Microweekly

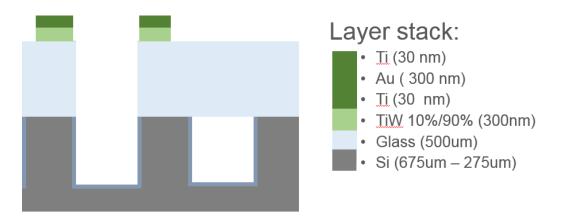
Timothée Frei

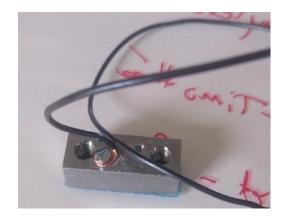
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Thermo-compression Principle

1. Deposition of metallic layer on substrate & gold plating of Invar connector





2. Cleaning of substrate and

3. Alignment and thermo-compression (280°C, 0.6MPa)



Thermo-compression

Issue

No thermo-compression (4 trials)

Possible causes of the issue

Unwanted material on top of gold even after cleaning





EDS analysis

- X-rays from the first 150 nm
- Presence of C, O, au and ti on the surface
- Sample was charging, suggesting the presence of a non-conductive layer on top

XPS analysis

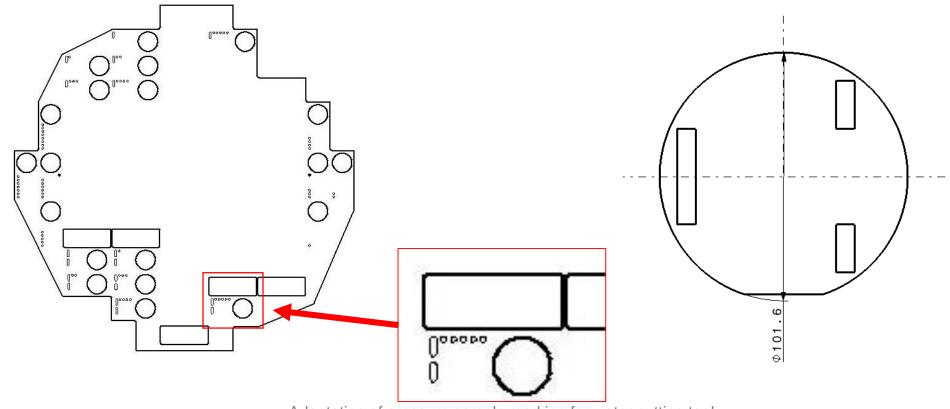
- As-received surface analysis
 - C, O, Si, Au and Ti.
 - Ti is present in its oxidized state

- After sputtering
 - Si and C disappear
 - Ti is still present
 - Pinholes in the Au layer exposing Ti
 - Ti is mixed in the Gold layer
 - Au layer shows high roughness (Ti in valleys)



Thermo-compression Shadow masks

Holes drilling, followed by anodic bonding and then metallic deposition

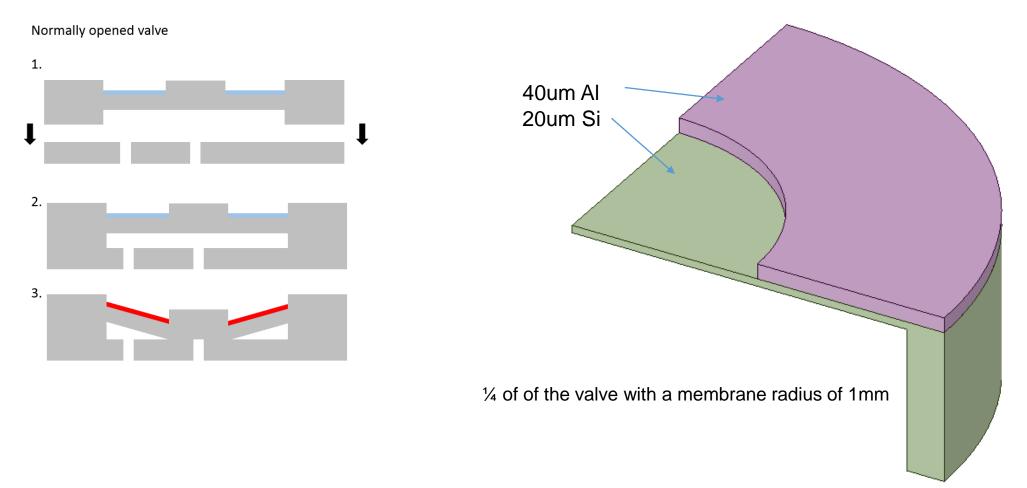


Adaptation of pressure sample marking for water cutting tool

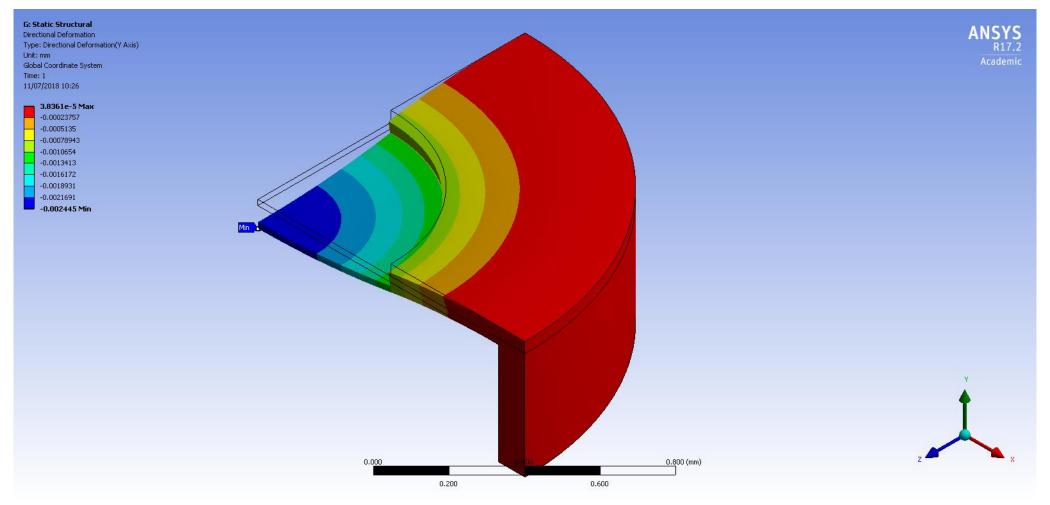


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Model of a membrane with a ring shaped actuator with $\Delta T=40^{\circ}C$



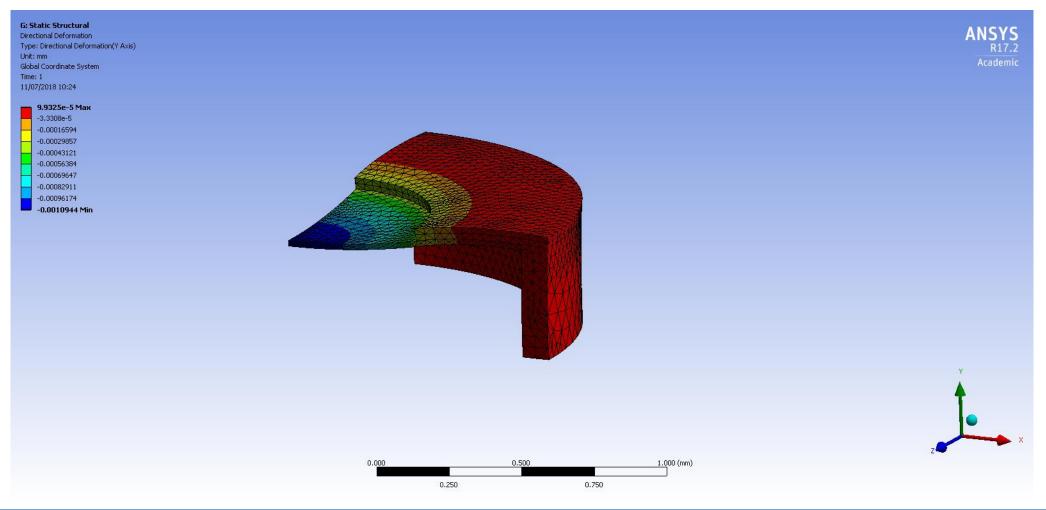
Results Bottom & side fixed





CERN

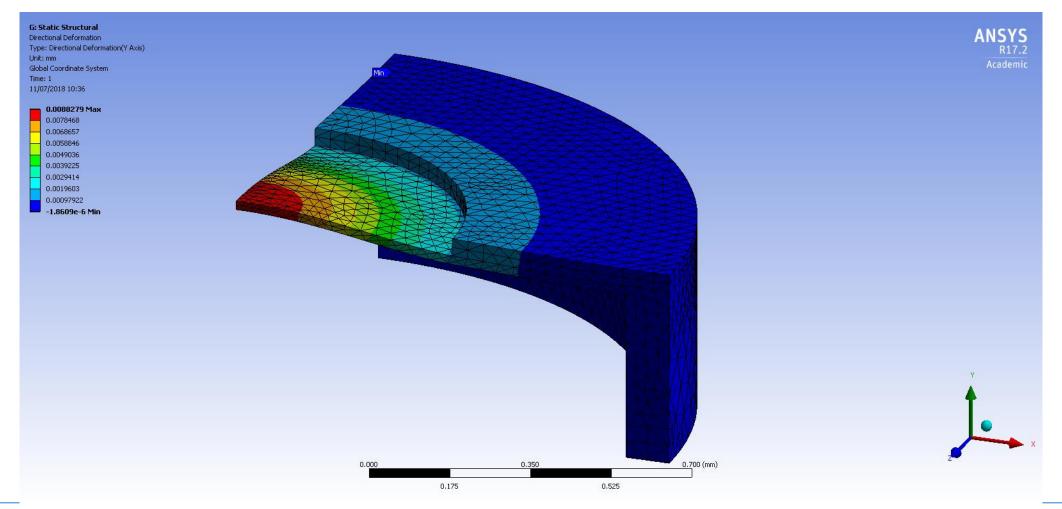
Results Only bottom fixed





EP-DT Detector Technologies

Results Bottom & side fixed, pressure difference (inside-outside) of 0.7MPa





Bimetallic micro-valve Conclusion

- Bimetallic micro-valves are not suited to operate in a normally-opened configuration when there is a pressure difference between the inside and the outside
- Displacement is small with thick membrane
- Membrane with ring shaped actuator is suitable for downward displacement

Outlook

- Performance of piezoelectric micro-valve in similar design (open and ring-shaped actuator)
- Design of a normally-closed bimetallic micro-valve and simulation



Thank you for your attention.

