

VH: theory

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CERN & LAPTh Annecy



The 15th Workshop of the LHC Higgs Cross Section Working Group
CERN, 10 December 2018

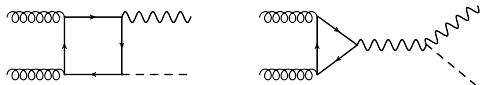
$pp \rightarrow VH$: production

► QCD NNLO correction to production

- . inclusive (+ NLO EW): [vh@nnlo](#) [Brein et al.]
- . differential: 3 groups [Ferrera et al. '11-'17 [HVNNLO], Campbell et al. '16 [MCFM], Caola et al. '17]

► in general, NNLO corrections moderate

► $gg \rightarrow HZ$ (NNLO) term sizeable above $t\bar{t}$ threshold



- . responsible for the dominant uncertainty

	\sqrt{s} [TeV]	$\sigma_{\text{NNLO QCD} \otimes \text{NLO EW}}$ [pb]	Δ_{scale} [%]	$\Delta_{\text{PDF} \oplus \alpha_s}$ [%]
WH	13	1.358	+0.51 -0.51	1.35
	14	1.498	+0.51 -0.51	1.35
	27	3.397	+0.29 -0.72	1.37
ZH	13	0.880	+3.50 -2.68	1.65
	14	0.981	+3.61 -2.94	1.90
	27	2.463	+5.42 -4.00	2.24

[updated numbers by A. Mueck for [HL/HE studies](#)]

► $gg \rightarrow HZ$ at NLO with full mass dependence is one of the TH priorities

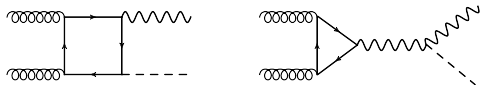
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► in general, NNLO corrections moderate

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- . responsible for the dominant uncertainty especially in the boosted regime

Fiducial cross section	MCFM-8.0
no $gg \rightarrow HZ$	$7.14^{+0.5\%}_{-0.9\%}$ fb
with $gg \rightarrow HZ$	$7.92^{+2.0\%}_{-1.5\%}$ fb
no $gg \rightarrow HZ$, high- $p_{t,Z}$	$1.21^{+0.1\%}_{-0.2\%}$ fb
with $gg \rightarrow HZ$, high- $p_{t,Z}$	$1.49^{+5.3\%}_{-4.1\%}$ fb

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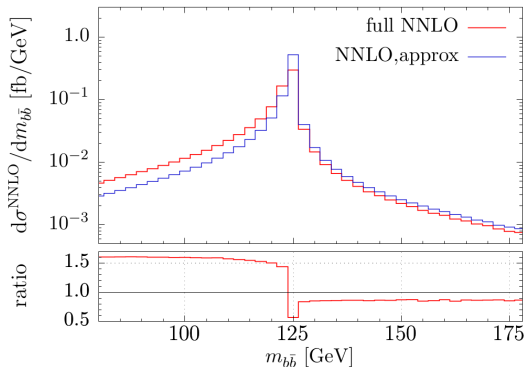
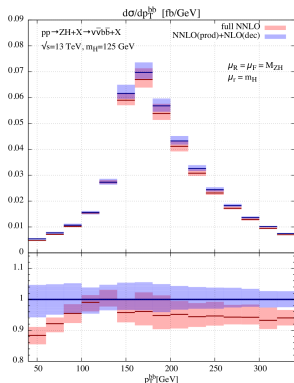
$pp \rightarrow VH$: the $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decay

- ▶ NNLO QCD corrections to $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$: 2 groups, massless b -quarks

[Anastasiou et al. '12, Del Duca et al. '15]

- ▶ More recently, included in fully-differential NNLO computation (NNLO QCD for production **and** decay)

[Ferrera et al. '17, Caola et al. '17]



- ▶ large corrections mostly in regions not populated at LO
(\rightarrow K-factors depend on cuts. Dominated by extra emissions in decay.)

- ▶ there's ongoing work to compute NNLO corrections to the decay with massive b

[e.g. Bernreuther et al. '18]

$pp \rightarrow VH$: event generators

► NLO+PS (POWHEG or MC@NLO) available with many generators

► more recent developments:

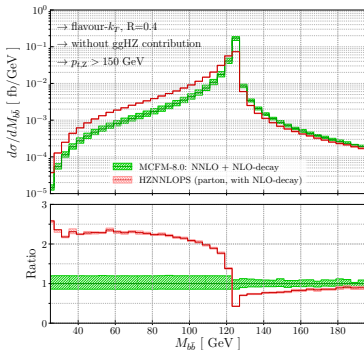
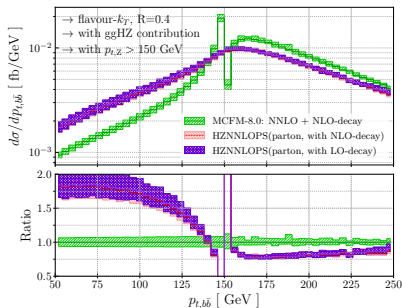
1. VH and VH+jet: NLO QCD + NLO EW + PS

[Granata et al. '17]

2. NNLOPS with NLO $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decay

[Astill et al. '16-'18]

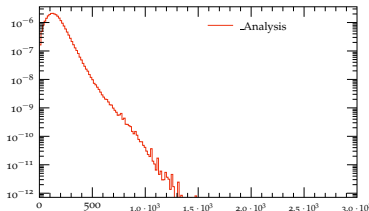
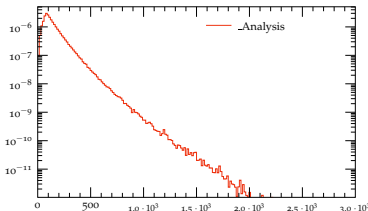
- MCFM (HVNNLO) as input for NNLO ; POWHEG-BOX-RES (with MiNLO) to deal with NLO corrections in production and decay.
- $gg \rightarrow HZ$ included (with m_t -dependence, but just at LO, no extra partons in fixed-order part)



- in absence of a “(NNLO QCD+NLO EW)+PS tool”, 1. could also be used to compute EW differential rescaling as: $(\text{MiNLO} + \text{NLO EW}) / (\text{MiNLO without EW})$ 3/7

$gg \rightarrow HZ$

- ▶ at NNLO, the $gg \rightarrow HZ$ contribution is effectively a “LO” term, but quite relevant, especially in boosted regime
 - currently this is included in EXP analysis at LO (with m_t dependence), and the total cross-section is rescaled to an approximate NLO+NLL results (fully inclusive, $m_t \rightarrow \infty$) [Altenkamp et al. '12, Harlander et al '14]
- ▶ more differential results exist, where 0 and 1 jet merging is performed at LO
- ▶ desirable to compare currently used results (LO+PS) against LO merging of the 0 and 1 jet (loop-induced) processes
- ▶ ongoing activity in VH group:



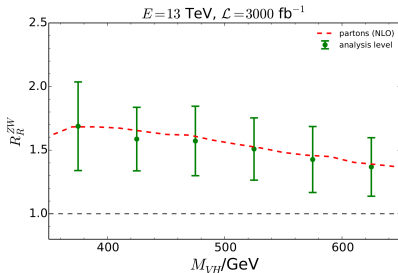
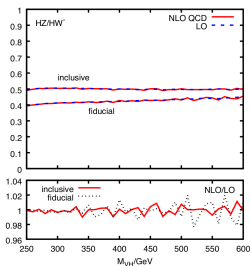
[PRELIMINARY results by S. Kuttimalai. More to come.]

- ▶ “final result” should come from an exact NLO computation...

$gg \rightarrow HZ$: new TH/EXP ideas

[Harlander, Klappert, Pandini, Papaefstathiou '18]

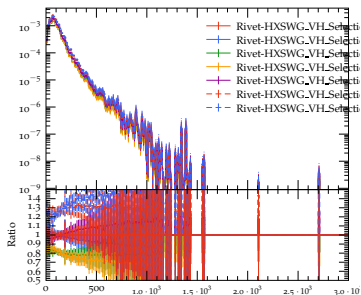
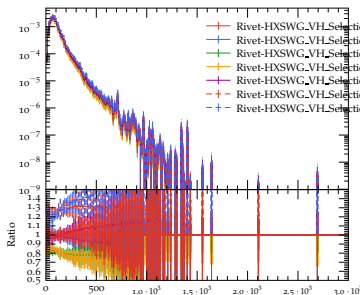
- ▶ data-driven strategy to isolate $gg \rightarrow HZ$ for associated HZ at NNLO
- ▶ based on comparison of the ZH to the WH cross section, as a function of M_{HV}
- ▶ define $R_{DY}^{ZH} = \frac{\sigma^{ZH}}{\sigma_{DY}^{ZH}}$ and use $R_R^{ZW} = \frac{\sigma^{ZH}/\sigma^{WH}}{\sigma_{DY}^{ZH}/\sigma^{WH}}$
- denominator from SM TH, very robust (left)
- numerator measured from data ; pheno study, at hadron level, using 1- and 2-leptons channels with realistic cuts



- ▶ $gg \rightarrow ZH$ in the SM: can be established at the $\sim 3.2\sigma$ level, at the HL-LHC
- potentially better if using also 0-lepton channel
- assessing BSM effects requires better control of $gg \rightarrow ZH$ (NLO).

$$pp \rightarrow V + b\bar{b}$$

- ▶ V + heavy flavour production is one of the main backgrounds to $pp \rightarrow VH(\rightarrow b\bar{b})$.
- ▶ study more precisely its impact (and uncertainties thereof) in the signal region
- ▶ ongoing activity in VH group: comparison between the currently-used tools, and several, more accurate, predictions.
 - ▶ for instance, currently in ATLAS: Sherpa MEPS@NLO (5FS) vs. MG+PY8 (5FS, CKKW)



[PRELIMINARY results for $W^+b\bar{b}$ at NLO+PS; thanks to L. Buonocore, C. Oleari, F. Tramontano. More to come.]

conclusions

- ▶ we have taken part in the activities for the HL/HE report
[thanks to the `HAWK` team - A. Mueck in particular - for their help]
- ▶ we started 2 MC studies, with the pragmatic approach of addressing to which extent tools currently used in ATLAS and CMS are doing a good job, compared to more advanced ones; at least for the $gg \rightarrow HZ$ study, we hope to get results soon.
- ▶ TH improvements for the future:
 - ▶ probably the priority is the computation of $gg \rightarrow HZ$ at NLO
 - ▶ there's work in progress on the computation of the $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decay at NNLO with massive b -quarks
 - ▶ NNLOPS with NNLO decay should be feasible

Thanks for your attention

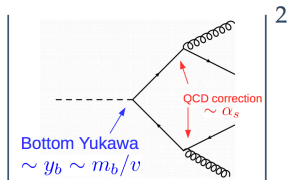
Extra slides

Decay in the massless approximation: extract Yukawa and then set $m_b = 0$

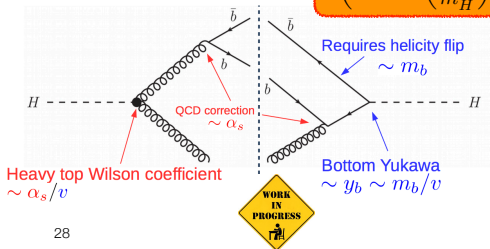
$$\Gamma_{H \rightarrow bb} = y_b^2 \left(\Gamma_{m_b=0} + \mathcal{O} \left(\frac{m_b^2}{m_H^2} \right) \right)$$

Above works at LO and NLO, but fails at NNLO as it neglects contributions that are of the same order, i.e. $y_b^2 \alpha_s^2$, that arise in diagrams with a helicity flip (and hence a mass insertion)

Standard NNLO correction: $\mathcal{O}(y_b^2 \alpha_s^2)$



New NNLO contribution: $\mathcal{O} \left(y_b^2 \alpha_s^2 \ln \left(\frac{m_b^2}{m_H^2} \right) \right)$



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slide from G. Zanderighi talk at Higgs Couplings 2018