

# Walking Technicolor in the light of the LHC data

Alexander Belyaev



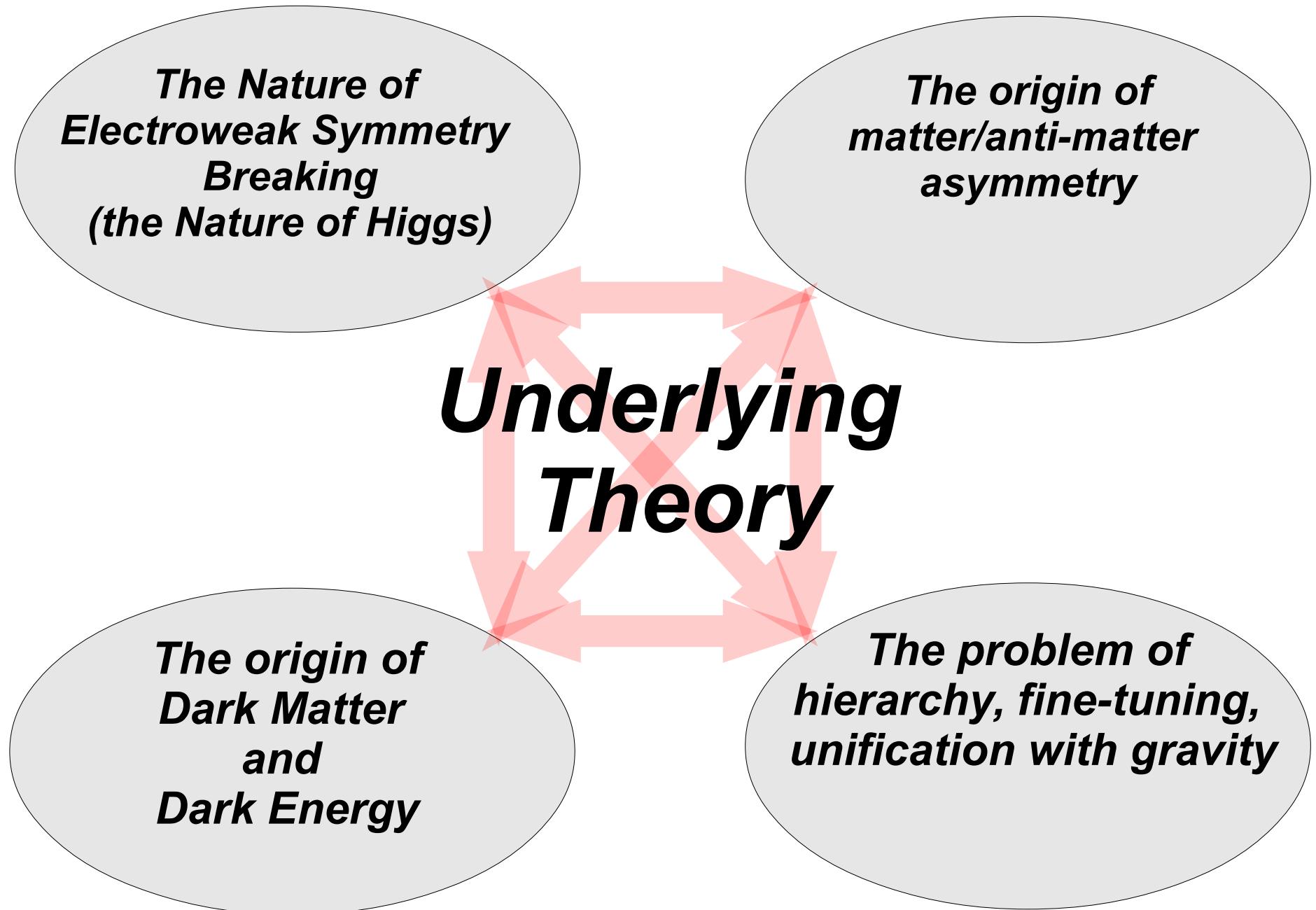
Southampton University & Rutherford Appleton Laboratory

21 June 2018

# Collaborators & Projects

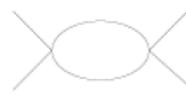
- “Walking Technicolor in the light of Z' searches at the LHC  
A.Coupe, M.Frandsen, E. Olaiya, C. Shepherd-Themistocleous, AB  
**arXiv:1805.10867**
- “Excluding technicolor” A.Coupe, N.Evans, AB                   **to appear**
- “The Technicolor Higgs in the Light of LHC Data”  
M.Brown, R.Foadi, M.Frandsen, AB                   **arXiv:1309.2097**
- “Mixed dark matter from Technicolor “  
M.Frandsen, S. Sarkar, F.Sannino, AB                   **arXiv:1007.4839**
- “Technicolor Walks at the LHC”  
R. Foadi, M. Frandsen, M. Jarvinen, F. Sannino, AB                   **arXiv:0809.0793**

# Problems to be addressed by underlying theory



# SM Higgs vs Technicolor

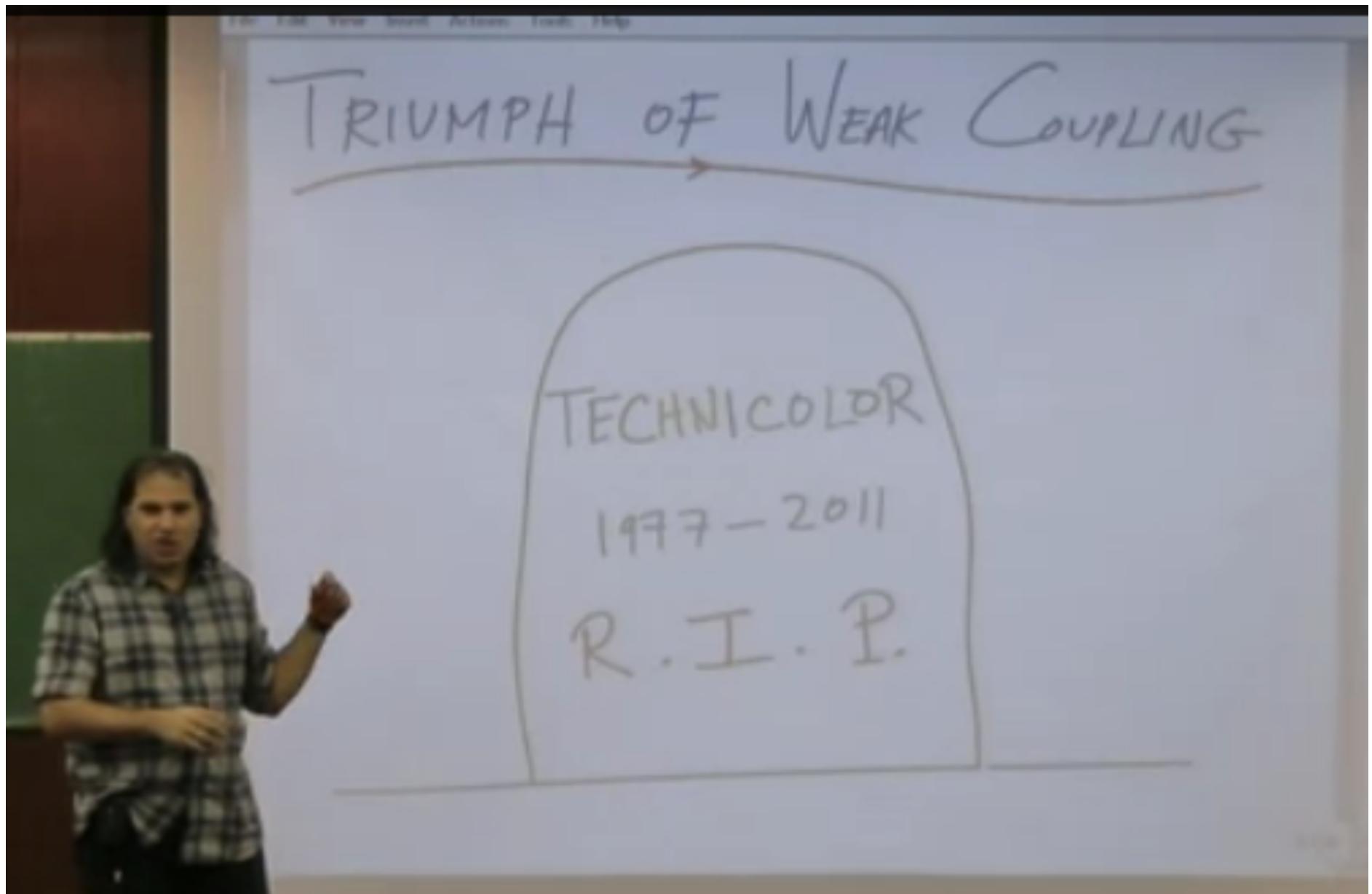
- *simple and economical*
- *GIM mechanism, no FCNC problems, EW precision data are OK for preferably light Higgs boson*
- *SM is established, perfectly describes data*
- *fine-tuning and naturalness problem; triviality problem*


$$\Rightarrow \beta = \frac{3\lambda^2}{2\pi^2} > 0 \quad \lambda(\mu) < \frac{3}{2\pi^2 \log \frac{\Lambda}{\mu}}$$

- *there is no example of fundamental scalar*
- *Scalar potential parameters and yukawa couplings are inputs*

- *complicated at the eff theory level*
- *FCNC constraints requires walking, potential tension with EW precision data*
- *no viable ETC model suggested yet, work in progress*
- *no fine-tuning, the scale is dynamically generated*
- *Superconductivity and QCD are examples of dynamical symmetry breaking*
- *parameters of low-energy effective theory are derived once underlying ETC is constructed*

# Is Technicolor really dead?



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If title contains question, then the answer is ...

**NO!**

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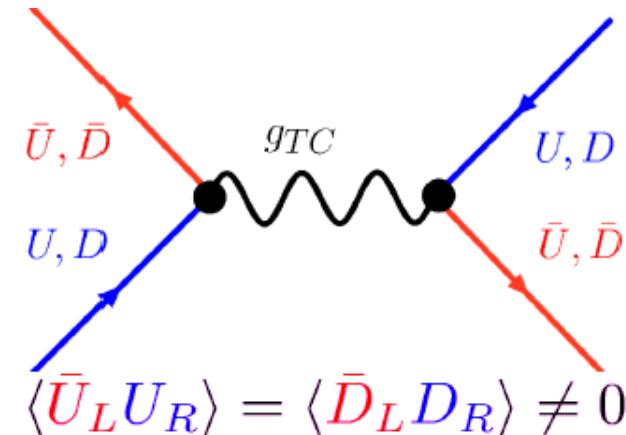
**NO!**

**Not yet, let us see**

# Technicolor

Weinberg 76, Susskind 78  
Farhi and Susskind 79

- **$SU(N_{TC})$  break the chiral symmetry of techniquarks**
- **their condensate breaks EW Symmetry**
- **Important component of the theory:  
Extended Technicolor Sector – describes how SM fermions interact with the technifermion condensate to acquire mass**



Lane and Eichten 80

$$\Rightarrow \frac{g_{ETC}^2}{M_{ETC}^2} (\bar{\Psi}_L U_R)(\bar{q}_R q_L)$$

$$m_q \approx \frac{g_{ETC}^2}{M_{ETC}^2} \langle \bar{U} U \rangle_{ETC}$$

# Walking Technicolor

$$\langle \bar{U}U \rangle_{ETC} = \langle \bar{U}U \rangle_{TC} \exp \left( \int_{\Lambda_{TC}}^{M_{ETC}} \frac{d\mu}{\mu} \gamma_m(\mu) \right)$$

- **For QCD – like running TC**       $\langle \bar{Q}Q \rangle_{ETC} \sim \ln(\frac{\Lambda_{ETC}}{\Lambda_{TC}})^\gamma \langle \bar{Q}Q \rangle_{TC}$   
 **$\gamma_m$  is small over this range, so:**

$$\langle \bar{U}U \rangle_{ETC} \approx \langle \bar{U}U \rangle_{TC} \approx 4\pi F_{TC}^3$$

$$\frac{M_{ETC}}{g_{ETC}} \approx 40 \text{ TeV} \left( \frac{F_{TC}}{250 \text{ GeV}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \frac{100 \text{ MeV}}{m_q} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- **To avoid FCNC, one should have:**       $\frac{M_{ETC}}{g_{ETC} \sqrt{\text{Re}(\theta_{sd}^2)}} > 600 \text{ TeV}$

**which implies**

$$m_{q,\ell} \simeq \frac{g_{ETC}^2}{M_{ETC}^2} \langle \bar{T}T \rangle_{ETC} < \frac{0.5 \text{ MeV}}{N_D^{3/2} \theta_{sd}^2}$$

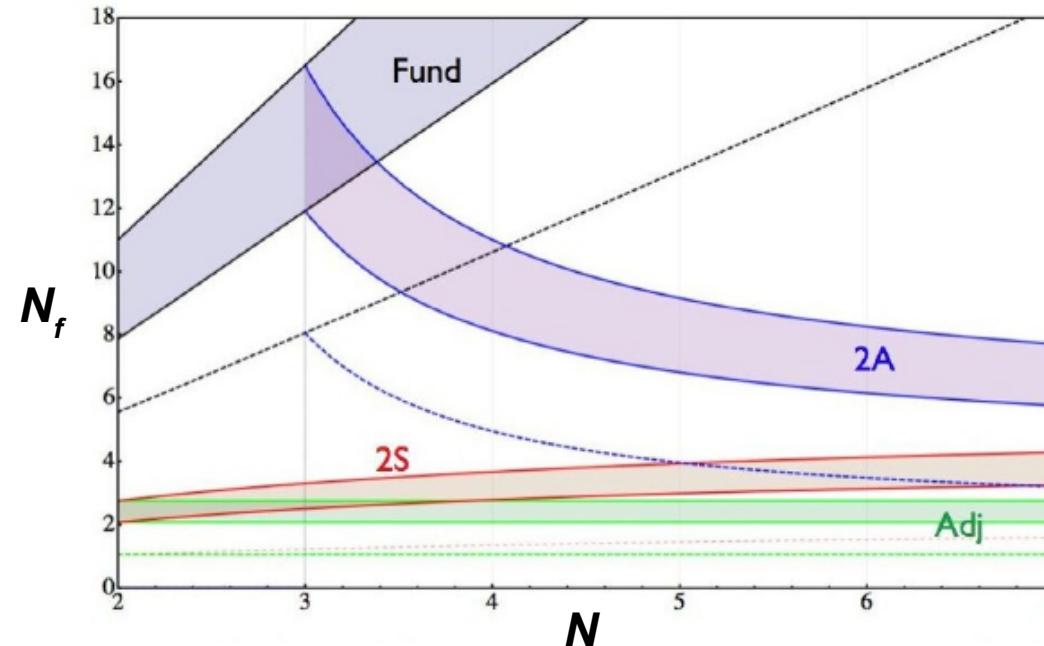
- **Difficult to get masses even for s- and c-quarks: TC dynamics should be NOT like QCD, in a “walking theory” we have**

$$\langle \bar{Q}Q \rangle_{ETC} \sim (\frac{\Lambda_{ETC}}{\Lambda_{TC}})^{\gamma(\alpha^*)} \langle \bar{Q}Q \rangle_{TC}$$

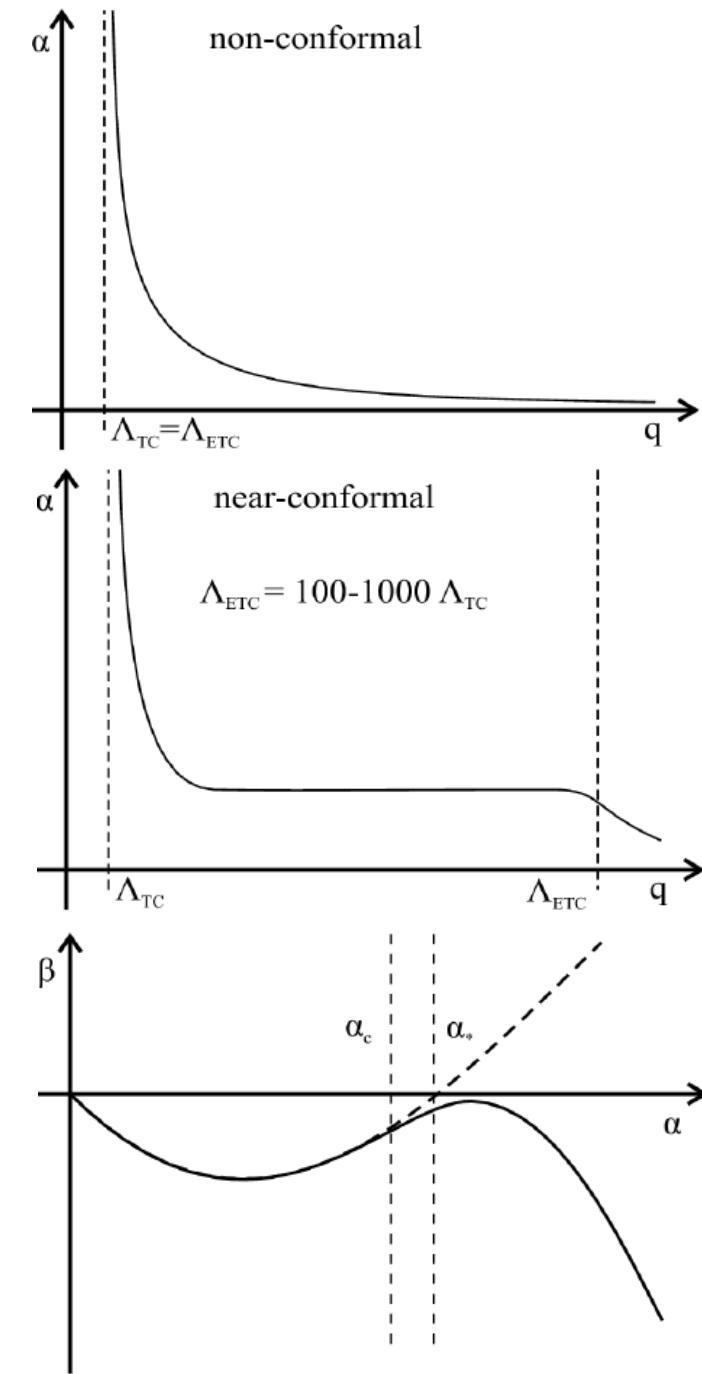
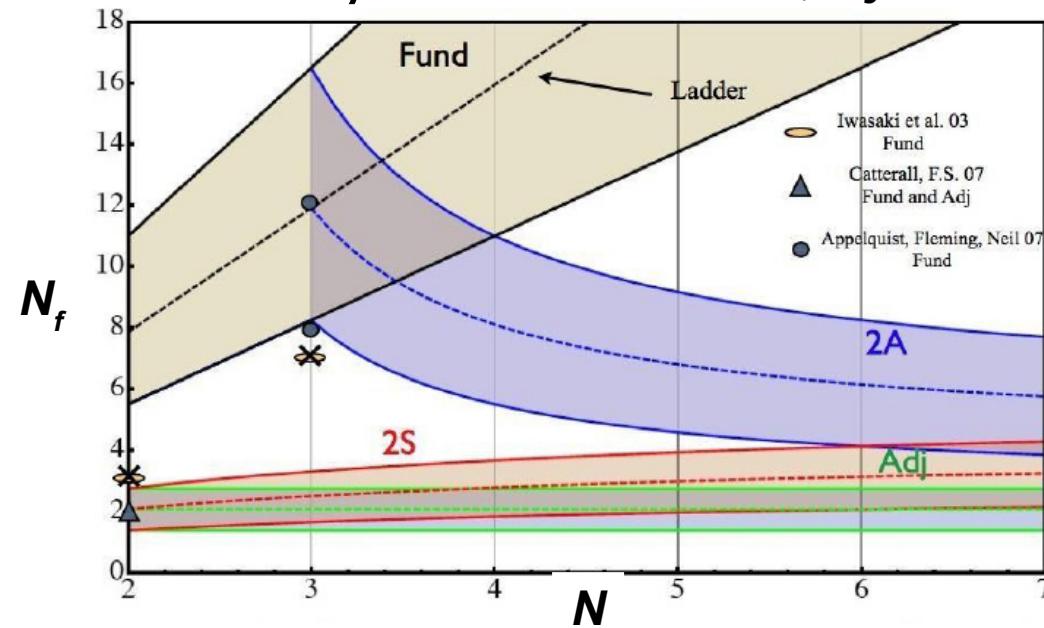
**Holdom 81; Appelquist, Wijewardhana 86**  
**Enhanced SM fermion masses and suppressed FCNC**

# Conformal Windows Studies

Ladder approximation: Sannino, Dietrich 06



All-orders  $\beta$ -function: Sannino, Ryttov 07



# Low Energy Effective NMWT Theory

- $N_c = 3, N_f = 2$ , *in the two-index symmetric*  
 $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \rightarrow SU(2)_V$
- *spin-0 and spin-1 objects fill out representations of the chiral symmetry group*
- *Higgs sector with a broken phase*
- *spin-1 resonances introduced as gauge fields*  
(Bando, Kugo, Uehara, Yamawaki, and Yanagida 85)  
*similar description used for the BESS model*  
(Casalbuoni, Deandrea, De Curtis, Dominici, Gatto, Grazzini 95)
- See Applequist, Da Silva, Sannino 99 for description of vector mesons  
In EW symmetry breaking
- *Effective Lagrangian*

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{kin} + \mathcal{L}_{higgs} + \mathcal{L}_{Higgs\text{-}vector} + \mathcal{L}_{fermion}$$

# Effective Lagrangian for $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{boson}} = -\frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [\widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu} \widetilde{W}^{\mu\nu}] - \frac{1}{4} \widetilde{B}_{\mu\nu} \widetilde{B}^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [F_{L\mu\nu} F_L^{\mu\nu} + F_{R\mu\nu} F_R^{\mu\nu}]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Higgs}} = \frac{\mu^2}{2} \text{Tr} [MM^\dagger] - \frac{\lambda}{4} \text{Tr} [MM^\dagger]^2$$

$\widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}$  and  $\widetilde{B}_{\mu\nu}$  are EW field strength tensors

$F_{L/R\mu\nu}$  are the field strength tensors associated to the vector meson fields  $A_{L/R\mu}$

**2x2 Matrix**  $M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [v + H + 2 i \pi^a T^a] , \quad a = 1, 2, 3$

**Covariant derivative**  $D_\mu M = \partial_\mu M - i g \widetilde{W}_\mu^a T^a M + i g' M \widetilde{B}_\mu T^3$

# Effective Lagrangian for $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{L}_{\text{Higgs-Vector}} &= m^2 \operatorname{Tr} [C_{L\mu}^2 + C_{R\mu}^2] \\
+ & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr} [D_\mu M D^\mu M^\dagger] - \tilde{g}^2 r_2 \operatorname{Tr} [C_{L\mu} M C_R^\mu M^\dagger] \\
- & \frac{i \tilde{g} r_3}{4} \operatorname{Tr} [C_{L\mu} (M D^\mu M^\dagger - D^\mu M M^\dagger) + C_{R\mu} (M^\dagger D^\mu M - D^\mu M^\dagger M)] \\
+ & \frac{\tilde{g}^2 s}{4} \operatorname{Tr} [C_{L\mu}^2 + C_{R\mu}^2] \operatorname{Tr} [M M^\dagger]
\end{aligned}$$

$$C_{L\mu} \equiv A_{L\mu} - \frac{g}{\tilde{g}} \widetilde{W}_\mu , \quad C_{R\mu} \equiv A_{R\mu} - \frac{g'}{\tilde{g}} \widetilde{B}_\mu .$$

# Weinberg Sum Rules (WSR)

- spin 1 vector and axial resonances

$$V^a = \frac{A_L^a + A_R^a}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad A^a = \frac{A_L^a - A_R^a}{\sqrt{2}}$$

- masses and decay constants

$$M_V^2 = \frac{\tilde{g}^2}{4} [f^2 + (s - r_2)v^2] \quad F_V = \frac{\sqrt{2}M_V}{\tilde{g}},$$

$$M_A^2 = \frac{\tilde{g}^2}{4} [f^2 + (s + r_2)v^2] \quad F_A = \frac{\sqrt{2}M_A}{\tilde{g}}\chi$$

- Weinberg Sum Rules

$$S = 4\pi \left[ \frac{F_V^2}{M_V^2} - \frac{F_A^2}{M_A^2} \right]$$

$$F_V^2 - F_A^2 = F_\pi^2$$

$$F_V^2 M_V^2 - F_A^2 M_A^2 = a \frac{8\pi^2}{d(R)} F_\pi^4$$

**zeroth**

**first**

**second**

*a>0, a ~ O(1) is consistent with the conformal window*

*Details: Appelquist, Sannino 98*

# Weinberg Sum Rules (WSR)

- **spin 1 vector and axial resonances**

$$V^a = \frac{A_L^a + A_R^a}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad A^a = \frac{A_L^a - A_R^a}{\sqrt{2}}$$

- **masses and decay constants**

$$M_V^2 = \frac{\tilde{g}^2}{4} [f^2 + (s - r_2)v^2] \quad F_V = \frac{\sqrt{2}M_V}{\tilde{g}},$$

$$M_A^2 = \frac{\tilde{g}^2}{4} [f^2 + (s + r_2)v^2] \quad F_A = \frac{\sqrt{2}M_A}{\tilde{g}}\chi$$

- **Weinberg Sum Rules**

$$\chi \equiv 1 - \frac{v^2 \tilde{g}^2 r_3}{4M_A^2}$$

**S PARAMETER, OR “ZEROOTH WSR”: IMPORTANT CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE NEAR CONFORMAL REGION.**

$$S = 4\pi F_\pi^2 \left[ \frac{1}{M_V^2} + \frac{1}{M_A^2} - a \frac{8\pi^2 F_\pi^2}{d(R) M_V^2 M_A^2} \right]$$

# NMWT parameter space and particle content

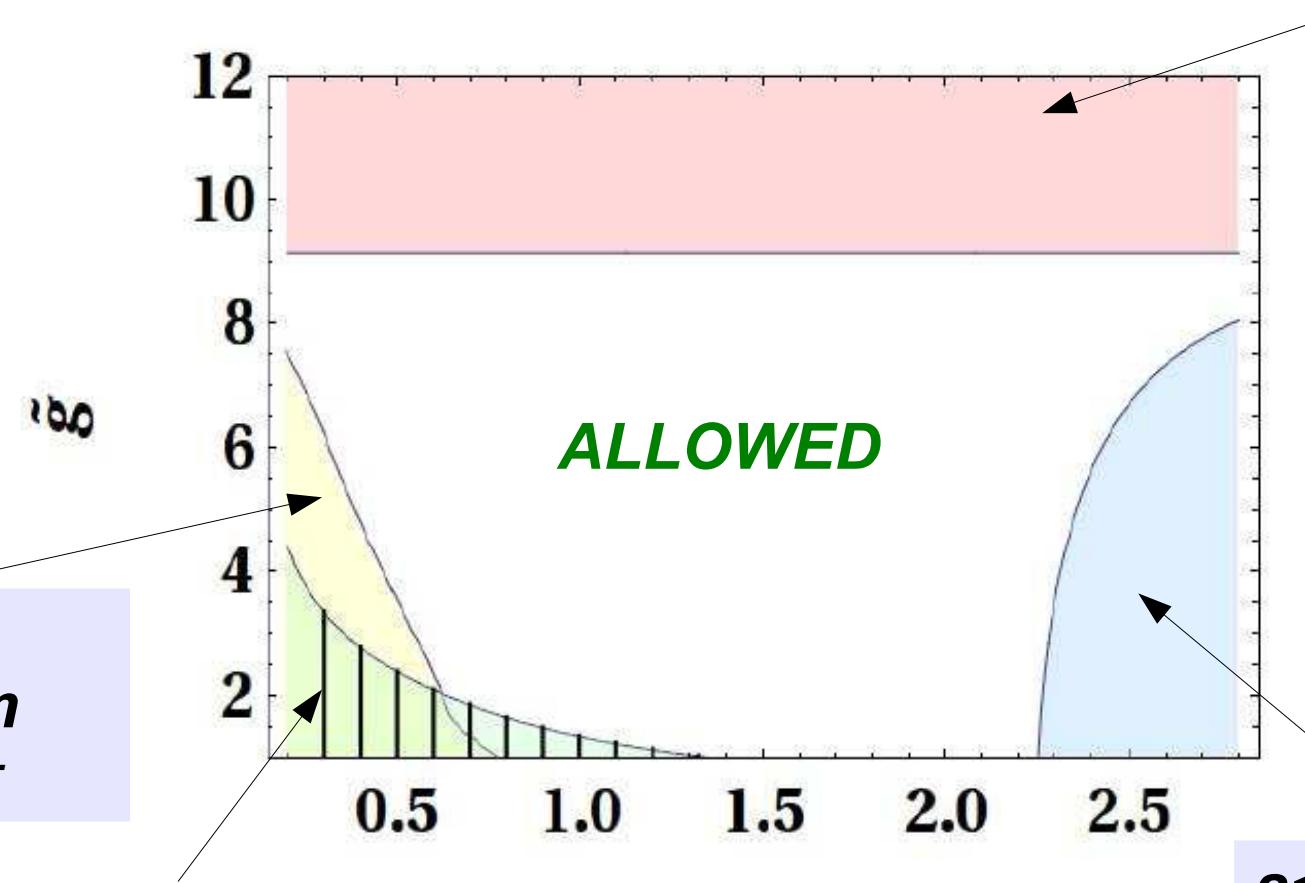
- **fixing  $S$  and using WSR parameter space is reduced to  $M_A, \tilde{g}, s$**

$$S = \frac{8\pi}{\tilde{g}^2} (1 - \chi^2) ,$$
$$r_2 = r_3 - 1 .$$
$$\chi \equiv 1 - \frac{v^2 \tilde{g}^2 r_3}{4M_A^2}$$

- $s, M_H$  have sizable effect in the process involving composite Higgs
- new particles – two triplets of heavy mesons:

$$Z', W'^{\pm} \quad \text{and} \quad Z''W''^{\pm}$$

# NMWT parameter space from 2007



*imaginary  
 $F_V$  and  $F_A$*

$$\tilde{g} > \sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{S}}$$

*a<0,  
defined by  
the 2<sup>nd</sup> WSR*

*Collider  
limit from  
 $pp \rightarrow e^+e^-$*

*EW Y and W  
parameters  
@95% CL*

# Model Implementation into LanHEP and CalcHEP

## LanHEP (Andrei Semenov)

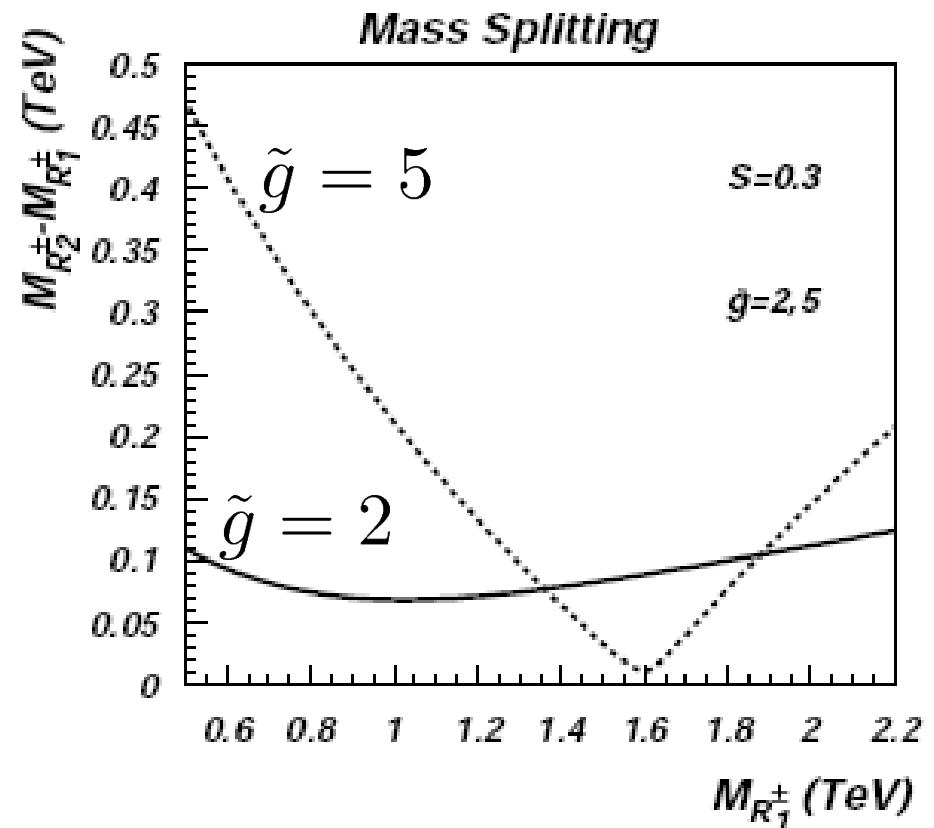
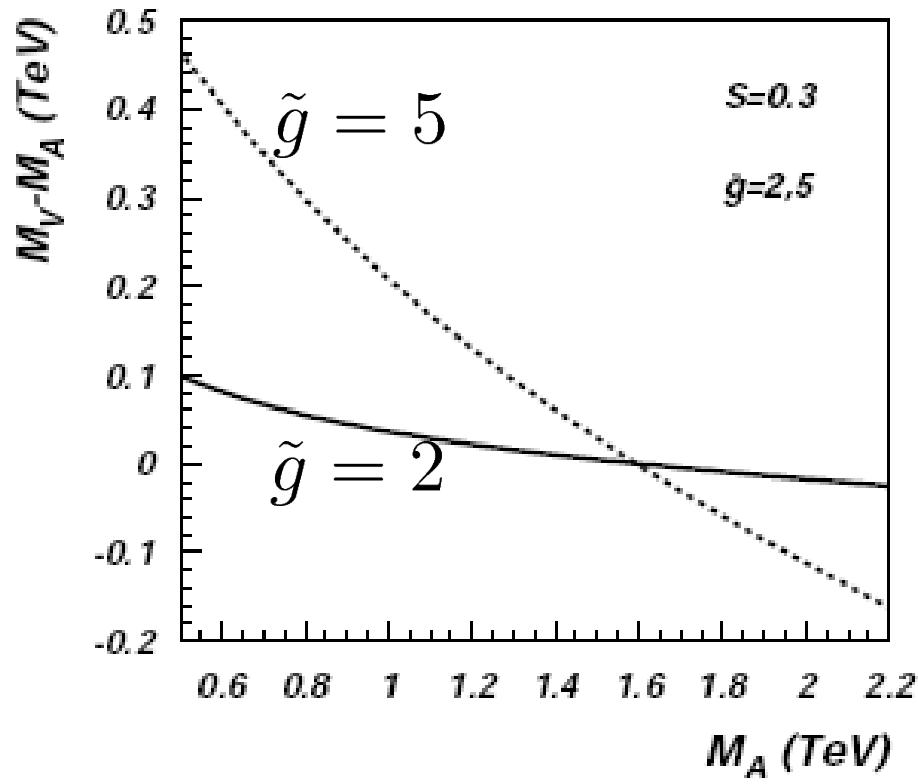
- *Automatic generation of Feynman rules from the Lagrangian*
- *Has checks for*
  - *Hermiticity*
  - *BRST invariance*
  - *EM charge conservation*
  - *Particle mixings, mass terms, and mass matrices*

## CalcHEP (AP, AB, NC)

- **Automatic calculations of tree-level processes within user-defined model**
- **User friendly graphical interface**
- **Easy implementation of new models**
  - Especially using LanHEP
- **Feynman gauge and unitary gauge**
  - Important cross check.

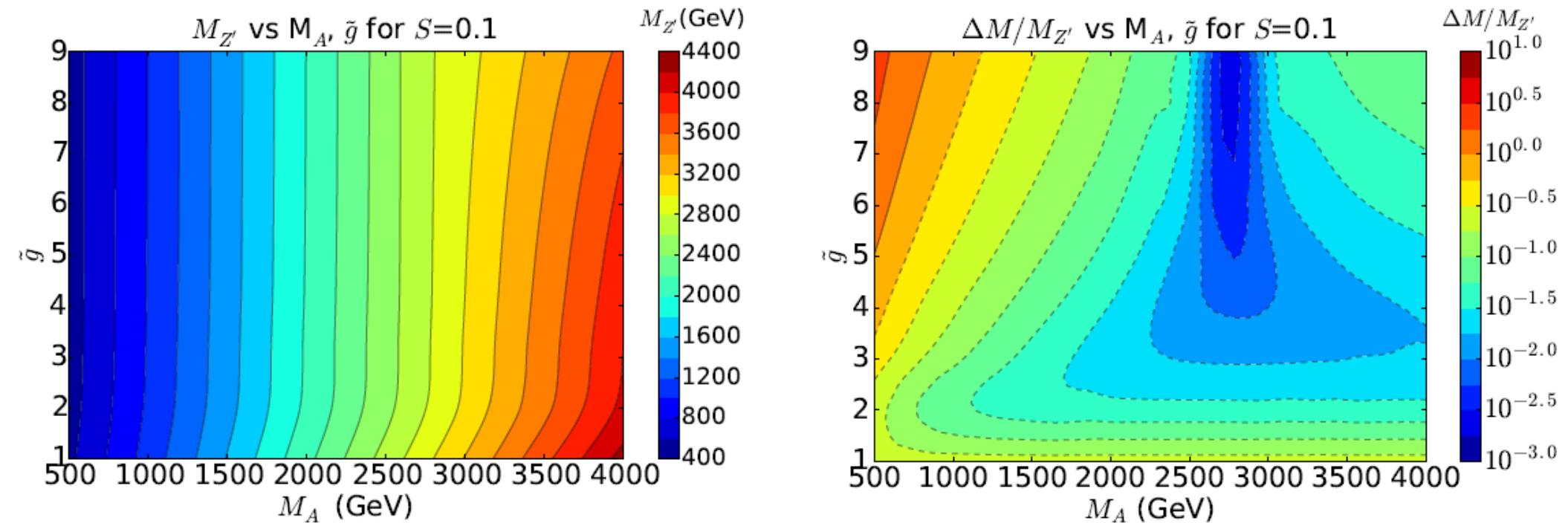


# Mass Spectrum



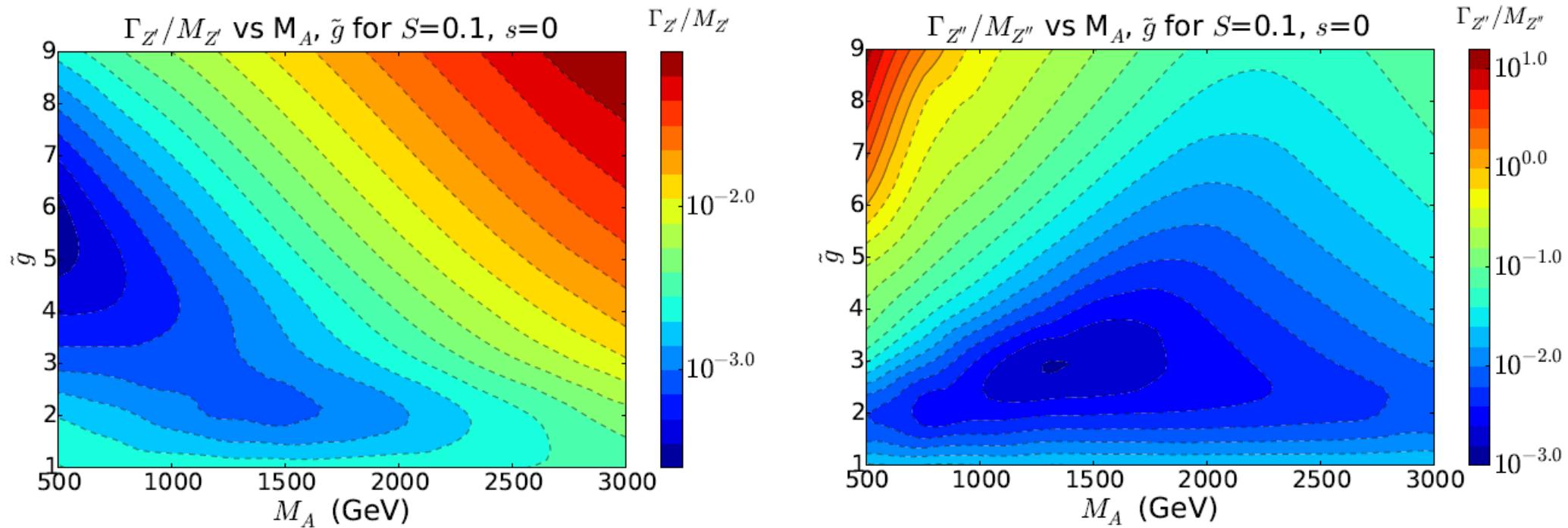
$$M^{\text{inv}} = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi}{S}} F_\pi .$$

# Mass Spectrum



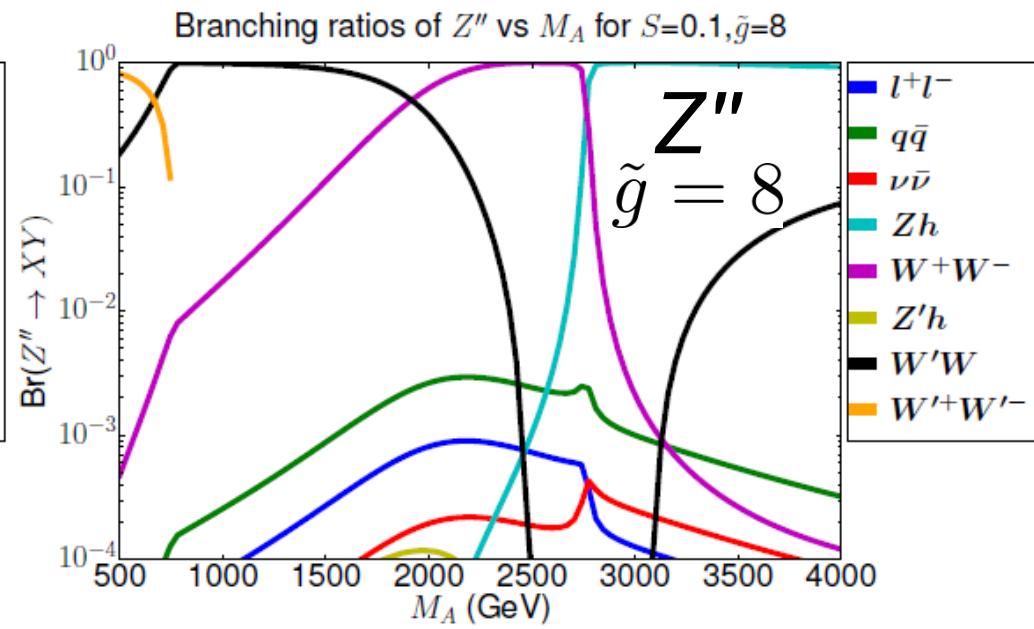
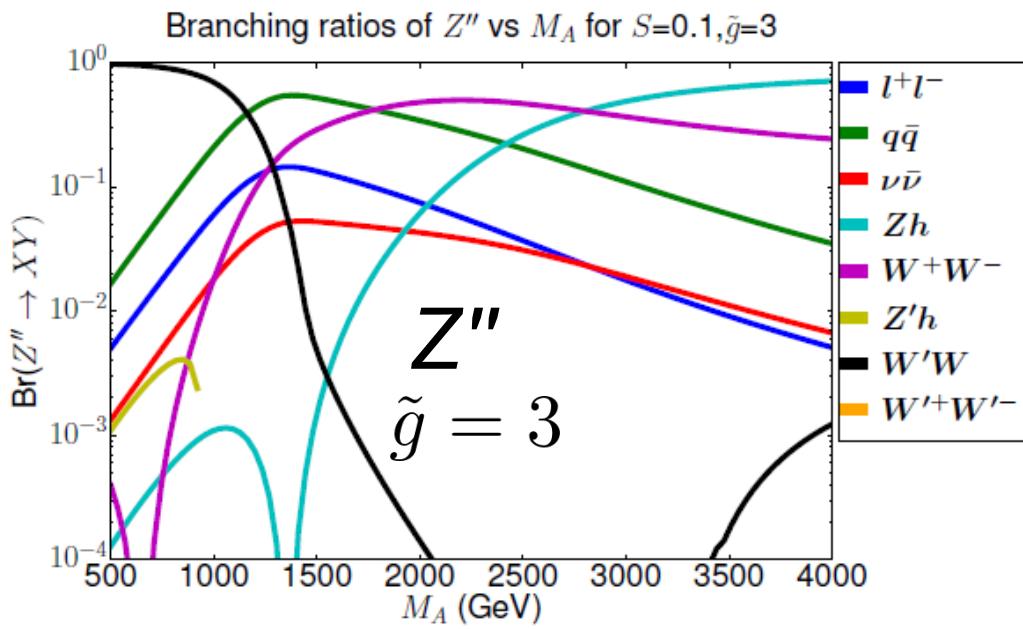
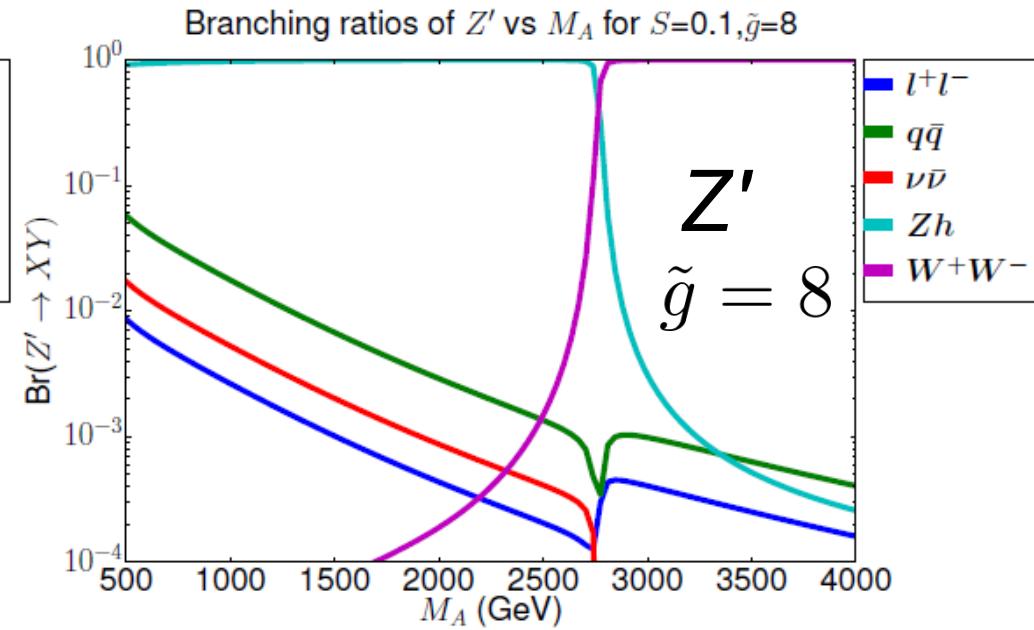
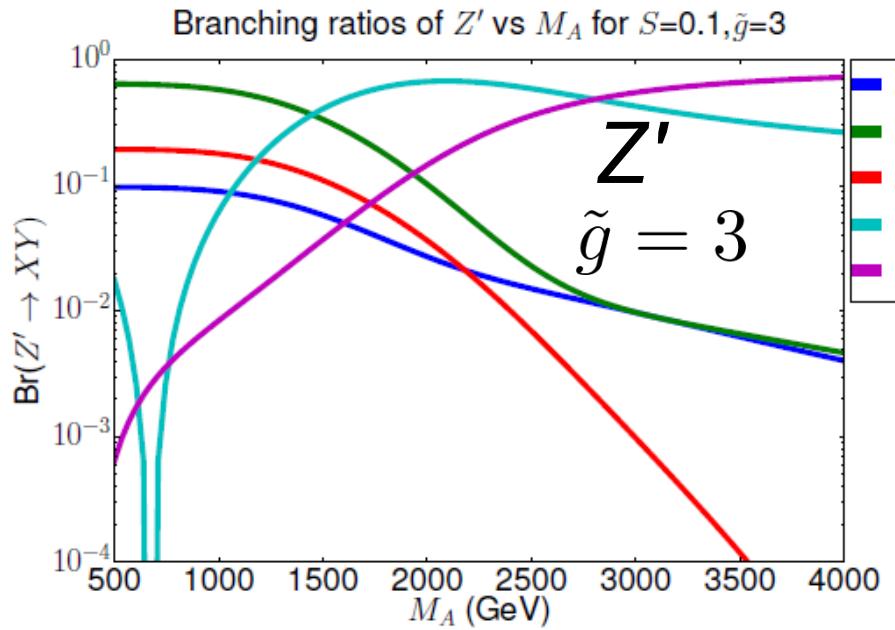
$$M_{inv}^2 = \left( 1 + \frac{g_1^2 + g_2^2}{\tilde{g}^2} \right) \frac{4\pi}{S} F_\pi^2$$

# Width/Mass ratio

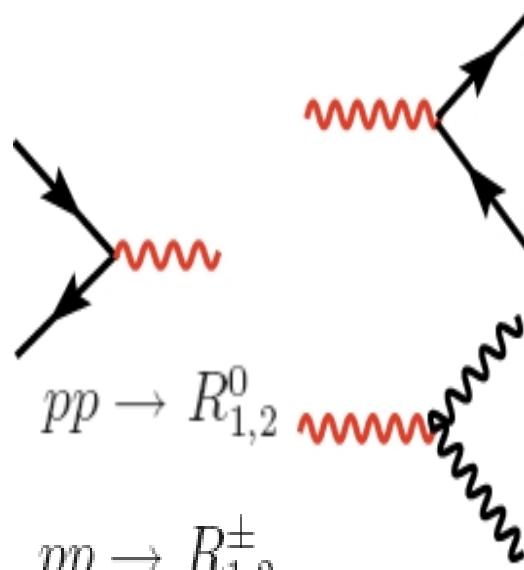


**Z' is narrow essentially due to the small value of the S-parameter**

# Decay Branching Ratios



# LHC Signatures

$$R_{1,2}^0 \equiv Z', Z'' \quad R_{1,2}^\pm \equiv W'^\pm, W''^\pm$$


(1)  $\ell^+ \ell^-$  signature from the process  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$

(2)  $\ell + \cancel{E}_T$  signature from the process  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu$

(3)  $3\ell + \cancel{E}_T$  signature from the process  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow ZW^\pm \rightarrow 3\ell\nu$

## detector acceptance cuts

$$|\eta^\ell| < 2.5 \quad p_T^\ell > 15 \text{ GeV}$$

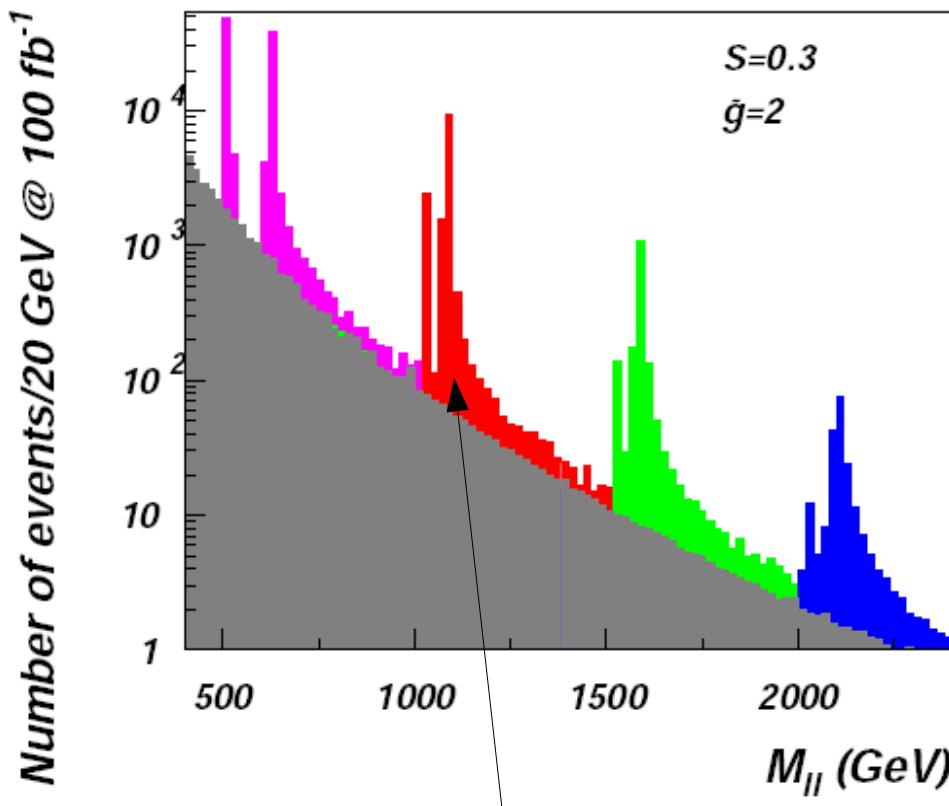
## transverse mass variable

$$(M_\ell^T)^2 = [\sqrt{M^2(\ell) + p_T^2(\ell)} + |\not{p}_T|]^2 - |\vec{p}_T(\ell) + \not{p}_T|^2$$

$$(M_{3\ell}^T)^2 = [\sqrt{M^2(\ell\ell\ell) + p_T^2(\ell\ell\ell)} + |\not{p}_T|]^2 - |\vec{p}_T(\ell\ell\ell) + \not{p}_T|^2$$

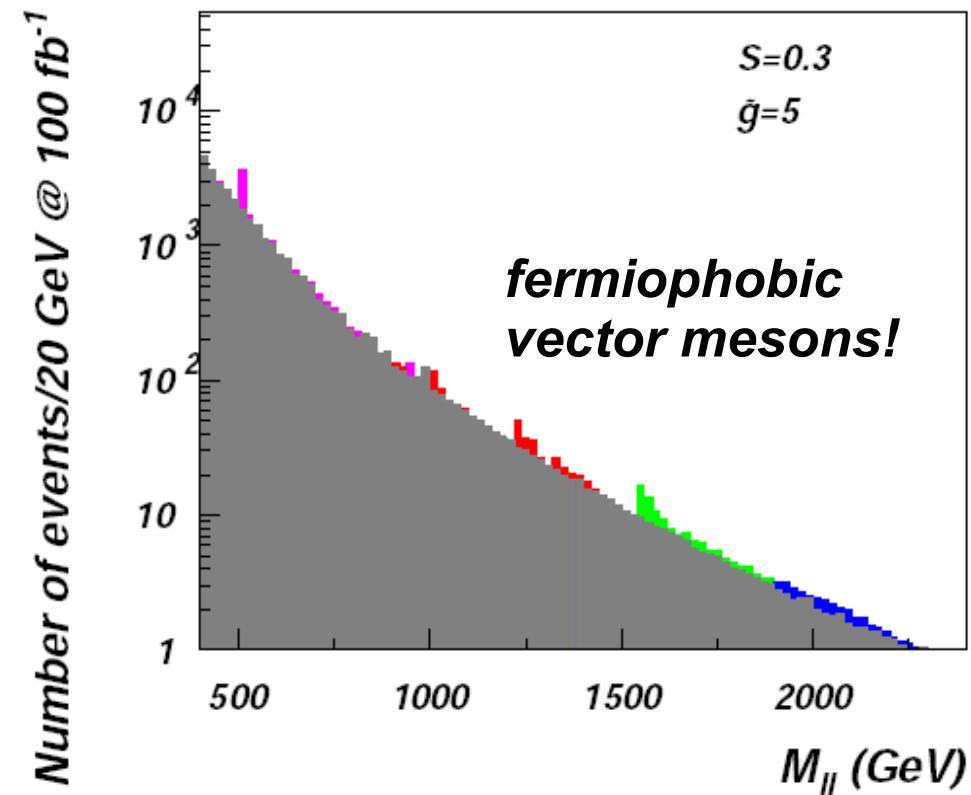
# Signature (1)

(1)  $\ell^+\ell^-$  signature from the process  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$



**double resonance signal pattern can be resolved**

**couplings a suppressed by  $1/gt$**

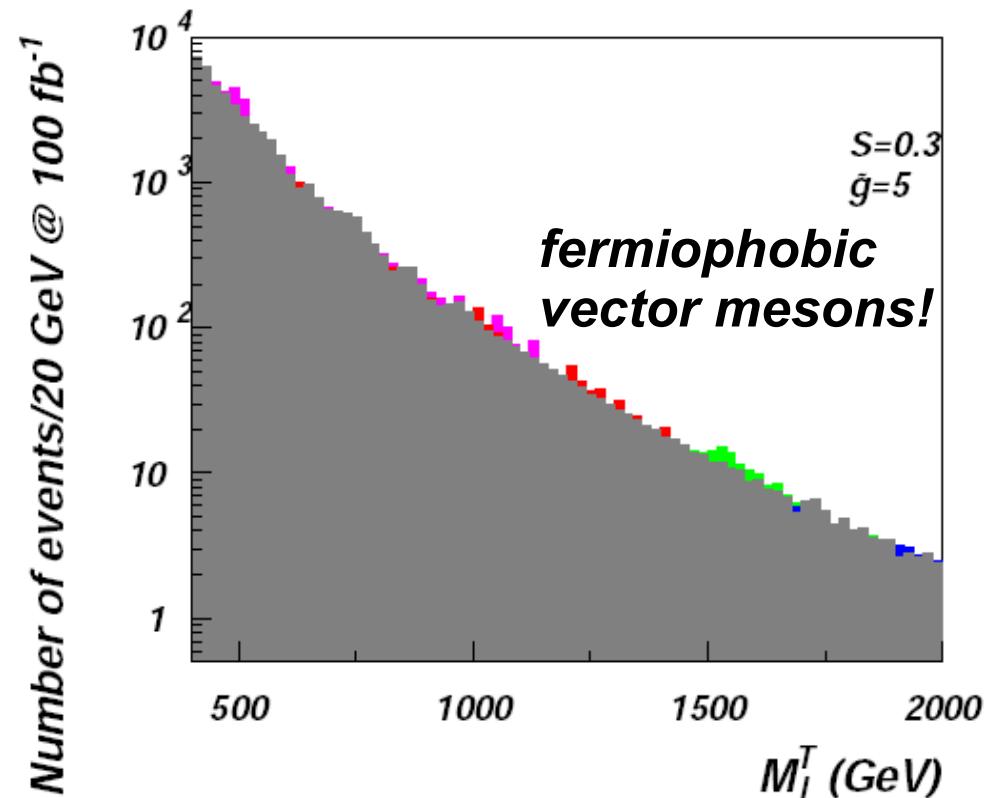
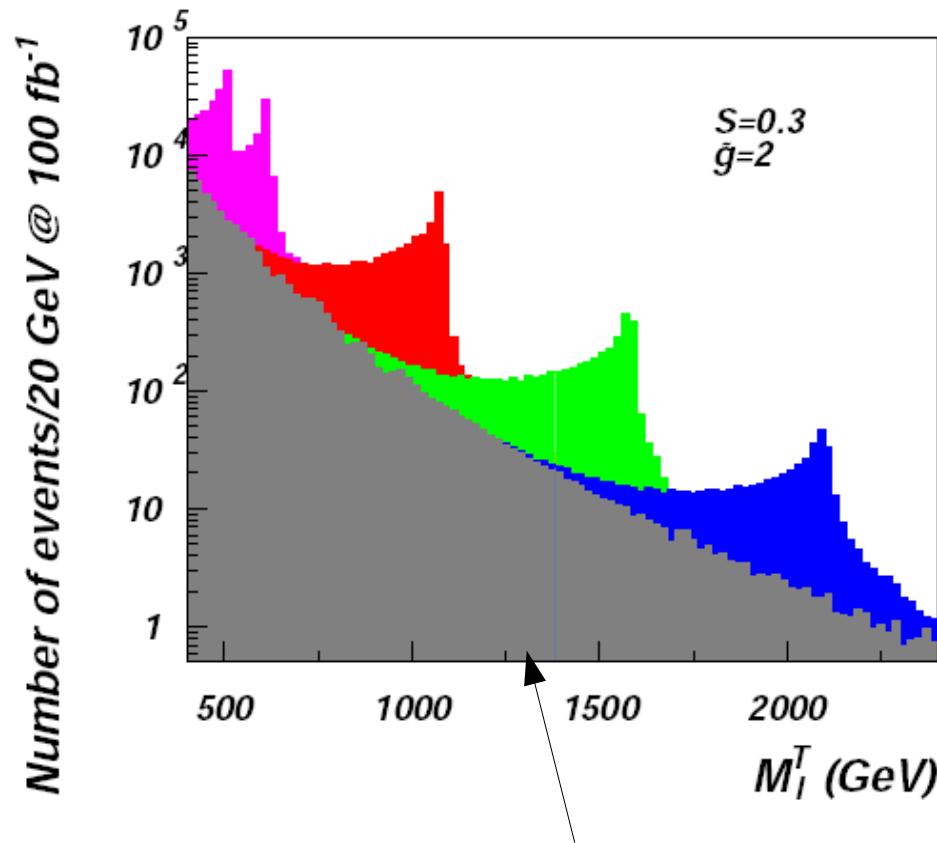


$$g_{Z' f\bar{f}}^L = \frac{\chi}{2\sqrt{2}\tilde{g}} (-I_3 g_2^2 + Y g_1^2), \quad g_{Z' f\bar{f}}^R = \frac{\chi}{2\sqrt{2}\tilde{g}} q_f g_1^2,$$

$$g_{Z'' f\bar{f}}^L = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\tilde{g}} (I_3 g_2^2 + Y g_1^2), \quad g_{Z'' f\bar{f}}^R = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\tilde{g}} q_f g_1^2,$$

# Signature (2)

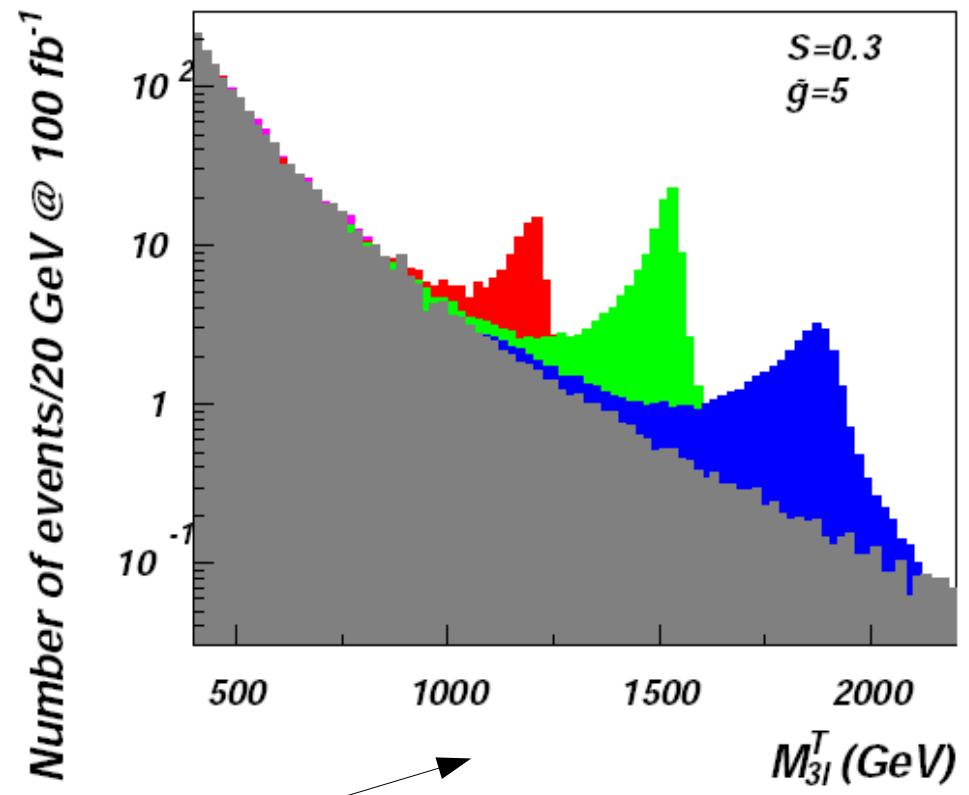
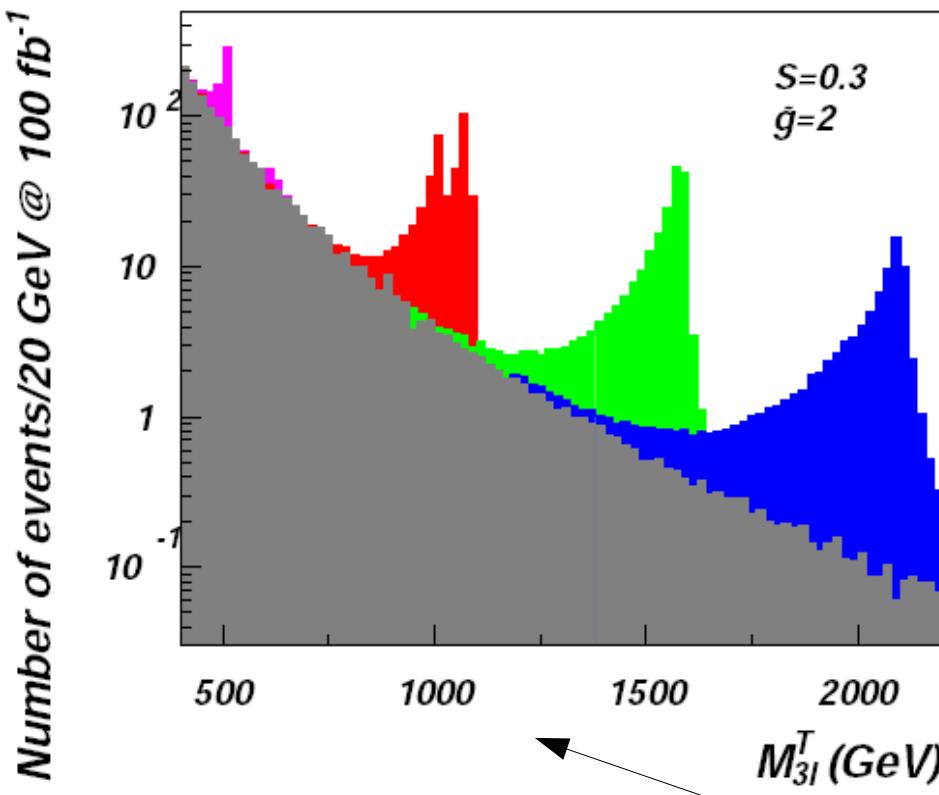
(2)  $\ell + E_T$  signature from the process  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu$



**for higher masses only one resonance is observed**

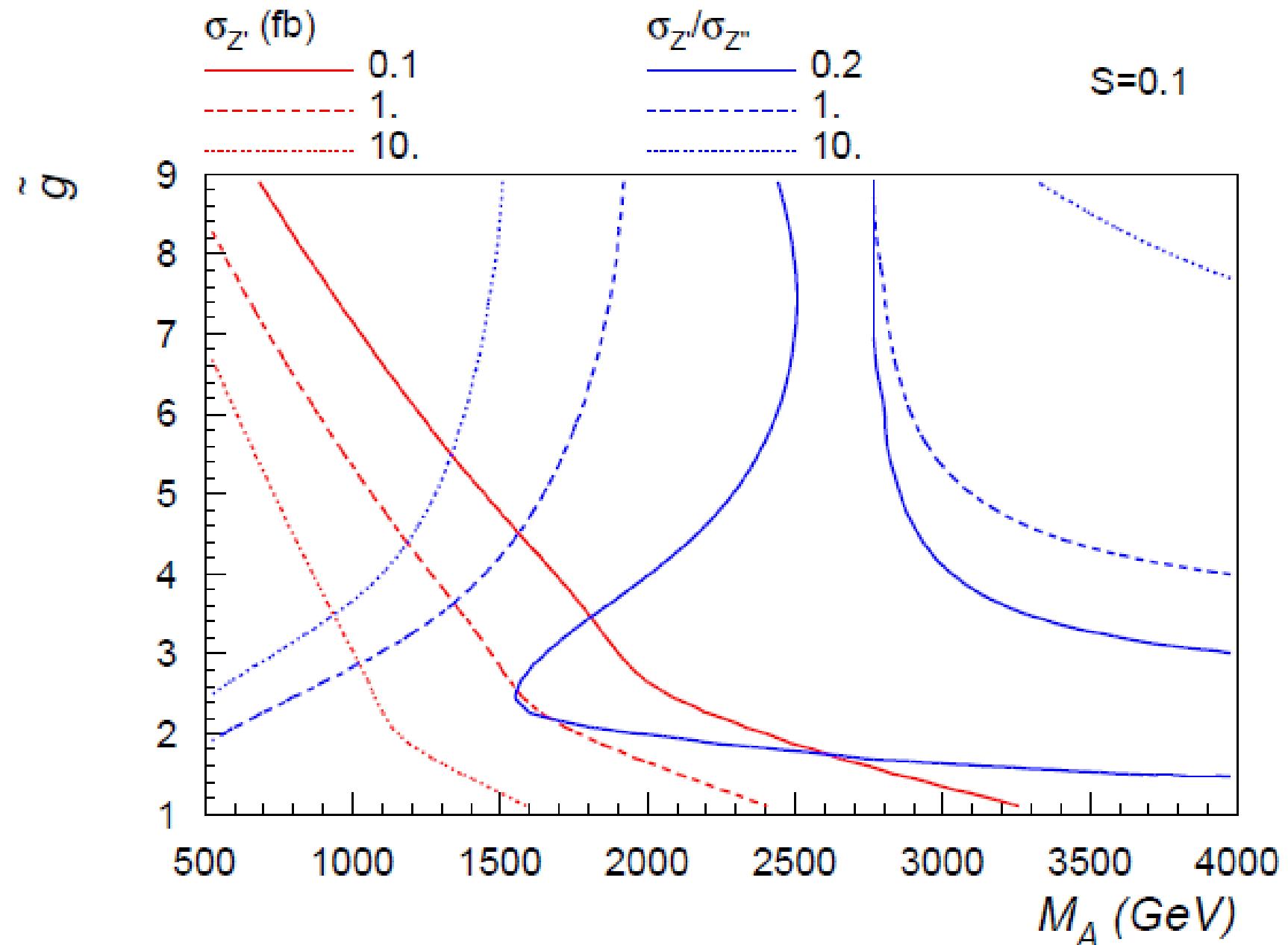
# Signature (3)

(3)  $3\ell + \cancel{E}_T$  signature from the process  $pp \rightarrow R_{1,2}^\pm \rightarrow ZW^\pm \rightarrow 3\ell\nu$

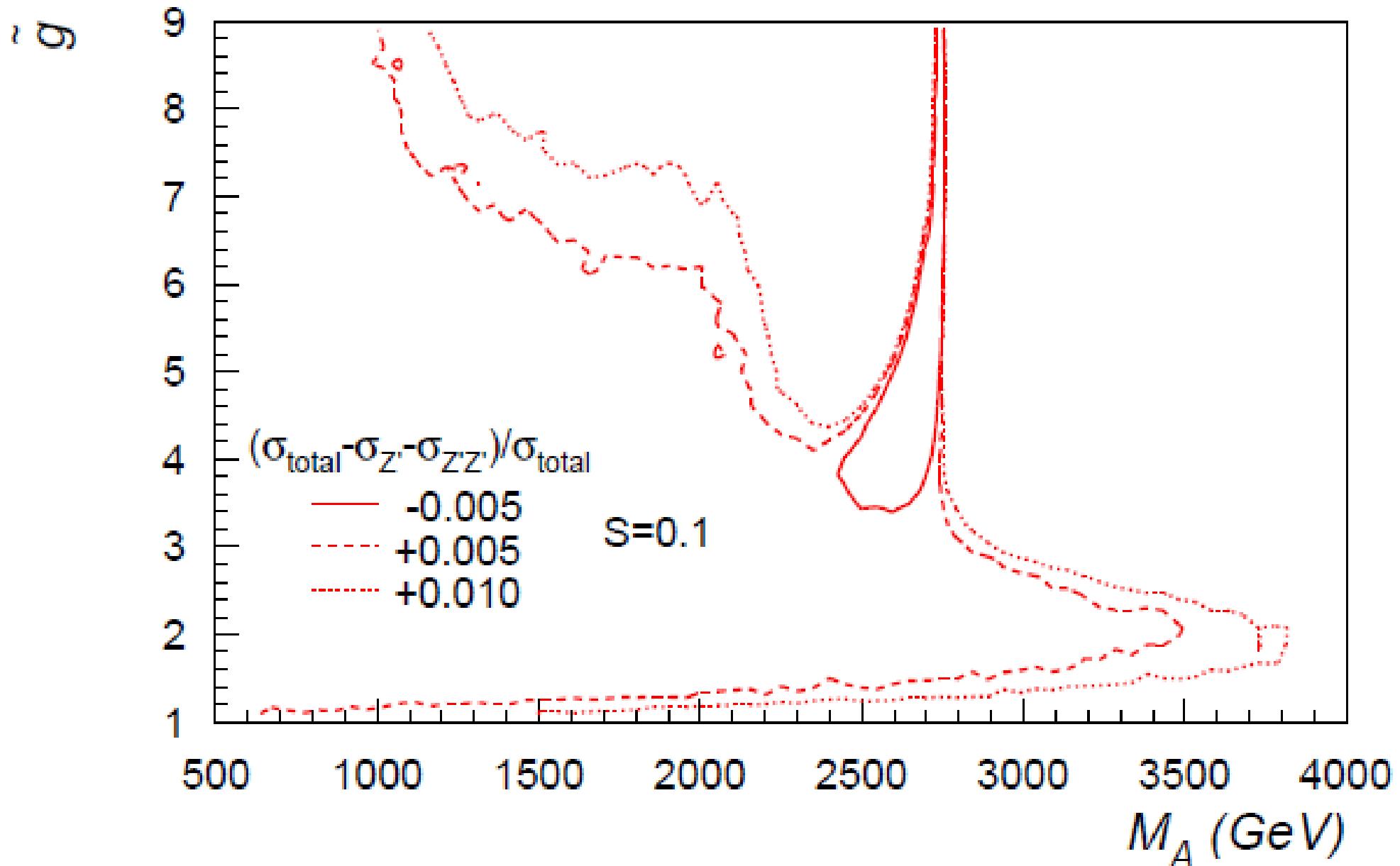


***highly complementary channel to fermiophobic ones:  
not very high rates, but clean signal***

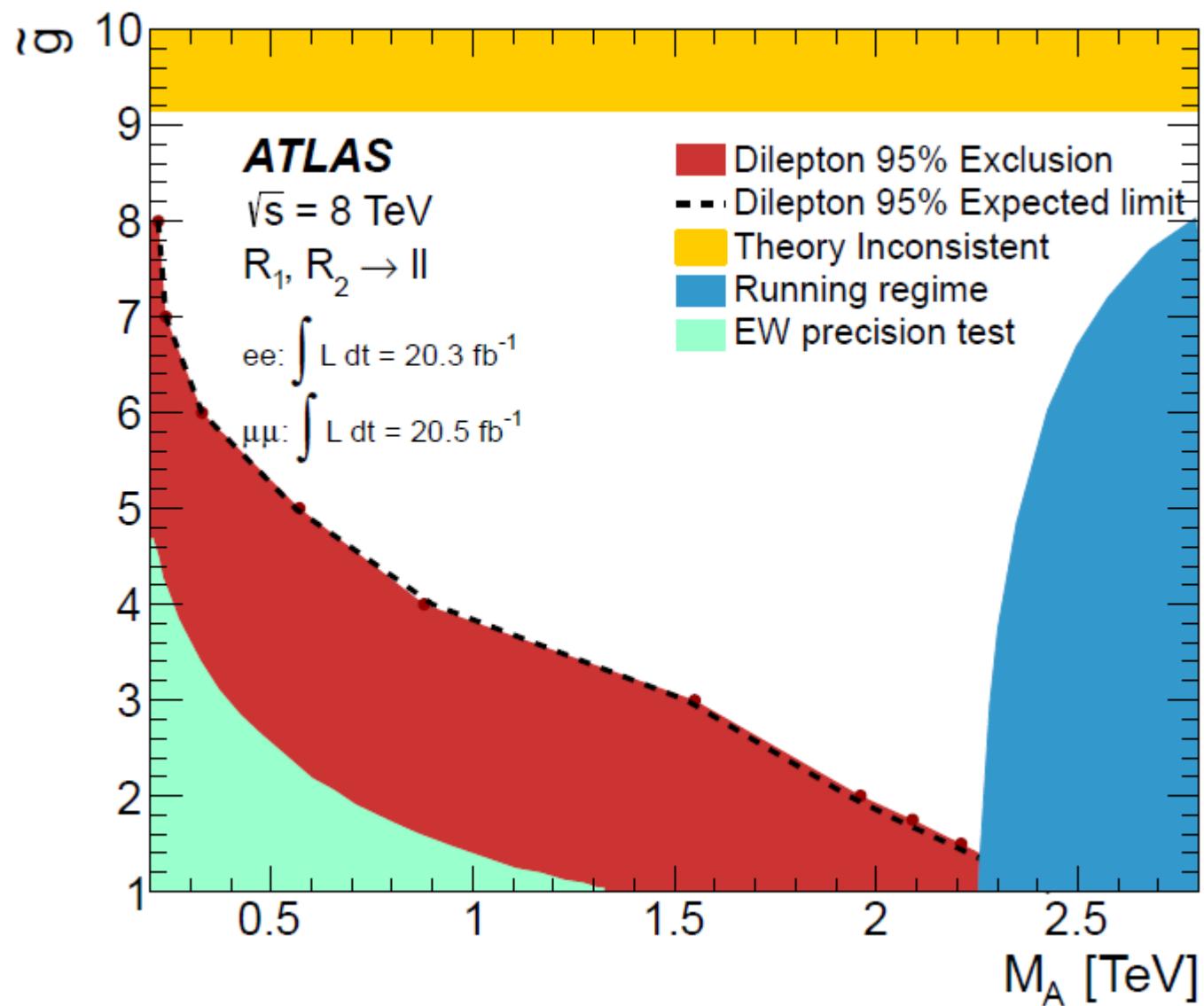
# Interplay of $Z'$ and $Z''$ : relative production rates



# Interplay of $Z'$ and $Z''$ : interference

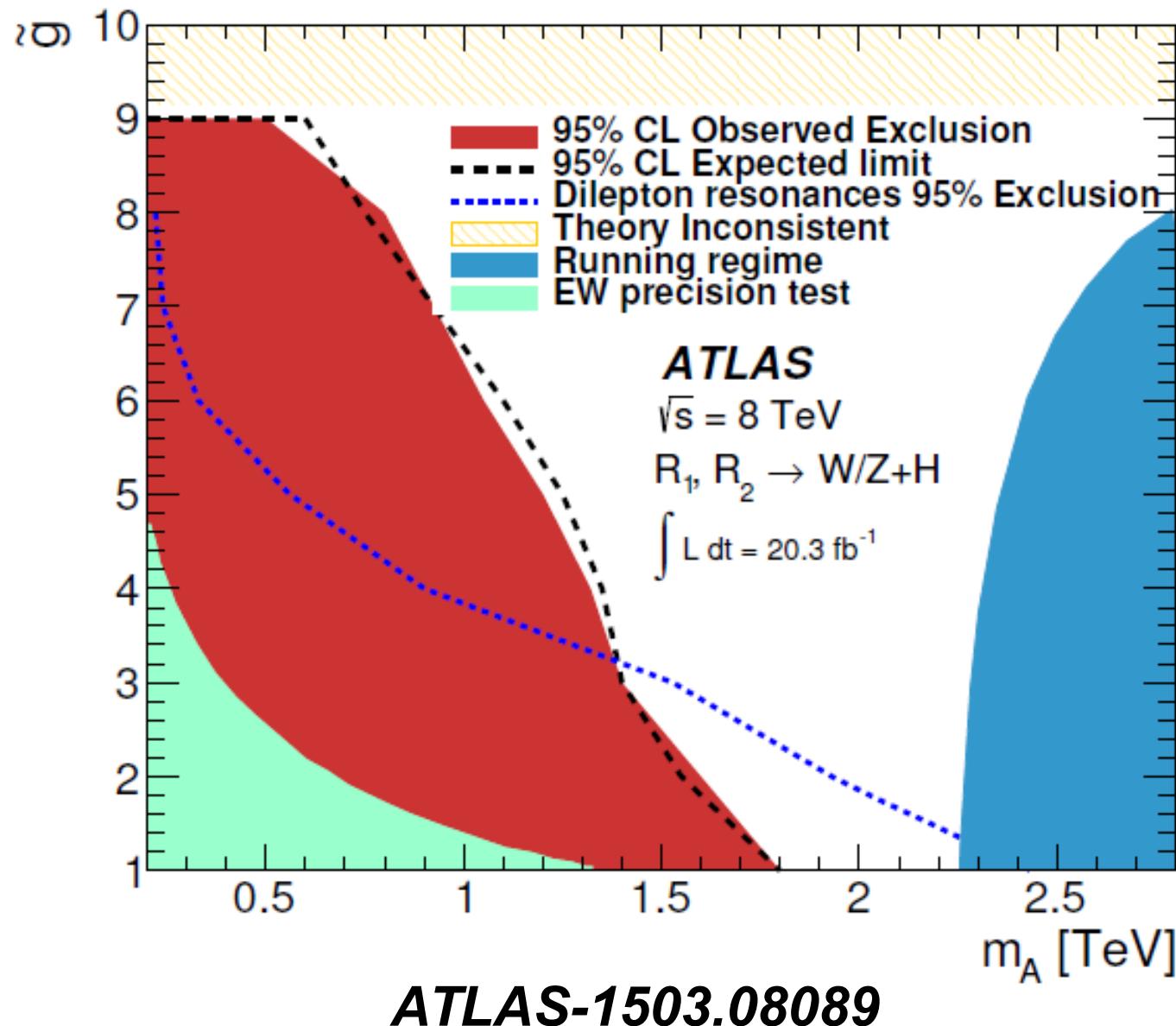


# Previous results from ATLAS – just one benchmark

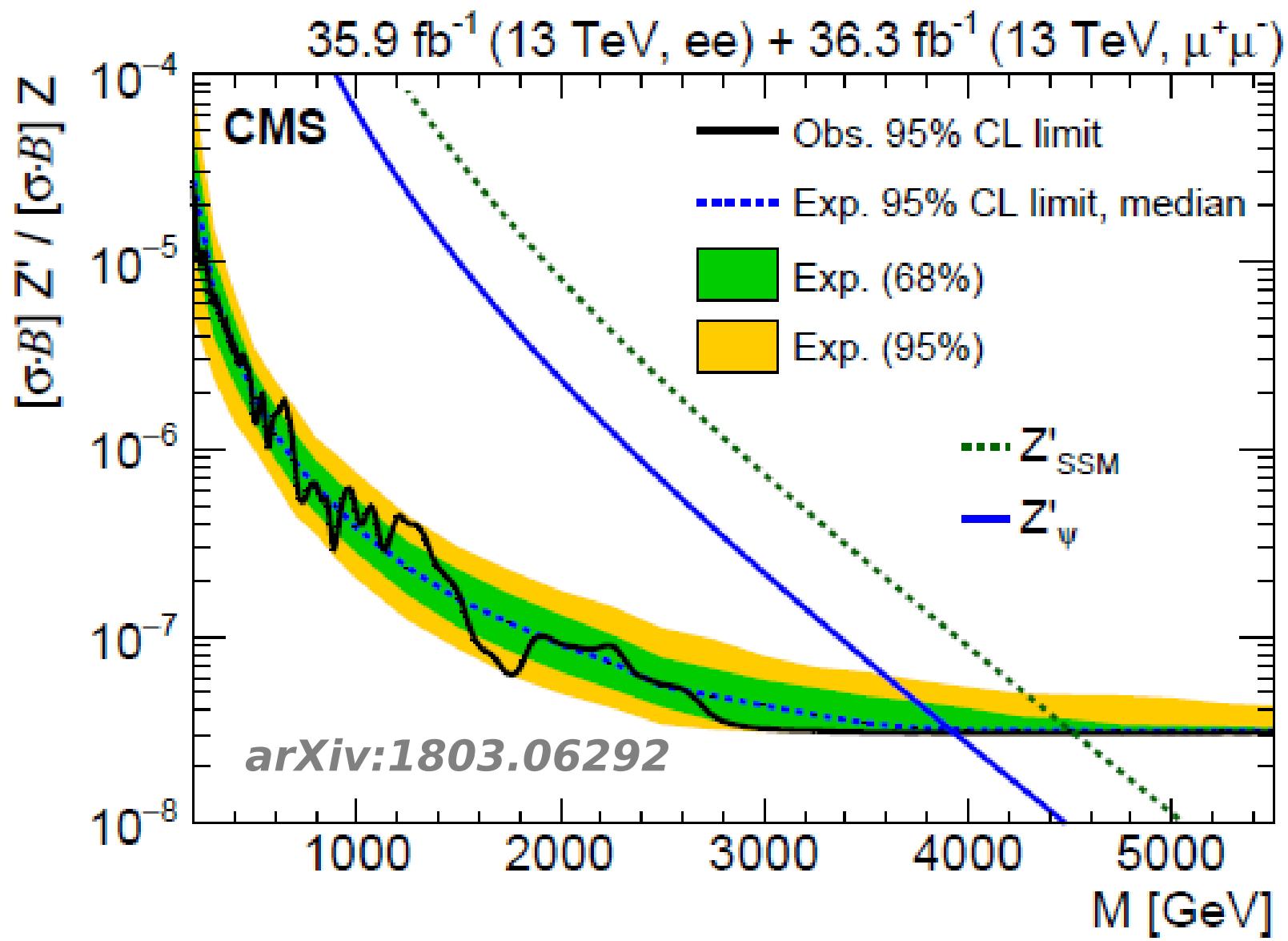


**ATLAS-1405.4123**

# Previous results from ATLAS – just one benchmark

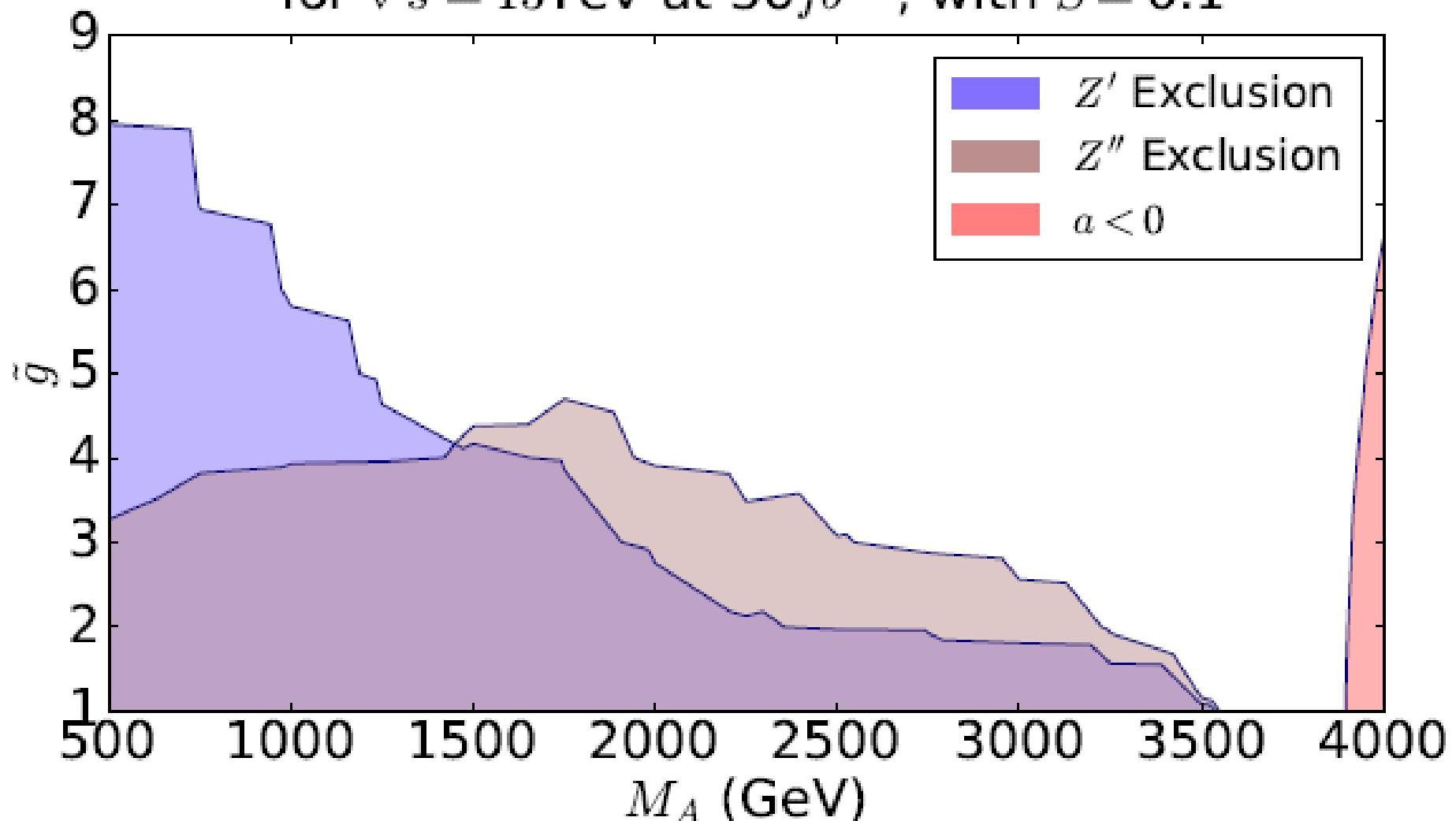


# Recent LHC results

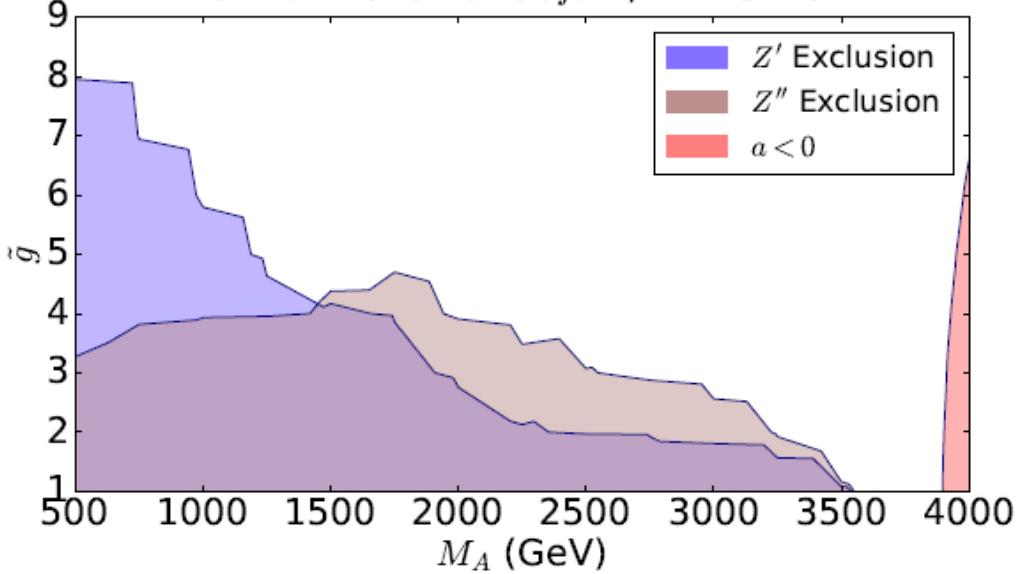


# WTC space exclusion using LHC searches

Exclusion on  $M_A$ ,  $\tilde{g}$  from  $pp \rightarrow Z'/Z'' \rightarrow l^+l^-$   
for  $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{TeV}$  at  $36\text{fb}^{-1}$ , with  $S = 0.1$

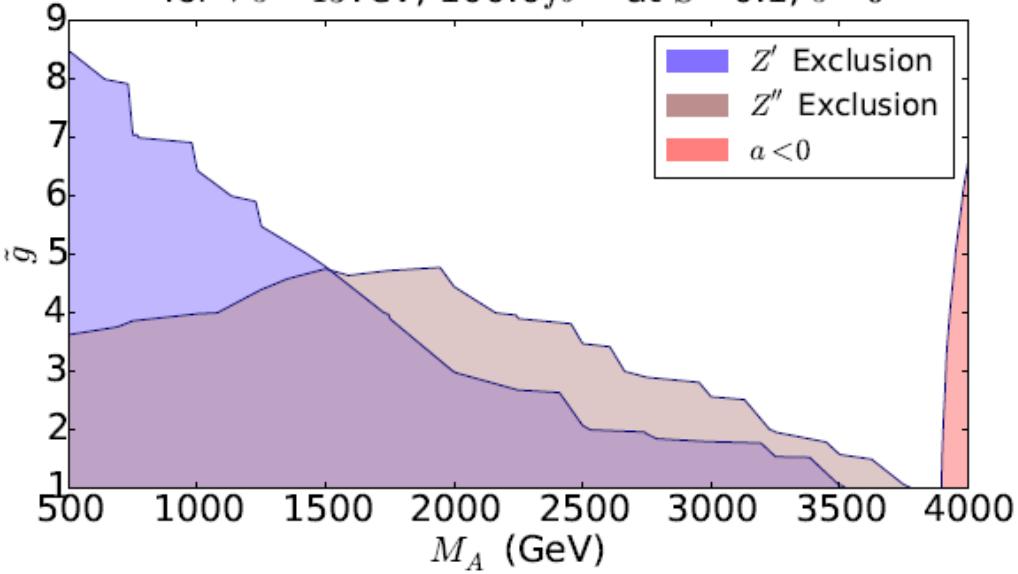


Exclusion on  $M_A$ ,  $\tilde{g}$  from  $pp \rightarrow Z'/Z'' \rightarrow l^+l^-$   
for  $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{TeV}$  at  $36\text{fb}^{-1}$ , with  $S=0.1$



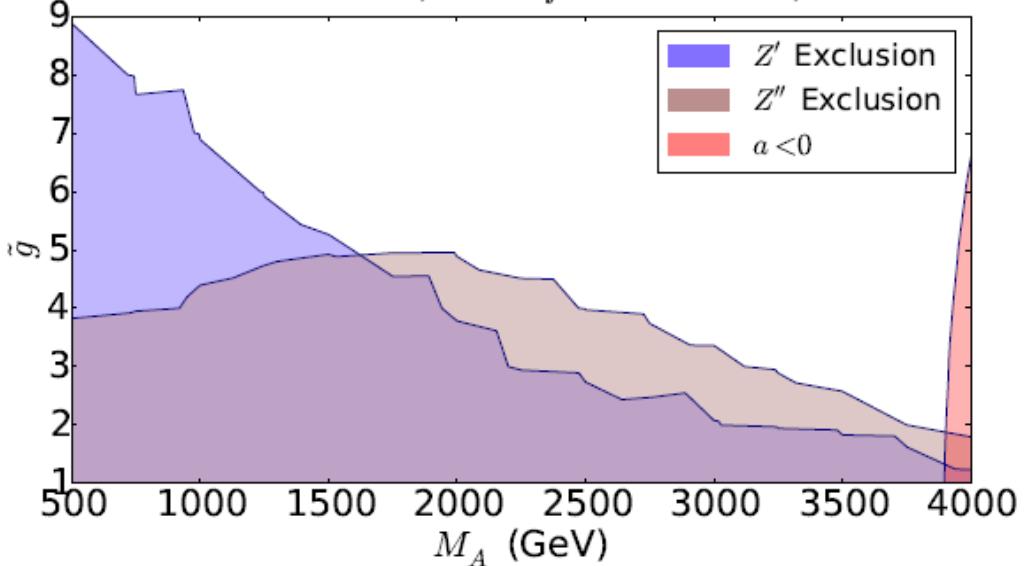
(a)

Exclusion on  $M_A$ ,  $\tilde{g}$  from  $pp \rightarrow Z'/Z'' \rightarrow l^+l^-$   
for  $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{TeV}$ ,  $100.0\text{fb}^{-1}$  at  $S=0.1$ ,  $s=0$

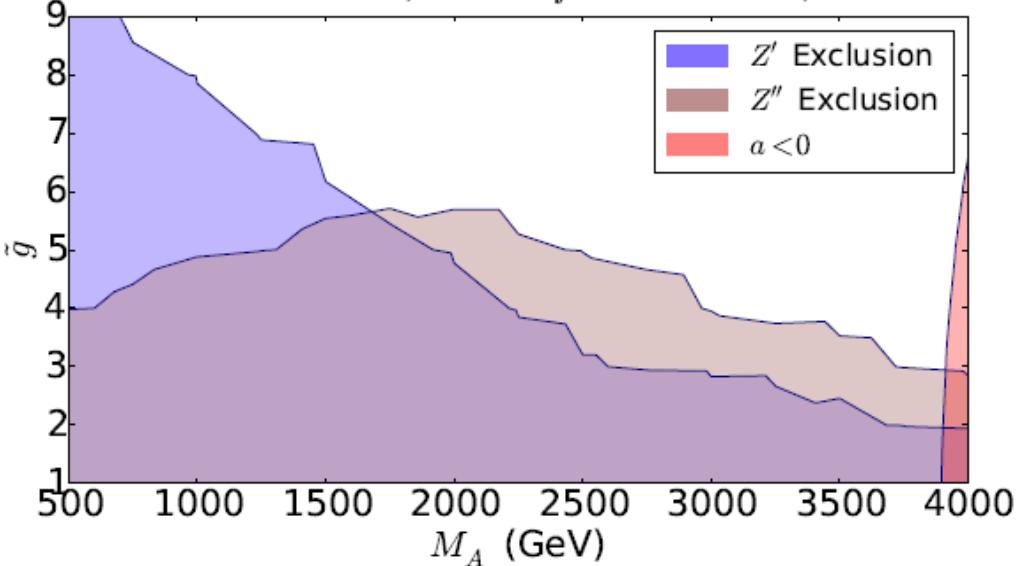


(b)

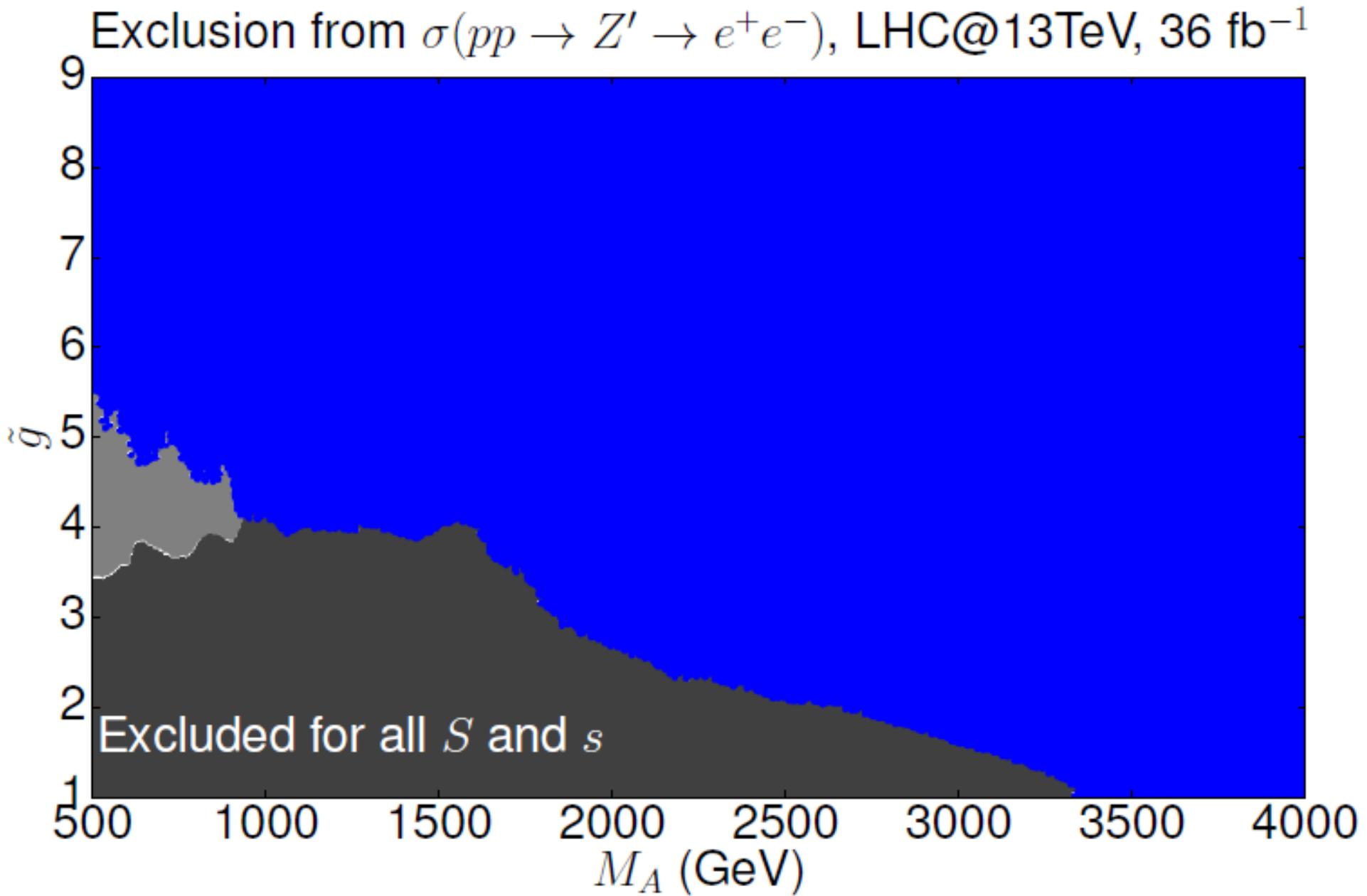
Exclusion on  $M_A$ ,  $\tilde{g}$  from  $pp \rightarrow Z'/Z'' \rightarrow l^+l^-$   
for  $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$ ,  $300.0\text{fb}^{-1}$  at  $S=0.1$ ,  $s=0$



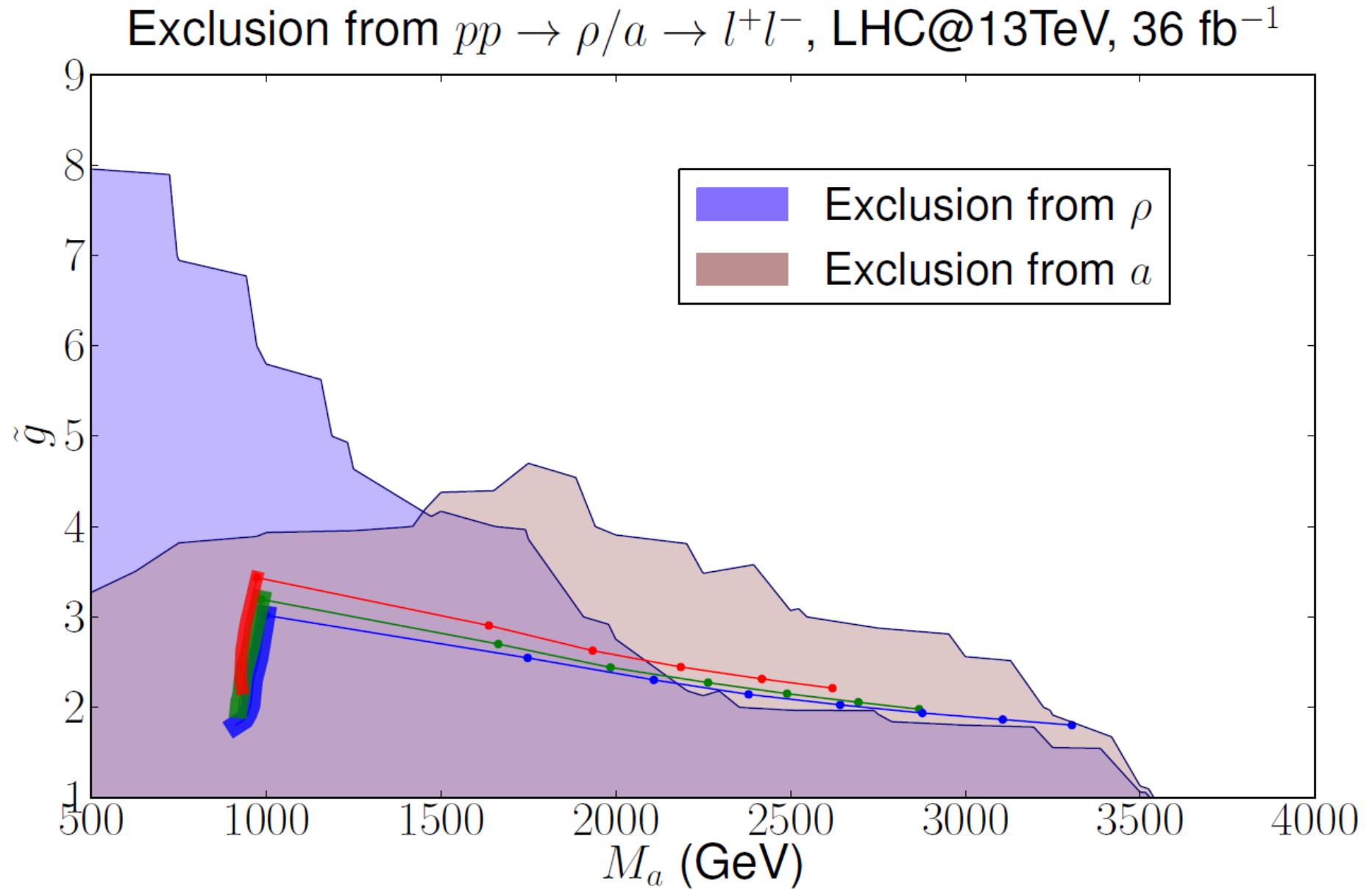
Exclusion on  $M_A$ ,  $\tilde{g}$  from  $pp \rightarrow Z'/Z'' \rightarrow l^+l^-$   
for  $\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$ ,  $3000.0\text{fb}^{-1}$  at  $S=0.1$ ,  $s=0$



# WTC space exclusion using from 4D scan

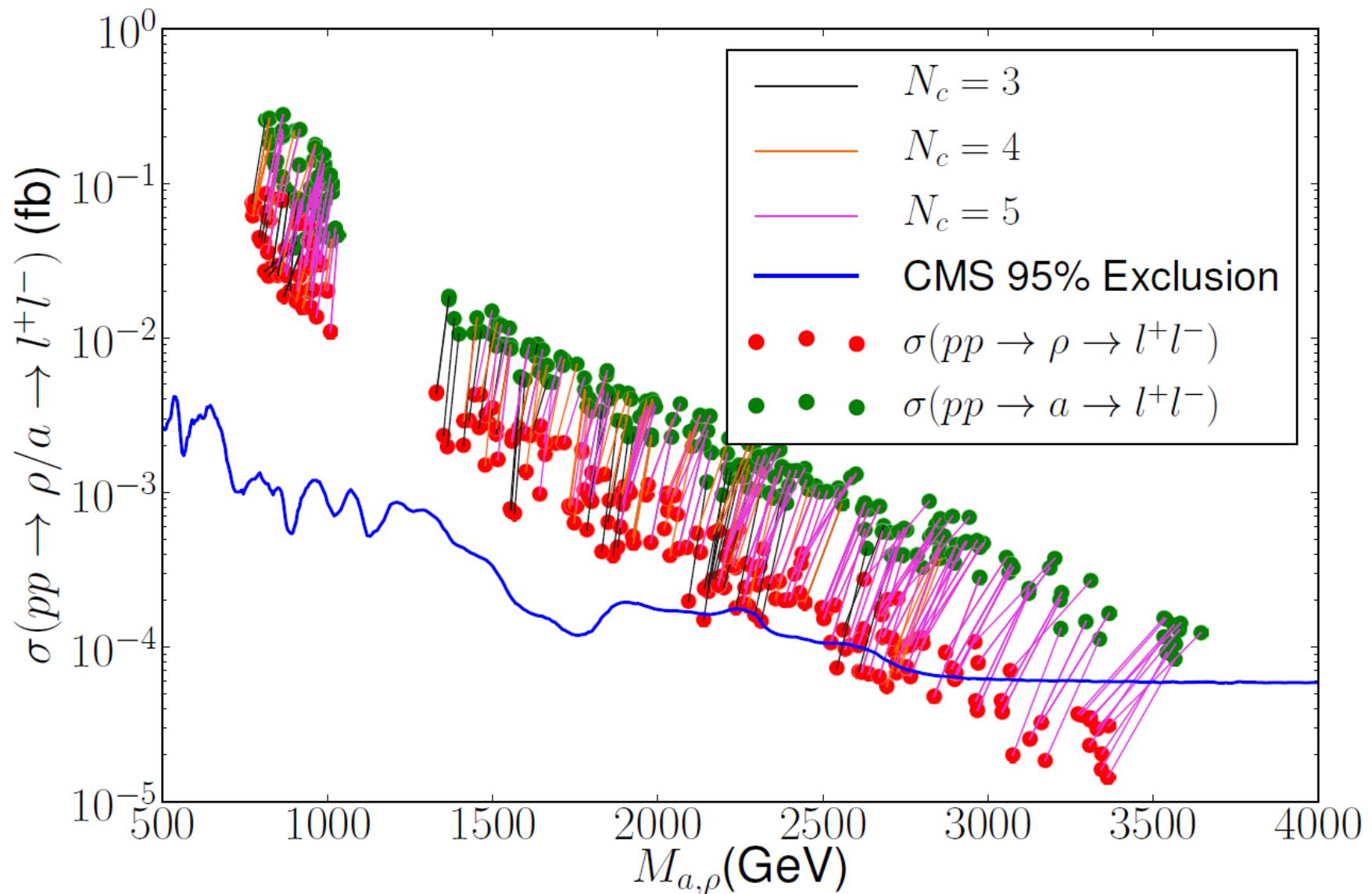


# WTC space exclusion within Holographic approach ( see Nick's talk)



**The role of pseudo-vector ( $Z''$ ) is crucial!**

# WTC space exclusion within Holographic approach



**The whole predicted 4D WTC parameter space is excluded!**