



Primary electron beam facility at CERN

Alexej Grudiev, (CERN) for
the working group PBC-acc-e-beams PBC-acc-e-beams@cern.ch , CERN, Switzerland

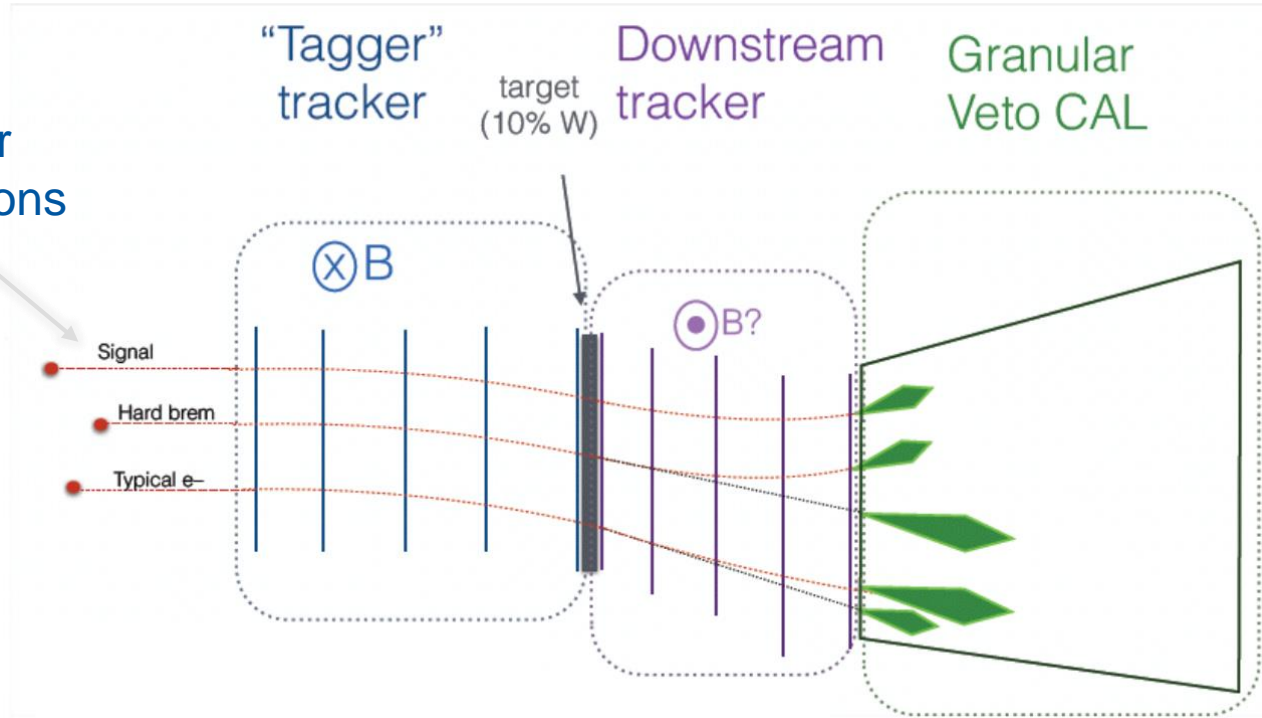
CLIC2018, CERN, 24/01/2019

Outline

- Light Dark Matter eXperiment (LDMX)
- Electron complex
 - Linac
 - SPS
 - Extraction
- Beam structure
- Example of user groups for the CERN primary electron beam facility
- Conclusion

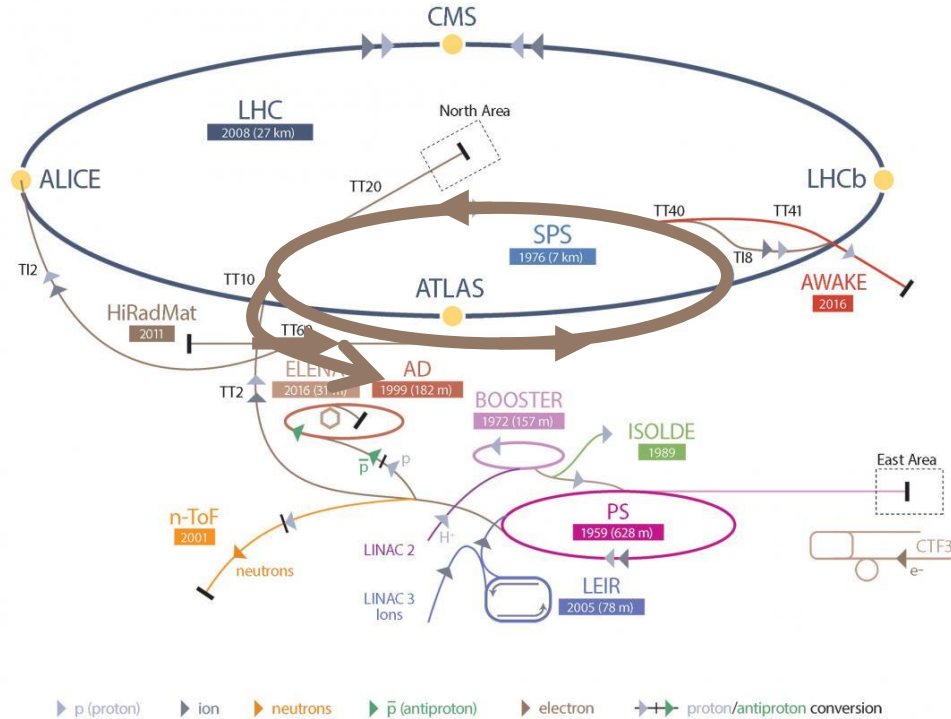
Light Dark Matter eXperiment

Search for dark photons



Electron complex

CERN's Accelerator Complex



3.5 GeV Linac

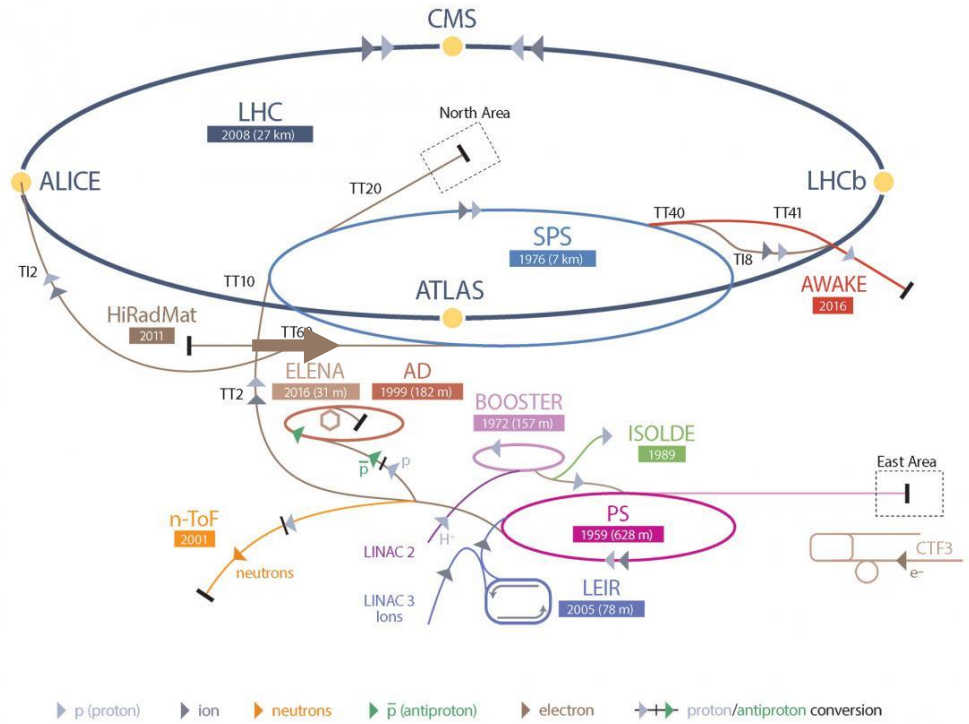
Acceleration to
in SPS

Extraction

Electron complex

CERN's Accelerator Complex

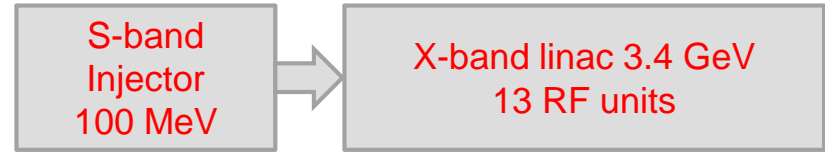
3.5 GeV Linac



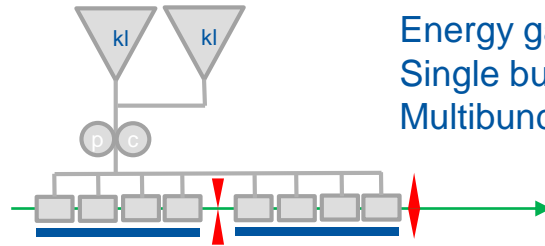
Layout e-linac to SPS (single bunch => multi bunch)

Based on the initial desing for EuSPARC (Frascati)

parameters			comments
<a> [mm]	3.2		
d [mm]	2.5		
Ls [mm]	500		
Qe	21400		
vg/c [%]	2.5 – 0.77		
Tf [ns]	121		
R'_PC [MΩ/m]	350		=G ² /(Pkl/L)
Cell R'/Q			
R'/Q~95			
MΩhm/m			
Q ~ 6500			
	Single bunch	Multi bunch	
Number of bunches	1	40	
Bunch spacing [ns]		5	
Pulse length [ns]	121	325	
Active gradient: G [MV/m]	84	66	
N structures	104	104	
Total active length: Lt [m]	52	52	
Energy gain: Vt [MeV]	4368	3432	
Total klystron power: Pt [MW]	1056	1000	On crest, No losses in WG
N klystrons	26	26	



Layout of one RF unit

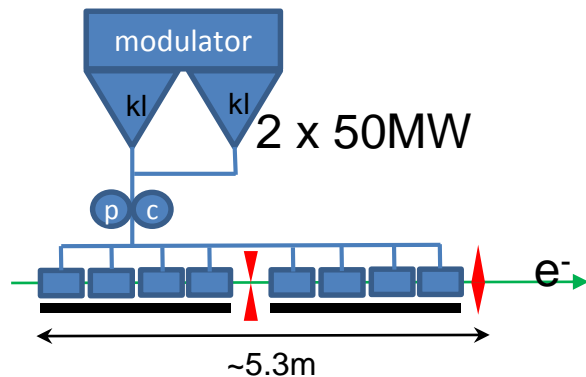


Energy gain:
 Single bunch: 336MeV
 Multibunch 200ns: 264MeV

Active gradient for multibunch:
 $T_p = 325\text{ns} \Rightarrow 200\text{ns bunch train}$
 $2 \times 40\text{MW} \times 1.6\mu\text{s} + \text{CLIC pulse compression } \sim 3 \Rightarrow$
 $240\text{MW} \times 325\text{ns} \Rightarrow 30 \text{ MW/AS} \Rightarrow G_{\text{acc}} = 66 \text{ MV/m}$

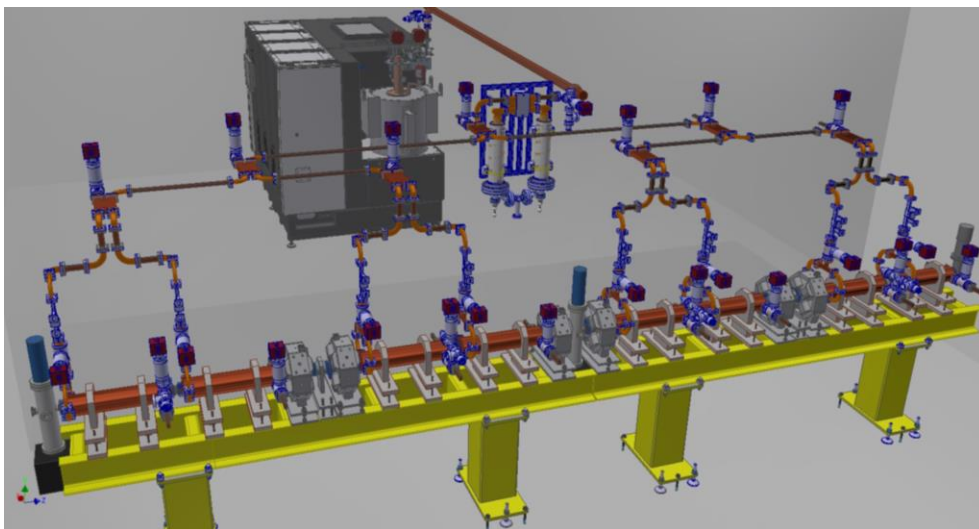
Linac parameters

- 0.1 GeV S-band injector
- 3.4 GeV X-band linac
 - High gradient CLIC technology
 - 13 RF units to get 3.4 GeV in ~70 m



Possible parameters

Energy spread (uncorrelated*)	<1MeV
Bunch charge	52 pC
Bunch length	~5ps
Norm. trans emittance	~10um
N bunches in one train	40
Train length	200 ns
Rep. rate	100 Hz



RF DESIGN OF THE X-BAND LINAC FOR THE EUPRAXIA@SPARC-LAB PROJECT
M. Diomedea Et al., IPAC18

X-band Linac components available

- Examples

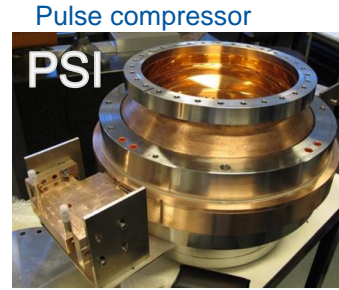


Klystron

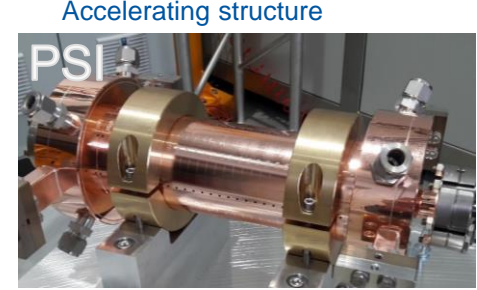
+



Modulator



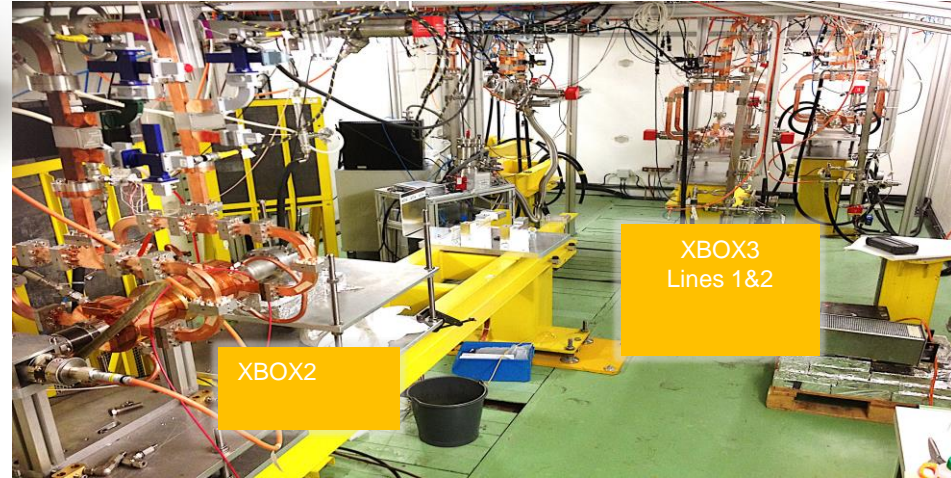
Pulse compressor



Accelerating structure

- One RF unit accelerates 200ns bunch train up to 264 MeV

Assembled systems in continues operation at CERN

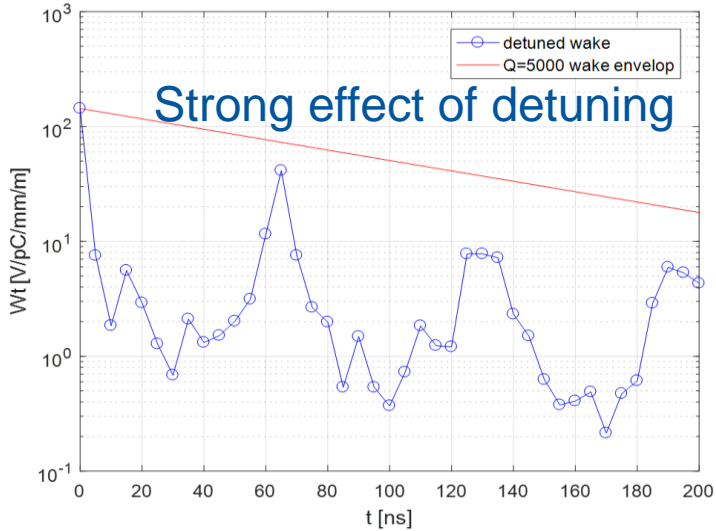


XBOX2

XBOX3
Lines 1&2

Transverse Long-range wakes

Q = 5000;

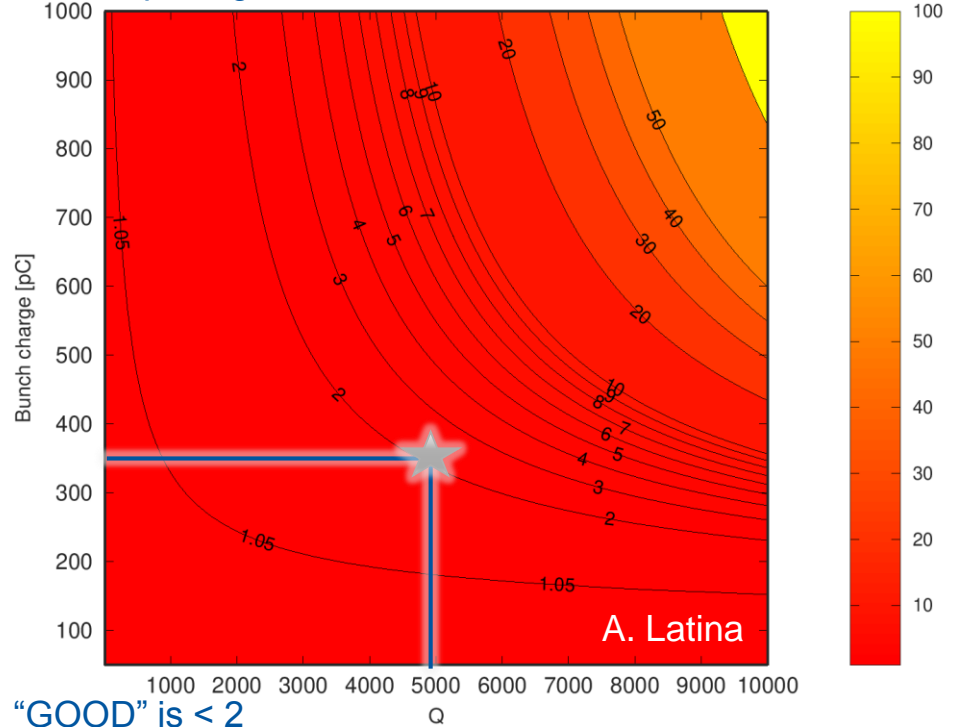


	1 st cell	60 th cell
a [mm]	3.636	2.764
d [mm]	2	2
Amplitude [V/pC/mm/m]	117.1	168.2
Frequency [GHz]	16.08	17.03

Scan Q vs bunch charge

Bunch spacing = 5 ns

F_{coh}



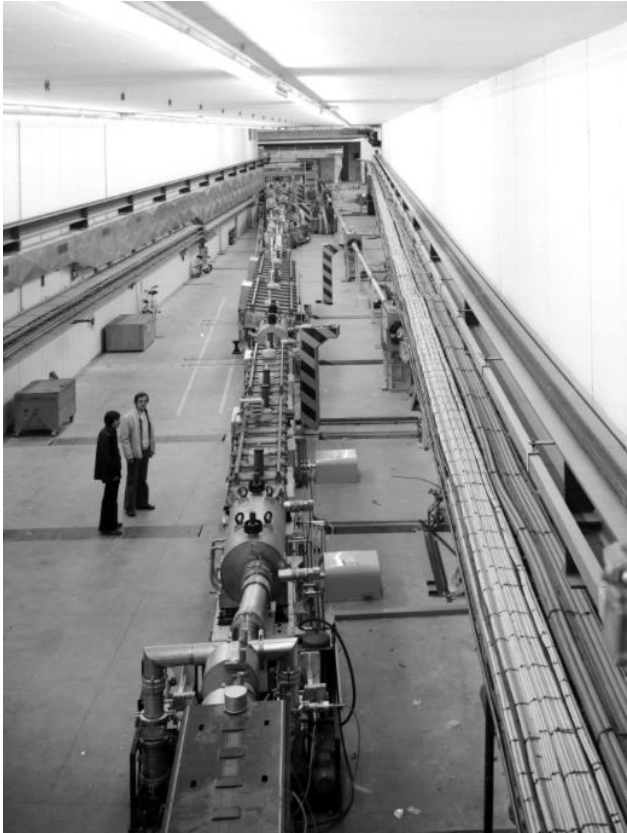
“GOOD” is < 2

Undamped: Q ~ 5000;

Max charge = 300 pC

Linac location

- To be installed in the available transfer tunnels TT4, in line with the SPS

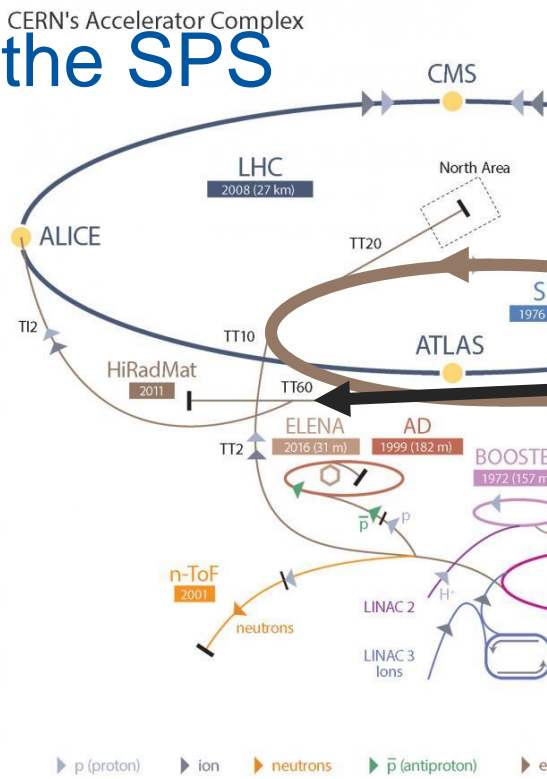


Transfer tunnel, TT60, from the Linac into the SPS

Injection into the SPS

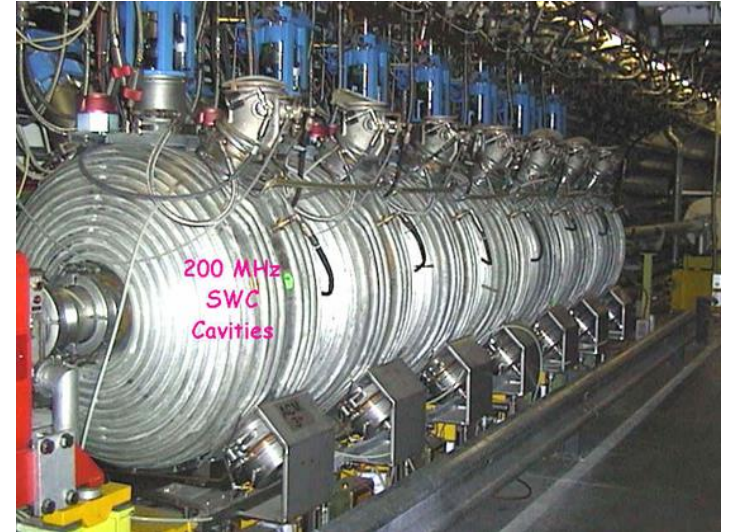
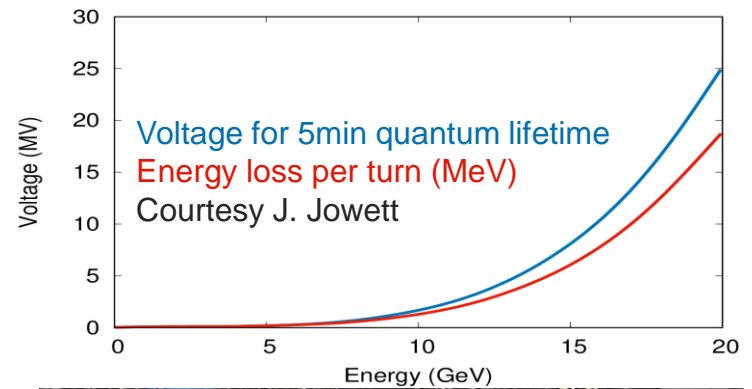
Bunch to bucket injection in the 200MHz SPS longitudinal RF structure.

Total of 75 trains of 40 bunches
3000 bunches
 10^{12} electrons in the ring



SPS RF system

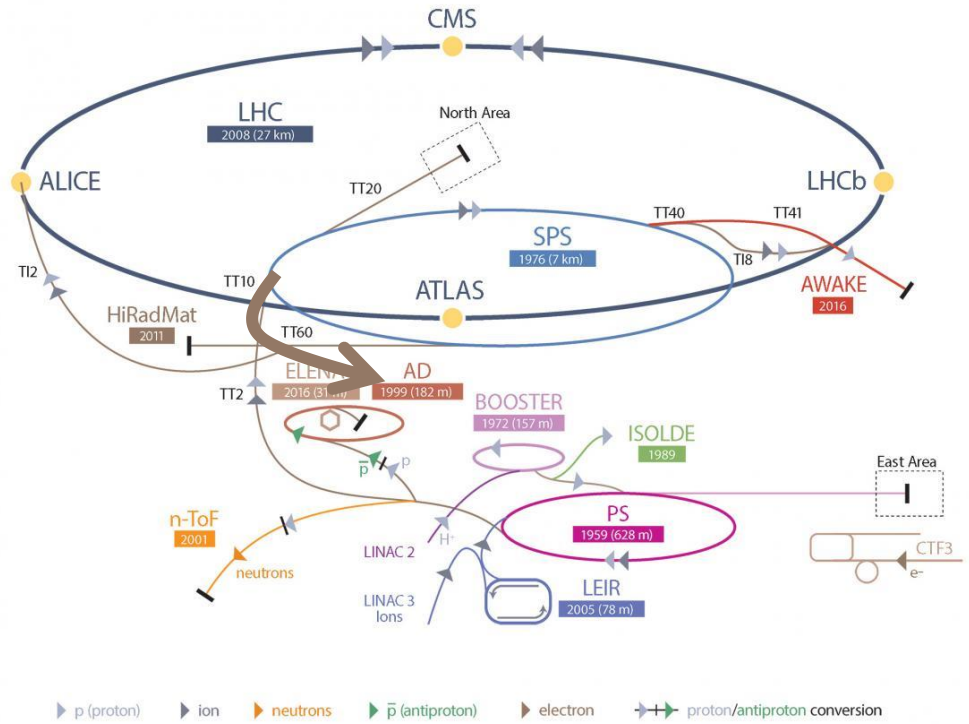
- Acceleration to 16 GeV can safely be achieved
- Existing 200 MHz cavities from LEP era to be re-installed
 - Need 10MV for 16GeV electrons
 - (12 + 1) 200 MHz Standing Wave Cavities [1 MV per cavity] available
- Space is available to install them
- 5ns, 10ns, ... 40 ns longitudinal structure is imposed by the available cavities
- Trains of 200ns (linac) separated by 100ns gaps (injections kicker)



Slow extraction to experiments

CERN's Accelerator Complex

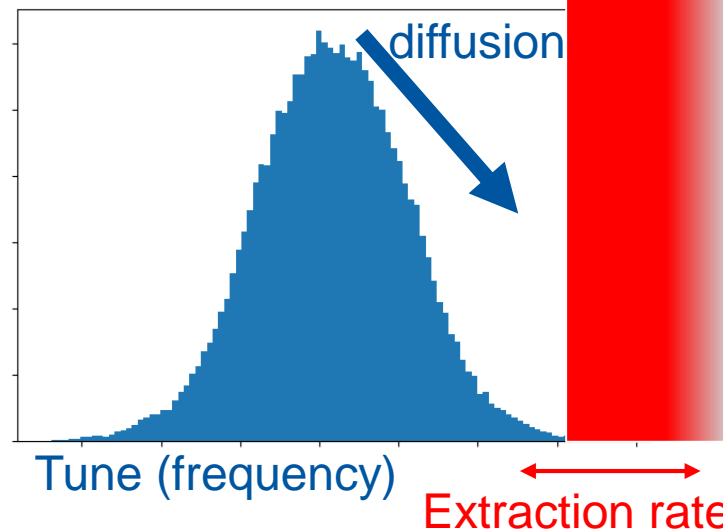
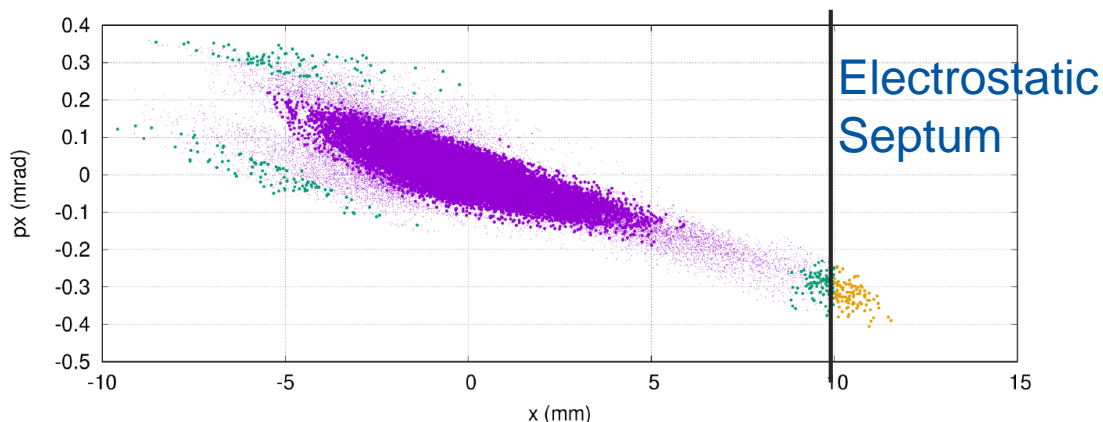
Extraction



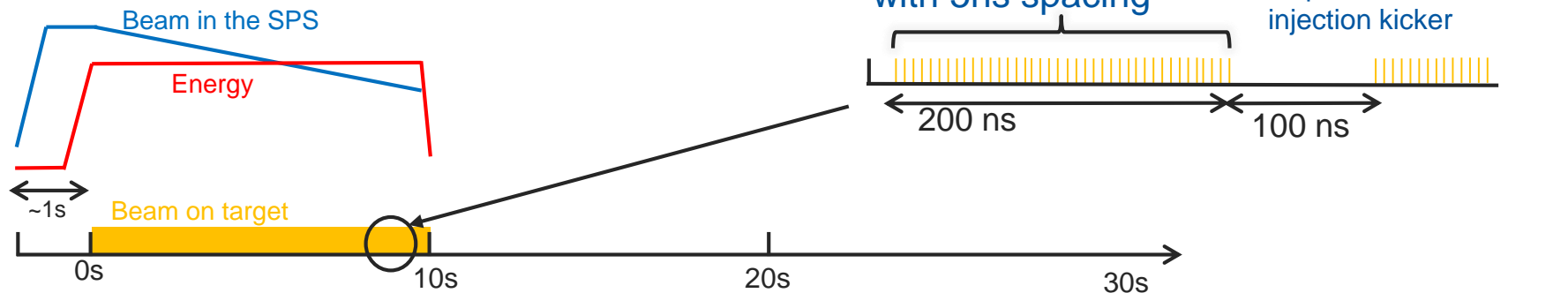
Slow extraction principle, in frequency space

- Spread in oscillation frequency within the beam follows
 - Transverse distribution
 - Longitudinal distribution in presence of chromatic lattice
- Position of the resonant condition is set by the machine
- Quantum excitation constantly diffuse the particles, hence frequencies,

Resonant condition extraction



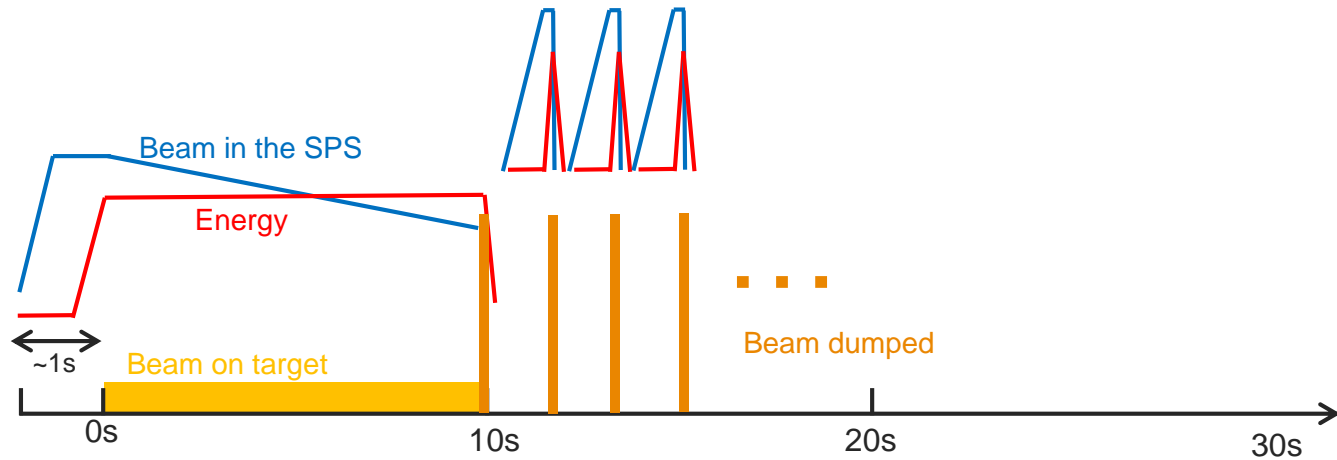
Structure of extracted beam



- Flexibility
 - Bunch spacing 5ns, 10ns, ... 40ns
 - Average electrons per bunch can be chosen from <1 to anything
 - Transverse beam spot on target from very small up to hundred cm^2
- This flexibility can deliver the needs of LDMX
 - Phase 1 : 10^{14} electrons
 - Phase 2 : 10^{16} electrons

In addition

- After this beam has been delivered there is still a lot of electrons in the SPS
- These can quickly be dumped into a separate beam line
 - 10^{12} electrons within $25\mu\text{s}$, possibly up to 4 times more



If there would be a high priority the dump can be repeated every 2 s

Extracted beam and experimental area

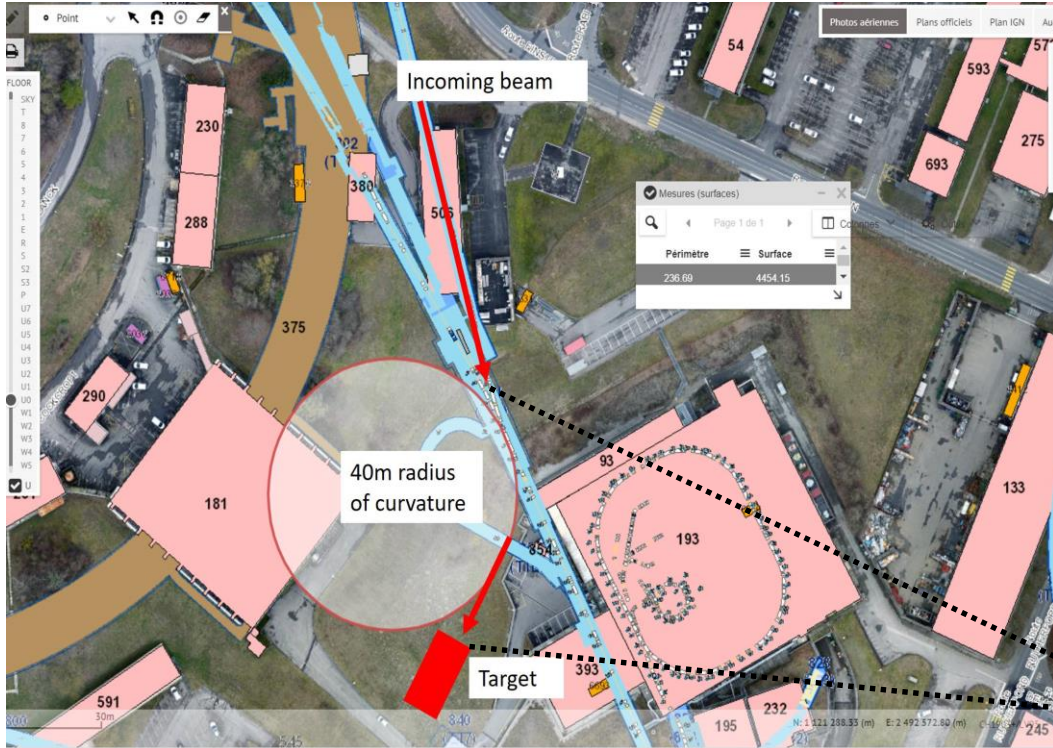


FIG. 43: Visualisation of the proposed underground (shown in blue) and overground (shown in red) facilities

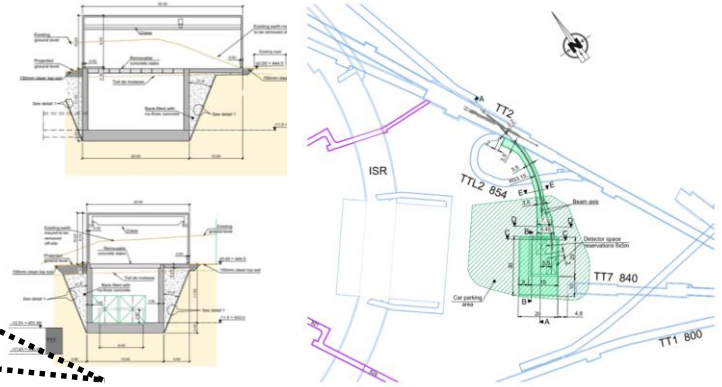
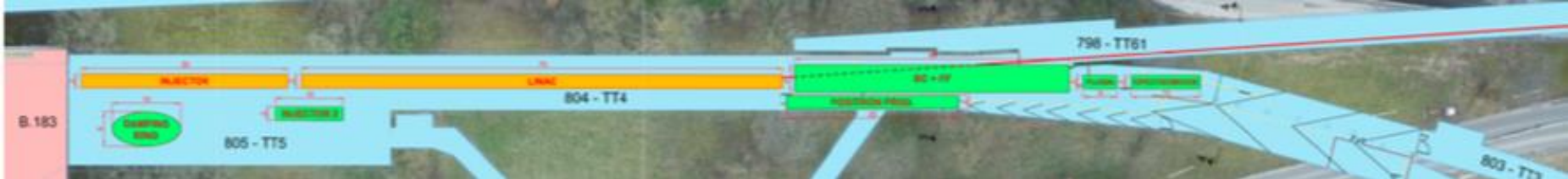


FIG. 38: Plan view of proposed layout

In total ~50 m new tunnel

Other user groups for the CERN primary electron beam facility

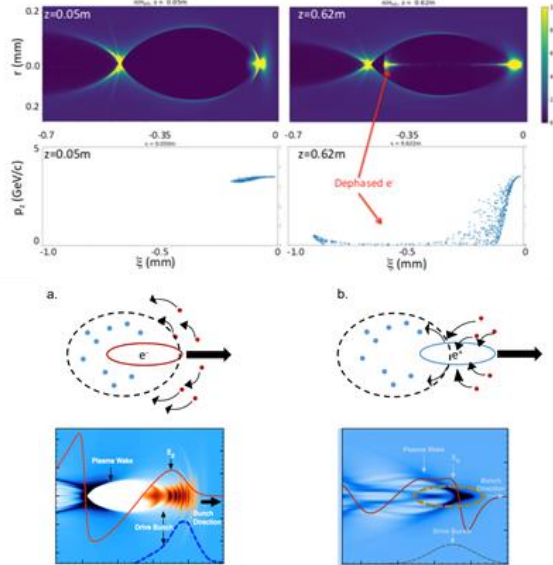


Physics

- LDMX
- Other hidden sector experiments, incl. dump-type experiments using available electrons
- Nuclear physics

Accelerator physics R&D:

- CLIC: Linac goes a long way towards a natural next step for use of technology (collaborate with INFN and others also using technology for X-band linacs in coming years)
- Relevant also for other potential future facilities using electrons (rings) considered at CERN
- Plasma studies with electrons
 - Use electron (3.5GeV) beam as driver and/or probe – study by AWAKE WG
- Positron production (interesting for LC, rings and plasma) and studies with positrons for plasma and LEMMA concept for muon collider
- General acc. R&D as in CLEAR today (<https://clear.web.cern.ch>)
 - Plasma-lenses, impedance, high grad, medical, training, instrumentation, THz, ESA irradi.
- General Linear Collider related studies
 - Example: damped beam for final focus studies (beyond ATF2)



References

- <https://arxiv.org/abs/1805.12379>
- Expression of Interest (EoI) to the SPSC Oct 2018:
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2640784>
- Also submitted in “compact form” to ESPP update 18.12 (cannot find public link)
-

Cost and Schedule in the EoI to SPSC

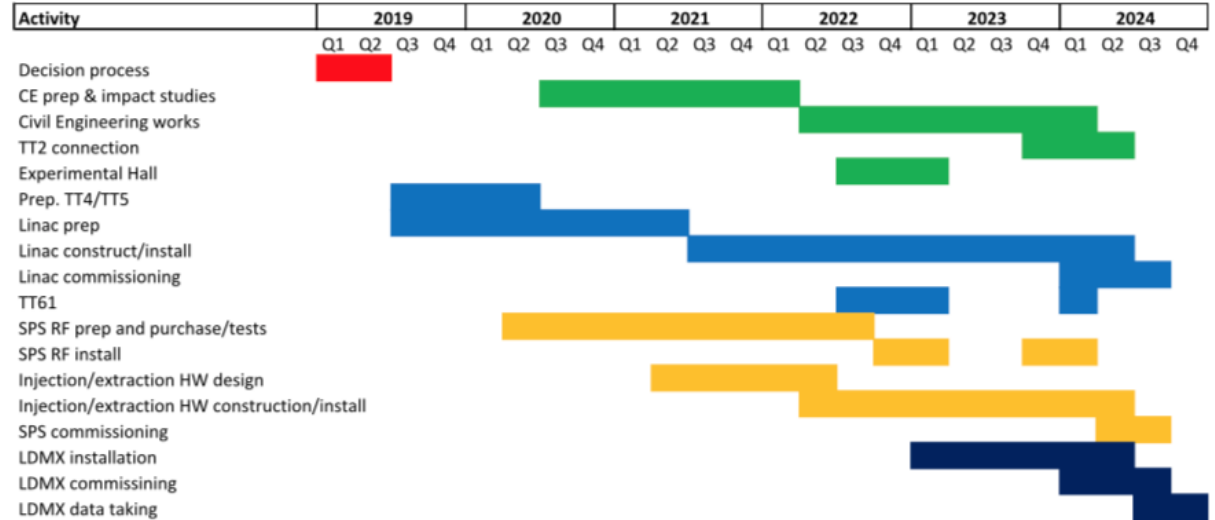
- Expression of Interest (EoI) has been submitted to the SPSC in October 2018:

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2640784>

- It is also submitted in “compact form” to ESPP update 18.12 (cannot find public link)

TABLE I: Cost summary

PBS Item	Cost MCHF
1.1 Source	6.0
1.2 X-band linac	34.1
2.1 Linac to SPS transfer	4.6
2.2 SPS fast injection	3.4
2.3 SPS ring	10.5
2.4 SPS slow extraction	3.3
2.5 Transfer SPS to Exp. Area	4.2
3.2 Civil Engineering	11.4
3.3 Exp. Area infrastructure	2.0
Sum	79.5



Schedule is technically based ... however

- Respects that efforts during LS2 has to be limited
- No major spending or commitments until Spring/mid 2020
- Final connection after end of LHC run in 2023
- Can run during LS3 when/if the SPS is available

Conclusion

- Based on previous usage of the CERN accelerator complex, and building on the accelerator R&D for CLIC an electron beam facility would be a natural next step
- No show-stoppers have been found when exploring this option
- This facility could deliver the beam needed for the LDMX program, deliver electrons to an electron beam dump experiment, and opens for a wide range of accelerator research and development studies with relevance for CERN

Thank you

