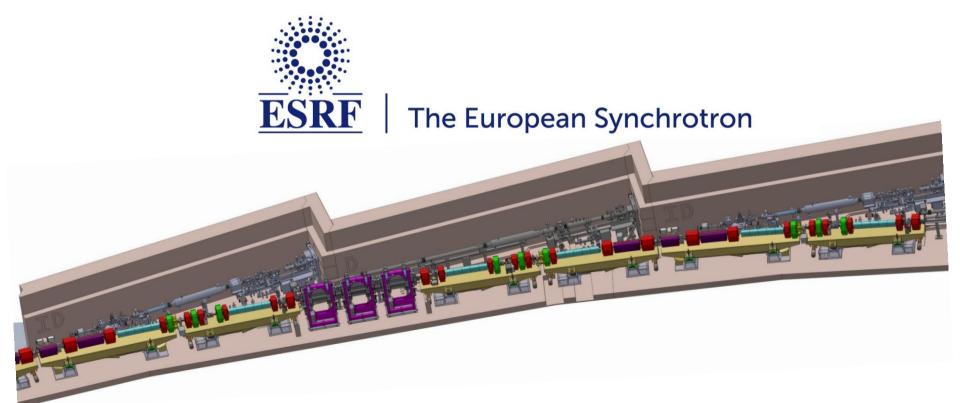
## **Next Generation Beam Position Acquisition and Feedback Systems**

ALBA Synchrotron, 12-14 November 2018

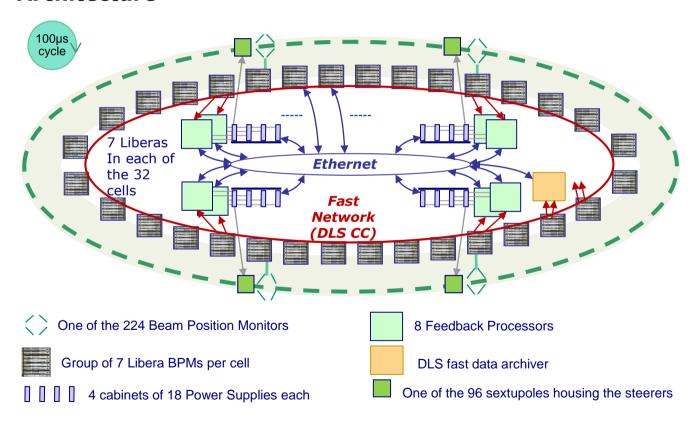
### A fast orbit correction scheme for the ESRF EBS

Eric PLOUVIEZ, Benoit ROCHE, Franck UBERTO ESRF Accelerator & Source Division



## **Present ESRF fast Orbit Feedback**

### **Architecture**



### MOTIVATION OF OUR APPROACH

On our present ring Vertical emittance: 6pm Horizontal emittance: 4nm

Orbit stability from .01Hz to 1 Hz:

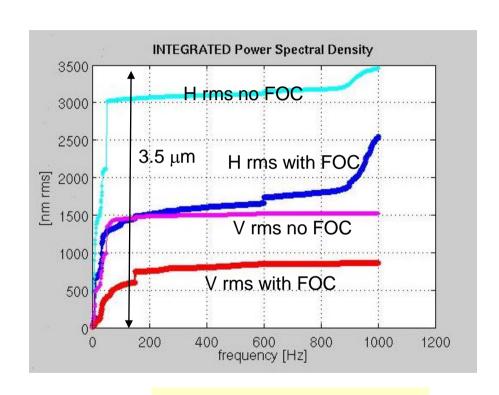
Vertical: .5μm

Horizontal: .8µm

Orbit stability from 1Hz to 500Hz:

Vertical: 1µm

Horizontal:1.8µm



Integrated spectrum of the orbit perturbation with and without fast orbit correction

### **MOTIVATION OF OUR APPROACH**

### For EBS:

- the vertical emittance will be the same and we aim at reaching the same stability
- The horizontal emittance is much lower but the stability achieved on our present ring would be sufficient

# Can we simply reuse our present system without any extra development?

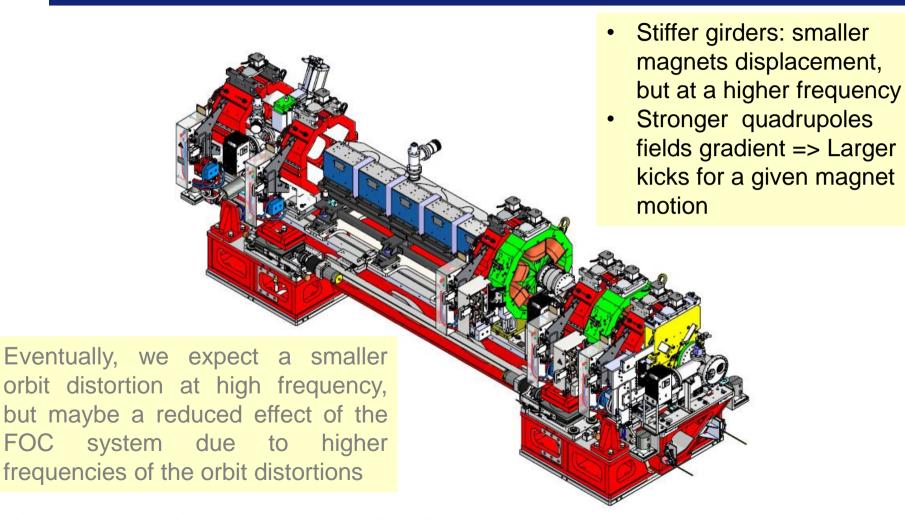
Which means implementing a fast orbit correction using only:

- 6 fast BPM per cell
- 3 fast correctors per cell

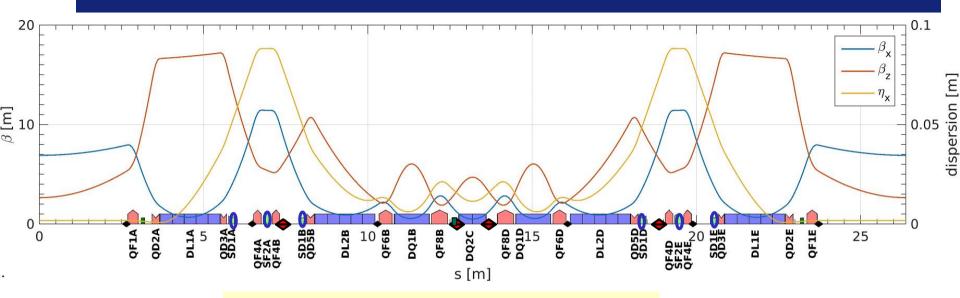
When the new orbit correction is supposed to require:

- 10BPM per cell
- 9 correctors per cell

### **NEW FAST ORBIT CORRECTION PERFORMANCE**



### **EBS NEW LATTICE**



## 10 BPM per cell:

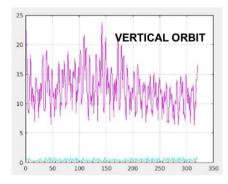
- 6 Libera Brillance (with fast ouputs) -
- 4 Libera Sparks (no fast ouputs) 🔸

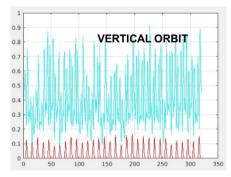
## 9 correctors per cell:

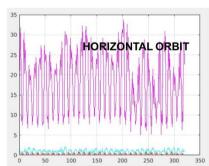
- 3 fast correctors (500Hz BW)
- 6 slow correctors 0

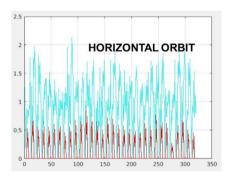
### **FAST ORBIT CORRECTION PERFORMANCE**

#### 10 sets of random quadrupole magnet displacements









Magenta:

Orbit distortion at the location of the 320 BPMs

Blue:

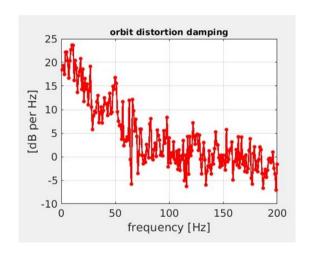
Orbit measured using 192 BPMs and corrected using 96 fast

correctors Red:

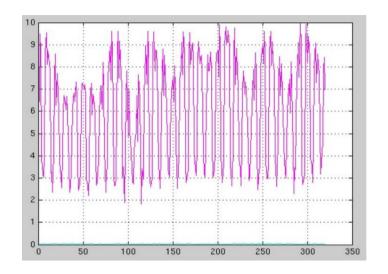
Orbit measured using 320 BPMs and corrected using 288

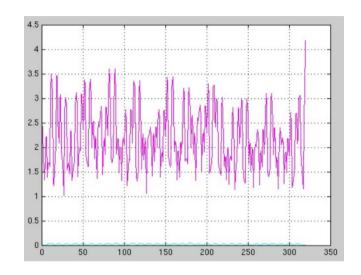
correctors

When the frequency increases, most of the residual distortion will come from the limited bandwidth of the correction



### **FAST ORBIT CORRECTION PERFORMANCE**





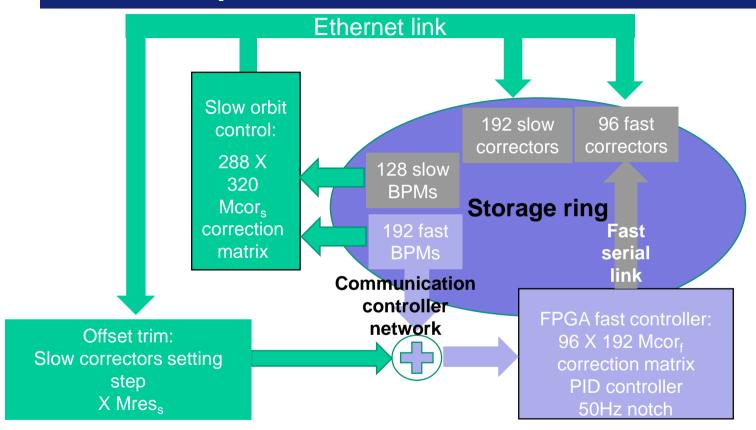
For the BPMs located at he end of the straight section, the correction is nearly perfect

## Conclusion

The 320 BPMs and 288 correctors are required to put the beam optimal orbit in term of coupling, lifetime ...

However small and fast orbit distortion with no DC component can be corrected with a smaller set of BPM and correctors without spoiling the quality of the correction

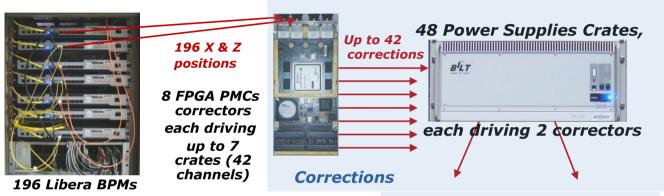
## **Scheme Implementation**

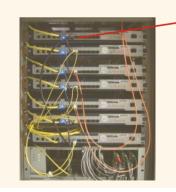


Hybrid slow/fast orbit control flow chart

### **FAST ORBIT CORRECTION COMPONENTS**

From Liberas to the correctors power → 10kHz data flow supplies





### **Diagnostics**

Fast data archiver developed by DLS:10days buffer of all the data of the FOC





96 fast correctors

### **CORRECTORS**

192 correctors embedded in the sextupoles; Slow response (1Hz BW)

92 fast correctors (500Hz BW capability): Versatile magnets to be used as fast dipoles and skew quadrupole



### CORRECTORS POWER SUPPLY CONTROL

## Fast correctors magnets power supplies → Each channel receives its setpoint from two sources

Static correction:

+/- 1.8 A maxi 16bits resolution

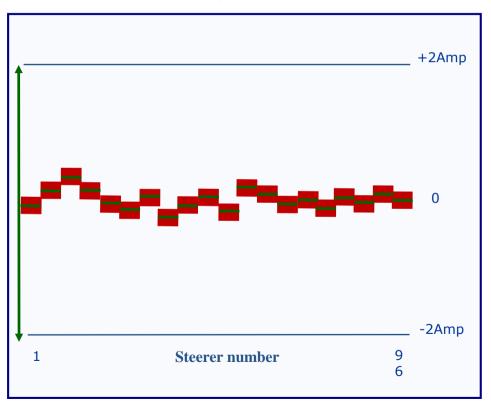
Set point from Ethernet : Golden orbit

**Dynamic correction:** 

+/- 200mA 16 bits resolution ₹

Set point at 10kHz from serial line : **FOFB** 

Closed loop resolution: 19 bits or 2ppm



## Fast power supply design

## Fast power supply internal controller:

dl/dt limited =>

50Hz bandwith for the full +/- 100mA swing 500Hz small signal bandwidth

## Dual slow/fast inputs advantage:

- By frequently downloading of the average of the fast inputs settings to the slow inputs, the fast stop of the fast correction becomes straightforward...
  - 19 bits resolution when the loop is closed, without the constraint of a true 19 bits resolution design

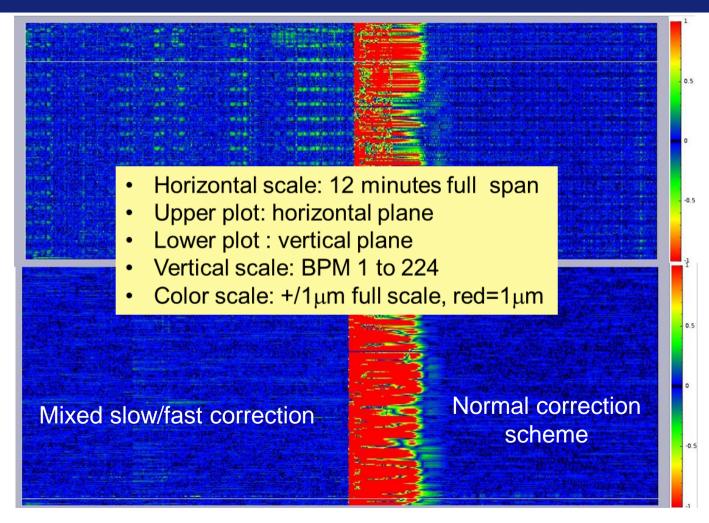
### TEST OF THE EBS FAST ORBIT CORRECTION SCHEME

### ON THE PRESENT ESRF STORAGE RING

We used only 5 BPMs and 2 correctors per cell for the Fast Orbit Correction

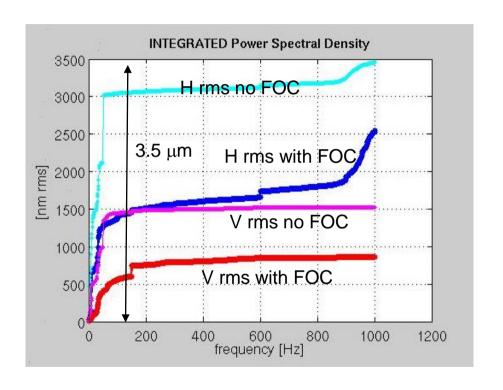
We used the full set of 7 BPMs and 3 correctors per cell for slow orbit corrections (one correction every 5 seconds)

### **FAST ORBIT CORRECTION PERFORMANCE**

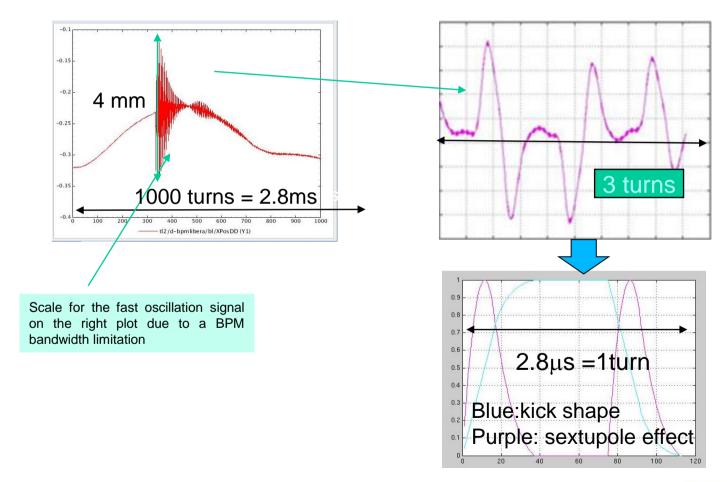


### FAST ORBIT CORRECTION PERFORMANCE AT HIGH FREQUENCY

Integrated spectrum of the orbit perturbation with and without fast orbit correction



### PERTURBATION OBSERVED ON THE HORIZONTAL BEAM POSITION



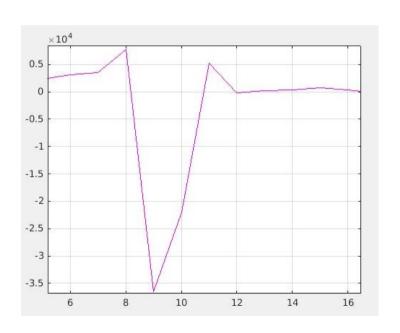
### **Normal Fast Orbit Correction effect:**

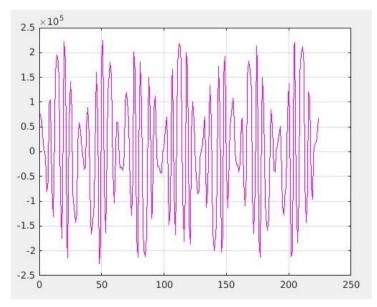
Correction calculated with the normal orbit correction matrix:

Will use mostly two correctors

The feedback bandwidth is 150Hz:

The correction will be produced with a delay of about 2ms => no effect!





### EFFECT OF THE FAST ORBIT CORRECTION ON THE KICK DUE TO THE SEPTUM

Orbit Correction Feedback bandwidth: 150Hz

Corrector strength:

Parasitic kick strength:

The correction signal results in overshoot without real reduction of the perturbation peak amplitude. Sometime the orbit correction stops due to an excessive demand on the corrector strength

The corrector bandwidth is 500Hz which is enough to generate a correction signal, so how can we use it more efficiently?



### FEEDFORWARD APPROACH FOR THE FAST ORBIT CORRECTION:

## Correction signal stored in a look up table :

- Efficient use of the corrector bandwidth:
- No loop stability problem
- Allows some bandwidth extension by pre emphasis of the signal
- Better use of the available correction strength:
- Correction spread over 6 correctors instead of 2 when the correction is calculated by the feedback loop using the standard SVD derived correction matrix

### **Orbit correction: feedforward correction**

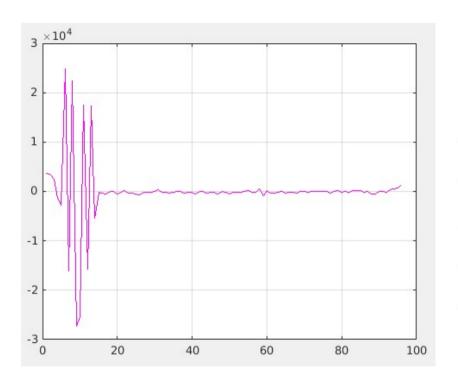
### We can use more correctors:

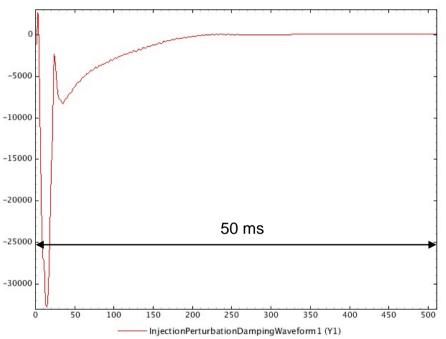
 6 correctors are available between the two ID straight sections surrounding the injection straight section

The correction generation is triggered by the injection timing

- no delay
- Correction signal generation is fully using the 500Hz correctors bandwidth

### **Orbit correction: feedforward correction**



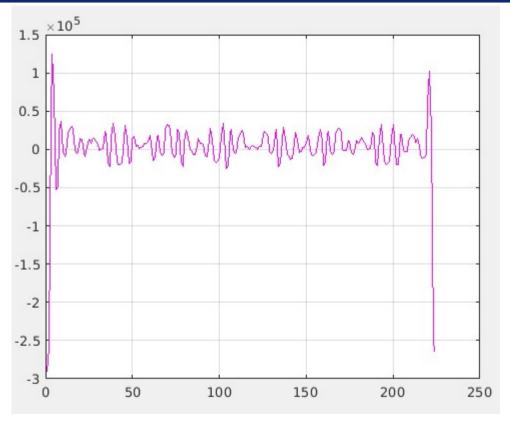


CORRECTION KICKS
CANCELLING THE SEPTUM LEAK

TIME DOMAIN WAVEFORM USED TO MODULATE THE CORRECTION KICKS



## **Orbit correction: feedforward correction**



### MAXIMUM ORBIT PERTURBATION DURING THE SEPTUM PULSE



## THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION

