

WG1 discussion summary:

PS uncertainties

- ... a lot of discussion, clearly not a topic you solve in one morning
- key points / possible future directions

‘‘We hold these truths to be self-evident’’

... or the new LH manifesto

We should expect no large PS effects if

- * no harsh cuts on phase space
- * simple enough processes (low mult., no scale hierarchies)
- * no large dependence on jet shape
- * away region sensitive to soft physics (high p_t ...)
- * ‘‘inclusive enough quantities’’

- However, in practice we may
 - * have to deal with ‘‘problematic’’ region/observables (*limited statistics, efficiencies...*)
 - * ‘‘inclusive enough quantity’’ can be quite challenging to define. Case-by-case study often required. Detailed comparison against f.o. / resummation can help highlighting the critical regions [see e.g. Stefano’s talk on Monday]

~~One size fits all~~

A pragmatic approach: PS UNCERTAINTY \equiv | PYTHIA-HERWIG |

``The experimental equivalent would be: *SYSTEMATIC*

UNCERTAINTY \equiv | ATLAS-CMS | ``

- Above procedure ``non ideal'' [see e.g. *top analysis*]
- Different assumptions / approximation within same generator can lead to sizeable differences [*powheg vs MC@NLO, recoil scheme, starting scale... see e.g. VBF*]
- Much more complicated patterns, one-size-fits-all does not work

The ideal world: PS as prediction tool \rightarrow each prediction comes with associated (reliable) uncertainty. Compare within quoted uncertainties, use most precise result available. *Still very far from having something like that.*

Moving forward

The precision approach: can we quantify the effect of higher order QCD effects, in a reliable way? PS authors / theorists naturally suited, but need guidance

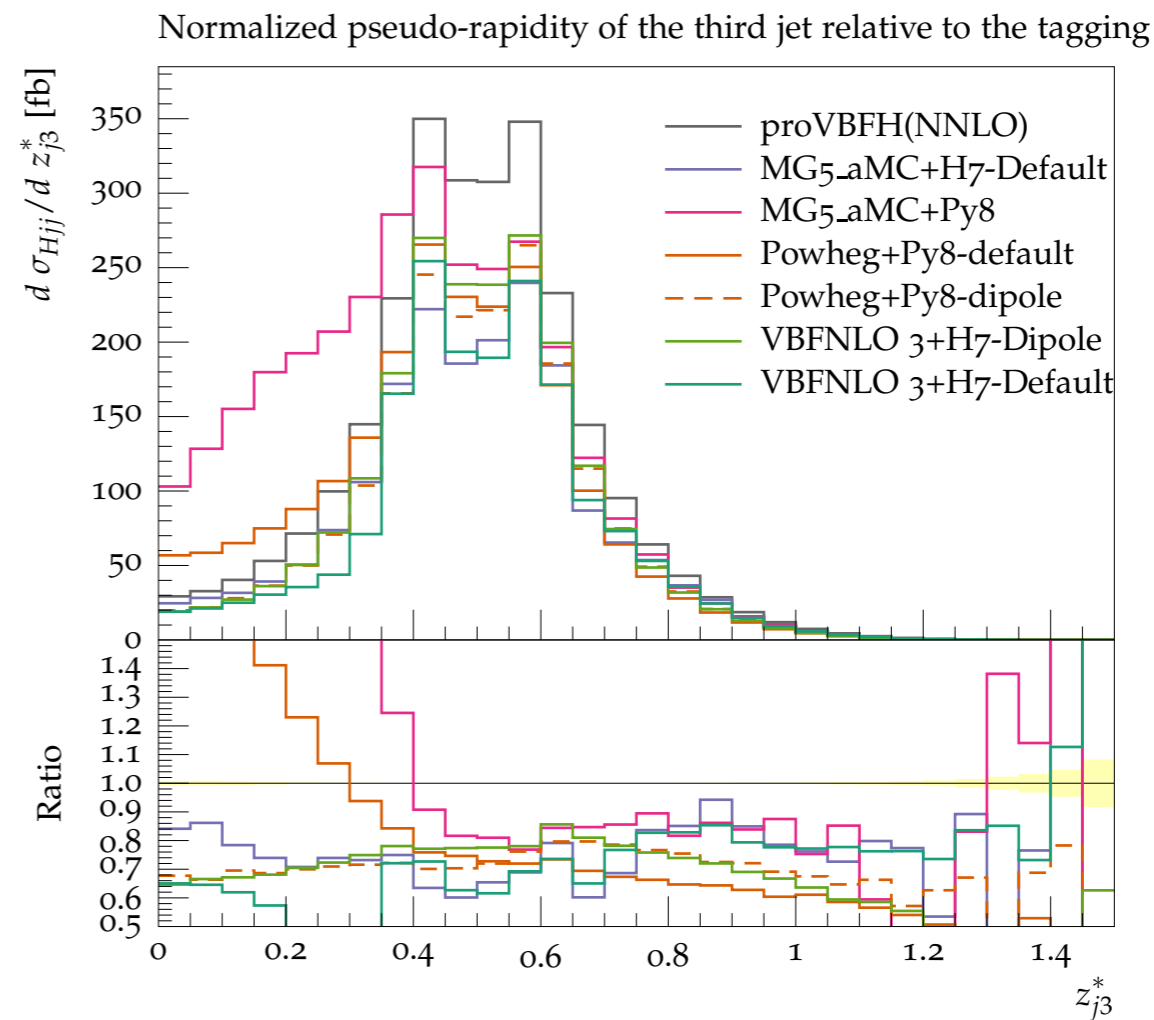
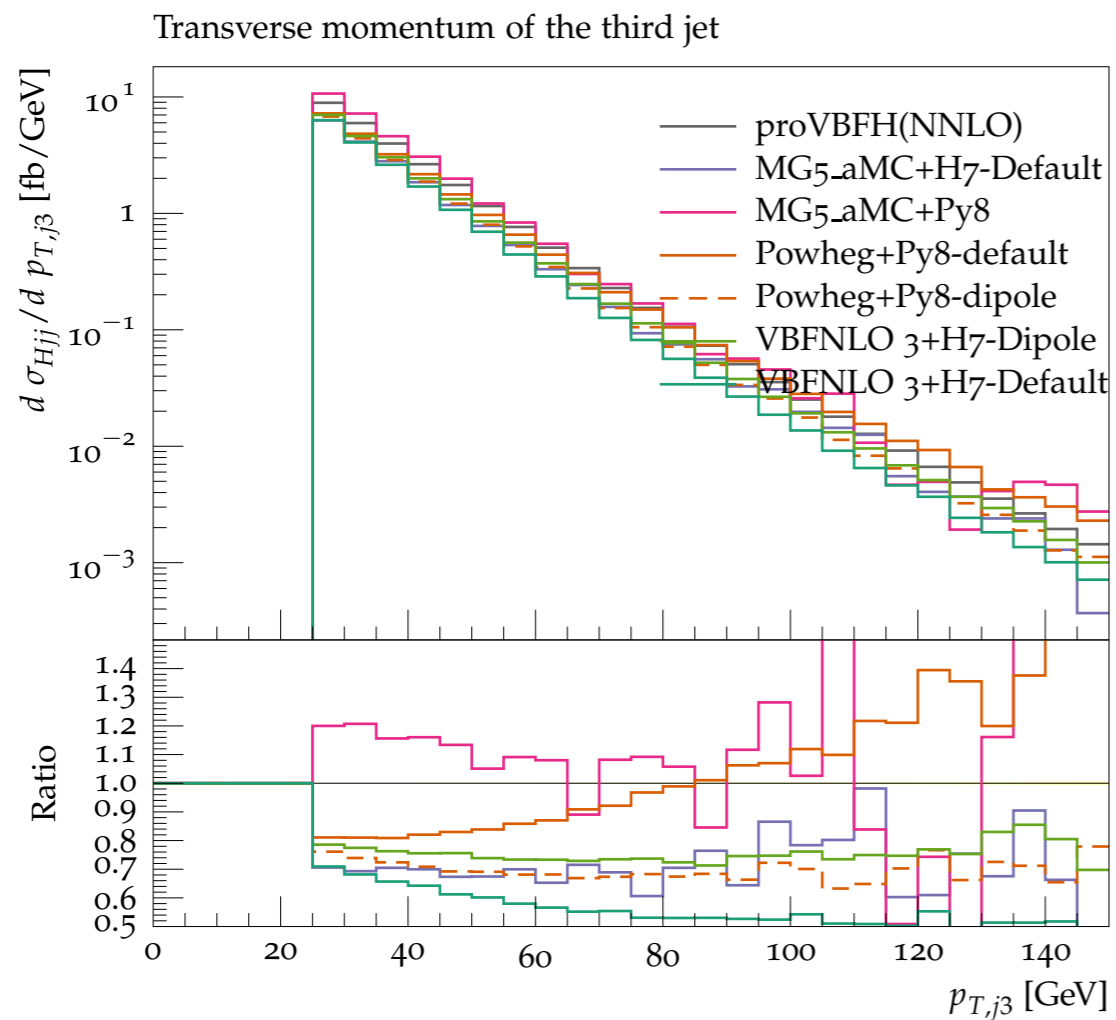
- FO/PS, PSvPS comparisons good starting points to highlight where the problems may be. Then case-by-case analysis
- For a given (set of) analysis, which are the most relevant regions / distributions? Need non-trivial shape information...
- Difficult with BDT/MVA. Can we find a ``toy model'' of most important distribution from MVAs, and work from there?
- Can we work it background? Identify ``key'' observable, have a prediction+error estimate, feed back to MVA. How do things change?
- E.g. STXS, well-defined regions that can be explored

Even this baby step non trivial

- Would benefit from more streamlined interface/interaction between ATLAS / CMS / TH. (*Rivet, HEPDATA...*)
- How to correlate processes? How to change (which) parameters? (*E.g.: observables very tune-sensitive. Out of first principle control. Better stick to same tune.*)
- In several cases, different uncertainties from different underlying physical assumptions (e.g. $VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ATLAS vs CMS). Can we understand the differences, find common ground?

Example: VBF

$$z_{j_3}^* = \frac{y_{j_3} - \frac{y_{j_1} + y_{j_2}}{2}}{|y_{j_1} - y_{j_2}|}$$



A lot of discussion...

- Clearly impossible to find the solution in 1.5h discussion
- Even identify strategies / possible approaches highly non trivial

Will have a dedicated meeting in the (near) future

Looking forward to suggestions / contributions

General WG1 summary

- ggF/VBF: Moving forward with boosted Higgs [both exp and th]. Expect a note soon. Interesting interplay between different channels [though ggF still dominates for $p_t \sim > 450$]. Some small things yet to be understood (shower effects)
- VH: new experimental result. Theory in good shape, but $gg \rightarrow ZH$ @NLO still a key missing element. $V+HF$ needs better modelling. Need better understanding of PS uncertainties [see previous discussion]
- ttH: interesting new studies about large PS effects. Understanding 'natural' scale choice for process. Highly non trivial. Shapes under better control, still large effects on x_S [maybe add plot]
- off-shell: projections for HL well under way. New results available for $pp \rightarrow VV$ backgrounds. Still missing $gg \rightarrow VV$ @NLO [mass]. Comparison with HH can give information. Off-shell as probe of NP.
- VBF/VH: STXS well under way, see WG2