

Study of Misalignment in the H4-VLE Beamline of the CERN North Area

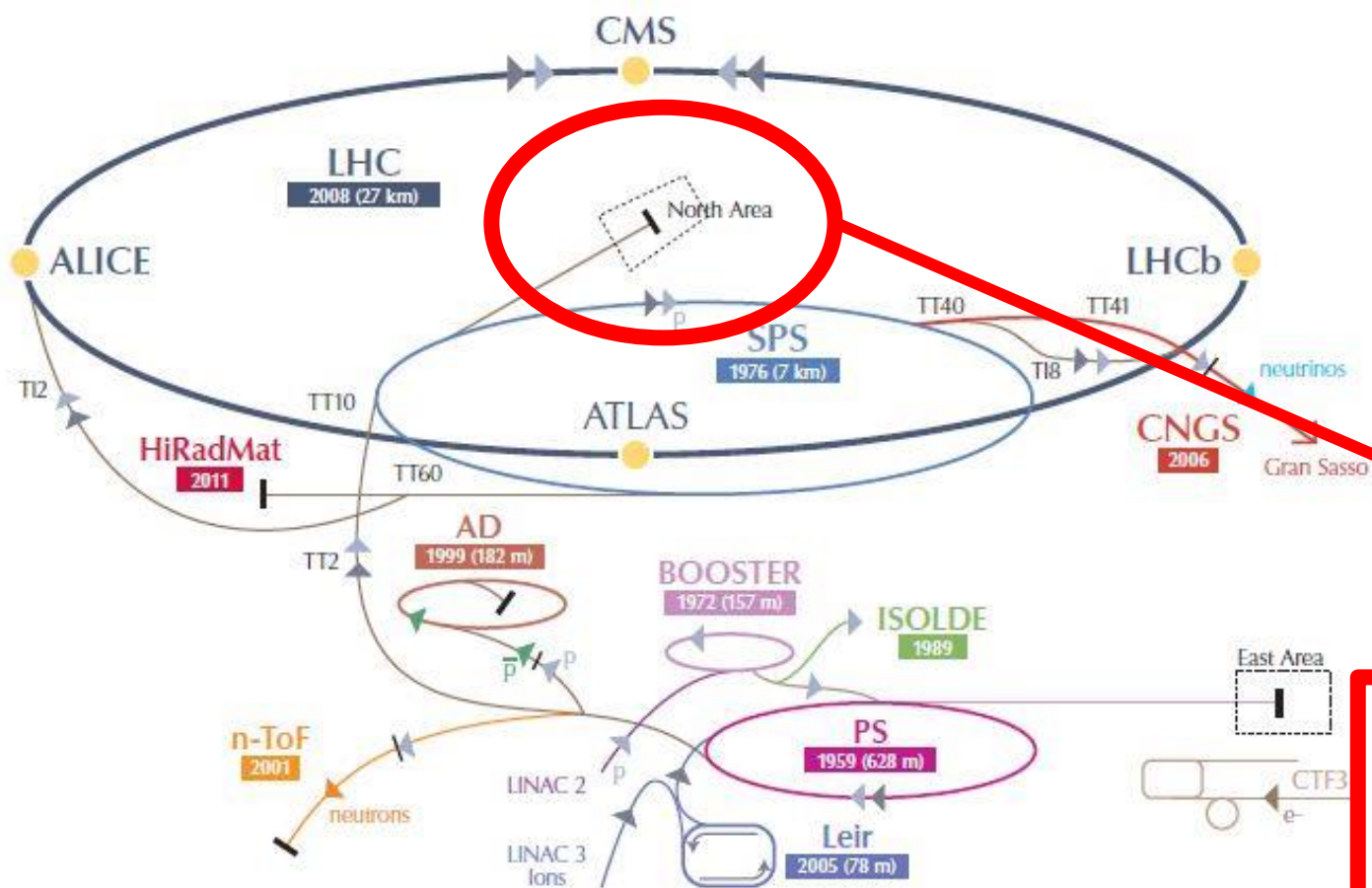
Student: Jeanine Shea

Supervisor: Marcel Rosenthal



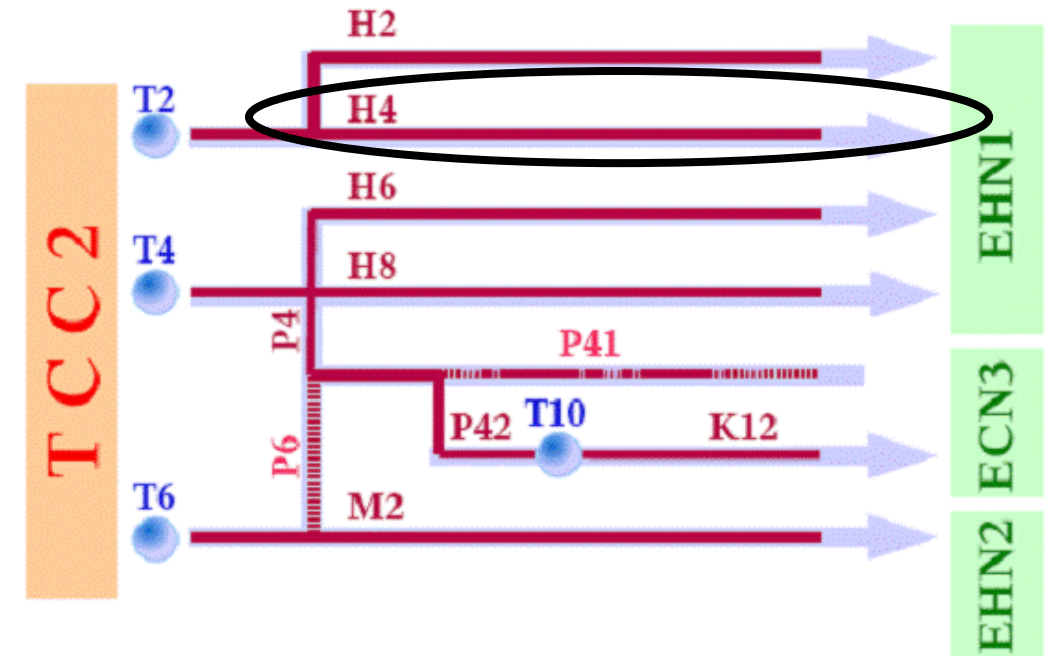
Bucknell





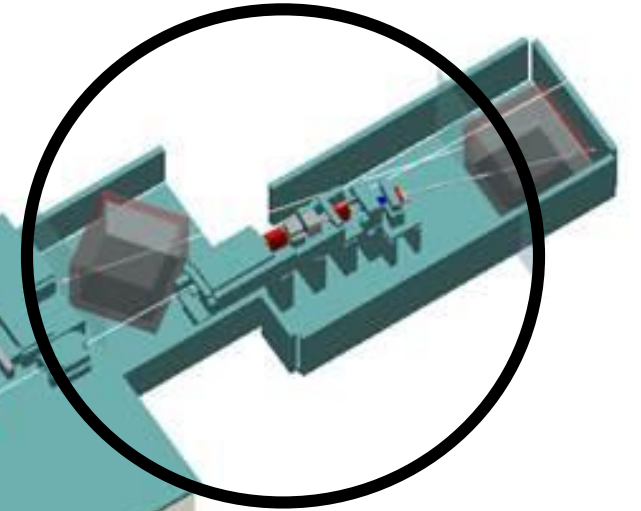
Within the CERN North Area, I am working specifically with a part of the H4 beamline known as the H4-VLE. This beamline will be used to study a prototype neutrino detector designed for DUNE.

Schematic of
Beamlines at CERN
and in the North
Area



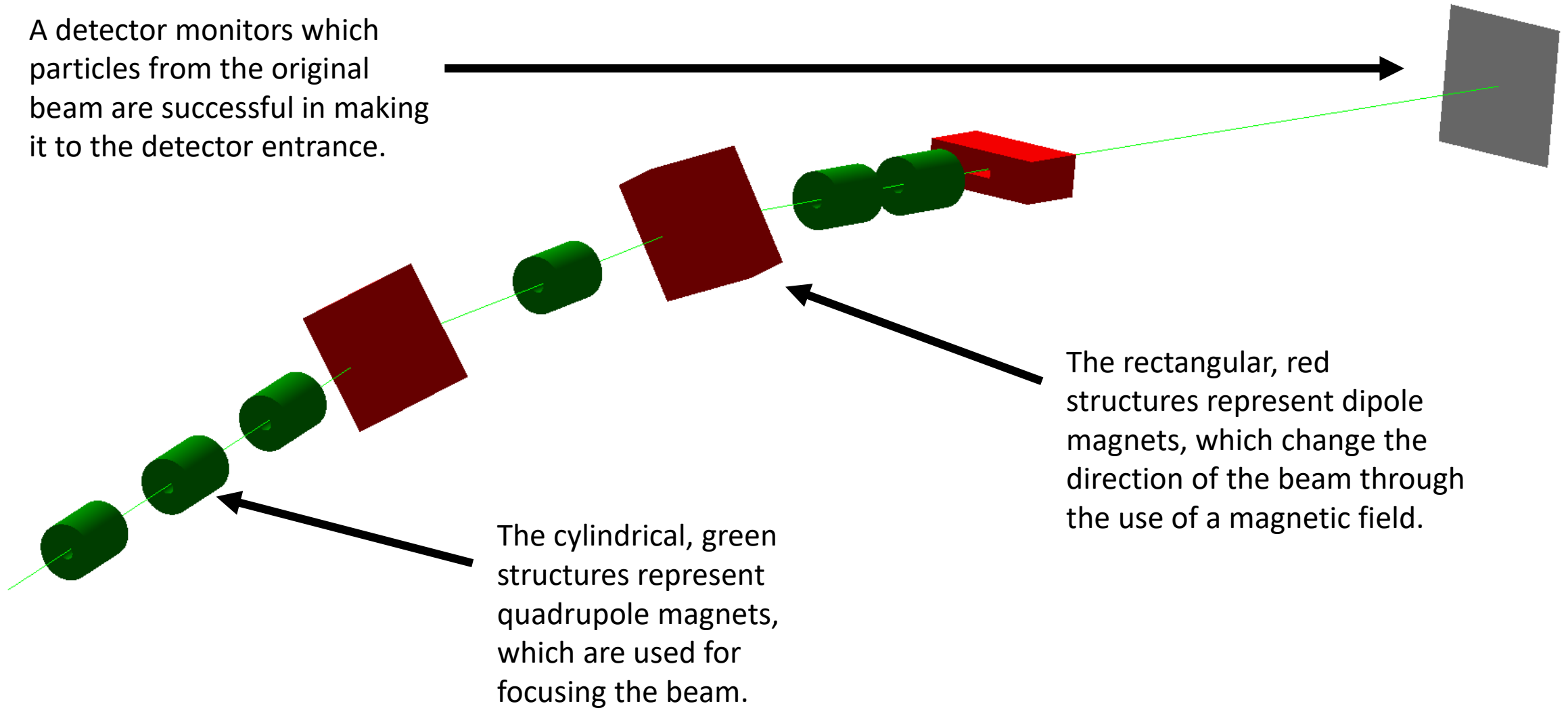
Simulation of the complete H2 and H4 Beamlines in G4Beamline

The circled portion of the
beamline makes up the H4-
VLE, which is the part of the
beamline that I simulated.



My simulation of the H4-VLE beamline in G4Beamline

A detector monitors which particles from the original beam are successful in making it to the detector entrance.



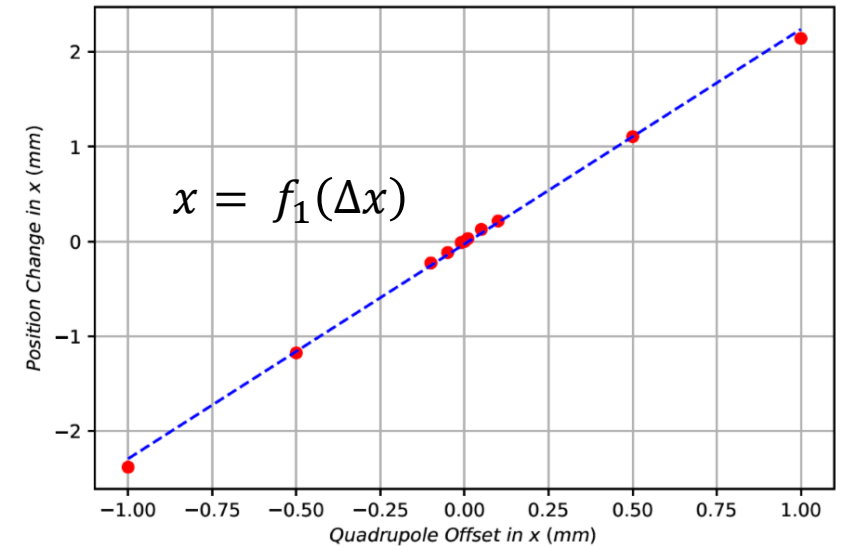
Correcting for Misalignments in Beam Elements

$$x = f_1(\Delta x) \quad x = f_2(B18)$$

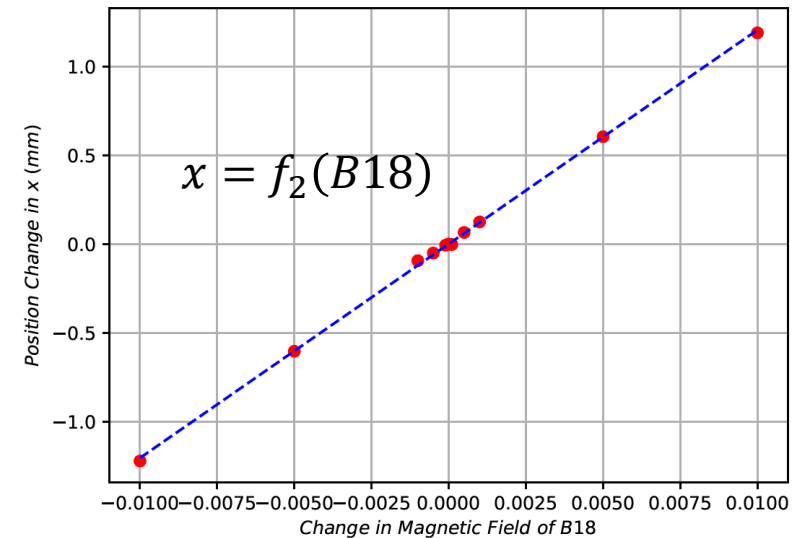
$$f_1(\Delta x) = -f_2(B18)$$

$$B18 = g(\Delta x)$$

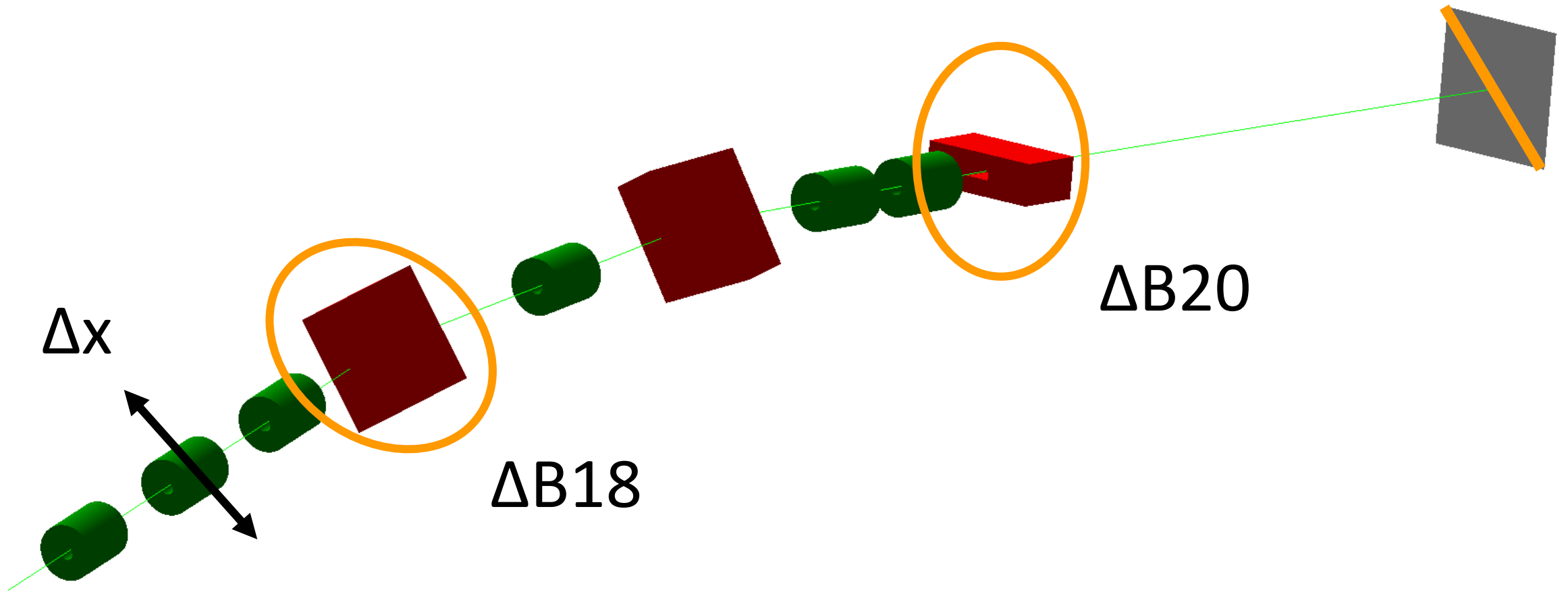
Position Change in x for Quadrupole Offsets in x in NP04FRONT



Position Change in x for Change in Magnetic Field of B18 in NP04FRONT

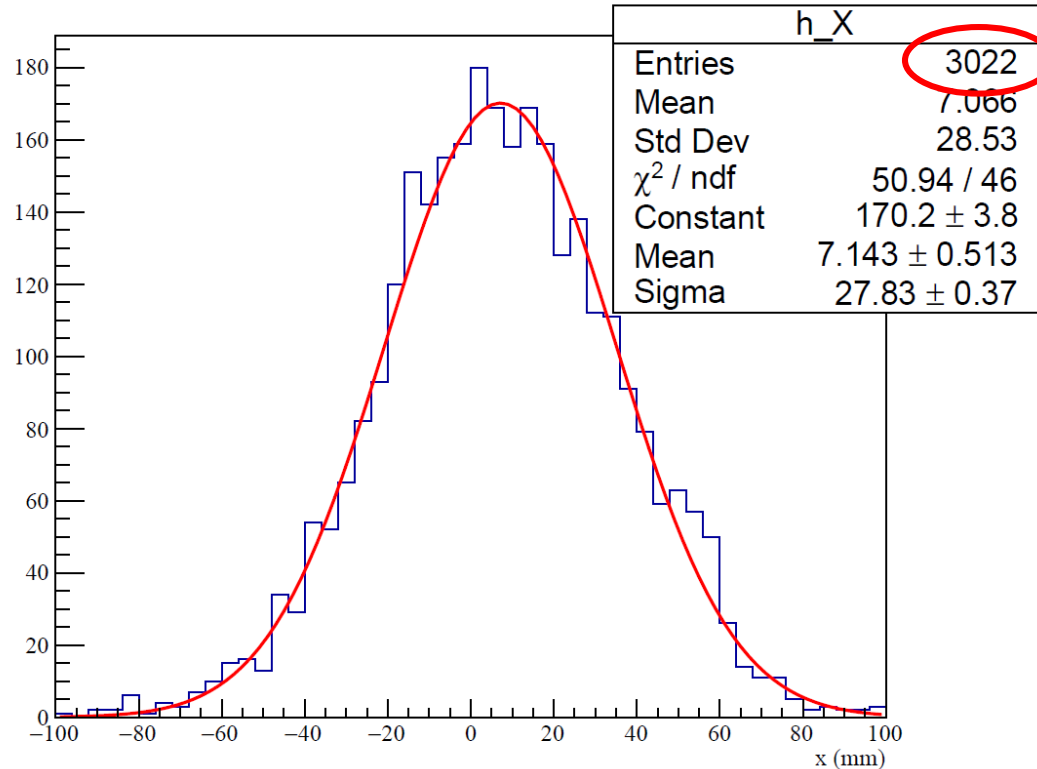


Correction Scheme 1

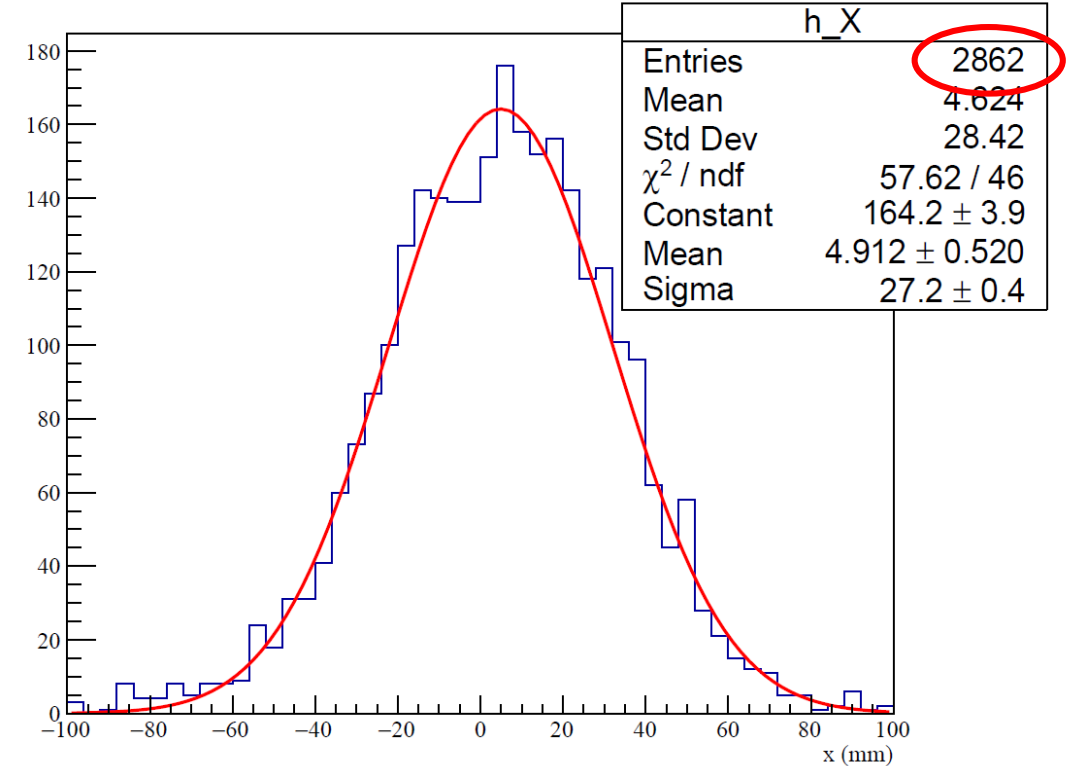


Misalignment of Quadrupole 18 by 1mm in x-direction

No Correction

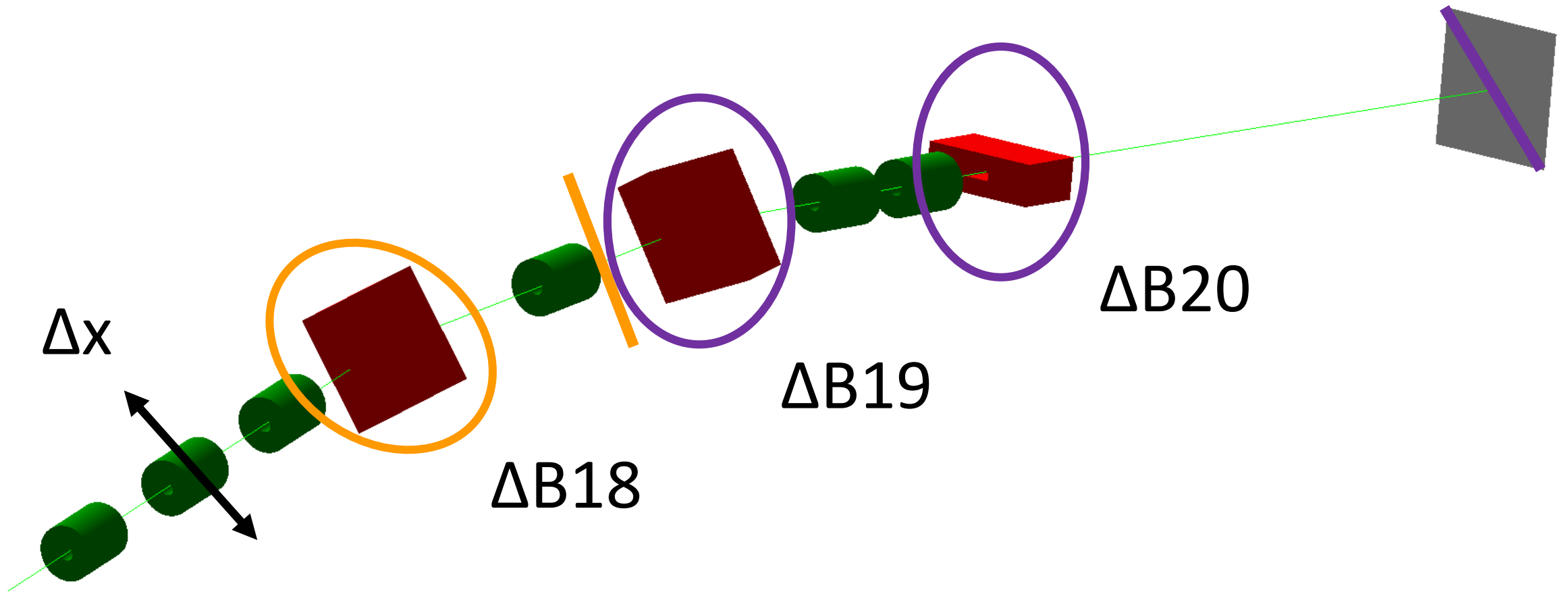


Correction Scheme 1



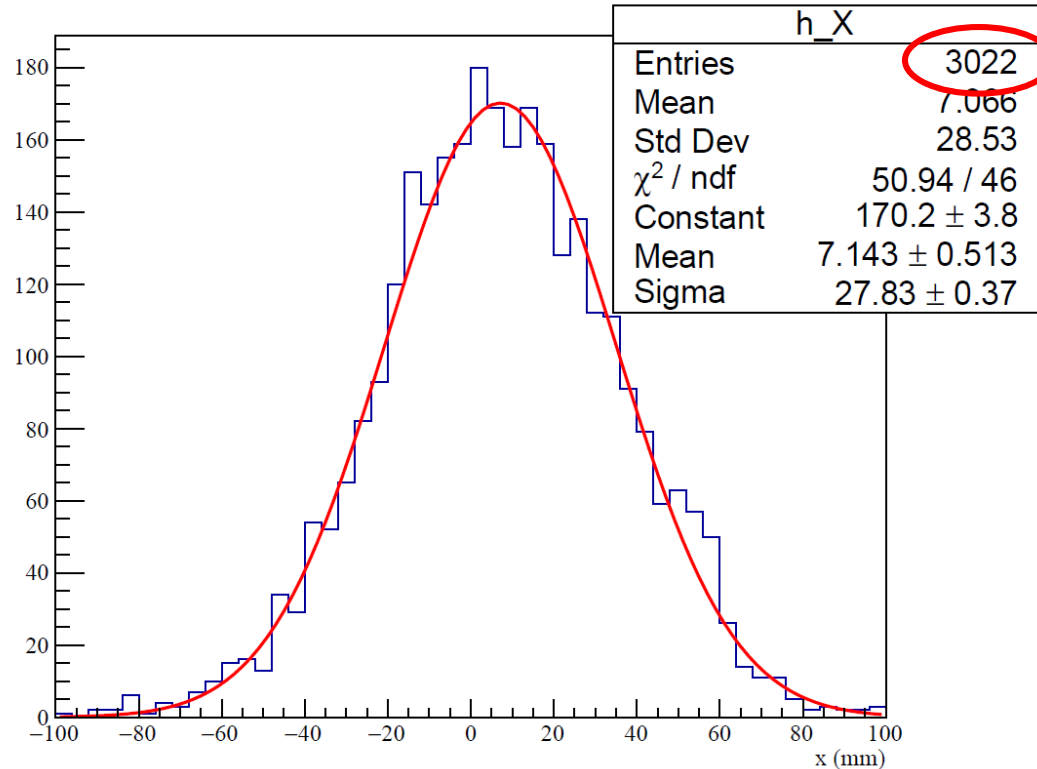
Conclusion: Correcting for the misalignment using CS1 resulted in more particle loss than leaving misalignment uncorrected.

Correction Scheme 2

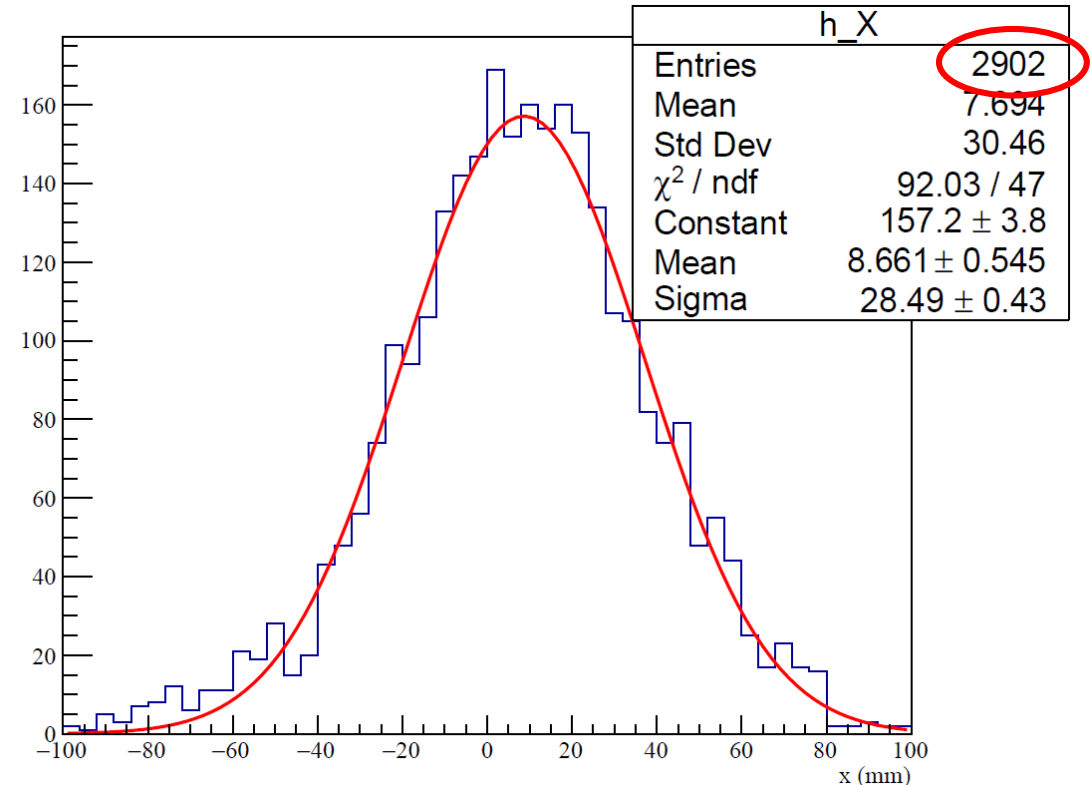


Misalignment of Quadrupole 18 by 1mm in x-direction

No Correction

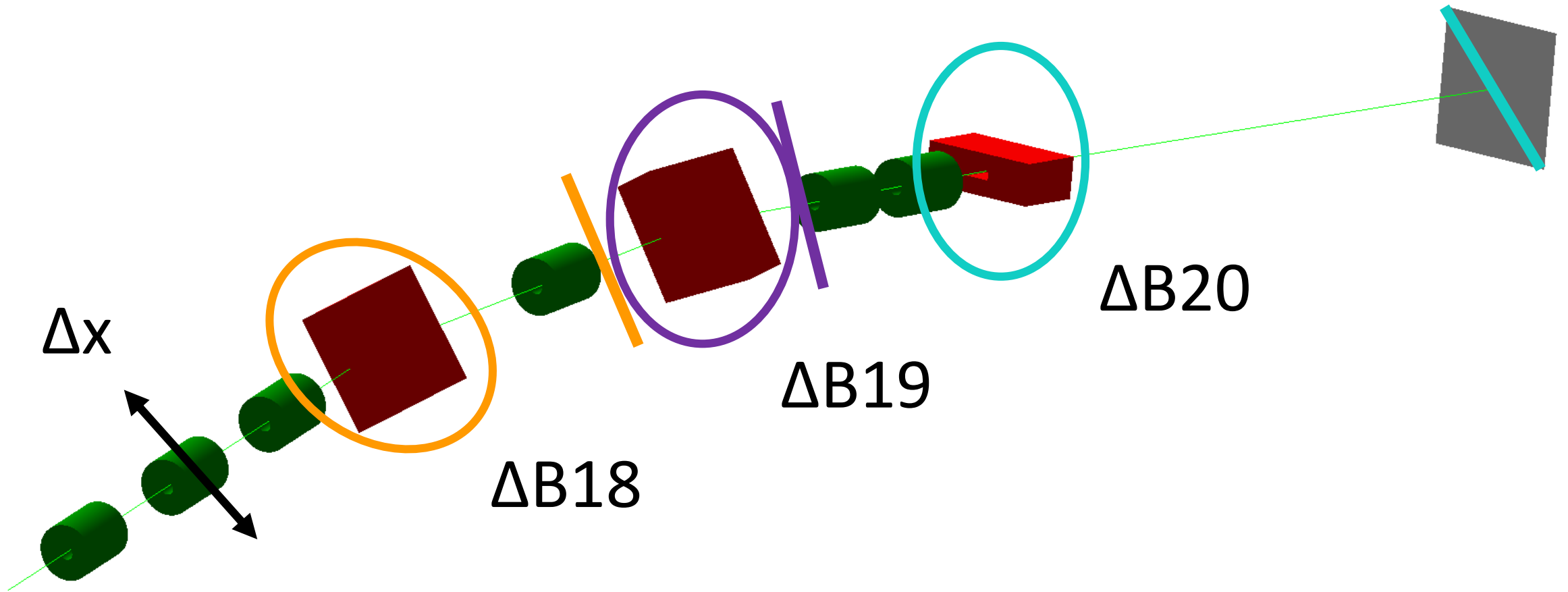


Correction Scheme 2



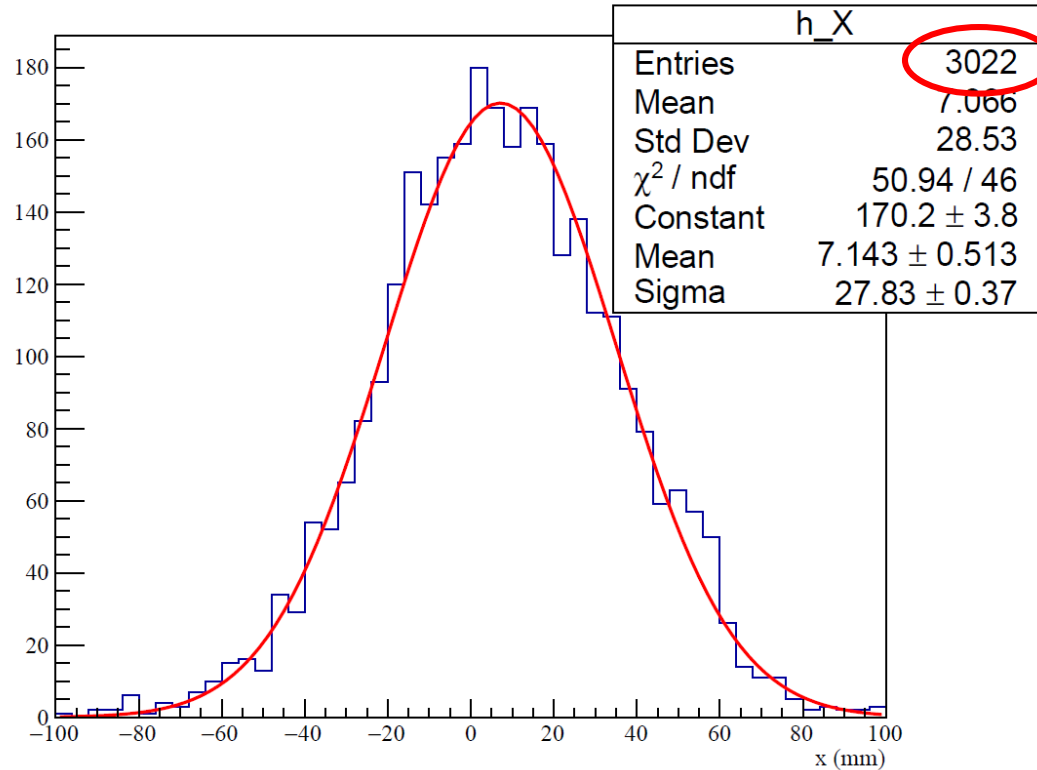
Conclusion: Correcting for the misalignment using CS2 resulted in more particle loss than leaving misalignment uncorrected.

Correction Scheme 3

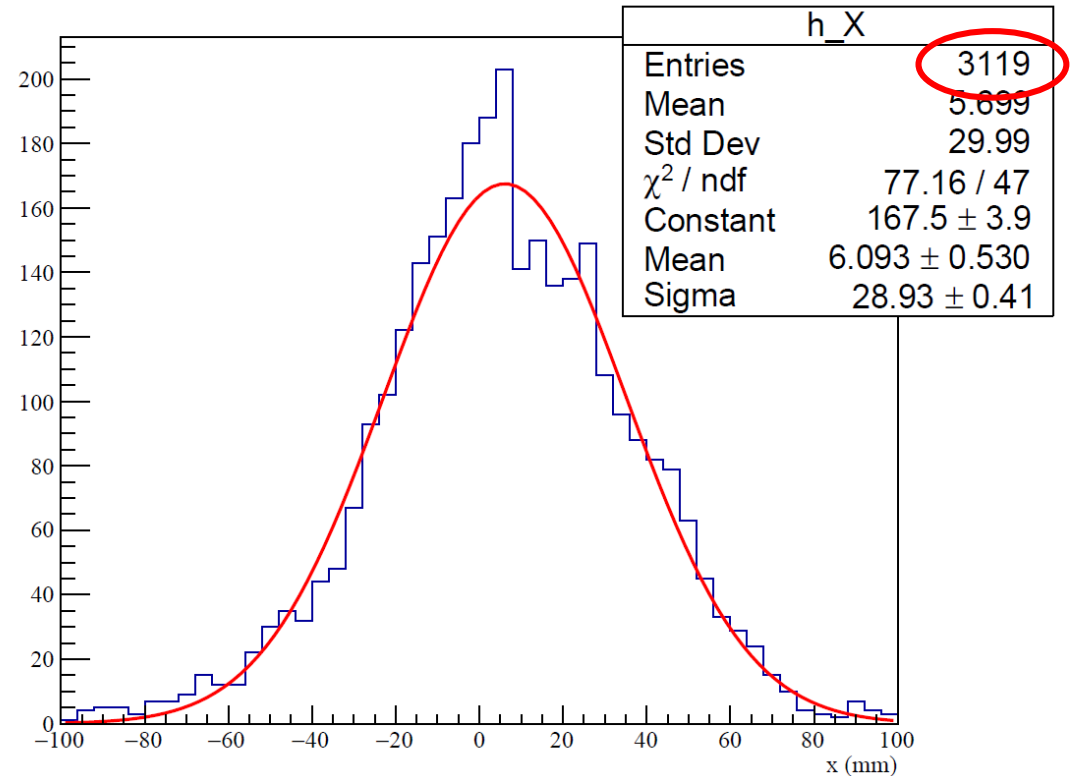


Misalignment of Quadrupole 18 by 1mm in x-direction

No Correction



Correction Scheme 3



Conclusion: Correcting for the misalignment using CS3 resulted in more particle detections compared with no correction.

Conclusion

Achievements

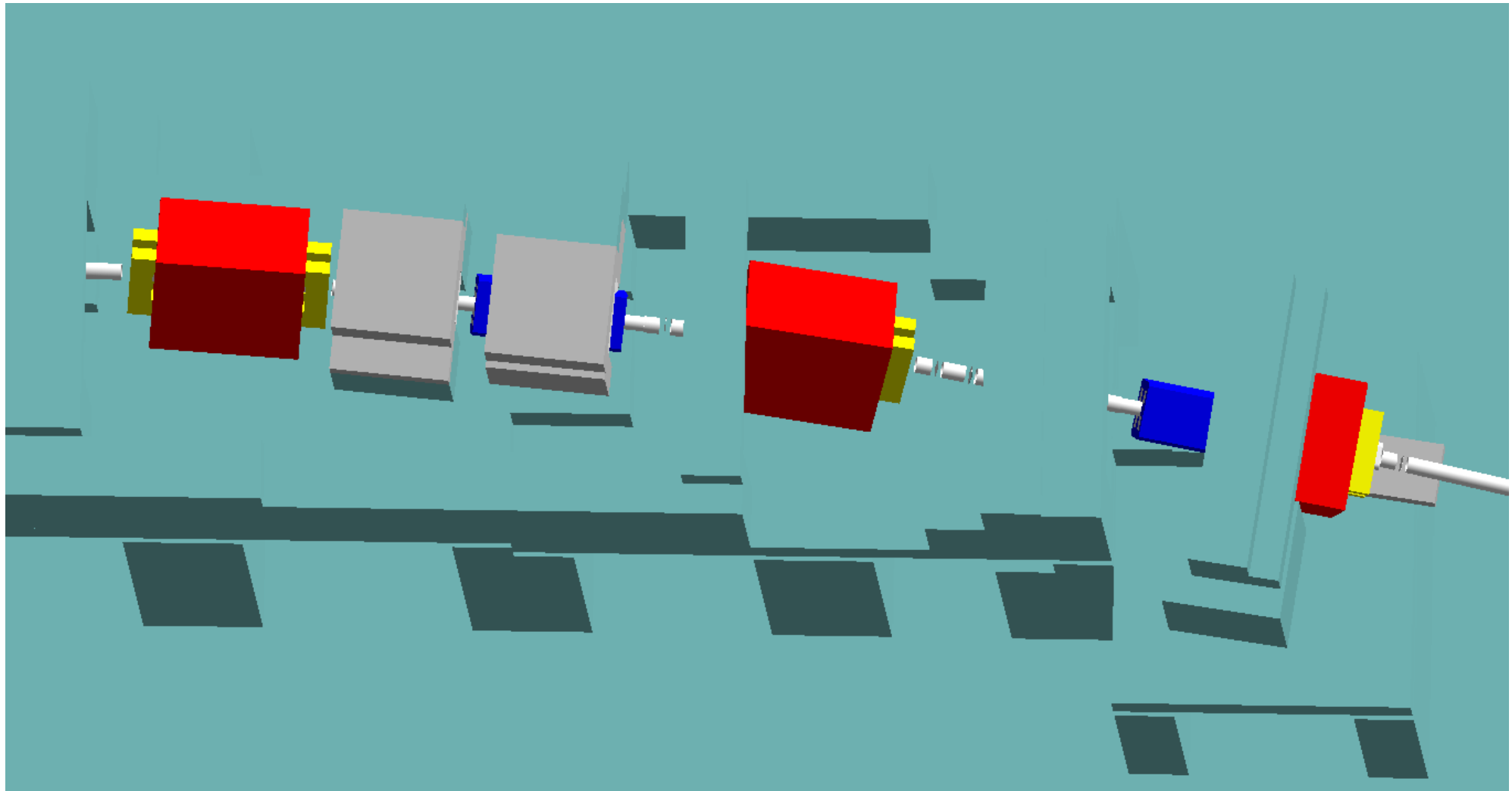
- Creation and benchmarking of the simplified G4Beamline model
- Exploring the options for misalignment correction

Future Work

- Investigate further misalignments in a similar fashion
 - Already know change of position based on changing magnetic fields in dipoles

Special thanks to Marcel Rosenthal, Yiota Chatzidaki, and Nikolaos Charitonidis for all their help and mentorship. Also thanks to the National Science Foundation and University of Michigan for funding. And, finally, thank you to the audience for listening!

Full H4-VLE Simulation



Matrix Formalization

Focusing quadrupole, $K > 0$:

$$M_{foc} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\sqrt{K}s) & \frac{1}{\sqrt{K}} \sin(\sqrt{K}s) \\ -\sqrt{K} \sin(\sqrt{K}s) & \cos(\sqrt{K}s) \end{pmatrix}$$

Defocusing quadrupole, $K < 0$:

$$M_{defoc} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh(\sqrt{|K|}s) & \frac{1}{\sqrt{|K|}} \sinh(\sqrt{|K|}s) \\ \sqrt{|K|} \sinh(\sqrt{|K|}s) & \cosh(\sqrt{|K|}s) \end{pmatrix}$$

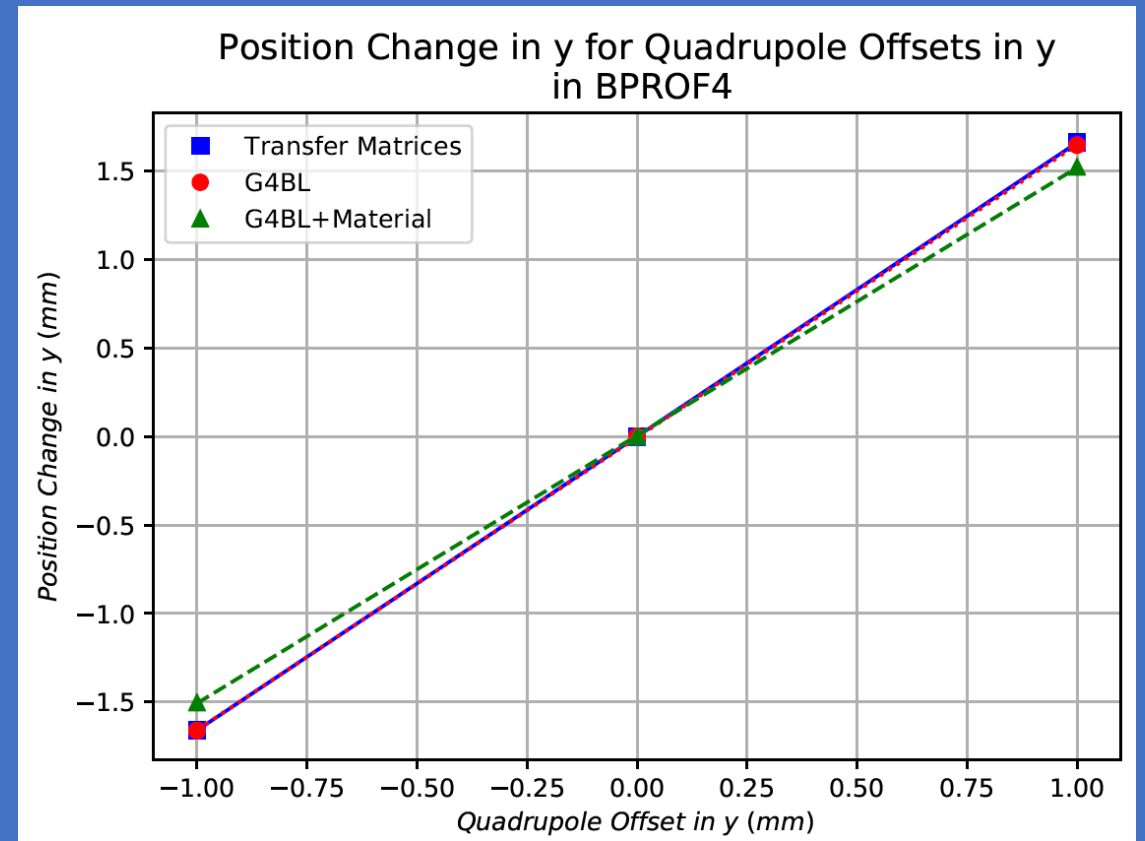
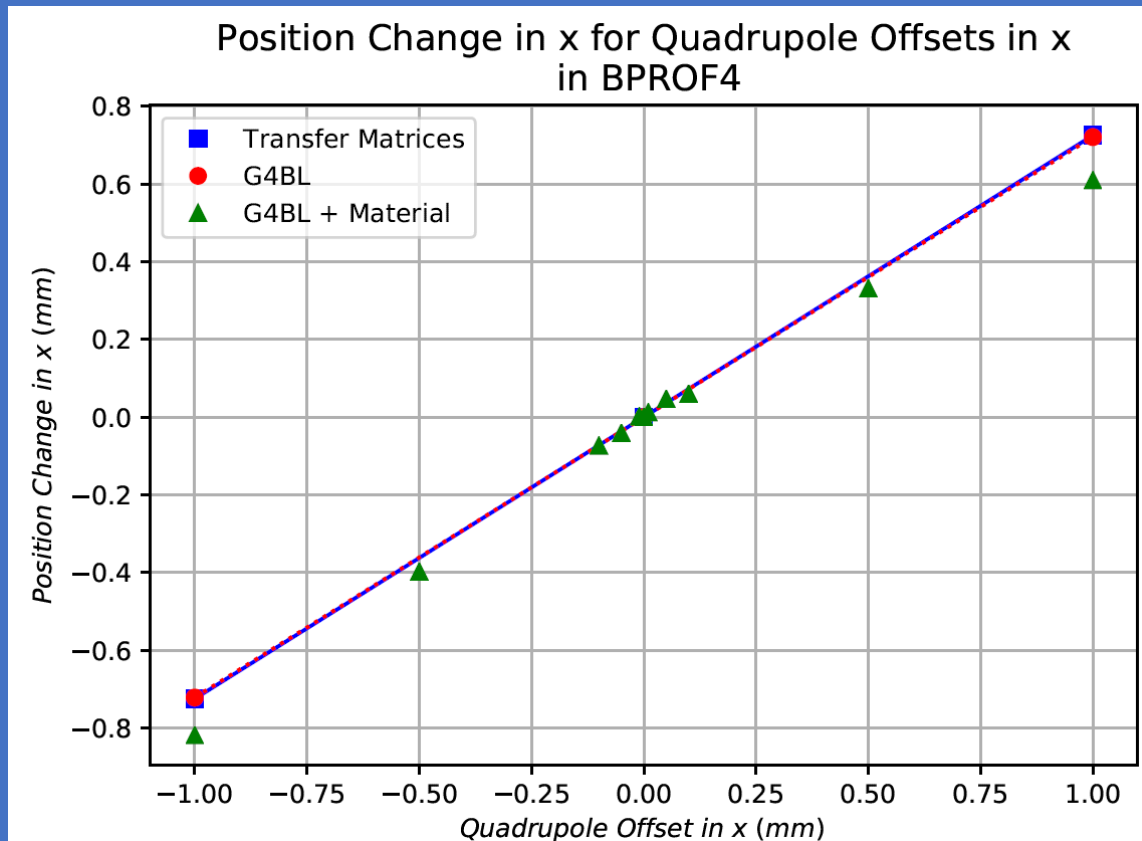
Drift space: length of drift space L

$$M_{drift} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & L \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ x' \end{pmatrix} = M_{drift} \cdot M_{edge} \cdot M_{dipole} \cdot M_{edge} \cdot M_{drift} \cdot M_{foc} \cdot M_{drift} \cdot M_{defoc} \cdot M_{drift} \cdot M_{foc} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ x'_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix formalism

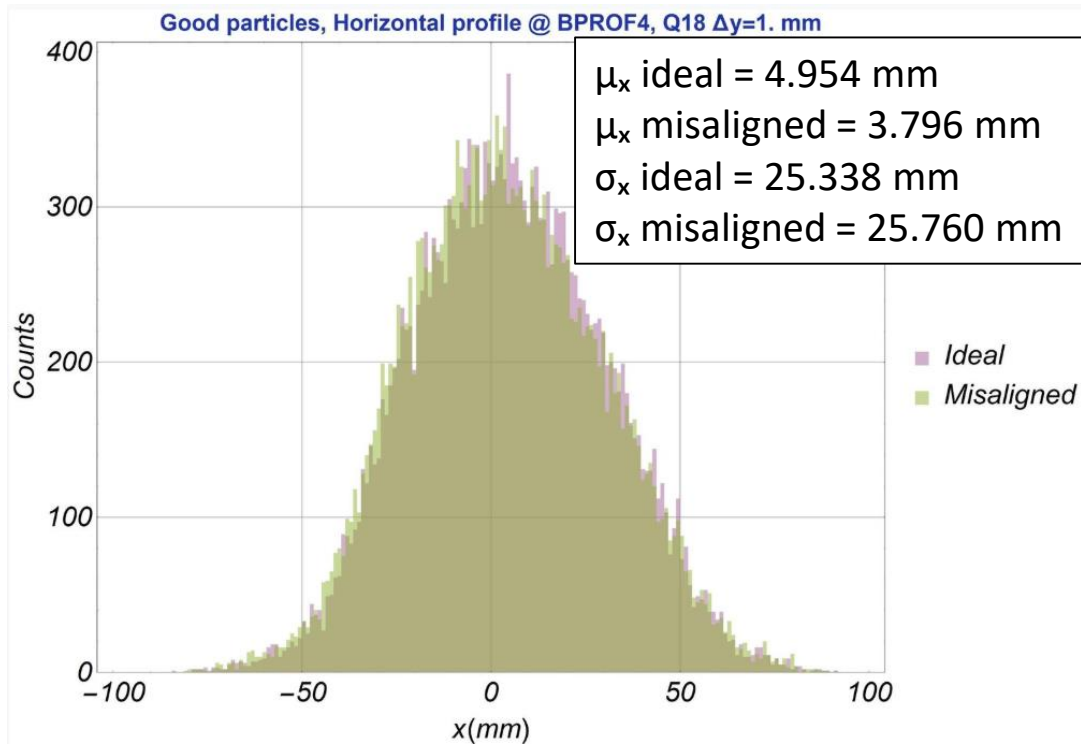
Developed a Mathematica routine for beam optics calculations using transfer matrices to compared with G4Beamline Monte Carlo simulation



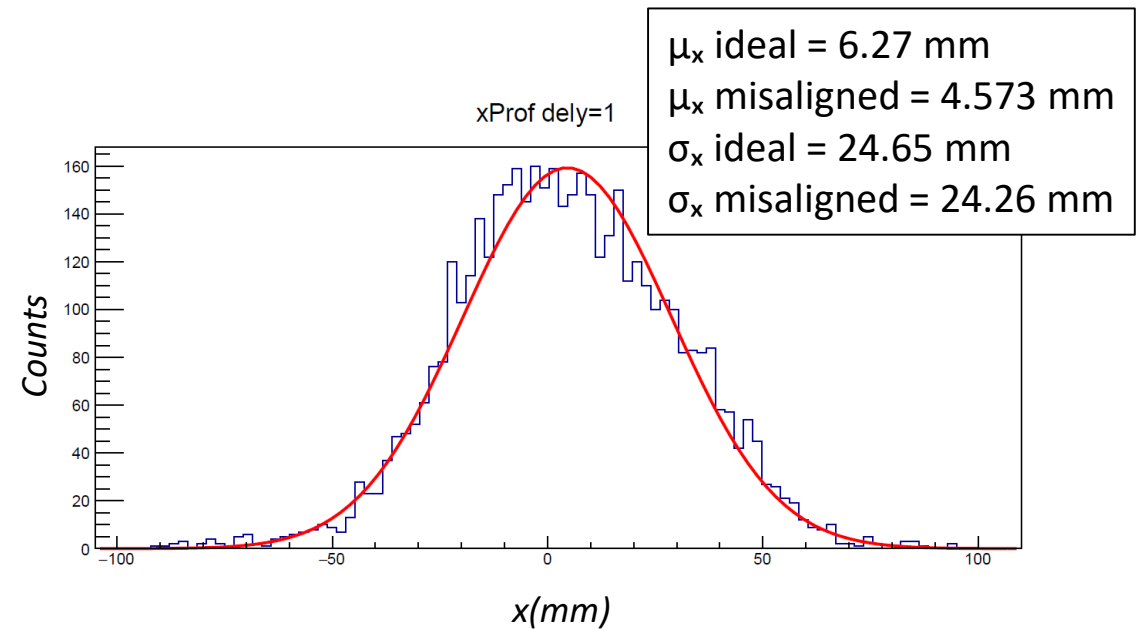
Differences between Transfer Matrices and TRANSPORT								
Beam Element	R11 (mm)	R12 (mm)	R21 (mm)	R22 (mm)	R33 (mm)	R34 (mm)	R43 (mm)	R44 (mm)
Q17	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Q18	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Q19	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
B18	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Q20	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
B19	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Q21	0.002	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Q22	0.002	0.006	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000
B20	0.002	0.005	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

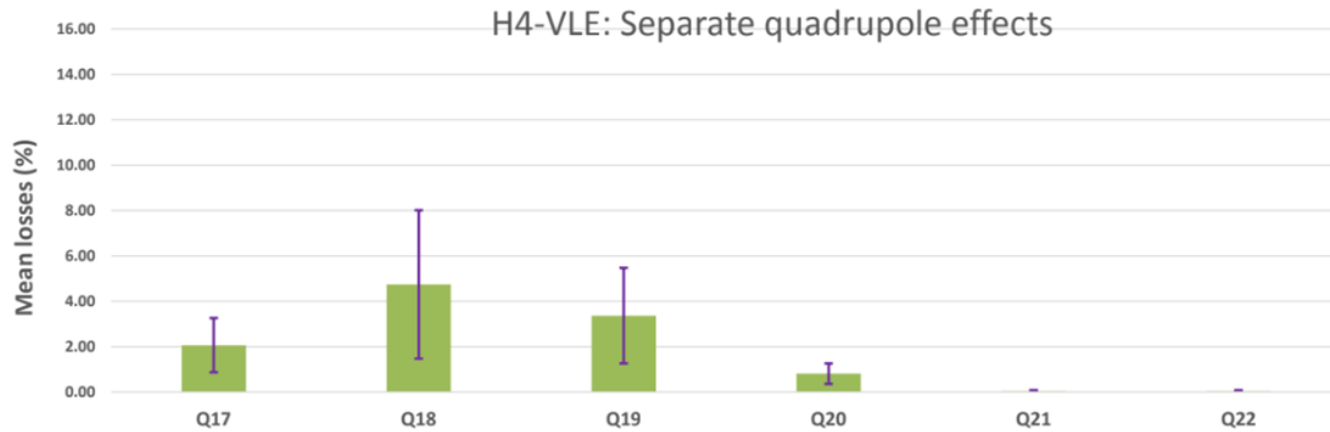
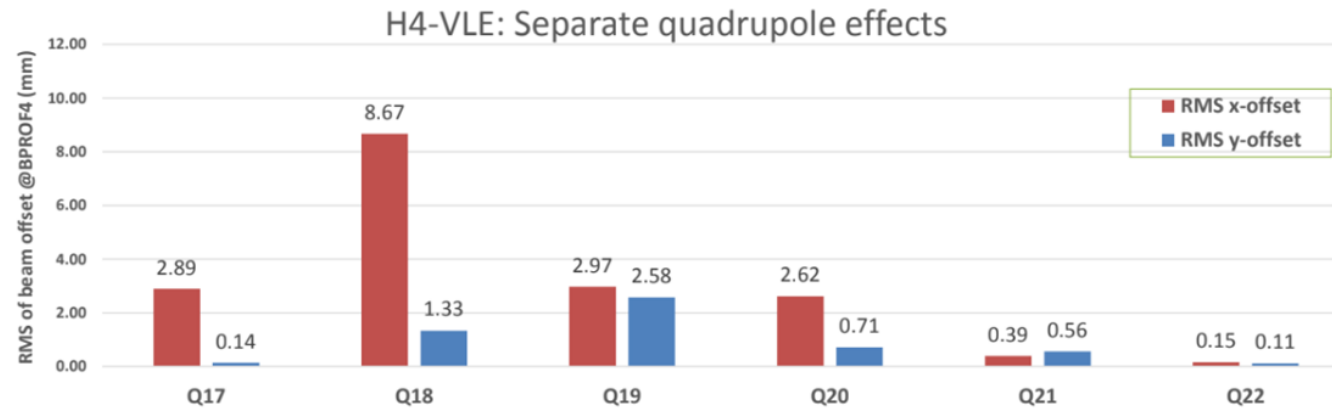
Final x-position for 1mm Misalignment of Quadrupole 18 in y-direction

PTC



G4Beamline



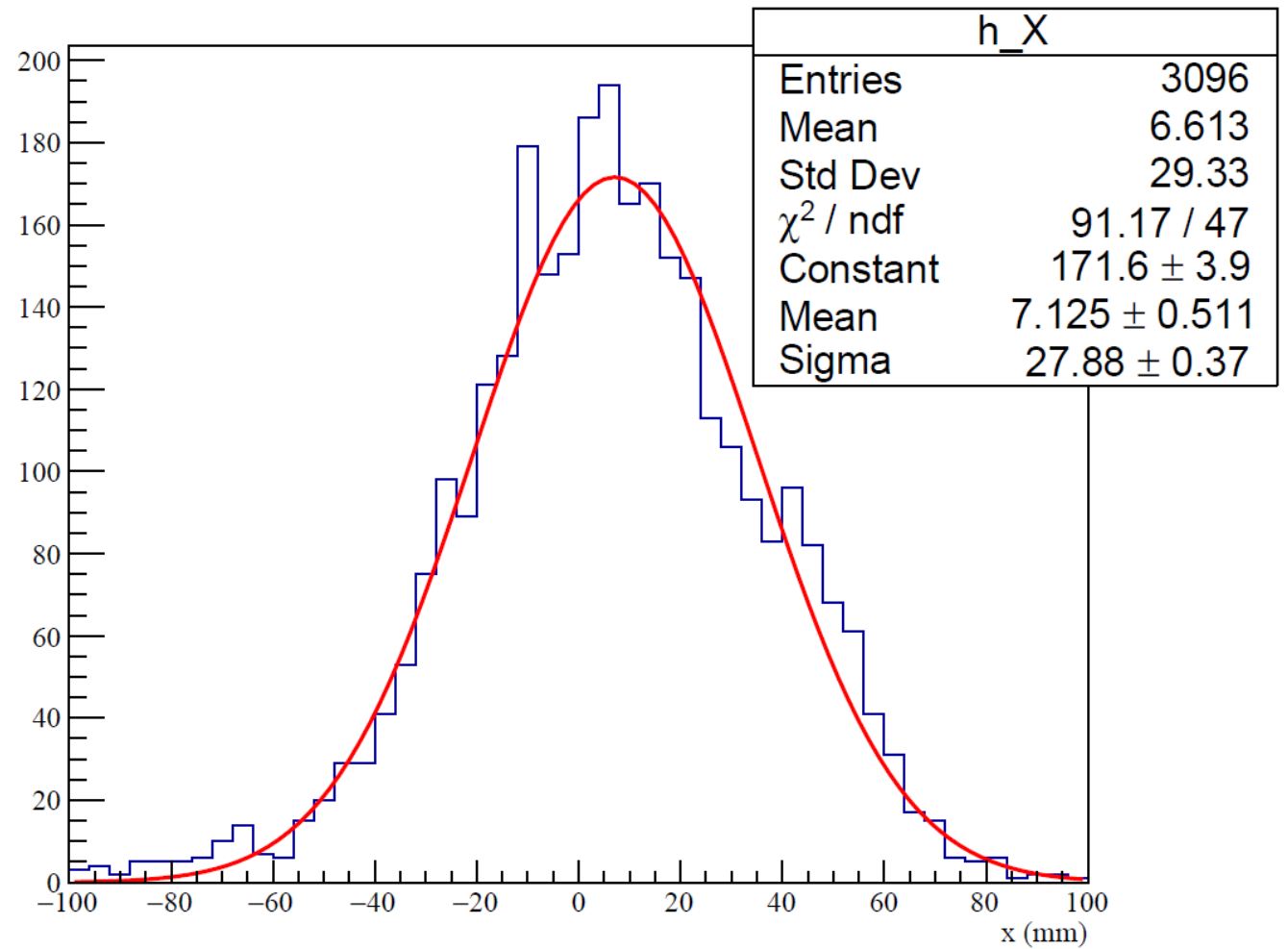


P. Chatzidaki-Section Meeting 18.01.2018

Previous studies of this beamline by a master's student found this type of misalignment to be the most critical for final position

Misalignment of Quadrupole 18 in the x-direction

Final Positions of Particles with No Misalignments



Loss of Particles at BPROF1

- Collimator in the beamline after first dipole; particles hit collimator and do not continue trajectory
- Loss of particles on one side when quadrupole is misaligned
- Non-symmetric beam

