

Unification of the Standard Model and Self-Interacting Dark Matter in $[SU(5) \times U(1)]^4$ GUT

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A spontaneously broken hidden $U(1)_h$ gauge symmetry can explain both the dark matter stability and the observed relic abundance. In this framework, the light gauge boson can mediate the strong dark matter self-interaction, which addresses astrophysical observations that are hard to explain in collisionless cold dark matter. Motivated by flavoured grand unified theories, we introduce right-handed neutrinos and a flavoured $B-L$ gauge symmetry for the third family $U(1)_{B-L}$. The unwanted relic of the $U(1)_h$ gauge boson decays into neutrinos via the kinetic mixing with the $U(1)_{B-L}$ gauge boson. This model can also explain the lepton flavour universality violation in semi-leptonic B meson decays that is recently found in the LHCb experiment. We found that the dark sector is naturally obtained when there is a strong $SU(5)$ gauge interaction, $U(1)$ gauge interaction, and fermions with appropriate representations at a UV scale. This implies that the whole sector can be unified by a $[SU(5) \times U(1)]^4$ gauge theory. The first three sets of gauge groups are spontaneously broken to the SM gauge groups while the last one becomes strong at an intermediate scale and gives a self-interacting dark matter at a low energy scale.

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