



## Hard Probes 2020

June 1-6, 2020, Austin, TEXAS.

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# Modification of $W$ +jet in Heavy ion collisions

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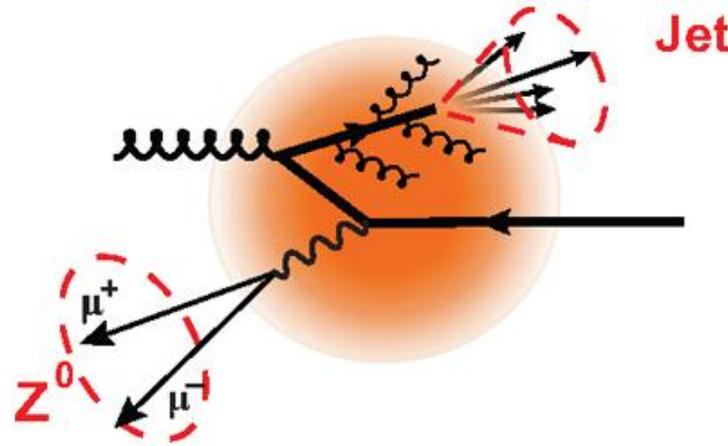
Hard Probe 2020, Online,  
June 3rd, 2020

- Introduction
- Jet production within Sherpa
- Jet propagation within a Linear Boltzmann Transport (LBT) model
- Numerical results
- Summary

- Z/W+jet: Golden channel to study jet quenching.

V. Kartvelishvili, R. Kvatadze and R. Shanidze, Phys. Lett. B 356, 589 (1995)

- High energy parton from hard scattering lose energy due to strong interactions.



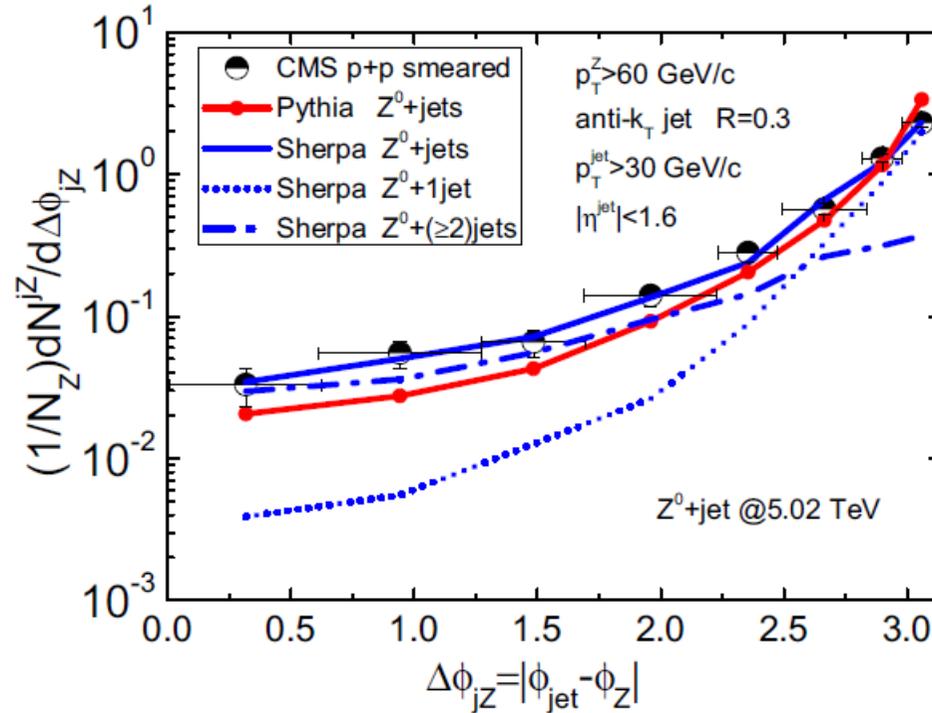
- Mean-free-path of Z/W boson is longer than the size of QGP.
  - Z/W boson will not participate in strong interactions directly.
  - Large fraction of quark jets (> 70%).
  - No fragmentation contributions due to large mass.
- Important background to new physics, e.g. tops and Higgs.

# Z+jet correlations in pp



- Z+jet azimuthal angle correlations

Shan-Liang Zhang, T. Luo, X. N. Wang and B. W. Zhang, Phys.Rev. C98 (2018) 021901



- NLO calculations suffer divergency at  $\Delta\phi_{jZ} \approx \pi$ .
- LO+PS calculations underestimate in  $\Delta\phi_{jZ} < 2$ .
- We adopt NLO+PS and Eloss to study Z+jet correlations.

Sherpa: Simulate of High-Energy Reactions of PArticles in the SM.

Merging schemes are provided to calculate multijets.

T. Gleisberg, S. Hoeche, F. Krauss, M. Schonherr, S. Schumann, F. Siegert and J. Winter, JHEP **0902**, 007 (2009);  
S. Hoeche, F. Krauss, S. Schumann and F. S, JHEP 0905, 053 (2009); JHEP 1108, 123 (2011); JHEP 1304, 027 (2013).

- Low multiplicities: NLO matched to the parton shower.
- High multiplicities: LO merged on the parton shower.

Matching scheme can be simply formulated as:

$$\langle O \rangle^{(Nl\sigma Ps)} = \int d\Phi_B [B + \tilde{V} + I^S] (\Phi_B) \tilde{P}S_B(\mu_Q^2, O) \\ + \int d\Phi_R [R - D^S] (\Phi_R) \tilde{P}S_R(t_R, O)$$

- B,  $\tilde{V}$  and R is born, virtual and real terms respectively.
- D ( $I^S = \int d\Phi_1 D^{(S)}$ ) is the (Integrated) subtraction term.
- $\tilde{P}S$ : the parton shower branch.

Sherpa: Gauge boson( $\gamma, Z, W$ ) + jets, b(c) jets, tops, Higgs...

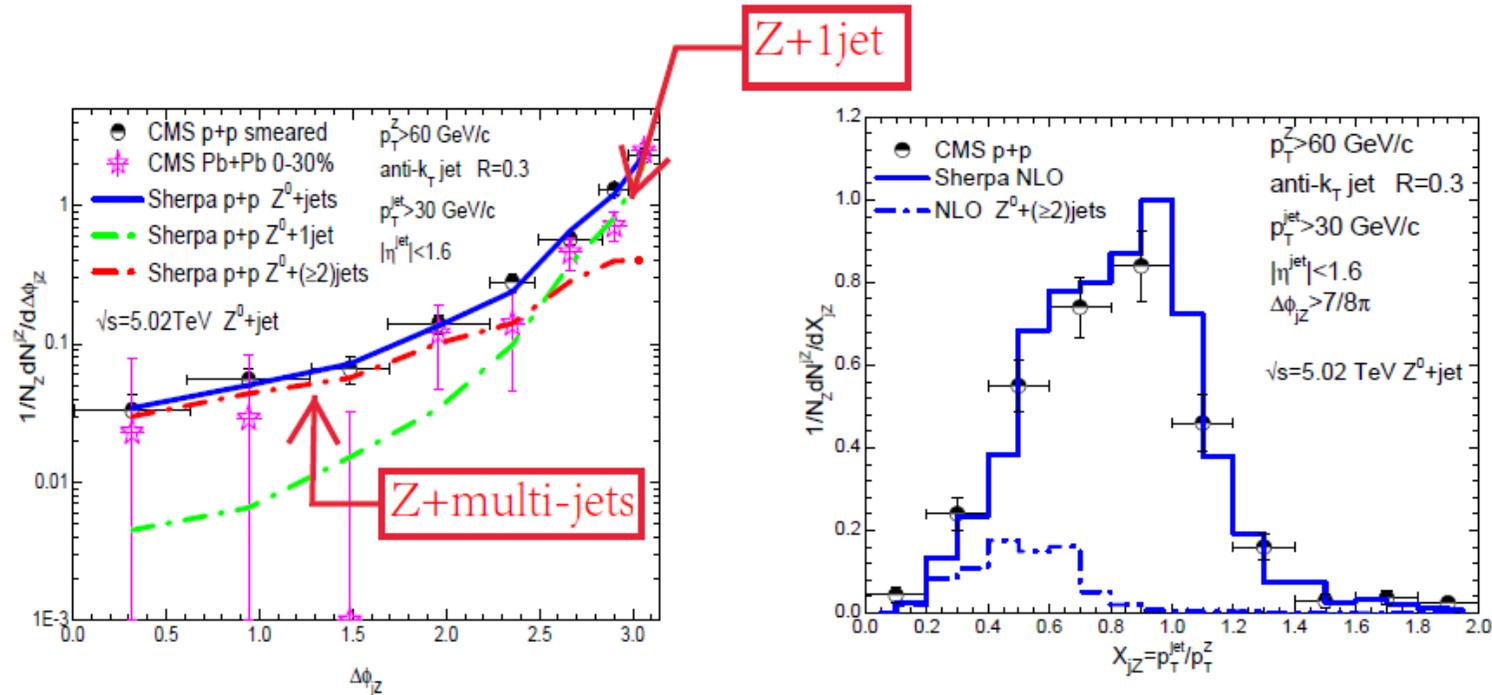
# Z+jets in pp collisions with Sherpa



- Z+jet correlations in p+p collisions.

Loop ME: OpenLoops. F. Cascioli, P. Maierhofer and S. Pozzorini, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 111601

PDF: CETQ14nlo.

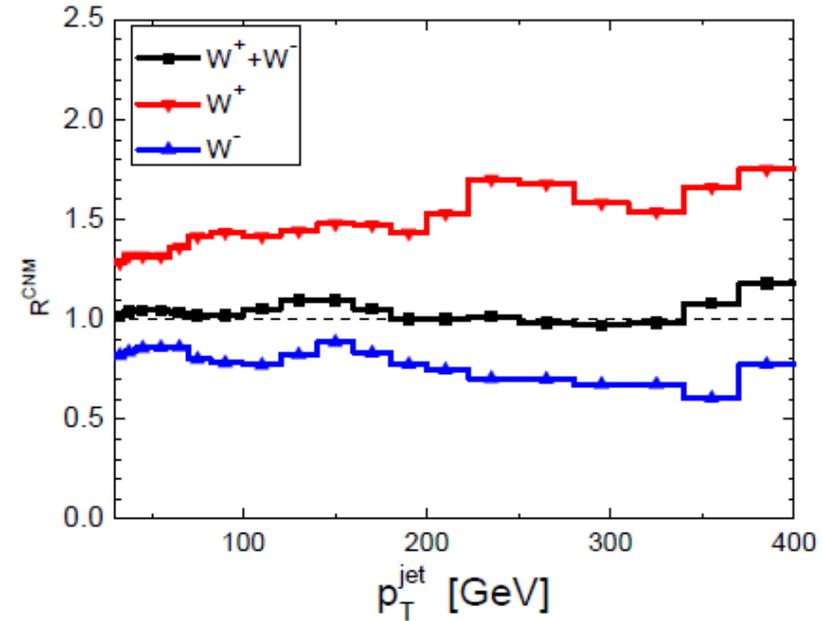
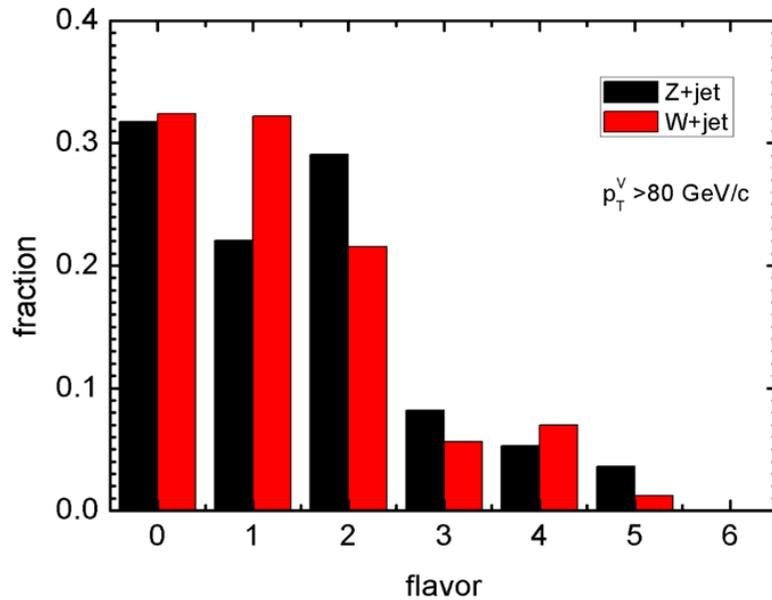


- NLO matched PS calculations show excellent agreement with experimental data in p+p collisions.

# Production mechanism of W+jets



- Leading parton flavor fraction and CNM effect.



W carry charge, and change the flavor of the parton .

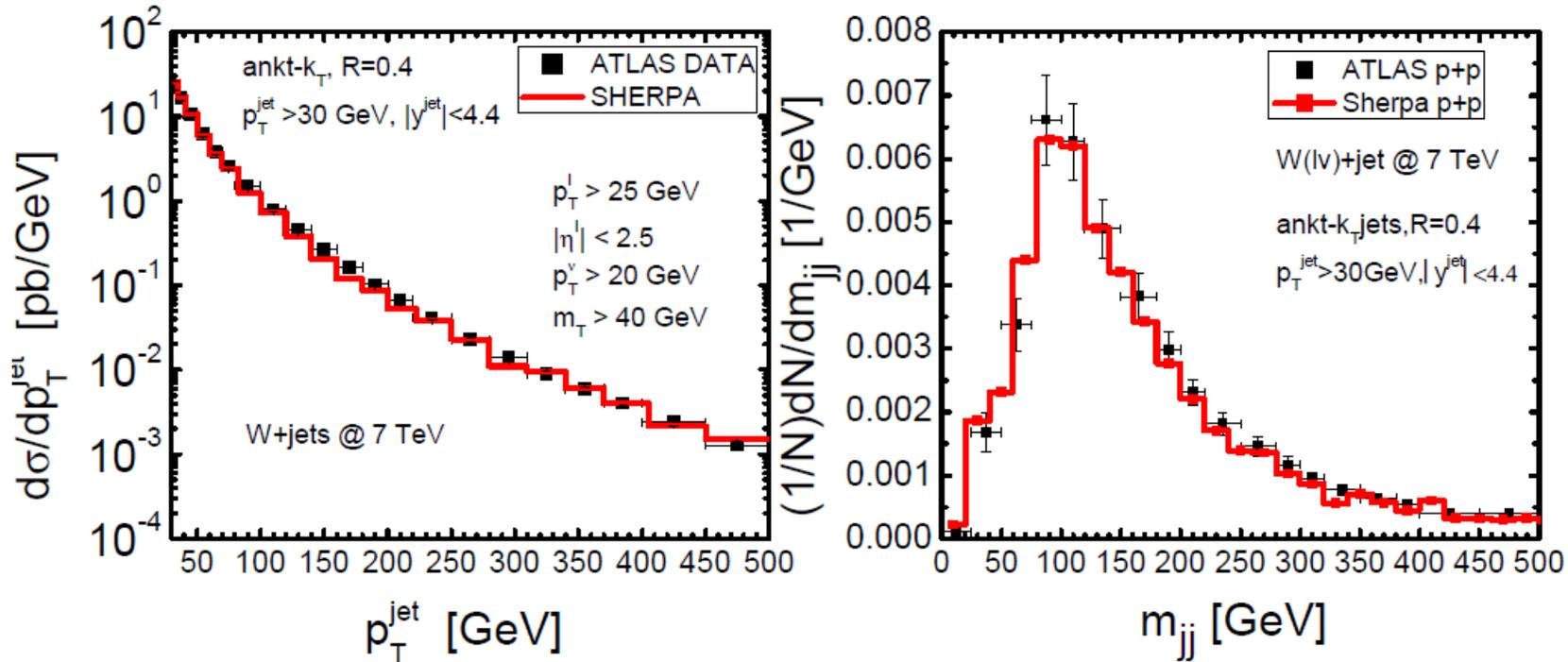
CNM has negligible effect on W+jets spectrums.

- $W^+$  is enhanced;
- $W^-$  is suppressed due to CNM.

# Production mechanism of W+jets

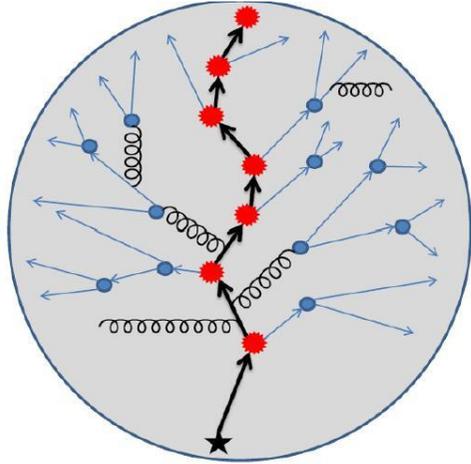


- Comparison with experimental data.



Well agreements with experimental data.

# Linear Boltzmann Transport (LBT) model



Medium Excitation

## Linear Boltzmann jet Transport

- Elastic collision + Induced gluon radiation.
- Follow the propagation of recoiled parton.
- Back reaction of the Boltzmann transport.

H. Li, F. L, G. I. Ma, X. N. W and Y. Z, PhysRevLett.106.012301;  
 X. N. Wang and Y. Zhu, PhysRevLett.111.062301;  
 Y. He, T. Luo, X. N. Wang and Y. Zhu, PhysRevC.91.054908.

$$p_1 \cdot \partial f_a(p_1) = - \int \frac{d^3 p_2}{(2\pi)^3 2E_2} \int \frac{d^3 p_3}{(2\pi)^3 2E_3} \int \frac{d^3 p_4}{(2\pi)^3 2E_4} \times \frac{1}{2} \sum_{b(c,d)} [f_a(p_1) f_b(p_2) - f_c(p_3) f_d(p_4)] |M_{ab \rightarrow cd}|^2 \times S_2(s, t, u) (2\pi)^4 \delta^4(p_1 + p_2 - p_3 - p_4)$$

Elastic Scattering--Complete set of 2-2 scattering processes.

Radiation--Higher Twist: Guo and Wang (2000), Zhang, Wang and Wang (2004),Majumder (2012).

$$\frac{dN_g}{dx dk_{\perp}^2 dt} = \frac{2\alpha_s C_A P(x) k_{\perp}^4}{\pi(k_{\perp}^2 + x^2 M^2)^4} \hat{q} \sin^2 \left( \frac{t-t_i}{2\tau_f} \right)$$

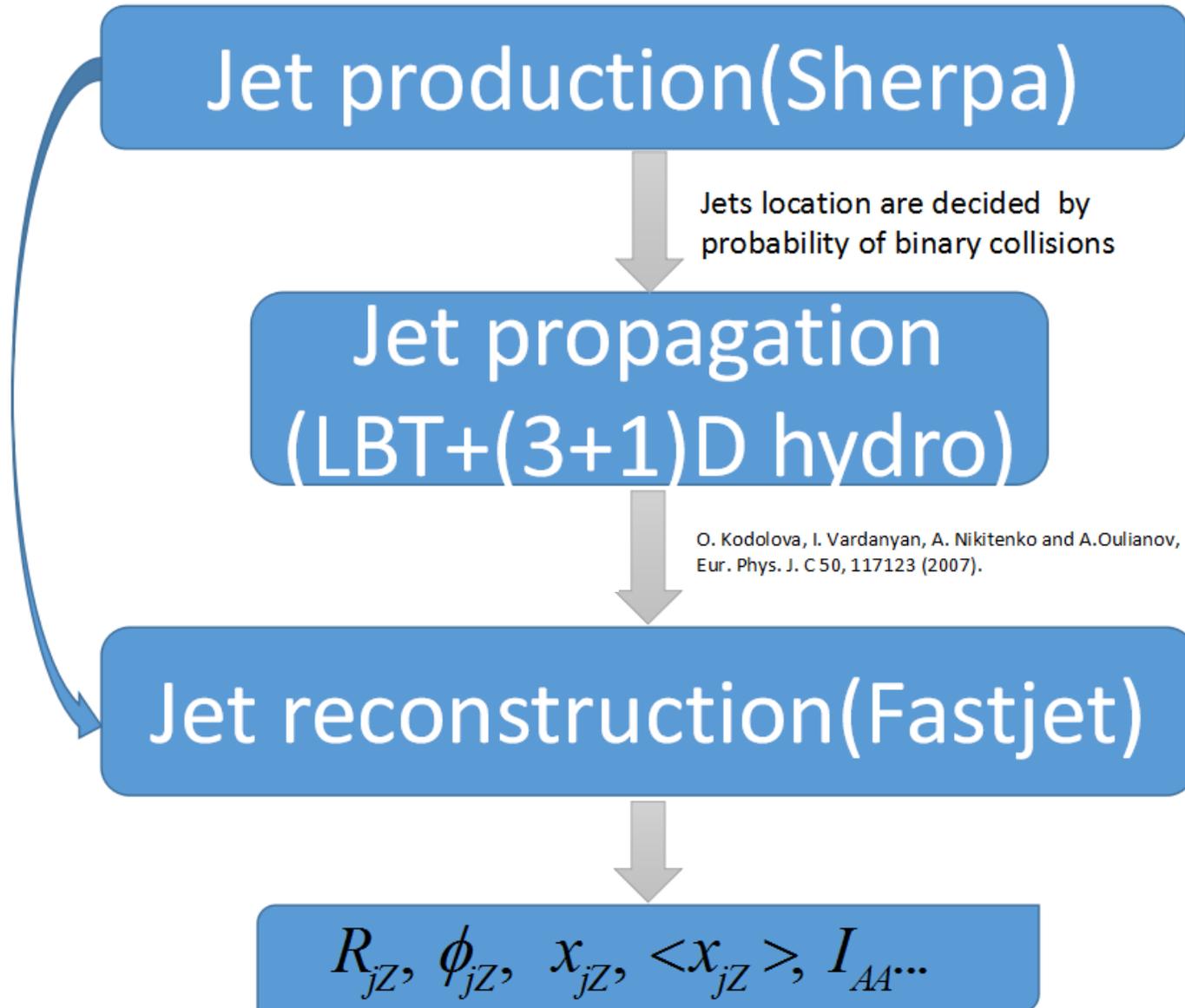
LBT: light/heavy flavor hadron, single inclusive jets,  $\gamma$ -hadron/jet,Z-jet.

T. Luo, S. Cao, Y. He and X. N. Wang, arXiv:1803.06785;

W. Chen, S. Cao, T. Luo, L. G. Pang and X. N. Wang, Phys. Lett. B 777, 86 (2018);

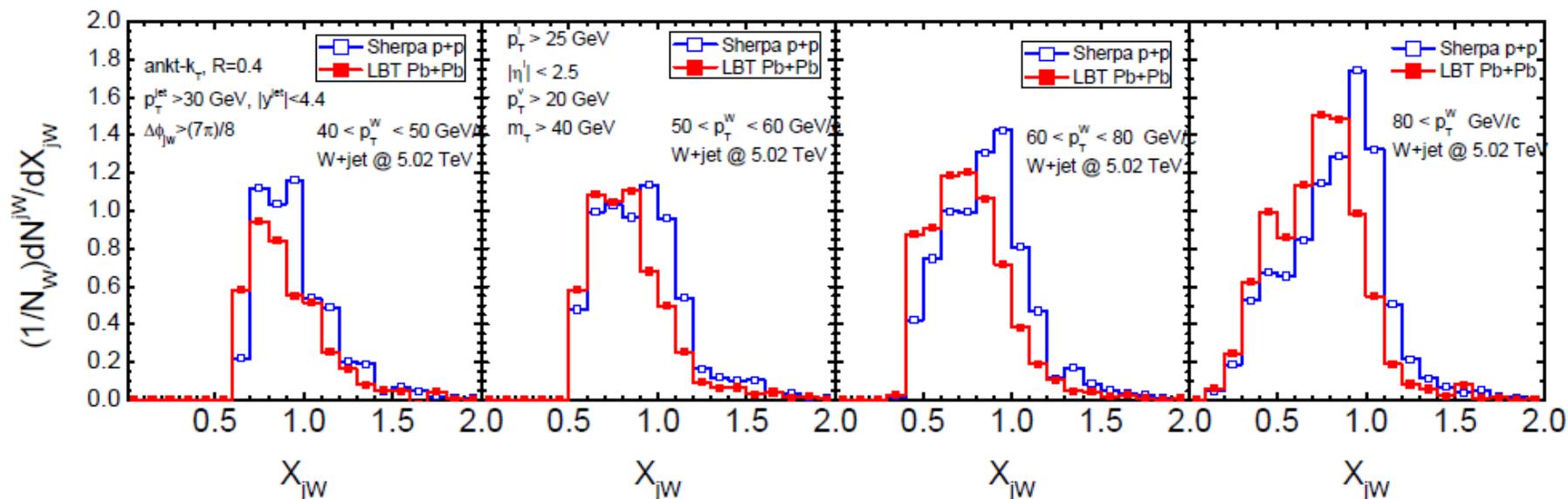
S. Cao, T. Luo, G. Y. Qin and X. N. Wang, Phys. Rev. C 94, no. 1, 014909 (2016).

S Zhang, T Luo, X Wang, BWZ, PRC 98 (2018) 021901(R)



# W+jet asymmetry

- Shift of momentum imbalance  $x_{jW} = p_T^{jet} / p_T^W$



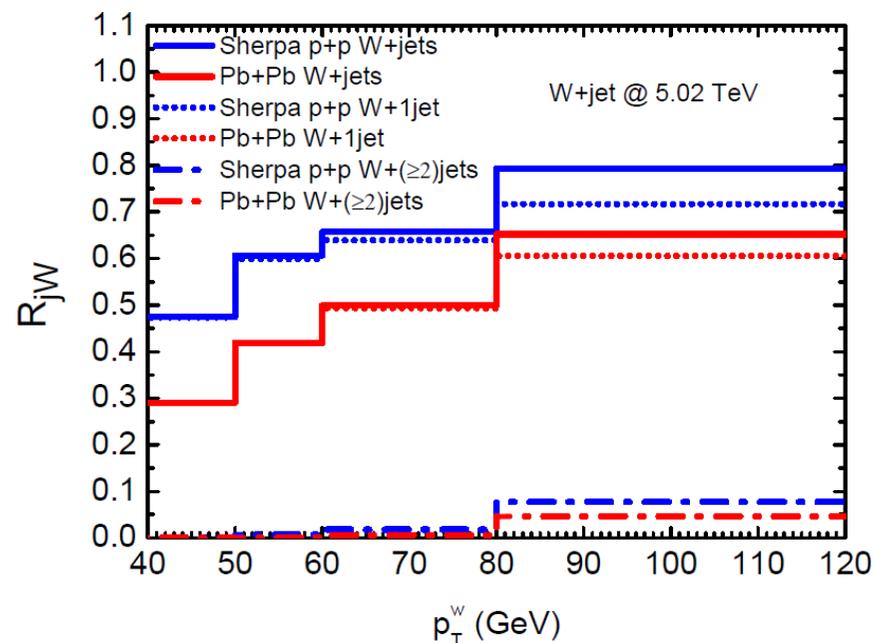
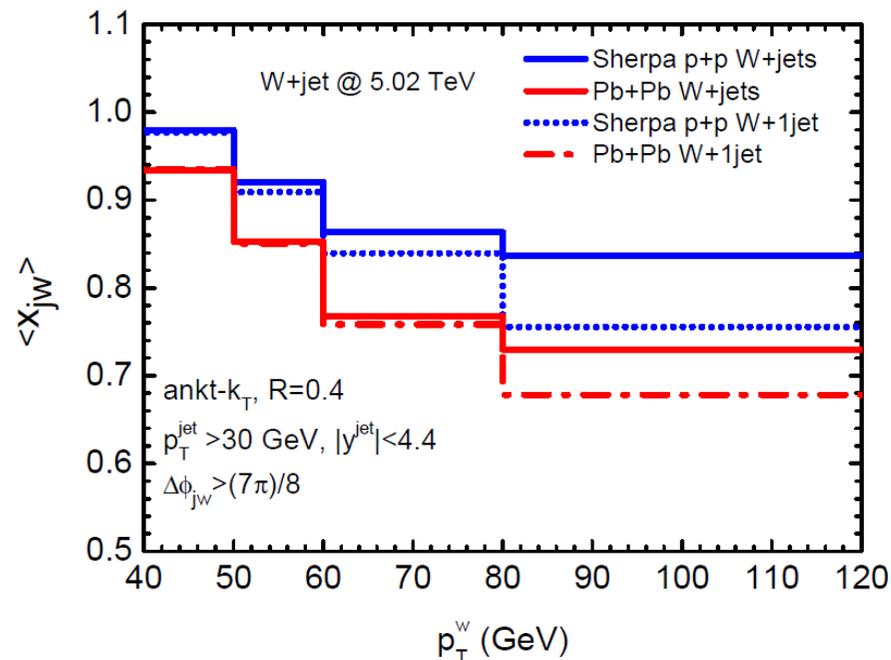
$x_{jW}$  is shifted to smaller value.

- Transverse momentum of W boson is unattenuated.
- Jet transverse momentum is modified by medium.

# Mean value of momentum imbalance



- Reduction of mean value of momentum imbalance and jet partners.

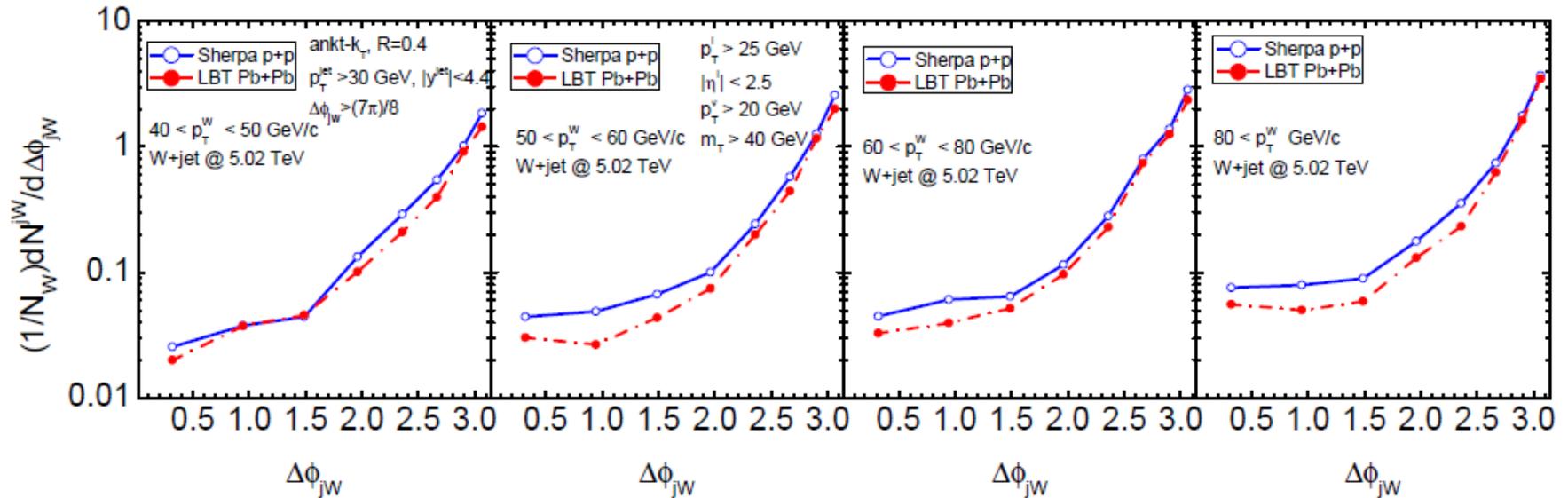
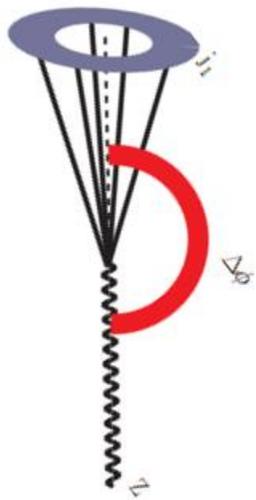


$p_T^W$ (GeV)	40-50	50-60	60-80	80-120
$\Delta\langle x_{jW} \rangle$	0.04514	0.06784	0.09568	0.10666
$\Delta\langle x_{jW} \rangle / \langle x_{jW} \rangle_{pp}$	4.6%	7.4%	11.1%	12.8%

# W+jet azimuthal angle correlations

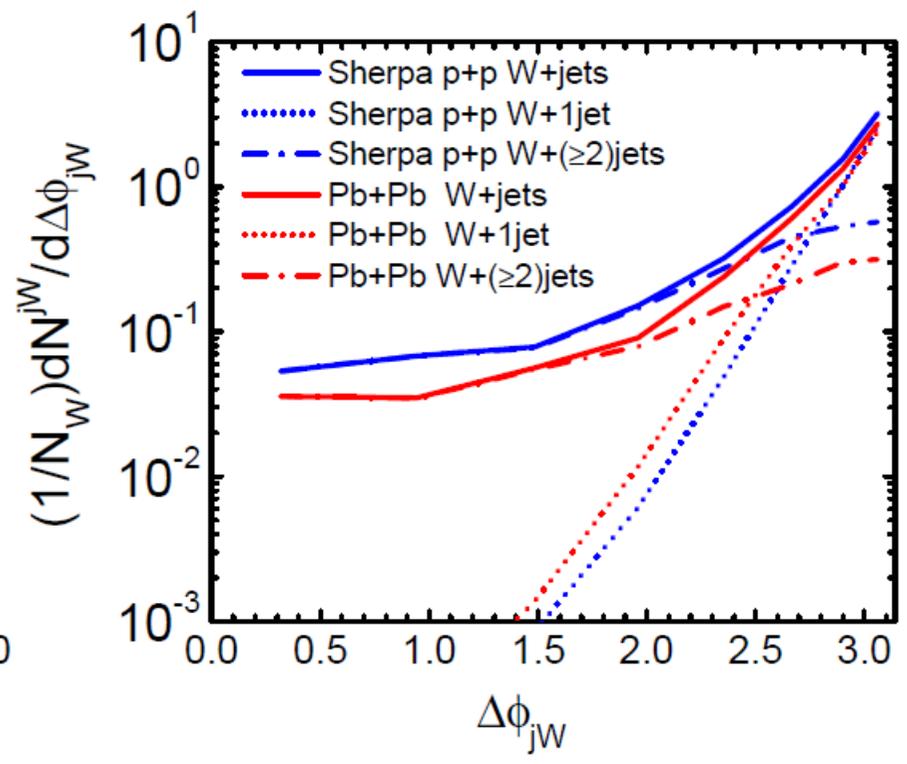
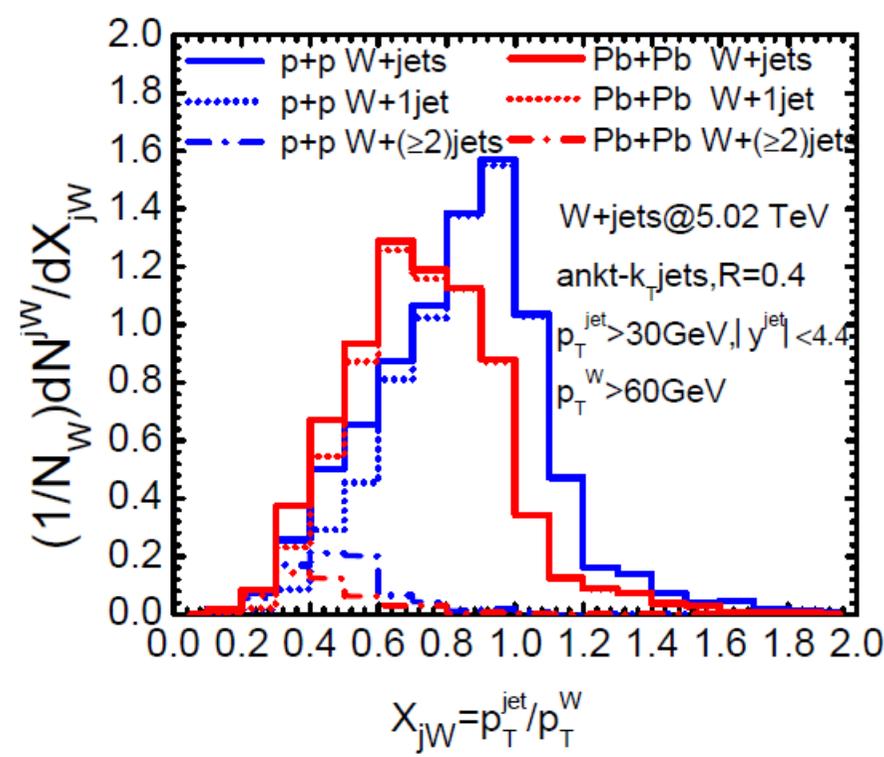
- The suppression of :

$$\Delta\phi_{jW} = |\phi_j - \phi_W|$$



$\Delta\phi_{jW}$  is moderately suppressed in Pb+Pb collisions.

# The modification of W+jet correlations due to multi-jets

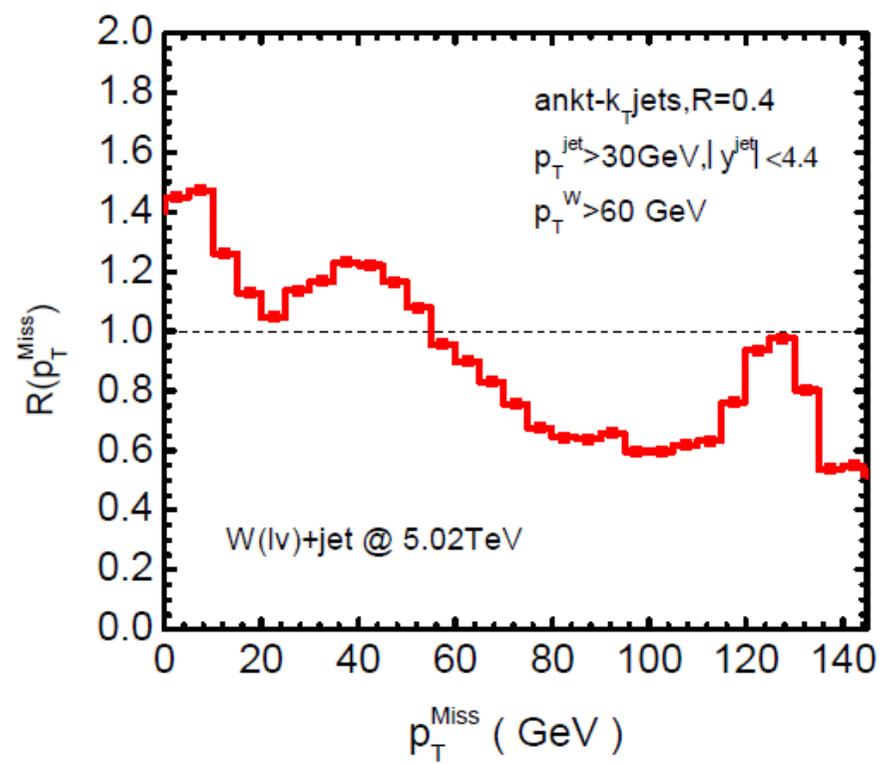
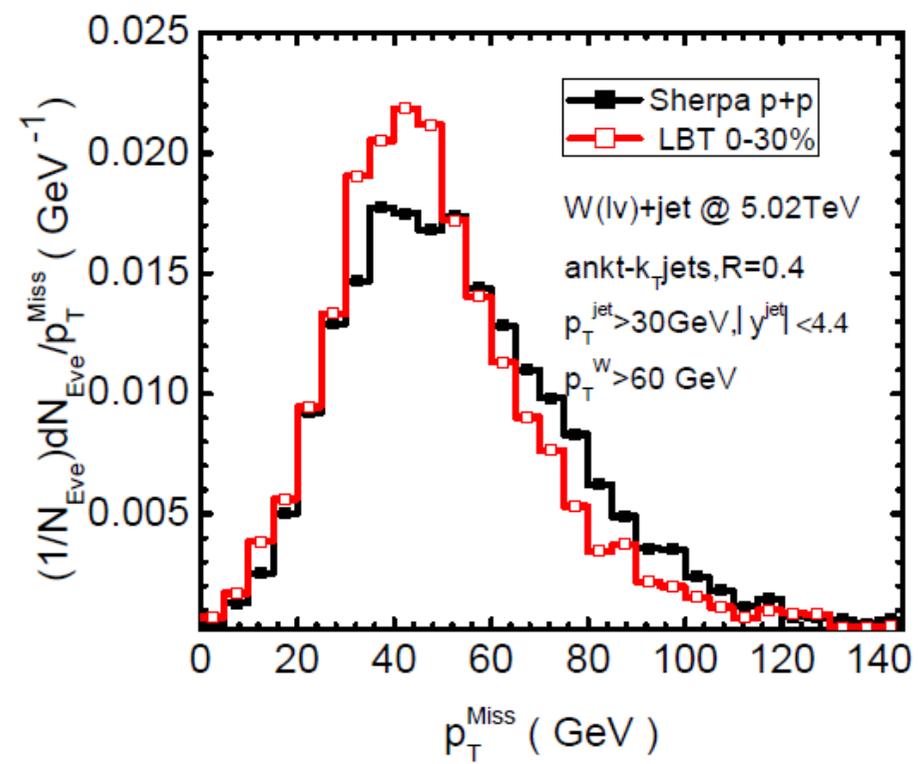


- Multi-jets have almost 50% contributions in  $x_{jW} < 0.5$  region.
- $\Delta\phi_{jW}$  is moderately suppressed in Pb+Pb collisions, almost a constant.
  - The suppression of W+1 jet angle correlations is mild.
  - W+multi-jets angle correlations is considerably suppressed.

# Energy missing of W+jets

- The suppression of energy missing:  $\vec{p}_T^{Miss} = -(\vec{p}_T^l + \sum \vec{p}_T^{jets})$

$$R_{AA}(p_T^{Miss}) = \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{dN^{AA}/dp_T^{Miss}}{dN^{pp}/dp_T^{Miss}}$$



Jets lose energy in the opposite direction of the neutrino or W boson.

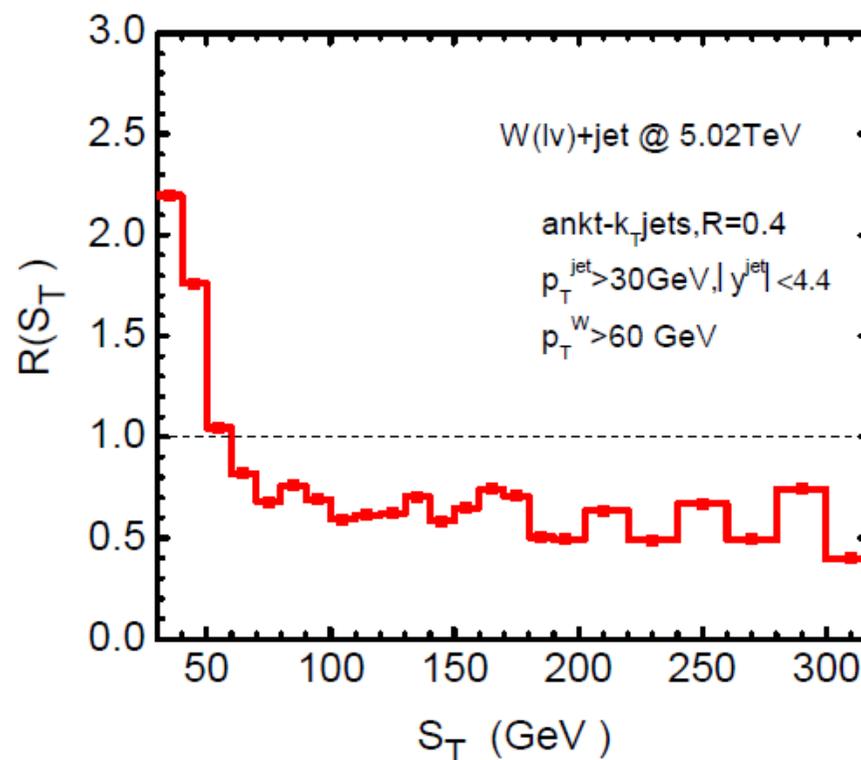
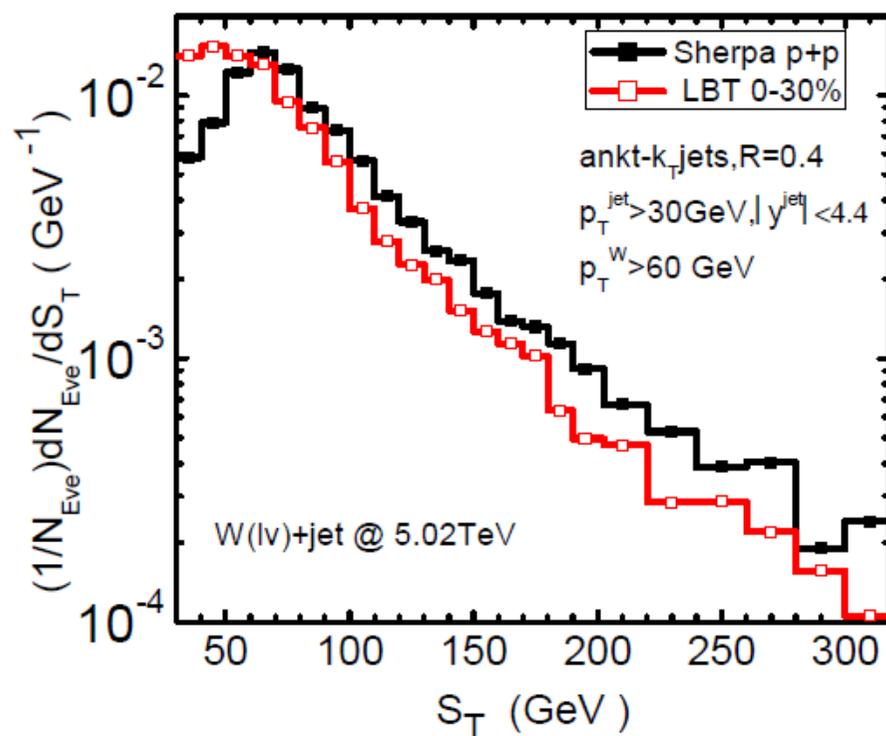
# W+jets transverse momentum modification



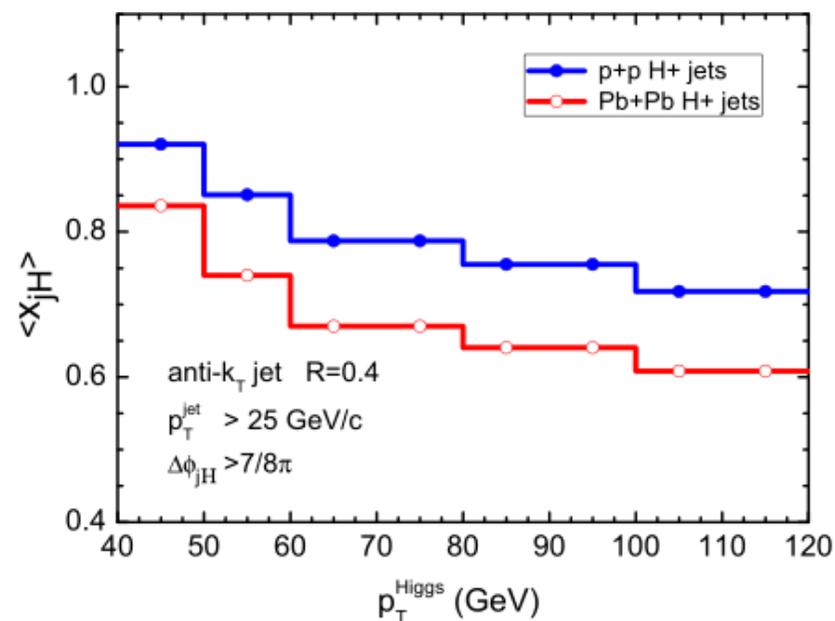
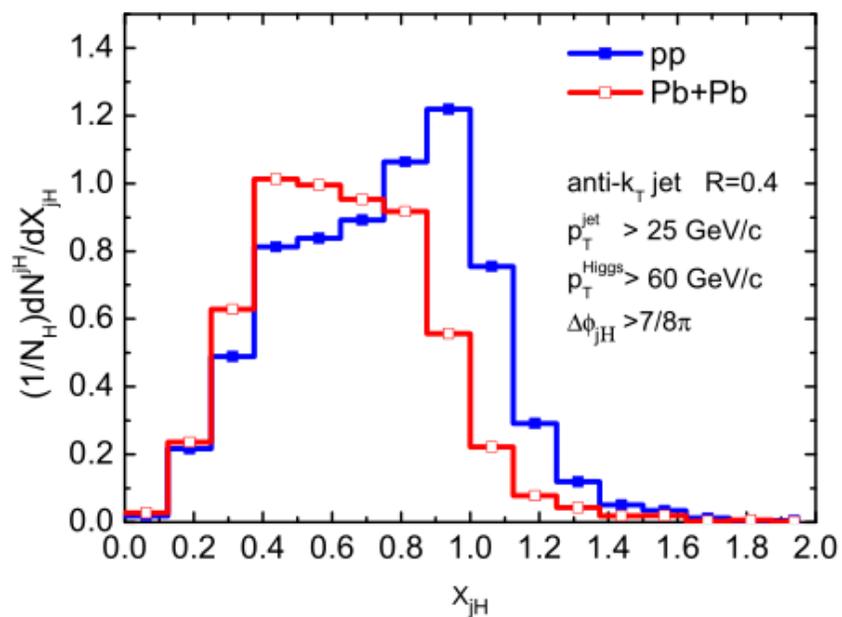
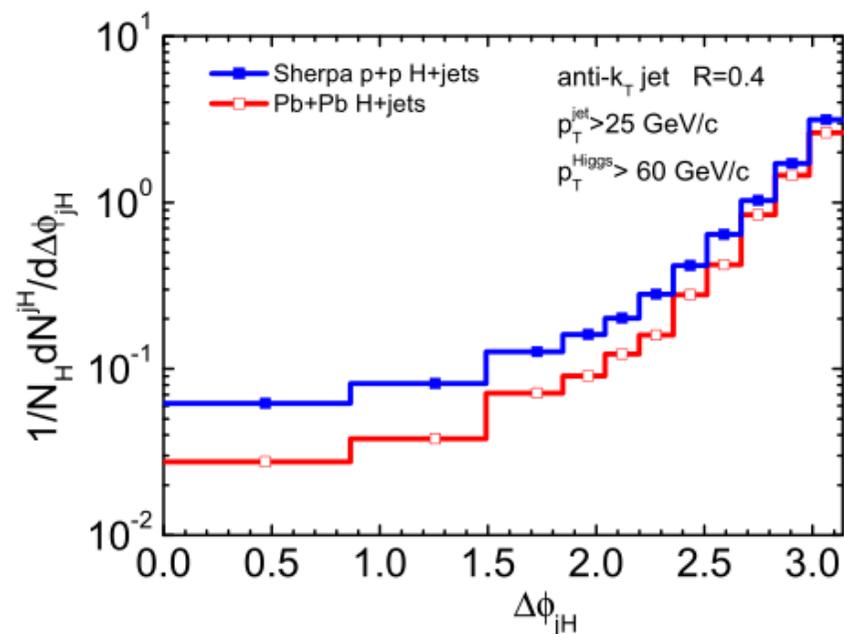
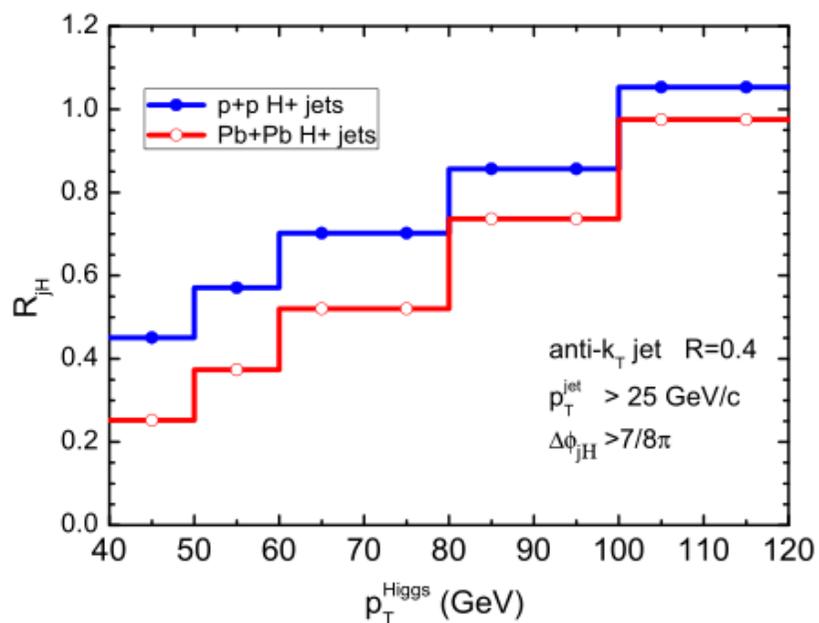
- The suppression of energy total transverse energy:

$$S_T = \sum p_T^{jets}$$

$$R_{AA}(S_T) = \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{dN^{AA}/dS_T}{dN^{pp}/dS_T}$$



# H+jets correlations



Z/W+jet correlation in Pb+Pb at the LHC is studied by combining NLO+PS in Sherpa for initial Z/W+jet production and LBT for jet propagation in the expanding QGP from 3+1D hydrodynamics.

- $x_{jW}$  is shifted to smaller value and  $R_{jW}$  is smaller in Pb+Pb.  
Large fraction of jets lose energy and fall below 30 GeV threshold.
- $\Delta\phi_{jW}$  is moderately suppressed in Pb+Pb collisions.  
Suppression of multijets lead to the modification of W+jet angle correlations.
- $S_T$  and  $p_T^{Miss}$  are shifted to smaller value .  
Jets lose energy at the opposite direction of W boson.

Thanks for your attention!

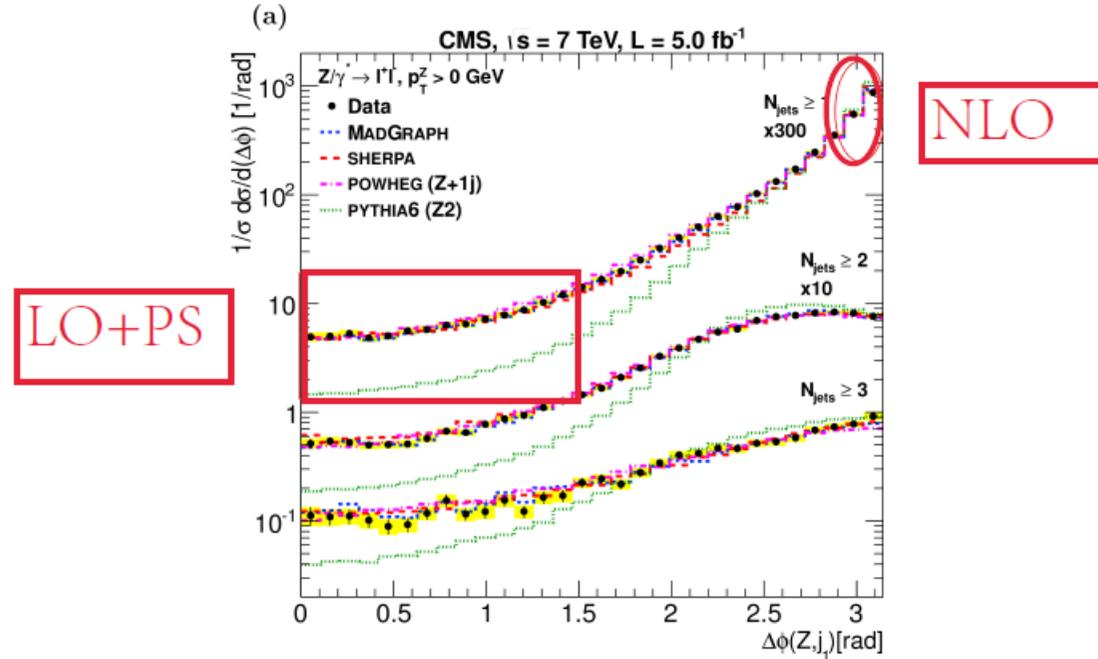
# Backup

# Z+jet correlations in pp



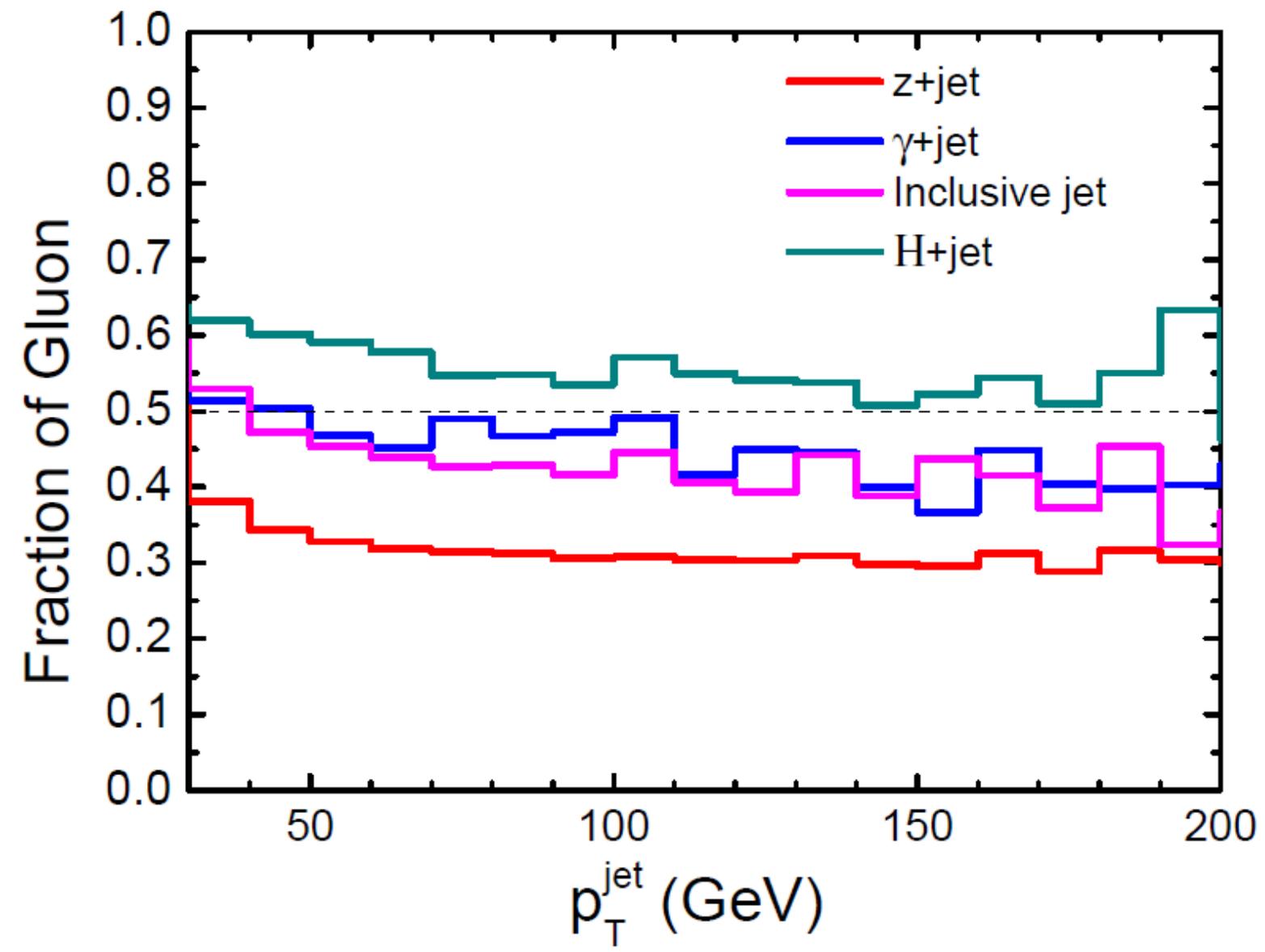
- Z+jet azimuthal angle correlations

S. Chatrchyan et al. [CMS Collaboration], Phys. Lett. B **722**, 238 (2013)



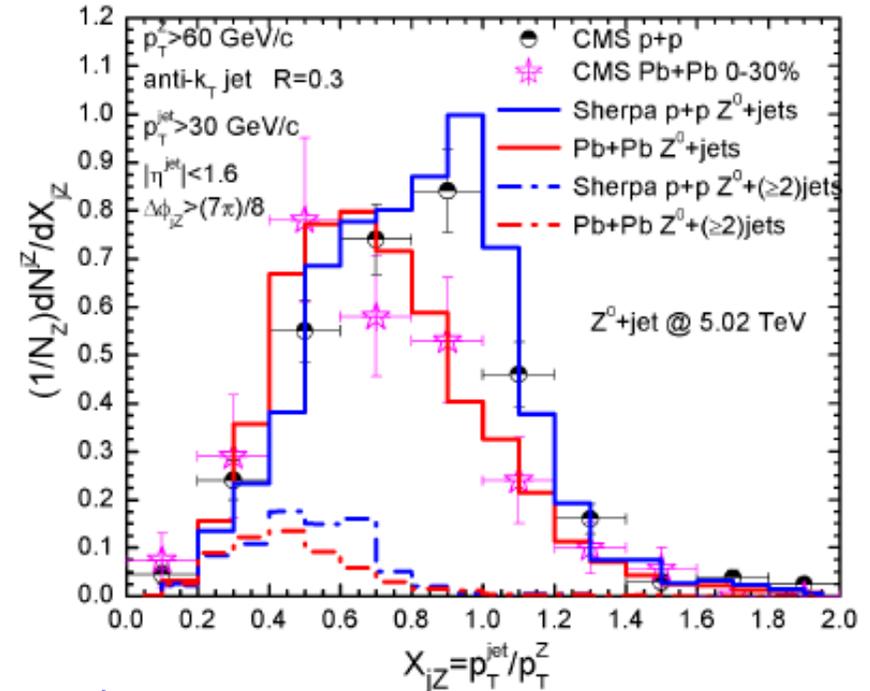
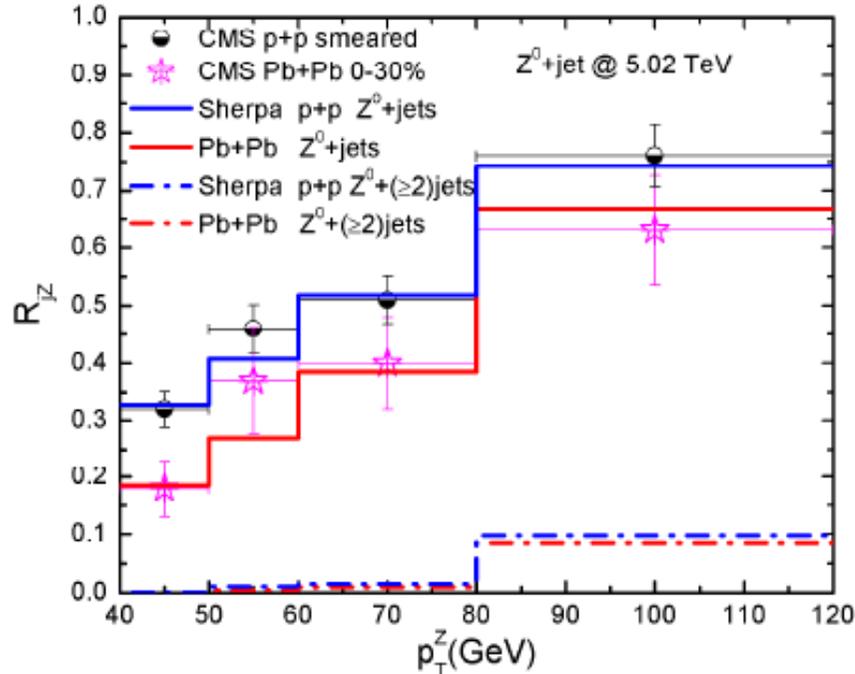
- NLO calculations suffer divergency at  $\Delta\phi_{jZ} \approx \pi$ .
- LO+PS calculations underestimate at  $\Delta\phi_{jZ} < 2$ .
- We adopt NLO+PS and Eloss to study Z+jet correlations.

# Dependence of gluon jet flavor on $P_T^{\text{jet}}$



# Z+jet correlations in heavy-ion collisions

- Fix the parameter  $\alpha_s$  via the comparison with the Z+jet correlations.



Phys.Rev. C98 (2018) 021901

$R_{jZ}$  is overall suppressed .

Shift of momentum imbalance  $x_{jZ}$

--  $\alpha_s = 0.20$  that best describe experimental data in Pb+Pb collisions.