



Tape Archive monitoring

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The CERN tape archive system

What is Linux?

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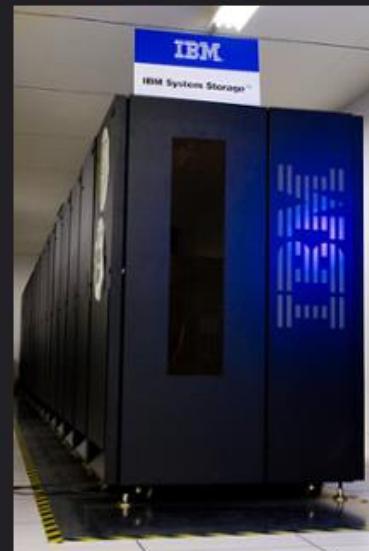
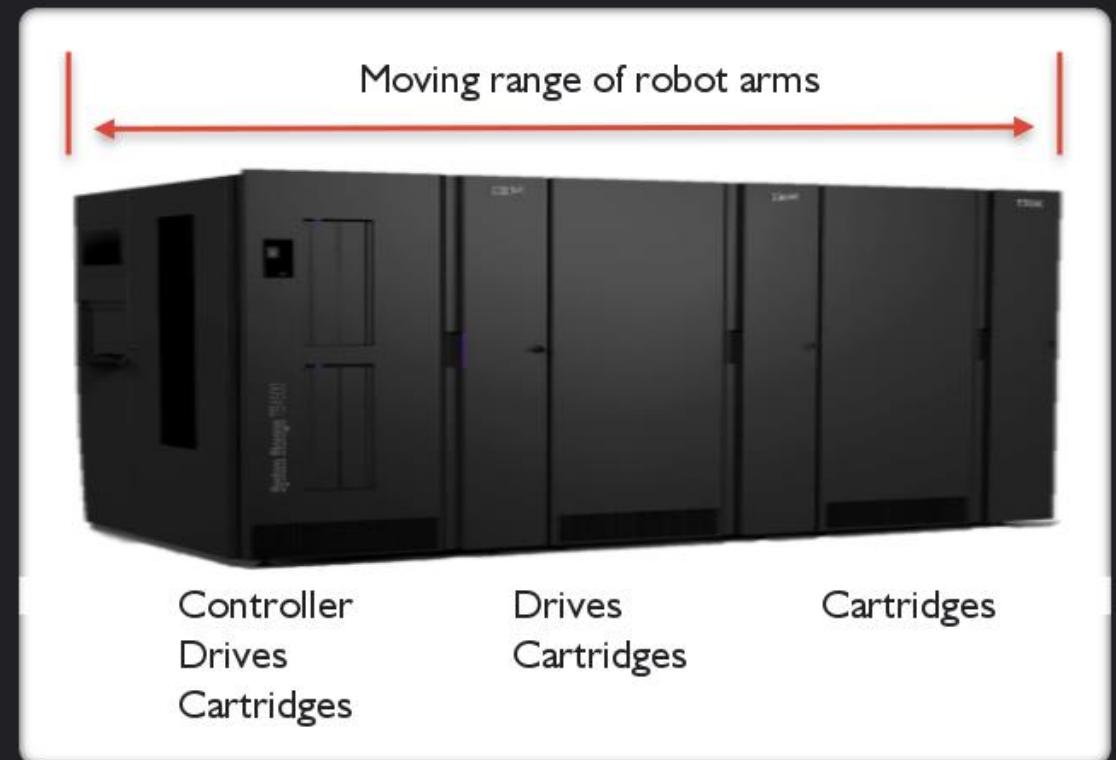
What is JSON?

What have we learned?

Sources

Tape archive system at CERN

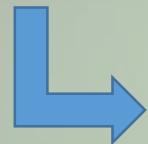
- Permanent storage for physics data
- Currently stores ~340 PB of data
- Using 4 different tape libraries
- Contain ~30 000 tapes
- Using ~100 tape drives



What is Linux?

- Modified UNIX based on Linux core
- The philosophy of UNIX:
 1. Many small programs doing one thing
 2. Output of one program -> input into another program

Linux + GNU utilities = free UNIX



All these small programs
make a distribution





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Linux distributions



Ubuntu, one of the most popular desktop Linux distributions

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Linux distributions

CERN uses CentOS, which is a
free version of RedHat
Enterprise Linux

redhat.



CentOS

Linux commands we used:

```
-bash-4.2$ help
```

Network: ssh

Shells: BASH

Command Information: man

Symbols: |, >, >>,

Filters: grep, less

Hotkeys: <ctrl><c>,

File System: ls, cd, pwd, cat, chmod, cp

File Editors: nano, vim

```
-bash-4.2$ 
```

What is Python?

```
>>> Python_Overview
```

"Open-source programming language, can be used for opening apps"

```
>>> Python_History
```

["early 90s v1.0, Guido Van Rossum", "named after Monty Python"]

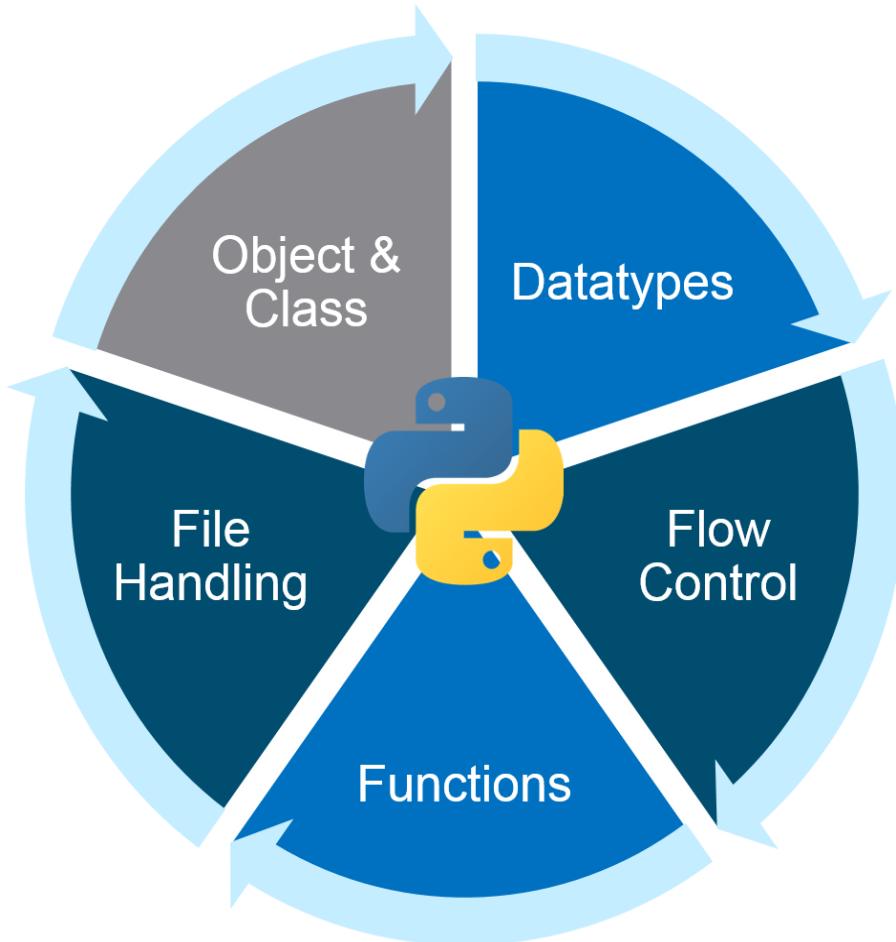
```
>>> Scope_Of_Python
```

{Industry, Science, Administration[Web Dev, UNIX][CGI],
AI[Machine Learning, True AI, Robots]}

```
>>> print (str(Python_Advantages) + ".")
```

Object orientation, INDENTATION, Open-source, Portable, POPULAR,
Easy to use, EASY TO LEARN, Powerful, extensive library of modules

Python Fundamentals



FUNDAMENTALS

Datatypes	Flow Control	Functions	File Handling	Object & Class
Numbers Strings Lists Dictionaries	If Else For While Continue	Definition Function Call Docstring Return	Reading Writing Editing	Variables Functions

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6h

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The PSF
The Python Software Foundation is the organization behind Python. Become a member of the PSF and help advance the software and our mission.

Python Documentation

docs.python.org/3/tutorial/inputoutput.html

stackabuse.com/read-a-file-line-by-line-in-python/

```
40 subor3 = open ("/var/hssip/pasky.json")
41
42 drls = json.loads(subor1.read())
43 sq = json.loads(subor2.read())
44 pasky = json.loads(subor3.read())
45
46
47 for opt, arg in options:
48     if opt in ("-s", "--Status"):
49         statuserror = arg
50     elif opt in ("-l", "--limit"):
51         #print(type(longtimeerror))
52         longtimeerror = int(arg)
53         #print(type(longtimeerror), longtimeerror)
54     elif opt in ("-a", "--average"):
55         averageError = int(arg)
56
57 print ("-----")
58 print ("|      SET UP      |")
59 print ("|Status:", statuserror, "|")
60 print ("|Limit:",longtimeerror, " |")
61 print ("|Average:",averageError, " |")
62 print ("-----")
63
64
65 for obj_drls in drls:
66     status = obj_drls["driveStatus"]
67     since = int(obj_drls["driveStatusSince"])
68
69     if status == "TRANSFERRING" and since > longtimeerror:
70         print("Prekrocený limit (Status mechaniky:",status, ", Cas chodu:",since, ")")
71     else:
72         print("Status mechaniky:",status, ", Cas chodu:",since)
73
74
75 print()
76
77 for obj_sq in sq:
78     mountTypevypis = obj_sq["mountType"]
79     vidvypis = obj_sq["vid"]
80     tapepoolvypis = obj_sq["tapepool"]
81     logicalLibraryvypis = obj_sq["logicalLibrary"]
82     oldestAgevypis = int (obj_sq["oldestAge"])
83
84     if logicalLibraryvypis == "IBM355" and oldestAgevypis > oldestAgeError:
85         IBM355.append(oldestAgevypis)
86     elif logicalLibraryvypis == "IBM455" and oldestAgevypis > oldestAgeError:
87         IBM455.append(oldestAgevypis)
88
89     if oldestAgevypis != (oldestAgeError):
90         print("Mount type: ",mountTypevypis, ", VID: ",vidvypis, ", Tape pool: ",tapepoolvypis, ", Logical Library: ",logicalLibraryvypis, ", Oldest Age: ",oldestAgevypis)
91
92
93 if Average(IBM355) > float (averageError):
94     print ("IBM355 Average:", round(Average(IBM355),2))
95 if Average(IBM455) > float (averageError):
96     print ("IBM455 Average:", round(Average(IBM455),2))
97
98 exit()
```

Our Code



```
print("Anomalies in DRLS file:\n")

for i in DRLS:
    tapestatus = i["driveStatus"]
    tapetime = int(i["driveStatusSince"])
    if tapetime > int(longlimit):
        if tapestatus == str('TRANSFERRING'):
            print("Tapestatus is: ",tapestatus,"      Tapetime equals = ",tapetime)
    if tapetime > int(shortlimit):
        if tapestatus == str('MOUNTING'):
            print("Tapestatus is: ",tapestatus,"      Tapetime equals = ",tapetime)

#SQ file

SQsubor = open("/var/hssip/sq.json")
SQ = json.loads(SQsubor.read())

print("\n\nAnomalies in SQ file - average values:\n")

for i in SQ:
    mountType = i["mountType"]
    vid = i["vid"]
    tapepool = i["tapestool"]
    logicalLibrary = i["logicalLibrary"]
    oldestAge = int(i["oldestAge"])
    if logicalLibrary == 'IBM355':
        if oldestAge > OLDESTSTAGELimit:
            IBM355.append(oldestAge)
    if logicalLibrary == 'IBM455':
        if oldestAge > OLDESTSTAGELimit:
            IBM455.append(oldestAge)

if averagefunction(IBM355) > float(averagevalue):
    print("Average value for IBM355:", averagefunction(IBM355))
if averagefunction(IBM455) > float(averagevalue):
    print("Average value for IBM455:", averagefunction(IBM455))

#PASKY file

PASKYsubor = open("/var/hssip/pasky.json")
PASKY = json.loads(PASKYsubor.read())

print("\n\nAnomalies in PASKY file:\n")

for i in PASKY:
    tapepool = i["tapestool"]
    disabled = i["disabled"]
    full = i["full"]
    rdonly = i["rdonly"]
    vid = i["vid"]
    occupancy = int(i["occupancy"])
    lastfseq = int(i["lastFseq"])
    beginssupply = tapepool[:7]
    if (beginssupply == "supply_") and (disabled or full or rdonly or (occupancy != 0) or (lastfseq != 0)):
        print("vid : ", vid, "      Tapepool : ", tapepool, "      Disabled : ", disabled, "      Full : ", full, "      Rdonly : ", rdonly, "      Occupancy : ", occupancy, "      Lastfseq : ", lastfseq)
        if vidlist != []:
            vidlist.append(vid)
```

Our Code has 3 parts

- 1) Checks that the tape drives are used efficiently
 - Checking the transition and running states
- 2) Checks the length of the tape queues
- 3) Checks the state of the tapes in the supply

```
else:  
    tapeRUNNINGerrorstatus = tapeRUNNINGerrorstatus + 1  
    RUNNINGtapes = 1  
  
elif tapeStatus == "TRANSFERRING":  
    if tapeTime > limitTRANSFERRING:  
        tapeTRANSFERRINGerrordictionary[str(tapeName)] = "Time Error: the time limit exceeded for this long-term-status tape, maintenance needed!"  
        if int(len(tapeTRANSFERRINGerrordictionary.keys())) == 0:  
            tapeTRANSFERRINGerrorstatus = 1  
        else:  
            tapeTRANSFERRINGerrorstatus = tapeTRANSFERRINGerrorstatus + 1  
    TRANSFERRINGtapes = 1  
  
tapeErrorDictionary = dict(tapeTRANSFERRINGerrordictionary, **tapeRUNNINGerrordictionary)  
tapeStatusDictionary = dict(tapeTRANSFERRINGdictionary, **tapeRUNNINGdictionary)  
tapeErrorStatus = tapeTRANSFERRINGerrorstatus + tapeRUNNINGerrorstatus  
  
if tapeErrorStatus > 0:  
    print("\nTime errors detected in the tapes! TimeStatus: NOT OK! " + str(tapeErrorStatus) + " errors detected.")  
elif tapeErrorStatus < 0:  
    print("\n\n\nWow, you broke my programme! Please tell me how you did that. VERY EXTREMELY NOT OK")  
    exit()  
elif tapeErrorStatus == 0:  
    print("\nNo time anomalies in the long and short-term-status tapes. TimeStatus(for them): OK!")  
else:  
    print("\nProgram error! Please be patient")  
    exit()  
  
if TRANSFERRINGtapes == 1:  
    print("\n\nAll your TRANSFERRING errorenous tapes: \n ")  
    print(tapeTRANSFERRINGdictionary)  
    print(tapeTRANSFERRINGerrordictionary)  
    print("\nThe number of TRANSFERRING tapes which are anomalous is " + str(tapeTRANSFERRINGerrorstatus))  
  
if RUNNINGtapes == 1:  
    print(tapeRUNNINGdictionary)  
    print(tapeRUNNINGerrordictionary)  
    print("\nThe number of RUNNING tapes which are anomalous is " + str(tapeRUNNINGerrorstatus))  
  
print("\n\nEvaluation of long and short-term-status tapes done")  
  
print("\n\n\nNow evaluating the state of your stored tapes, please wait :)" )  
  
for blocktext in tapes:  
    tapePool = blocktext["tapepool"]  
    tapePoolSubstr = tapePool[:7]  
    disabled = blocktext["disabled"]  
    vid = blocktext["vid"]  
    full = blocktext["full"]  
    occupancy = blocktext["occupancy"]  
    readOnly = blocktext["readonly"]  
    if tapePoolSubstr == "supply_" and (disabled or full or readOnly or occupancy == 0):  
        if supplyList == []:  
            supplyList = [vid]  
        else:  
            supplyList.append(vid)  
    print ("Data of your error tapes: \nVid: " + vid + "\nDisabled: " + str(disabled) + "\nFull: " + str(full) + "\nOccupancy: " + occupancy + "\nReadOnly: " + str(readOnly) + "\nTapePool: " + tapePool + "\n")
```

We used the following data types

- Boolean bool(True, False)
- Number int(9) or float(42.21)
- String str("Hello!")
- List list[val1, val2, val3, ...]
- Dictionary dict(key1:value1, key2:value2)



What have we learned?

Tape data storage

- Principles and functions
- Libraries, drives, tapes and their statuses
- What are anomalies and how to detect them

Programming

- Commands
- Data types
- Using modules
- Handling json files

HSSIP

- CERN mission, particle physics, detectors and colliders, scientific society...
- Eat fondue
- New people
- Geneva and its attractions



Sources

<https://www.python.org/doc/essays/blurb/>

http://openbookproject.net/courses/intro2ict/system/os_intro.html

https://personalpages.manchester.ac.uk/staff/m.dodge/cybergeography/atlas/linux_anatomy.pdf

<https://www.kernel.org/category/faq.html>

<http://timelessrepo.com/json-isnt-a-javascript-subset>



Nous vous remercions
pour votre attention

