

Beam gas curtain experimental programme

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BGC Collaboration team

8th HL-LHC Collaboration meeting, 16th October 2018





Outline

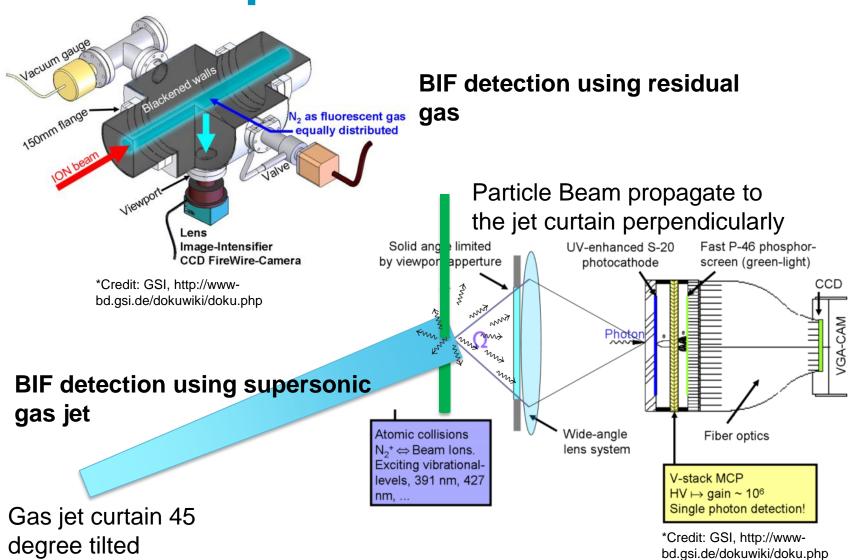
- Motivation
 - Potential diagnostics for e-lens project and HLLHC.
- Principle of the supersonic gas jet beam profile monitor in beam induced fluorescence (BIF) mode.
- Building a prototype
 - Current status
 - Vacuum condition test
 - N₂ and neon gas jet test
 - Optimization of gas jet generation
- Future plan







Principle of detection









N₂ V.S. Ne as working gas

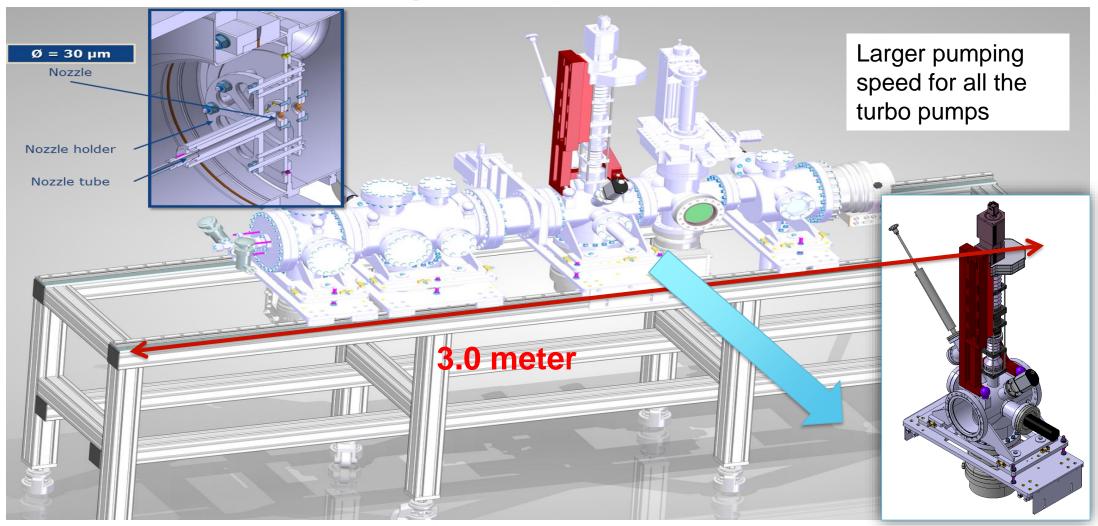
	Advantages	Disadvantages
N_2 N_2^+ emitter 391.4 nm	 Higher photon rate, shorter integration time. lower dark counts rate for the photocathode Higher quantum efficiency of photocathode 	 Ion emitter with 60ns lifetime, potential distortion due to space charge and external EM field on the N₂⁺ Vacuum concern
Ne emitter 585.4 nm	 Fluorescence due to neutral Ne (yellow line), not affect by space charge of the primary beam and external EM field LHC vacuum compatible 	 Lower photon rate, longer integration time Higher dark counts rate for the photocathode Lower quantum efficiency of photocathode







Building a prototype in Cl







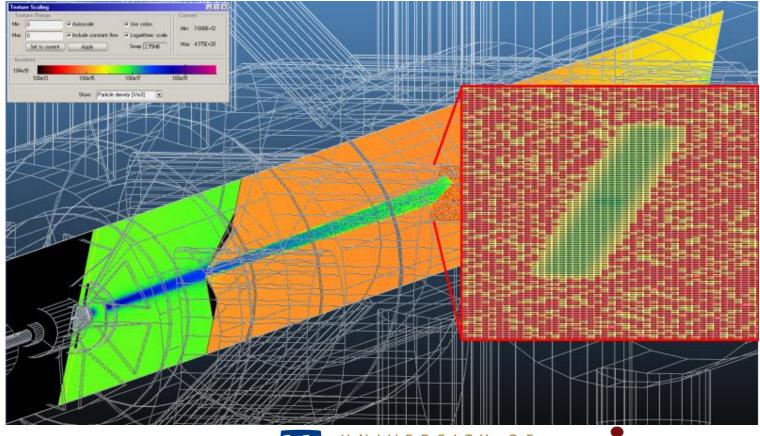


Vacuum condition test

Ultimate pressure matches with simulation

Pressure in the interaction chamber is ~1.0e-9 mbar without bake-

out with jet on.



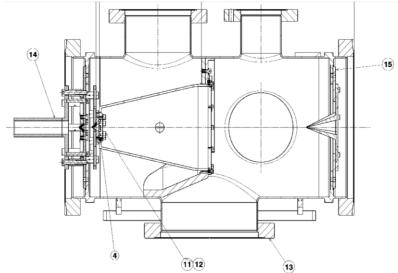




Nozzle and skimmers









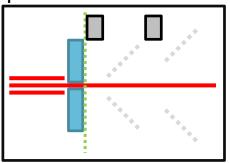






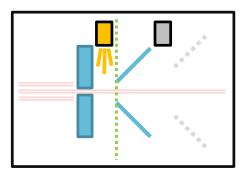
Alignment of the nozzle skimmers assembly

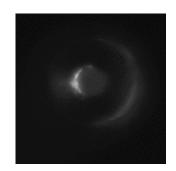
1. Only nozzle is mounted → marker on nozzle position



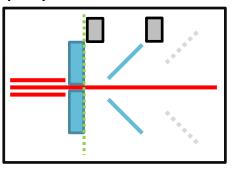


2. 1st 2nd skimmer mounted



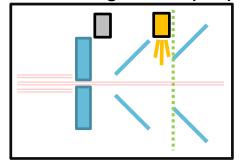


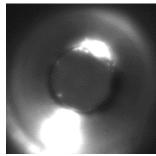
3. Adjust nozzle precisely, according to preparation





4. Mount 2nd skimmer and adjust it precisely, according to the preparation





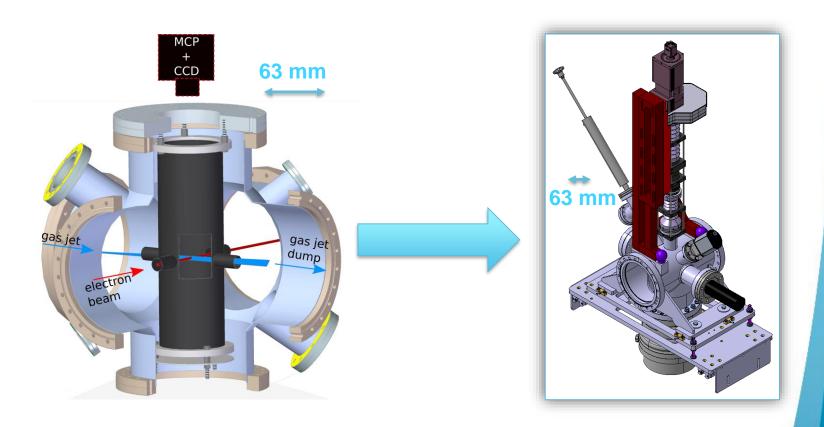






Interaction chamber

- Compact chamber
- New optical system
- New Electron gun
- More diagnostics

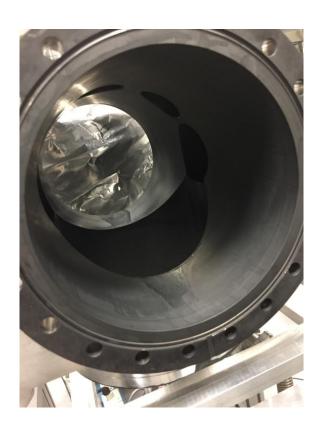


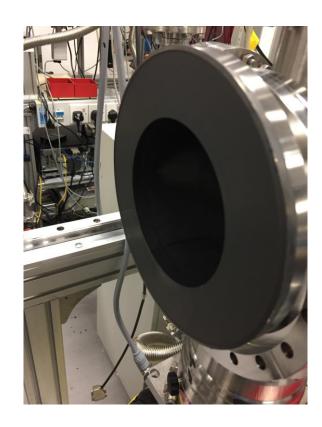


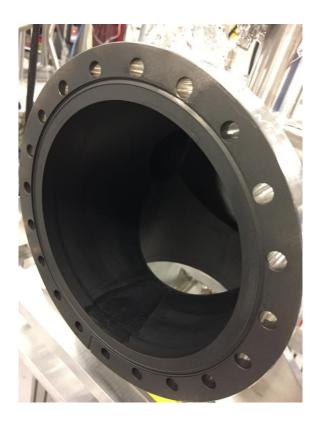




Blackening of the interaction chamber







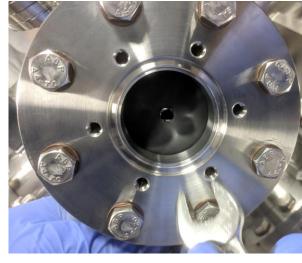




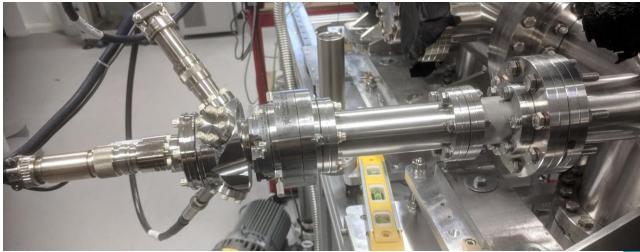


Electron gun

- Energy: 100 eV to 10 keV
- Current: 200uA to 10mA
- Spot size: 1.5mm to 20 mm







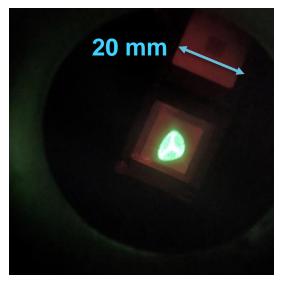


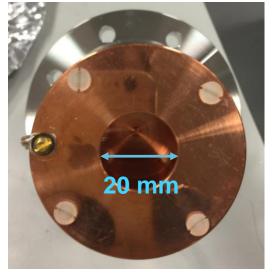


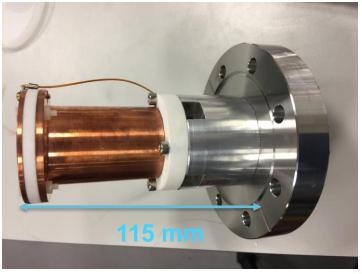


Electron beam diagnostics









Phosphor screen

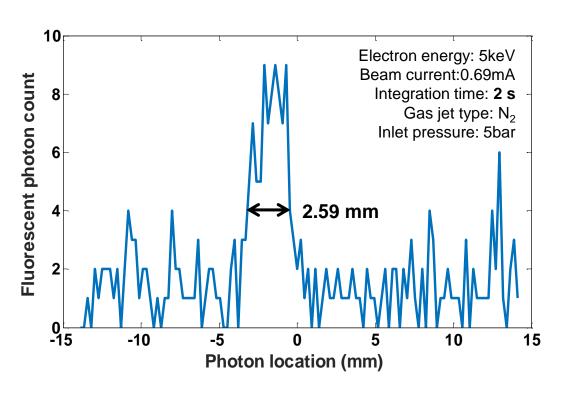
Faraday Cup

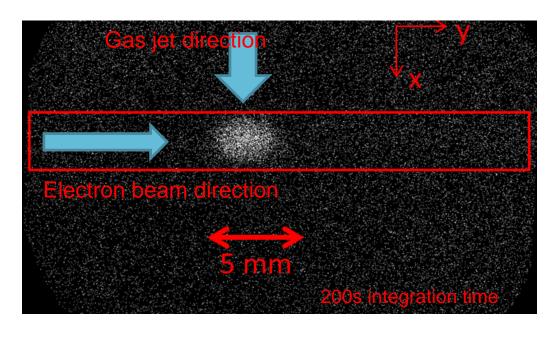






Nitrogen gas jet test





2s integration time to give a profile

More time to give a 2D detailed image

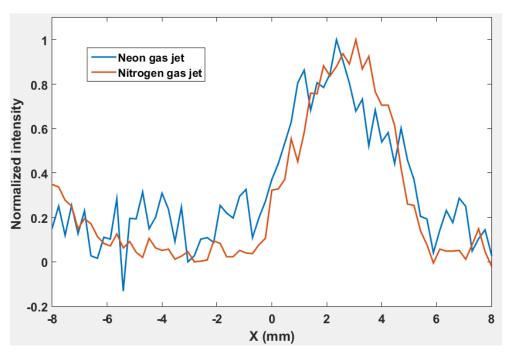
Background pressure: 1.56E-08mbar

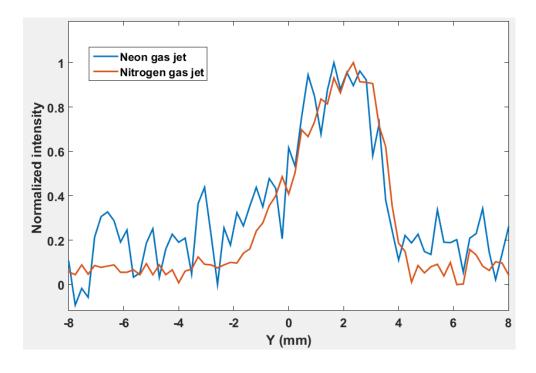






Preliminary results of Neon gas jet

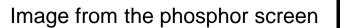




Electron energy: 3 keV Beam current: 0.50mA

Integration time: 200 s for N₂, 4000 s for Neon

Inlet pressure: 5bar



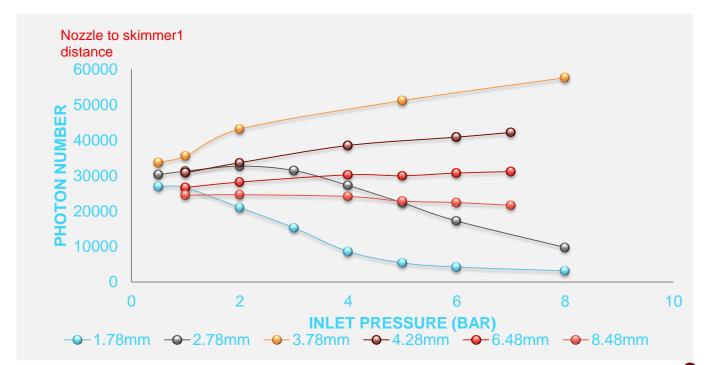






Optimize the gas jet parameter

- Inlet pressure
- Geometry (Nozzle to skimmer1 distance)









Summary of highlight

- A prototype supersonic gas jet monitor based on BIF mode was designed, built and successfully commissioned;
- N2 and Neon have been successfully tested as working gas using laboratory electron beam source;
- Optimization of key parameters for gas jet generation has been completed.







Future work

- Continue to optimize the design and geometry
 - E.g. new De Laval nozzle
 - Skimmer geometry
- Argon used as a working gas
- Design and building of v3 gas jet system (LHC compatible)
 - Final deliverable for the HL-LHC-UK









Thanks for your attention

Thanks to the BGC collaboration:

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