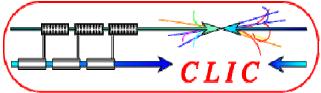


## Areas of Collaboration for Low Emittance Technologies

T. Lefevre, M. Palmer, E. Wallen January 15, 2010



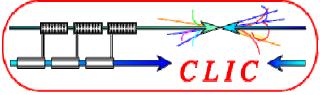


- Potential or existing areas for collaboration between groups:
  - Pulsed magnets and kickers
    - Low impedance strip-line kickers
      - Broadband requirements, high voltage reliability
      - Ongoing collaboration: DA⊕NE, Damping Rings groups
    - Fast rise- and fall-time high voltage pulsers with good amplitude stability and high reliability
      - Ongoing collaboration: DA⊕NE, Damping Rings groups
    - Methods to minimize kicker-induced orbit errors
    - Pulsed magnet design for on-axis injection schemes

## Magnet Designs

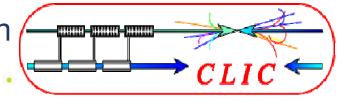
- High Field Wigglers and Undulators
  - Aperture, peak field, field quality and shimming, and non-linear optimization for widely varying applications
  - SC wire choices, properties, and methods for SC designs
  - Connection with vacuum chamber design: photon absorbers, electron cloud build-up, cold-mass heat loads, protection against losses, radiation damage
- Conventional magnet approaches for low emittance cell design, particularly when "high occupancy" cells are required





- Alignment
  - Precision alignment and magnet fiducialization
    - Vibrating wire technique (with detailed study/suppression of systematic effects) provides alignment capability which is wellmatched to low emittance ring requirements.
  - Beam-based alignment techniques
  - Real-time alignment technologies
    - Girder alignment/movers ⇒ magnet movers ⇒ correctors
- Instrumentation
  - BPM Systems
    - Turn-by-turn capabilities and correction methods
    - Orbit feedbacks and maximum attainable bandwidths
    - Calibration and stability/repeatability issues
  - Synchrotron Radiation Monitors for Emittance Characterization and Tuning





- Feedback Systems
  - Impact of digitization resolution on low emittance operation
  - Specifications for control of instabilities in high intensity, low emittance rings
- RF Systems
  - Low Level RF Design
  - RF Power solid state amplifiers vs klystrons
  - Cavity design for various bunch structure requirements