

Activities on MCBXFB to be carried at CERN and general status of documentation

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Acknowledgments to:

Jesus Calero, Jesus Angel Garcia, Pablo Gomez, Fernando Toral from CIEMAT Beatriz Almeida, Marta Bajko, Isabel Bejar, Nicolas Bourcey, Hector Garcia, Michael Guinchard, Gregory Maury, Jacky Mazet, Francois-Olivier Pincot, Gerard Willering & many others.



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Inner dipole collaring at CERN

- The inner dipole pre-collared at CEDEX will be delivered at CERN by end of October
- The collaring operation is scheduled on Monday November 5th in 927 laboratory.
- The collaring procedure used during the short mechanical model assembly will be applied (control of the cavity size using different shim thickness)
- The collaring tool displacement will be monitored with LVDTs.

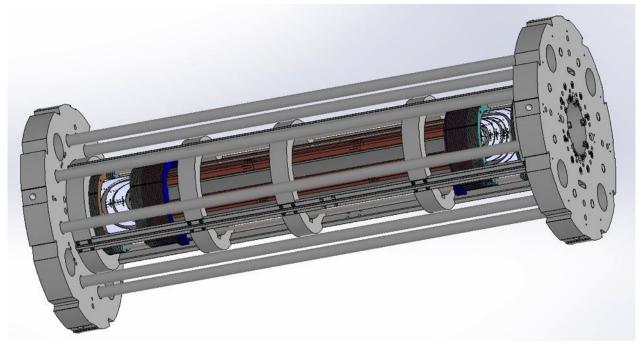
munumum

Six cross sections (12 collars equipped with 2 strain-gauge per side in ½ bridge configuration) are instrumented: two at each magnet extremity and two in the middle of the straight section)



Inner dipole assembly (1/2)

- In order to get an earlier information on the magnet performance, it was decided to test the magnet without the outer dipole.
- As the outer dipole coils are not ready yet, they will be replaced inside the iron yoke by 316 L stainless steel spacers.
- The end-plates with rods will hold the inner collared coils.

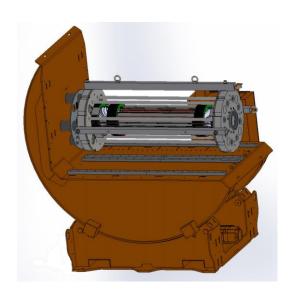




Inner dipole assembly (2/2)

- The collared coil assembly equipped with the end-plates will be flipped from horizontal to vertical position.
- The iron laminations will be stacked using the yoke assembly tooling designed for MQXC magnet.
- A specific base support to interface MCBXF magnets is being produced and will be delivered by November 14th.











Connection plate

The magnet leads will be stabilized using a 1.5 mm* 4.5 mm copper strip. The leads will be insulated and bent with custom tools.

The Vtaps and Quench heaters leads will be plugged to specific connectors mounted on the connection plate and compatible with the existing wiring of

SM18 cryostats





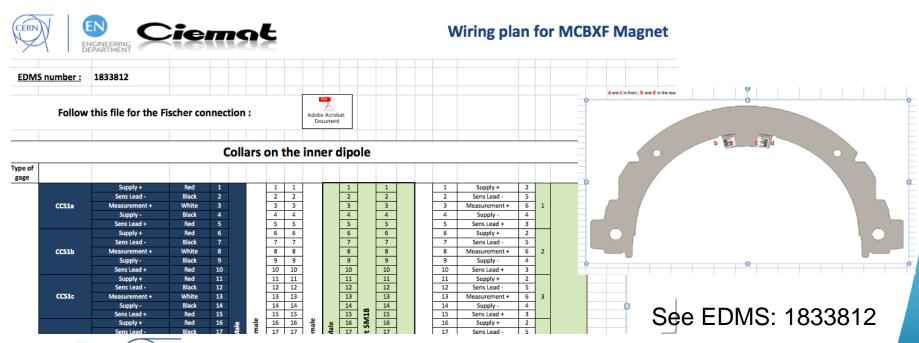
Instrumentation (1/2)

- Voltage taps: 8 taps per coil (only one in the inner layer to monitor the layer jump). External Vtaps will be installed in the coil leads to monitor/protect the inter-coil splices and the main powering leads.
- Quench heaters: Only the outer layer was equipped with a trace including the QH circuit and Vtaps. Even if MCBXFB is a self protected magnet, this first prototype is used to validate the integration of the QH for the long orbit corrector (initial MCBXFA magnet protection base line using QH. Now changed to EE)
- Strain gauges: six cross sections per collared dipole. (Installed at CERN by EN-MME team).
- Bullet gauges: one coil per dipole will be instrumented with bullet gauges (installed and calibrated at CERN by EN-MME team). The inner dipole will be equipped with 8 bullet gauges (4 on each side of the coil) and 10 will be used for the external dipole



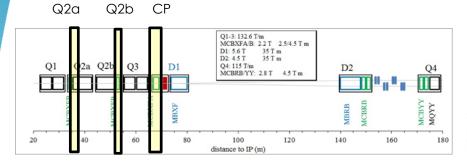
Instrumentation (2/2)

- The final combined MCBXFB prototype will be equipped with around 600 instrumentation wires.
- CERN cryostats allow the connection of:
 - 400 wires for strain gage and mechanical measurements
 - 160 wires for voltage measurements including protection signals
 - 32 wires for quench heaters.





MCBXFA/B series test strategy



VERTICAL TEST · 1.7 kA with EE and dump

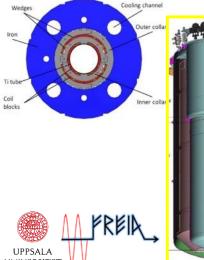
Single aperture/nested · Test @ 1.9 K

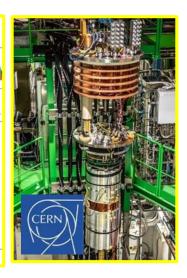
2 NbTi dipoles • Max current Proto: 3.2 kA

Length/Diameter: 1500/630 mm · Max energy: 0.24 MJ

Test @ CERN D; @UPSALLA · Total weight: 2.9 t

CERN





CERN and FREIA



21 magnets to be tested

Magnetic measurements at cold will only be performed @ CERN

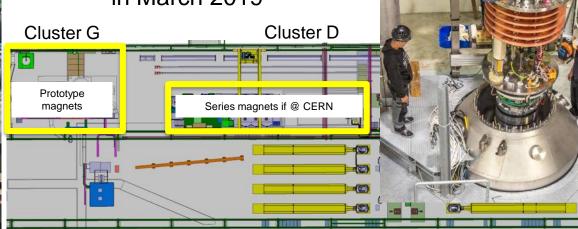
Courtesy: M. Bajko

MCBXFA/B prototype test @ CERN



Inner dipole test foreseen in December 2018

Complete dipole test scheduled in March 2019



"HFM" CRYOSTAT
ALLOWS TESTING
MAGNETS WITH
1500 mm diameter and
2.5 m length

The main electrical circuit with 20 kA and associated EE will be used to test the first MCBXFB prototype in December 2018

400 signals for strain gauges/ 200 for V taps



"Cluster D" CRYOSTAT
ALLOWS TESTING
MAGNETS WITH
800 mm diameter and
5 m length

A secondary electrical circuit with 2 x 2 kA and associated EE will be implemented before June 2019



Test plan

- Every single magnet will be tested at cold and up to I_{ultimate} = 108% I_{nom} in nominal cooling conditions (1. 9K)
- Systematic Powering at I_{nom} for 8 h
- High Voltage test will be performed according to individual magnet electrical insulation and design values up to specified value for 120 s, <20 mA
- Magnet protection will be done following the individual design EE
- Protection study for the first prototype using a 0.3 Ohm (variable delays) to qualify self protection of MCBXFB type magnets

 Magnet protection is based on quench detection at 50-100 mV, verification time of 10 ms and protection simultaneously with all systems

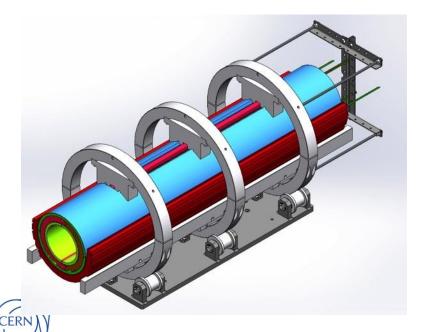
- Splice resistances measured individually and < 2 nOHM
- Quench localisation with V_{taps} and quench antenna
- Magnetic measurement with shaft
- A detailed test plan will be submitted for approval in EDMS.

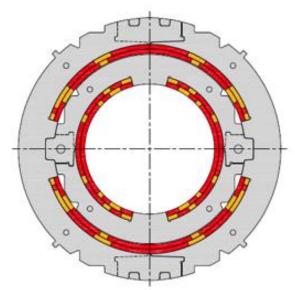
Integrated into	Q2a, Q2b	СР
Magnet name	MCBXFB	MCBXFA
I nom Inner Dipole (A)	1625	1584
I nom Outer Dipole (A)	1474	1402
Max Diameter(mm)	630.0	630.0
Max Length (mm)	1500	2500
Energy magnet (kJ/m)	60.0	100.0
Inductance (mH/m)	46.0	99.0
Dump (Ohm)	Not	0.3
Protection Heater	Not	Not
nr of magnets	10.0	5.0



Outer dipole assembly

- We expect to have the outer coils ready and delivered to CERN by end of February 2019 (winding of the first outer coil has started at CEDEX).
- The target will be to have the full magnet assembled at CERN and tested before SM18 shut-down (scheduled in April-May 2019).
- The connection plate, iron yoke and endplates will be disassembled.
- The outer dipole will be assembled and collared around the inner dipole.
- All missing components and tooling will be delivered beginning 2019.



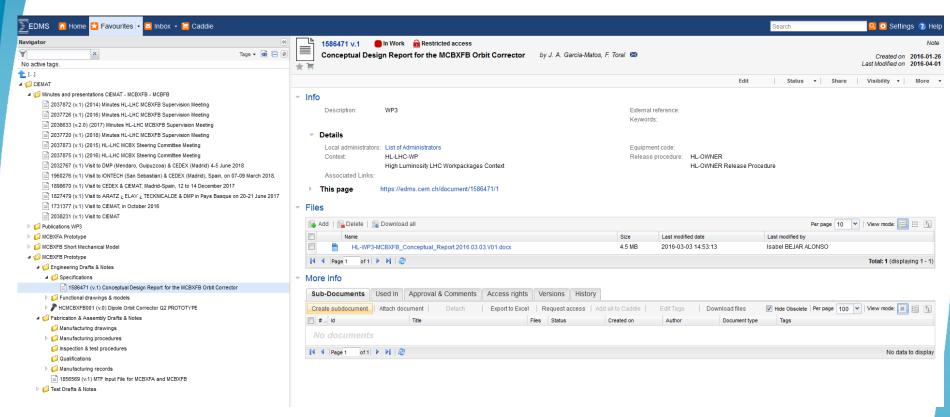


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Project EDMS structure for the documentation

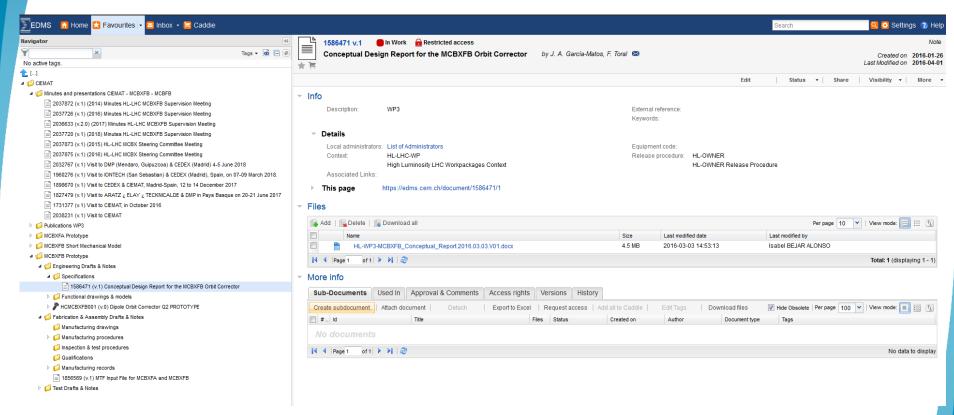


All the project documentation will be accessible in EDMS (Minutes, specifications, drawings, manufacturing records, procedures...). A lot of documents have already been uploaded. More will come soon....

Special thanks to Hector, Beatriz, Ruth and Nicolas for their help



Project EDMS structure for the documentation

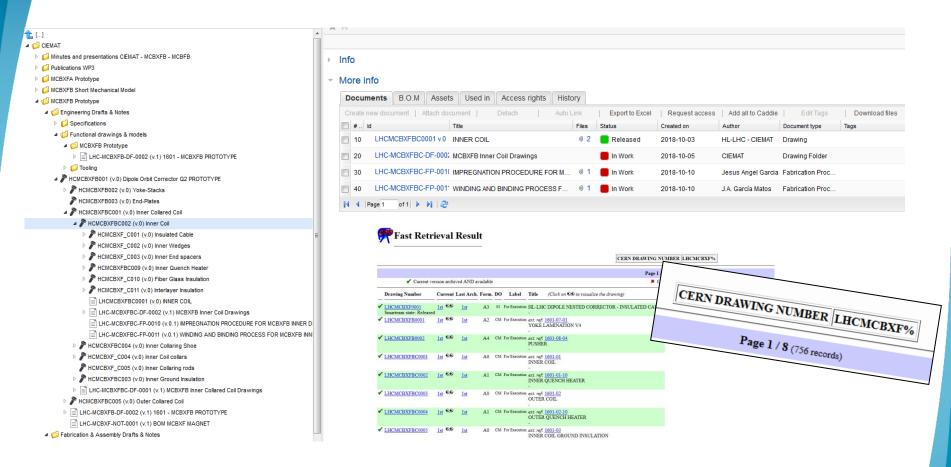


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Drawings



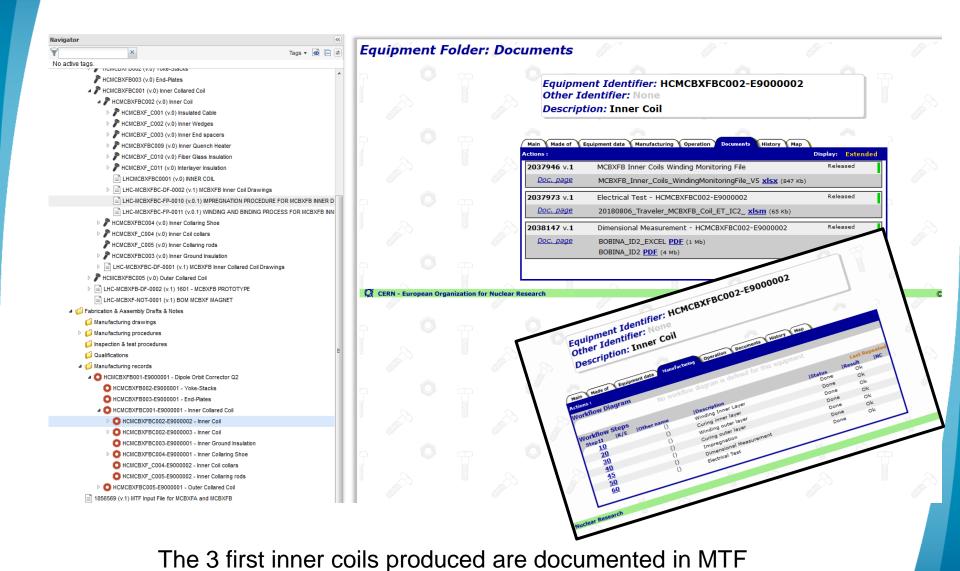
Around 50% of the 900 drawings generated for the project have been uploaded and controlled in EDMS/CDD.

They are linked to the equipment in the EDMS project structure.

CERN

The last revision of the missing drawings will be completed at CIEMAT in 2 weeks

Manufacturing documentation (MTF)



CERN

View of the 1st prototype structure in MTF

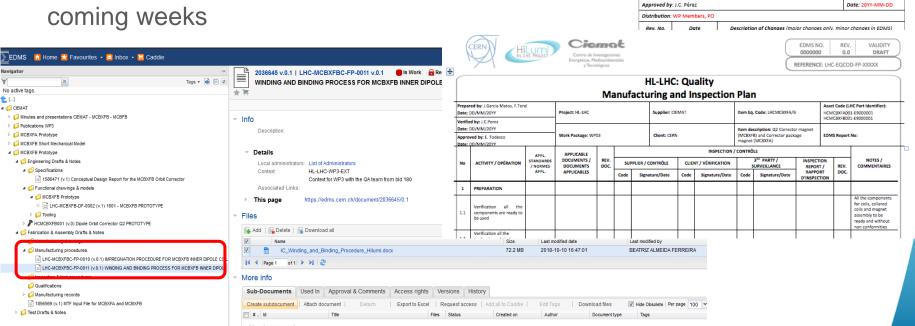




Procedures

The first draft procedures (winding and coil binding) are uploaded in EDMS and are being finalized

- The coil impregnation procedure document is well advanced.
- The magnet assembly procedure will be produced in the next weeks, once validated during the prototype assembly at CERN.
- A draft of the MIP exits and will be reviewed in the coming weeks





REFERENCE : LHC-MCBXFBC-FP-0011

Date: 20YY-MM-DD

PROCEDURE

WINDING AND BINDING PROCESS FOR MCBXFB INNER DIPOLE COILS

This document depicts the sequence of operations to be performed for the winding and binding operation of the MCBXFB inner dipole coil. All materials and tools necessary are here described. The operations include winding and binding of the inner layer, interlayer installation and finally,

winding and binding of the outer layer. The coil ends ready to be transferred to the impregnation

TRACFABILITY

Abstract

Prepared by: J.A. García Matos Verified by: F. Toral, J. Calero

Summary & Conclusions

- The inner dipole of the first MCBXFB prototype will be collared in the model magnet laboratory on 5th of November
- The magnet assembly will follow after reception of last remaining components and tooling to be delivered at CERN during 3rd week of October
- CERN will give high priority to this magnet assembly (interference with on going activities in the Model Magnet Laboratory)
- We expect to have a first run of cold powering tests before Xmas break
- This is an aggressive planning! We are running out of time!
- A detailed test plan will be submitted for approval
- The magnet documentation upload to EDMS has started and will be completed in the next coming weeks

Thanks for your attention

