



BIS 1.23

Backup solution for BIS optical loops

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Outline

- Upgrade of optical transceivers: **CIBO** vs **CIBSFP**
- Setup of the **BIS-SFP** test loop
- Data Analysis Results 2017-2018 of BIS-SFP
- Conclusions

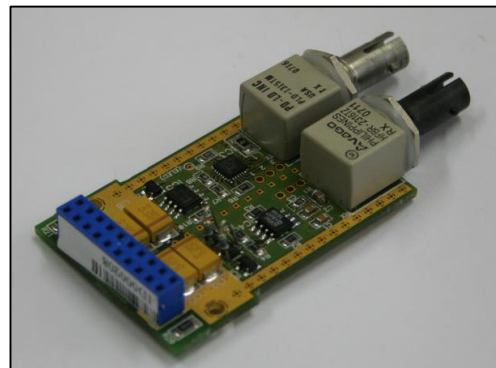
Current optical Transceivers

Limitations

- **Low power margin:**
 - Low typical output power: -19 dBm ($\sim 13 \mu\text{W}$)
 - Low typical sensitivity: -28 dBm ($\sim 1.6 \mu\text{W}$)
 - LHC fibers attenuation: up to 6 dB.
- **Temperature drift** -0.16 dB/°C
- **No monitoring** of transceiver and link status (except for glitches)
- **Custom built**

CIBO Daughter board

ELED transceiver



SFP optical Transceivers

Small Form-factor Pluggable
(SFP)



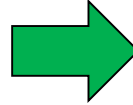
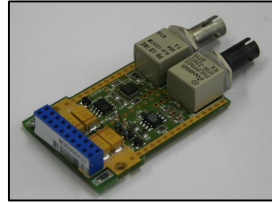
MRV SFP-GD-LX

Advantages

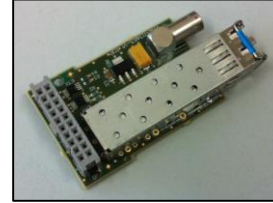
- **High power margin:**
 - High output power: up to -3 dBm ($\sim 500 \mu\text{W}$)
 - Good sensitivity: -20 dBm ($\sim 10 \mu\text{W}$)
- **Low gain drift:** Internal compensation
- **Off-the-shelf** industry-standard transceivers
- **Hot plug**
- **Monitoring** functions over I2C:
 - RX Power
 - TX Power
 - Temperature
 - Etc...

BIS 1.23 – Upgrade of Optical Transceivers

CIBO

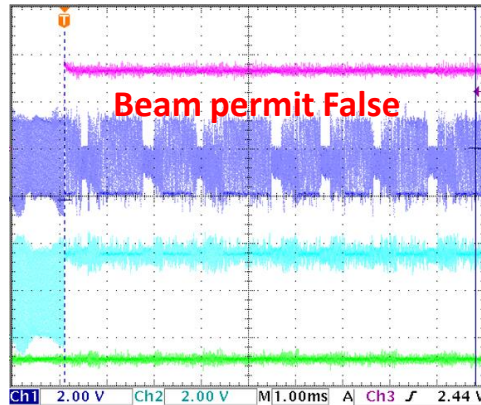


CIB-SFP



100% pin compatible
with CIBO

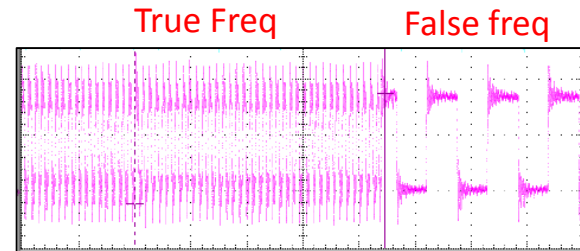
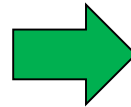
- BOTH SFP and CIBO do not work properly with DC values → **DC level = Ringing**
- Introduced a **FALSE** frequency of **920 KHz** for the SFP $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} - \text{No ringing} \rightarrow \text{clean signal.} \\ - \text{BEAM PERMIT: True/False/Undefined} \end{array} \right.$



CIBM Local Permit

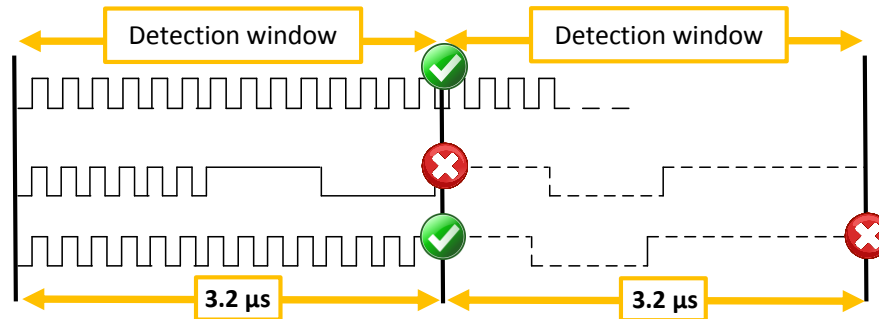
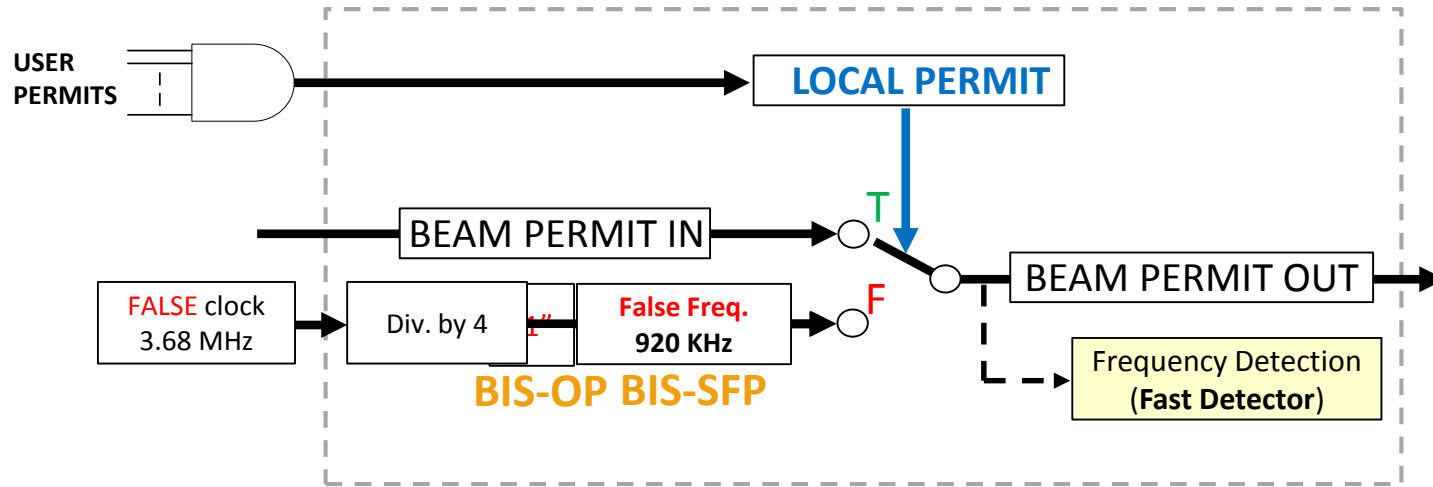
Output signal

Input signal

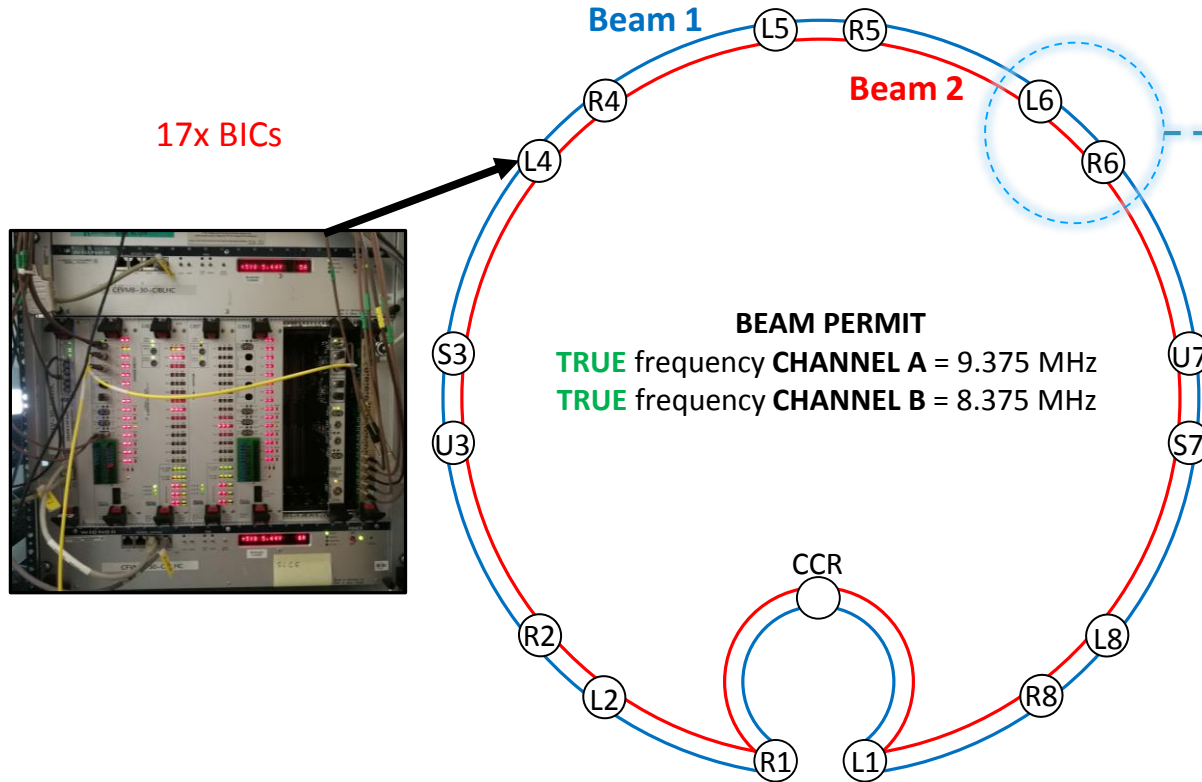


SFP output signal

CIBM BIS-OP vs CIBM BIS-SFP



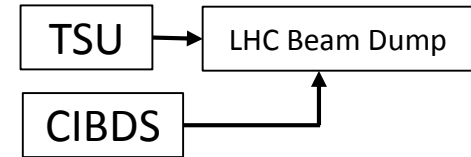
Current Operational BIS (BIS-OP)



CIBGenerator

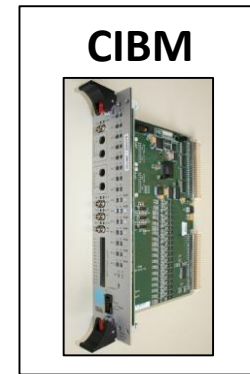
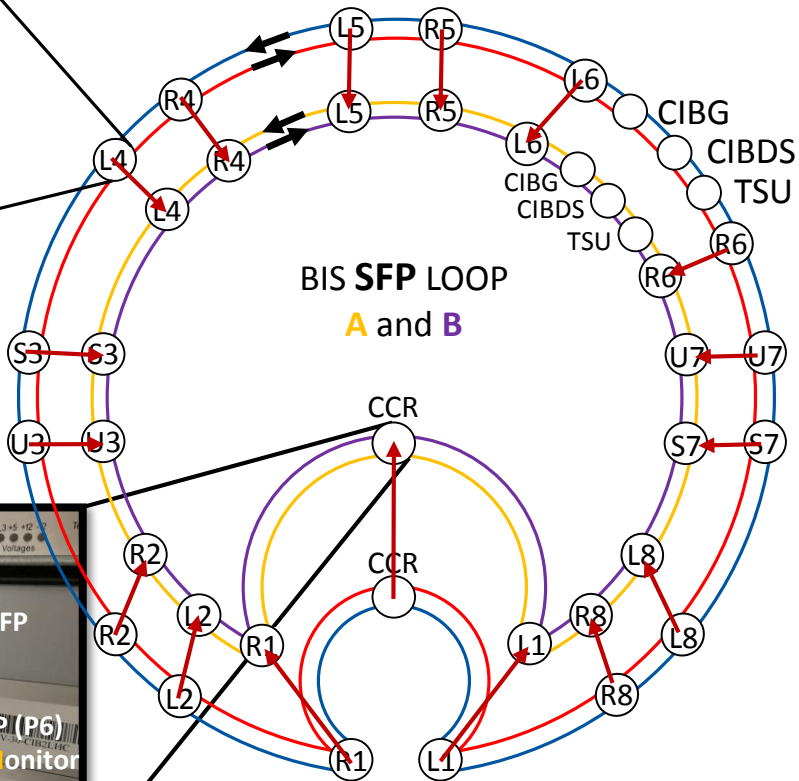
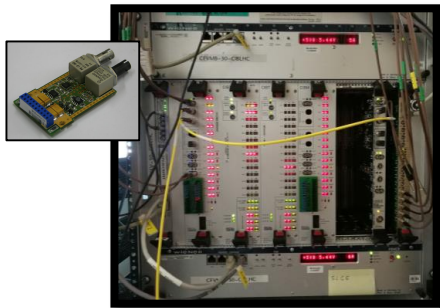


Trigger Synchronization Unit



CIBDumping System

BIS Loop LHC - **BEAM 1 A** and **B**

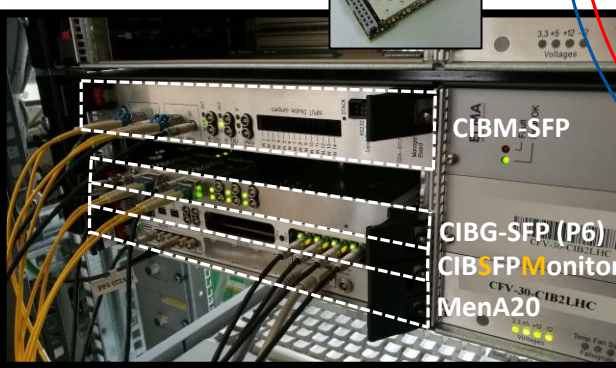


LOCAL PERMIT

One-way connection

CIBM-SFP

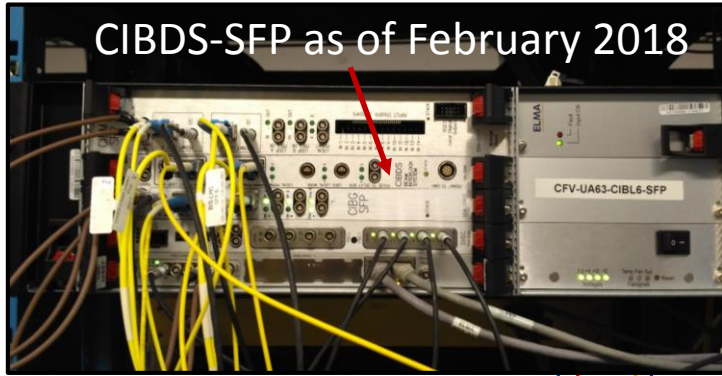
BIS-SFP crate



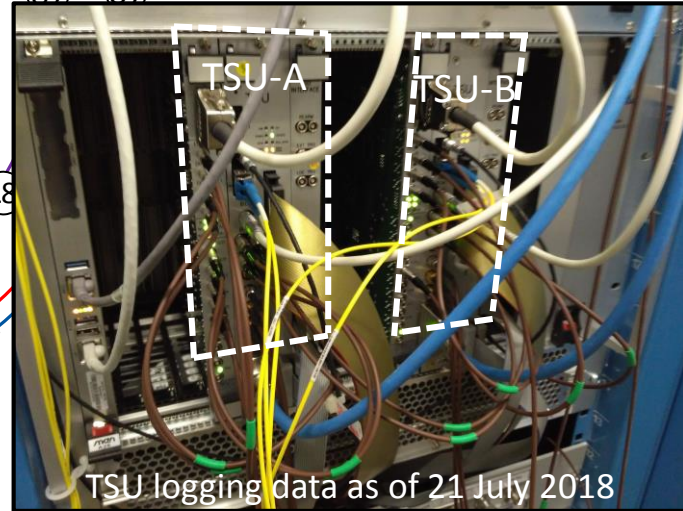
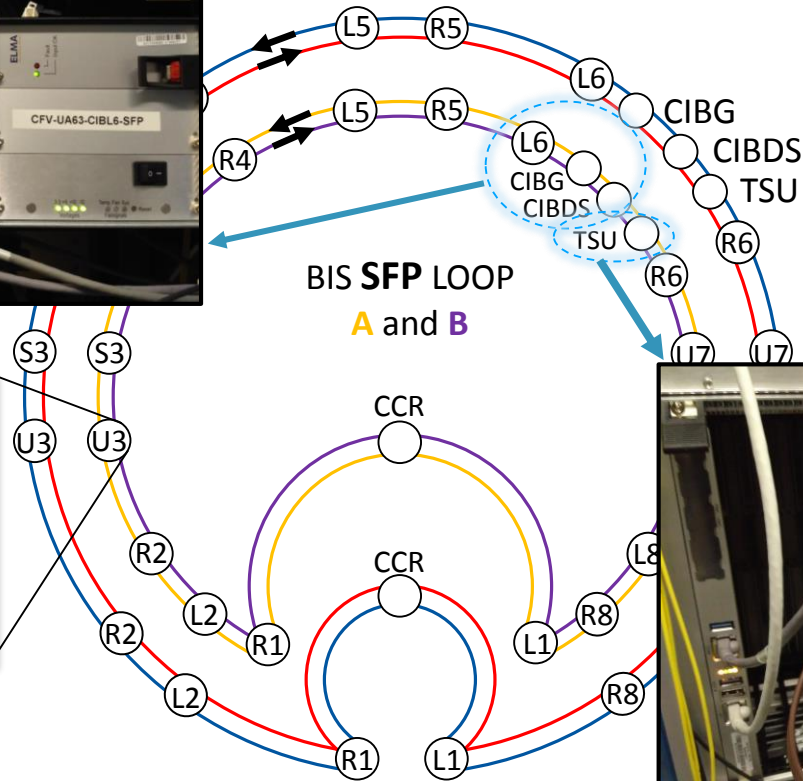
CIBM-SFP
CIBG-SFP (P6)
CIBSFP Monitor
MenA20

BIS-SFP in Point 6

CIBDS-SFP as of February 2018



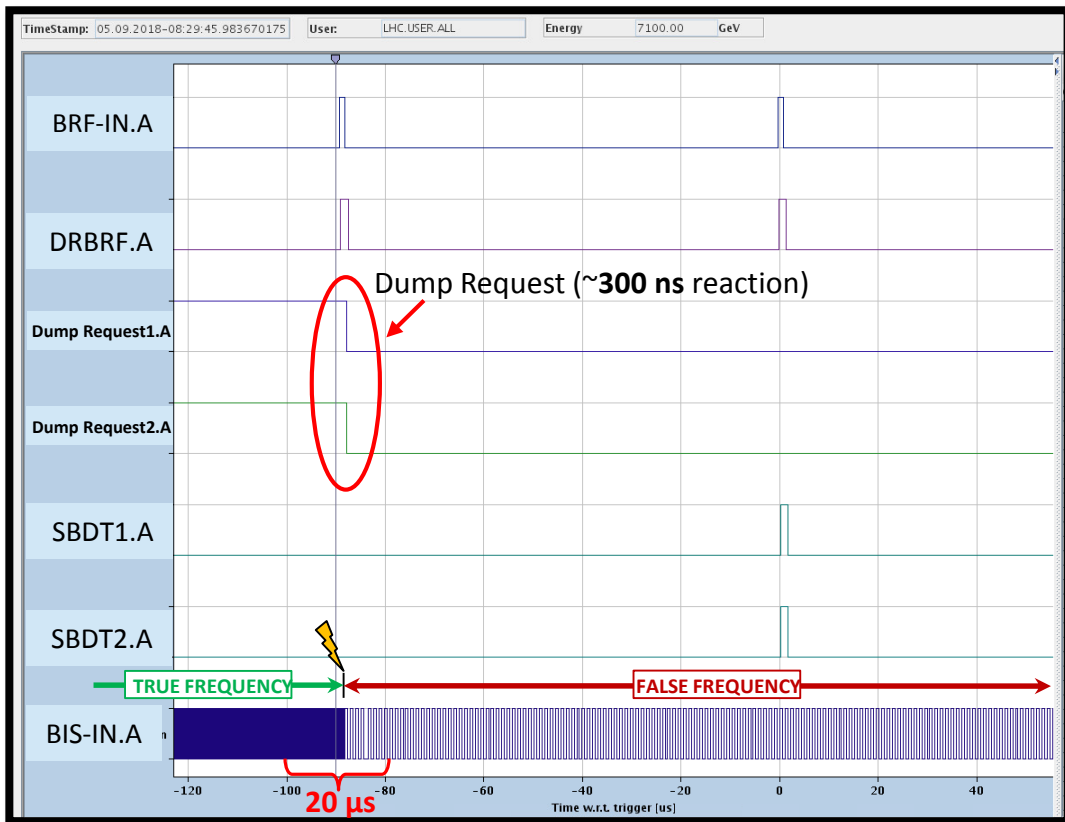
BIS-SFP crate



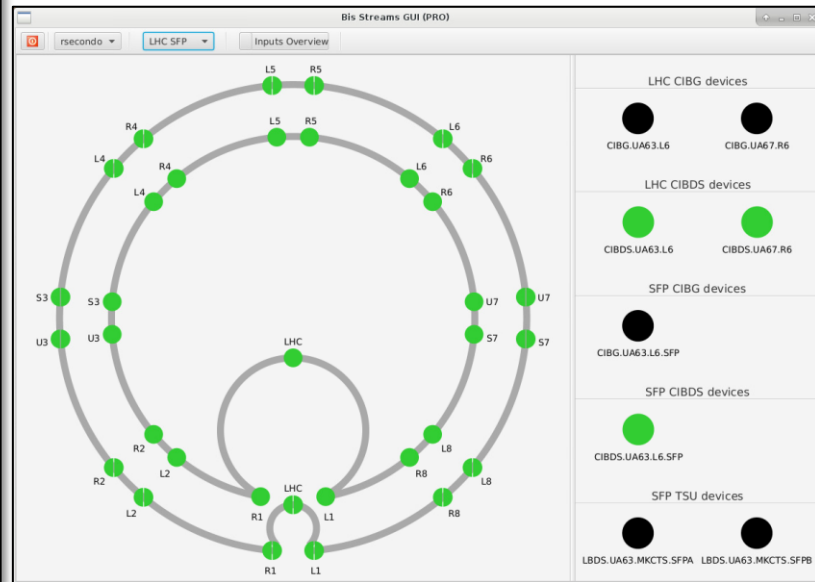
TSU logging data as of 21 July 2018

TSU-SFP IPOC Viewer

Monitoring Tools



BIS-SFP GUI



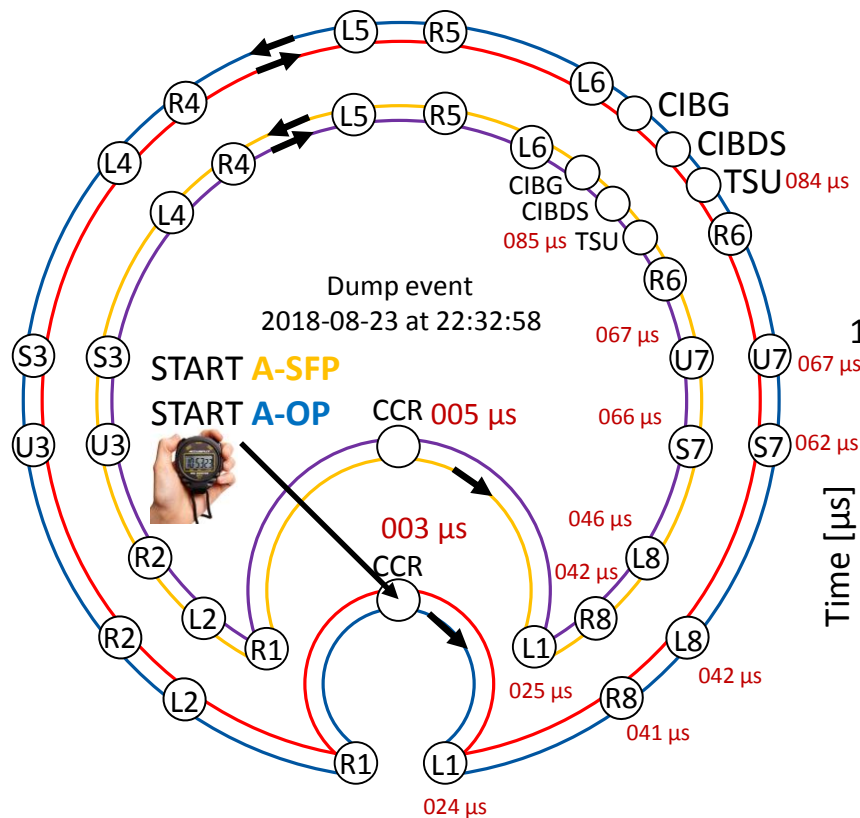
GOALS of the Data Analysis

- **NO missed dumps** $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Consistency of **time delay** between} \\ \text{(BIS.OP – BIS.SFP) @ BeamPermit T} \rightarrow \text{F for each dump} \\ \text{Beam Permit Propagation Delay from first opening BIC} \\ \text{until the TSU} \end{array} \right.$
 - **NO spurious dumps**: Analysis of all Beam Permit Transitions.
 - **SFP delay** is affected by:
 - BIS-OP Local Permit $\rightarrow 1.7\mu\text{s} - 2\mu\text{s}$
 - Detection window of both BIC $\rightarrow 300\text{ns} - 3.41\mu\text{s}$
 - Phase of the Beam Permit Signal $\rightarrow 0\text{ ns} - 100\text{ ns}$
 - Difference in the length of optical fibres $\rightarrow \pm 1\mu\text{s}$
- Error introduced by **data logging** (before Aug 2018) $\rightarrow \pm 2\mu\text{s}$

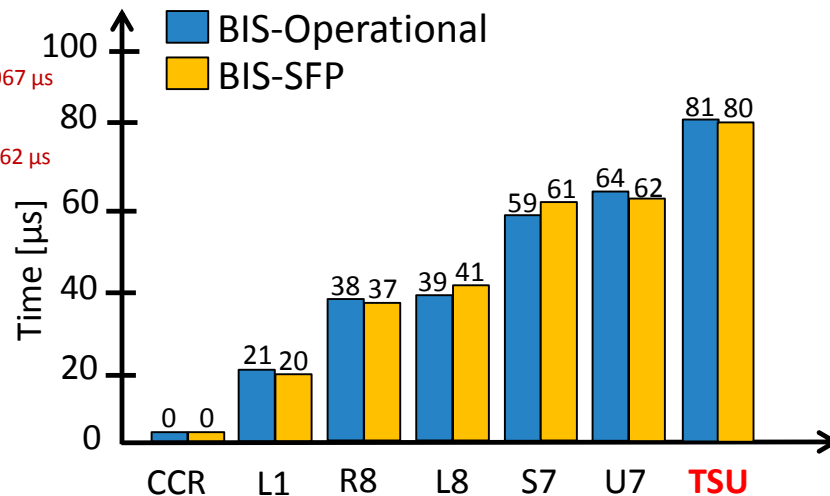
Expected Range of Time Delay

(BIS.OP – BIS.SFP) @ BeamPermit T \rightarrow F $\approx -8.5\mu\text{s}$ to $4.8\mu\text{s}$

Case Example: Beam Permit Timestamp @ **True**→**False**

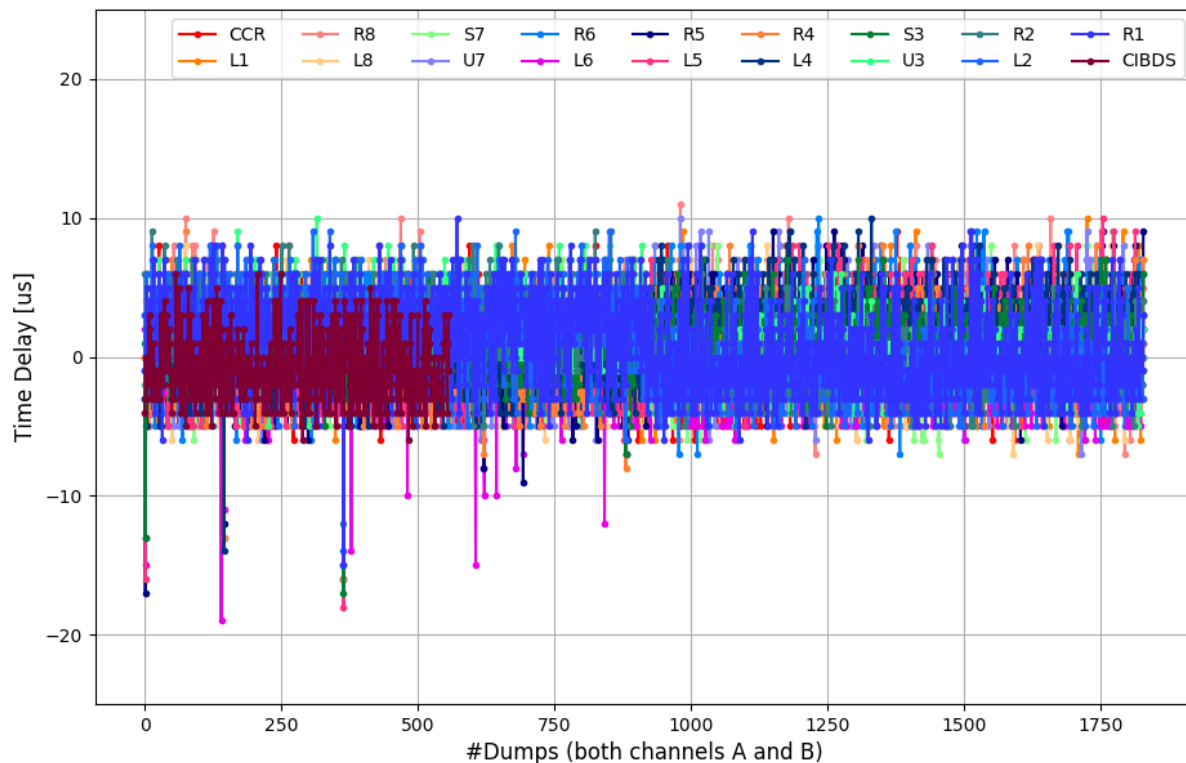


Time delay @ Beam Permit **TRUE**→**FALSE** [μ s]



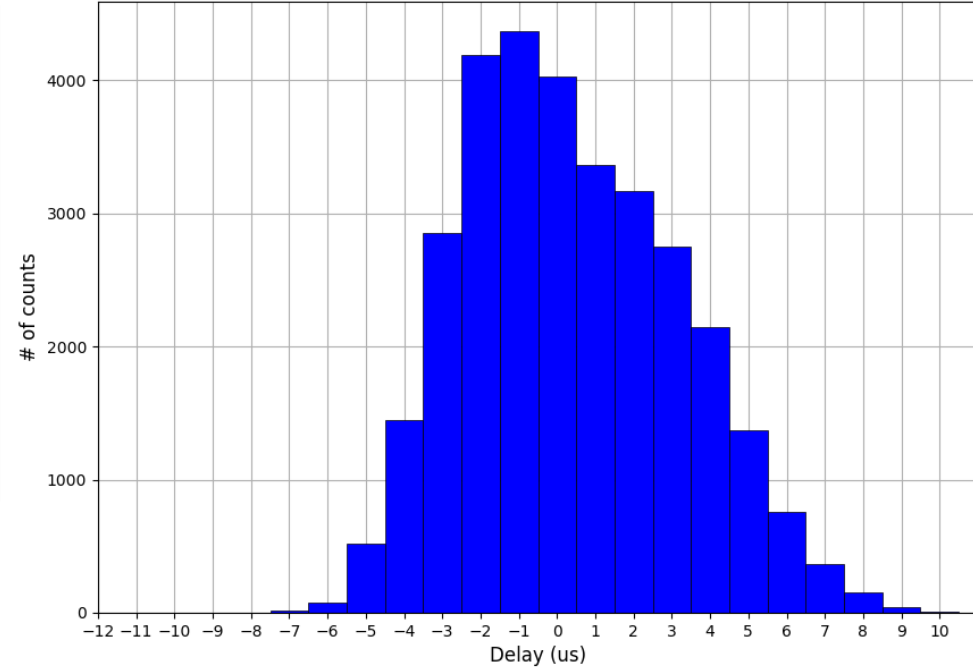
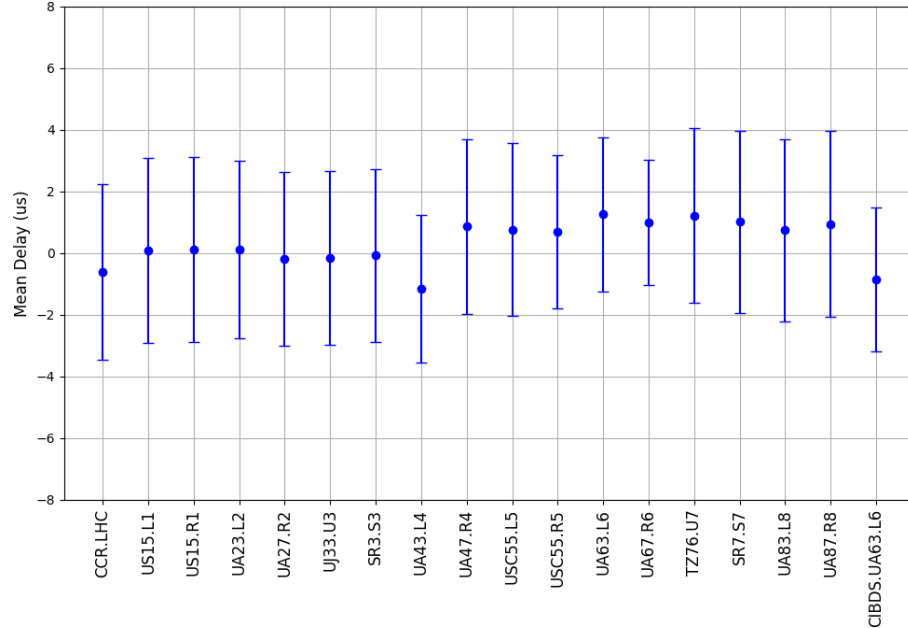
Analysis of Missed Dumps - I

(BIS.OP – BIS.SFP) @ BeamPermit T→F



- 19 July 2017 to 28 October 2018
→ 1 year and 101 days
- **1832** dump events (**Beam 1**) x 2 channels A and B
- ~32000 Beam Permit **True** → **False** transitions considering all BICs.
- Data retrieved using **NXCALS**
 - **Faster** data recovery compared to CALS.
 - **1 μ s resolution**

Analysis of Missed Dumps - II



- **Mean Delay** = $0.363 \mu\text{s}$
- **1σ** = $2.85 \mu\text{s}$ (The detection window is $3.2 \mu\text{s}$)

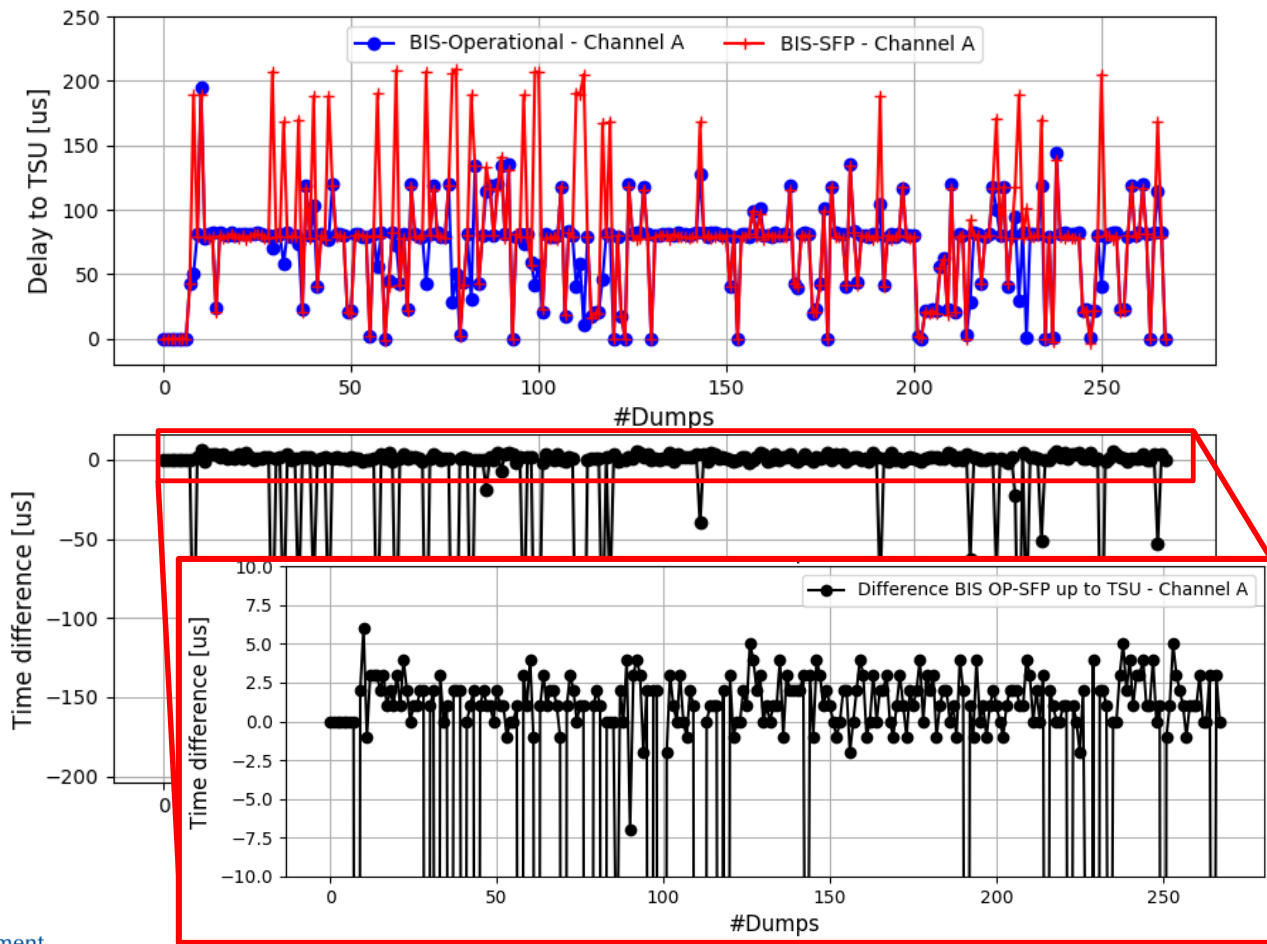
Analysis of Missed Dumps - III

Other events which required a **deeper investigation**:

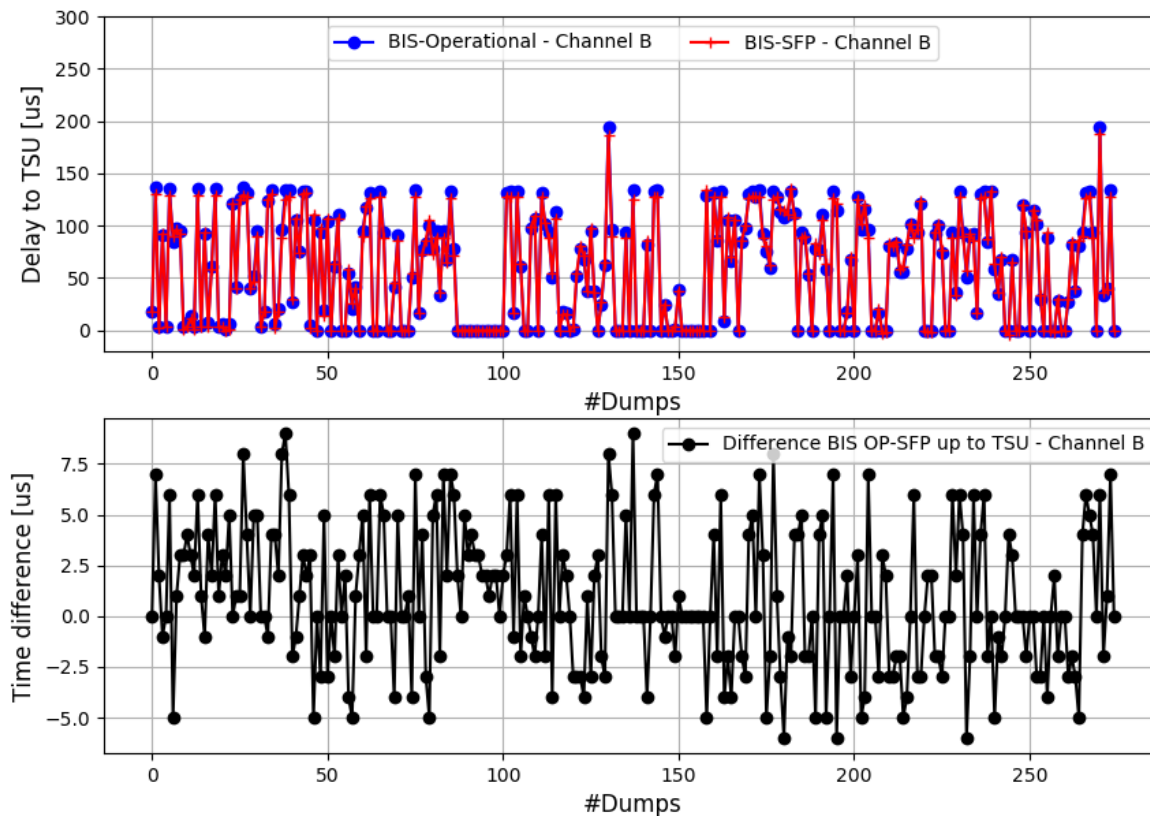
- **4 events** where **data is not present in NXCALS**, but it is accessed via the BIS SFP GUI, (CALS).
- **14 events** with large time delays, all understood (during TS2 2017).
- **2 events** due to CIBG behaviour.
- **19 events** where data is missing for the **TSU**:
 - In these cases the TSU was **not correctly armed** (**16 events** occur in the first week of Sept. 2018 when the arming sequencer experienced an error).
 - TSU arming state added to logging as of Oct 2018.
- **1 event** with a TSU logging issue → understood.
- **3 events** to be still investigated.

Beam Permit Propagation up to the TSU - A

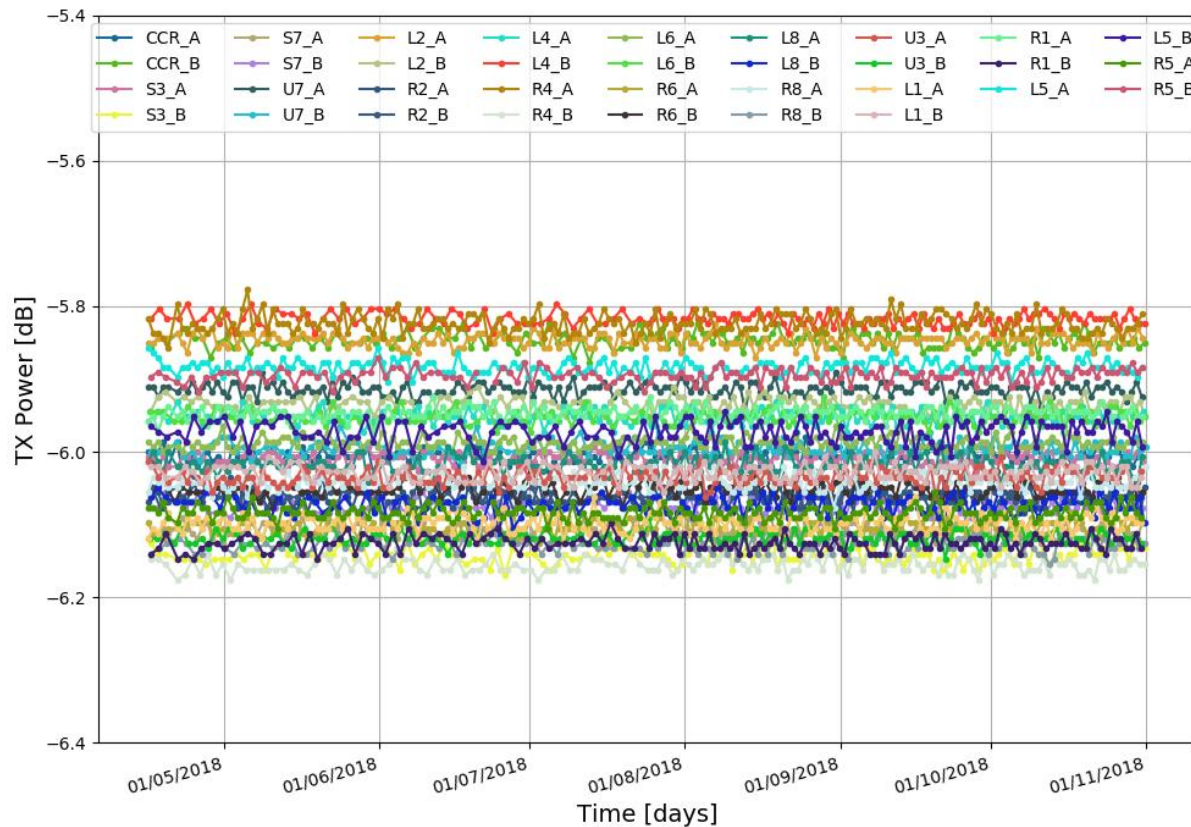
- TSU Data as of 23 July 2018
- ~275 dumps



Beam Permit Propagation up to the TSU - B

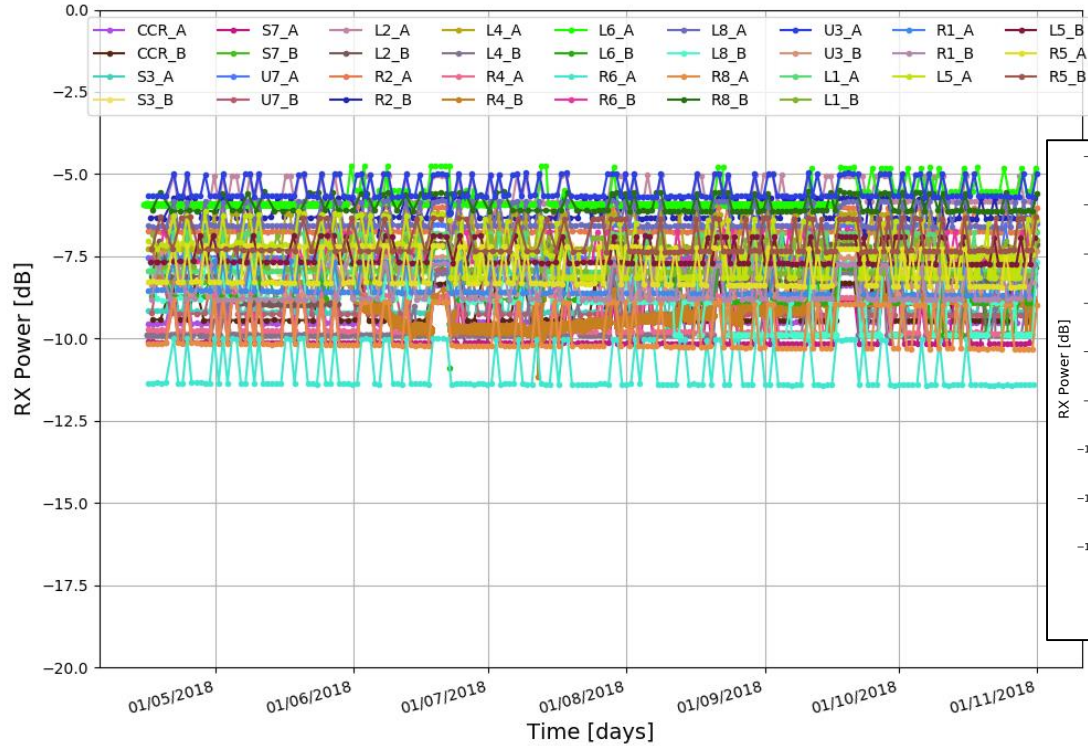


Power Transmitted

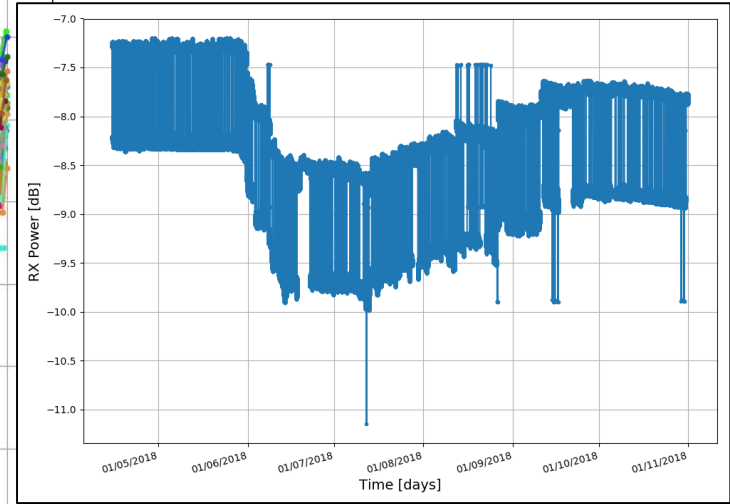


- 17x 2 channels A and B on **CIBM-SFP**
- TX power stable at ~ -6 dB

Received Power



CIBM.UA47.R4



Conclusions

- **No missed dumps** on the SFP loop were observed. In 19 cases the TSU-SFP was not armed and data is missing (in these cases the CIBDS always triggered), analysis to be completed.
- **Data Analysis still ongoing**, to be completed for 2018, including **analysis of spurious dumps**.
- **Reliability Demonstration Test** run to investigate BIS-SFP reliability with a given confidence interval (M. Blumenschein). To achieve 0 failures of the kind “missed dump” over 1000 LHC years with 90% Confidence Level → at least 4000 more dumps are required.
- Values of **Beam Permit delay** at each transition True to False between the two loops (OP- SFP) loops are **consistent** with the expected time range values.
- **Transmitted and Received power** are stable within the expected range. The SFP built-in diagnostic **can improve availability** by early recognition of faults.
- **SFP transceivers** are a good candidate for BIS v2 signal transmission via fiber optics.

