

LS2 Activities and Outlook for the Future

Richard Catherall EN-STI-RBS

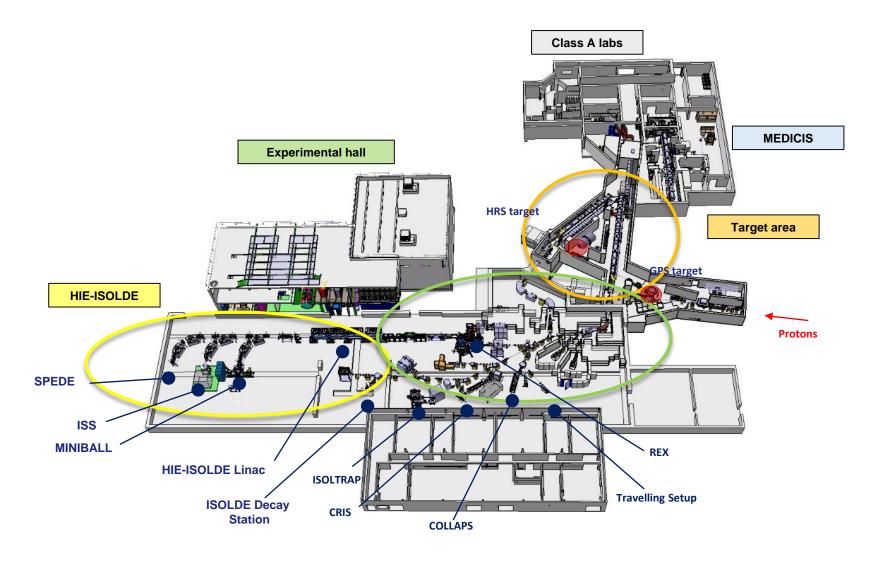
ISOLDE Technical Coordinator

ISOLDE workshop 5th – 7th December 2018



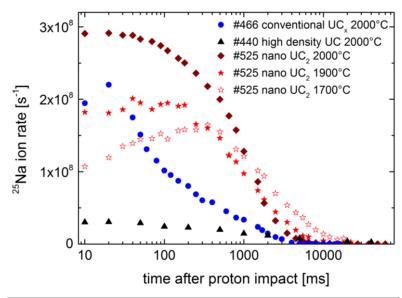
The ISOLDE Facility

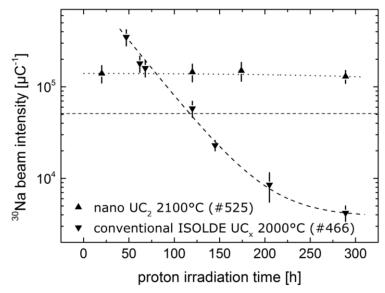
- Nano-lab
- Medicis operation
- New Frontends
- HT modulator
- Fast tape station
- Beam diagnostics
- Services
- Planning



Nano Uranium Carbide Online at ISOLDE







isotope	half life	yield [μC ⁻¹]
⁸ Li ¹	840 ms	2.8·10 ⁷
⁹ Li ¹	178 ms	1.9·10 ⁷
²⁵ Na ^{1,5}	59.6 s	2.8·10 ⁹
²⁶ Na ^{1,5}	1.07 s	9.2·10 ⁸
³⁰ Na ²	48 ms	1.4·10 ⁵
⁴⁶ K ^{1,4}	115 s	3.9-108
⁵⁰ K ^{1,2,4}	472 ms	8.6·10 ⁴
⁵⁰ Ca ²	13.9 s	6.8·10 ⁴
⁴¹ Sc ^{1,5}	596 ms	1.1·10 ⁵
⁶⁸ Cu ^{2,7}	30 s	9.6·10 ⁸
^{68m} Cu ^{1,7}	3.8 min	3.4·10 ⁸
⁷⁶ Ga ²	32.6 s	2.9·10 ⁷
⁸¹ Ga ²	1.22 s	1.1·10 ⁶
^{81m} Rb ²	30.3 min	2.2·10 ⁷
⁸⁸ Rb ^{1,4}	17.8 min	8.0·10 ⁹
⁹³ Rb ^{1,4}	5.84 s	2.6·10 ⁸
⁹⁶ Rb ^{1,5}	199 ms	1.5⋅10 ⁷
¹¹⁴ Ag ^{2,8}	4.5 s	1.4·10 ²
^{116m} Ag ^{2,8}	8.2 s	9.0·10 ²
¹¹⁷ Ag ^{2,8}	72.8 s	1.6·10 ³
¹¹⁸ Ag ^{2,8}	3.7 s	6.2·10 ⁴
¹²⁰ Ag ^{2,8}	1.17 s	2.3·10 ⁴
¹²² Ag ^{2,8}	0.52 s	≤1.3·10 ³
¹³² ln ^{1,2}	0.20 s	1.7·10⁴
¹³⁹ Cs ^{1,4}	9.3 min	2.6·10 ⁹
¹⁴² Cs ¹	1.68 s	1.1·10 ⁹
¹⁴⁸ Cs ^{1,4}	158 ms	1.7·10⁴
²⁰⁷ Fr ³	0.148 s	8.5·10 ⁷
²³⁰ Fr ^{1,4}	0.596 s	7.1·10 ⁵
$A = 225^6$		1.1·10 ⁹

 1 assessed through β detection with release curve integration

²assessed through γ detection

 3 assessed with scintillator, assuming 50% α detection efficiency

⁴beam composition assessed through γ spectroscopy

⁵beam composition assessed through half-life measurement

⁶faraday cup measurement

⁷resonant laser ionized

⁸extracted in its 2+ state

⁹assuming 100% branching into investigated γ transition

Courtesy of A. Gottberg



Nano-UC₂-C

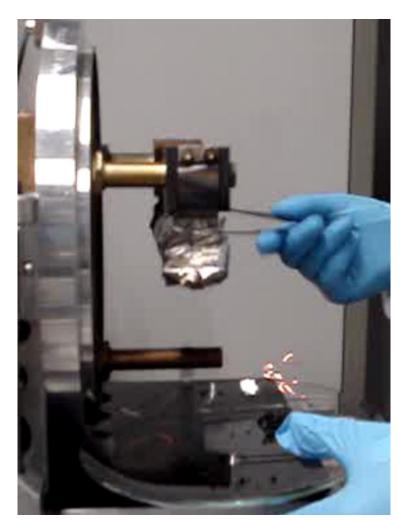
- Nano uranium carbide risks
 - pyrophoric in air
 - Nano material handling
 - ATEX
 - Radiological risks

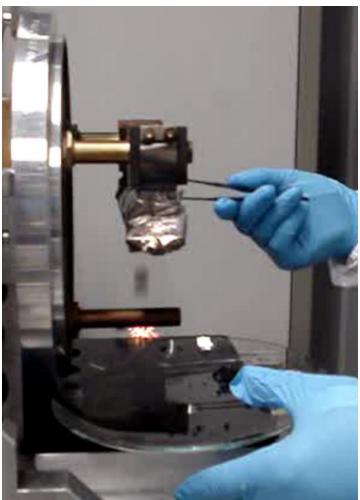








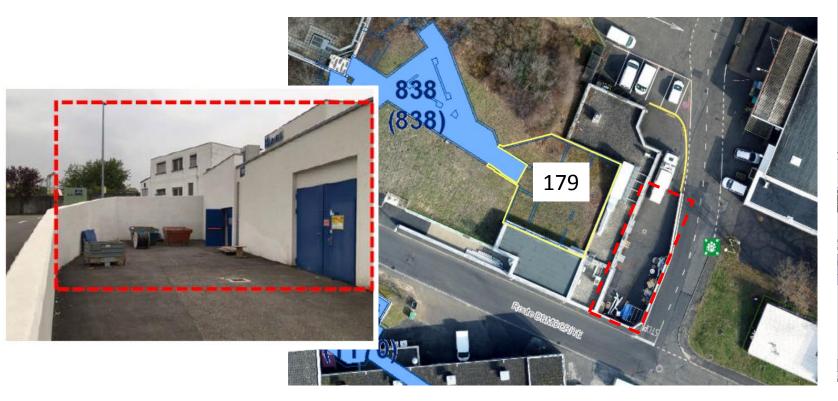


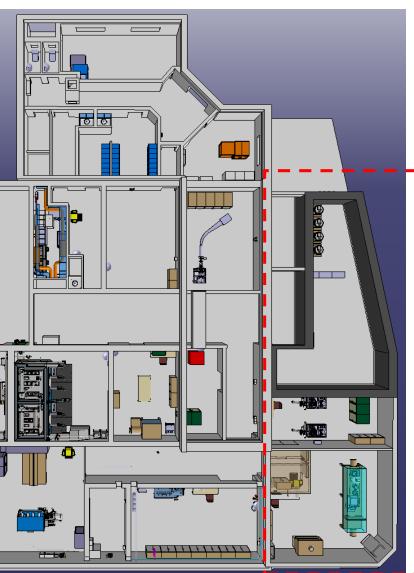




Nanolab

- A laboratory dedicated to the safe handling of nano-actinide materials
- Confinement for pyrophoric uranium carbide (spontaneous ignition in air at room temperature)
- Radioactive storage area for ISOLDE and MEDICIS
- Benefiting from the available infrastructure for Class A type radioactive laboratories
- Civil engineering work to start in October 2019, completion April 2021







Nano-lab Preliminary Schedule



- Launch of the design in October 2018
- Beginning of LS2 in November 2018 until January 2021
- Beginning of civil engineering works in September 2019
- Installation of the remaining infrastructure from November 2020 to the end of March 2021
- Commissioning of the extension April 2021

CERN- MEDICIS during LS2

2 months technical stop:

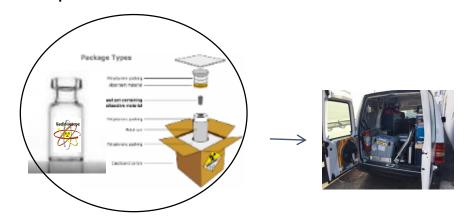
Set-up of radiochemistry laboratory, progress in laser ion source, Maintenance/Consolidation of beamline and remote handling

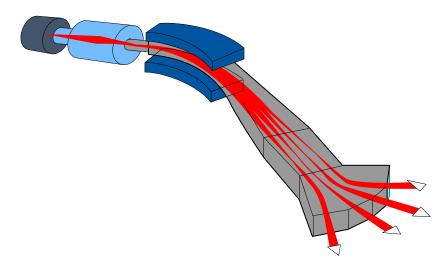
10 months operation:

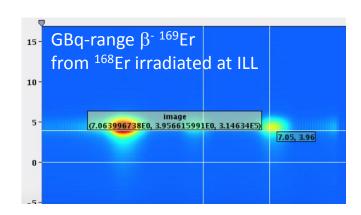
Facility restart with new parameters

Operation with imported isotope sources from ILL, Arronax, NMC-Riga

Distribution of purified isotopes to partner institutes





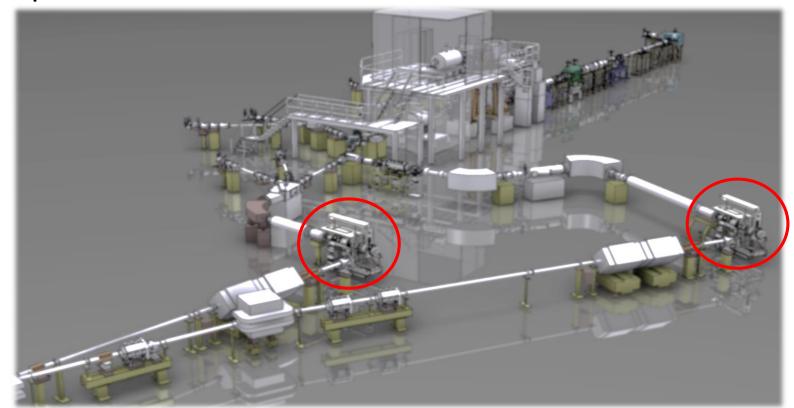


Non-medical projects (as approved by INTC/Research Board could be scheduled in the facility (eg isotope collections), provided it does not collide with the medical program



New Frontends (10 &11) for ISOLDE

- Replacement of the 2 ISOLDE target stations GPS and HRS that have come to the end of their lifetime
- Improvement of new Frontends for better reliability and maintainability.
- Installation September 2019 onwards



Frontends: Actual situation

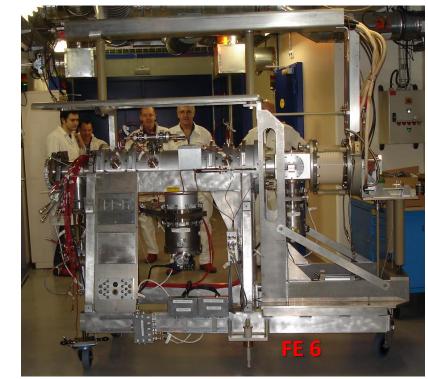
FE 6 was installed on **HRS** February 2010 (2010...2018 -> 9 years operation)

- Replacement of the Boris tube cabling
- replacement of FE3 (2001...2009 -> 9 years operation)
- 2011 increase of pressure to 10 bar on the shutter piston
- 2014 change of coupling table
- 2016 change of piston (with metallic segments and ball joint)

FE 7 was installed on **GPS** February 2011 (2011...2018 -> 8 years operation)

- Replacement of the Boris tube cabling
- replacement of FE4 (2002...2010 -> 9 years operation)
- 2011 increase of pressure to 10 bar on the shutter piston
- 2014 change of coupling table
- 2016 change of piston (with metallic segments and ball joint)

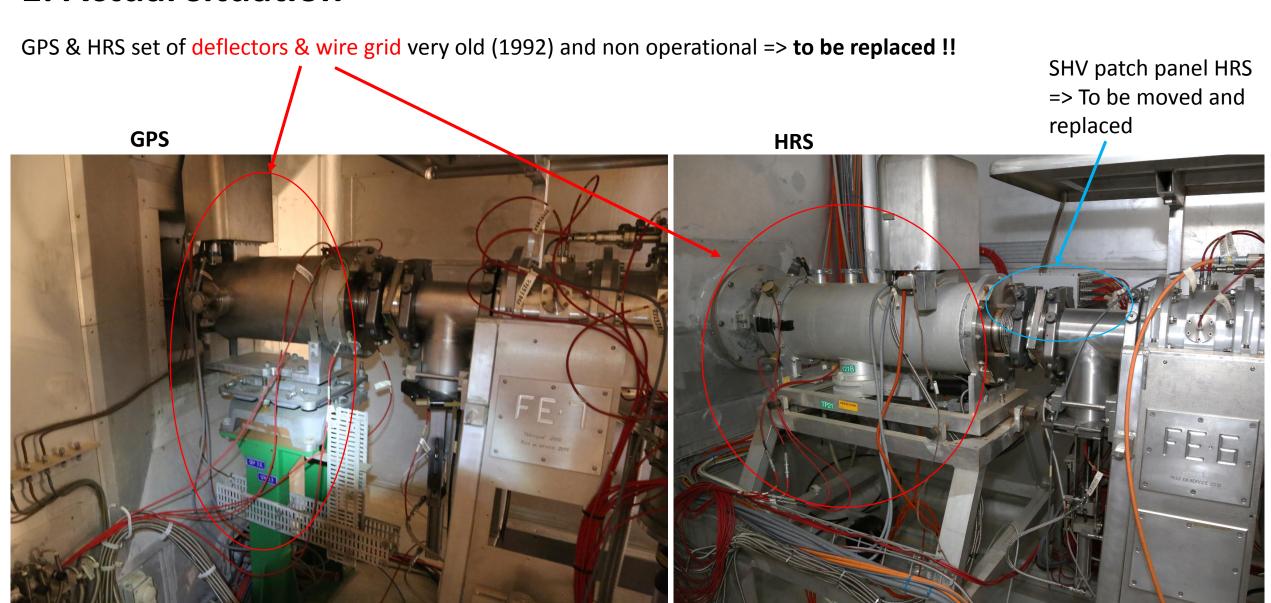
FE 8 is installed on Off-Line 2 and FE 9 is used for MEDICIS FE 1, 2, 3, 4 are stored in ISR and FE 5 is used on Off-line 1





1. Actual situation



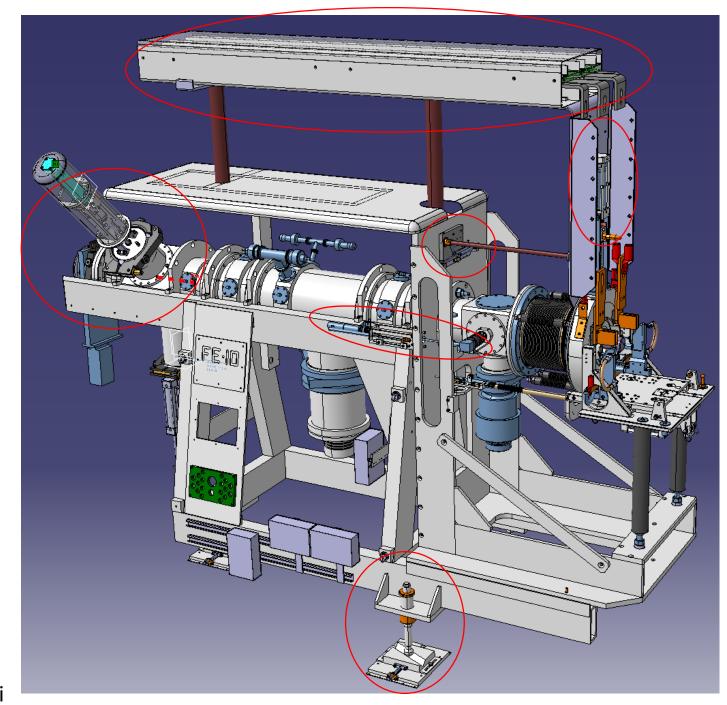


S. Marzari

2. Frontend 10 & 11 design

FE 10 & 11 main improvements:

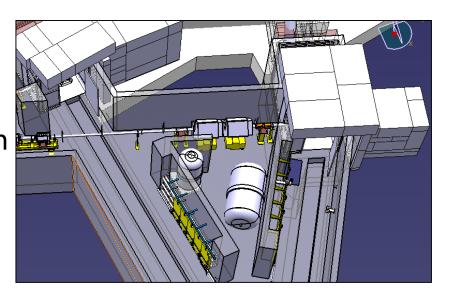
- Rear deflectors and BI instrumentation (FC and wire grid) integrated on the same frame
- Thicker cable tray with Aluminium conductors
- Increase diameter of the shutter piston and all metal
- Consolidation of the electrode movement system (tested on MEDICIS)
- Integration of end switches on the shutter movement (tested on MEDICIS)
- Better stability of the frame





Other target area activities

- Cameras
 - Revise and consolidate the current camera situation
 - Shield telescopic camera
- Safety requalification of gas storage tanks
 - Never been tested
 - Request by HSE to test or do visual inspection to continue to operate at > atm pressures
 - If not can only operate up to 1000 mbar Bar instead of 2800 mbar (absolute)
 - Volume of tanks 3m³ and 5 m³
- Robot/Montrac maintenance and testing



Fast Tape Station

Commissioning underway:

• Release curves 134 Cs - identical measured values old and new tape station.

• Beta detectors improved for 2x10⁶ counts/seconds rates

• Short lived isotope (21 Mg, $T_{1/2}$ =122 ms) yield measured for the

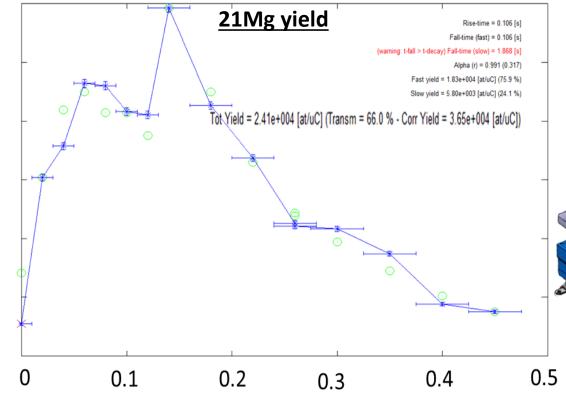
first time!

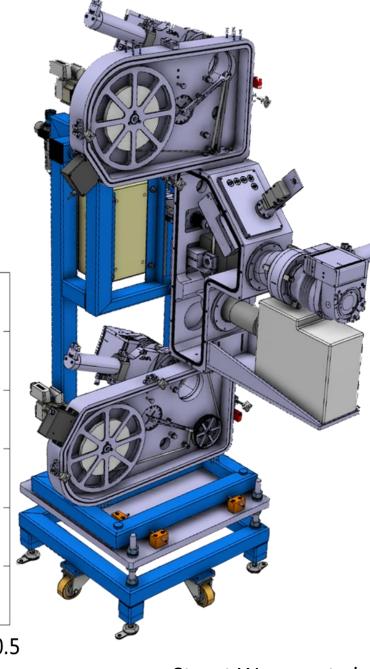
 Mechanical controls tested

Timing sequence tested

- Beam instruments installed and operational
- RIB commissioning continuing
- Installation in CA0 planned for 2019

Delay [s]

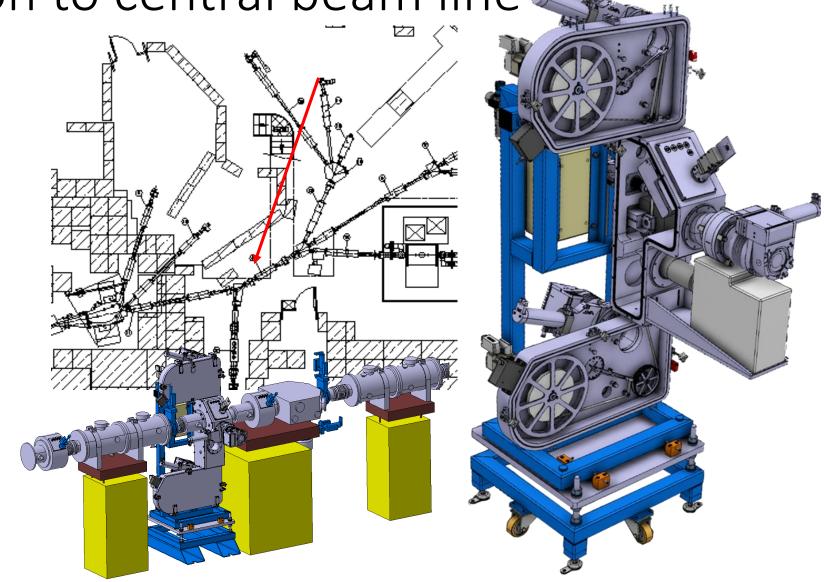






Fast tape station to central beam line 🦠

- Move from testing position at LA2 beam line to final location in the central beam line
- Replaces 42 years old tape station
- Will be the main instrumentation for the target characterisation and yield measurements
 - the "eyes and ears" of ISOLDE operations

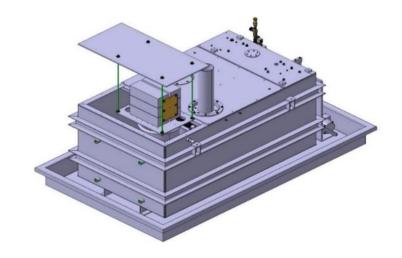




HT Modulator

- A second HT modulator (for the GPS) is planned to be installed during LS2
- However, the negative power supply will only be installed during the 2021-2022 YETS
 - No negative beams available until 2022.

HT (kV)	1E13ppp	2E13ppp	ЗЕ13ррр
30	350	370	370
40	400	480	550
50	530	650	750
55	-	-	870
60	620	780	980



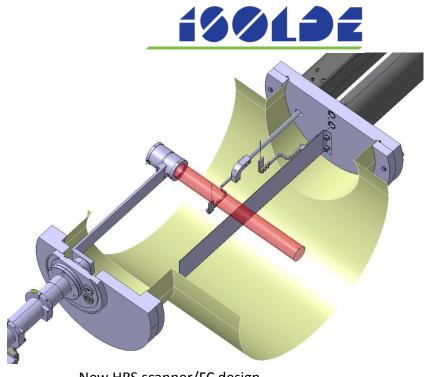
Recovery time (μ s) of HT (+/-0.6V) with protons on convertor

Beam diagnostics

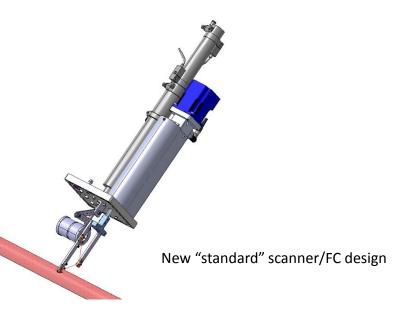
- BE-BI group to procure 20 FC/scanner units for low energy beam lines by Q1 2019
 - Need to prioritize which scanners are to be exchanged

	Total	REX	HIE	Low Energy
FC	64	8	23	32
Scanners	46	0	18	27

- Also new scanner units for the separators are under procurement
- To be installed in Q2 Q4 in 2019

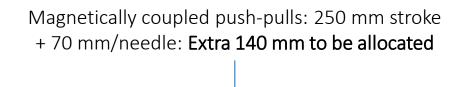


New HRS scanner/FC design



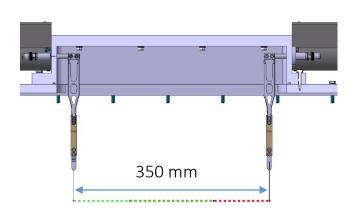


GPS Scanner: Specification Changes



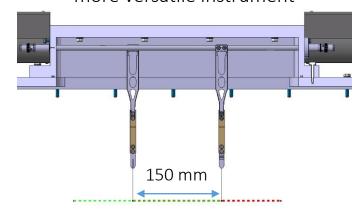
More combined distance

+ Covers different mass ranges



More overlap between two needles

+ Redundancy in case of failure of one needle, more versatile instrument



Maximum useful overlap is 147 mm

with central beam = 21Ne

Max. useful range of combined scanners 300 mm (mass range ± 10%)

No need for beam instrumentation at extreme edges when using mass ranges ±15%

T. Giles

	Combined range	Overlap
Current	300 mm	60 mm
New	350 mm	150 mm



ISOLDE Hall: Separator upgrades

- Mechanical slits on HRS
 - Revise the mechanics (EN-STI-RBS)
- Replacement of flexible compressed air lines
 - 5 yearly preventive maintenance
- Installation of Fast Tape Station in CAO beam line
- Target and ion source gas system to be refurbished
 - Mechanical parts and leak reparation
- Beam gate controls in ICR
- Beam diagnostics
- N2 supply line for experiments
- CRIS platform integration and installation?
- Installation of second HT modulator



Vacuum

- Maintenance of turbopumps and replacement of oil of primary pumps
- Consolidation of turbopumps (replacement of 6 TMPs)
- Repair leak in tank 1 of exhaust system.
- Replace Profibus full range gauges by compact full range gauges in experimental hall
- Replace REX roughing pump
- Consolidation of compressed air system and installation of reservoirs to better protect the vacuum system against power cuts.
- Support FE installation
- Interventions planned for May/June 2020



Water

Machine	Circuits	Stop	Start
ISOLDE	Cryo-primary	18/12/2018	01/04/20
	BTY magnet cooling	18/12/2018	26/02/21
	Hall (incl. Separators, REXEBIS and REXTRAP)	18/12/2018	28/02/19
	HIE-ISOLDE (HEBT lines + triplets REX + RF B. 199	18/12/2018	01/05/20
	Target cooling	10/12/18	31/07/20
	Mixed water cooling (Ampli RF bldg. 170 + REX cavities	18/12/2018	31/07/19



Electricity

- Cut of 18kV power to ISOLDE
 - 3rd April 2019
 - UIAC-19701
 - Groupe Trane UHF1-0101
 - EWD15*80 (Armoire CV local 197/R-401
 - EBD12*80 : Hvac bâtiment 508/R-006
 - Tableaux machines: ERD11*80, EXD32*80, ERD5*80 ERD2*80, EXD12*80, EXD16*80
 - Armoire UIA0-00045 CLIM REX ISOLDE
 - Ventilation hall 170 local 170/3-401 (Passerelle sur bâtiment 197)
 - UIAC-00094 Bâtiment 179/1-023
- Punctual stops throughout 2019 with prior notice

Stops already announced: 19/12/2018 06:00 to 06:30 Weekend du 20/01/2019 AUG tests PS/Booster

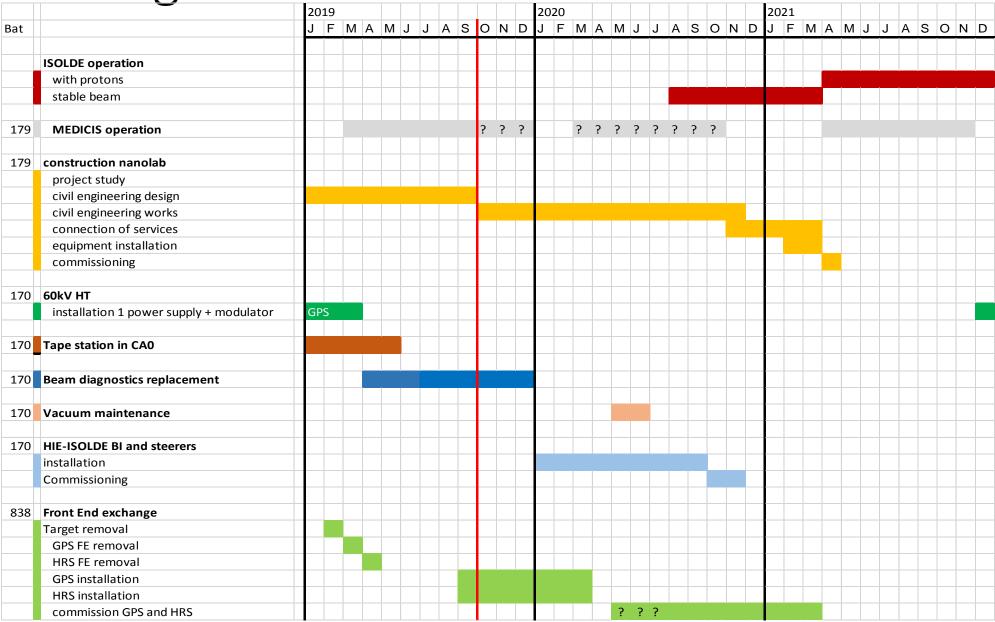


Ventilation and compressed air

- Ventilation
 - 4 weeks stop of ventilation systems throughout ISOLDE
- Cooling maintenance
 - 4 weeks during the stop of the cryo-compressor
 - Proposed dates January and February 2019
- Compressed air will be operational throughout LS2



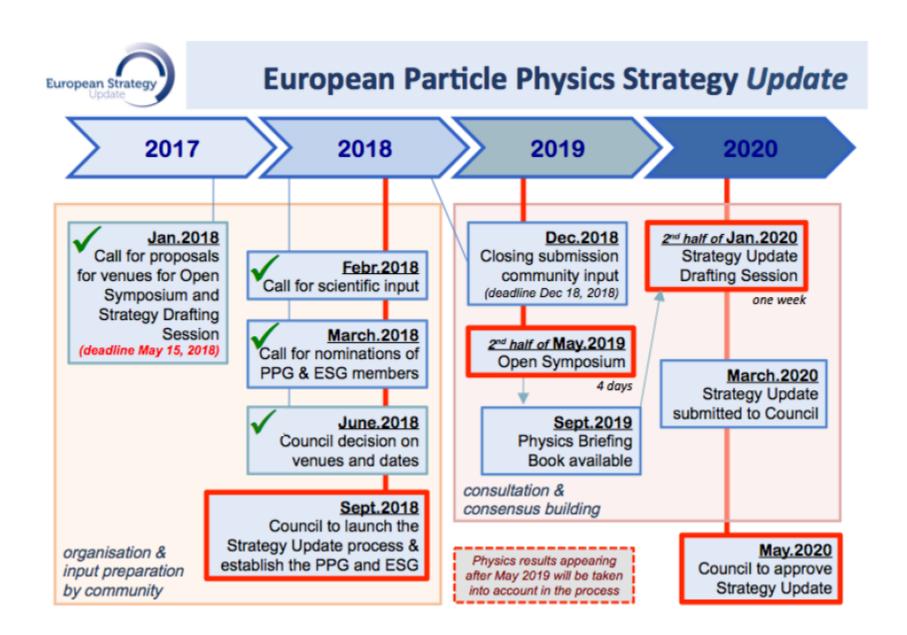
Planning





...and Outlook for the Future





ISOLDE in the EPPS



The **EPIC** project:

Exploiting the Potential of ISOLDE at CERN

the ISOLDE Collaboration input to the European Strategy for Particle Physics update

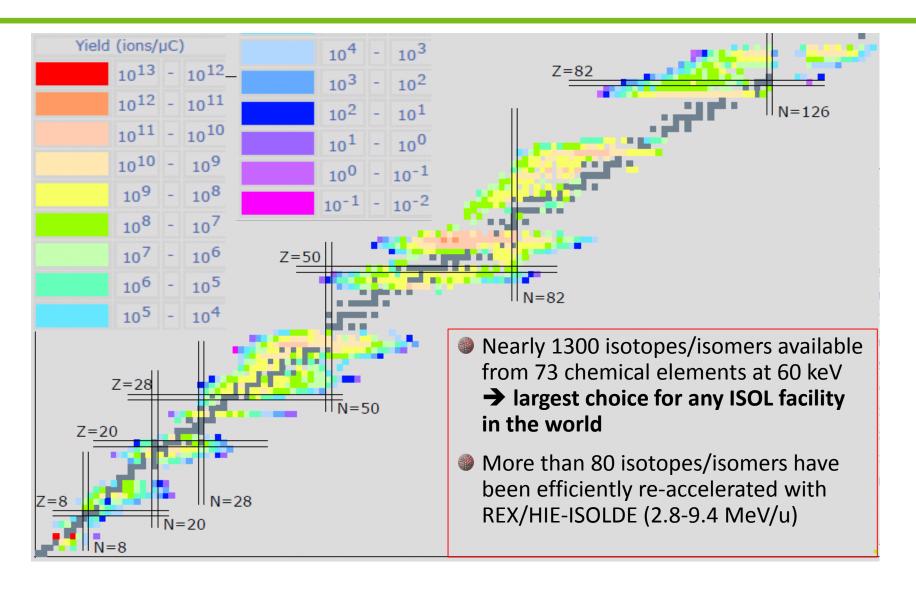
Gerda Neyens, ISOLDE Collaboration Spokesperson

Richard Catherall, ISOLDE Technical Coordinator
Bertram Blank, Chair of the ISOLDE Collaboration
Karsten Riisager, Chair of the ISOLDE and n-TOF (INTC) program committee

With many thanks to Klaus Blaum, Yuri Litvinov, Ronald Garcia Ruiz, Kieran Flanagan, Manfred Grieser, Erwin Siesling, Tim Giles and many others...

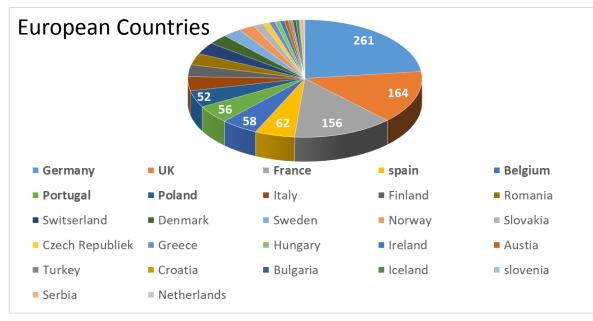
Present ISOLDE beams





The ISOLDE users community





Non-European 15 16 29 ■ United States ■ South Africa ■ Russia ■ India Canada Japan ■ Brazil ■ Bangladesh china ■ Chile Australia Israel ■ South Korea ■ Costa Rica Algeria Iran

Since post-accelerated beams became available: continuous growing users community!

ISOLDE USERS:

- ➤ In pre-HIE-ISOLDE era: 500-600
- Today: 1314!
 - ✓ From 43 countries
 - √ From > 200 institutions
 - ✓ From all around the world

3 objectives



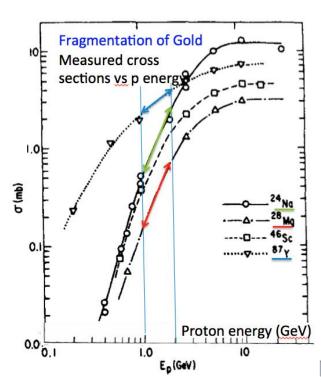
- Profit from increased driver beam energy and intensity (2 GeV, 4 μA), thanks to CERN's investment in the LHC Injector Upgrade (LIU) and improve the exploitation of the existing infrastructure
- Have multiple simultaneous beams for users
- A new storage ring for short-lived, light and heavy ions

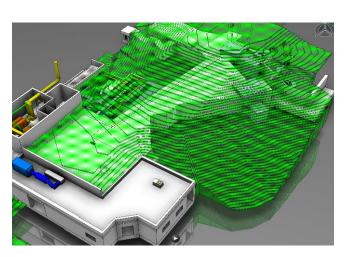


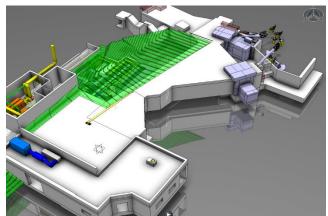
Profit from increased driver beam energy (2 GeV) and intensity (4 μ A)

- ➤ Take advantage of CERN's LHC Injector Upgrade (LIU): higher proton intensities from LINAC4 and Booster energy increase from 1.4 GeV to 2 GeV
- ➤ GAIN FOR ISOLDE: **Higher radioactive beam intensities** for fragmentation and spallation products (gain between factor of 2 and more than 10 in intensity)
- > NEED INVESTMENTS, in order for ISOLDE TO RECEIVE THESE BEAMS:
 - New beam dumps to cope with higher power
 - New transfer line from booster to ISOLDE







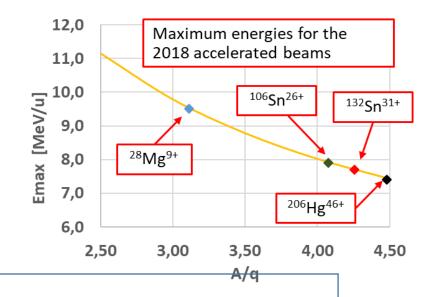




And improve the exploitation of the existing infrastructure

➤ HIE-ISOLDE post-accelerator design goal: beams up to 10 MeV/u, for light and heavy beams

NOW: max 9.4 MeV/u for light beams max 7.4 MeV/u for heavy beams



SOLUTIONS TO REACH FULL ENERGY POTENTIAL:

- √ Have all cavities working after LS2!
- ✓ FINALIZE the HIE-ISOLDE energy upgrade:

post-accelerated beams in the full (low) energy range from 0.3 and 2.8 MeV/u (most important for astrophysics experiments) and up to 10 MeV/u

METHOD: upgrade of the (20 years old!) REX-part of the HIE-ISOLDE LINAC



Have multiple simultaneous and better quality beams

➤ GOAL: serve the ever-growing ISOLDE users community, who pursue a

very diverse research program

in nuclear physics,

fundamental interaction studies,

atomic physics

nuclear astrophysics

material sciences

biochemical/ medical research

> METHOD:

1. Two new additional target stations

Preliminary design: Tim Giles, presented at the EMIS 2018 Conference, CERN

1992 1987 beamline witchvard 3 Isolde Target witchyard 2 New Experimental Hall 2030 Target-station 3 Switchyard 1b Target-station 4 HRS

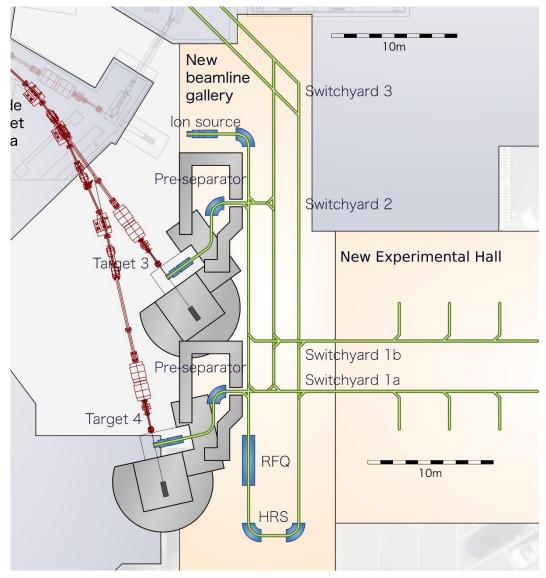


Have multiple simultaneous better quality beams

- > METHOD:
- 1. Two new additional target stations
- 2. A new high-resolution mass separator

(state-of-the-art) to deliver purer beams (very important for HIE-ISOLDE operations)

→ currently, some RIB's cannot be efficiently accelerated due to contamination that is too high



Preliminary design: Tim Giles, presented at the EMIS 2018 Conference, CERN
See Poster 11 at this workshop



A new compact storage ring for light and heavy ions

- Stored radioactive beams have many advantages:
- Can be used multiple times in an in-ring detector (luminosity increase)
- Can be cooled to deliver excellent quality beams to external experiments for high-precision studies

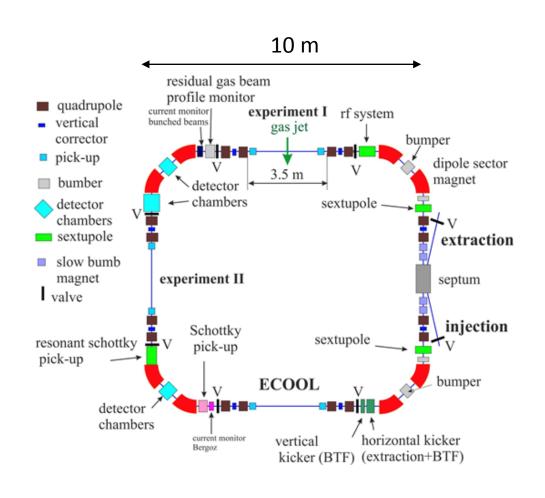
> Research areas:

nuclear ground-state properties, reaction studies of astrophysical relevance, investigations with highly-charged ions studies with pure isomeric beams (e.g. fundamental constants)





A new compact storage ring for light and heavy ions



Preliminary design:

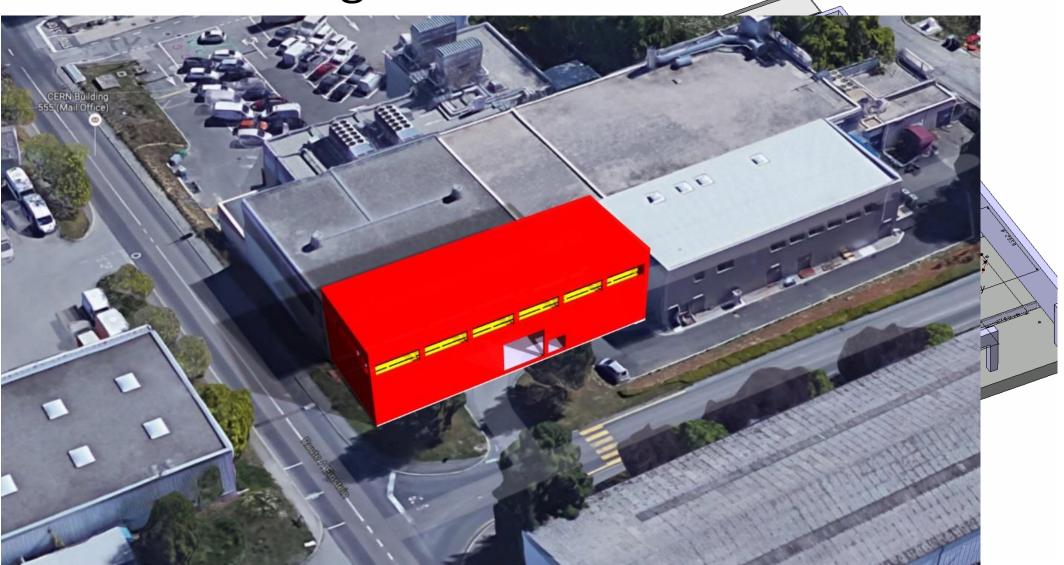
Manfred Grieser, MPI-K Heidelberg

Preliminary integration in ISOLDE:

Erwin Siesling



Possible ISR integration



Impact on Physics



- Most of HIE-ISOLDE and many ISOLDE proposals suffer from low intensity
 unnecessary prolongation of beam times.
- New and more exotic species will be available with the increase of intensities: from x2-x5 for fragmentation, x1 − x2 for fission, x6-x10 for spallation.
- Exploit the full range of energies of HIE-ISOLDE by implementing Phase 3 of the project
- Several HIE-ISOLDE experiments cannot reach full intensity due to contamination in the ISOLDE beam → need better beam purification (new HRS mass separator, ...)
- New target stations will allow operation of low-energy and high-energy experiments, more than doubling the available beam time.
- Multi usage and cooled beams from the storage ring

End of Run 2 party





- Building 508 at 16:30 tomorrow
- You are all invited