







Baryon spectra and properties from functional methods

Review: Eichmann, Sanchis-Alepuz, Williams, Alkofer, CF, PPNP 91, 1-100 [1606.09602]

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Overview - Take home messages



Eichmann, CF, Sanchis-Alepuz, PRD 94 (2016) [1607.05748] CF, Eichmann PoS Hadron 2017 (2018) 007 Eichmann, CF, Few Body Syst. 60 (2019) no.1, 2



Heavy baryon spectrum:

$\stackrel{[GeV]}{\mathrm{DSE}}$ lQCD	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \Omega_{ccc} \\ 4.76 (7) \\ 4.80 (2) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} \Omega_{bbb} \\ 14.37 (10) \\ 14.37 (2) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} \Omega_{ccb} \\ 7.96 (12) \\ 8.01 (2) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} \Omega_{cbb} \\ 11.17 (12) \\ 11.20 (2) \end{array} $
^[GeV] DSE	$\begin{array}{c} \Omega_{ccc}'\\ 5.15 \ (8) \end{array}$	Ω'_{bbb} 14.98 (12)	$\begin{array}{c} \Omega_{ccb}'\\ 8.47 \ (14) \end{array}$	Ω'_{cbb} 11.76 (14)

Qin, Roberts, Schmidt, PRD 97 (2018) 114017

Light baryon spectrum - quark model



Loring, Metsch, Petry, EPJA 10 (2001) 395

• 'missing resonances': three-body vs. quark-diquark

• level ordering: $N_{\frac{1}{2}}$ vs. $N_{\frac{1}{2}}$

Flavored baryon spectrum - quark model

u/d - s - c - b: probe QCD at different scales



- need (effective) flavor dependent forces to explain spectrum
- models: parametrization
- should be determined from QCD

Ronniger, Metsch, EPJA 47 (2011) 162 see also Glozmann, Riska, Plessars et al.

Nonperturbative QCD: Lattice, Functional methods (DSE/BSE)

Lattice QCD



baryon ground states well under control
 baryon excited states: very tough problem

talk of Colin Morningstar

Three-body vs. Diquark-quark approximation

Bethe-Salpeter equation for baryons:

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Three-body vs. Diquark-quark approximation

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Three-body vs. Diquark-quark approximation

Bethe-Salpeter equation for baryons:

Diquark-quark approximation:



Quantum numbers: non-relativistic vs relativistic

non-relativistic Mesons: $P = (-1)^{L+1}$ J^{PC} L S 0^{-+} () 0 1 0 1^{+-} 0 1 0^{++} 1 1

relativistic

Quantum numbers: non-relativistic vs relativistic



Quantum numbers: non-relativistic vs relativistic



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Running quark mass? - Running QCD!



Eichmann, Sanchis-Alepuz, Williams, Alkofer, CF, PPNP 91, 1-100 [1606.09602]

Many running quantities go into calculation of observables

Cloet, Roberts and Thomas, PRL 111 (2013) 101803

Three approximation schemes



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Three approximation schemes



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DSE/BSE/Faddeev landscape (2015)

level of complexity

			I) NJL/contact interaction	II) Quark-diquark model	III) DSE	E (RL)	IV) DSE (bRL)	
uwop/dn	-+-1	N, Δ masses	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
		N, Δ em. FFs	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	d	$N\to \Delta\gamma$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	+	N^*, Δ^* masses	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	P =	$\gamma N \to N^*/\Delta^*$	\checkmark	\checkmark				
		N^*, Δ^* masses		\checkmark				
	P =	$\gamma N \to N^*/\Delta^*$						
60		ground states		\checkmark				
an		excited states						
str		em. FF						
		TFFs						
þ		ground states						
บ		excited states						
			Cloet, Thomas, Roberts, Segovia, Chen, et al.	Oettel, Alkofer, Bloch, Roberts, Segovia, Chen, et al.	Eichmann, Alkofer, Krassnigg, Nicmorus, Sanchis-Alepuz, CF	Eichmann, Alkofer, Sanchis-Alepuz, CF, Qin, Roberts	- Sanchis-Alepuz, Williams, CF	
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DSE/BSE/Faddeev landscape

level of complexity

		I) NJL/contact interaction	II) Quark-diquark model	III) DSE	(RL)	IV) DSE (bRL)	
٨N	$_{+\!\!+\!\!}$ N, Δ masses	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
vop/dn	$\parallel N, \Delta$ em. FFs	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$ ^{\mathbf{C}} N \to \Delta \gamma $	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$+ N^*, \Delta^*$ masses	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$\stackrel{\parallel}{\frown} \gamma N \to N^* / \Delta^*$	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	N^*, Δ^* masses	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$\stackrel{\parallel}{\frown} \gamma N \to N^* / \Delta^*$						
ge	ground states	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
an	excited states	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
StI	em. FF			✓			
	'I'F'F'S				•		
P	ground states	\checkmark	\checkmark		✓		
J	excited states		\checkmark		\checkmark		
		Cloet, Thomas, Roberts, Segovia, Chen, et al.	Oettel, Alkofer, Bloch, Roberts, Segovia, Chen, et al.	Eichmann, Alkofer, Krassnigg, Nicmorus, Sanchis-Alepuz, CF	Eichmann, Alkofer, Sanchis-Alepuz, CF, Qin, Roberts	Sanchis-Alepuz, Williams, CF	
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vop/dn	$\parallel N, \Delta$ em. FFs	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$\sim N \to \Delta \gamma$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	+ N^*, Δ^* masses	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$\stackrel{ }{\frown} \gamma N \to N^* / \Delta^*$	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	N^*, Δ^* masses	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	$\stackrel{ }{\frown} \gamma N \to N^* / \Delta^*$						
Ð	ground states	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
ang	excited states	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
str	$ m em. \ FF$ $ m TFFs$			→ talks of Chen Chen			
	ground states	\checkmark	\checkmark	Gernot Eichman			
c/f	excited states		\checkmark	Jose Qui		uintero	
		Cloet, Thomas, Roberts, Segovia, Chen, et al.	Oettel, Alkofer,Bloch, Roberts, Segovia, Chen, et al.	Sanchis-Alepuz, CF	Craig Qin, Roberts	Roberts Williams, CF	
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Light baryon spectrum: DSE-RL



spectrum in one to one agreement with experiment
 correct level ordering (without coupled channel effects...)

Light baryon spectrum: DSE-RL

 $\frac{3}{2}^{+}$



 $\frac{1}{2}^{+}$

Eichmann, CF, Sanchis-Alepuz, PRD 94 (2016) [1607.05748] Eichmann, CF, Few Body Syst. 60 (2019) no.1, 2

 $\frac{1}{2}^{-}$

 $\frac{3}{2}^{+}$

 $\frac{3}{2}^{-}$

spectrum in one to one agreement with experiment

 $\frac{3}{2}^{-}$

• correct level ordering (without coupled channel effects...)

PDG ** PDG ***

PDG ****

1.0 ·

three-body agrees with diquark-quark where applicable

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M [GeV]

N(1880)

N(1710)

M(1440)

💳 N(940)

 $\frac{1}{2}^{-}$

 $\frac{1}{2}^{+}$

2.0 -

1.8

1.6

1.4

1.2

1.0 -

Properties of the Roper



- zero crossing of wave function: 2s-state
- every state is mixture of several partial waves !
- different internal structure of radial excitations

tension with simpler calculations ('contact interaction', 'quark-diquark model'): Wilson, Cloet, Chang and Roberts, PRC 85 (2012) 025205, Segovia, El-Bennich, Rojas, Cloet, Roberts, Xu and Zong, PRL 115 (2015) 17 Lu, Chen, Roberts et al., PRC 96 (2017) 015208

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Baryon spectrum: quark-diquark model

8+5 parameters + m_{u,d,s} positive parity channels 2.5 mass_{decuplet} (GeV) mass_{octet} (GeV) 1.5 1.5 Calc. 1 Exp. 1.1 $N_{n=0} N_{n=1}$ $\Sigma_{n=0} \Sigma_{n=1}$ $\Sigma_{n=0}^* \Sigma_{n=1}^*$ $\Lambda_{n=0} \Lambda_{n=1}$ $\Xi_{n=0}$ $\Xi_{n=1}$ $\Xi_{n=0}^{*}$ $\Xi_{n=1}^{*}$ $\Delta_{n=0} \Delta_{n=1}$ $\Omega_{n=0} \Omega_{n=1}$ Chen, Krein, Roberts, Schmidt, Segovia, arXiv:1901.04305 Roper

again one-to-one agreement systematic offset (engineered: space for meson cloud)

see also contact model results in: Lu, Chen, Roberts et al., PRC 96 (2017) 015208

Heavy Baryon spectrum (DSE, RL, three-body)



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Extracting form factors from correlators



Form factor from BSEs (derived from equation of motion for G and 'gauging')



exact equation for baryon form factors

Nucleon form factors and magnetic moments



missing pion cloud effects

similar for axial form factors

Eichmann, PRD 84 (2011)

Eichmann and CF, EPJ A48 (2012) 9

Strange form factors: octet and decuplet



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Baryon spectra and properties

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Strong decays



- Good agreement with lattice and experiment
- Decay constants can be calculated in rainbow-ladder (although bound states have no width)
- And... beyond rainbow ladder
 trace pole on second Riemann sheet



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Strong decays



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 trace pole on second Riemann sheet

Williams, accepted by PLB, arXiv:1804.11161 Eichmann, in preparation

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Summary and outlook

Summary Review: Eichmann, Sanchis-Alepuz, Willia

- Baryon spectrum: good agreement with experiment!
- Results for up/down, strange and heavy quarks
- Three-body vs diquark-quark: fair agreement
- Roper is dominated by p-waves relativistic effect !

Outlook

Pion cloud effects

exploratory calculation: Sanchis-Alepuz, CF, Kubrak, PLB 733 (2014) [1401.3183]

• Larger J = 5/2, 7/2

Decays

Backup

Beyond rainbow-ladder: pion contributions in BSE-kernel:



Williams, arXiv:1804.11161

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Williams, arXiv:1804.11161

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Beyond rainbow-ladder: pion contributions in BSE-kernel:



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Beyond rainbow-ladder: pion contributions in BSE-kernel:



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Decays: ρππ



Williams, arXiv:1804.11161

Additional corrections known to increase mass by O(100) MeV

CF and Williams, PRL 103 (2009), 122001

Pion cloud effects



Hadron level: πN-contributions to nucleon self-energy

Quark-level: π-contributions to quark self-energy and interactions



Pion not an elementary field → BSE ! Setup derived from DSE for quark-gluon interaction!

CF, Nickel and Wambach, PRD 76 (2007) 094009

Pion cloud effects in light mesons



CF, Williams, PRL 103 (2009), PRD 78 (2008)

- Attractive effects of pion cloud
- Furthermore: generate decay $ho \to \pi \pi$

Williams, accepted by PLB, arXiv:1804.11161

Pion cloud effects in baryons



Pion cloud effects in baryons



- fix Λ by f_{π} , vary η s.t. f_{π} still ok
- effects of the order of 50-100 MeV
- missing: gluon self-interaction effects

 $\alpha(k^2) = \pi \eta^7 \left(\frac{k^2}{\Lambda^2}\right) e^{-\eta^2 \left(\frac{k^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)} + \alpha_{UV}(k^2)$

Angular momenta

Baryon spectrum

M [GeV] 2.0 N(1895) N(1900) N(1875) ____ Δ(1920) **_**___ Δ(1940) **Δ(1910)** Δ(1900) N(1880) 1.8 N(1650) N(1720) N(1700) **___** ∆(1700) **N(1710) ▲** △(1620) **_** ∆(1600) 1.6 N(1535) ____ N(1520) **N**(1440) 1.4 **___** ∆(1232) 1.2 1.0 **N(940)** $\frac{3}{2}^+$ $\frac{3}{2}^ \frac{3}{2}^+$ $\frac{3}{2}^ \frac{1}{2}^+$ $\frac{1}{2}^{+}$ $\frac{1}{2}^{-}$ $\frac{1}{2}^{-}$

Orbital angular momentum content:



- in nonrelativistic quark model:
 N, Δ ~ s waves, negative-parity states ~ p waves, etc.
- Here: 'quark-model forbidden' contributions are always present,
 e.g. Roper: dominated by p waves ⇒ relativity is important!

Quark-diquark with reduced pseudoscalar + vector diquarks: GE, FBS 58 (2017)

Mass evolution



Eichmann, CF, Sanchis-Alepuz, PRD 94 (2016) [1607.05748]

Mass evolution as expected for three-body state...

Rainbow-ladder model for quark-gluon interaction



scale Λ from f_{π_i} masses $m_u = m_d$, m_s from $m_{\pi_i} m_K$

- α_{UV} from perturbation theory
- **b** parameter η : band of results

Binosi, Chang, Papavassiliou and Roberts, PLB 742 (2015) 183

Eichmann, Sanchis-Alepuz, Williams, Alkofer, CF, PPNP 91, 1-100 [1606.09602]

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DSEs and Bethe-Salpeter equation



Kernel K uniquely related to quark-DSE via axialvector Ward-Takahashi-Identity (axWTI):

$$-i\int (K\gamma_5 S_- + KS_+\gamma_5) = \int \gamma_\mu S_+ D_{\mu\nu}\Gamma_\nu\gamma_5 + \int \gamma_5\gamma_\mu S_- D_{\mu\nu}\Gamma_\nu$$

→Pion is bound state **and** Goldstone boson

Maris, Roberts, Tandy, PLB 420 (1998) 267

DSEs and Bethe-Salpeter equation



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→Pion is bound state **and** Goldstone boson

Maris, Roberts, Tandy, PLB 420 (1998) 267

CF, Kubrak, Williams, EPJA 50 (2014) 126 Williams, CF, Heupel, PRD93 (2016) 034026

- nice agreement with experiment (up to scalar)
- exotics as relativistic quark-antiquark states
- drastic improvement beyond rainbow-ladder !

Light meson spectrum (bRL)



CF, Kubrak, Williams, EPJA 50 (2014) 126 Williams, CF, Heupel, PRD93 (2016) 034026

- nice agreement with experiment (up to scalar)
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