

On the $t\bar{t}\gamma/t\bar{t}$ cross section ratio at the LHC

Giuseppe Bevilacqua

MTA-DE Particle Physics Research Group, Debrecen

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In collaboration with H. B. Hartanto, M. Kraus, T. Weber and M. Worek

Based on: JHEP 1810 (2018) 158 JHEP 1901 (2019) 188
1803.09916 [hep-ph] 1809.08562 [hep-ph]

Outline

Introduction

- Motivations for $t\bar{t}\gamma$ at LHC
- Towards higher precision

Predictions for $t\bar{t}\gamma$ with HELAC-NLO

- total and differential cross sections
- impact of scale choice

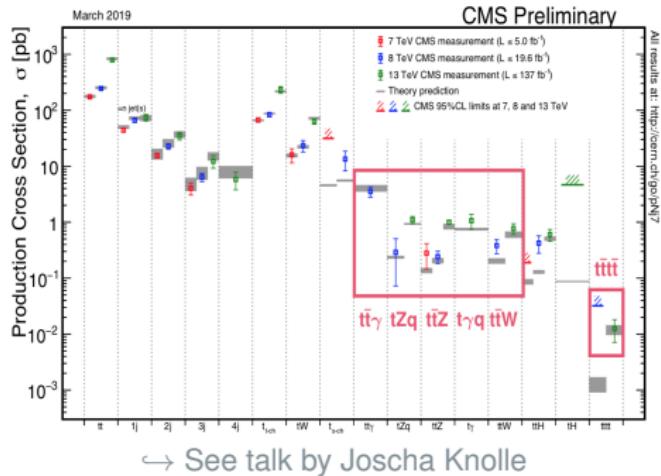
The $t\bar{t}\gamma/t\bar{t}$ cross section ratio as a precision observable

- kinematical correlations
- estimate of theory uncertainties

Introduction

In the absence of convincing evidence for new resonances effects, **precise measurements** of SM observables are key to look for effects of New Physics (NP) at the LHC

This is especially true for the **top quark** sector, where NP effects are expected to be more prominent due to the large mass scale



As luminosity increases, LHC allows to probe associated $t\bar{t}$ channels with more precision (and provide insights into NP)

Let's focus on the $t\bar{t}\gamma$ channel

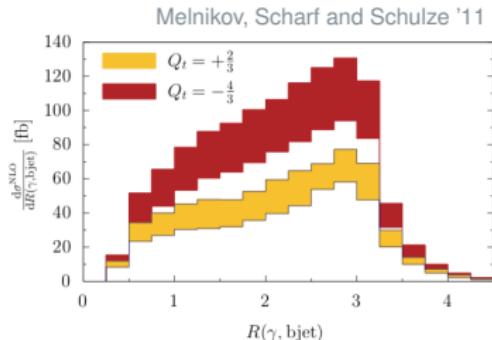
Motivations for $t\bar{t}\gamma$ at LHC

Probe of the top quark charge

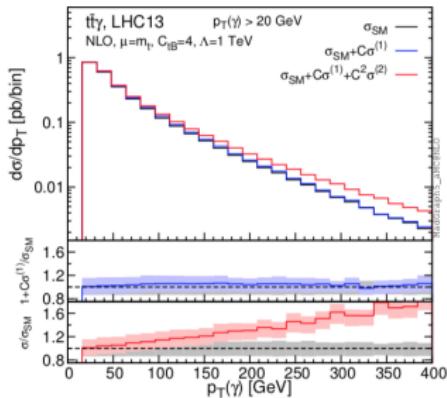
$$\hookrightarrow \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma} \sim Q_t^2$$

Indirect from $t\bar{t}$:

$$Q_t = Q_W - Q_b$$



Bessidskaia Bylund, Maltoni *et al.* '16



Probe of the effective $t\bar{t}\gamma$ interaction

↪ dimension-six SMEFT

↪ top quark anomalous couplings

Baur *et al.* '05, Aguilar Saavedra '09

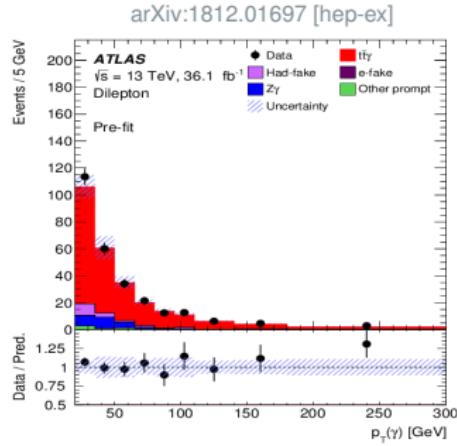
Schulze *et al.* '16, Maltoni *et al.* '16 ...

Also: irreducible background in direct BSM searches...

Status of $t\bar{t}\gamma$

Experiment

- First evidence: CDF @ Tevatron
CDF Collaboration '11
- Observation: ATLAS @ LHC 7 TeV
ATLAS Collaboration '15
- Measurements: ATLAS/CMS @ LHC 8 TeV
ATLAS and CMS Collaborations '17
- First results @ LHC 13 TeV
ATLAS Collaboration, arXiv:1812.01697 [hep-ex]



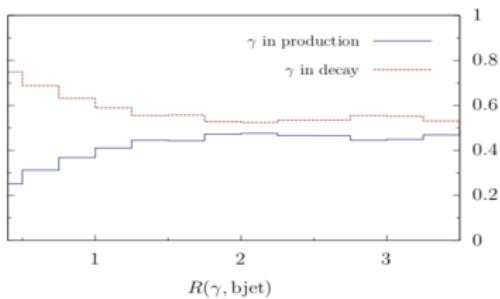
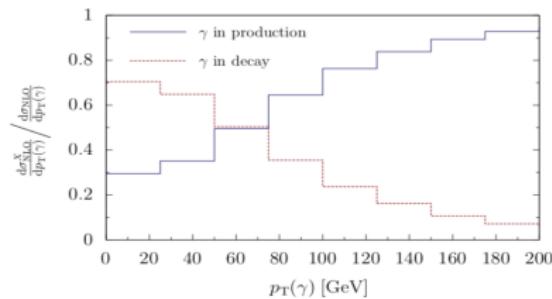
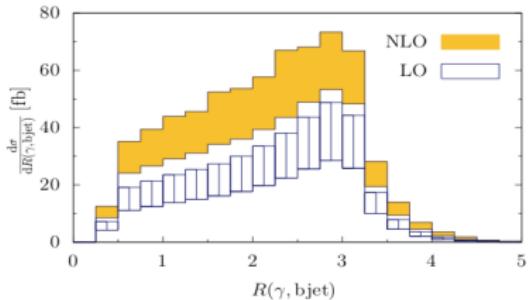
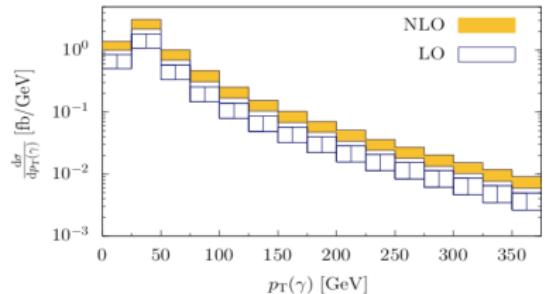
Theory

- NLO QCD/EW
Duan *et al* '09,'11; Maltoni, Pagani and Tsinikos '15; Duan *et al* '16
- NLO QCD \rightarrow radiative decays
Melnikov, Scharf and Schulze '11
- NLO+PS \rightarrow LO decays in PS
Kardos and Trocsanyi '14
- NLO QCD \rightarrow off-shell, dilepton channel
G.B. Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek '18

Narrow Width Approximation

$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}(\gamma) \rightarrow b\bar{b}l^+\nu_\ell jj\gamma$ @ 14 TeV

Melnikov, Scharf and Schulze, arXiv:1102.1967 [hep-ph]



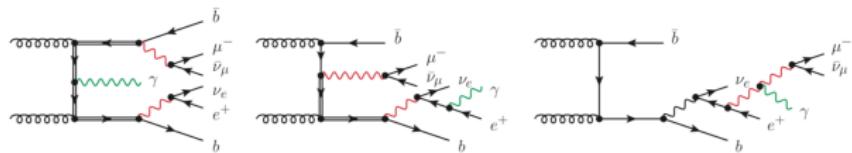
Contributions from γ in production and decay are comparable in size:

$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 138.1 \text{ fb} = \underbrace{60.9}_{\gamma-\text{Prod}} + \underbrace{77.2}_{\gamma-\text{Decay}} \text{ fb}$$

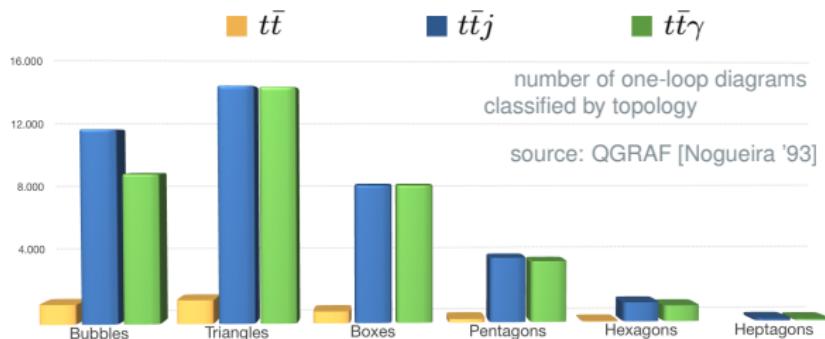
Beyond NWA

We release the approximation of intermediate on-shell tops

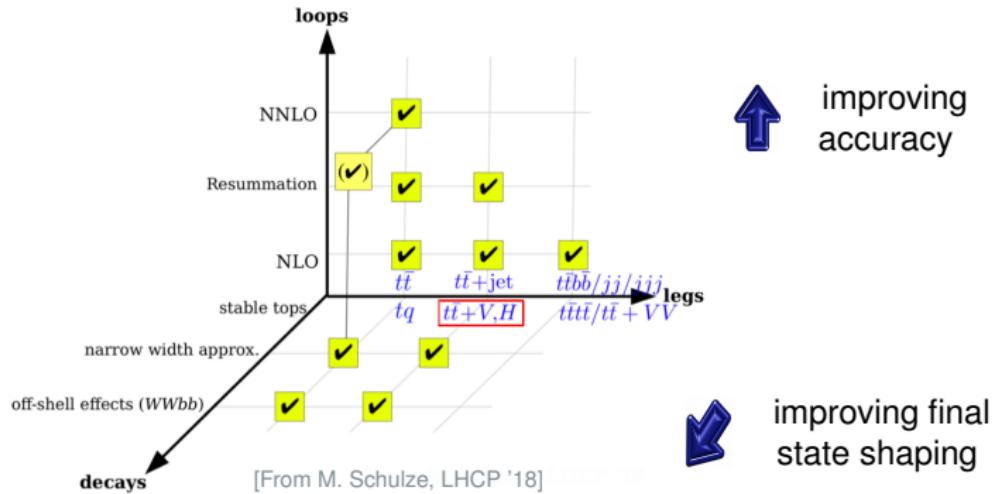
→ include *finite-width + single-resonant + non-resonant* contributions ("off-shell effects").



Compare with other benchmark calculations: off-shell $t\bar{t}$ and $t\bar{t}j$



Towards higher precision



At present, the best theoretical accuracy available for offshell $t\bar{t}\gamma$ production is **NLO QCD**. NNLO is out of reach.

→ Concentrate on observables which can help reducing the theoretical uncertainties: **cross section ratios**

The cross section ratio

Instead of considering the *absolute* " $t\bar{t}\gamma$ " cross section, normalize to " $t\bar{t}$ ":

$$\mathcal{R} = \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}WW\gamma)}{\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}WW)}$$

$[p_T(\gamma) > 25 \text{ GeV}]$

Advantages:

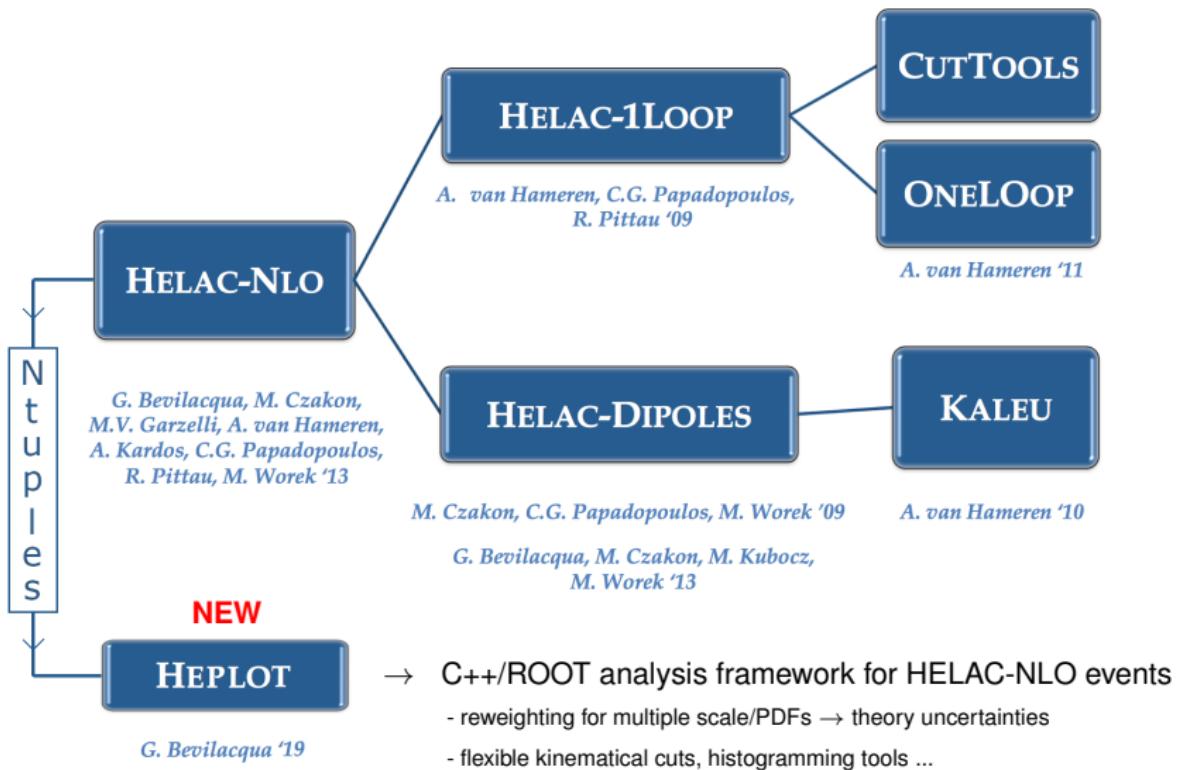
- Experiment → more accurate measurement
 - ↪ common systematics cancel in \mathcal{R}
(e.g. b -tagging efficiency, luminosity ...)
- Theory → more accurate prediction (?)
 - ↪ theory uncertainties on \mathcal{R} (dominated by scale variation) can be dramatically reduced *if the two processes are correlated*

Melnikov, Scharf, Schulze '11; Mangano, Rojo '12; G.B, Worek '14; Schulze, Soreq '16 ...

How strongly correlated are $t\bar{t}\gamma$ and $t\bar{t}$ production ?

The HELAC-NLO framework

G. Ossola, C.G. Papadopoulos,
R. Pittau '08



Absolute predictions for $t\bar{t}\gamma$

Setup - LHC 13 TeV

Basic settings

- **Dilepton channel:** $pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu b\bar{b}\gamma + X$
- All leptons and quarks (except top) massless \rightarrow **5-Flavor scheme**

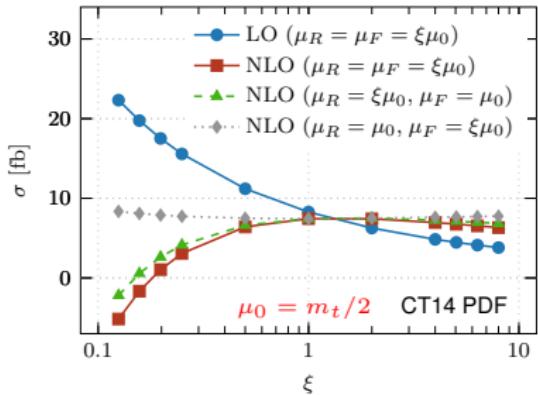
Kinematics

- exactly two b -jets + one photon + two charged leptons + \cancel{p}_T
- **Photon isolation:** $\sum_i E_{T,i} \Theta(R - R_{\gamma,i}) \leq E_{T,\gamma} \left(\frac{1 - \cos(R)}{1 - \cos(R_{\gamma k})} \right)$, $R_{\gamma k} = 0.4$
[Frixione '98]
- **Cuts:**

$p_T \ell > 30 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T b > 40 \text{ GeV}$	$\cancel{p}_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	$p_{T,\gamma} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
$\Delta R_{bb} > 0.4$	$\Delta R_{\ell\ell} > 0.4$	$\Delta R_{\ell b} > 0.4$	
$ y_\ell < 2.5$	$ y_b < 2.5$	$ y_\gamma < 2.5$	

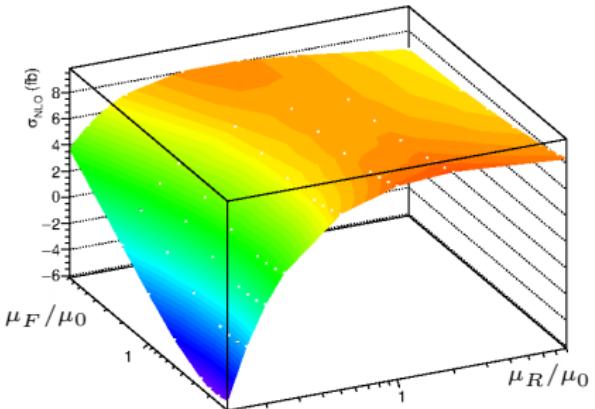
Total cross sections

G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1803.09916 [hep-ph]



- scale uncertainties driven by μ_R variation
- negative NLO corrections: -10%

- scale uncertainties: 35% @ LO
 \hookrightarrow 14% @ NLO
- estimate of non-factorizable contrib.
via $\Gamma_t \rightarrow 0$ limit: 2.5% @ NLO
(total cross section)

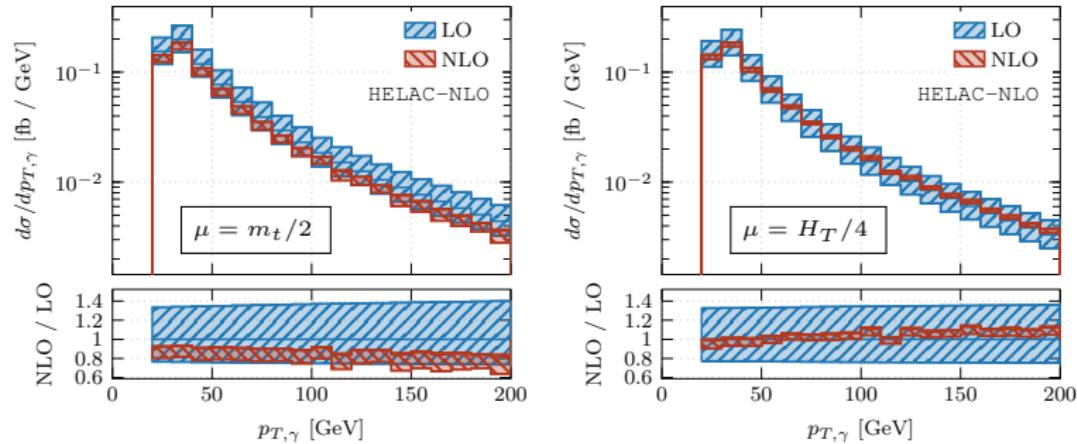


Differential cross sections

Focus on observables relevant for BSM searches

1. Transverse momentum of the photon: $p_{T,\gamma}$

G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1803.09916 [hep-ph]



Dynamical scale $\mu = H_T/4$ improves perturbative stability

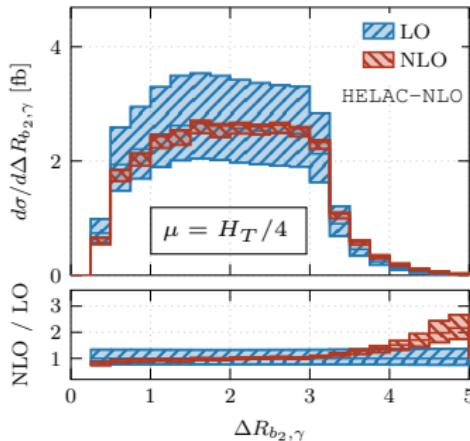
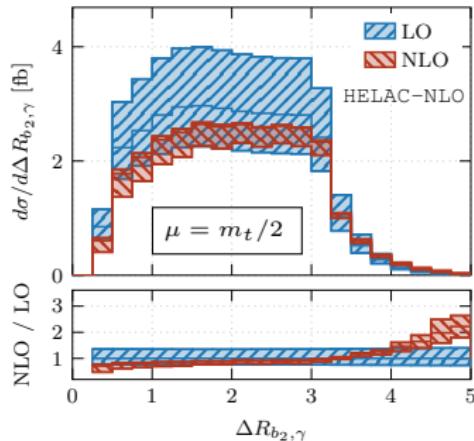
$$H_T = \sum_{i=\{b, \bar{b}, \ell^\pm, \gamma\}} p_{T,i} + \not{p}_T$$

Differential cross sections

Focus on observables relevant for BSM searches

2. Separation between photon and 2nd hardest b -jet: $\Delta R_{b_2,\gamma}$

G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1803.09916 [hep-ph]



Important shape distortions starting at $\Delta R_{b_2,\gamma} \approx 4$

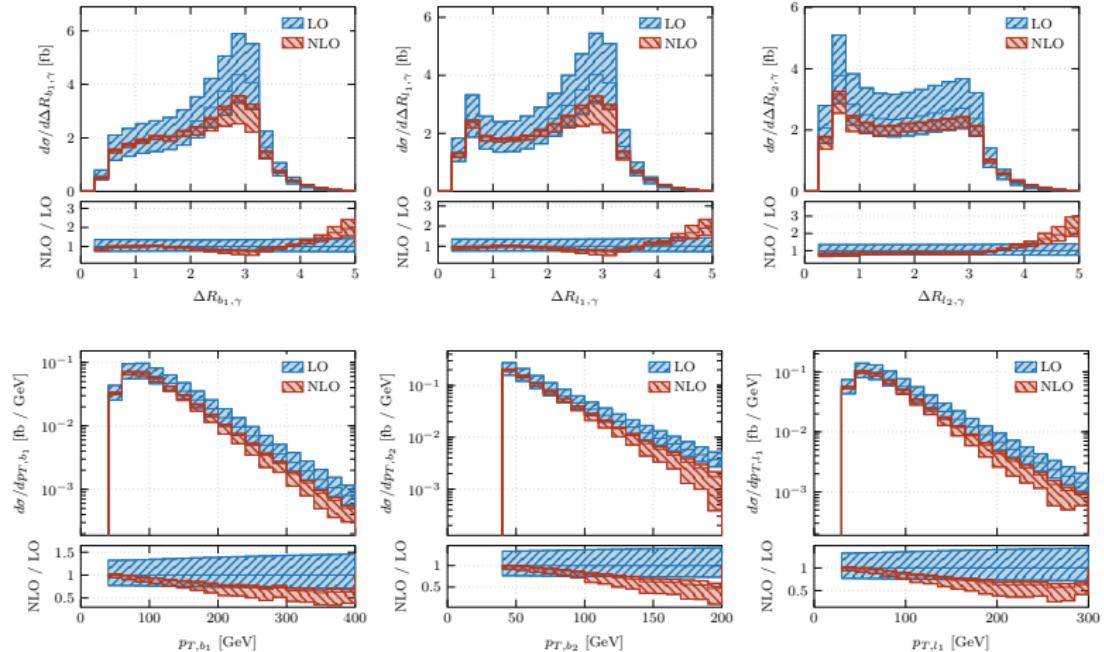
→ genuine NLO effect: initial-state γ radiation from qg channel

Similar behaviour observed for other observables...

A collection of distributions based on the scale choice

$$\mu_R = \mu_F = m_t/2$$

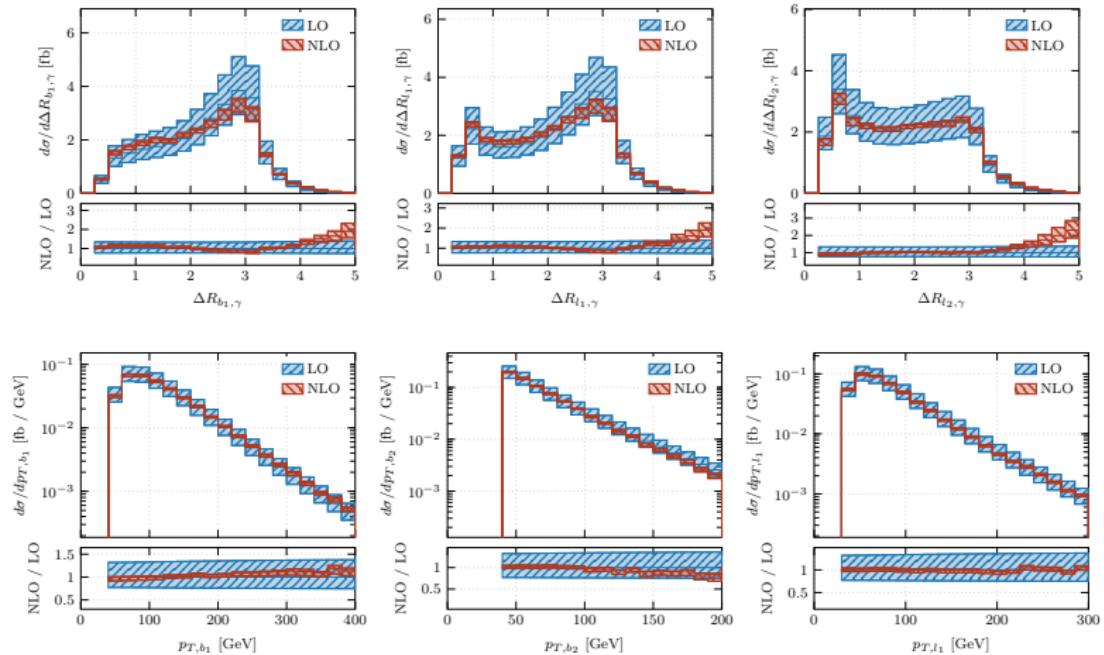
G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1803.09916 [hep-ph]



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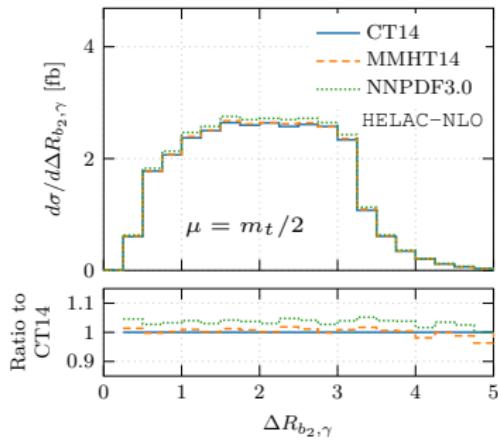
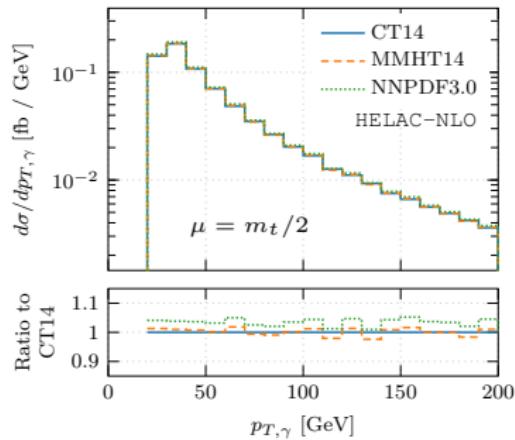
G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1803.09916 [hep-ph]



Differential cross sections

Impact of different PDF sets:

G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1803.09916 [hep-ph]



→ Global estimate of theoretical uncertainties for the absolute $t\bar{t}\gamma$ predictions:

$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} (\mu = m_t/2) = (7.4 \pm 1.0^{\text{[scale]}} \pm 0.3^{\text{[PDF]}}) \text{ fb}$$

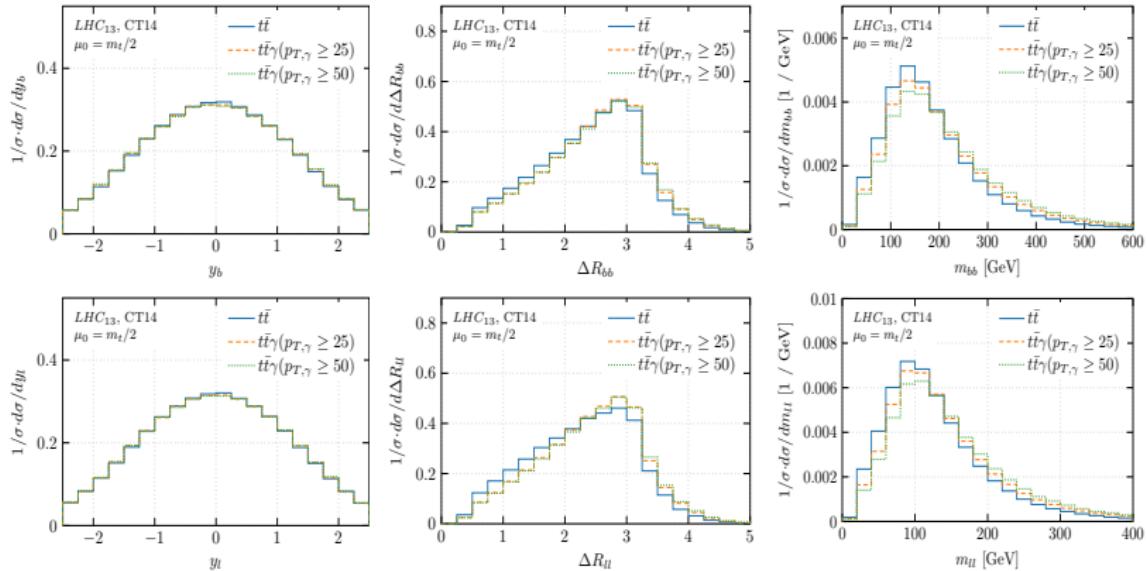
$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} (\mu = H_T/4) = (7.5 \pm 0.5^{\text{[scale]}} \pm 0.3^{\text{[PDF]}}) \text{ fb}$$

The $t\bar{t}\gamma / t\bar{t}$ cross section ratio

Looking for correlations

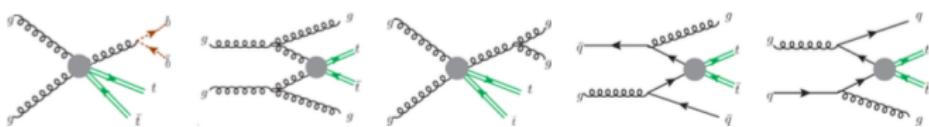
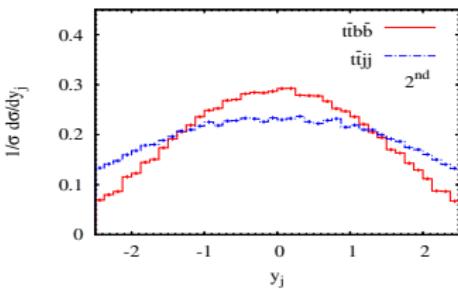
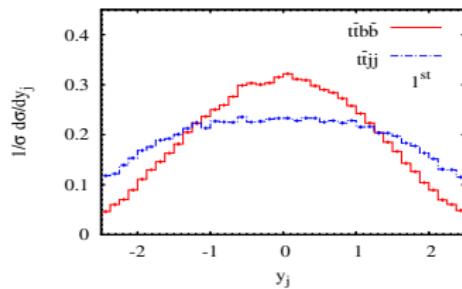
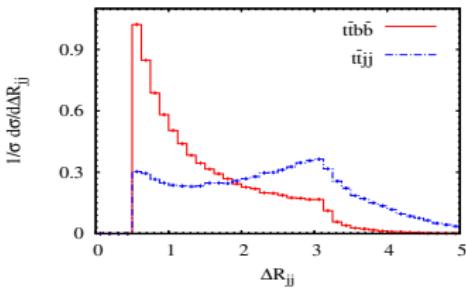
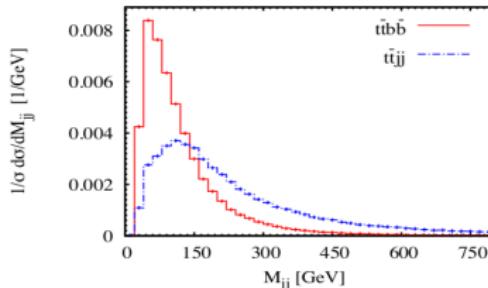
$t\bar{t}\gamma$ vs $t\bar{t}$ @ LHC : distributions normalized to unit

G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1809.08562 [hep-ph]

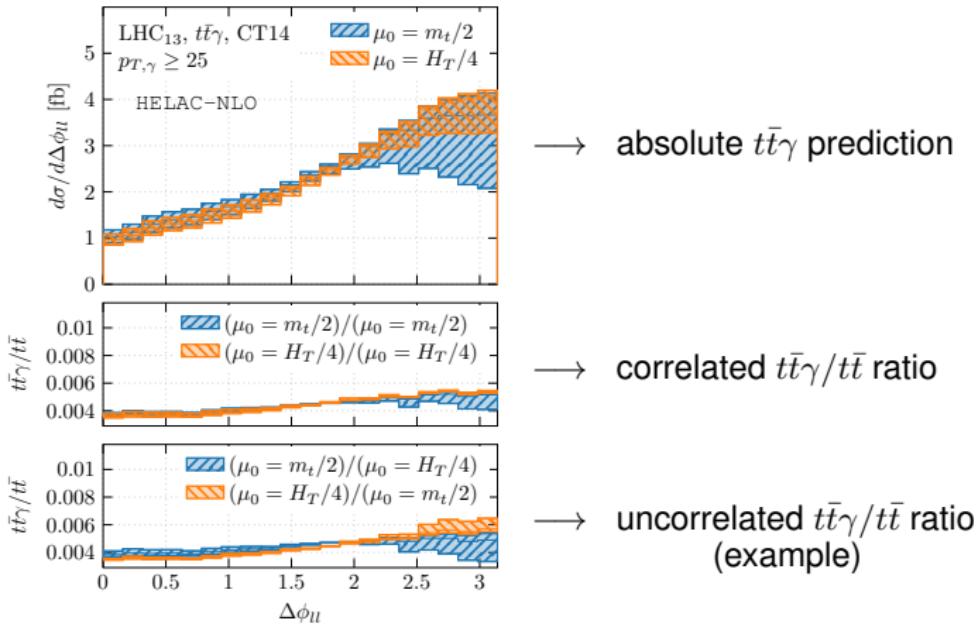


Compare to a case of **uncorrelated** processes: $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ vs $t\bar{t}jj$ @ LHC

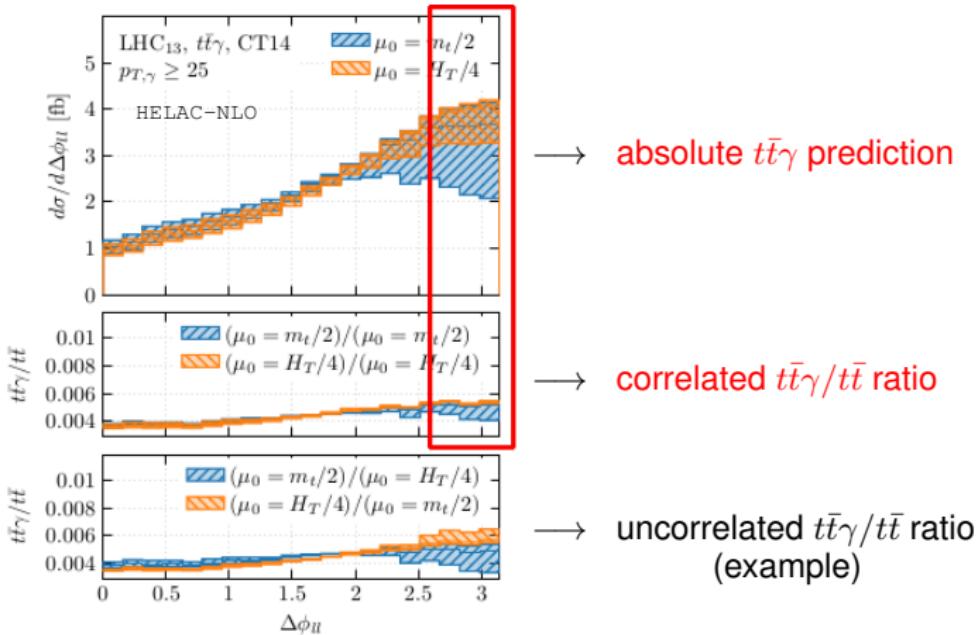
G.B. and Worek, arXiv:1403.2046 [hep-ph]



Differential cross section ratios



Differential cross section ratios

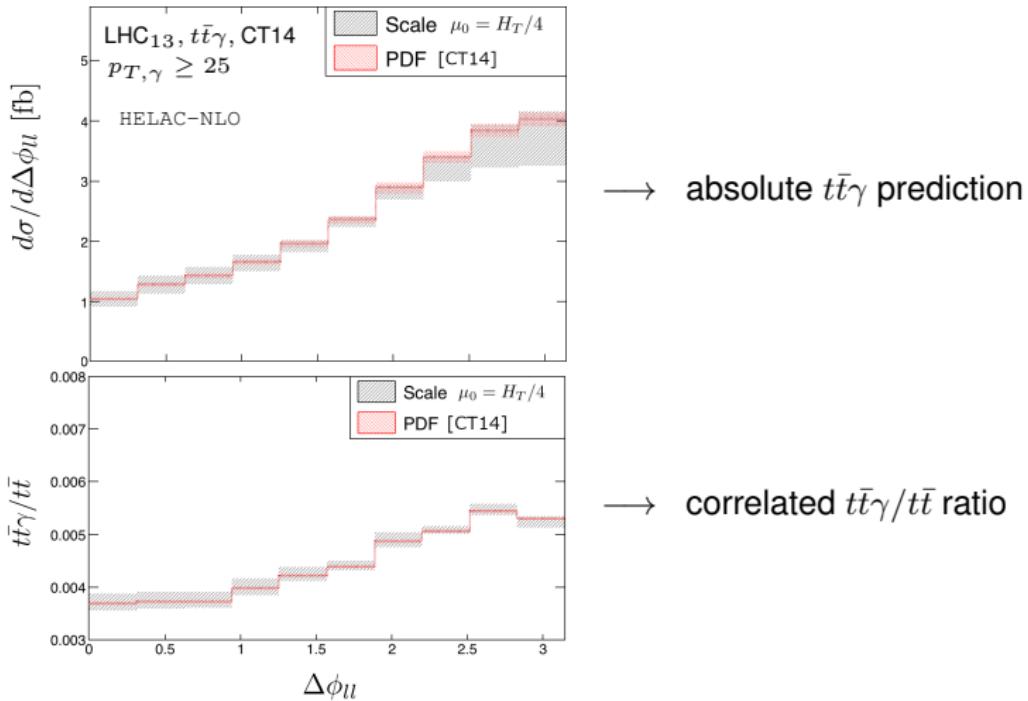


Correlation reduces uncertainty bands

$$\Delta\phi_{ll} \approx 3 : \underbrace{\mathcal{O}(50\%)}_{abs(m_t/2)} \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{O}(20\%)}_{abs(H_T/4)} \Leftrightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{O}(30\%)}_{rat(m_t/2)} \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{O}(3\%)}_{rat(H_T/4)}$$

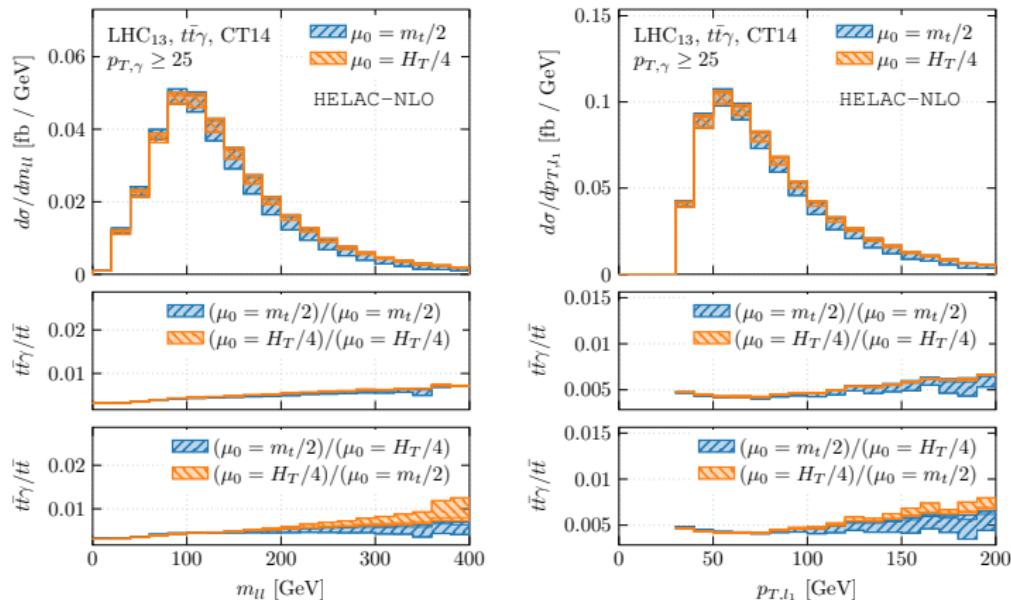
Differential cross section ratios

Comparing **scale** and **PDF** uncertainties at differential level:



Differential cross section ratios

G.B., Hartanto, Kraus, Weber and Worek, arXiv:1809.08562 [hep-ph]



→ Global estimate of theoretical uncertainties [$p_{T,\gamma} \geq 25$ GeV] :

$$\mathcal{R}(\mu_0 = H_T/4) = (4.62 \pm 0.06 \text{ [scale]} \pm 0.04 \text{ [PDF]}) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Summary

Based on the first NLO QCD calculation of off-shell $t\bar{t}\gamma$ production, we have presented precise predictions for the $t\bar{t}\gamma/t\bar{t}$ cross section ratio at the LHC:

- correlations between $t\bar{t}\gamma$ and $t\bar{t}$ production can help to constrain theoretical uncertainties
- the ratio observable has interesting potential for searches of BSM effects at the LHC

Our predictions are available in the form of ROOT Ntuple of events:

- a user-friendly tool, **HEP1ot**, is now available to get predictions from HELAC-NLO events for arbitrary observables and scale/PDF choice
- we can provide Ntuple for off-shell $t\bar{t}$ & $t\bar{t}\gamma$ @ LHC 13 TeV (dilepton channel). If interested, contact us!
- other processes will be available soon... stay tuned!