

The GOLEM Project

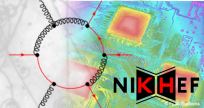
T. Reiter (Nikhef)

in collaboration with

G. Cullen, A. Guffanti, J.P. Guillet, G. Heinrich, S. Karg,
N. Kauer, T. Kleinschmidt, E. Pilon, M. Rodgers, I. Wigmore

MC4LHC readiness, 29 March – 01 April 2010

Overview



The GOLEM Method

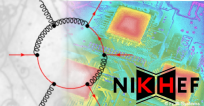
golem95 One-Loop Integral Library

Golem-2.0 Virtual Matrix Element Generator

Results

GOLEM Readiness

The GOLEM Method: Overview



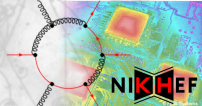
GOLEM: General One-Loop Evaluator for Matrix Elements

- ▶ GOLEM = a method for evaluating one-loop Feynman diagrams
- ▶ GOLEM = a library for one-loop integrals (`go1em95`)
- ▶ GOLEM = a matrix element generator at the one-loop level

Why Feynman Diagrams?

- ▶ No distinction between cut-constructible and rational part
⇒ conceptually simple
- ▶ Gram determinant problem avoidable by dedicated tensor reduction (⇒ `go1em95`)
- ▶ Combinatorial complexity of Feynman diagrams
⇒ problematic only beyond $2 \rightarrow 4$

The GOLEM Method: Overview



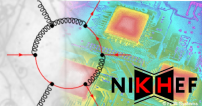
GOLEM: General One-Loop Evaluator for Matrix Elements

- ▶ GOLEM = a method for evaluating one-loop Feynman diagrams
- ▶ GOLEM = a library for one-loop integrals (`go1em95`)
- ▶ GOLEM = a matrix element generator at the one-loop level

Why Feynman Diagrams?

- ▶ No distinction between cut-constructible and rational part
⇒ conceptually simple
- ▶ Gram determinant problem avoidable by dedicated tensor reduction (⇒ `go1em95`)
- ▶ Combinatorial complexity of Feynman diagrams
⇒ problematic only beyond $2 \rightarrow 4$

The GOLEM Method: Overview



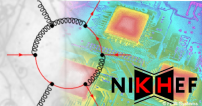
GOLEM: General One-Loop Evaluator for Matrix Elements

- ▶ GOLEM = a method for evaluating one-loop Feynman diagrams
- ▶ GOLEM = a library for one-loop integrals (`go1em95`)
- ▶ GOLEM = a matrix element generator at the one-loop level

Why Feynman Diagrams?

- ▶ No distinction between cut-constructible and rational part
⇒ conceptually simple
- ▶ Gram determinant problem avoidable by dedicated tensor reduction (⇒ `go1em95`)
- ▶ Combinatorial complexity of Feynman diagrams
⇒ problematic only beyond $2 \rightarrow 4$

The GOLEM Method: Overview



The GOLEM method uses

- ▶ Feynman diagrams
- ▶ Helicity projections
- ▶ Improved tensor reduction

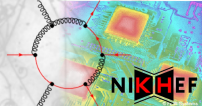
The GOLEM method is designed for

- ▶ any number of ext. particles ($\lesssim 6$ feasible)
- ▶ massless and massive particles
- ▶ QCD and EW corrections
- ▶ physics within and beyond the Standard Model

The GOLEM method is aiming at

- ▶ NLO “Plug In” for MC generators
→ see also Rikkert’s talk

The GOLEM Method: Overview



The GOLEM method uses

- ▶ Feynman diagrams
- ▶ Helicity projections
- ▶ Improved tensor reduction

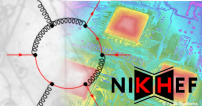
The GOLEM method is designed for

- ▶ any number of ext. particles ($\lesssim 6$ feasible)
- ▶ massless and massive particles
- ▶ QCD and EW corrections
- ▶ physics within and beyond the Standard Model

The GOLEM method is aiming at

- ▶ NLO “Plug In” for MC generators
→ see also Rikkert’s talk

The GOLEM Method: Overview



The GOLEM method uses

- ▶ Feynman diagrams
- ▶ Helicity projections
- ▶ Improved tensor reduction

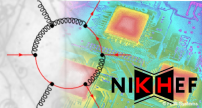
The GOLEM method is designed for

- ▶ any number of ext. particles ($\lesssim 6$ feasible)
- ▶ massless and massive particles
- ▶ QCD and EW corrections
- ▶ physics within and beyond the Standard Model

The GOLEM method is aiming at

- ▶ NLO “Plug In” for MC generators
→ see also Rikkert’s talk

The GOLEM Method: Implementation



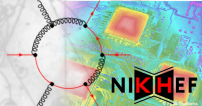
$$\mathcal{A}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) = \sum_{\{c_i\}, \alpha} f^{\{c_i\}} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) &= \int \frac{d^n k}{i\pi^{n/2}} \frac{\mathcal{N}^{\{\lambda\}}(k)}{D_1 \cdots D_N} \\ &= \sum_r \mathcal{N}_{\mu_1 \dots \mu_r}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \cdot I_N^{n, \mu_1 \dots \mu_r}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \end{aligned}$$

Idea: Split implementation into two steps

1. Numerically stable reduction of tensor integrals
2. Matrix element generator for one-loop amplitudes

The GOLEM Method: Implementation



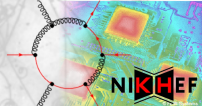
$$\mathcal{A}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) = \sum_{\{c_i\}, \alpha} f^{\{c_i\}} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) &= \int \frac{d^n k}{i\pi^{n/2}} \frac{\mathcal{N}^{\{\lambda\}}(k)}{D_1 \cdots D_N} \\ &= \sum_r \mathcal{N}_{\mu_1 \dots \mu_r}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \cdot I_N^{n, \mu_1 \dots \mu_r}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \end{aligned}$$

Idea: Split implementation into two steps

1. Numerically stable reduction of tensor integrals
2. Matrix element generator for one-loop amplitudes

The GOLEM Method: Implementation



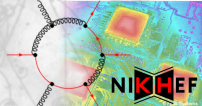
$$\mathcal{A}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) = \sum_{\{c_i\}, \alpha} f^{\{c_i\}} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) &= \int \frac{d^n k}{i\pi^{n/2}} \frac{\mathcal{N}^{\{\lambda\}}(k)}{D_1 \cdots D_N} \\ &= \sum_r \mathcal{N}_{\mu_1 \dots \mu_r}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \cdot I_N^{n, \mu_1 \dots \mu_r}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \end{aligned}$$

Idea: Split implementation into two steps

1. Numerically stable reduction of tensor integrals
2. Matrix element generator for one-loop amplitudes

The GOLEM Method: Implementation

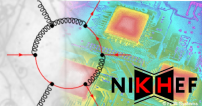


$$\mathcal{A}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) = \sum_{\{c_i\}, \alpha} f^{\{c_i\}} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{G}_\alpha^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) &= \int \frac{d^n k}{i\pi^{n/2}} \frac{\mathcal{N}^{\{\lambda\}}(k)}{D_1 \cdots D_N} \\ &= \sum_r \mathcal{N}_{\mu_1 \dots \mu_r}^{\{\lambda\}}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \cdot I_N^{n, \mu_1 \dots \mu_r}(\{p_j\}; \{m_j\}) \end{aligned}$$

Idea: Split implementation into two steps

1. Numerically stable reduction of tensor integrals
2. Matrix element generator for one-loop amplitudes



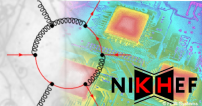
$$I_N^{n\mu_1\cdots\mu_r}(a_1, \dots, a_r; S) = \int \frac{d^n k}{i\pi^{n/2}} \frac{q_{a_1}^{\mu_1} \cdots q_{a_r}^{\mu_r}}{\prod_{j \in S} (q_j^2 - m_j^2 + i\delta)}$$

$$S_{ij} = (q_i - q_j)^2 - m_i^2 - m_j^2, \quad q_j = k + r_j$$

Decomposition into Lorentz invariant integrals:

$$I_N^{n\mu_1\cdots\mu_r} = (-1)^N \Gamma(N - n/2) \sum_{p, j_1, \dots, j_p} T^{\mu_1\cdots\mu_r}(\{r_j\}, g^{\cdot\cdot}) \times \int dz_1 \cdots dz_N \delta(1 - z_1 - \dots - z_N) \frac{z_{j_1} \cdots z_{j_p}}{(-1/2 z^T S z - i\delta)^{N-n/2}}$$

- ▶ Can be reduced further $\rightarrow I_{N-1}^n + I_N^{n+2}$
- ▶ Can be evaluated numerically (degenerated kinematics)
- \Rightarrow Gram determinants can be avoided



$$I_N^{n\mu_1\cdots\mu_r}(a_1, \dots, a_r; S) = \int \frac{d^n k}{i\pi^{n/2}} \frac{q_{a_1}^{\mu_1} \cdots q_{a_r}^{\mu_r}}{\prod_{j \in S} (q_j^2 - m_j^2 + i\delta)}$$

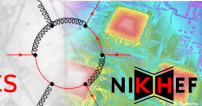
$$S_{ij} = (q_i - q_j)^2 - m_i^2 - m_j^2, \quad q_j = k + r_j$$

Decomposition into Lorentz invariant integrals:

$$I_N^{n\mu_1\cdots\mu_r} = (-1)^N \Gamma(N - n/2) \sum_{p, j_1, \dots, j_p} T^{\mu_1\cdots\mu_r}(\{r_j\}, g^{\cdot\cdot}) \times \int dz_1 \cdots dz_N \delta(1 - z_1 - \dots - z_N) \frac{z_1 \cdots z_p}{(-1/2 z^T S z - i\delta)^{N-n/2}}$$

- ▶ Can be reduced further $\rightarrow I_{N-1}^n + I_N^{n+2}$
- ▶ Can be evaluated numerically (degenerated kinematics)
- \Rightarrow Gram determinants can be avoided

Reminder: PV reduction and Gram determinants



$$\int \frac{d^n k}{(2\pi)^n} \frac{p \cdot k}{(k + r_1)^2 (k + r_2)^2 (k + r_3)^2 k^2}$$

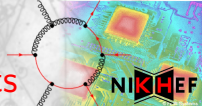
- ▶ If $\{r_1, r_2, r_3\}$ linearly independent:

$$p^\mu = \alpha_1 r_1^\mu + \alpha_2 r_2^\mu + \alpha_3 r_3^\mu + \alpha_\perp \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} r_{1\nu} r_{2\rho} r_{3\sigma}$$

- ▶ Since $2r_i \cdot k = (k + r_i)^2 - k^2 - r_i^2$
⇒ decomposition into scalar integrals
- ▶ Need to solve: (which introduces Gram determinant)

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} r_1 \cdot r_1 & r_1 \cdot r_2 & r_1 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_2 \cdot r_1 & r_2 \cdot r_2 & r_2 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_3 \cdot r_1 & r_3 \cdot r_2 & r_3 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & \det G \end{array} \right) \cdot \left(\begin{array}{c} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \\ \alpha_\perp \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} p \cdot r_1 \\ p \cdot r_2 \\ p \cdot r_3 \\ \frac{p \cdot r_3}{\epsilon^{pr_1 r_2 r_3}} \end{array} \right)$$

Reminder: PV reduction and Gram determinants



$$\int \frac{d^n k}{(2\pi)^n} \frac{p \cdot k}{(k + r_1)^2 (k + r_2)^2 (k + r_3)^2 k^2}$$

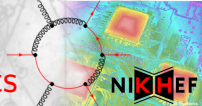
- ▶ If $\{r_1, r_2, r_3\}$ linearly independent:

$$p^\mu = \alpha_1 r_1^\mu + \alpha_2 r_2^\mu + \alpha_3 r_3^\mu + \alpha_\perp \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} r_{1\nu} r_{2\rho} r_{3\sigma}$$

- ▶ Since $2r_i \cdot k = (k + r_i)^2 - k^2 - r_i^2$
⇒ decomposition into scalar integrals
- ▶ Need to solve: (which introduces Gram determinant)

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} r_1 \cdot r_1 & r_1 \cdot r_2 & r_1 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_2 \cdot r_1 & r_2 \cdot r_2 & r_2 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_3 \cdot r_1 & r_3 \cdot r_2 & r_3 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & \det G \end{array} \right) \cdot \left(\begin{array}{c} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \\ \alpha_\perp \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} p \cdot r_1 \\ p \cdot r_2 \\ p \cdot r_3 \\ \epsilon^{pr_1 r_2 r_3} \end{array} \right)$$

Reminder: PV reduction and Gram determinants



$$\int \frac{d^n k}{(2\pi)^n} \frac{p \cdot k}{(k + r_1)^2 (k + r_2)^2 (k + r_3)^2 k^2}$$

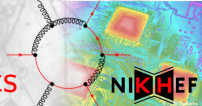
- ▶ If $\{r_1, r_2, r_3\}$ linearly independent:

$$p^\mu = \alpha_1 r_1^\mu + \alpha_2 r_2^\mu + \alpha_3 r_3^\mu + \alpha_\perp \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} r_{1\nu} r_{2\rho} r_{3\sigma}$$

- ▶ Since $2r_i \cdot k = (k + r_i)^2 - k^2 - r_i^2$
⇒ decomposition into scalar integrals
- ▶ Need to solve: (which introduces Gram determinant)

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} r_1 \cdot r_1 & r_1 \cdot r_2 & r_1 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_2 \cdot r_1 & r_2 \cdot r_2 & r_2 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_3 \cdot r_1 & r_3 \cdot r_2 & r_3 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & \det G \end{array} \right) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \\ \alpha_\perp \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} p \cdot r_1 \\ p \cdot r_2 \\ p \cdot r_3 \\ \epsilon^{pr_1 r_2 r_3} \end{pmatrix}$$

Reminder: PV reduction and Gram determinants



$$\int \frac{d^n k}{(2\pi)^n} \frac{p \cdot k}{(k + r_1)^2 (k + r_2)^2 (k + r_3)^2 k^2}$$

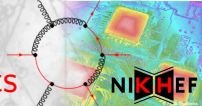
- ▶ If $\{r_1, r_2, r_3\}$ linearly independent:

$$p^\mu = \alpha_1 r_1^\mu + \alpha_2 r_2^\mu + \alpha_3 r_3^\mu + \alpha_\perp \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} r_{1\nu} r_{2\rho} r_{3\sigma}$$

- ▶ Since $2r_i \cdot k = (k + r_i)^2 - k^2 - r_i^2$
⇒ decomposition into scalar integrals
- ▶ Need to solve: (which introduces Gram determinant)

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} r_1 \cdot r_1 & r_1 \cdot r_2 & r_1 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_2 \cdot r_1 & r_2 \cdot r_2 & r_2 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_3 \cdot r_1 & r_3 \cdot r_2 & r_3 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & \det G \end{array} \right) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \\ \alpha_\perp \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} p \cdot r_1 \\ p \cdot r_2 \\ p \cdot r_3 \\ \frac{p \cdot r_3}{\epsilon^{p r_1 r_2 r_3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

Reminder: PV reduction and Gram determinants



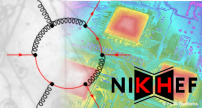
$$\int \frac{d^n k}{(2\pi)^n} \frac{p \cdot k}{(k + r_1)^2 (k + r_2)^2 (k + r_3)^2 k^2}$$

- ▶ If $\{r_1, r_2, r_3\}$ linearly independent:

$$p^\mu = \alpha_1 r_1^\mu + \alpha_2 r_2^\mu + \alpha_3 r_3^\mu + \alpha_\perp \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} r_{1\nu} r_{2\rho} r_{3\sigma}$$

- ▶ Since $2r_i \cdot k = (k + r_i)^2 - k^2 - r_i^2$
⇒ decomposition into scalar integrals
- ▶ Need to solve: (which introduces Gram determinant)

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} r_1 \cdot r_1 & r_1 \cdot r_2 & r_1 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_2 \cdot r_1 & r_2 \cdot r_2 & r_2 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ r_3 \cdot r_1 & r_3 \cdot r_2 & r_3 \cdot r_3 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & \det G \end{array} \right) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \\ \alpha_\perp \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} p \cdot r_1 \\ p \cdot r_2 \\ p \cdot r_3 \\ \frac{p \cdot r_3}{\epsilon^{p r_1 r_2 r_3}} \end{pmatrix}$$



Current version of golem95

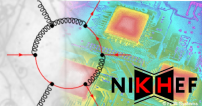
- ▶ <http://lappweb.in2p3.fr/lapth/Golem/golem95.html>
- ▶ algebraic separation of IR poles
- ▶ cache avoiding multiple evaluation
- ▶ all required integrals for $N \leq 6$, massless
- ▶ documentation, examples available

Under development

- ▶ version with propagator masses
- ▶ currently: finite box (D_0) by call to LoopTools [T. Hahn]

Early stage of development

- ▶ Complex propagator masses



Current version of golem95

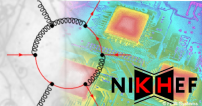
- ▶ <http://lappweb.in2p3.fr/lapth/Golem/golem95.html>
- ▶ algebraic separation of IR poles
- ▶ cache avoiding multiple evaluation
- ▶ all required integrals for $N \leq 6$, massless
- ▶ documentation, examples available

Under development

- ▶ version with propagator masses
- ▶ currently: finite box (D_0) by call to LoopTools [T. Hahn]

Early stage of development

- ▶ Complex propagator masses



Current version of golem95

- ▶ <http://lappweb.in2p3.fr/lapth/Golem/golem95.html>
- ▶ algebraic separation of IR poles
- ▶ cache avoiding multiple evaluation
- ▶ all required integrals for $N \leq 6$, massless
- ▶ documentation, examples available

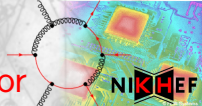
Under development

- ▶ version with propagator masses
- ▶ currently: finite box (D_0) by call to LoopTools [T. Hahn]

Early stage of development

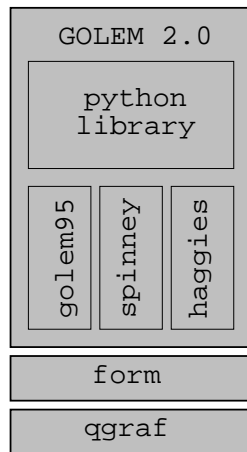
- ▶ Complex propagator masses

GOLEM-2.0: One-Loop Matrix Element Generator

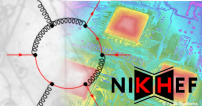


Overview

- ▶ implementation of the Golem method
- ▶ very modular
 - ▶ python library (command line tools)
 - ▶ spinney: helicity spinors in Form
 - ▶ haggies: optimizing code generator
 - ▶ golem95: integral library
- ▶ based on Form and QGraf [Vermaseren;Nogueira]
- ▶ Fortran 95 matrix element code



GOLEM-2.0: Matrix Elements Made Easy

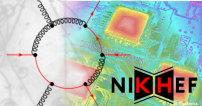


- ▶ create configuration file
- ▶ enter process, here: $gg \rightarrow s\bar{s}b\bar{b}$ @ NLO in QCD
- ▶ set up process directory
- ▶ generate code and draw diagrams

shell

```
$ golem-main.py --template process.in  
$
```


GOLEM-2.0: Matrix Elements Made Easy

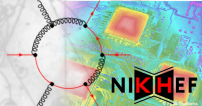


- ▶ create configuration file
- ▶ enter process, here: $gg \rightarrow s\bar{s}b\bar{b}$ @ NLO in QCD
- ▶ set up process directory
- ▶ generate code and draw diagrams

```
editor: process.in
process_path=<a directory>
in=g,g
out=s,s~,b,b~
order=gs,4,6
model=sm

# more settings optional
...
```

GOLEM-2.0: Matrix Elements Made Easy

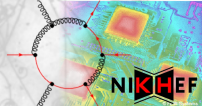


- ▶ create configuration file
- ▶ enter process, here: $gg \rightarrow s\bar{s}b\bar{b}$ @ NLO in QCD
- ▶ set up process directory
- ▶ generate code and draw diagrams

shell

```
$ golem-main.py --template process.in
$ edit process.in
$ golem-main.py process.in
$
```

GOLEM-2.0: Matrix Elements Made Easy

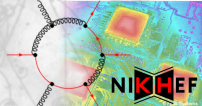


- ▶ create configuration file
- ▶ enter process, here: $gg \rightarrow s\bar{s}b\bar{b}$ @ NLO in QCD
- ▶ set up process directory
- ▶ generate code and draw diagrams

shell

```
$ golem-main.py --template process.in
$ edit process.in
$ golem-main.py process.in
$ make dist # -> matrix.tar.gz
$
```

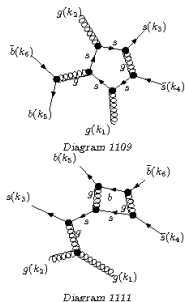
GOLEM-2.0: Matrix Elements Made Easy



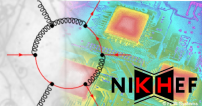
- ▶ create configuration file
- ▶ enter process, here: $gg \rightarrow s\bar{s}b\bar{b}$ @ NLO in QCD
- ▶ set up process directory
- ▶ generate code and draw diagrams

shell

```
$ golem-main.py --template process.in
$ edit process.in
$ golem-main.py process.in
$ make dist # -> matrix.tar.gz
$ make doc # -> process.ps
$
```



golem-2.0: Work in Progress



Features not fully implemented (but planned/in progress):

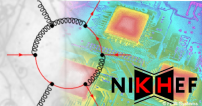
- ▶ Les Houches interface
- ▶ FeynRules import [C. Duhr]
- ▶ Renormalisation of massive theories

Implemented but not fully tested:

- ▶ Majorana fermions and higher spins
- ▶ massive processes

+ improvements considering size, speed and interface

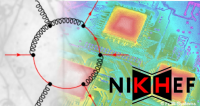
Some recent results



GOLEM method has been used for

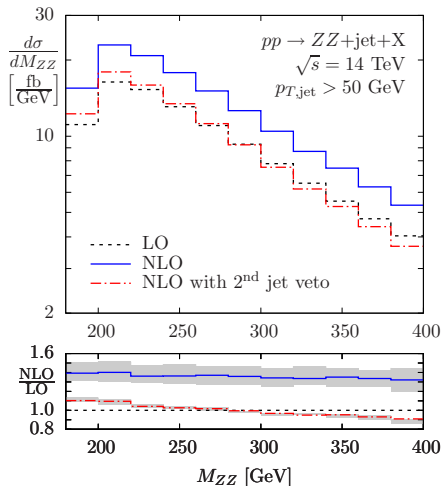
- ▶ $gg \rightarrow W^* W^* \rightarrow l\nu l'\nu'$ [Binoth,Ciccolini,Kauer,Krämer]
- ▶ $gg \rightarrow HH, HHH$ [Binoth,Karg,Kauer,Rückl]
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow Hjj$ (VBF/GF) [Andersen,Binoth,Heinrich,Smillie]
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow VVj$ [Binoth,Gleisberg,Karg,Kauer,Sanguinetti]
- ▶ $q\bar{q} \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ [Binoth,Greiner,Guffanti,Guillet,TR,Reuter]
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow$ Graviton + j [Karg et al.]
- ▶ $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ (in progress)
- ▶ ...

$pp \rightarrow VVj$ [Binoth, Gleisberg, Karg, Kauer, Sanguinetti]

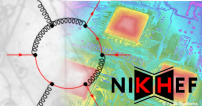


- ▶ high priority “wishlist” process
- ▶ algebraic reduction of tensor integrals
- ▶ at most pentagon diagrams
- ▶ successful comparison with

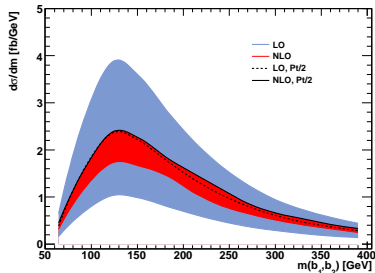
[Dittmaier, Kallweit, Uwer]

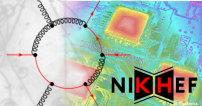


$q\bar{q} \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ [Binoth, Greiner, Guffanti, Guillet, TR, Reuter]



- ▶ added to “wishlist” 2007
- ▶ background to BSM Higgs search
- ▶ calculation using golem-2.0 and golem95
- ▶ $gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ missing
⇒ to be completed \approx June





golem95

massless version



real propagator masses (due: May)



complex propagator masses



golem-2.0

massless processes

massive processes

LanHEP interface

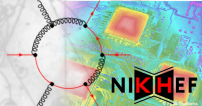
Majorana fermions

FeynRules interface

Les Houches interface

Automatic renormalisation

- ▶ To appear in first release this summer



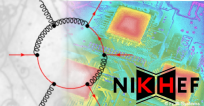
golem95

massless version	
real propagator masses (due: May)	
complex propagator masses	

golem-2.0

massless processes	
massive processes	
LanHEP interface	
Majorana fermions	
FeynRules interface	
Les Houches interface	
Automatic renormalisation	

▶ To appear in first release this summer



golem95

massless version	
real propagator masses (due: May)	
complex propagator masses	

golem-2.0

massless processes	
massive processes	
LanHEP interface	
Majorana fermions	
FeynRules interface	
Les Houches interface	
Automatic renormalisation	

► To appear in first release this summer

