

Role of the $N(1535)$ in the $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \eta p$ decay

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The nonleptonic weak decay of $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \eta p$ is analyzed from the viewpoint of probing the $N(1535)$ resonance, which has a big decay branching ratio to ηN . Up to an arbitrary normalization, the invariant mass distribution of ηp is calculated with both the chiral unitary approach and an effective Lagrangian model. Within the chiral unitary approach, the $N(1535)$ resonance is dynamically generated from the final-state interaction of mesons and baryons in the strangeness zero sector. For the effective Lagrangian model, we take a Breit-Wigner formula to describe the distribution of the $N(1535)$ resonance. It is found that the behavior of the $N(1535)$ resonance in the $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 N(1535) \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \eta p$ decay within the two approaches is different. The proposed Λ_c decay mechanism can provide valuable information on the properties of the $N(1535)$ and can in principle be tested by facilities such as BEPC II and SuperKEKB.

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