

Generator MCSANC_{ee} for the polarized
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-, \tau^+\tau^-, ZH$
scattering at one-loop EW level.

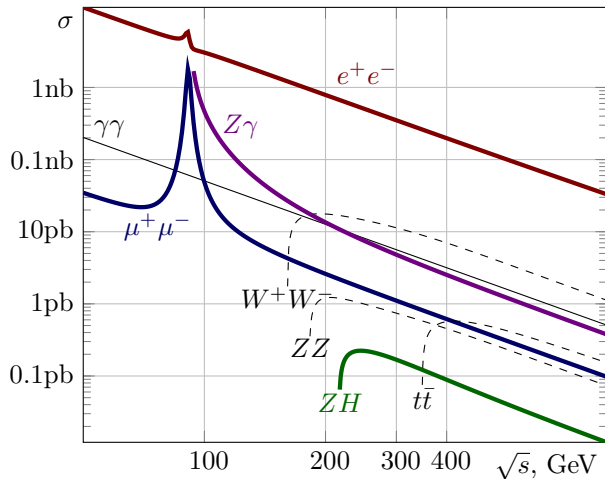
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^b IoP, Southern Federal University, Rostov-on-Don, Russia

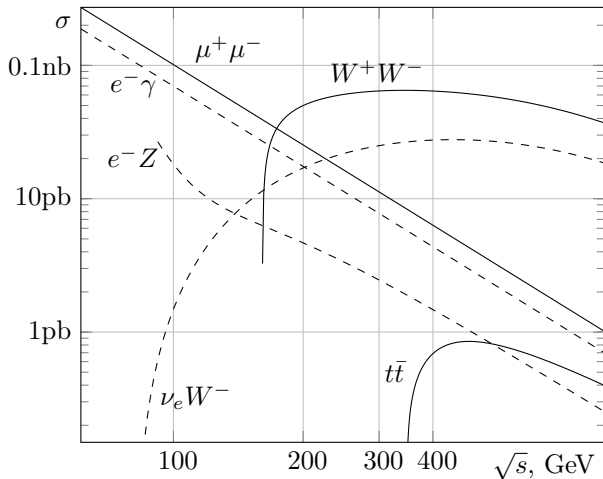
presented by Igor Boyko^a.

Basic processes of SM for e^+e^- annihilation



The cross sections are given for polar angles between $10^\circ < \theta < 170^\circ$ in the final state.

Basic processes of SM for $e^\pm\gamma$ and $\gamma\gamma$ initial state



The cross sections are given for polar angles between $10^\circ < \theta < 170^\circ$ in the final state

Polarized scattering $2 \rightarrow 2$, EW corrections, notations

We consider a scattering of two polarized e^+ and e^- beams with:

- four momentum of incoming p_1 and p_2 , outgoing particles p_3 and p_4 ,
- in the massless case $m_e = 0$
- at the one-loop EW level
- with longitudinal polarization P_{e^+} and P_{e^-} of incoming beams:

$$e^+(p_1) + e^-(p_2) \longrightarrow e^+(p_3) + e^-(p_4).$$

The cross-section of this process at one-loop can be divided into four parts:

$$\sigma^{\text{1-loop}} = \sigma^{\text{Born}} + \sigma^{\text{virt}}(\lambda) + \sigma^{\text{soft}}(\lambda, \omega) + \sigma^{\text{hard}}(\omega),$$

where σ^{Born} — Born level cross-section,

σ^{virt} — contribution of virtual(loop) corrections,

σ^{soft} — contribution due to soft photon emission,

σ^{hard} — contribution due to hard photon emission (with energy $E_\gamma > \omega$).

Auxiliary parameters λ ("photon mass") and ω cancel out after summation.

Polarized scattering: two approaches

For the longitudinally polarized, as example

- **First approach** — covariant amplitude (CA) formalism.

The differential cross-section is proportional to square of the absolute value of covariant amplitude \mathcal{A} . For $2 \rightarrow 2$ kinematics

$$d\sigma = \frac{1}{32\pi s} |\mathcal{A}|^2 d\cos\theta,$$

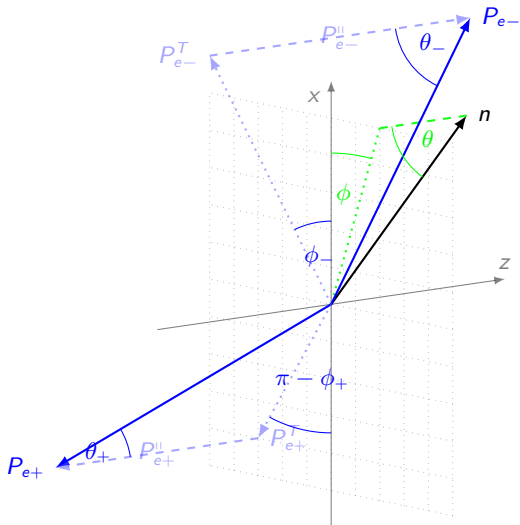
$$d\sigma = d\sigma_0 + (P_{e^+} - P_{e^-})d\sigma_1 + P_{e^+}P_{e^-}d\sigma_2$$

- **Second approach** — helicity amplitude (HA) formalism.

To get the cross-section we sum squares of absolute values of non-interfering helicity amplitudes:

$$\begin{aligned} & 128\pi s \frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} \\ &= (1 - P_{e^-})(1 - P_{e^+}) \sum_{ij} |\mathcal{H}_{++ij}|^2 + (1 - P_{e^-})(1 + P_{e^+}) \sum_{ij} |\mathcal{H}_{+-ij}|^2 \\ &+ (1 + P_{e^-})(1 - P_{e^+}) \sum_{ij} |\mathcal{H}_{-+ij}|^2 + (1 + P_{e^-})(1 + P_{e^+}) \sum_{ij} |\mathcal{H}_{--ij}|^2 \end{aligned}$$

Decomposition of the e^\pm polarization vectors



Moortgat-Pick, G. et al. Phys.Rept. 460 (2008) 131-243

Matrix element squared

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\mathcal{M}|^2 = & L_{e-}'' R_{e+}'' |\mathcal{H}_{-+}|^2 + R_{e-}'' L_{e+}'' |\mathcal{H}_{+-}|^2 + L_{e-}'' L_{e+}'' |\mathcal{H}_{--}|^2 + R_{e-}'' R_{e+}'' |\mathcal{H}_{++}|^2 \\
 & - \frac{1}{2} P_{e-}^\perp P_{e+}^\perp \operatorname{Re} \left[e^{i(\Phi_+ - \Phi_-)} \mathcal{H}_{++} \mathcal{H}_{--}^* + e^{i(\Phi_+ + \Phi_-)} \mathcal{H}_{+-} \mathcal{H}_{-+}^* \right] \\
 & + P_{e-}^\perp \operatorname{Re} \left[e^{i\Phi_-} \left(L_{e+}'' \mathcal{H}_{+-} \mathcal{H}_{--}^* + R_{e+}'' \mathcal{H}_{++} \mathcal{H}_{-+}^* \right) \right] \\
 & - P_{e+}^\perp \operatorname{Re} \left[e^{i\Phi_+} \left(L_{e-}'' \mathcal{H}_{-+} \mathcal{H}_{--}^* + R_{e-}'' \mathcal{H}_{++} \mathcal{H}_{-+}^* \right) \right],
 \end{aligned}$$

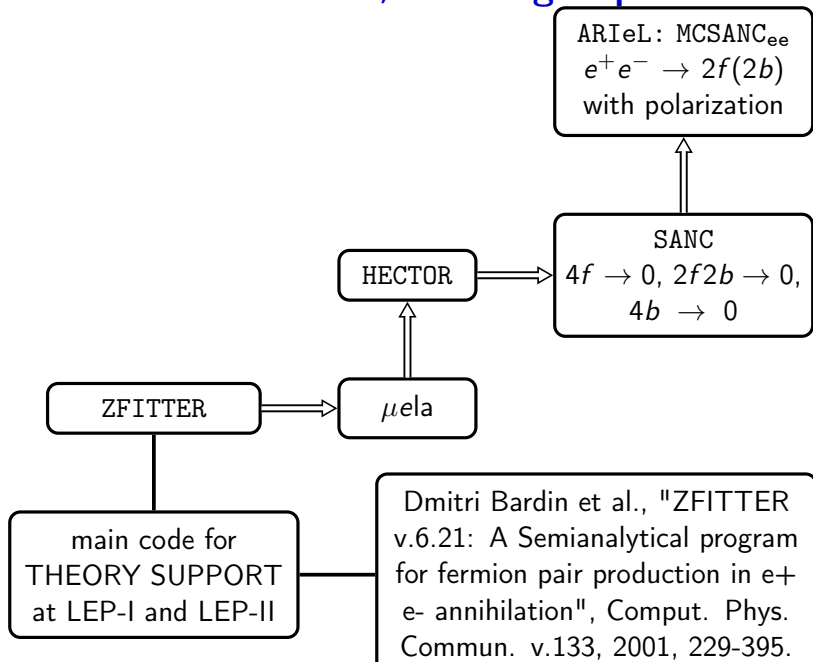
where

$$L_{e^\pm}'' = \frac{1}{2}(1 - P_{e^\pm}''), \quad R_{e^\pm}'' = \frac{1}{2}(1 + P_{e^\pm}''), \quad \Phi_\pm = \phi_\pm - \phi,$$

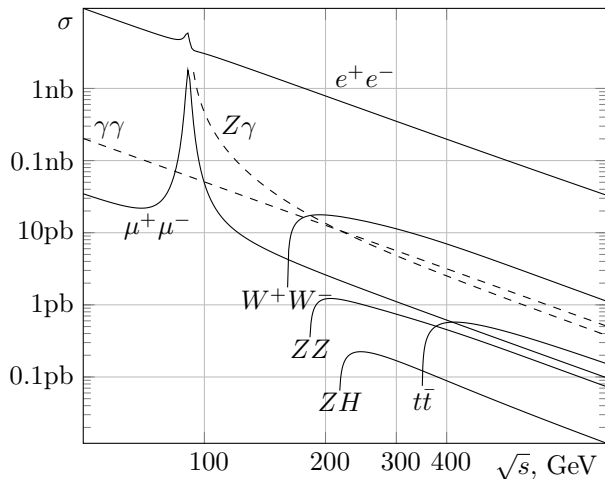
$\mathcal{H}_{--}, \mathcal{H}_{++}, \mathcal{H}_{-+}, \mathcal{H}_{+-}$ — helicity amplitudes.

Moortgat-Pick, G. et al. Phys.Rept. 460 (2008) 131-243

HISTORY OVERVIEW, SANC group



Basic processes of SM for e^+e^- annihilation



The cross sections are given for polar angles between $10^\circ < \theta < 170^\circ$ in the final state.

Monte Carlo generator of unweighted events for the polarized

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-, \tau^+\tau^-, Z\gamma, ZH, \gamma\gamma)$$

scattering with complete one-loop EW corrections and with possibility to produce events in Standard Les Houches Format.

Different schemes: e.g. $\alpha(0)$, $\alpha(M_Z)$, G_F .

Generator uses adaptive algorithm mFOAM (S. Jadach and P. Sawicki, CPC 177:441-458,2007) which is part of ROOT program.

Status MCSANC_{ee}: NLO EW, polarized e^+e^- scattering

- January 2018, CLIC, R. Sadykov, "NLO EW corrections for polarized e^+e^- scattering: $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$ (Bhabha)([Phys.Rev.D 98, 013001](#)), $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z\gamma$."
- January 2019, CLIC, I. Boyko, "Status MCSANC_{ee}: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ (or $\tau^+\tau^-$) and $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$ ".

Numerical results: Setup for tuned comparison

We performed a tuned comparison of our results for polarized Born and hard Bremsstrahlung with the results [WHIZARD](#) and [CalcHEP](#) programs.

Initial parameters

$$\begin{array}{lll} \alpha^{-1}(0) = 137.03599976, & M_W = 80.451495 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_W = 2.0836 \text{ GeV}, \\ M_H = 125.0 \text{ GeV}, & M_Z = 91.1876 \text{ GeV}, & \Gamma_Z = 2.49977 \text{ GeV}, \\ m_e = 0.5109990 \text{ MeV}, & m_\mu = 0.105658 \text{ GeV}, & m_\tau = 1.77705 \text{ GeV}, \\ m_d = 0.083 \text{ GeV}, & m_s = 0.215 \text{ GeV}, & m_b = 4.7 \text{ GeV}, \\ m_u = 0.062 \text{ GeV}, & m_c = 1.5 \text{ GeV}, & m_t = 173.8 \text{ GeV}. \end{array}$$

with cuts $|\cos\theta| < 0.9$, $E_\gamma > 1 \text{ GeV}$

WHIZARD and CalcHEP

- W. Kilian, T. Ohl, J. Reuter, Eur.Phys.J.C71 (2011) 1742,
- A.Belyaev, N.Christensen,A.Pukhov, Comp. Phys. Comm. 184 (2013), pp. 1729-1769

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$: aITALC vs MCSANC_{ee}, $\sqrt{s} = 500\text{ GeV}$

Born&virt&soft

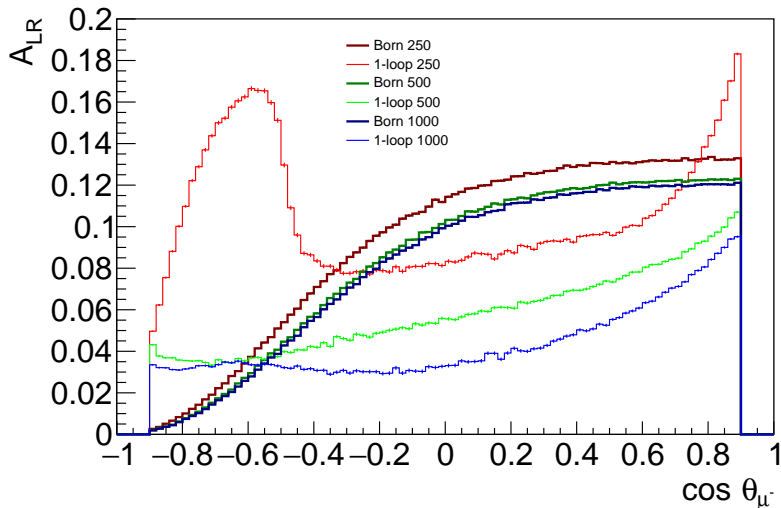
	$\cos \vartheta$	$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{Born}}$, pb	$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{virt}}$, pb	$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{soft}}$, pb	$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{Born+virt+soft}}$, pb
a	-0.9	0.09458936	0.007074202	-.01137770	0.09028587
S		0.09458937	0.007074200	-.01137770	0.09028587
a	-0.5	0.08929449	0.01142066	-.01603201	0.08468314
S		0.08929448	0.01142066	-.01603201	0.08468313
a	0.0	0.1503198	0.02280391	-.03291616	0.1402075
S		0.1503199	0.02280392	-.03291616	0.1402075
a	0.5	0.2865049	0.06366626	-.07403504	0.2761361
S		0.2865049	0.06366627	-.07403505	0.2761361
a	0.9	0.4495681	0.1596106	-.1428113	0.4663674
S		0.4495682	0.1596107	-.1428113	0.4663675

Ref: aITALC, A. Lorca and T. Riemann, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* 174 (2006) 71-82, hep-ph/0412047

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$: A_{LR} distributions on $\cos\theta$

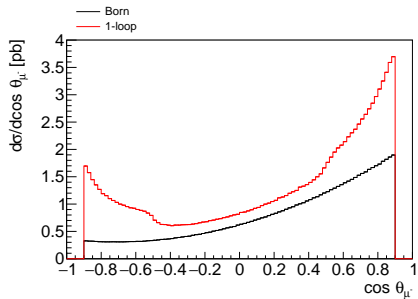
$$A_{LR} = \frac{\sigma_{LR} - \sigma_{RL}}{\sigma_{LR} + \sigma_{RL}}$$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

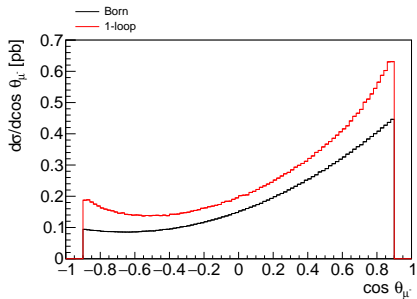


$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$: distributions $\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\vartheta}$

250 GeV:



500 GeV:



$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$: NLO EW results, preliminary

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0, 0	-0.8, 0	-0.8, 0.6	-0.8, -0.6
$\sqrt{s} = 250 \text{ GeV}$				
$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{Born}}$, pb	1.4174(1)	1.5462(1)	2.3231(2)	0.7690(2)
$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{1\text{-loop}}$, pb	2.397(1)	2.614(1)	3.927(1)	1.301(1)
$\delta, \%$	69.1(1)	69.1(1)	69.1(1)	69.2(1)
$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$				
$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{Born}}$, pb	0.34361(1)	0.37159(1)	0.55751(1)	0.18567(1)
$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{1\text{-loop}}$, pb	0.4696(1)	0.4953(1)	0.7399(1)	0.2506(1)
$\delta, \%$	36.67(3)	33.30(2)	32.71(2)	34.98(2)
$\sqrt{s} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$				
$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{Born}}$, pb	0.085354(1)	0.09213(1)	0.13818(1)	0.04608(1)
$\sigma_{\mu^+\mu^-}^{1\text{-loop}}$, pb	0.11627(2)	0.12119(2)	0.18069(3)	0.061694(1)
$\delta, \%$	36.22(2)	31.55(2)	30.78(2)	33.90(2)

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$: NLO EW results, preliminary

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0, 0	-0.8, 0	-0.8, 0.6	-0.8, -0.6
$\sqrt{s} = 250 \text{ GeV}$				
$\sigma_{\tau^+\tau^-}^{\text{Born}}, \text{ pb}$	1.417(1)	1.546(1)	2.324(1)	0.7692(1)
$\sigma_{\tau^+\tau^-}^{1\text{-loop}}, \text{ pb}$	2.360(1)	2.575(1)	3.850(1)	1.298(1)
$\delta, \%$	66.5(1)	66.5(1)	65.7(1)	68.8(1)
$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$				
$\sigma_{\tau^+\tau^-}^{\text{Born}}, \text{ pb}$	0.3436(1)	0.3715(1)	0.5575(1)	0.1857(1)
$\sigma_{\tau^+\tau^-}^{1\text{-loop}}, \text{ pb}$	0.4606(1)	0.4861(1)	0.7257(1)	0.2466(1)
$\delta, \%$	34.0(3)	30.8(1)	30.1(1)	32.8(1)
$\sqrt{s} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$				
$\sigma_{\tau^+\tau^-}^{\text{Born}}, \text{ pb}$	0.08534(2)	0.09213(1)	0.1382(1)	0.04608(1)
$\sigma_{\tau^+\tau^-}^{1\text{-loop}}, \text{ pb}$	0.11340(5)	0.11885(2)	0.1770(1)	0.06067(1)
$\delta, \%$	33.6(1)	29.0(1)	28.1(1)	31.7(1)

$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: WHIZARD vs CalcHEP vs MCSAN_{Cee} (Born), fb

$\sqrt{s}=250$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-1,-1	-1,1	1,-1	1,1
WHIZARD	225.59	6.368E-8	552.34	350.01	6.368E-8
CalcHEP	225.59	4.411E-8	552.34	350.02	4.411E-8
SAN _{Cee}	225.59	0	552.34	350.01	0

$\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-1,-1	-1,1	1,-1	1,1
WHIZARD	53.738	3.762E-7	131.57	83.377	3.762E-7
CalcHEP	53.738	5.994E-8	131.57	83.377	5.994E-8
SAN _{Cee}	53.737	0	131.57	83.377	0

$\sqrt{s}=1000$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-1,-1	-1,1	1,-1	1,1
WHIZARD	12.054	4.801E-7	29.515	18.703	4.801E-7
CalcHEP	12.054	2.639E-8	29.515	18.703	2.639E-8
SAN _{Cee}	12.054	0	29.515	18.703	0

$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: WHIZARD and CalcHEP vs SANC (hard), fb

$\sqrt{s}=250$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-1,-1	-1,1	1,-1	1,1
WHIZARD	82.00(1)	0.009143(1)	200.7(2)	127.2(1)	0.01470(1)
CalcHEP	82.00(1)	0.02596(1)	200.8(1)	127.2(1)	0.02596(1)
SANCee	82.00(1)	0.02596(1)	200.7(1)	127.2(1)	0.02597(1)

$\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-1,-1	-1,1	1,-1	1,1
WHIZARD	38.96(1)	0.1256(1)	95.10(8)	60.27(1)	0.1169(1)
CalcHEP	38.96(1)	0.2201(1)	95.12(1)	60.27(1)	0.2198(1)
SANCee	38.96(1)	0.2200(1)	95.10(1)	60.25(1)	0.2199(1)

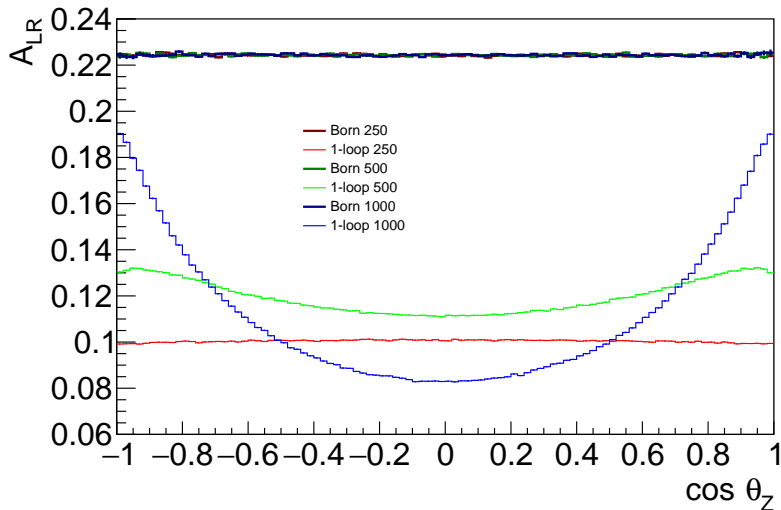
$\sqrt{s}=1000$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-1,-1	-1,1	1,-1	1,1
WHIZARD	11.67(1)	0.07051(1)	28.41(1)	18.00(1)	0.07018(1)
CalcHEP	11.67(1)	0.1326(1)	28.41(1)	18.00(1)	0.1326(1)
SANCee	11.67(1)	0.1327(1)	28.40(1)	18.00(1)	0.1326(1)

$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: A_{LR} distributions on $\cos\theta$

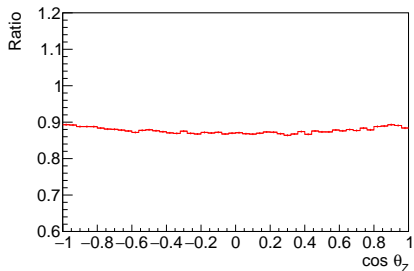
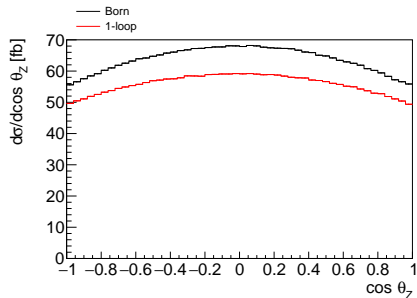
$$A_{LR} = \frac{\sigma_{LR} - \sigma_{RL}}{\sigma_{LR} + \sigma_{RL}}$$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$



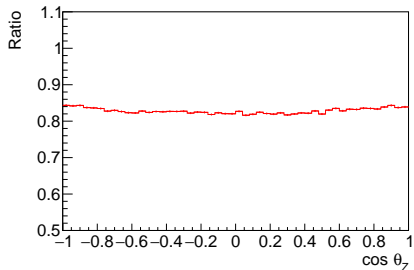
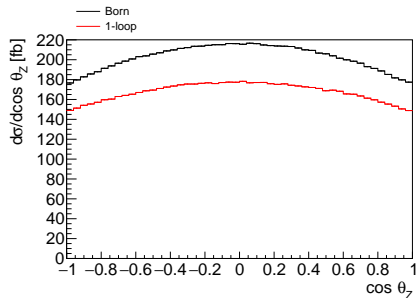
$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: σ distributions on $\cos\theta$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\vartheta_Z}, (P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}) = (-0.8, -0.6), \sqrt{s} = 250\text{GeV}$$



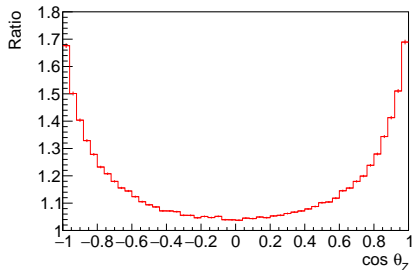
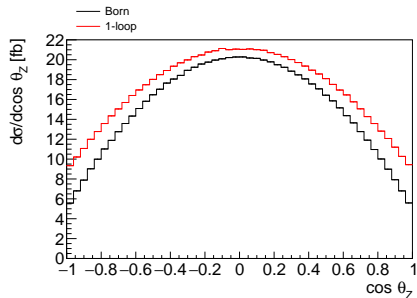
$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: σ distributions on $\cos\theta$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\vartheta_Z}, (P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}) = (-0.8, +0.6), \sqrt{s} = 250\text{GeV}$$



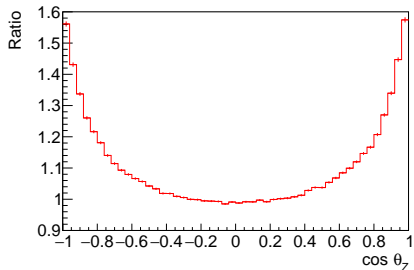
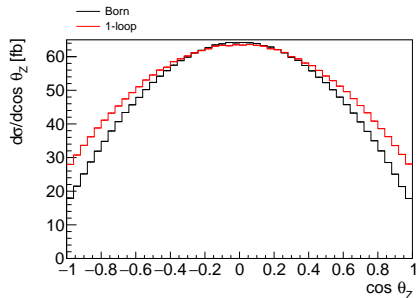
$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: σ distributions on $\cos\theta$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\vartheta_Z}, (P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}) = (-0.8, -0.6), \sqrt{s} = 500\text{GeV}$$



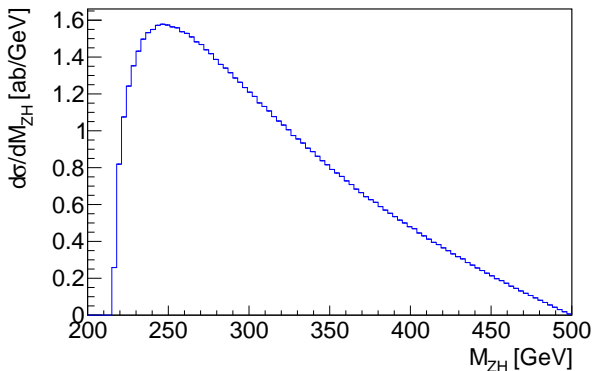
$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: σ distributions on $\cos\theta$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\vartheta_Z}, (P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}) = (-0.8, +0.6), \sqrt{s} = 500\text{GeV}$$



$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: σ distributions on M_{ZH}

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{ZH}}, (P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}) = (-1, -1), \sqrt{s} = 500\text{GeV}$$



$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$: Preliminary MCSANC_{ee} NLO EW results $\sqrt{s}=250$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-0.8,0	-1,1	1,-1	-0.8,-0.6
σ^{Born}, pb	0.22559(1)	0.26605(1)	0.55234(1)	0.35001(1)	0.12742(1)
$\sigma^{1-loop}, \text{pb}$	0.20693(1)	0.22353(1)	0.45532(1)	0.37227(1)	0.11176
$\delta, \%$	-8.27(1)	-15.98(1)	-17.57(1)	-6.36(1)	-12.29(1)

 $\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-0.8,0	-1,1	1,-1	-0.8,-0.6
σ^{Born}, pb	0.05373(1)	0.06337(1)	0.13157(1)	0.08337(1)	0.03035(1)
$\sigma^{1-loop}, \text{pb}$	0.06242(1)	0.06831(1)	0.13937(1)	0.10990(1)	0.03404(1)
$\delta, \%$	16.15(1)	7.78(1)	5.493(1)	31.81(1)	12.16(1)

 $\sqrt{s}=1000$ GeV

P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}	0,0	-0.8,0	-1,1	1,-1	-0.8,-0.6
σ^{Born}, pb	0.01205(1)	0.01421(1)	0.02951(1)	0.01870(1)	0.00680(1)
$\sigma^{1-loop}, \text{pb}$	0.01457(1)	0.01582(1)	0.03214(1)	0.02590(1)	0.00795(1)
$\delta, \%$	20.86(1)	11.30(1)	8.89(1)	38.49(1)	16.77(1)

MCSAN_{ee}, plans

- NLO EW corrections for polarized e^+e^- scattering:
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$ (Bhabha) ([Phys.Rev.D 98, 013001](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ (or $\tau^+\tau^-$) ([preliminary](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z\gamma$ ([preliminary](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ ([in progress](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH$ ([arXiv:1812.10965](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}H$ ([in progress](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZZ$ ([in progress](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ([in progress](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow f\bar{f}\gamma$ ([future plans](#))
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow f\bar{f}H$ ([future plans](#))
- NLO EW corrections for polarized $\gamma\gamma$ scattering:
 - $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ([future plans](#))
 - $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow Z\gamma$ ([future plans](#))
 - $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ZZ$ ([future plans](#))

RESUME: MCSANC_{ee}, March 2019

Monte Carlo generator of unweighted events for the polarized

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-, \tau^+\tau^-, Z\gamma, ZH, \gamma\gamma)$$

scattering with complete one-loop EW corrections and with possibility to produce events in Standard Les Houches Format.

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