



CLIC- Beam Physics Meeting 25/11/2009

#### R. Mutzner

- Multi-particle tracking code including multi-bunch effects (long range)
- Simulation done for both 3TeV and 500GeV cases
- Stainless steel and copper pipes
- Initial arbitrary offset, classical wake function (later compared with a more detailed model):

$$W(z) = \frac{cZ_0}{\pi b^3} \sqrt{\frac{1}{Z_0 \sigma_r \pi z}}$$

- Different aperture models were used for simulations:
  - 1. Constant radius along the BDS (3TeV and 500GeV)
  - 2. Realistic aperture model (3TeV)
  - 3. Aperture model+collimators (spoilers and absorbers) at 3TeV





About Results

$$\Delta y'_i \propto N_e \sum_{n=1}^{N-i-1} W_{tr} (nc\Delta t_b) \langle y \rangle_n$$

Last bunch feels the effect of all the preceding bunches

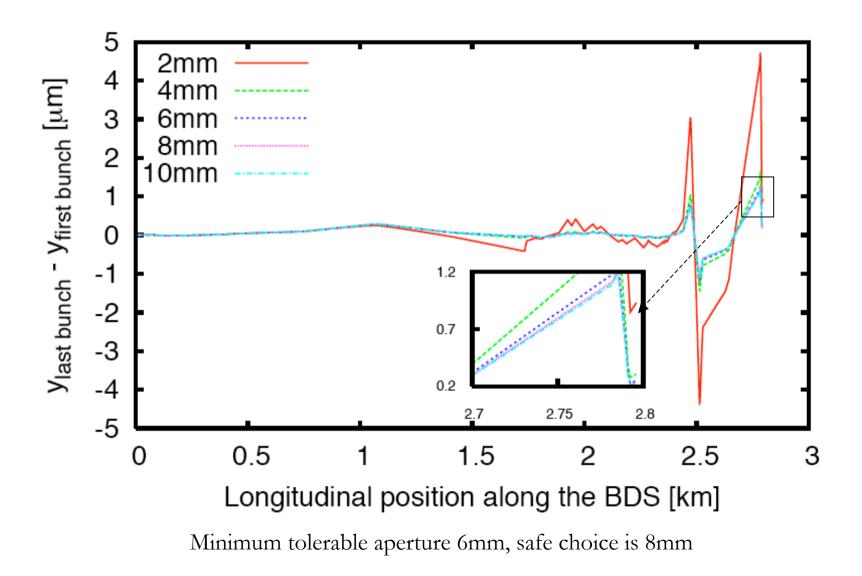
Plots: we display the difference between the offsets of the last bunch and the first bunch (unaffected by the wake, reference)

Effect becomes negligible when the difference in offsets are converging to the same value for different radii





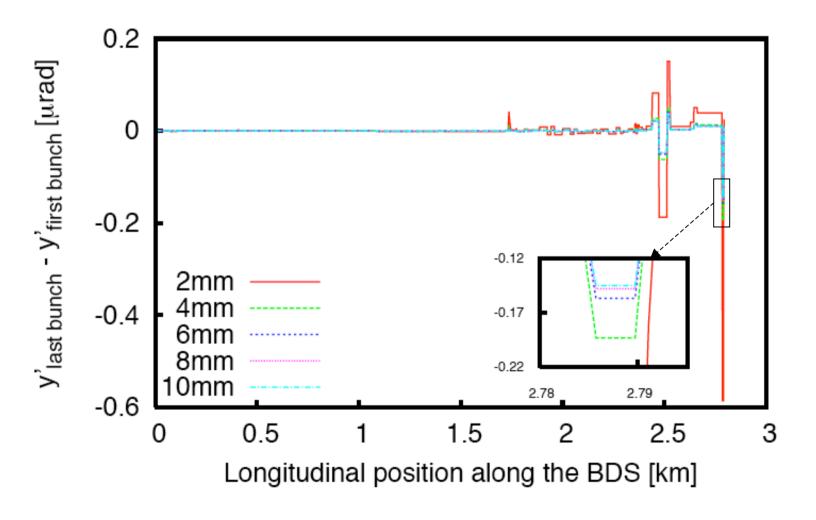
3TeV copper - constant radius





3TeV copper - constant radius (angles)



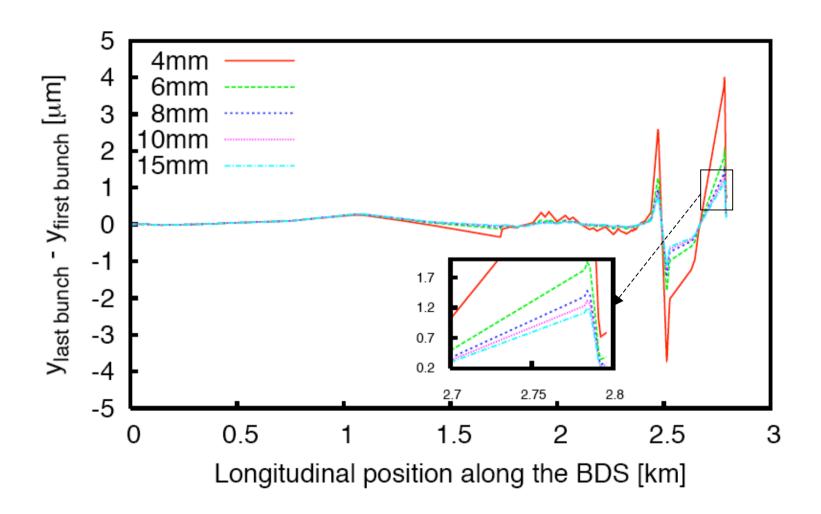


Same result with angles: 6mm, 8mm safer



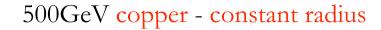


3TeV stainless steel - constant radius

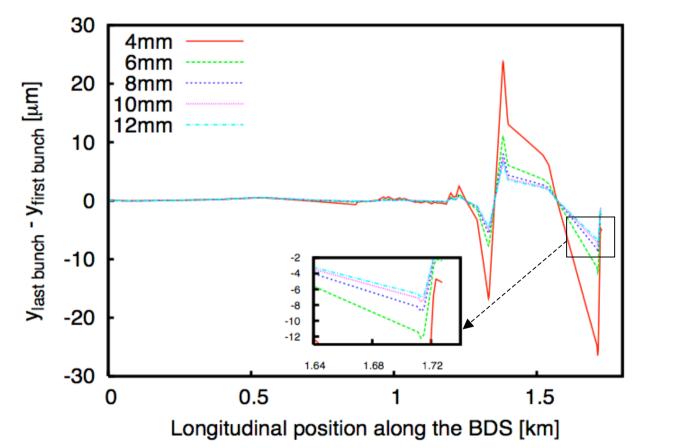


Minimum aperture 10mm, safer choice is 12mm









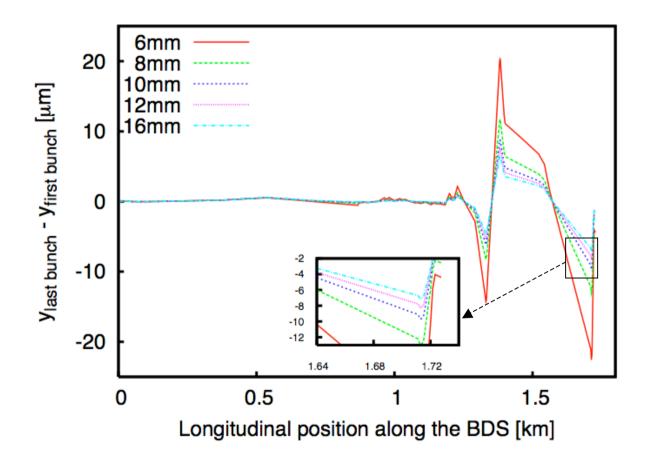
- different beta functions
- lower energy: factor 6
- shorter system
- more bunches

Minimum aperture: 10mm or 12mm





500GeV stainless steel - constant radius



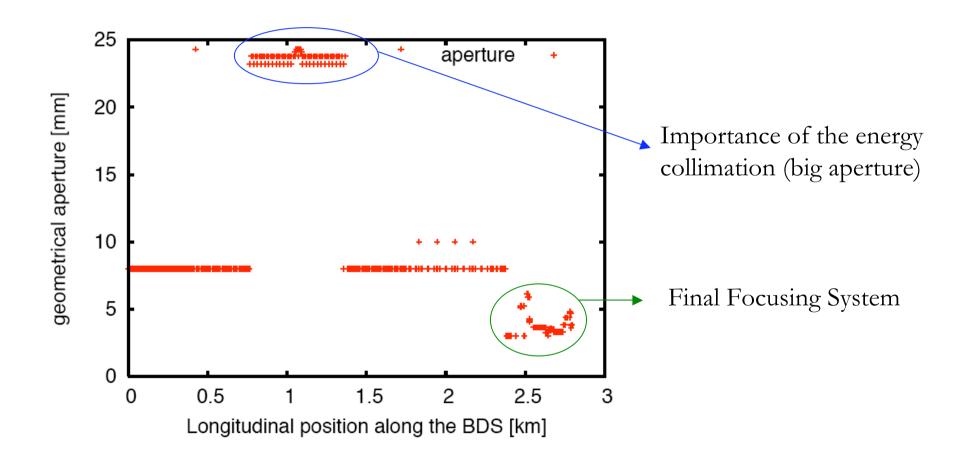
- different beta functions
- lower energy: factor 6
- shorter system
- more bunches

Minimum aperture: 12mm, 14mm safer





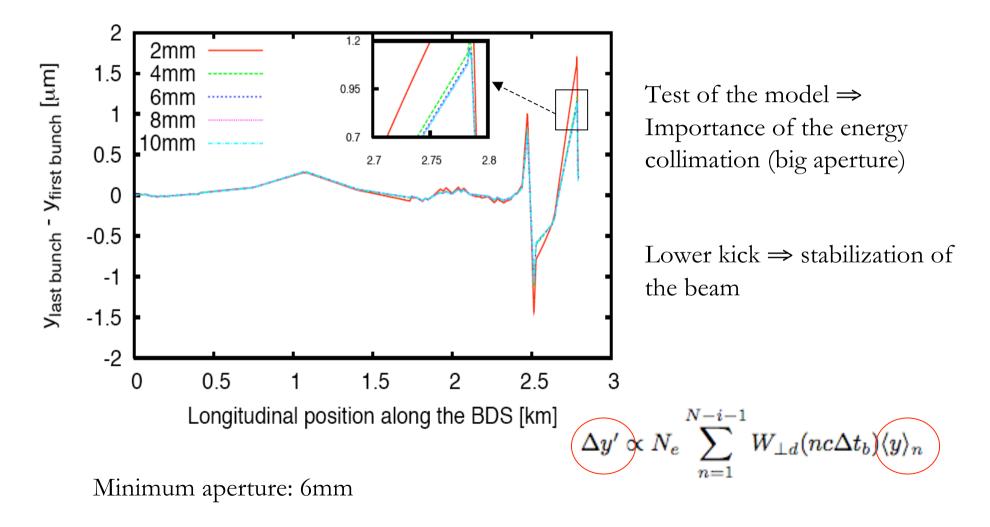
Step 2: 3TeV realistic aperture model







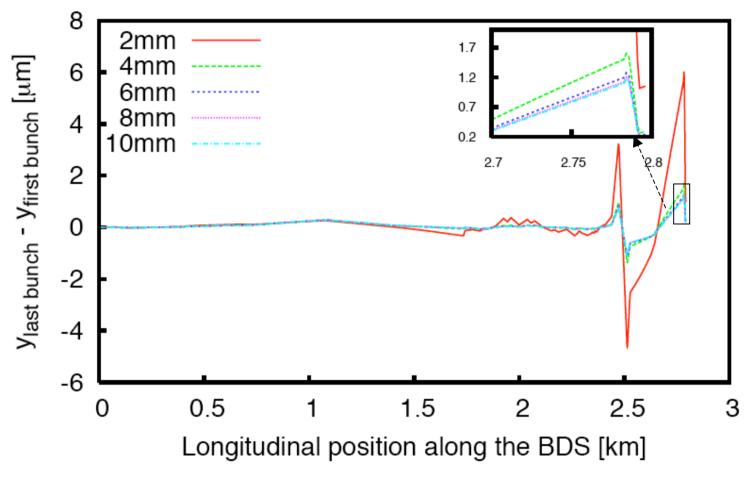
3TeV copper - realistic aperture model







3TeV stainless steel - realistic perture model

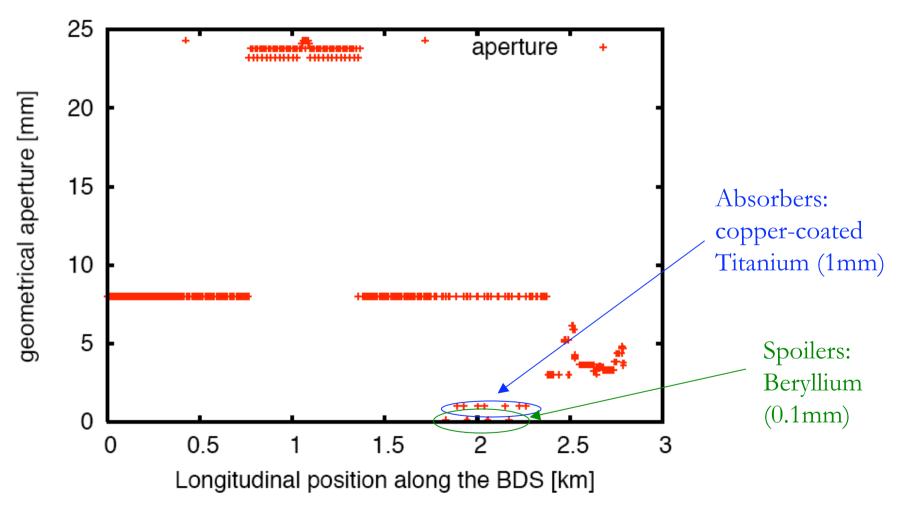


Minimum aperture: 8mm



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Step 3: 3TeV realistic aperture model + collimators

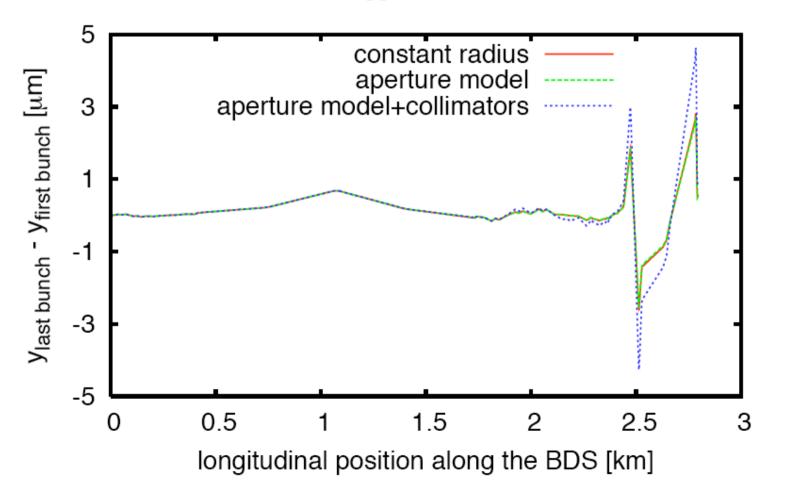






Effect of the aperture model and the collimators

3TeV - copper - 6mm

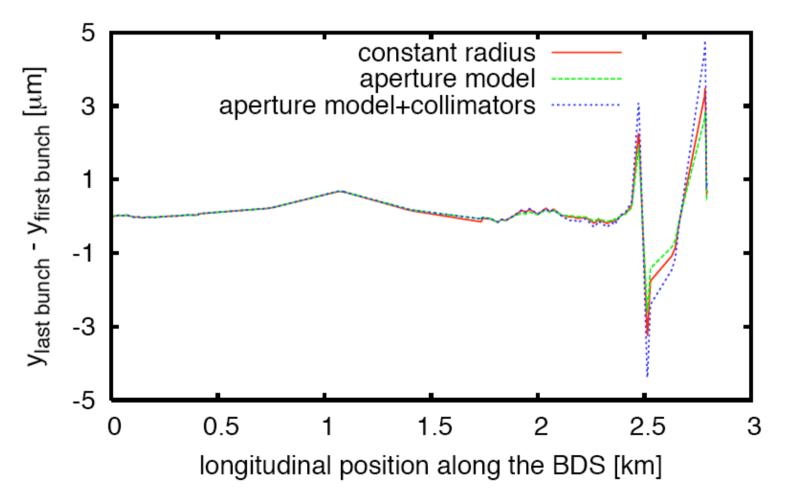






Effect of the aperture model and the collimators

3TeV - stainless steel - 6mm







Resume:

Е	model	copper	Stainless steel
500GeV	Constant radius	10mm	12mm
3TeV	Constant radius	8mm	10mm
	Aperture model	6mm	8mm
	Aperture model + collimators	8mm (?)	10mm (?)

What's next?

1. implement the wake fields calculated by N. Mounet into the code (instead of classical formula), it may play a role for the collimators

2. aperture model for 500GeV

3. simulations for 1TeV

4. compare results with analytical model of D. Schulte

5. Single bunch effects (point 1 very important)



Numerical problem ?



