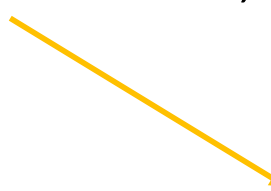


A Prototype of Superconducting Solenoid for 50 MW X –band Klystron

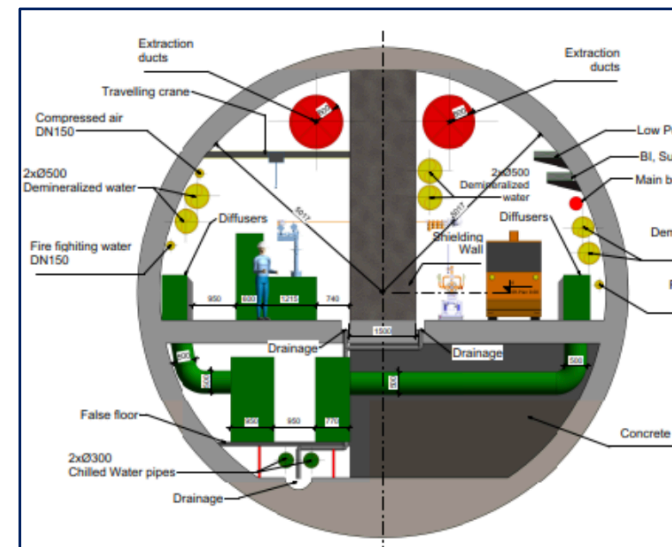
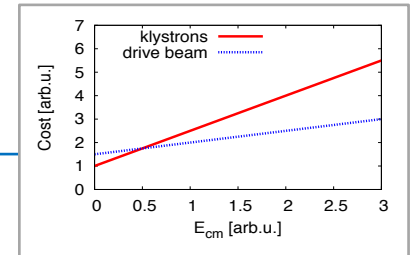
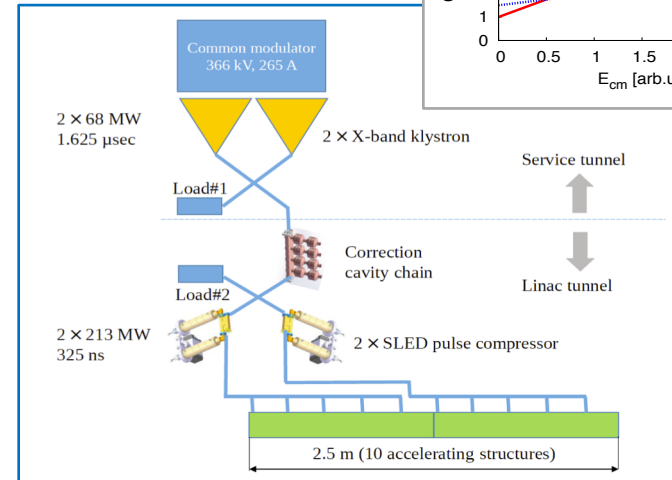
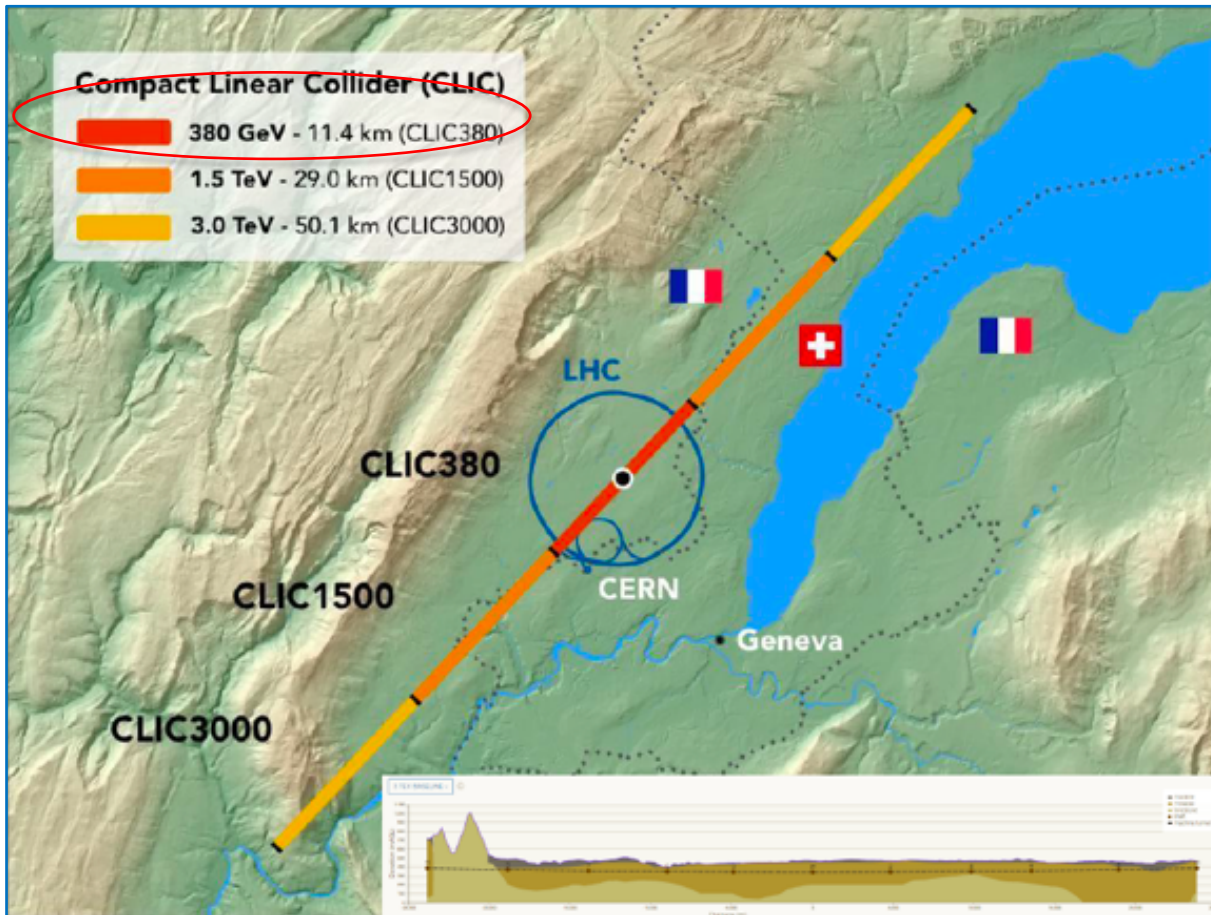
A. Yamamoto (KEK and CERN) and S. Michizono (KEK)
W. Wuench, I. Syratchev, G. Mcmonagle, N. Catalan-Lasheras, S. Calatroni, and S. Stapnes (CERN)
H. Watanabe, H. Tanaka, Y. Koga, S. Kido, T. Koga, and K. Takeuchi et al., (Hitachi)
in cooperation with SLAC and CPI

To be presented at CLIC-2019, 23 January, 2019

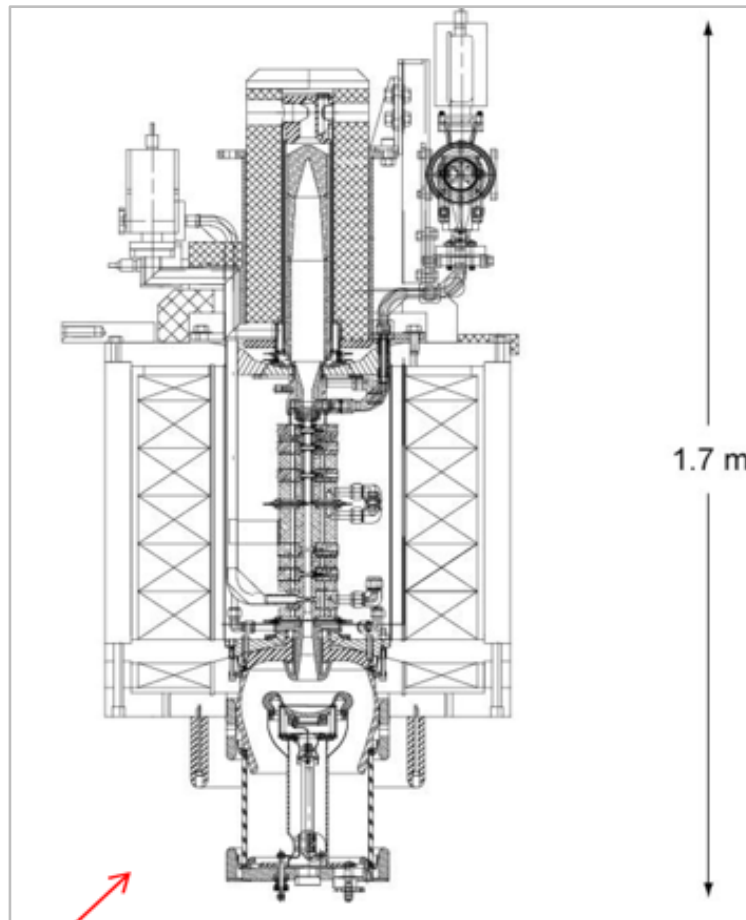
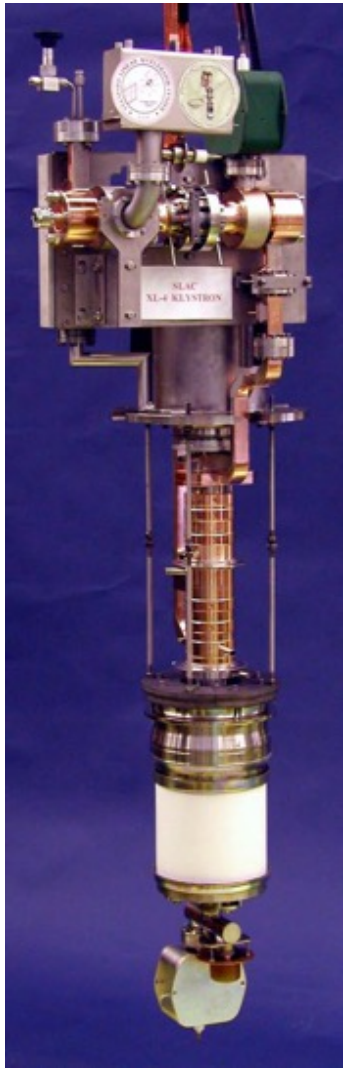
Background and Objectives

- The CLIC-380 staging scenario being studied at CERN,
 - X-band (12 GHz) klystron-based accelerating scheme as a quick option.
 - The X-band klystron requiring a beam-focusing solenoid and magnet field:
 - $B_c = \sim 0.6$ T in a warm bore-diameter of 0.24 m
 - A Cu-based solenoid magnet, currently consuming
 - Power of ~ 20 kW/Klystron, corresponding to ~ 100 MW for $\sim 5,000$ Klystrons for CLIC-380.
 - The superconducting magnet option may realize:
 - Power saving down to < 2 kW/Klystron (for , corresponding to ~ 10 MW, for Cryogenics. --> 90 % power saving
- 

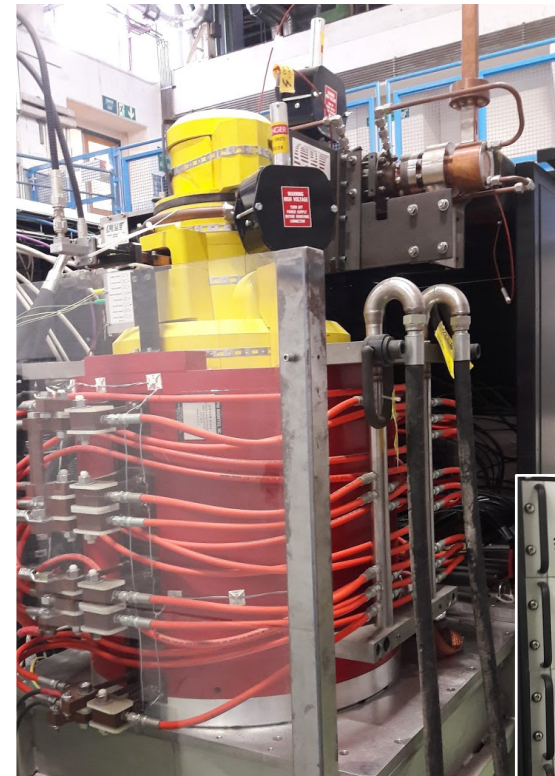
CLIC Staging Scenario at 380 GeV with X-band Klystrons



X-band Klystron developed in cooperation of SLAC/CPI and CERN



F. Peauger *et al.*; A 12 GHz RF PS
FOR THE CLIC STUDY; IPAC'10



($\sim 35\text{V} \times 600\text{A}$)

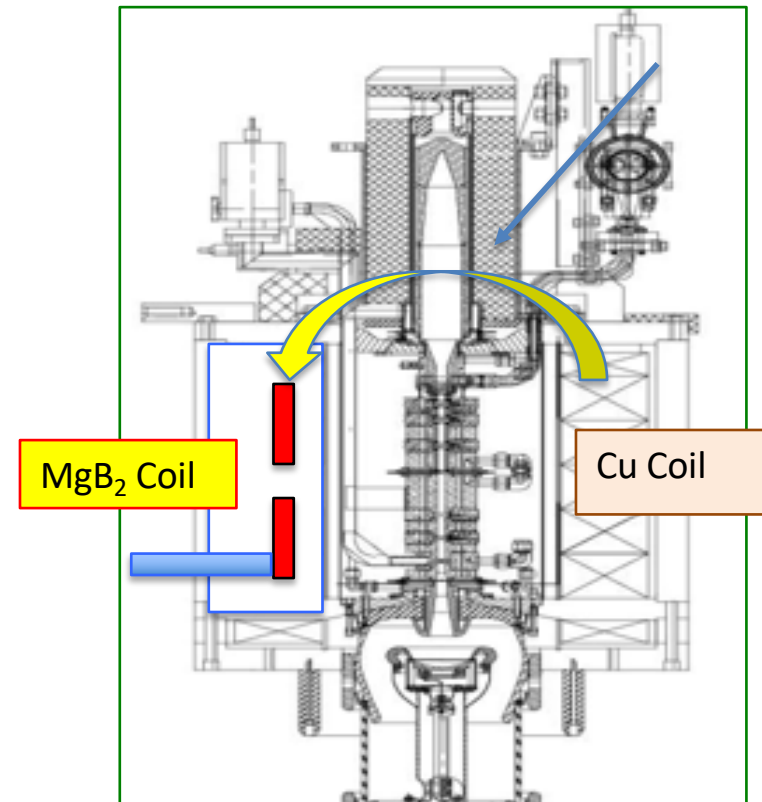


Solenoid: Power : $\sim 20\text{ kW}$,
 $\rightarrow \sim 50\%$ of total AC-plug Power

A SC Prototype Magnet proposed

Design Parameters

Superconductor * (T-operation)	MgB ₂ (@ 20 K)
Current	50A/ 57.1 A (62.8 A)
Central field	0.7 T/ 0.8 T (0.9 T)
Stored energy	~ 10 kJ
Cryo-cooler applied	6.7 W @ 20 K 13.5 W @ 80 K
AC Plug-Power	≤ 3 kW (< 1,5 kW/Klystron in case of a pair)



A Possible Choice among SC Materials

Material	T_c [K]	$B_{c1}(0)$ [T]	$B_{sh}(0)$ [T]	$B_c(0)$ [T]	$B_{c2}(0)$ [T]	Pen. depth $\lambda(0)$ [nm]
NbTi	9.2 ~9.5	0.067	--	--	11.5 ~ 14	60
Nb ₃ Sn	18.3	(0.05)	0.43	0.54	28 ~30	80
MgB₂	39	(0.03)	0.31	0.43	39	140
Bi ₂ Sr ₂ Ca ₁ Cu ₂ O ₈ (BSCCO-2212)	94	0.025	--	--	>100/30	1800

X 4 T_c

$$CoP = \frac{\theta_c}{\theta_h - \theta_c}$$

CoP = **1.3%** at 4.5 K (for NbTi operation)
 = **5.8** at 20 K (for MgB₂ operation)
 MgB₂ provides an advantage of
x 4 higher thermal **efficiency**

Technical Requirements for the Model Magnet

Subjects	Requirements/Parameters	Notes
Superconducting coil:		
Configuration	A twin solenoid	Epoxy-resin Impregnated & cooled by a Cryo-cooler
Central field	0.7 / 0.8 T	Field profile adjustable w/ trim-current in a half-coil
Operational Current	50 / 57.1 A (< 60 A)	Trim current of +/- 6 A in a half coil
Coil Inner Diameter	340 mm	
Thickness including the coil mandrel	~ 18 mm (< 20 mm)	
Length	~ { 130 + center-gap+130 } mm	
Superconducting wire:		
Material configuration	MgB2 with Cu stabilizer	Cu area ratio > 17 %, and RRR (Cu, 40K) > 15
Insulation	Glass-braid	Adaptable for impregnation and heat-treatment
Heat treatment after coil-winding	600 deg. C, in Ar gas, for 12 hours	Required after coil winding
Cryostat:		
Warm bore diameter	256 (+4, -0) mm	St. Steel, inner cylinder, for klystron installation
Outer diameter	628 (+/- 3) mm	Iron, yoke functioning as magnetic field returning
Length	516 (+/- 2) mm	
Cryo-cooler:		
Cold head	> 4 W @ 20 K, > 8W @ 80 K	SHI, CH204
Compressor	AC power < 3 kW, air-cooled	SHI, Zephyr

Progress in 2018/2019

2018:

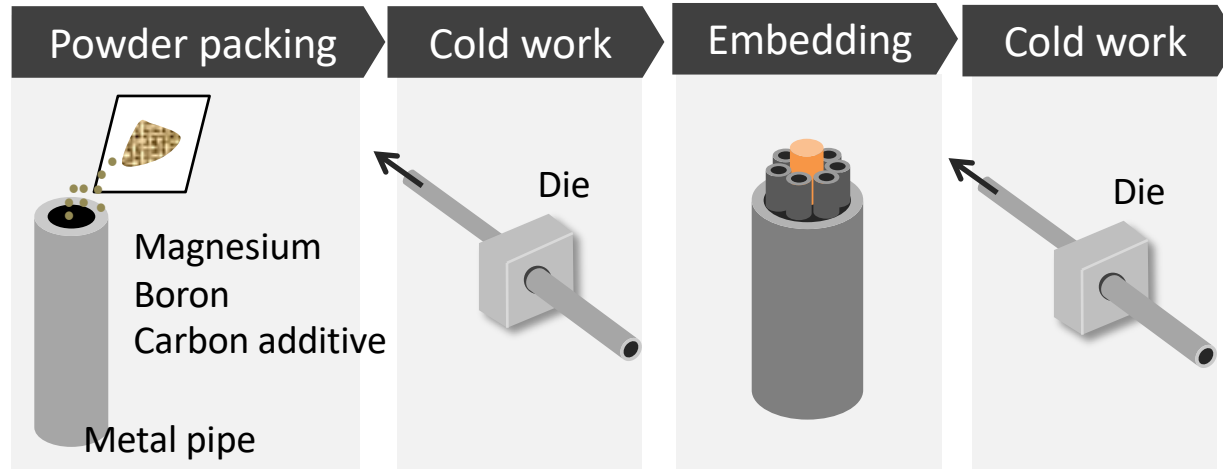
- **Jan:** MgB2 conductor fabrication started,
- **May:** A model magnet fabrication started,
- **Aug:** MgB2 conductor fabrication completed, including the performance test
 - Confirming $I_{op} \geq 50$ A, at 0.7 T, ≥ 20 K.
- **Sept:** Coil-winding started,
- **Oct:** Coil-winding and heat-treatment completed.
- **Nov:** Epoxy-resin impregnation
- **Dec:** Coil assembled with Cryostat and Cryocooler
- **Dec:** Magnet system complete, and Cool-down start

2019:

- **Jan:** Coil reached 16 K, and the 1st excitation reached $B_c = 0.9$ T, $I = 62$ A (max)
- **Jan:** Cryocooler failure and the investigation in progress.

MgB₂ Conductor Manufacturing Process

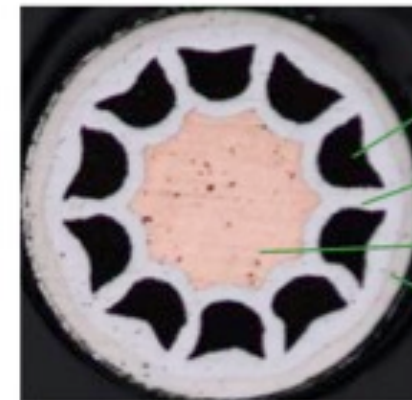
Powder in Tube (PIT) method



HITACHI: all right reserved

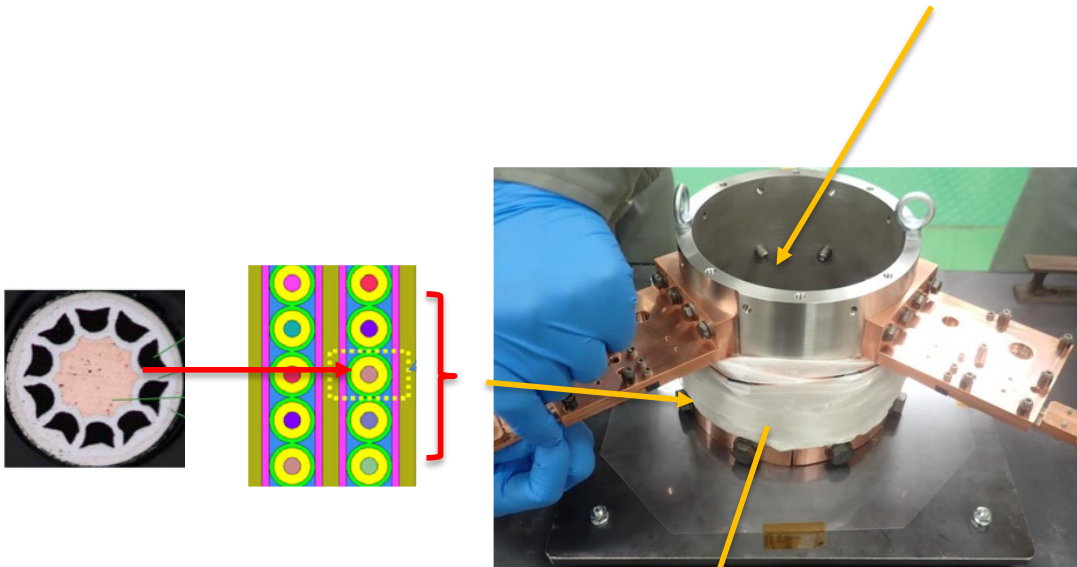
Twist,
Heat treatment,
Insulation

	Hitachi, <i>in situ</i> Process
Powder	Mg + B + additive
Metal pipe & rod	Cu, Fe, Ni
Heat treatment temp.	Typically 600°C
W&R or R&W	Mainly Wind & React
Insulation	Glass braid

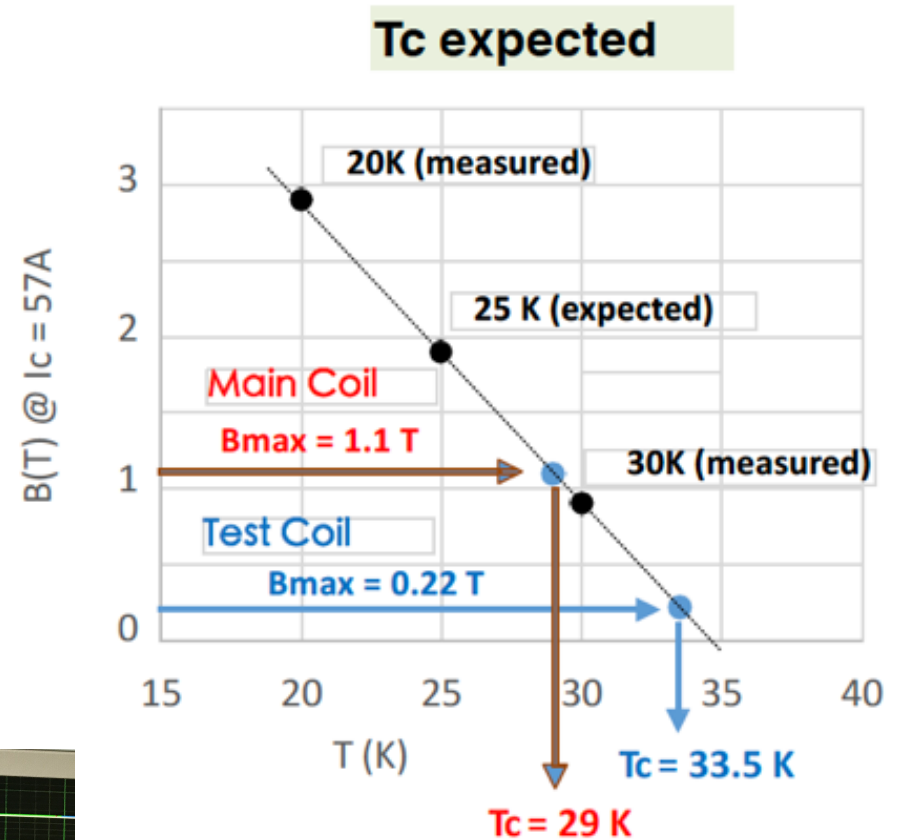


Φ0.67 MgB₂

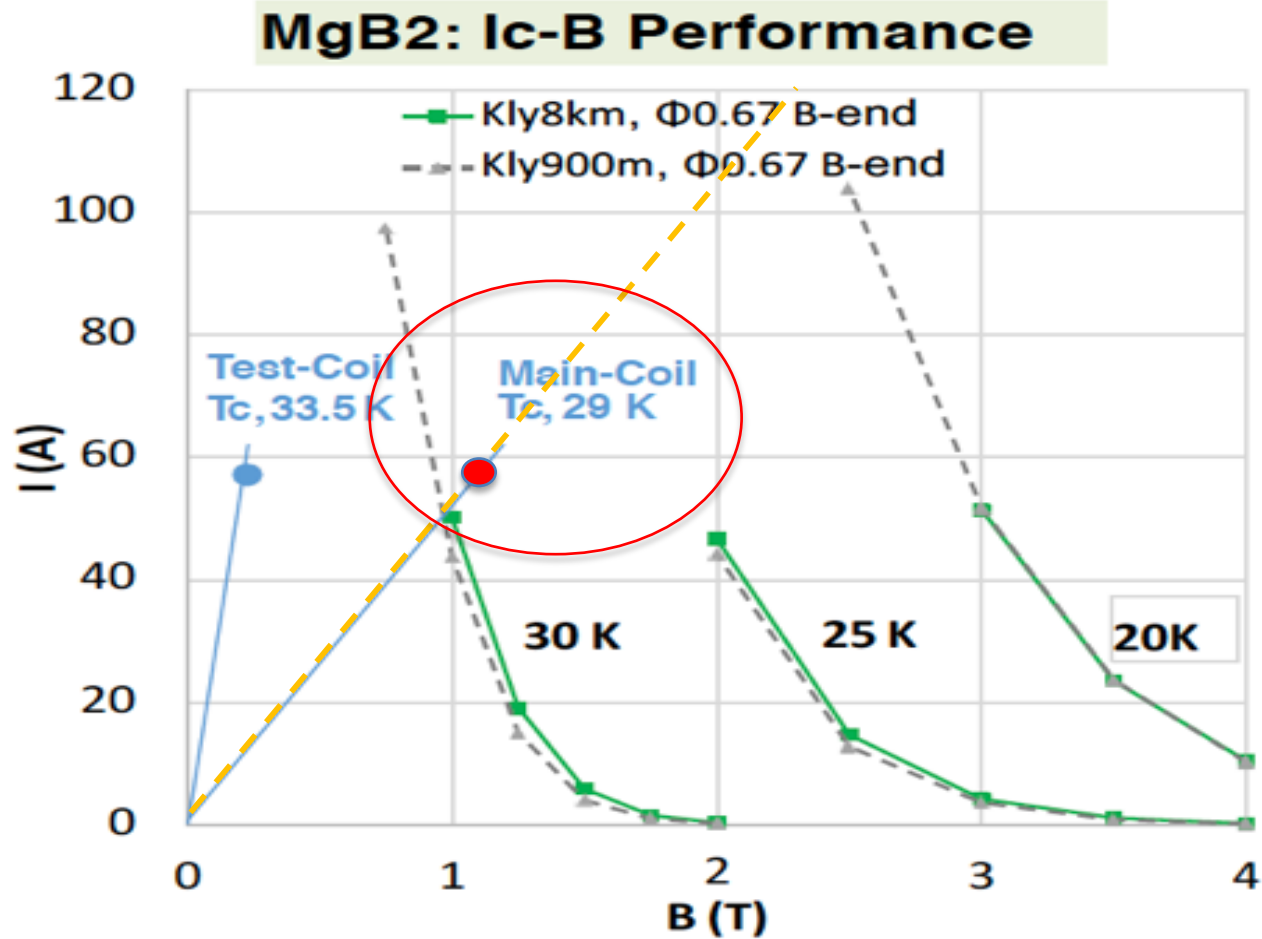
MgB₂ Conductor Performance Test by using a small test coil, August, 2018



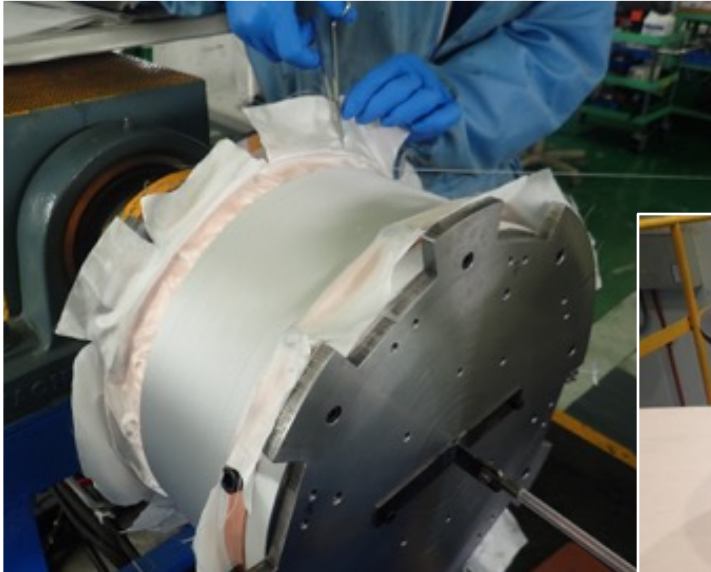
57 A @ 32 K, achieved



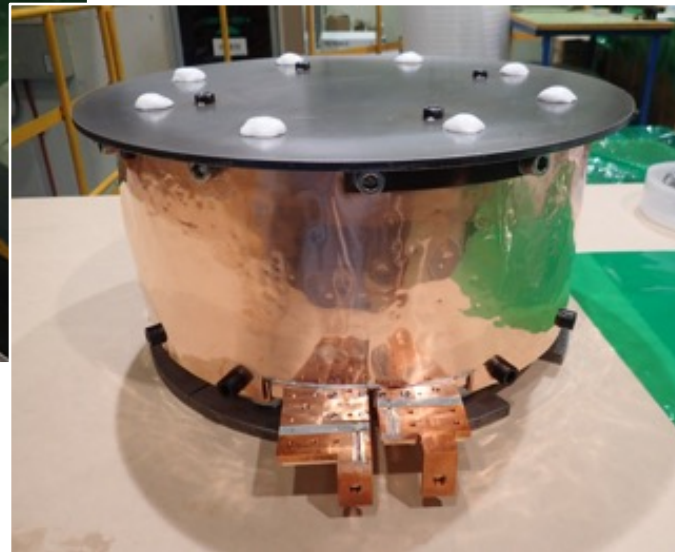
Hitachi, MgB2 Conductor Performance



Coil Winding, (Heat-treatment), and Epoxy-Resin Molding



Coil Winding
using MgB_2 conductor
w/ glass-insulation

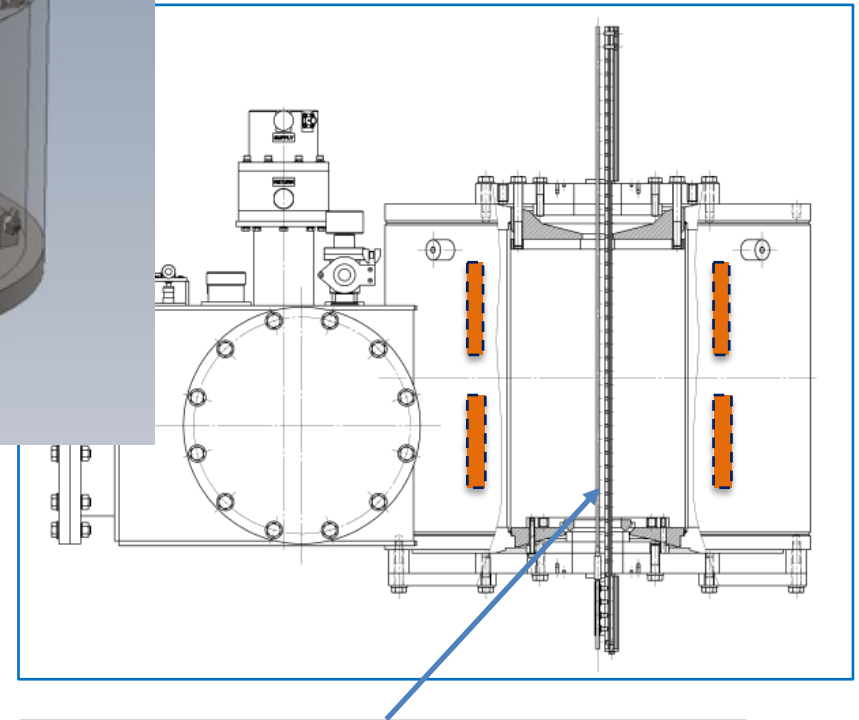
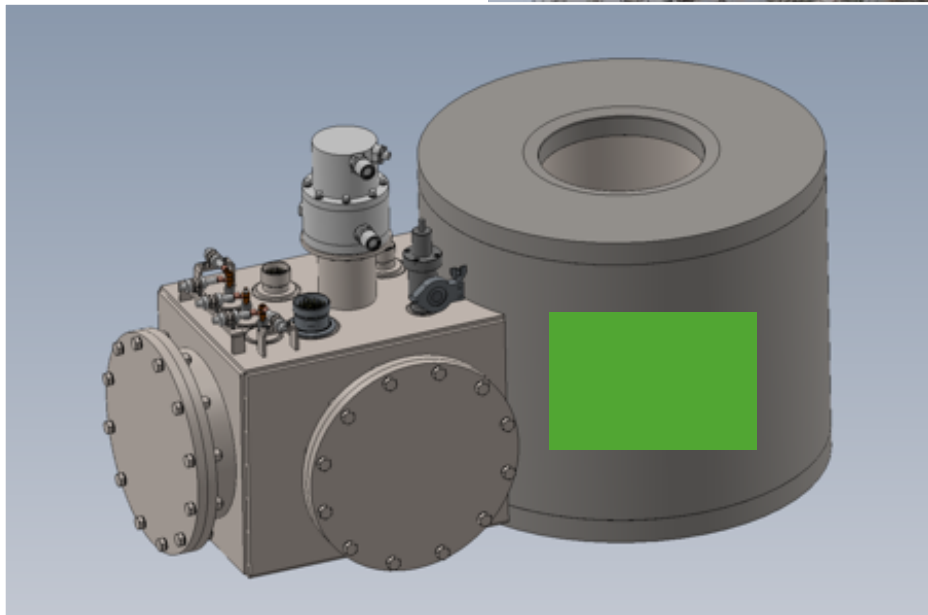
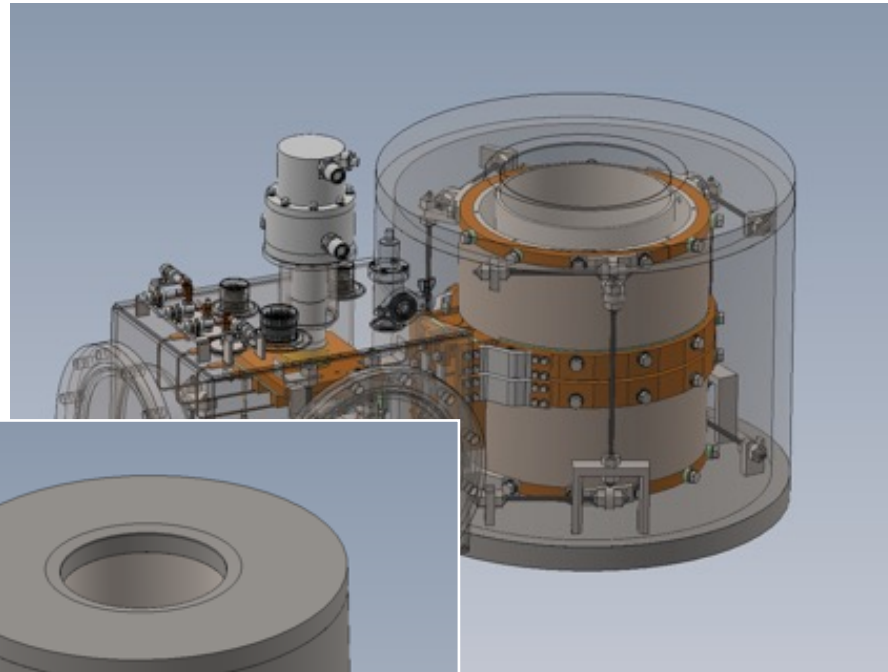


Coil w/ Cu conduction layer,
after Heat Treatment



Preparation for Resin Molding

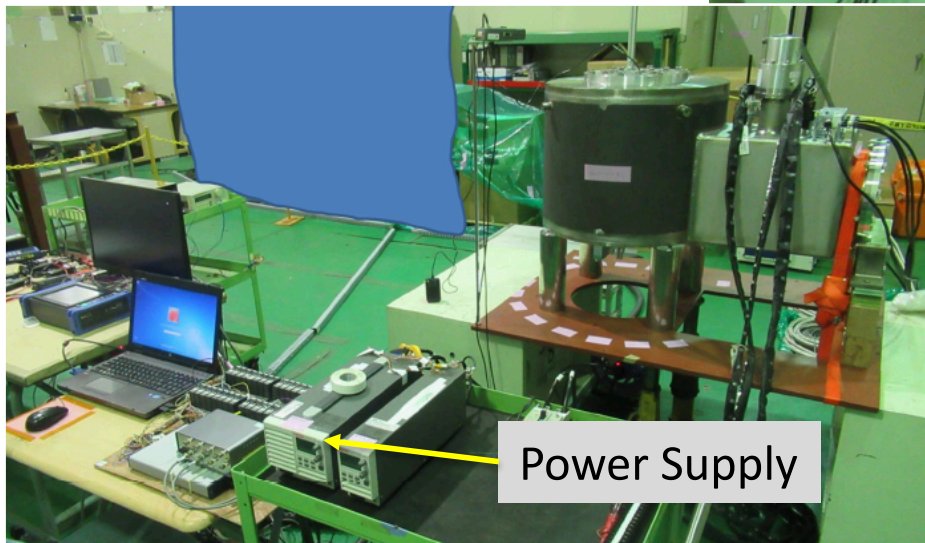
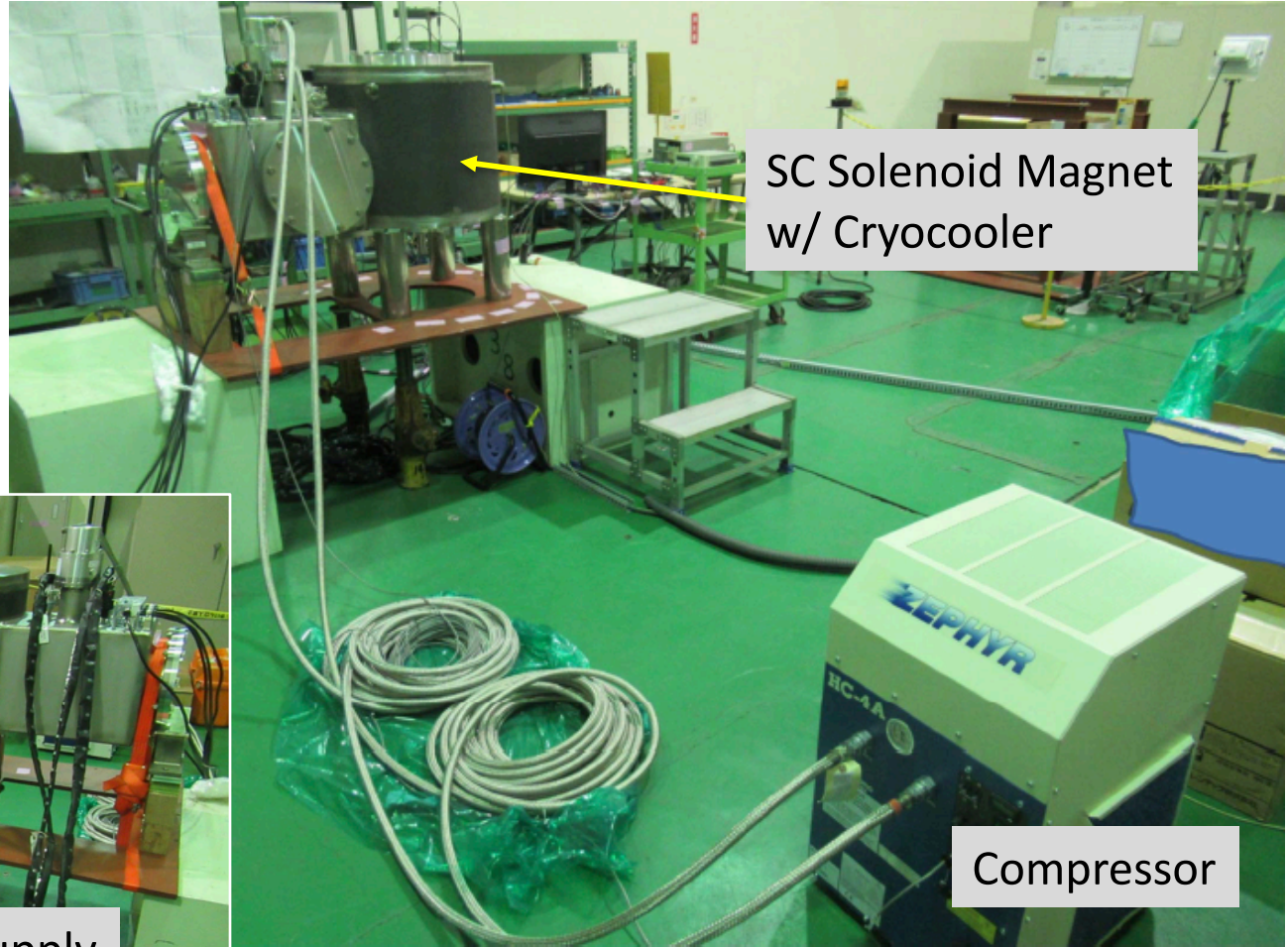
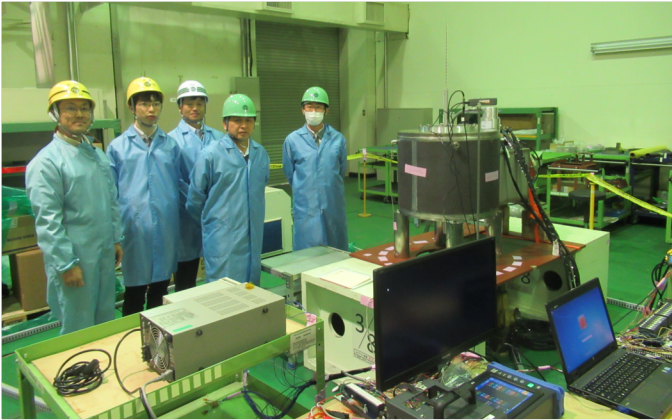
Prototype Coil Assembly with Cryostat functioning as Flux-rerun Iron Yoke and Cryo-cooler



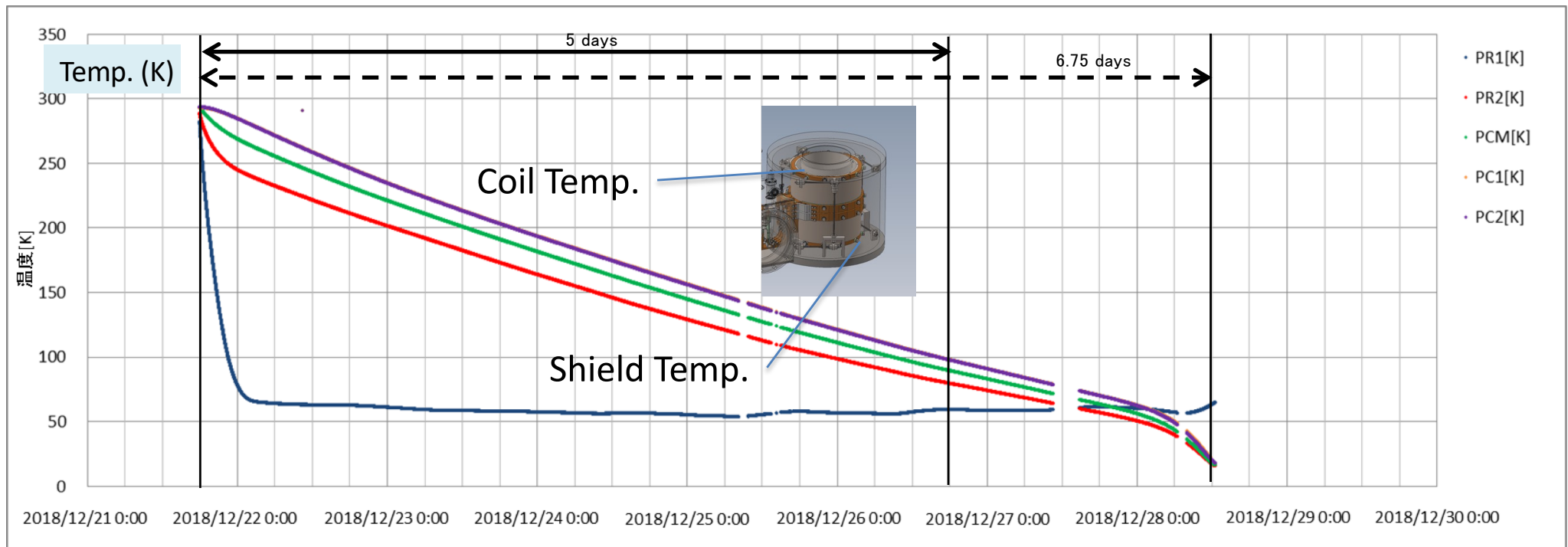
Pole pieces, and Field profile measurement setup

Solenoid Magnet Test Setup

7-8 Jan., 2019



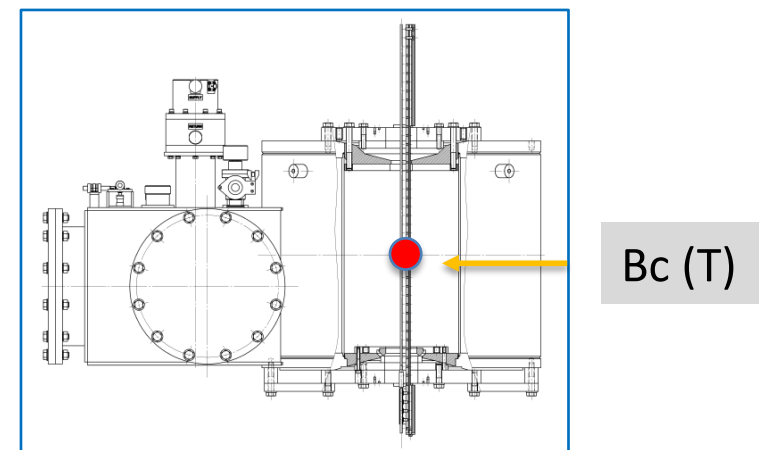
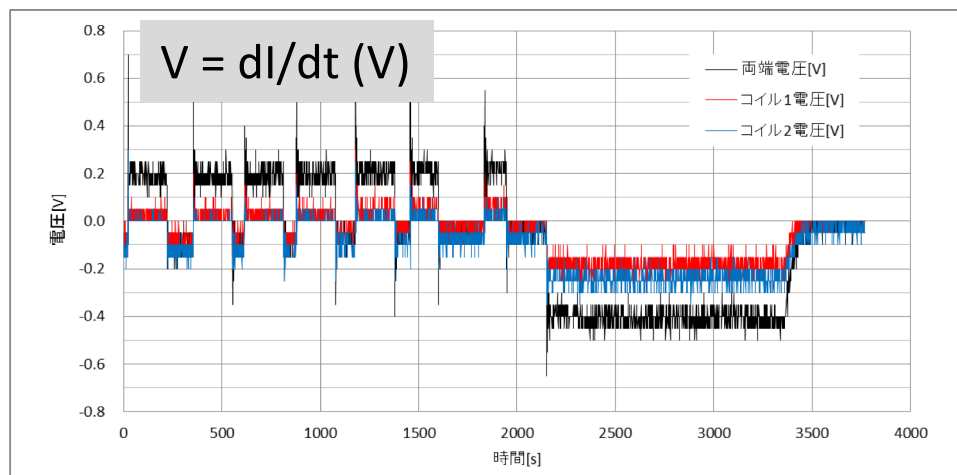
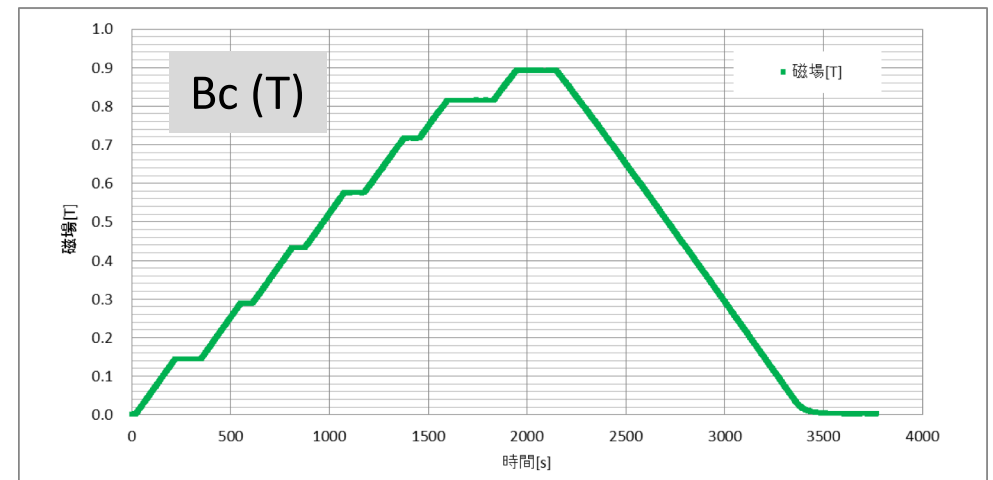
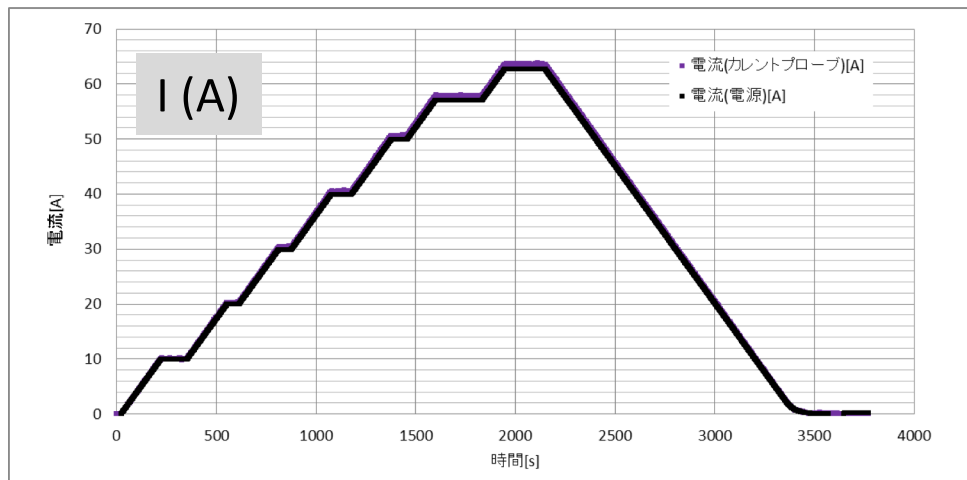
Solenoid Coil Cool-down by using Cryocooler in < 7 days



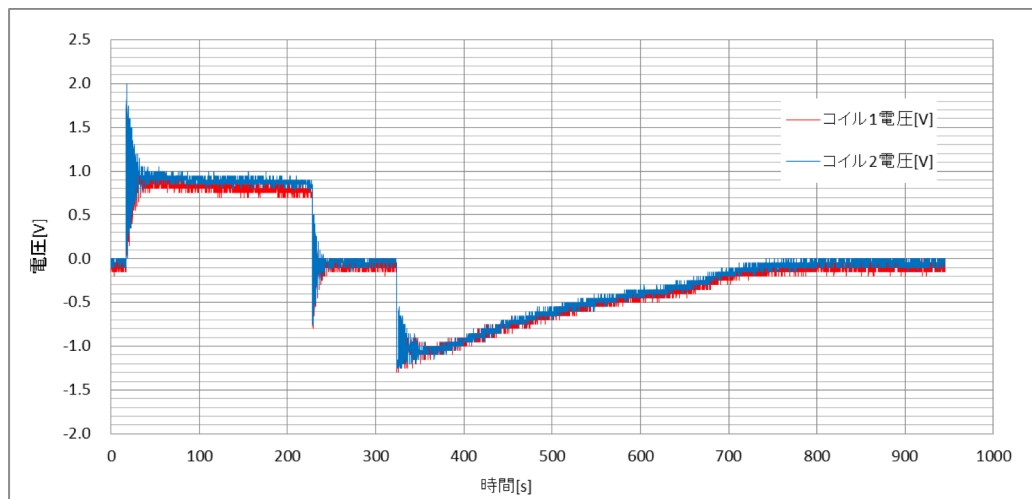
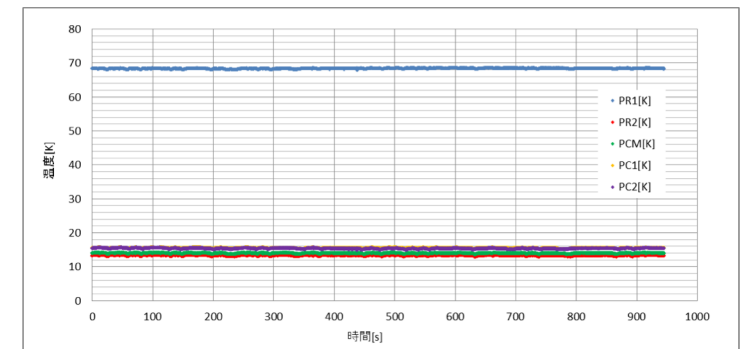
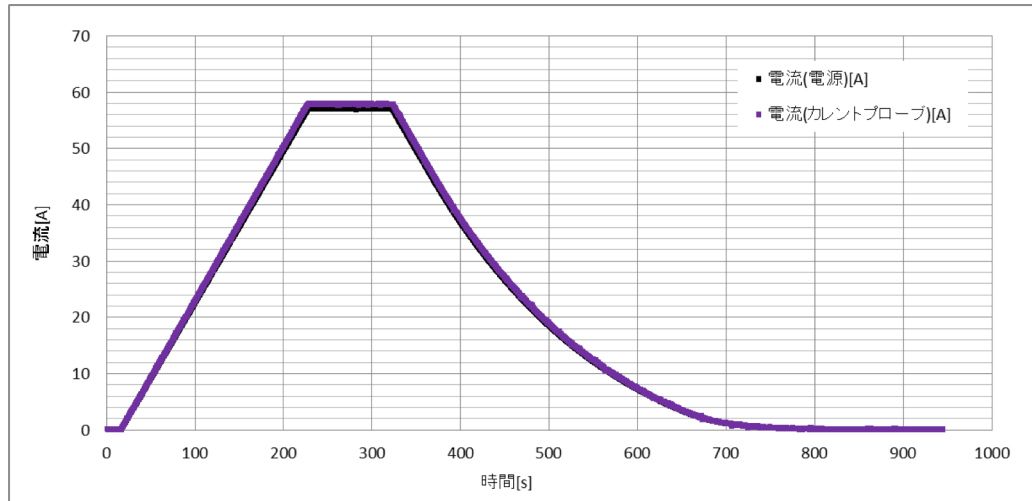
Time: (yr/mm/dd/hr)

Solenoid Excitation Test

B_c reached 0.9 T @ $I = 62.7$ A, 16 K

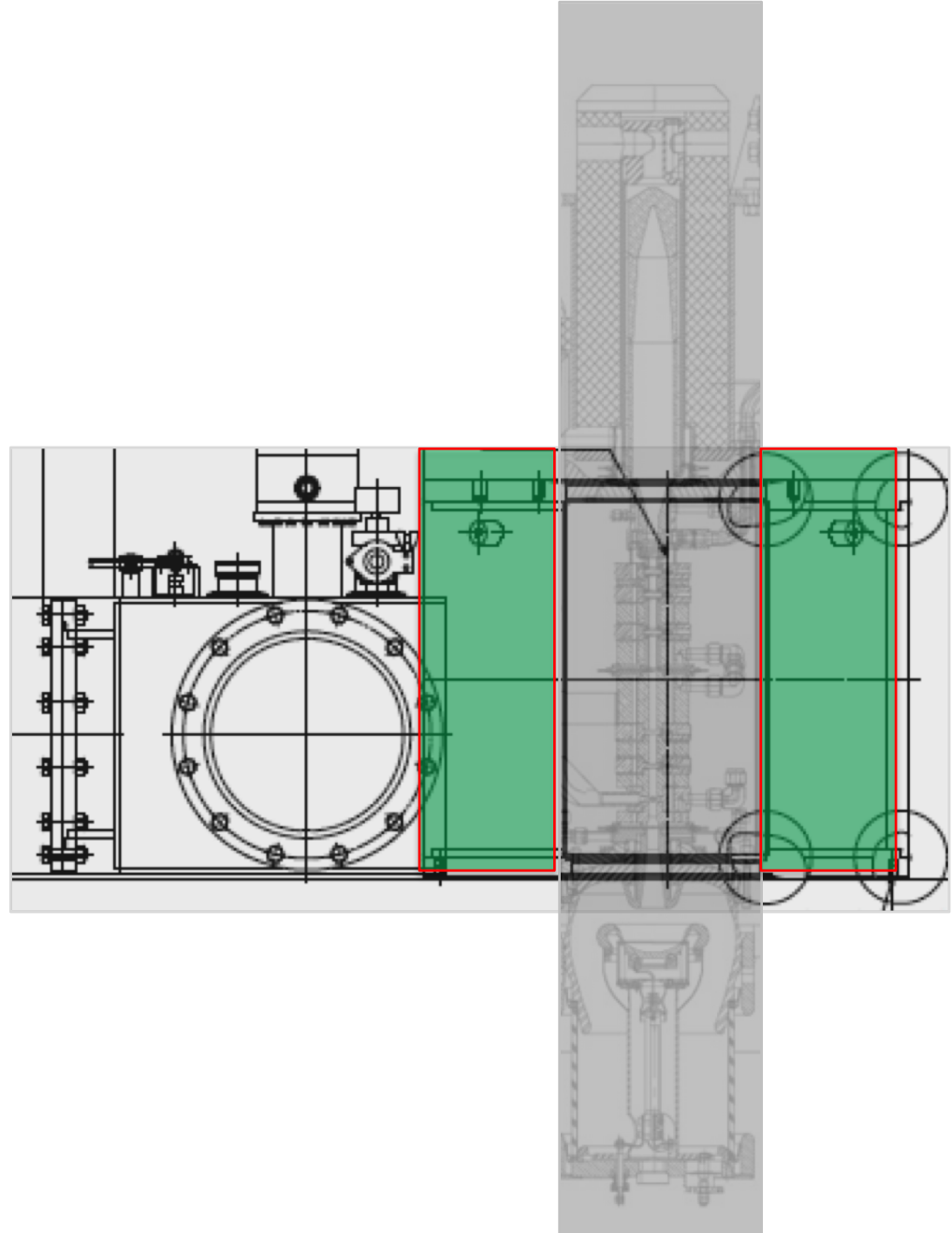
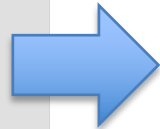
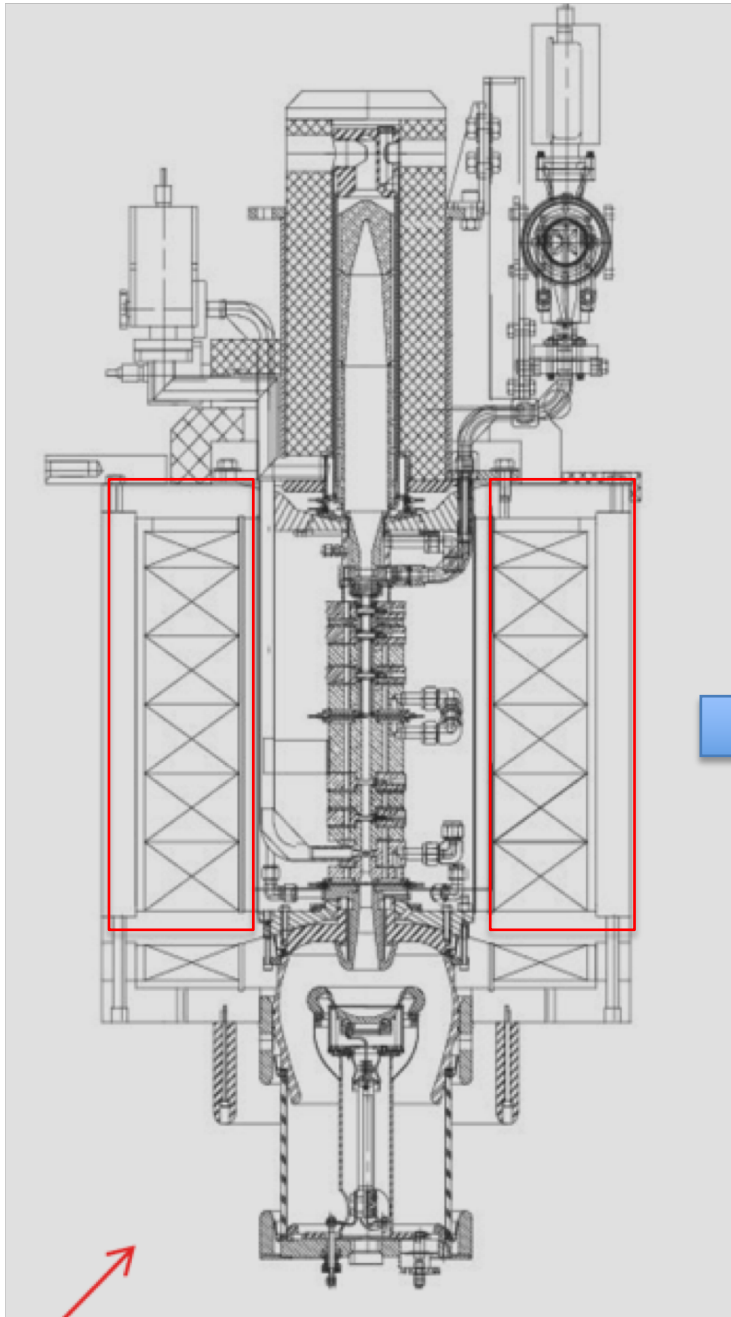


Excitation within 4 min. for ramping-up



Temperature kept constant at 16 K

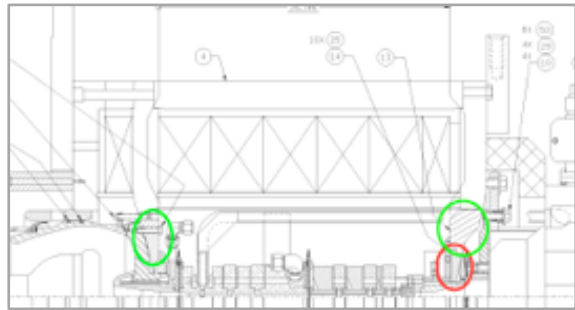
Magnet Assembly w/ Klystron



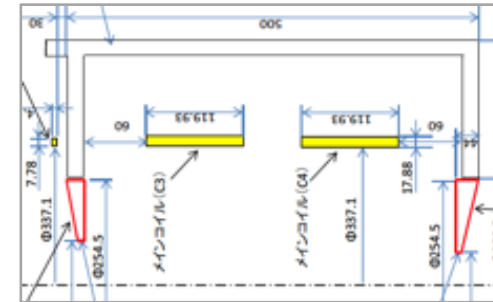
Axial Magnetic Field Profile

Comparison of Cu and SC Solenoids

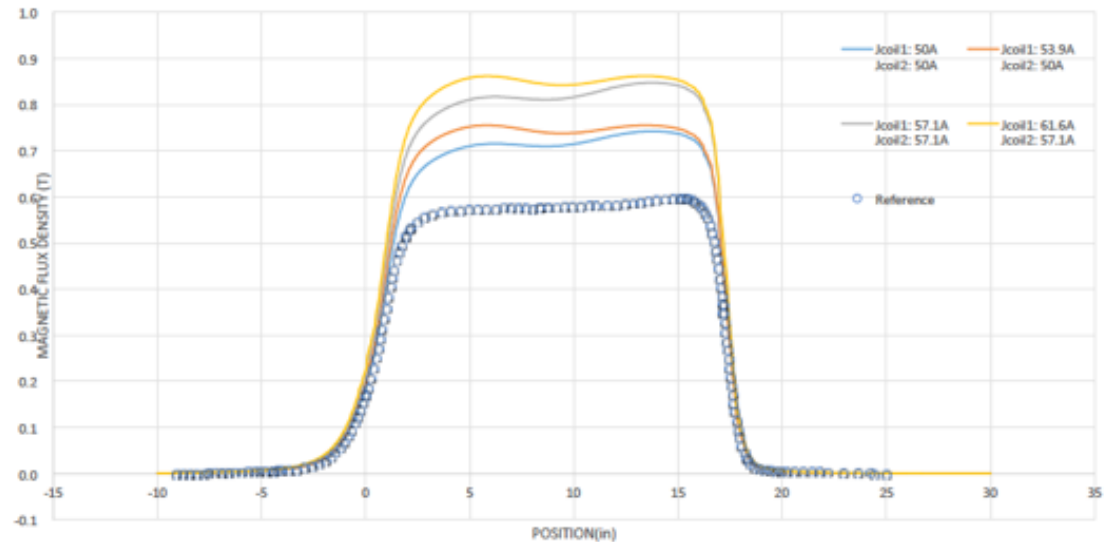
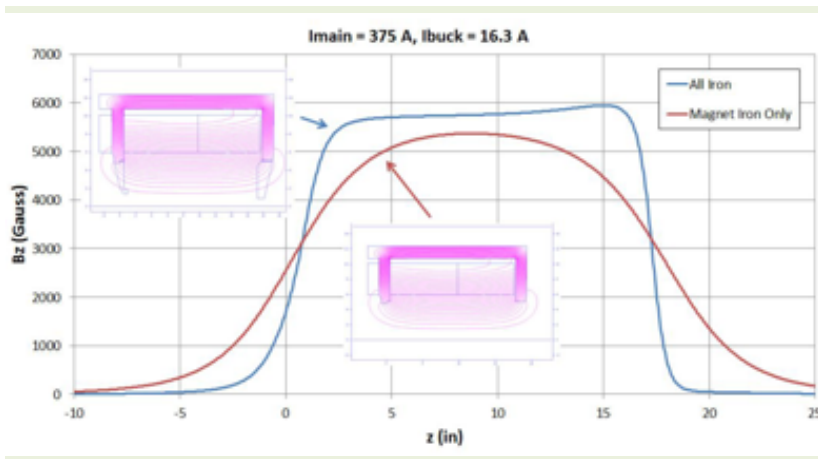
to be evaluated, soon



← Cu Solenoid
SC Solenoid →



Courtesy: j. Neilson



Further Test Plan

2019:

1/7: Cool-down completed
Excitation started
(1/9~15: Cryo-cooler maintenance)
1/16~ : Re-cooldown

Further Plan:

1/23 Excitation, quench safety, field meas.
2/14~15: **Acceptance tests with CERN's participation**
--> confirming excitation, quench safety, field profile.
--> **instructing how to operate the magnet at CERN**
3/15: Deliver to KEK (and soon Ship to CERN)

Summary: Development of a Superconducting Solenoid for X-band Klystron beam-focusing

Objective

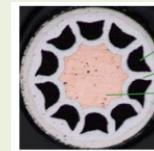
- SC-mag technology to be demonstrated for high-efficiency X-band Klystron for future linear accelerator applications

Prototype SC Magnet Design:

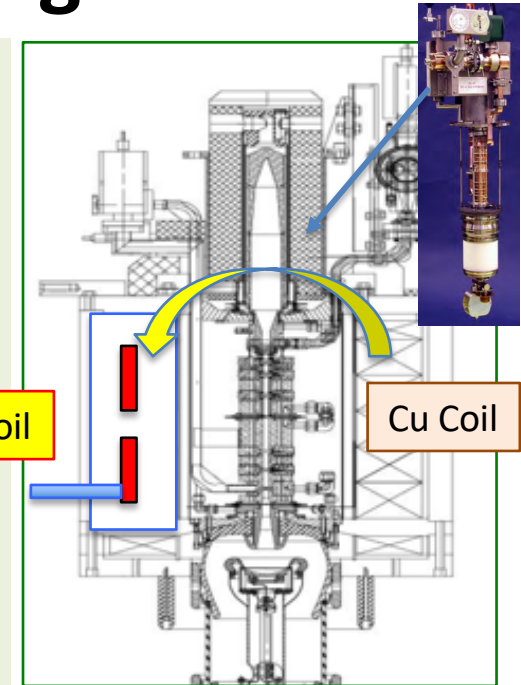
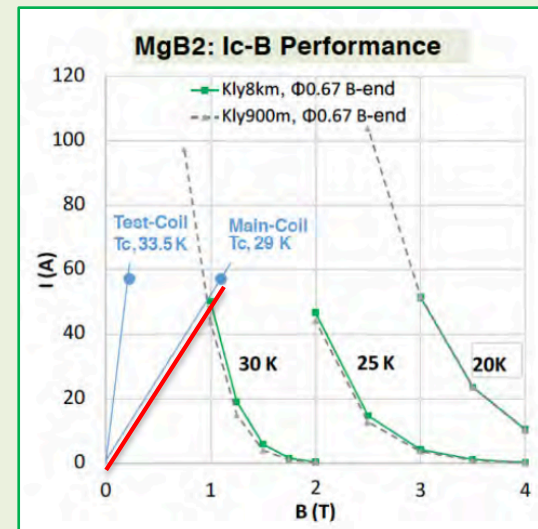
- Superconductor: **MgB₂**
- $B_c = > 0.7 \text{ T}$ (at a warm bore aperture of $\sim 0.24 \text{ m}$)
- Operation temperature: **20 K or higher**
- AC-plug power to be reduced: **< 3 kW**
 - < 1.5 kW / Klystron, by pairing
 - < 1/10 AC-power of Cu-Coil

Progress and Further Plan:

- MgB₂ conductor performance confirmed,
- Magnet fabrication completed,
- Magnet test in progress: **$B_c = 0.9 \text{ T}$ achieved at 16 K**
- Performance to be evaluated, with **Klystron**, at **CERN in 2019**.

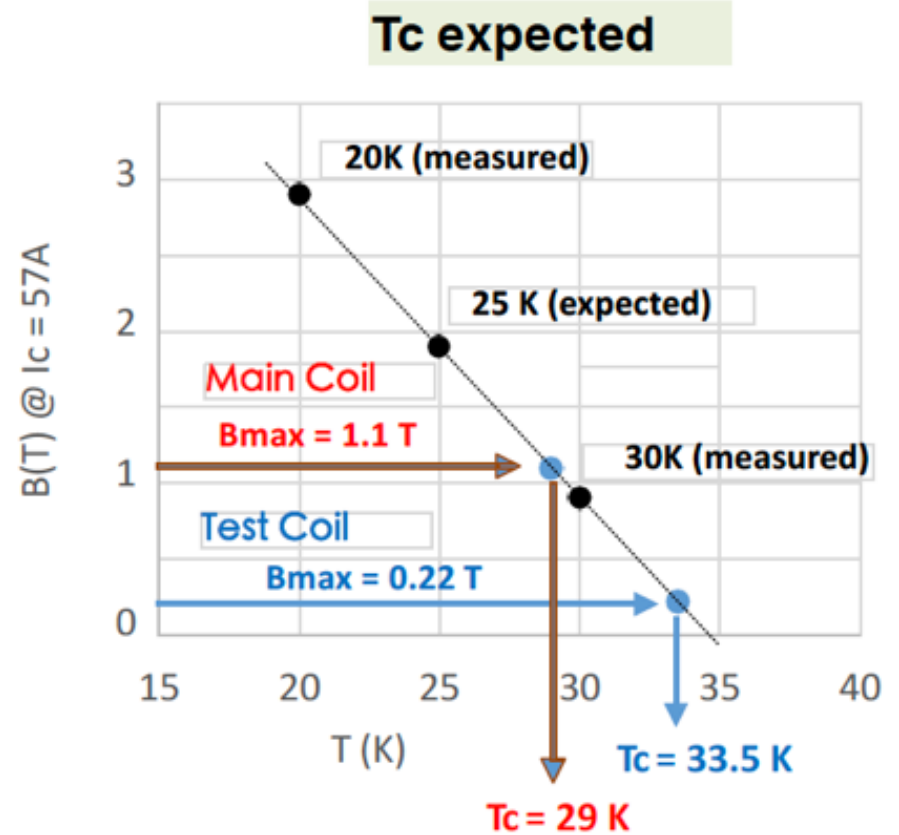
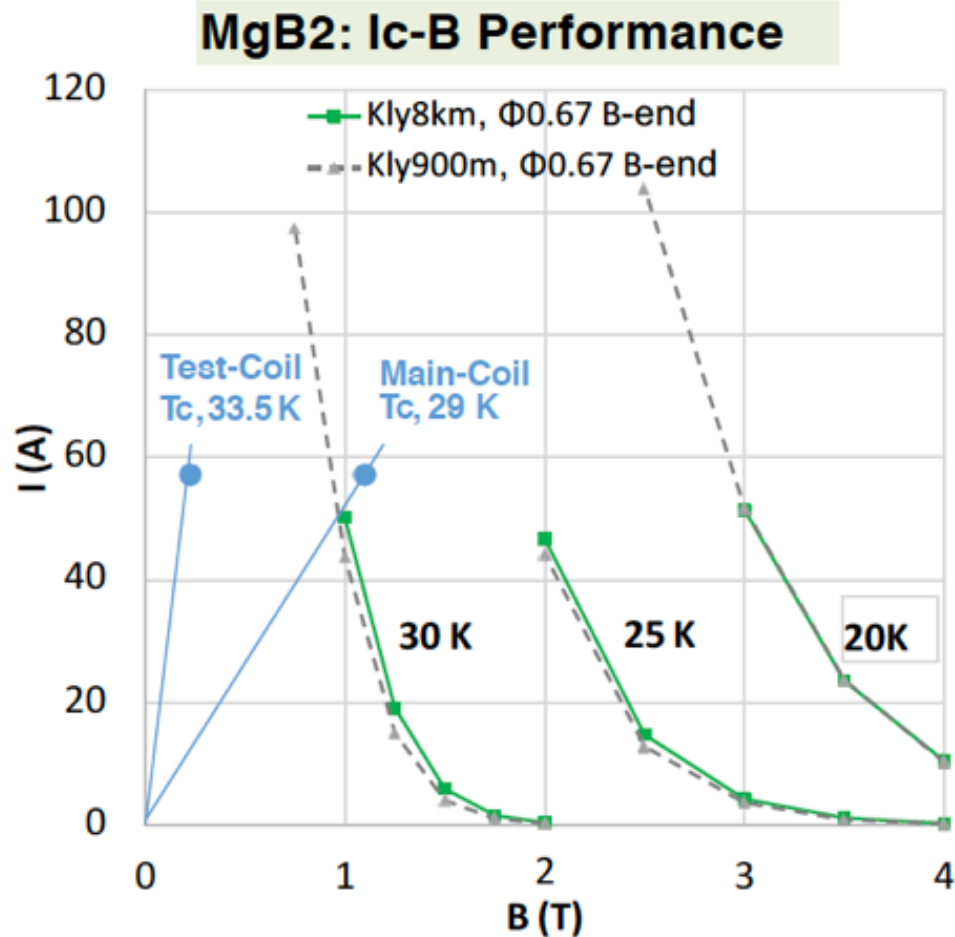


MgB₂ SC Coil

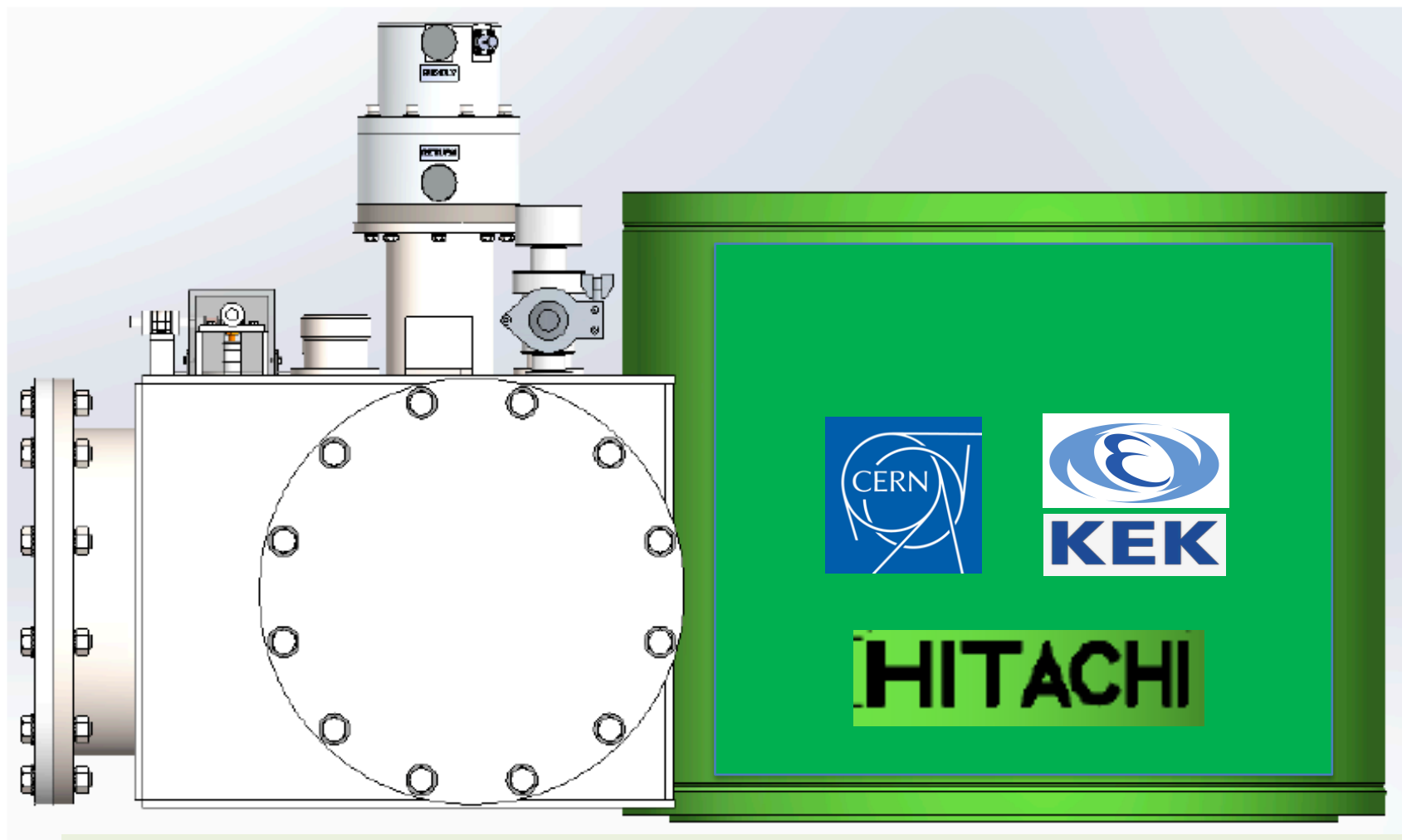


Appendix

Hitachi, MgB2 Conductor Performance



Logos: an update discussed



Locations: One on cylindrical yoke, and one on Service box (for different angles)

Logo sizes: CERN, KEK : $\sim 100 \times 100 \text{ mm}^2$

Hitachi: $\sim 35 \times 200 \text{ mm}^2$ (to be discussed w/ Hitachi)

Cold-Head Performance Required

CH-204 10K CRYOCOOLER SERIES



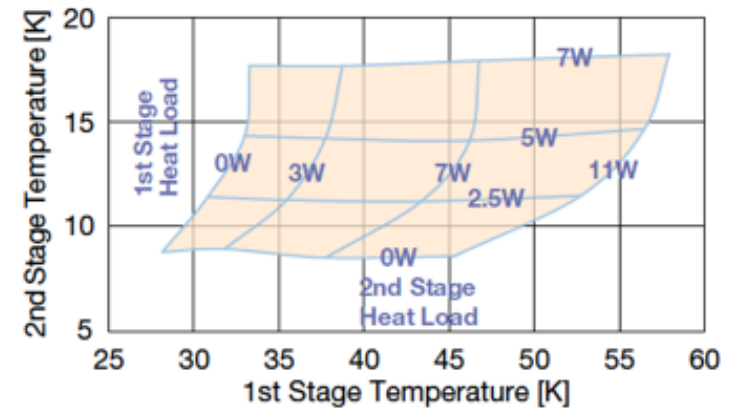
Performance Specifications

Power Supply Hz	50	60
2nd Stage Capacity Watts @ 20 K	6.7	7.1
1st Stage Capacity Watts @ 80 K	13.5	16.2
Maximum 2nd Stage Capacity Watts @ 20 K (No 1st Stage Load)	7.5	9.0
Cooldown Time to 20 K Minutes	35	30
Weight kg (lbs.)	7.8 (17.2)	
Maintenance Hours	13,000	

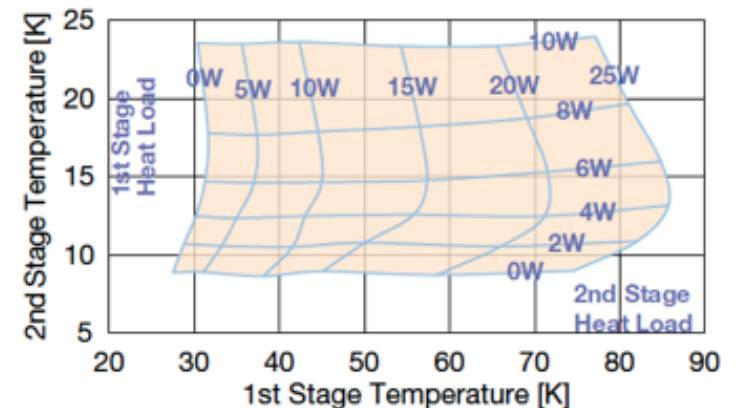
Standard Scope of Supply

- CH-204 Cold Head
- Zephyr®, HC-4E1, HC-8E4 or F-70L/H Compressor
- 3 m (10 ft.) Helium Gas Lines
- 3.5 m (11 ft.) Cold Head Cable
- Tool Kit

CH-204 Cold Head Capacity Map (50 Hz)



CH-204 Cold Head Capacity Map (60 Hz)



Cryo-Cooler Performance Required

COMPRESSOR OPTIONS

All SHI Cryocoolers and Pulse Tubes are driven by highly-efficient and reliable helium compressors. These compressors boast industry-leading 20,000 or 30,000 hour maintenance intervals, and are available in single-phase and three-phase, low and high voltage, and water and air-cooled versions.

To find the most compatible compressor for your cryocooler or pulse tube system, please refer to the individual product specifications in this catalogue or contact your local SHI Cryogenics Group sales office.



Compressor Model	HC-4E1	CKW-21A	HC-8E4	F-50		F-70		
				L	H	LP	L	H
Cooling	Water Cooled	Water Cooled	Water Cooled	Water Cooled		Water Cooled		
Electrical Supply	1 Phase 200 V, 230/240 V, 50 Hz 208/230 V, 60 Hz	3 Phase 200 V, 50/60 Hz	3 Phase 220 V, 50 Hz 220/230 V, 60 Hz	3 Phase 200 V, 50/60 Hz	3 Phase 380, 400, 415 V, 50 Hz 480 V, 60 Hz	3 Phase 200 V, 50/60 Hz	3 Phase 380-415 V, 50 Hz 480 V, 60 Hz	
Power Consumption*	2.6 kW at 50 Hz 3.0 kW at 60 Hz	2.7-3.3 kW at 50 Hz 3.5-4.0 kW at 60 Hz	3.7 kW at 50 Hz 4.3 kW at 60 Hz	6.5-7.2 kW at 50 Hz 7.5-8.3 kW at 60 Hz	6.7-7.2 kW at 50 Hz 8.0-8.5 kW at 60 Hz	6.6-6.9 kW at 50 Hz 7.5-7.8 kW at 60 Hz		
Ambient Temperature	4-40 °C (40-104 °F)	5-35 °C (41-95 °F)	4-40 °C (40-104 °F)	5-35 °C (41-95 °F)		4-40 °C (40-104 °F)		
Cooling Water (Inlet)	2.7 L/min. (0.7 gal./min.) 4-27 °C (40-80 °F)	3.0-3.5 L/min. (1.8 gal./min.) 28 °C (82 °F)	5.7-9.5 L/min. (1.5-2.5 gal./min.) 4-21 °C (40-70 °F)	7-10 L/min. (1.8 gal./min.) 28 °C (82 °F)	6-9 L/min. (1.6-2.4 gal./min.) 5-25 °C (41-77 °F)			
Cooling Air	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		
Dimensions (HxWxD)	504 x 430 x 485 mm (19.8 x 16.9 x 19.1 in.)	461 x 400 x 450 mm (18.1 x 15.7 x 17.7 in.)	504 x 430 x 485 mm (19.8 x 16.9 x 19.1 in.)	591 x 450 x 588 mm (23.3 x 17.7 x 23.2 in.)		532 x 443 x 493 mm (20.9 x 17.4 x 19.4 in.)		
Weight	75 kg (165 lbs.) 82 kg (180 lbs.) w/ transformer	70 kg (155 lbs.)	75 kg (165 lbs.)	120 kg (264 lbs.)		100 kg (225 lbs.)		
Maintenance	30,000 Hours	20,000 Hours	30,000 Hours	30,000 Hours		30,000 Hours		

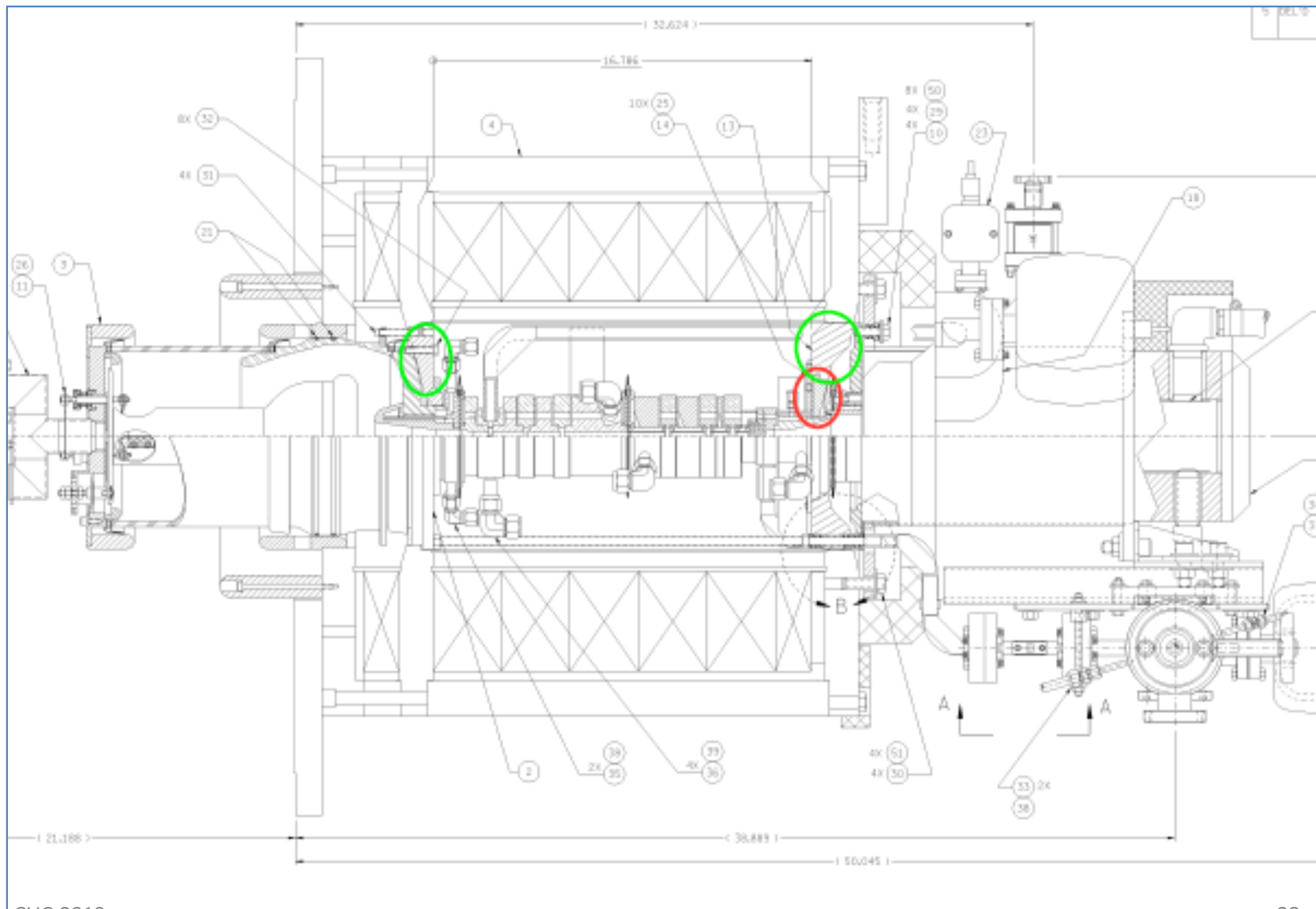
CNA-11		Zephyr®	CNA-31		CSA-71A	CNA-61	
B	C		C	D		C	D
Air Cooled		Air Cooled	Air Cooled		Air Cooled	Air Cooled	
1 Phase 100 V, 50/60 Hz	1 Phase 100, 120, 220, 230, 240 V, 50/60 Hz	1 Phase 200 V, 220 V, 230/240 V, 50 Hz 220 V, 60 Hz	3 Phase 200 V, 50/60 Hz	3 Phase 380, 400, 415 V, 50 Hz 460, 480 V, 60 Hz	3 Phase 200 V, 50/60 Hz	3 Phase 200 V, 50/60 Hz	3 Phase 380, 400, 415 V, 50 Hz 460, 480 V, 60 Hz
1.2-1.3 kW at 50 Hz 1.3-1.5 kW at 60 Hz		3.0 kW at 50 Hz 3.4 kW at 60 Hz	3.8-4.6 kW at 50 Hz 4.8-5.6 kW at 60 Hz		6.5-7.2 kW at 50 Hz 7.5-8.3 kW at 60 Hz	7.5-8.0 kW at 50 Hz 8.5-9.2 kW at 60 Hz	
4-38 °C (39-100 °F)		4-32 °C (40-90 °F)	4-38 °C (39-100 °F)		5-35 °C (41-95 °F)	5-35 °C (41-95 °F) - Indoor 30-45 °C (22-113 °F) - Outdoor	
N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
2.7 m³/min. (95 cfm), 50 Hz 3.3 m³/min. (117 cfm), 60 Hz		20 m³/min. (706 cfm), 50/60 Hz	20.1 m³/min. (710 cfm), 50 Hz 23.0 m³/min. (812 cfm) 60 Hz		28 m³/min. (989 cfm), 50/60 Hz	29.7 m³/min. (1049 cfm), 50 Hz 29.8 m³/min. (1052 cfm), 60 Hz	
400 x 390 x 450 mm (15.7 x 15.3 x 17.7 in.)	610 x 390 x 450 mm (24.0 x 15.4 x 17.7 in.)	715 x 453 x 488 mm (28.2 x 17.8 x 19.2 in.)	901 x 520 x 520 mm (35.5 x 20.5 x 20.5 in.)		885 x 550 x 550 mm (34.8 x 21.7 x 21.7 in.)	630x270x570 mm (24.8 x 10.6 x 22.4 in.) 1050x910x400 mm (41.3 x 35.8 x 15.7 in.)	705x270x610 mm (27.8 x 10.6 x 24.0 in.) 1050x910x400 mm (41.3 x 35.8 x 15.7 in.)
42 kg (93 lbs.)	75 kg (165 lbs.)	102 kg (225 lbs.) 111 kg (245 lbs.) w/ transformer	95 kg (210 lbs.) 104 kg (229 lbs.)		140 kg (309 lbs.)	45 kg (95 lbs.)/ 115 kg (254 lbs.)	55 kg (121 lbs.)/ 115 kg (254 lbs.)
30,000 Hours		30,000 Hours	30,000 Hours		20,000 Hours	20,000 Hours	

* Typical power consumption

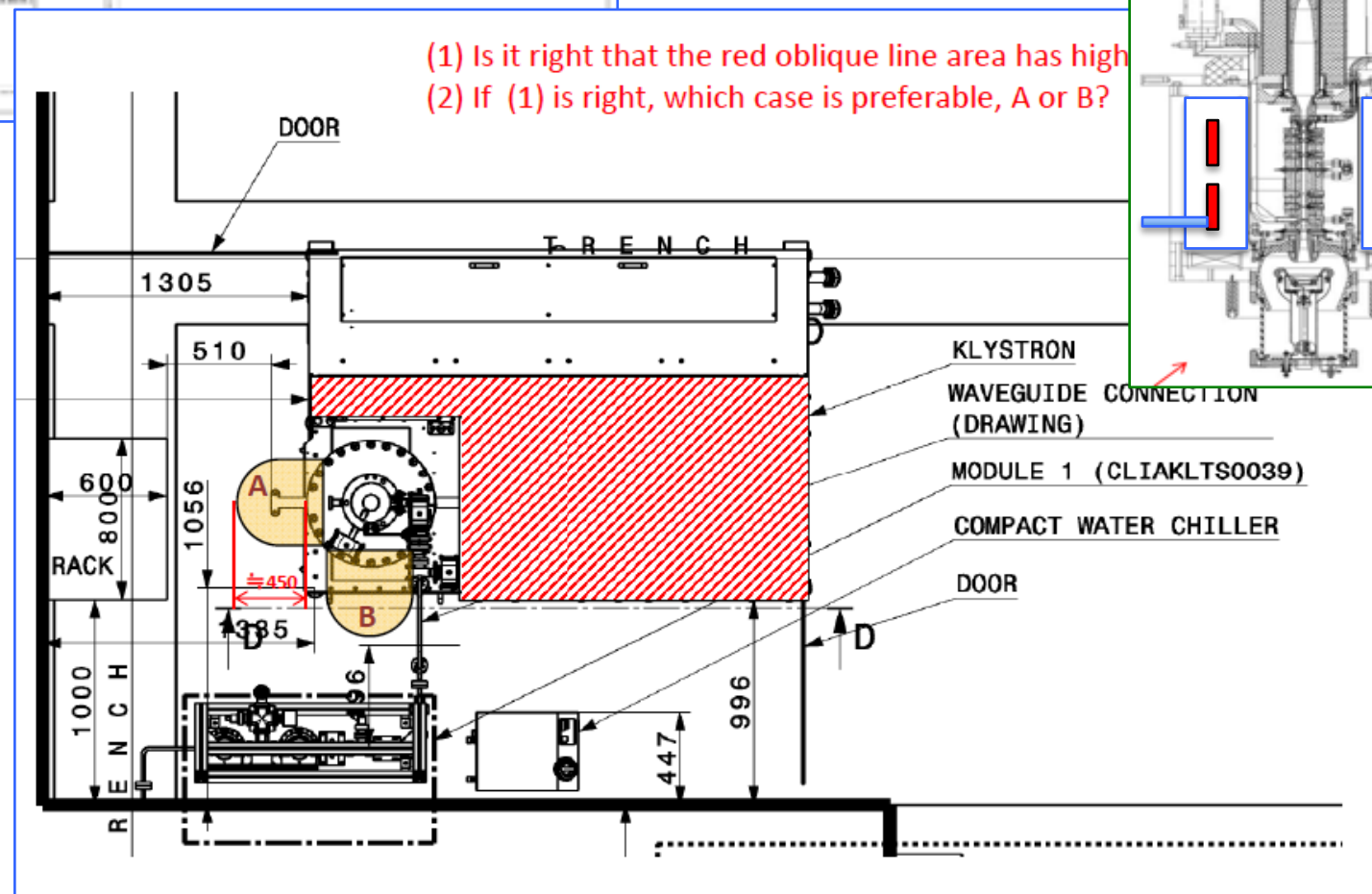
Cryo-Cooler Performance Required

<http://www.shicryogenics.com//wp-content/uploads/2012/11/Cryocooler-Product-Catalogue.pdf>

Cold Head Model		RDK-101D	RDK-305D	RDK-205D	RDK-408D2	RDK-415D	RP-062B	RP-082B	CH-204N	RDK-408S2	CH-202	CH-204	CH-208R	CH-208L	CH-210	RDK-400B	CH-104	CH-110
1st Stage Capacity	50 Hz	3.0 W @ 60 K	15 W @ 40 K	3.0 W @ 50 K	40 W @ 43 K	35 W @ 50 K	30 W @ 65 K	40 W @ 45 K	—	35 W @ 45 K	7.3 W @ 77 K	13.5 W @ 80 K	65 W @ 77 K	28 W @ 77 K	110 W @ 77 K	54 W @ 40 K	34 W @ 77 K	175 W @ 77 K
	60 Hz	5.0 W @ 60 K	20 W @ 40 K	4.0 W @ 50 K	50 W @ 43 K	45 W @ 50 K	30 W @ 65 K	40 W @ 45 K	—	40 W @ 45 K	8.8 W @ 77 K	16.2 W @ 80 K	80 W @ 77 K	35 W @ 77 K	120 W @ 77 K	70 W @ 40 K	42 W @ 77 K	200 W @ 77 K
2nd Stage Capacity	50 Hz	0.1 W @ 4.2 K	0.4 W @ 4.2 K	0.5 W @ 4.2 K	1.0 W @ 4.2 K	1.5 W @ 4.2 K	0.5 W @ 4.2 K	1.0 W @ 4.2 K	2.5 W @ 10 K	5.4 W @ 10 K	1.8 W @ 20 K	6.7 W @ 20 K	6.0 W @ 20 K	8.0 W @ 20 K	6.0 W @ 20 K	N/A	N/A	N/A
	60 Hz	0.1 W @ 4.2 K	0.4 W @ 4.2 K	0.5 W @ 4.2 K	1.0 W @ 4.2 K	1.5 W @ 4.2 K	0.5 W @ 4.2 K	1.0 W @ 4.2 K	3.0 W @ 10 K	6.3 W @ 10 K	2.2 W @ 20 K	7.1 W @ 20 K	7.5 W @ 20 K	10.0 W @ 20 K	7.0 W @ 20 K	N/A	N/A	N/A
Minimum Temperature ¹		<3.0 K	<3.5 K	<3.5 K	<3.5 K	<3.5 K	<3.0 K	<3.0 K	6.5 K	<7 K	10 K	10 K	10 K	10 K	10 K	<25 K	<25 K	<25 K
Cooldown Time ¹	50 Hz	<150	<120	<90	<60	<60	<100	<80	40	<60	75	35	55	50	35	<30	<40	35
	60 Hz	<150	<120	<90	<60	<60	<90	<80	35	<60	65	30	45	40	30	<30	<30	30
Weight		7.2 kg (15.9 lbs.) ²	16.0 kg (35.3 lbs.)	14.0 kg (30.9 lbs.)	18.0 kg (39.7 lbs.)	18.5 kg (40.8 lbs.)	23.2 kg (51.2 lbs.)	26.0 kg (57.3 lbs.)	7.8 kg (17.2 lbs.)	17.2 kg (37.9 lbs.)	6.8 kg (15.0 lbs.)	7.8 kg (17.2 lbs.)	11.6 kg (25.6 lbs.)	11.8 kg (26.0 lbs.)	13.8 kg (30.4 lbs.)	16.0 kg (35.3 lbs.)	7.9 kg (17.5 lbs.)	13.7 kg (30.2 lbs.)
Bakeable Option									•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•
HC-4E1									•		•	•					•	4
CKW-21A				•														
HC-8E4									•		•	•	•	•			•	4
F-50L/H					•	•	•			•						•		
F-70LP/L/H					•	•		•	3			3	•	•	•		3	•
CNA-11B/C		•																
Zephyr®									•		•	•					•	4
CNA-31C/D			•															
CSA-71A					•	•				•						•		
CNA-61C/D					•	•				•						•		



The Klystron at the experimental hall



(1) Is it right that the red oblique line area has high
 (2) If (1) is right, which case is preferable, A or B?

