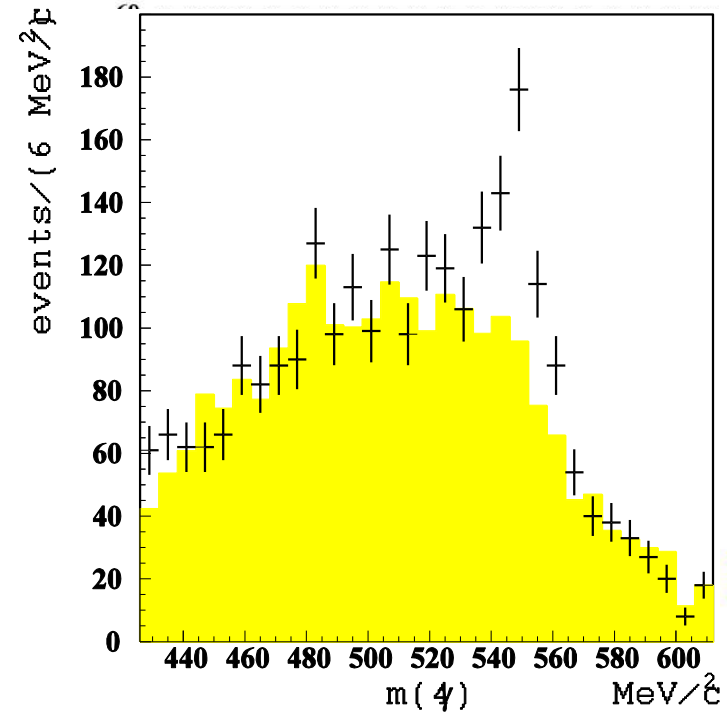
$$(8.92 \pm 0.24)\%$$

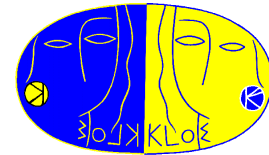
$$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \omega\pi^0) = (4.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-5}$$

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$



- χ PT: $O(p^2) \propto Q = 0$;
 $O(p^4)$ @ tree level = 0; $O(p^4)$ @ 1 loop suppressed by G-parity
 $\Rightarrow O(p^6)$ test
- Recent measurements $\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma)$: $(7.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$ GAMS (1984)
 $< 8.4 \times 10^{-4}$ @ 90% C.L. SND (2001)
 $(22.4 \pm 4.6 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-5}$ Crystal Ball@MAMI(2007)
 $(22.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 3.8) \times 10^{-5}$ Crystal Ball@AGS (reanalysis)
- KLOE $\Rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$
- Backg.: (1) 5γ processes: $\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma, f_0 \gamma$;
 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$ ($\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$)
(2) $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$
- $L \approx 450 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
 $\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = (8.4 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-5}$
- $1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1} \Rightarrow$





Mixing η/η'

- $\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma$; $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ } Final state: $\pi^+ \pi^- + 7 \gamma$
- $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ }
 $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \pi^0$; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

$$L = 427 \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

$$N_{\eta' \gamma} = 3407 \pm 61 \pm 43 \text{ ev.}$$

$$N_{\eta \gamma} = 16.7 \times 10^6 \text{ ev.}$$

$$R = \frac{\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma)}{\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma)} = (4.77 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-3}$$

Inv.mass of $\pi^+ \pi^- + 6 \gamma$ out of 7

[systematics dominated by $\delta \text{Br}(\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi \pi) = 3\%$]

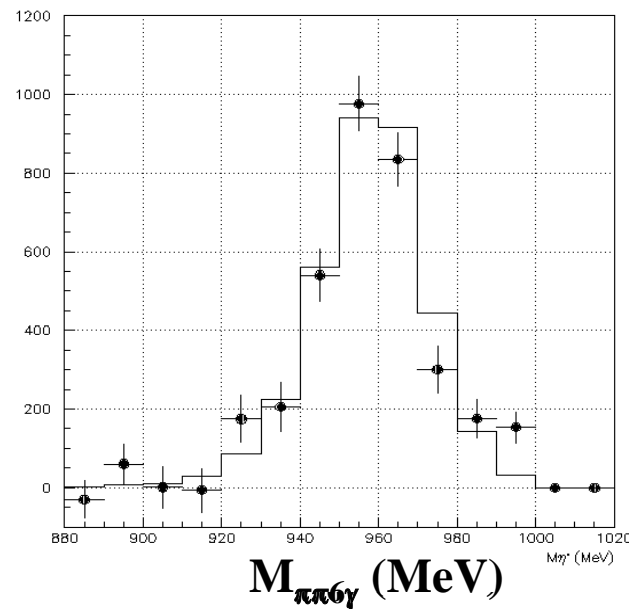
$$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma) = (6.20 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-5}$$

- Pseudoscalar mixing angle: $(|q\bar{q}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|u\bar{u}\rangle + |d\bar{d}\rangle))$

$$\eta = \cos \varphi_P |q\bar{q}\rangle - \sin \varphi_P |s\bar{s}\rangle$$

$$\eta' = \sin \varphi_P |q\bar{q}\rangle + \cos \varphi_P |s\bar{s}\rangle$$

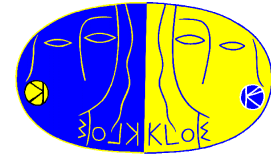
$$R = \cot^2 \varphi_P \left(1 - \frac{m_s}{\bar{m}} \cdot \frac{C_{NS}}{C_S} \cdot \frac{\tan \varphi_V}{\sin 2\varphi_P} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{p_{\eta'}}{p_{\eta}} \right)^3$$



[PLB648(2007)267]

$$\varphi_P = (41.4 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.9)^\circ \Rightarrow \vartheta_P = (-13.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.9)^\circ$$

η' gluonium content



$$\eta' = X_{\eta'} |q\bar{q}\rangle + Y_{\eta'} |s\bar{s}\rangle + Z_{\eta'} |G\rangle \quad \text{New fit:} \quad R = \cot^2 \varphi_P \cos^2 \varphi_G \left(1 - \frac{m_s}{\bar{m}} \cdot \frac{C_{NS}}{C_S} \cdot \frac{\tan \varphi_V}{\sin 2 \varphi_P} \right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{p_{\eta'}}{p_{\eta}} \right)^3$$

$$X_{\eta'} = \cos \varphi_G \sin \varphi_P$$

$$Y_{\eta'} = \cos \varphi_G \cos \varphi_P$$

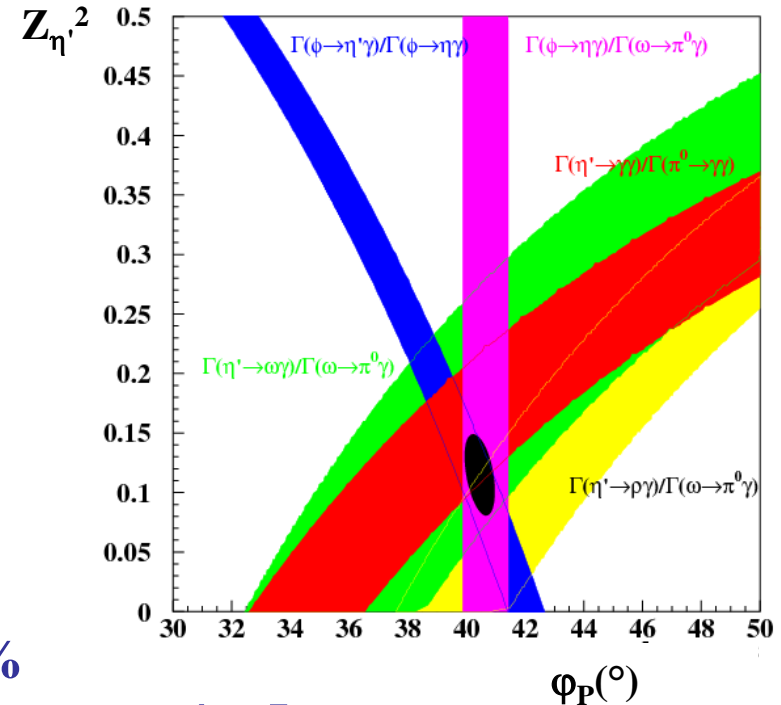
$$Z_{\eta'} = \sin \varphi_G$$

[Rosner PRD27(1983) 1101,
Kou PRD63(2001)54027]

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \frac{\Gamma(\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{\Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}, \frac{\Gamma(\eta' \rightarrow \rho\gamma)}{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}, \frac{\Gamma(\eta' \rightarrow \omega\gamma)}{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}, \frac{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \eta\gamma)}{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}, \\ & \frac{\Gamma(\rho \rightarrow \eta\gamma)}{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}, \frac{\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma)}{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}, \frac{\Gamma(\phi \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}{\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma)}, \frac{\Gamma(K^{*+} \rightarrow K^+\gamma)}{\Gamma(K^{*0} \rightarrow K^0\gamma)} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{PDG08+}$$

KLOE
 $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$

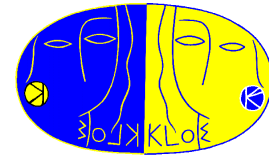
	New fit	PLB648
$Z_{\eta'}^2$	0.12 ± 0.04	0.14 ± 0.04
φ_P (deg.)	40.4 ± 0.6	39.7 ± 0.7
C_{NS}	0.94 ± 0.03	0.91 ± 0.05
C_S	0.83 ± 0.05	0.89 ± 0.07
φ_V (deg.)	3.32 ± 0.10	3.2
m_s/m	1.24 ± 0.07	1.24 ± 0.07
χ^2/ndf	4.6/3	1.42 / 2
$P(\chi^2)$	20%	49%



KLOE-2: by measuring the main η' Br's @ 1%

\Rightarrow statistical significance of $Z_{\eta'}^2$ will increase to 4 – 5 σ

[JHEP07(2009)105]



$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

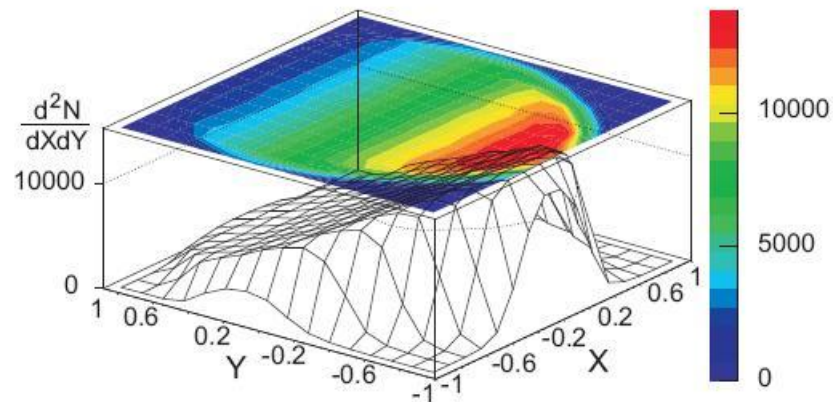
• $\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$ decay \Rightarrow Isospin violation $L_I = -\frac{1}{2}(m_u - m_d)(\bar{u}u - \bar{d}d)$

$\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma; \eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 \Rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + 3\gamma$ ($E_{\gamma\text{rec}} = 363$ MeV)
 $450 \text{ pb}^{-1} \Rightarrow 1.34 \times 10^6$ events in the Dalitz plot

$$X = \sqrt{3} \frac{E_+ - E_-}{Q}; Y = 3 \frac{E_0 - m_0}{Q}$$

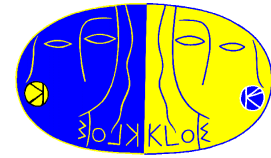
$$(Q = m_\eta - 2m_{\pi^\pm} - m_{\pi^0})$$

$$|A(X,Y)|^2 = 1 + aY + bY^2 + cX + dX^2 + eXY + fY^3$$



a	$-1.090 \pm 0.005^{+0.008}_{-0.019}$
b	$0.124 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.010$
c	$0.002 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.001$
d	$0.057 \pm 0.006^{+0.007}_{-0.016}$
e	$-0.006 \pm 0.007^{+0.005}_{-0.003}$
f	$0.14 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02$
$P(\chi^2)$	73%

- c, e compatible with zero (C violation)
- fit without cubic term (fY^3) $\Rightarrow P(\chi^2) \sim 10^{-6}$



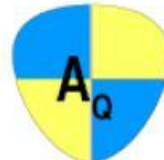
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

- Asymmetries \Leftrightarrow C violation



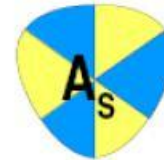
Left-right asymmetry (*c, e* parameters)

$$A_{LR} = (9 \pm 10_{-14}^{+9}) \times 10^{-4}$$



Quadrant asymmetry: \cancel{C} in $\Delta I = 2$

$$A_Q = (-5 \pm 10_{-5}^{+3}) \times 10^{-4}$$



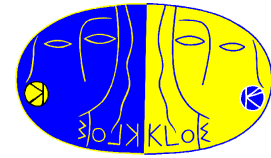
Sextant asymmetry: \cancel{C} in $\Delta I = 1$

$$A_S = (8 \pm 10_{-13}^{+8}) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{PDG'06} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} A_{LR} &= (9 \pm 17) \times 10^{-4} \\ A_Q &= (-17 \pm 17) \times 10^{-4} \\ A_S &= (18 \pm 16) \times 10^{-4} \end{aligned}$$

- All asymmetries compatible with zero at 10^{-3} level

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$: fit procedure



The fit is done using a binned likelihood approach

We obtain an estimate of α by minimizing

$$-\sum_i n_i \log(v_i(\alpha))$$

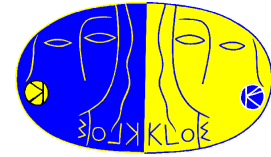
Where:

n_i = reconstructed events

v_i = for each MC event (according pure phase space):

- ✓ Evaluate its z_{true} and its z_{rec} (if any!)
- ✓ Enter an histogram with the value of z_{rec}
- ✓ Weight the entry with $1 + 2 \alpha z_{\text{true}}$
- ✓ Weight the event with the fraction of combinatorial background, for the signal (bkg) if it has correct (wrong) pairing

Dark Matter search

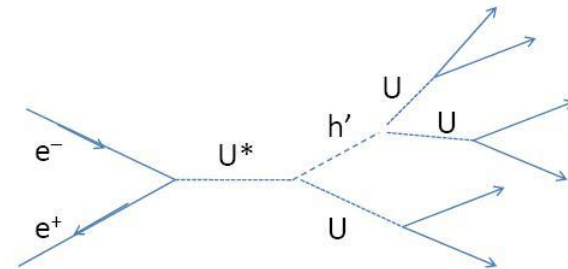
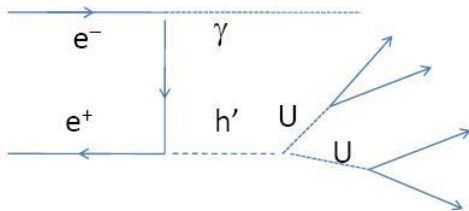


- Recent unexpected astrophysical observations (PAMELA, ATIC, INTEGRAL, DAMA/LIBRA) can be interpreted by assuming the existence of a low mass [$O(1 \text{ GeV})$] dark matter sector that interacts with SM particles through a mixing of a new gauge field, U , with hypercharge

[Essig et al., arXiv:0903.3941]

- Possible signatures:

- if $m_U < M_\Phi \Rightarrow e^+e^- \rightarrow U\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma \Rightarrow$ resonances in $\ell^+\ell^-$ invariant mass
- if there is a Higgs-like particle (h') in the dark sector, with $m_{h'} < M_\Phi$
higgs'-strahlung $e^+e^- \rightarrow U^* \rightarrow Uh'$, with $U \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$
two leptons + missing energy (h' undetected)
- if $m_{h'} < 2 m_U \Rightarrow$ multilepton events



- If mixing parameter $k \rightarrow 10^{-2} - 10^{-3} \Rightarrow \sigma \sim 1 \text{ pb}$ (observable at KLOE-2)