



# LHCb constraints on the proton structure and neutrino astronomy

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**CERN, 17/10/2018**

# Outline

- 📌 LHCb constraints on quark flavour separation
- 📌 LHCb constraints on small-x gluon
- 📌 Implications for neutrino astronomy

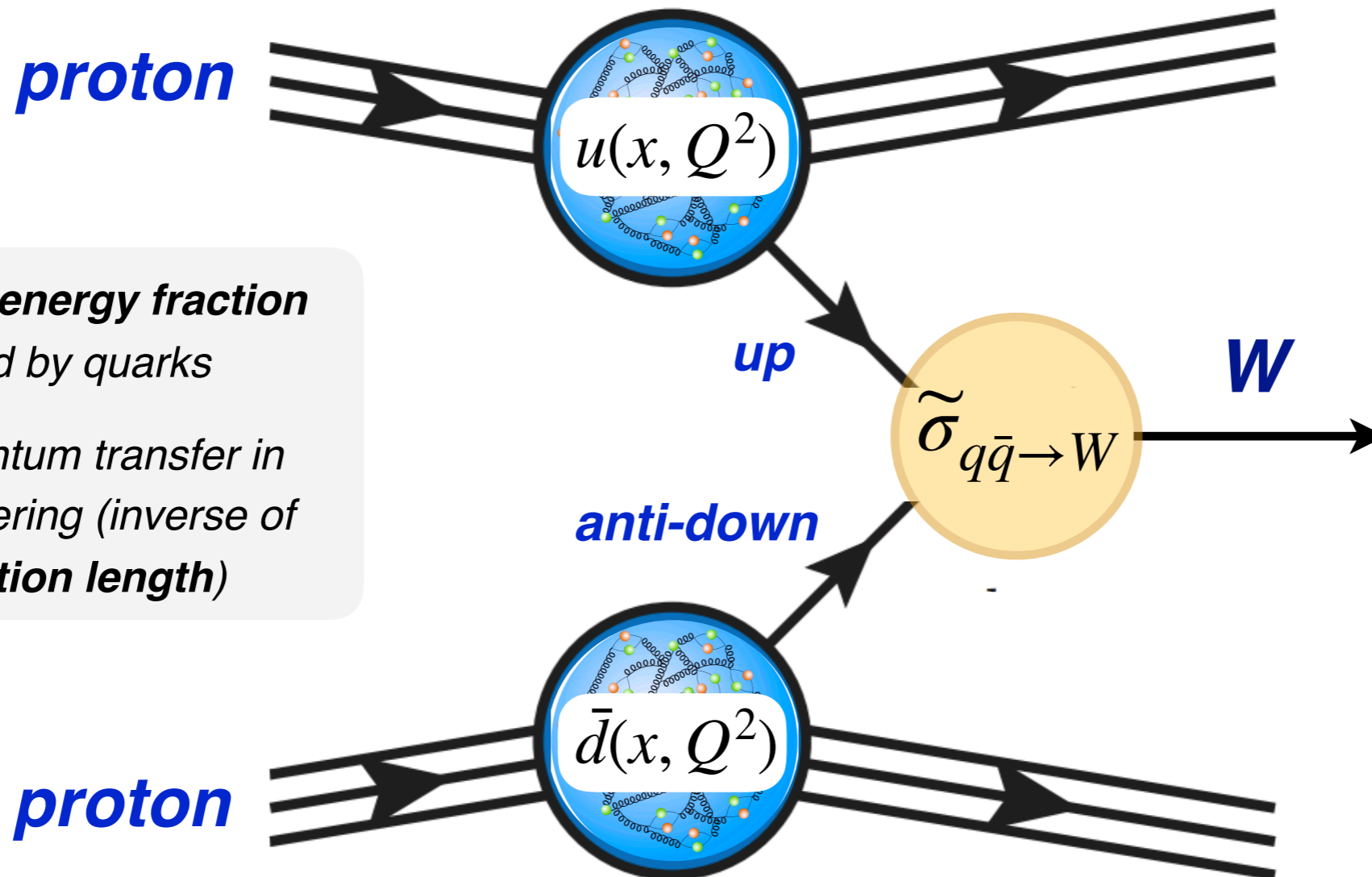
# **Impact on light quark flavour separation**

# Parton distributions @ LHC

## QCD Factorisation theorem:

Event rates = **parton distributions** + hard-scattering partonic cross-sections

$$N_{\text{LHC}}(W) \sim q \otimes \bar{q} \otimes \tilde{\sigma}_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow W} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$$

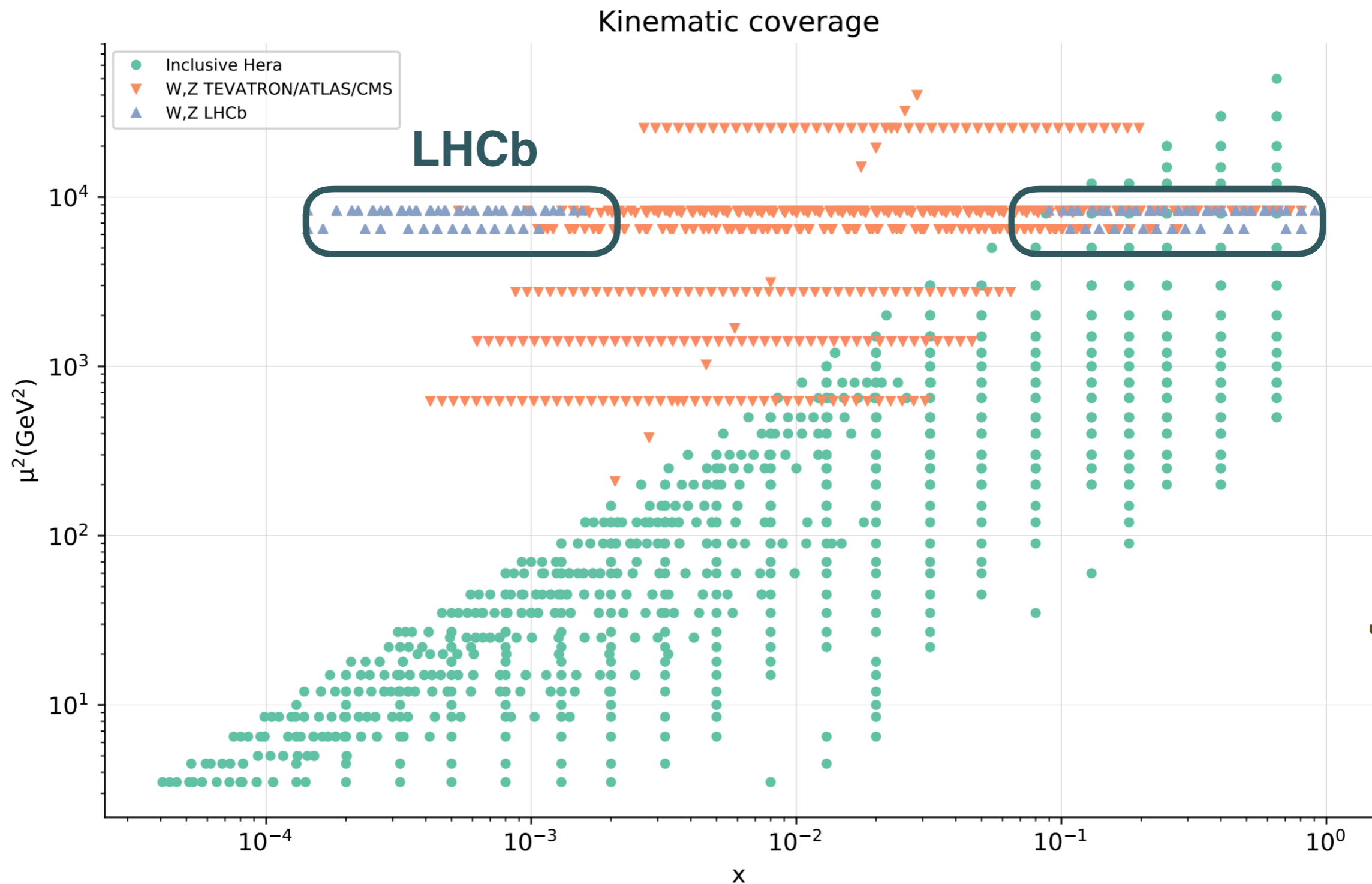


$x$ : proton's **energy fraction**  
carried by quarks

$Q$ : momentum transfer in  
hard scattering (inverse of  
**resolution length**)

# W and Z production at LHCb

Forward coverage of LHCb: unique sensitivity to **small-x and large-x regions** beyond that of ATLAS and CMS

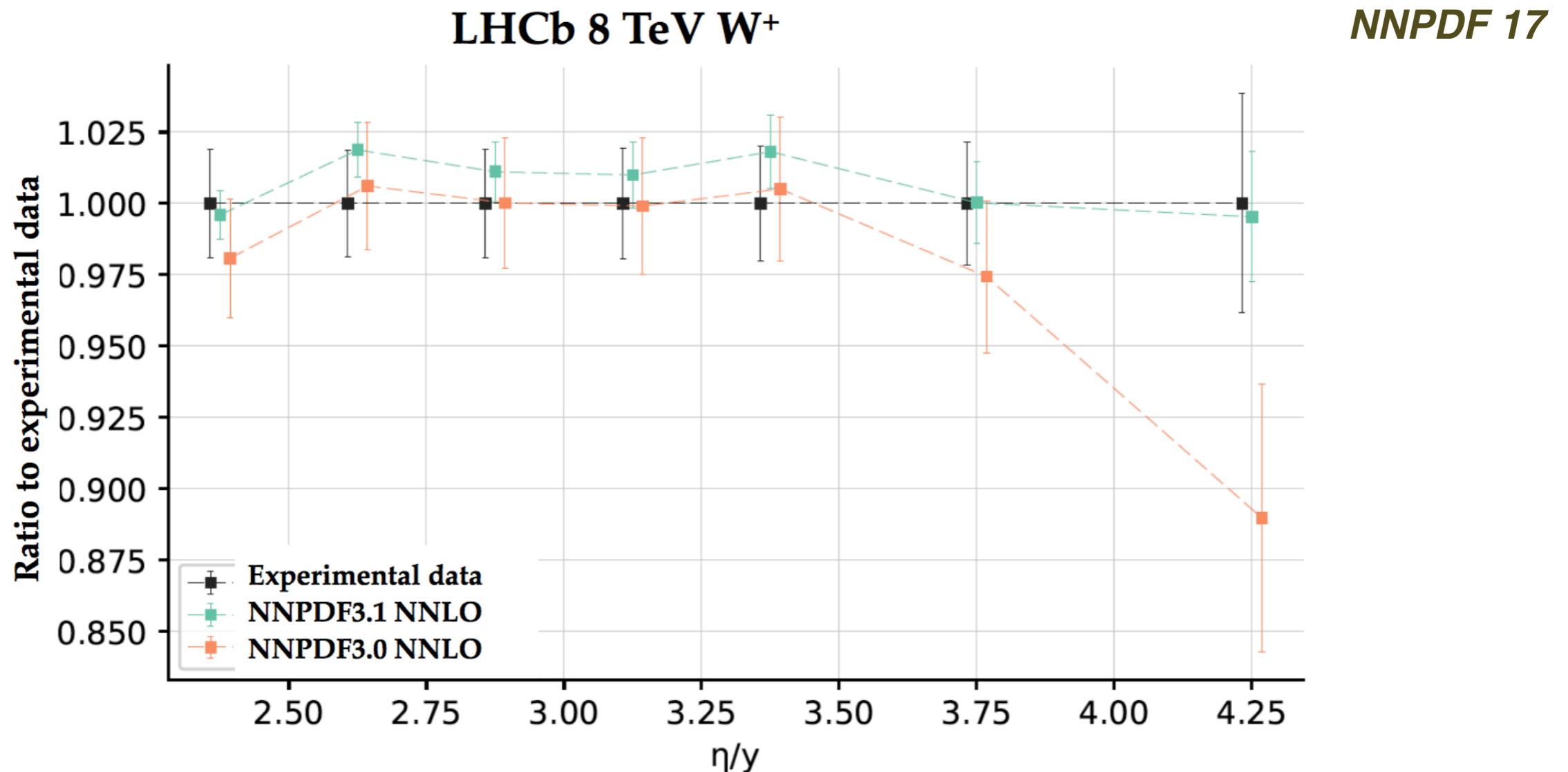


*JR 17*

# LHCb data in NNPDF3.1

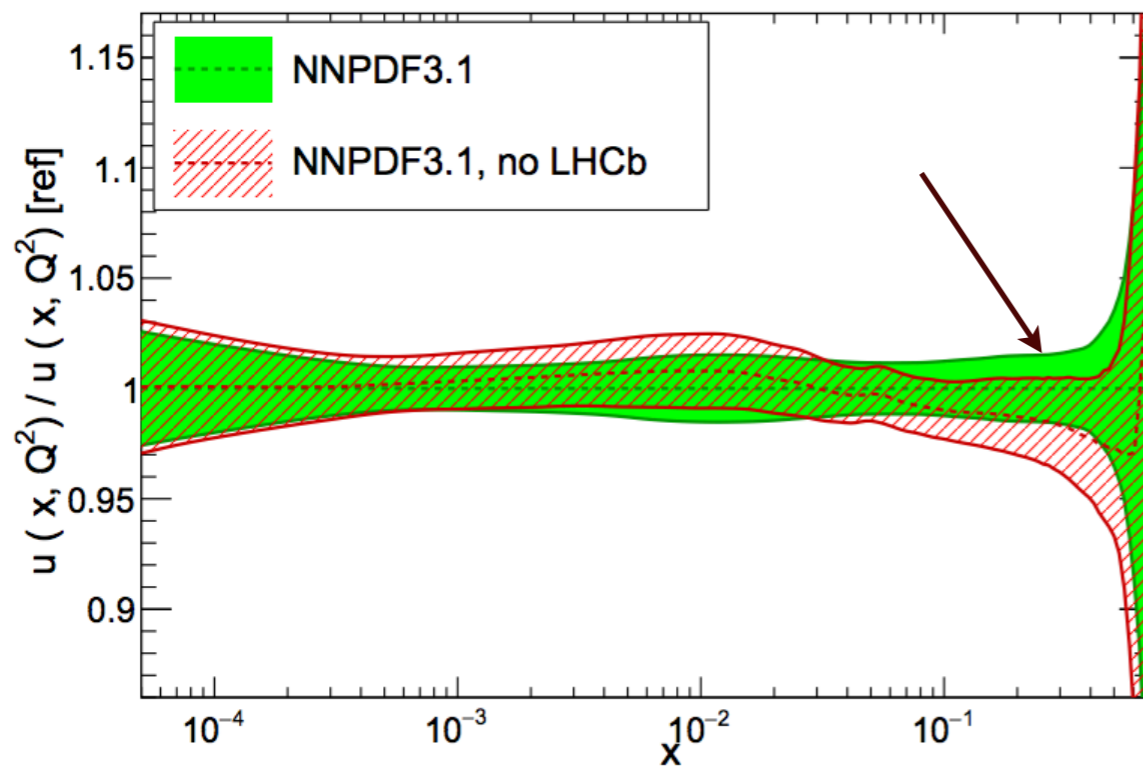
LHCb	$Z$ rapidity 940 pb	[55]	9 (9/9)	$2.0 \leq \eta_l \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$Z \rightarrow ee$ rapidity 2 fb	[56]	17 (17/17)	$2.0 \leq \eta_l \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$W, Z \rightarrow \mu$ 7 TeV (*)	[85]	33 (33/29)	$2.0 \leq \eta_l \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_W, M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ
	$W, Z \rightarrow \mu$ 8 TeV (*)	[86]	34 (34/30)	$2.0 \leq \eta_l \leq 4.5$	$Q = M_W, M_Z$	MCFM+FEWZ

*Specially important to disentangle quark flavour at large- $x$*

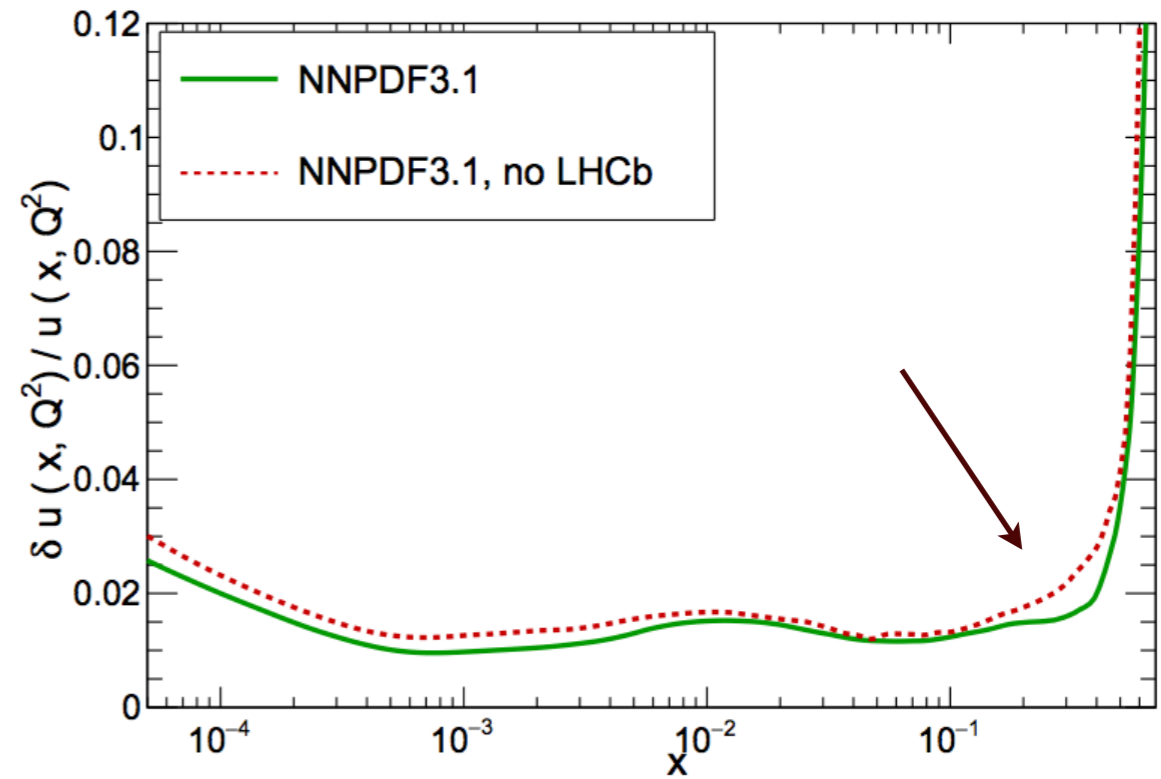


# Impact on light quark sea

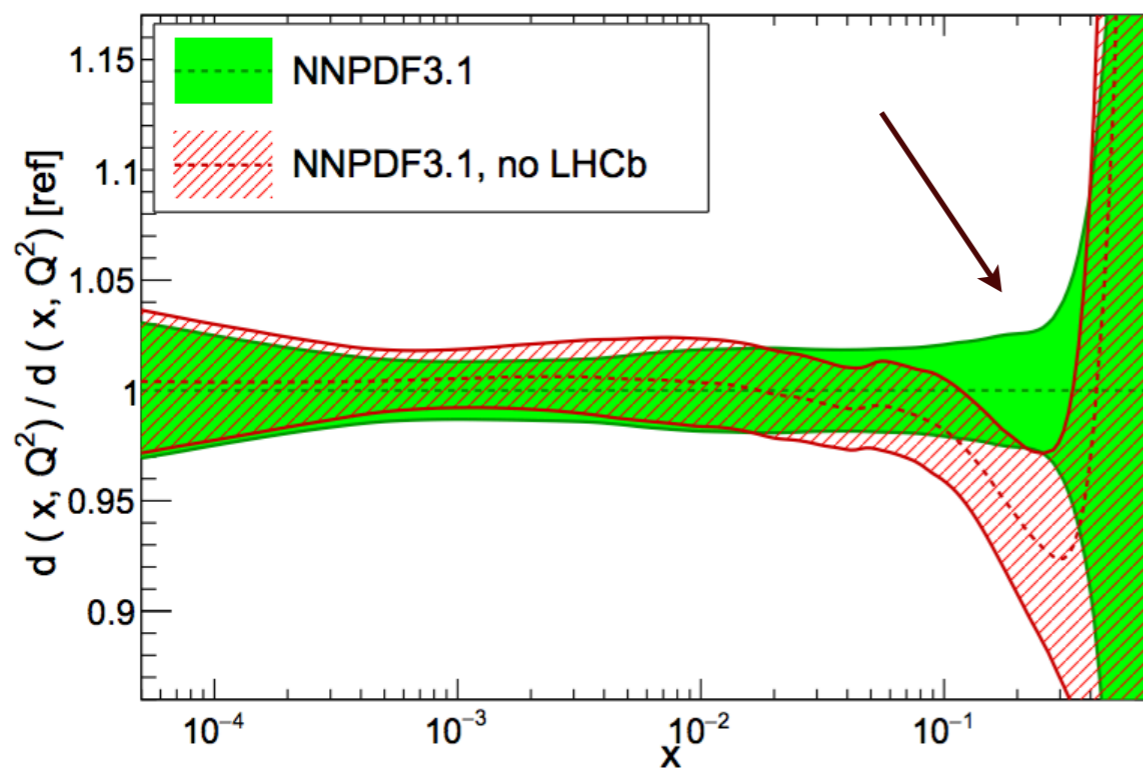
NNPDF3.1 NNLO,  $Q = 100$  GeV



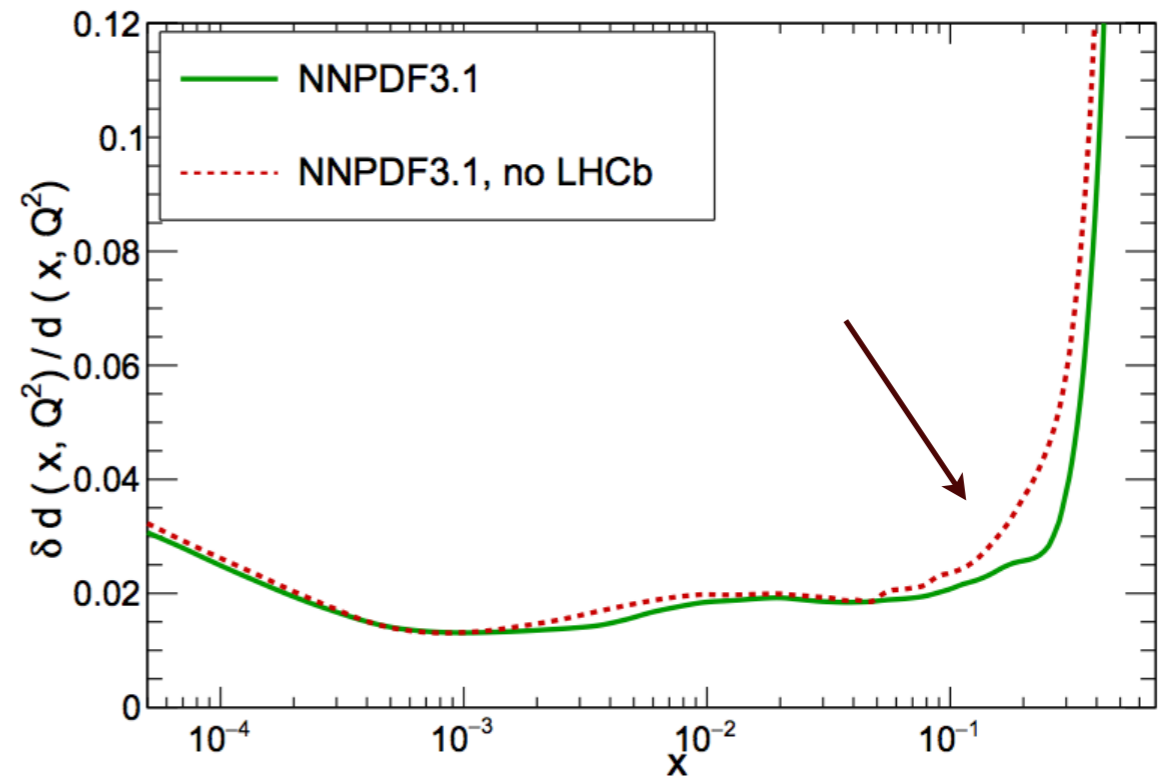
NNPDF3.1 NNLO,  $Q = 100$  GeV



NNPDF3.1 NNLO,  $Q = 100$  GeV



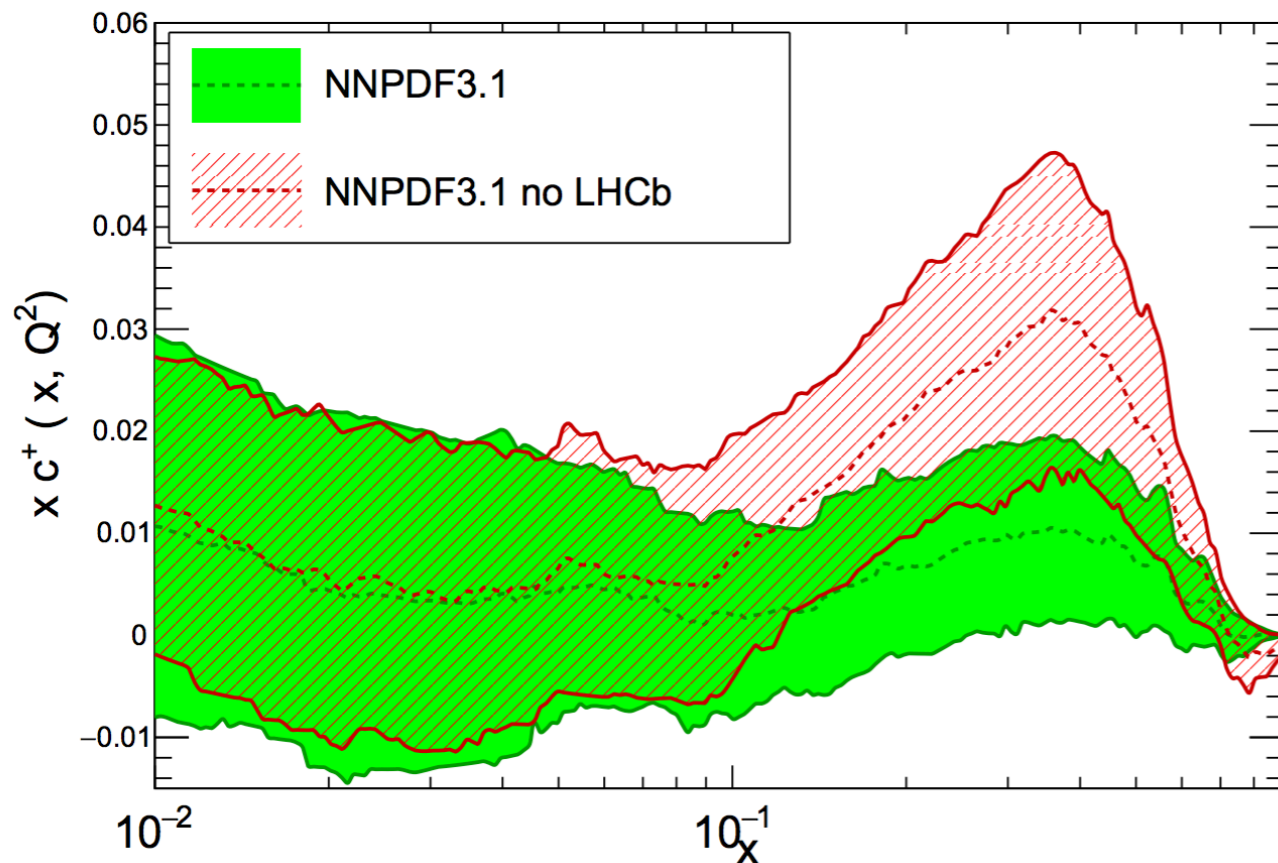
NNPDF3.1 NNLO,  $Q = 100$  GeV



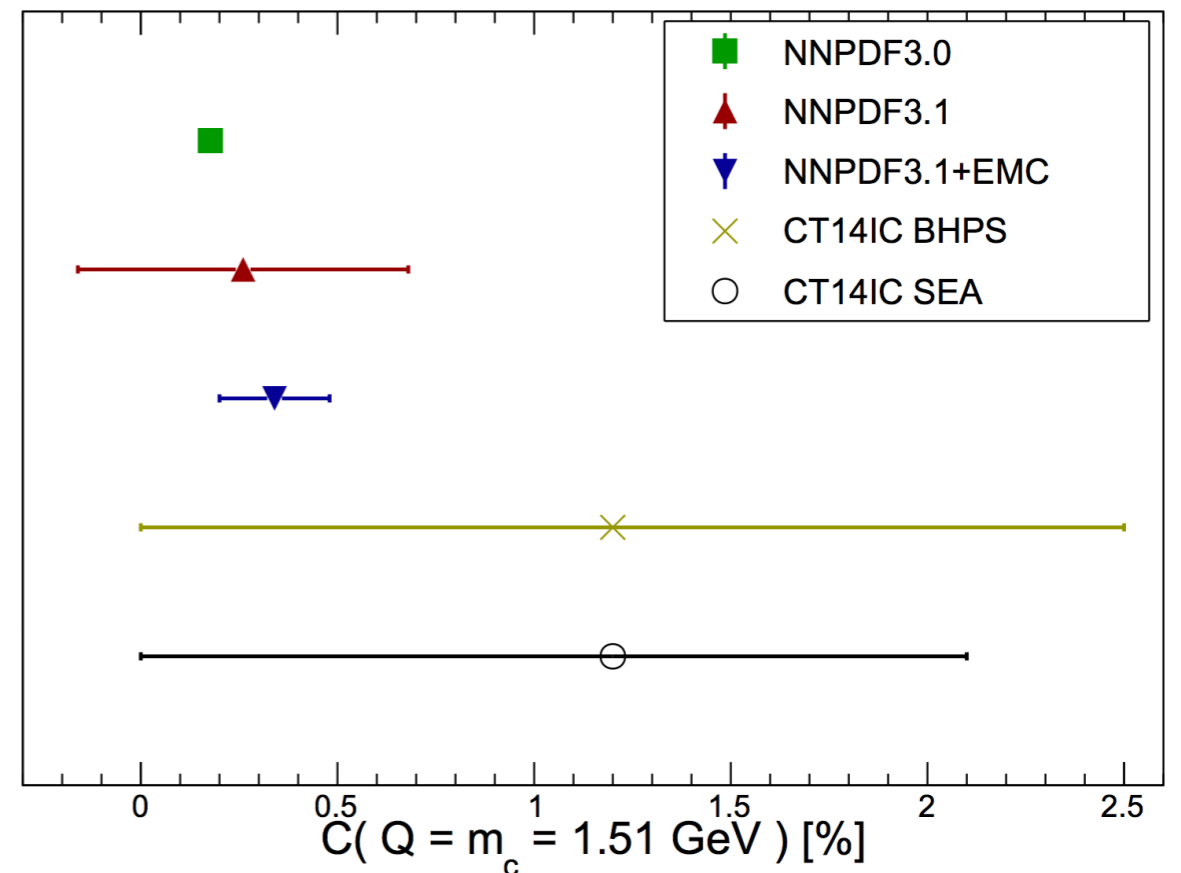
# Impact on the charm PDF

**NNPDF3.1: independent parametrisation for *charm PDF*, constrained from data**

NNPDF3.1 NNLO,  $Q = 1.7 \text{ GeV}$



Momentum Fraction of Charm Quarks



LHCb electroweak data provide important info on **charm content of protons**

‘**Intrinsic**’ charm bounded to  $< 0.7\%$  of proton momentum from LHC data

Still ample **room for improvement!**

$$C(Q^2) \equiv \int_0^1 dx x (c(c, Q^2) + \bar{c}(x, Q^2))$$

Large intrinsic charm allowed in CT14IC **disfavoured** by LHC(b) data

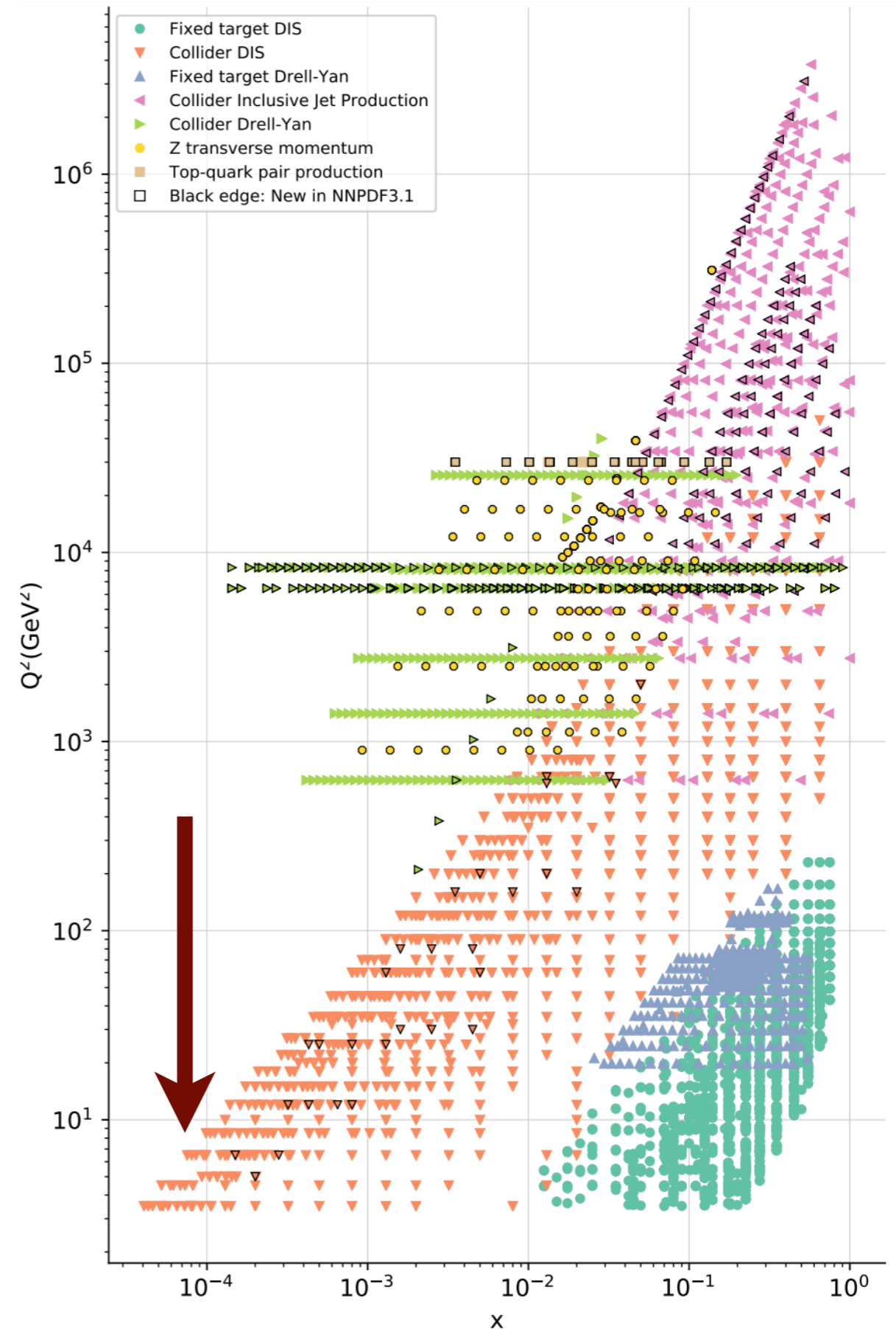
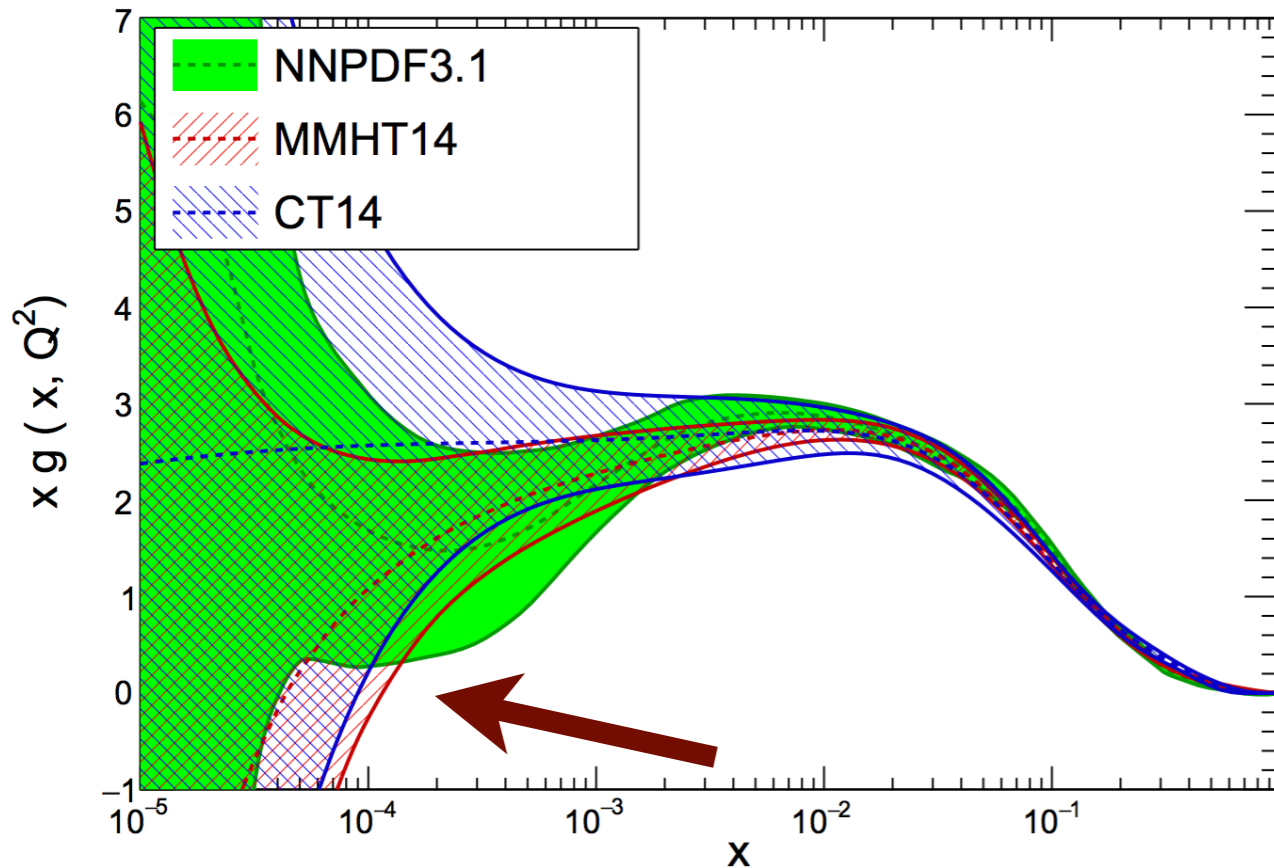


# **Impact on small-x gluon**

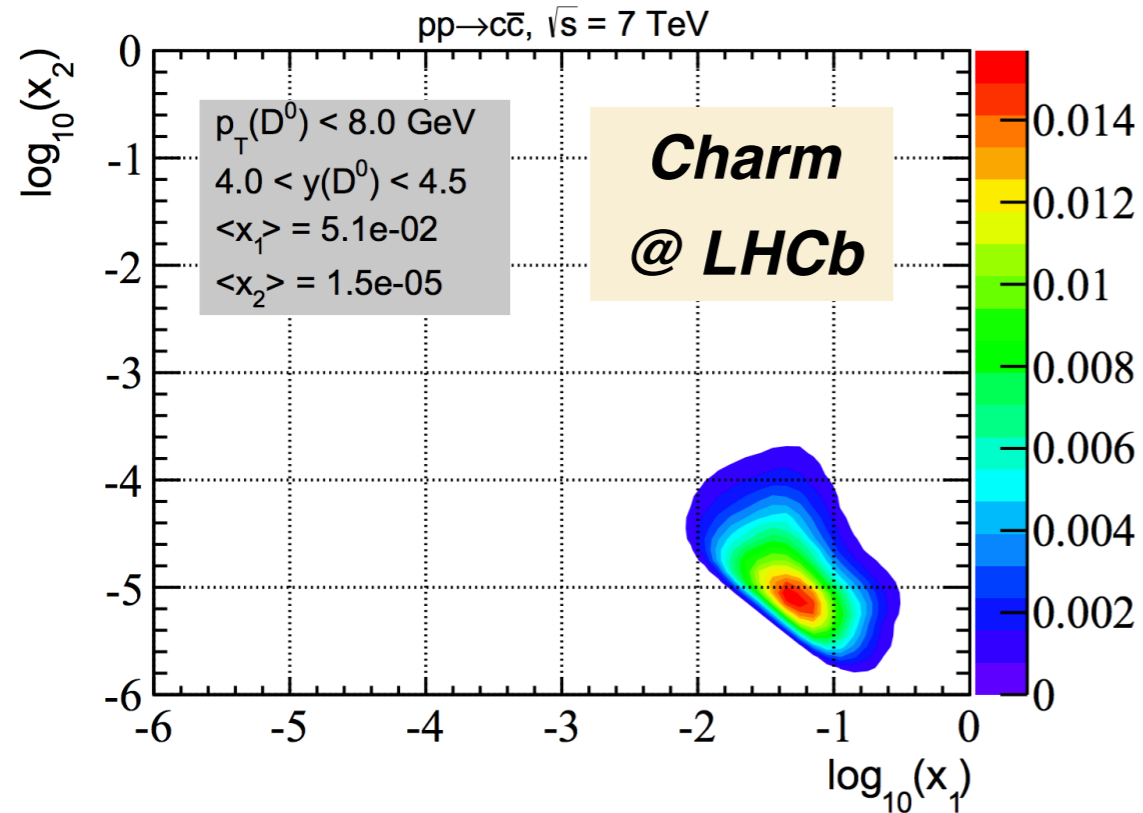
# The small-x gluon from HERA data

- Small-x gluon unconstrained:  
information from HERA **ends for  $x < 10^{-4}$**
- Very large uncertainties in global fits
- Need processes covering  **$x < 10^{-4}$  region**

NNLO,  $\alpha_s = 0.118$ ,  $Q = 1.7$  GeV

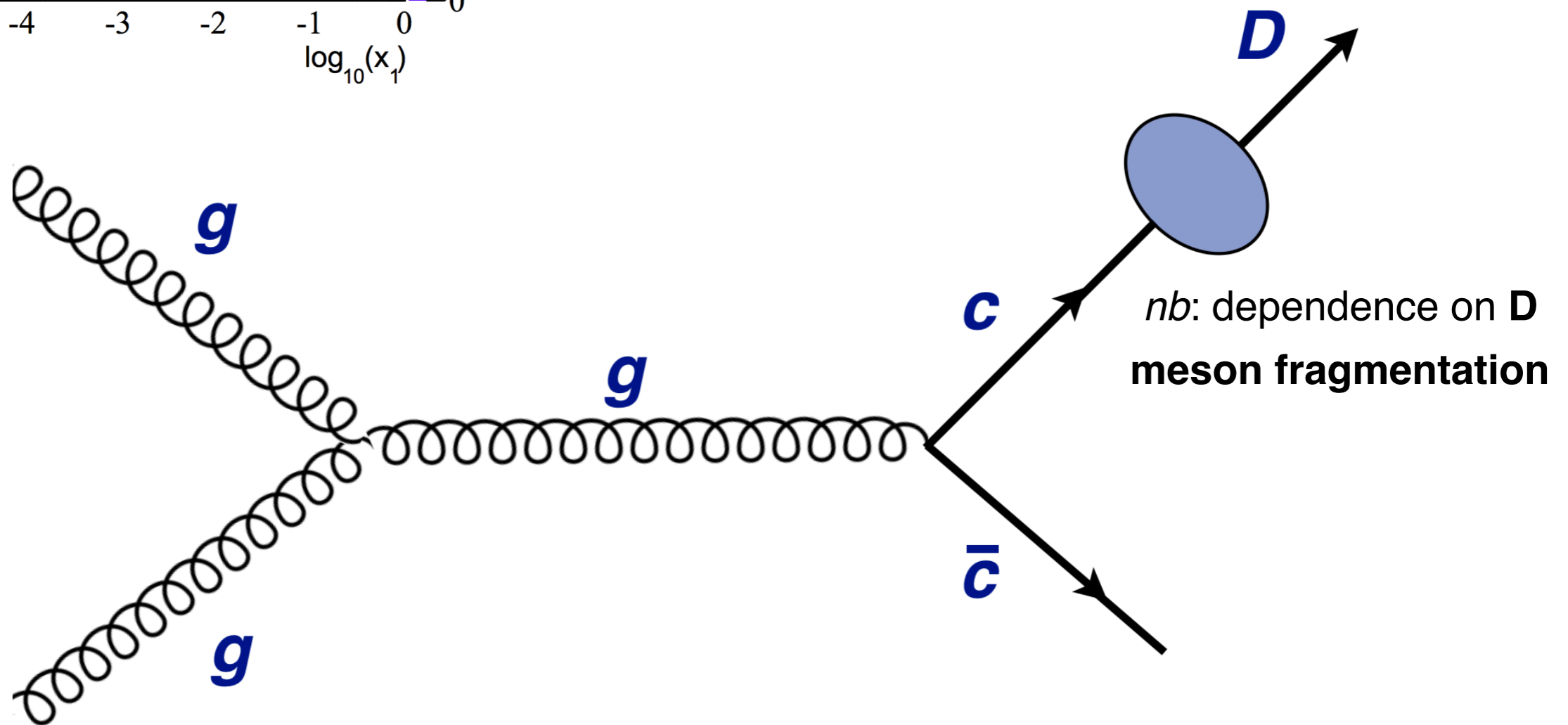


# Forward charm production



LHC: charm production  
from **gluon-gluon scattering**

LHCb: forward coverage,  
Charm probes down to  $x \approx 10^{-6}$  !



# Forward charm production

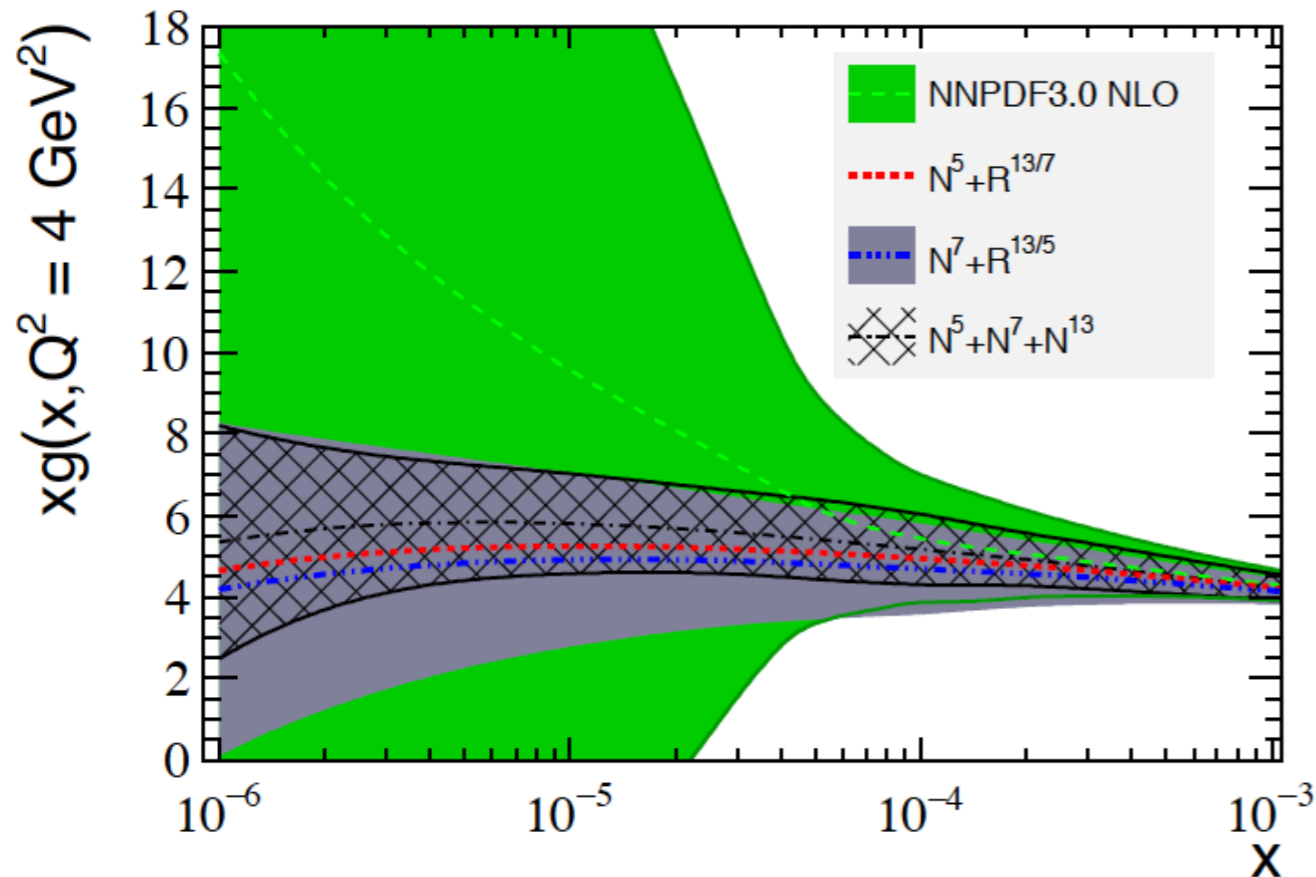
- Include LHCb D meson production at **5, 7, 13 TeV**
- Fit **normalised distributions & ratios** between CoM energies to reduce MHOUs

$$N_X^{ij} = \frac{d^2\sigma(X \text{ TeV})}{dy_i^D d(p_T^D)_j} \bigg/ \frac{d^2\sigma(X \text{ TeV})}{dy_{\text{ref}}^D d(p_T^D)_j}$$

$$R_{13/X}^{ij} = \frac{d^2\sigma(13 \text{ TeV})}{dy_i^D d(p_T^D)_j} \bigg/ \frac{d^2\sigma(X \text{ TeV})}{dy_i^D d(p_T^D)_j}$$

gluon PDF uncertainties reduced  
by **factor 10** at  $x \approx 10^{-6}$

**Excellent description** of all LHCb datasets  
and ratios (after **errata** corrected)

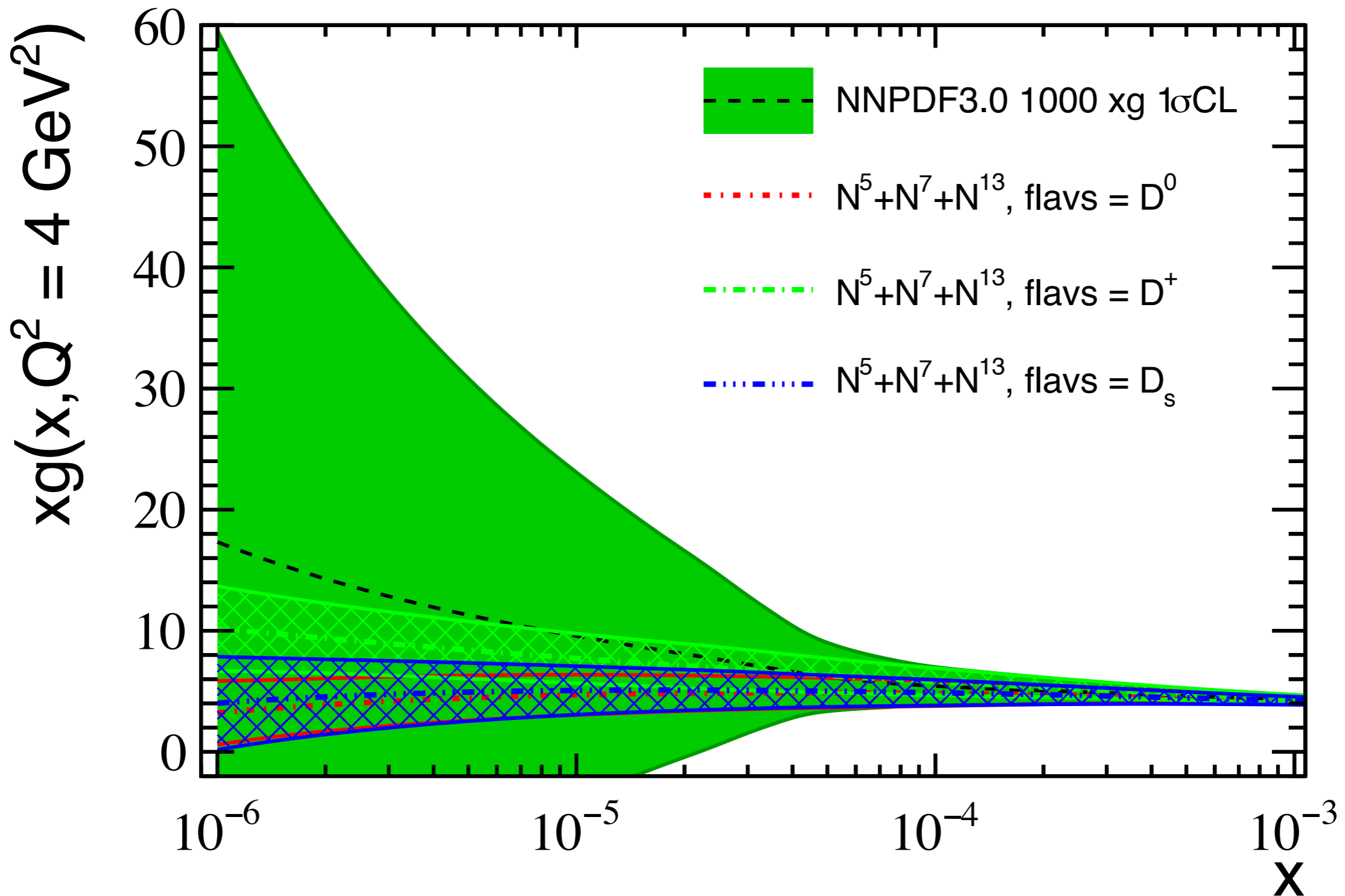


*Gauld, JR 16*

$N_5(84)$	$N_7(79)$	$N_{13}(126)$	$R_{13/5}(107)$	$R_{13/7}(102)$
1.97	1.21	2.36	1.36	0.80
<b>0.86</b>	0.72	1.14	1.35	0.81
1.31	<b>0.91</b>	1.58	1.36	0.82
0.74	0.66	<b>1.01</b>	1.38	0.80
1.08	0.81	1.27	<b>1.29</b>	0.80
1.53	0.99	1.73	1.30	<b>0.81</b>
<b>1.07</b>	0.81	1.34	1.35	<b>0.81</b>
0.82	<b>0.70</b>	1.07	<b>1.35</b>	0.81
<b>0.84</b>	<b>0.71</b>	<b>1.10</b>	1.36	0.81

# Forward charm production

Results stable wrt choice of **fitted D meson species**



# 'New Physics' within QCD

Science  
Life and Physics

*The Guardian*

Jon Butterworth

@jonbutterworth  
Thu 28 Dec 2017 17.30 GMT



529 | 59

## After 40 years of studying the strong nuclear force, a revelation

This was the year that analysis of data finally backed up a prediction, made in the mid 1970s, of a surprising emergent behaviour in the strong nuclear force



In the mid 1970s, four Soviet physicists, Batlisky, Fadin, Kuraev and Lipatov, made some predictions involving the strong nuclear force which would lead to their initials entering the lore. "BFKL" became a shorthand for a difficult-to-

# BFKL dynamics at small- $x$

- 📌 **QCD calculations in the DGLAP factorisation framework** successful in describing data from proton-proton and electron-proton collisions
- 📌 Need to go **beyond DGLAP**: at small- $x$ , logarithmically enhanced terms in  $1/x$  become dominant and need to be **resummed to all orders**
- 📌 **BFKL (high-energy, small- $x$ ) resummation** can be matched to DGLAP collinear framework and included into PDF fits

**DGLAP**  
**Evolution in  $Q^2$**

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \ln Q^2} f_i(x, Q^2) = \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} P_{ij} \left( \frac{x}{z}, \alpha_s(Q^2) \right) f_j(z, Q^2)$$

**BFKL**  
**Evolution in  $x$**

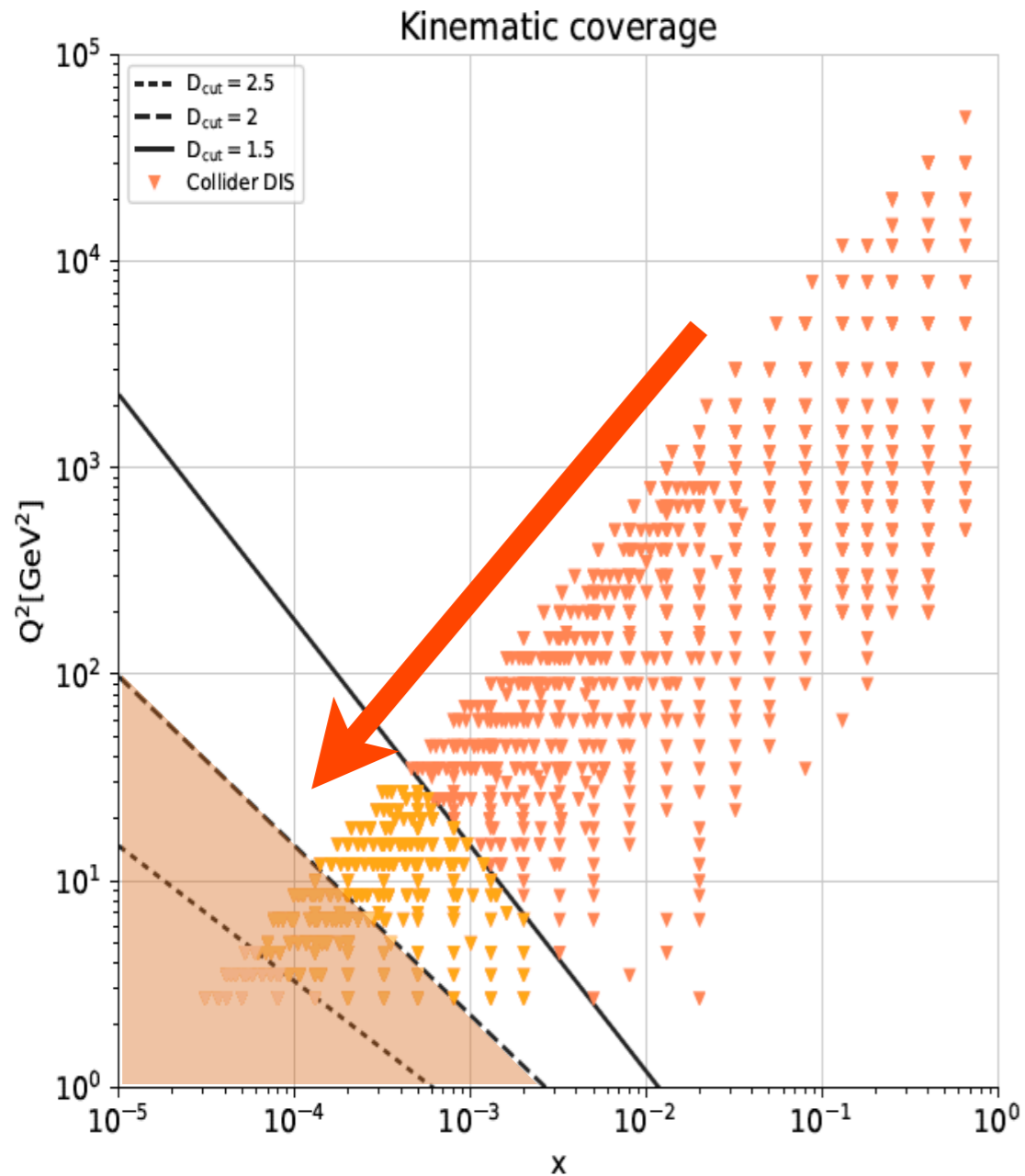
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \ln 1/x} f_+(x, Q^2) = \int_0^\infty \frac{d\nu^2}{\nu^2} K \left( \frac{Q^2}{\nu^2}, \alpha_s(Q^2) \right) f_+(x, \nu^2)$$

**ABF, CCSS, TW**  
**+ others, 94-08**

$$P_{ij}^{\text{N}^k \text{LO} + \text{N}^h \text{LL}x}(x) = P_{ij}^{\text{N}^k \text{LO}}(x) + \Delta_k P_{ij}^{\text{N}^h \text{LL}x}(x)$$

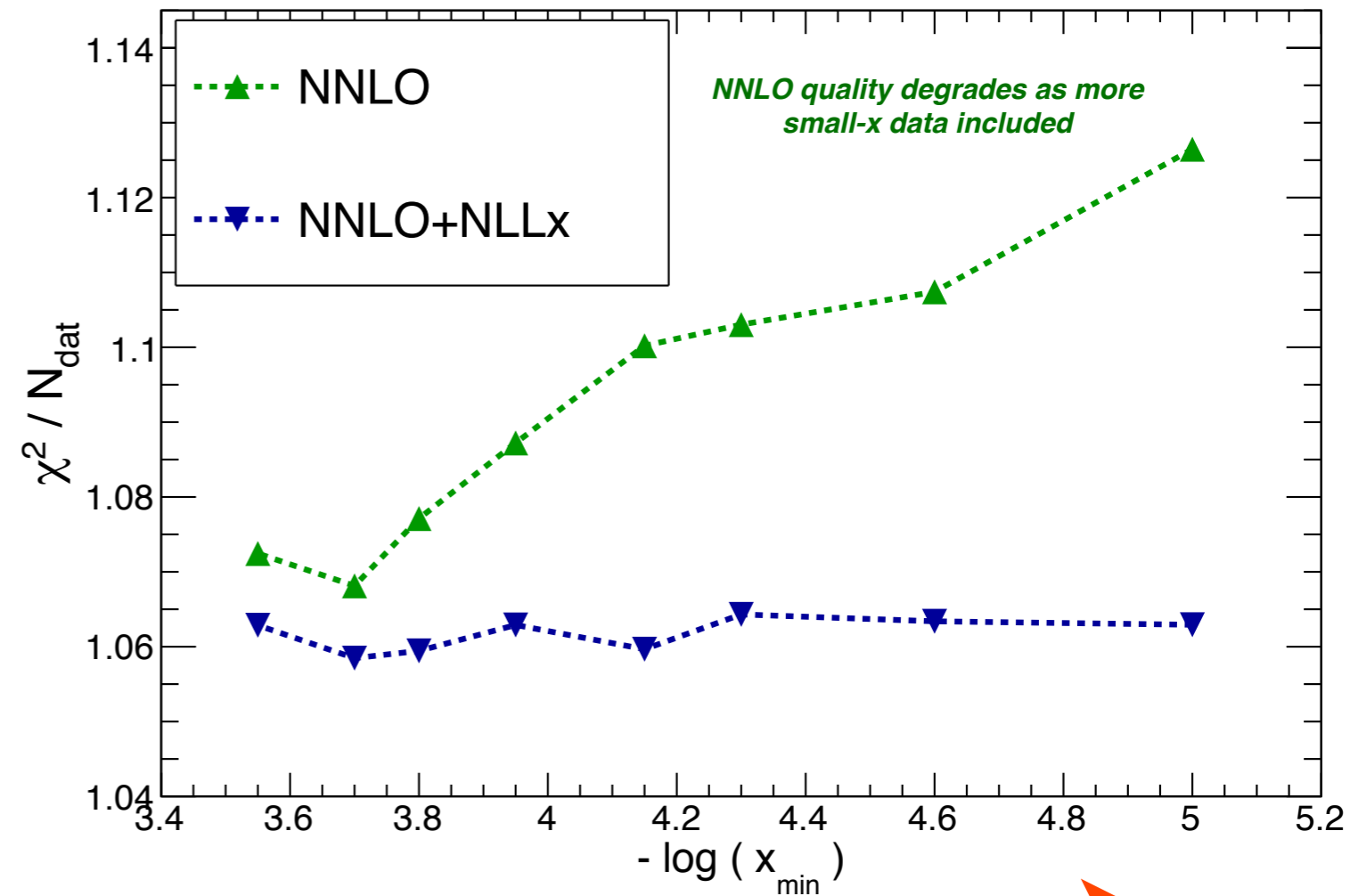
# BFKL dynamics at small-x

*Ball, Bertone, Bonvini,  
Marzani, JR, Rottoli 17*



Monitor the **fit quality** as one includes more data from the **small-x region**

NNPDF3.1sx, HERA inclusive structure functions



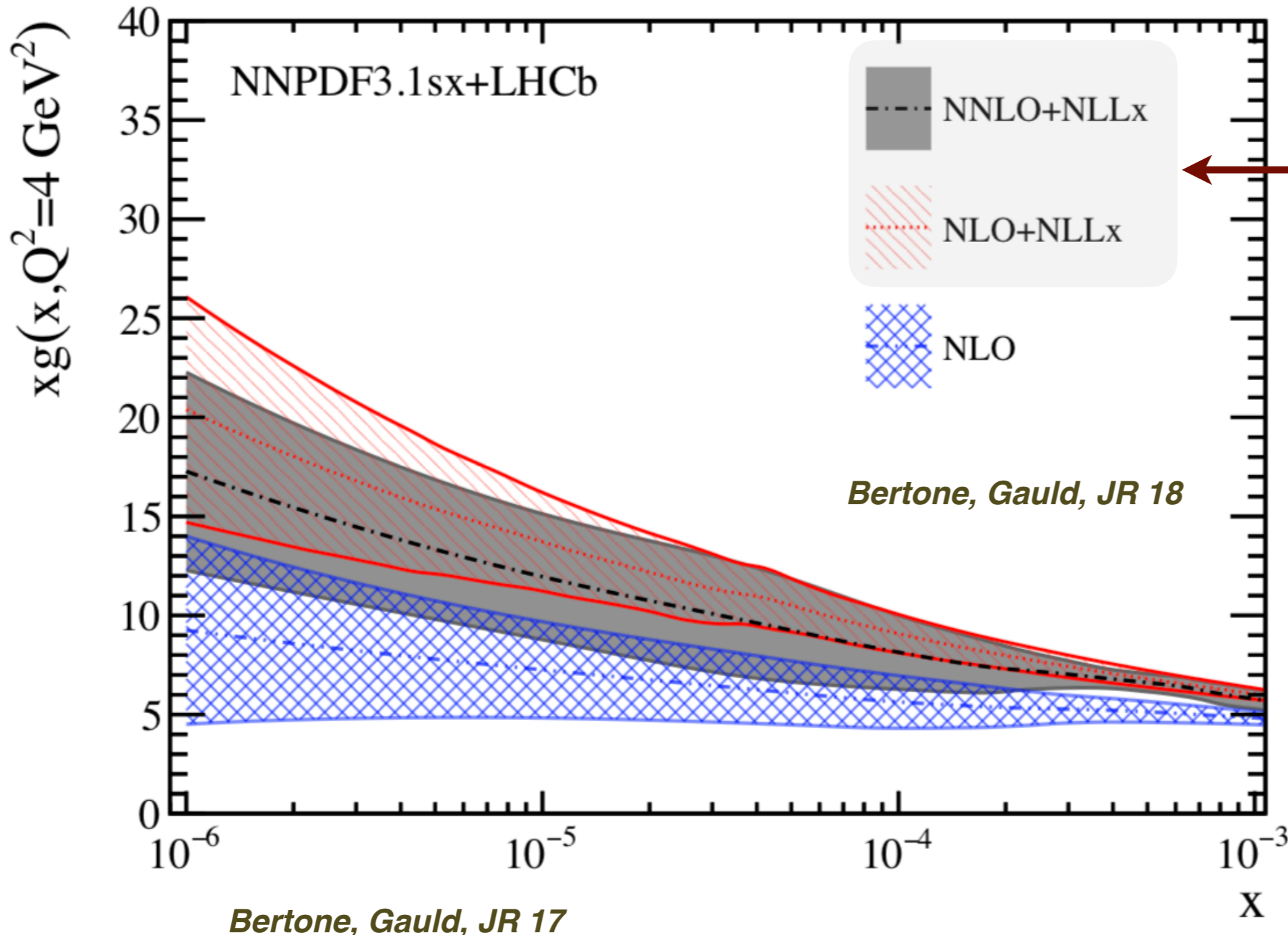
Best description of **small-x HERA data** only possible with **BFKL effects!**



# Forward charm production revisited

LHCb D meson production included in NNPDF3.1sx (N)NLO+NLLx fits

Similar reduction of gluon PDF errors at small-x + increase in central value



*BFKL effects included*

small-x resummation:  
excellent **perturbative convergence** even for  
 $x \approx 10^{-6}$

# **Impact on neutrino astronomy**

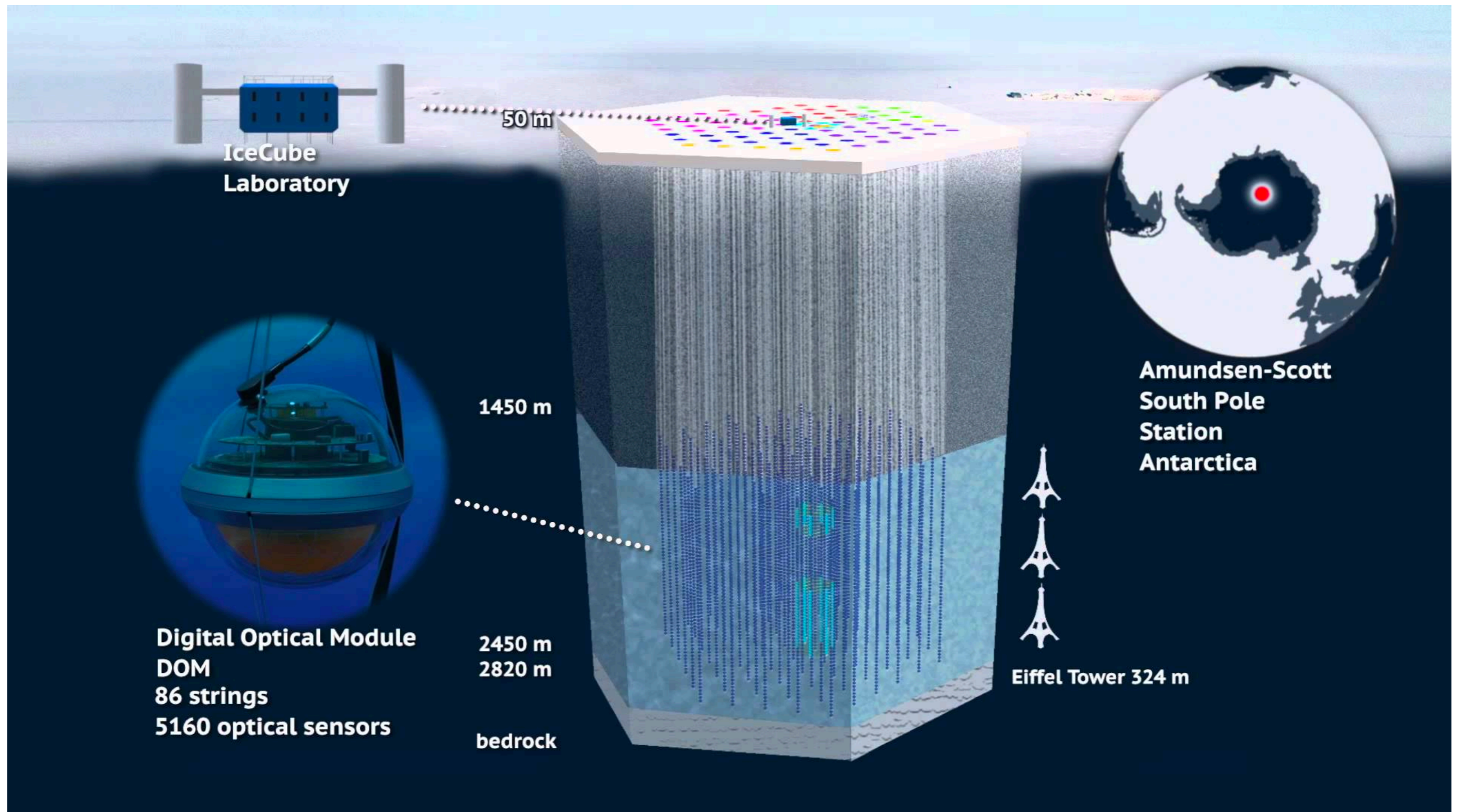
# Neutrino telescopes

**Ultra-high energy (UHE) neutrinos: novel window to the extreme Universe!**

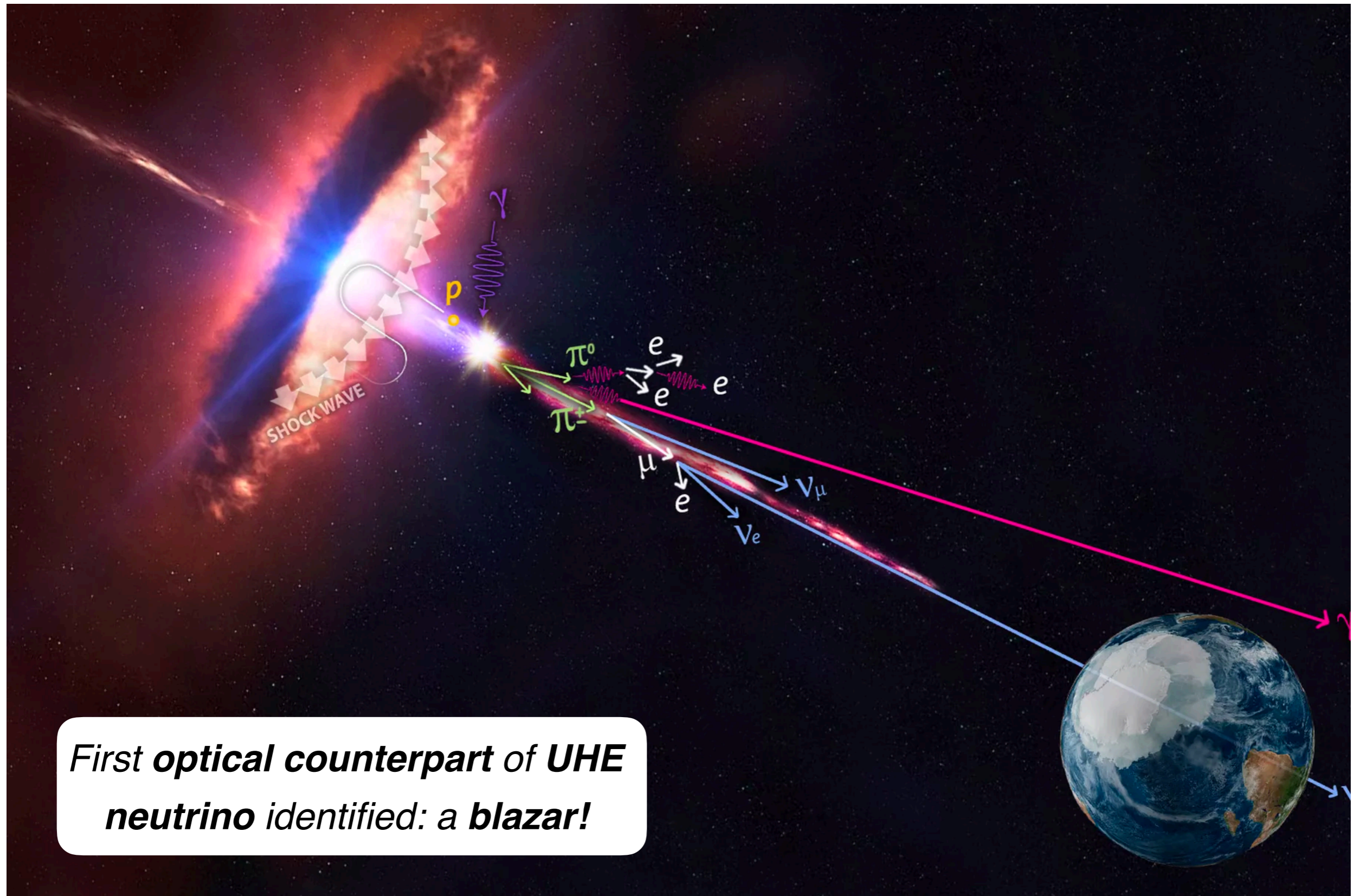


# Neutrino telescopes

**Ultra-high energy (UHE) neutrinos: novel window to the extreme Universe!**



# Unveiling cosmic neutrino origin

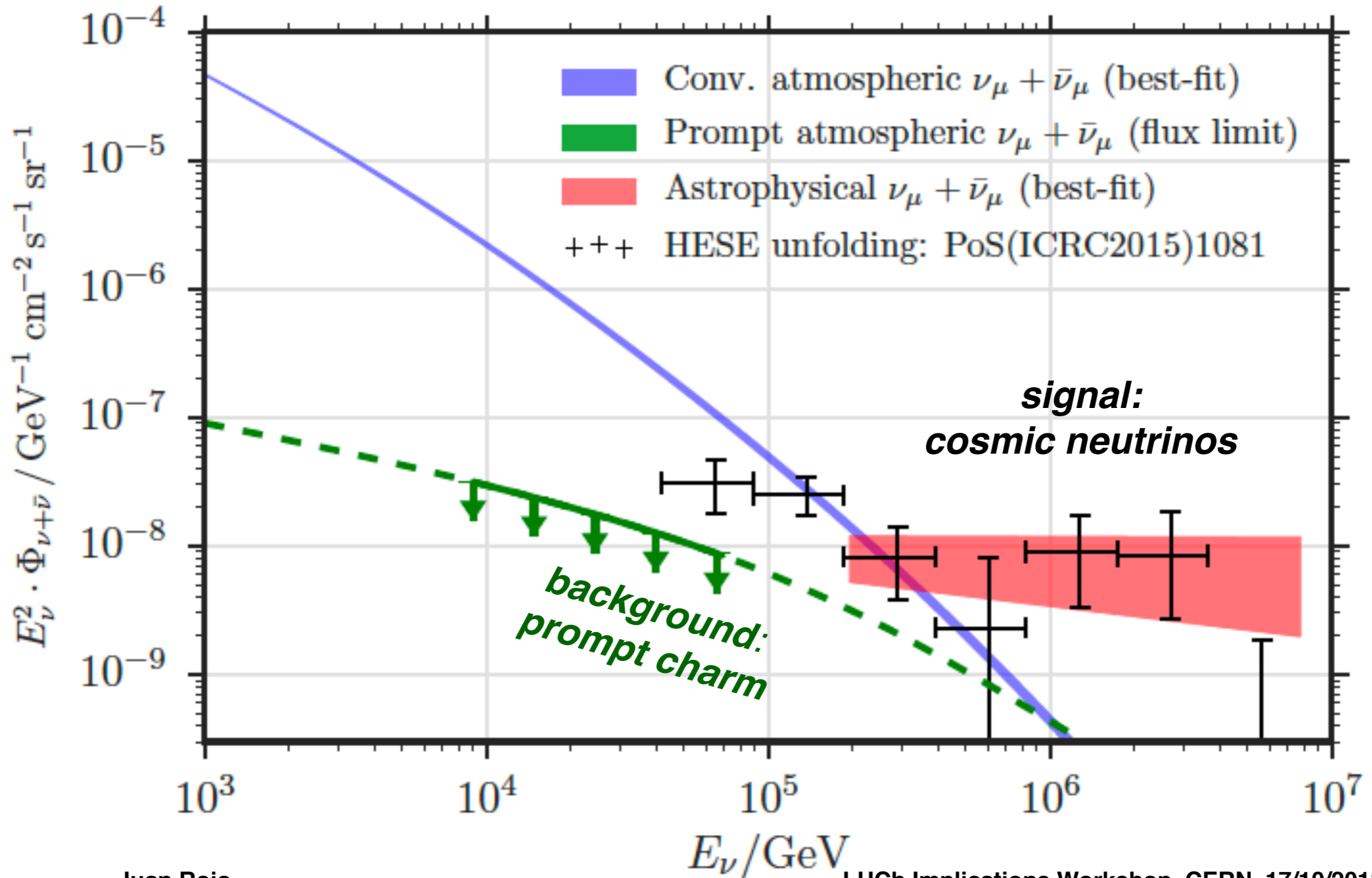


*First optical counterpart of UHE neutrino identified: a blazar!*

# Neutrino telescopes as QCD microscopes

**signal:** cosmic neutrino - nucleus scattering

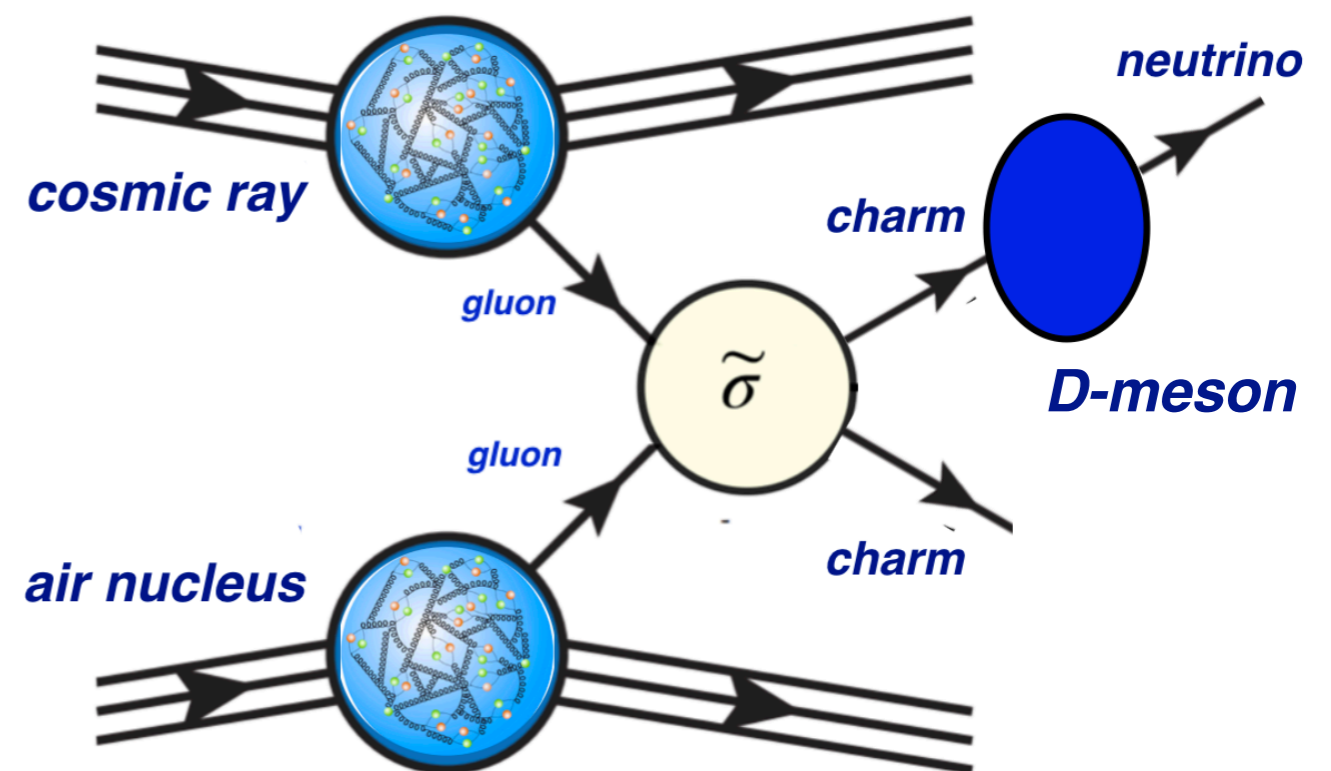
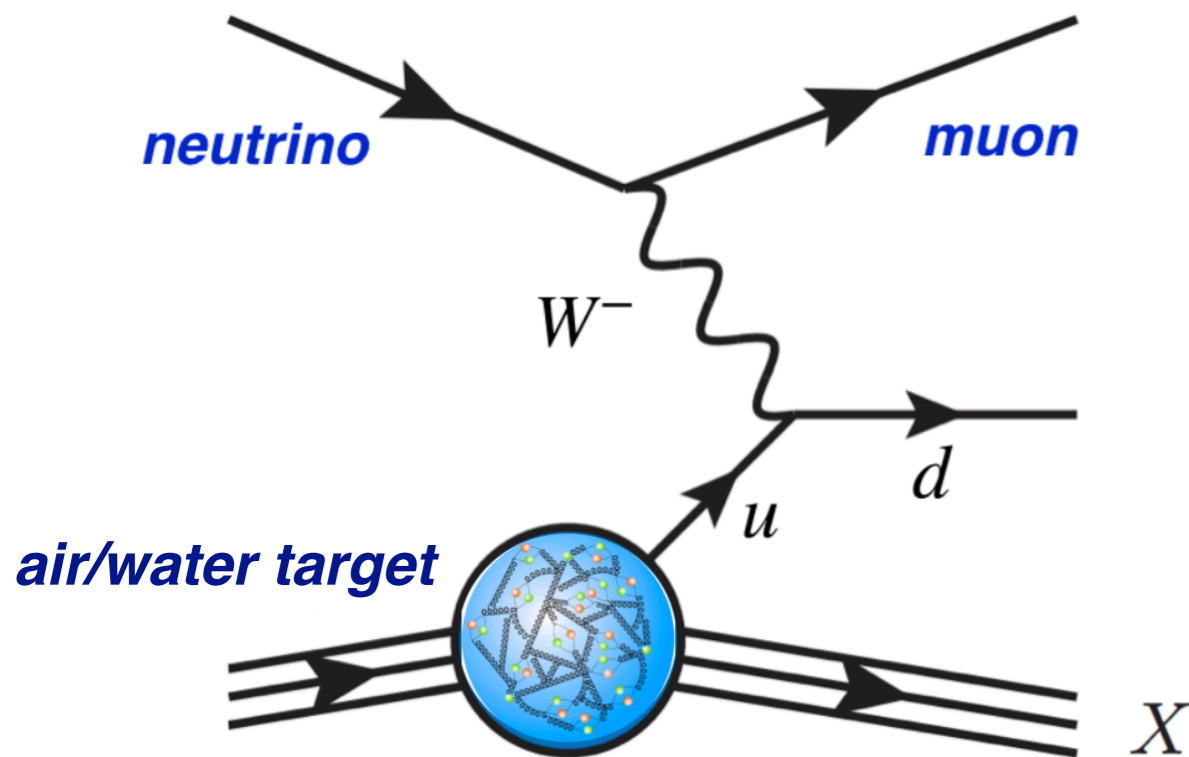
**background:** prompt charm production



# Neutrino telescopes as QCD microscopes

*signal: cosmic neutrino - nucleus scattering*

*background: prompt charm production*



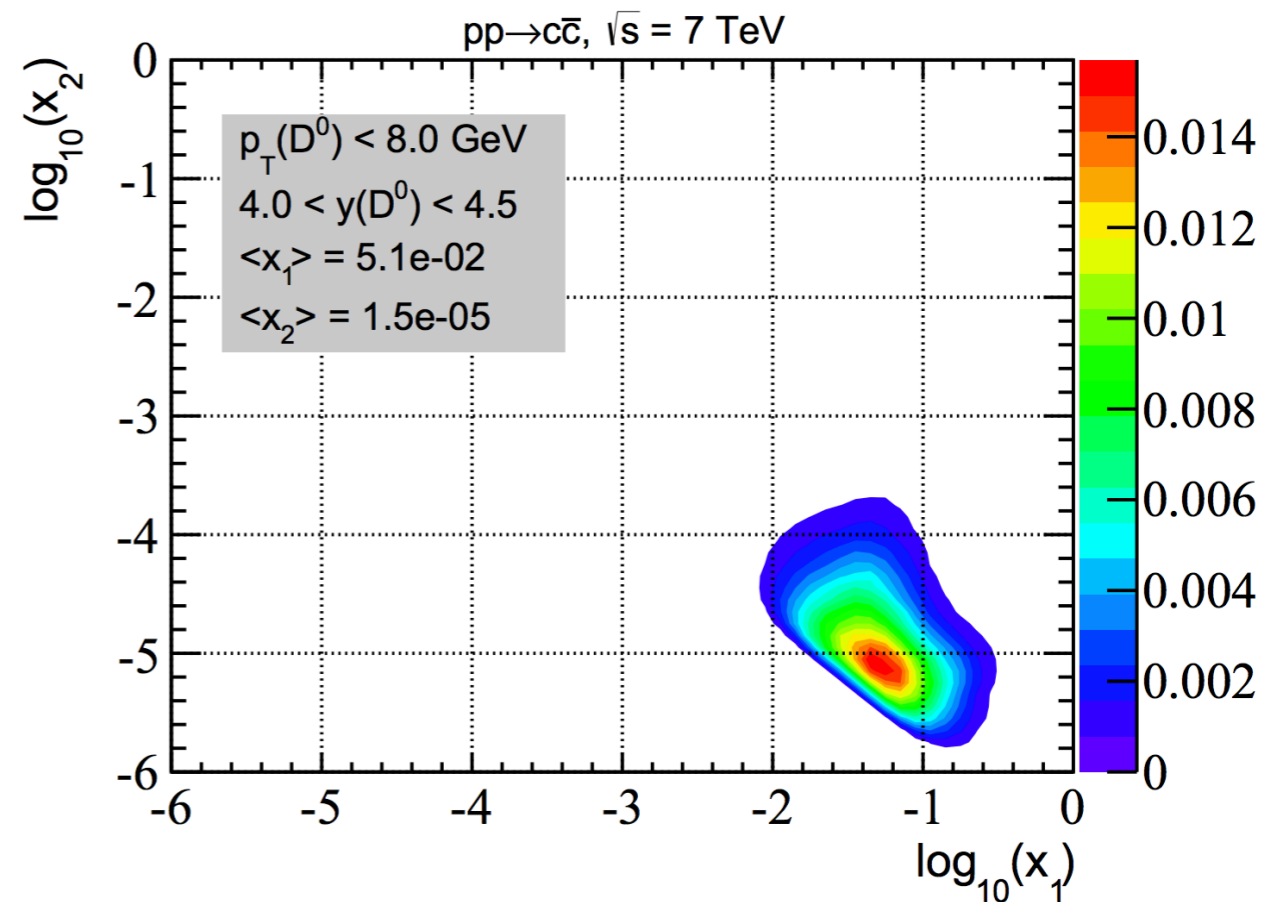
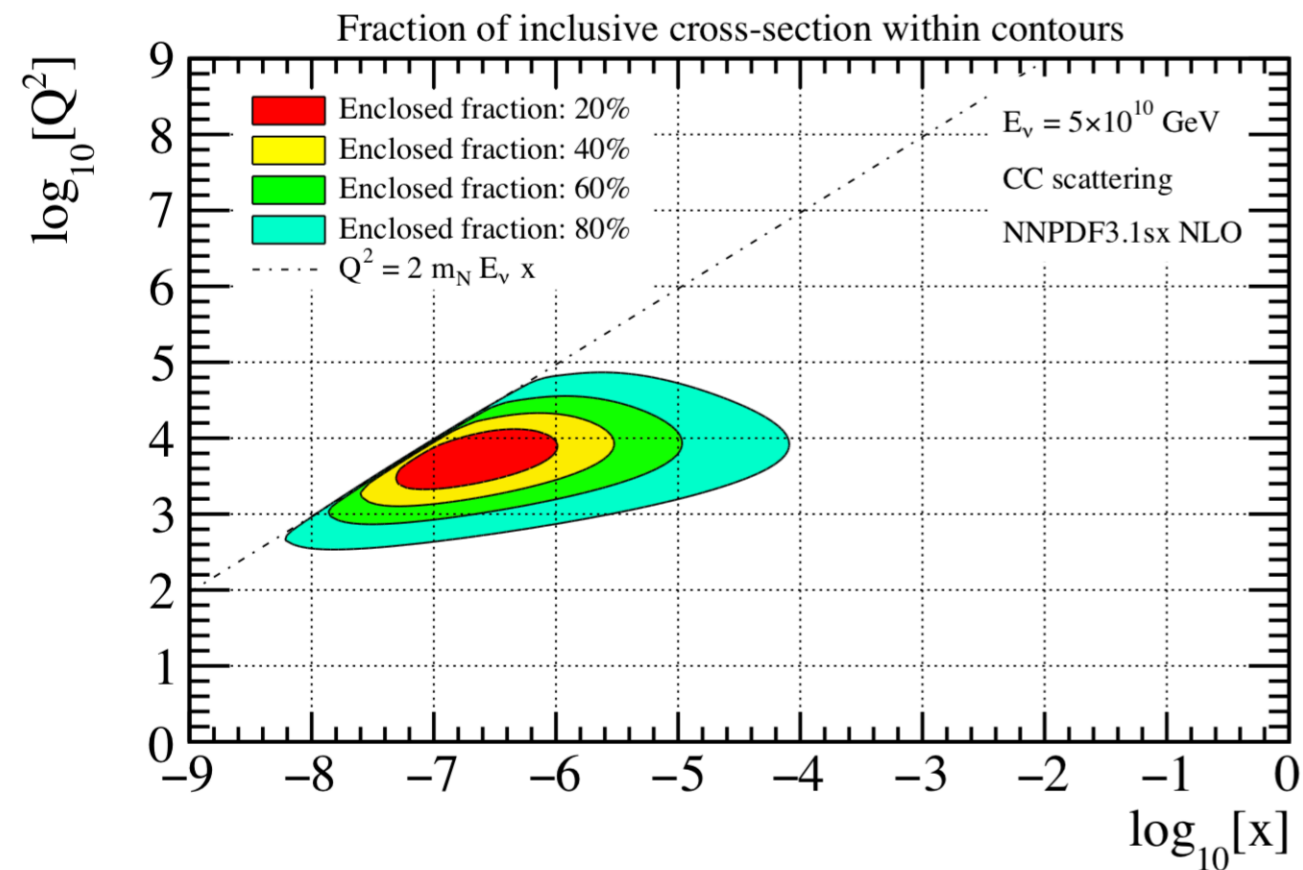
Sensitive to **small-x quarks** (and thus gluons via evolution) down to  $x \approx 10^{-8}$  and  $Q \approx M_W$

Sensitive to **small-x gluons** down to  $x \approx 10^{-6}$  and  $Q \approx M_{\text{charm}}$  in the **centre-of-mass frame**

# Neutrino telescopes as QCD microscopes

**signal:** cosmic neutrino - nucleus scattering

**background:** prompt charm production



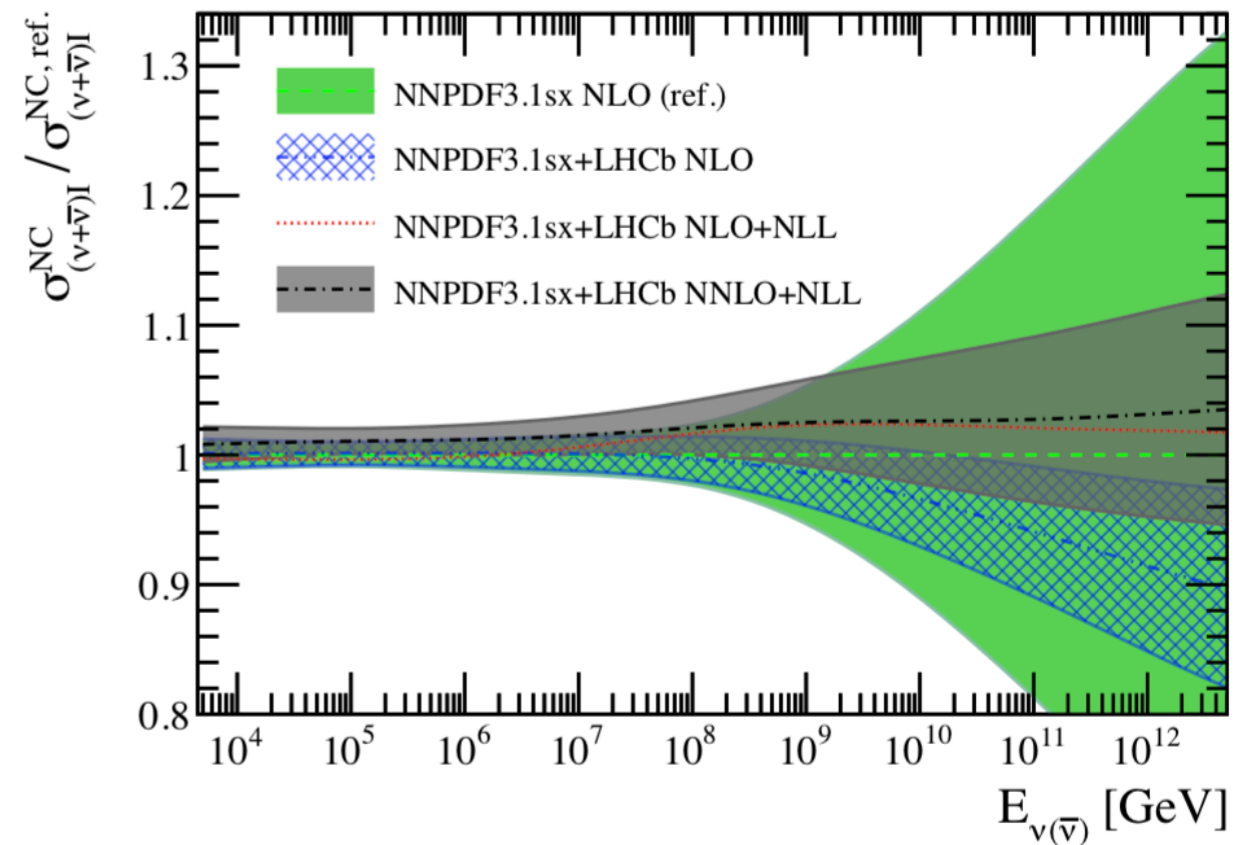
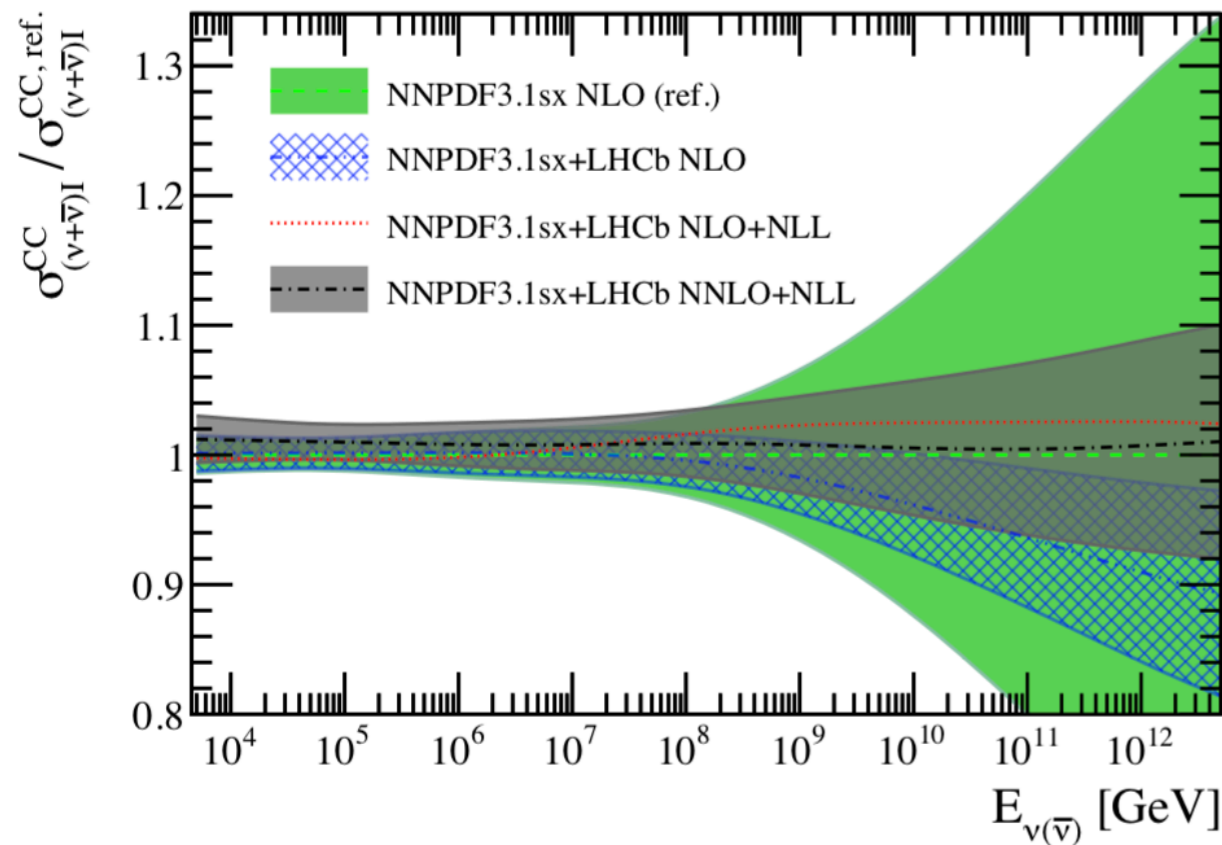
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# UHE neutrino-nucleus cross-section

Bertone, Gauld, JR 17

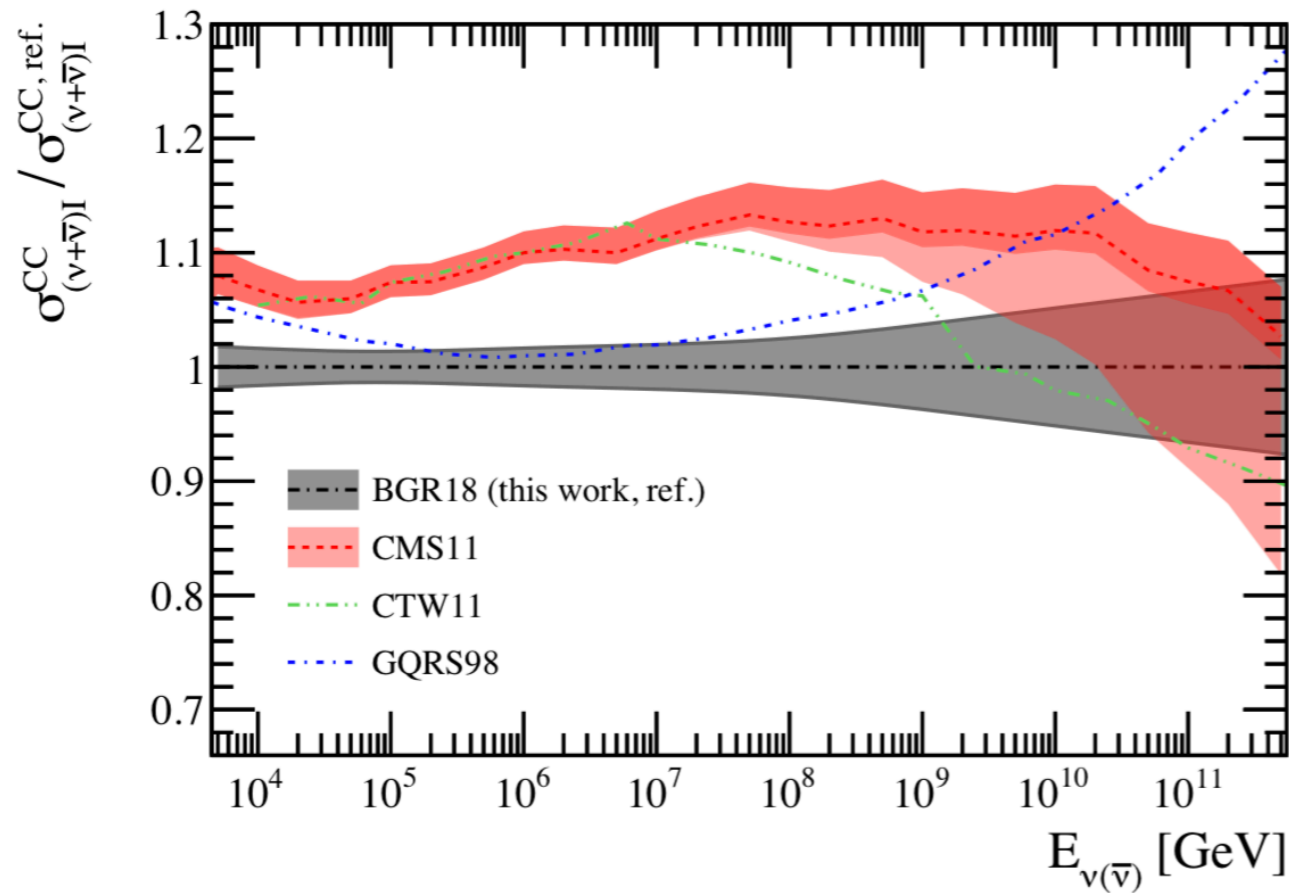


State-of-the-art predictions for **ultra-high energy** neutrino interactions

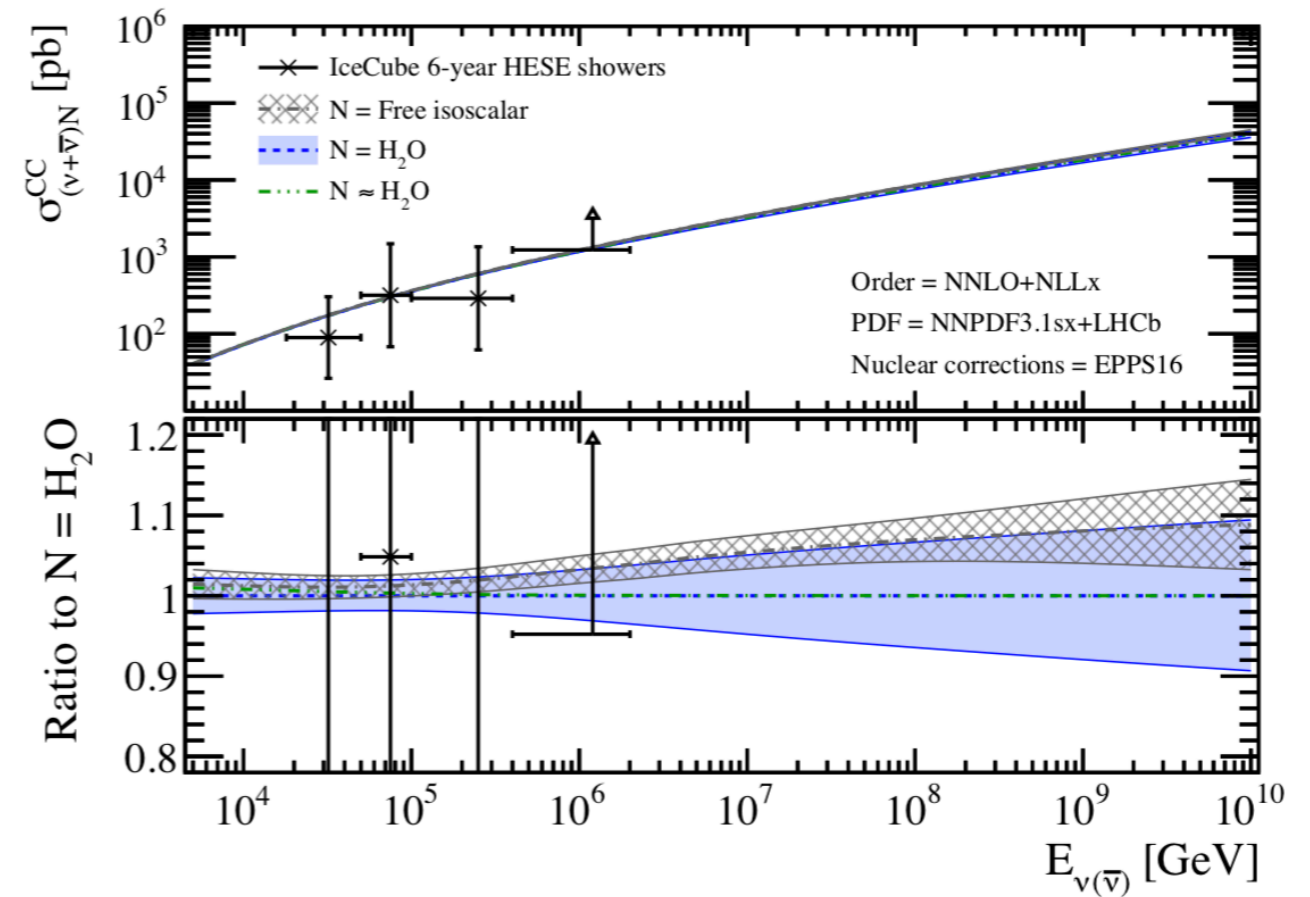
- 📍 **BFKL small-x effects** in PDFs and deep-inelastic structure functions
- 📍 Constraints on small-x PDFs from **LHCb charm production**
- 📍 Accounting for **nuclear corrections** and heavy-quark-initiated contributions

# UHE neutrino-nucleus cross-section

Comparison with *previous results*



Comparison with *IceCube data*



- 📌 Differences both at **intermediate** (better PDFs, improved treatment of heavy quarks) and **high energies** (LHCb constraints, BFKL effects)
- 📌 Nuclear effects important: constrain them with LHCb **charm production in p+Pb**
- 📌 IceCube and other neutrino telescopes are the **ultimate QCD microscopes!**

# Projections for HL-LHC

# A luminous future

In the framework of the update of the **European Strategy for Particle Physics**, a CERN Yellow Report will evaluate the physics potential of the **HL-LHC** (to appear in Dec 2018)

We have studied the **impact of HL-LHC data on PDFs**, including projections with (future) LHCb measurements.

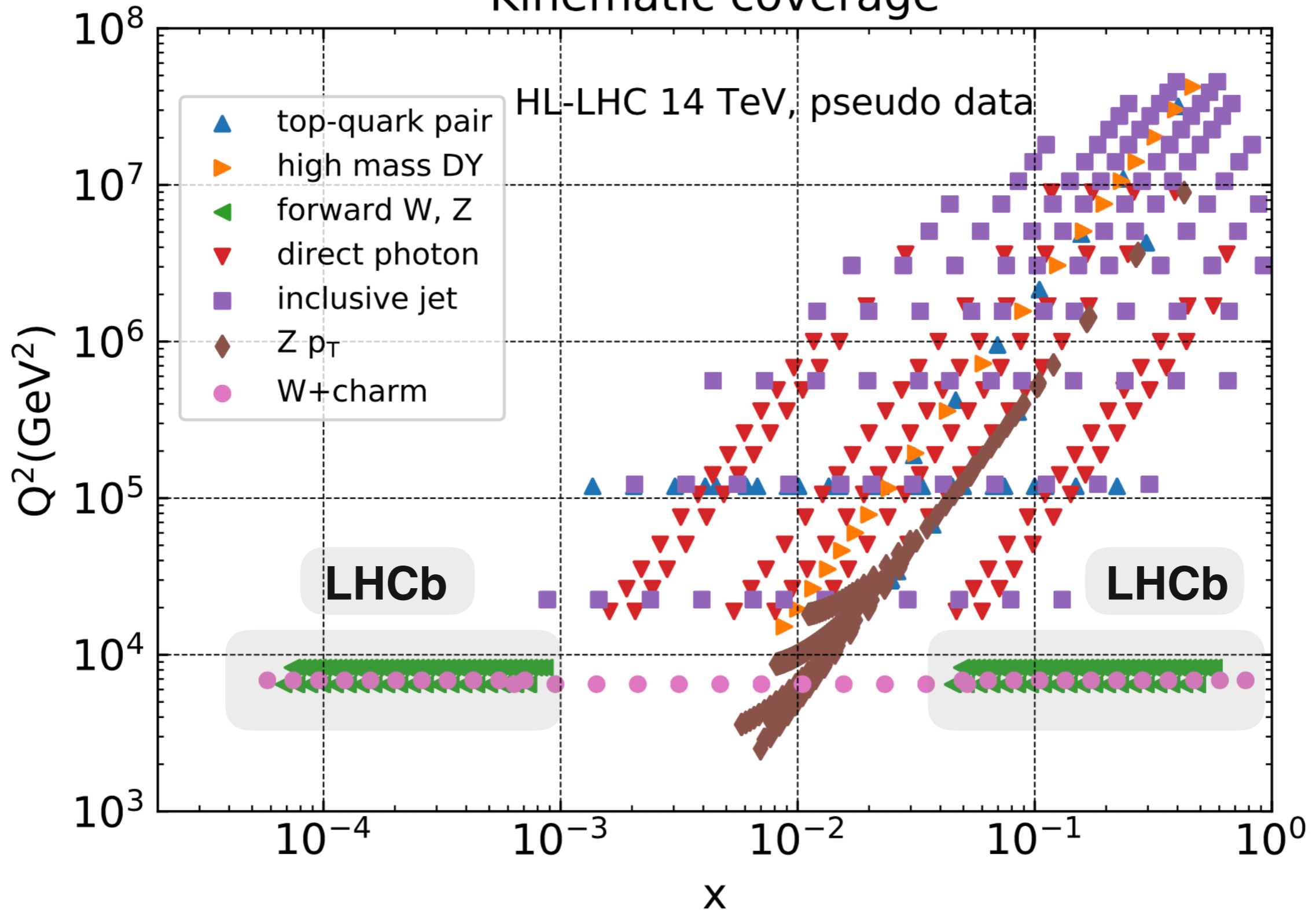
LHCb pseudo-data on **forward inclusive W,Z and W+charm production**

*Abdul-Khalek, Bailey, Gao, Harland-Lang, JR (2018)*

Process	Kinematics	$N_{\text{dat}}$
$Z p_T$	$20 \text{ GeV} \leq p_T^l \leq 3.5 \text{ TeV}$ $12 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{ll} \leq 150 \text{ GeV}$ $ y_{ll}  \leq 2.4$	162
high-mass Drell-Yan	$p_T^{l1(2)} \geq 40(30) \text{ GeV}$ $ \eta^l  \leq 2.5, m_{ll} \geq 116 \text{ GeV}$	21
top quark pair	$m_{t\bar{t}} \simeq 5 \text{ TeV},  y_t  \leq 2.5$	26
$W$ +charm (central)	$p_T^\mu \geq 26 \text{ GeV}, p_T^c \geq 5 \text{ GeV}$ $ \eta^\mu  \leq 2.4$	6
$W$ +charm (forward)	$p_T^\mu \geq 20 \text{ GeV}, p_T^c \geq 20 \text{ GeV}$ $p_T^{\mu+c} \geq 20 \text{ GeV}$ $2 \leq \eta^\mu \leq 5, 2.2 \leq \eta^c \leq 4.2$	12
Direct photon	$E_T^\gamma \lesssim 3 \text{ TeV},  \eta_\gamma  \leq 2.5$	53
Forward $W, Z$	$p_T^l \geq 20 \text{ GeV}, 2.0 \leq \eta^l \leq 4.5$ $2.0 \leq y_{ll} \leq 4.5$ $60 \leq m_{ll} \leq 120 \text{ GeV}$	90
Inclusive jets	$ y  \leq 3, R = 0.4$	54
Total		424

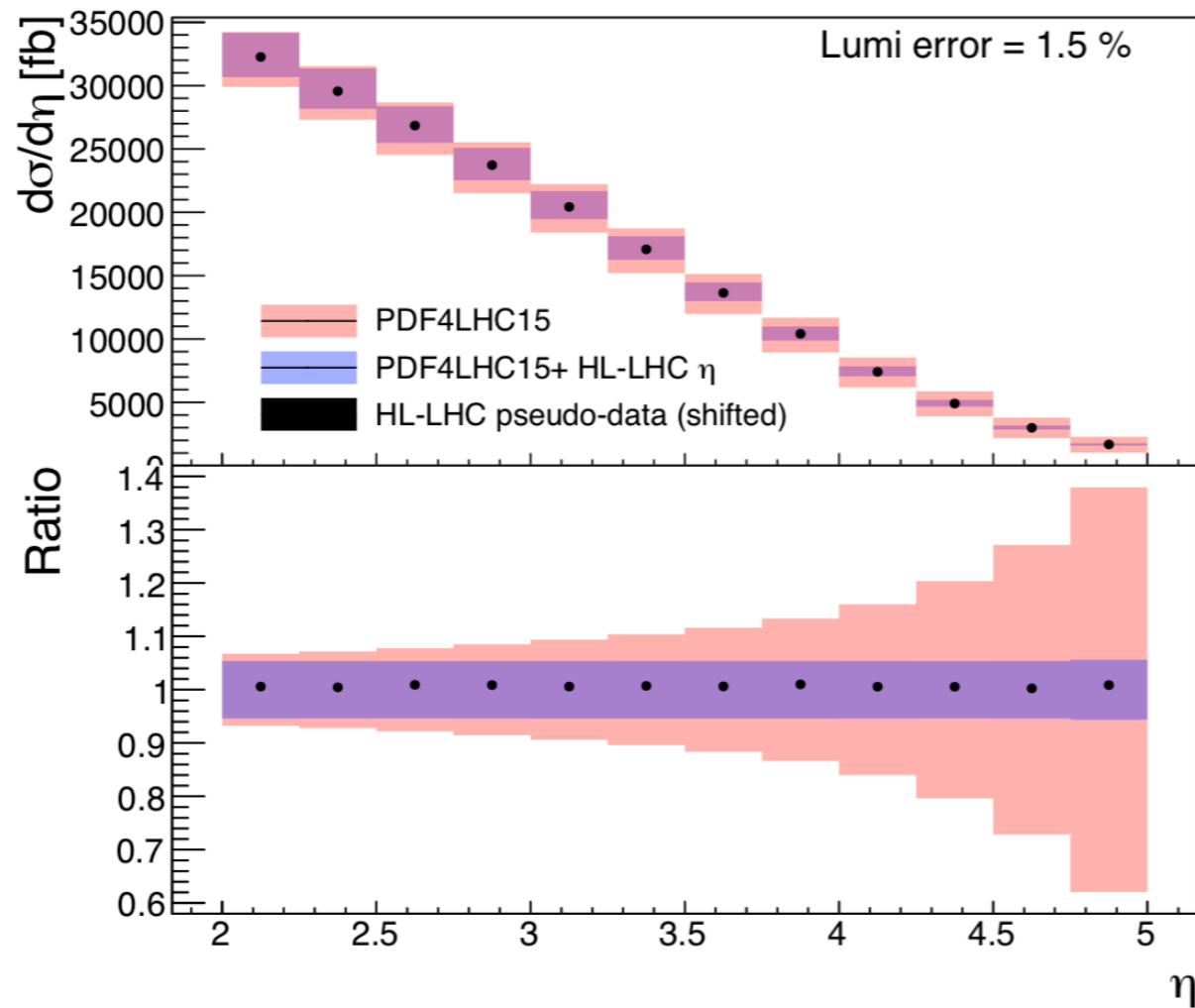
# A luminous future

## Kinematic coverage



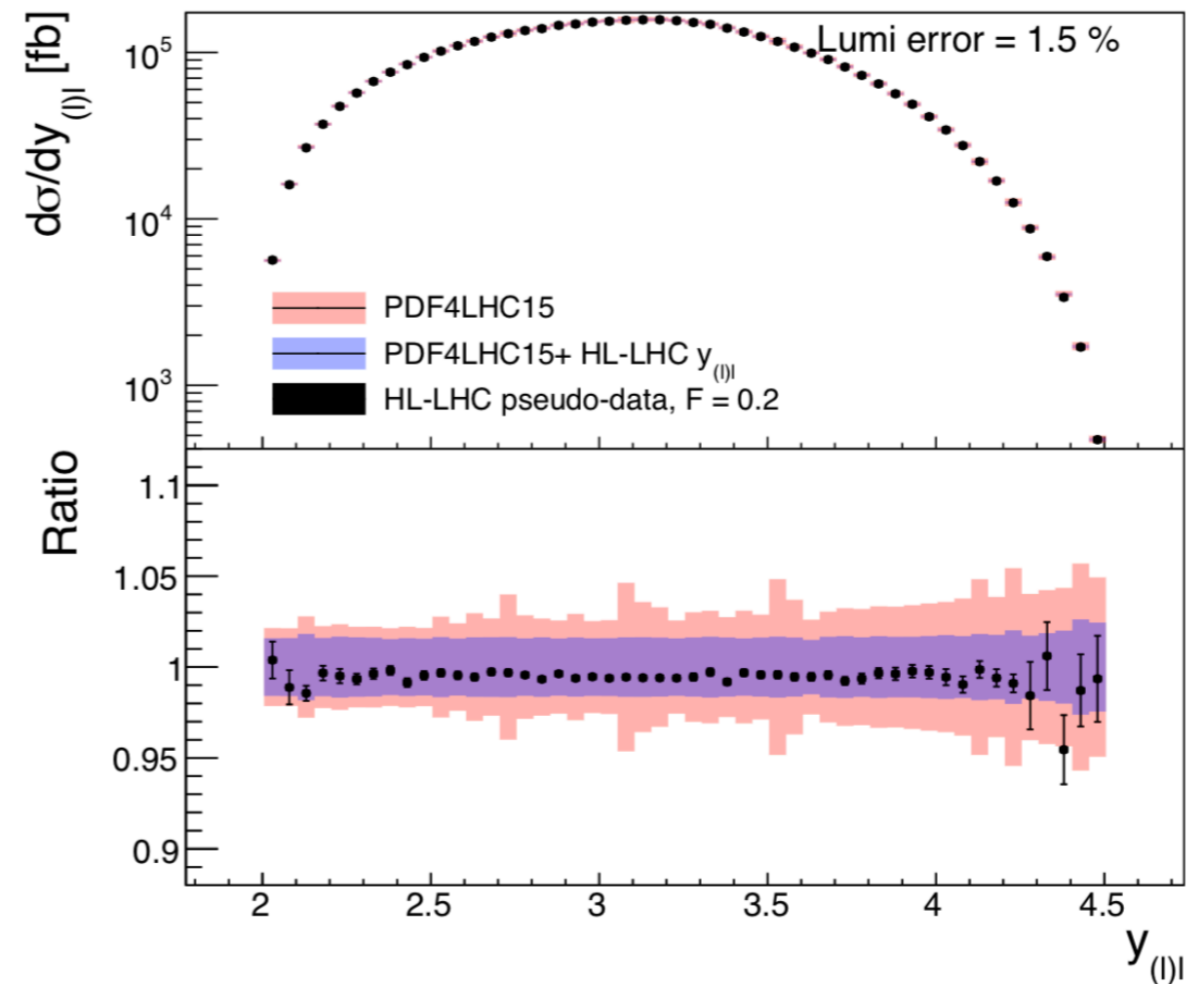
# HL-LHC constraints from LHCb

Projected forward  $W$ +charm data



*Forward  $W$ +charm*

Projected forward  $Z$  data



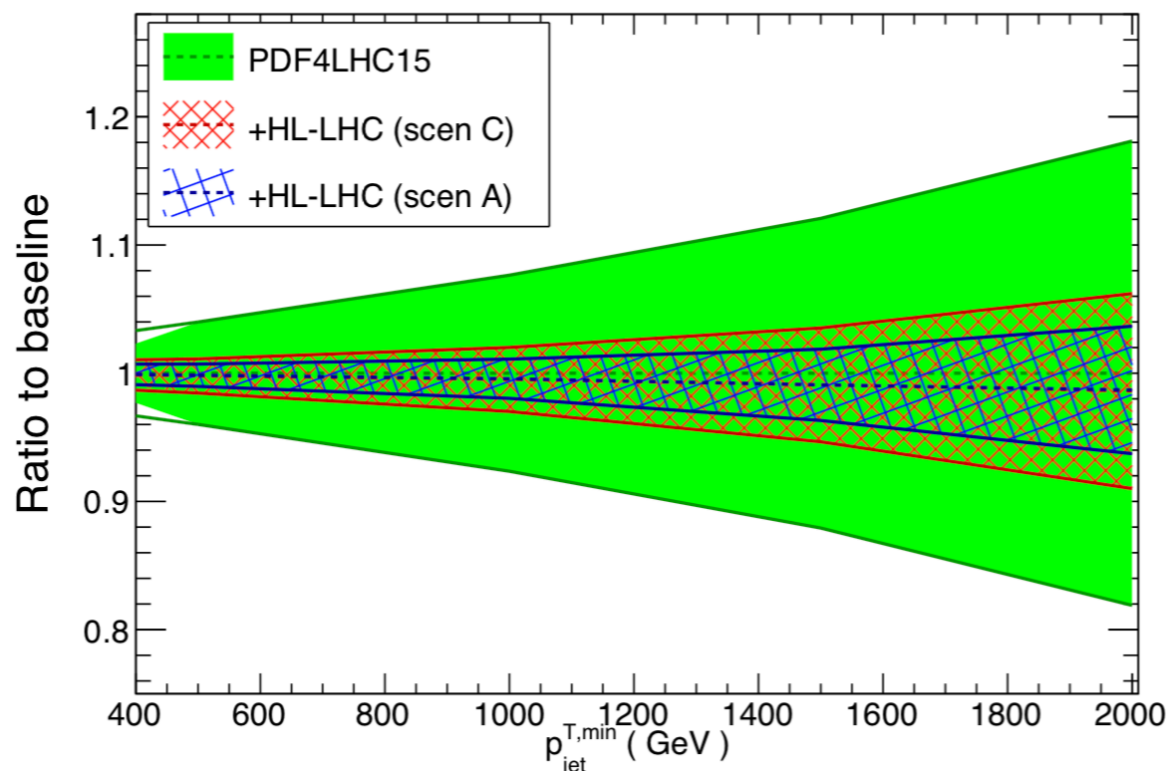
*Forward inclusive  $W$  and  $Z$*

Future LHCb measurements will be specially useful to constrain the **quark flavour separation in the large- $x$  region**, including strangeness

# HL-LHC constraints on PDFs

PDF uncertainties HLLHC / Current	10 GeV < M <sub>x</sub> < 40 GeV	40 GeV < M <sub>x</sub> < 1 TeV	1 TeV < M <sub>x</sub> < 6 TeV
g-g luminosity	0.58 (0.49)	0.41 (0.29)	0.38 (0.24)
q-g luminosity	0.71 (0.65)	0.49 (0.42)	0.39 (0.29)
quark-quark luminosity	0.78 (0.73)	0.46 (0.37)	0.60 (0.45)
quark-antiquark luminosity	0.73 (0.70)	0.40 (0.30)	0.61 (0.50)

gg => h+jet @ HL-LHC  $\sqrt{s}=14$  TeV



Juan Rojo

HL-LHC data will lead to **stringent constraints on PDFs**, reducing uncertainties by up to a **factor 4**, and making possible precise predictions of central processes such as **Higgs p<sub>T</sub>**

*LHCb instrumental for PDFs  
also in HL-LHC era!*

# Summary and outlook

- 📌 LHCb provides unique information on the **structure of the proton**
  - 📌 W,Z boson production constraints **quark flavour separation** including charm
  - 📌 Charm production constraints **small-x gluon** beyond the HERA coverage
- 
- 📌 **Neutrino astrophysics** requires direct input from **small-x QCD**
  - 📌 Precision calculation of UHE neutrino-nucleon cross-section with LHCb data
  - 📌 Also important for **prompt neutrinos** (dominant background)