



PIERRE  
AUGER  
OBSERVATORY

# The Pierre Auger Observatory

## Latest results and future perspectives

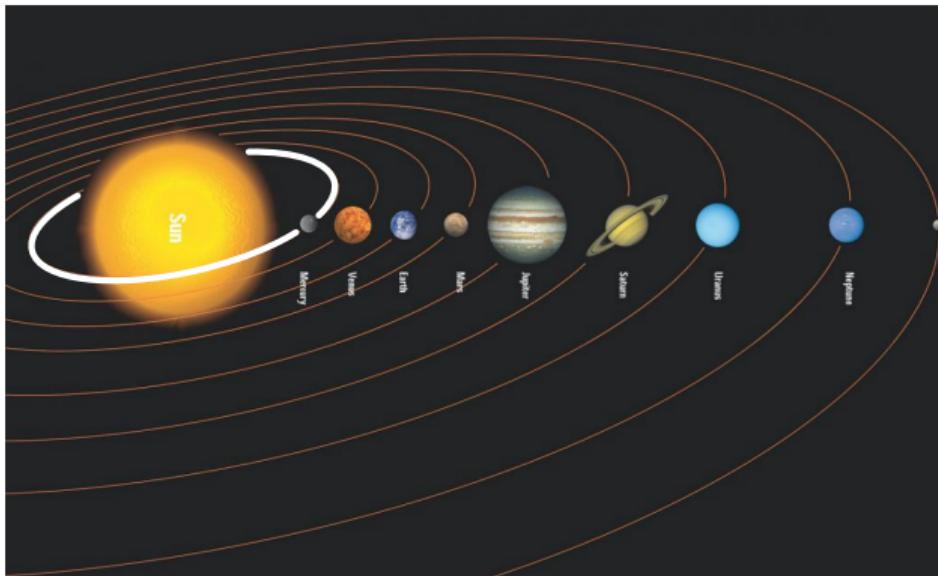
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for the Pierre Auger Observatory

Université libre de Bruxelles

*Photo by S. Saffi*

# Ultra-high energy cosmic rays

$10^{18}$  eV to more than  $10^{20}$  eV



LHC with Mercury orbit @  $10^{20}$  eV

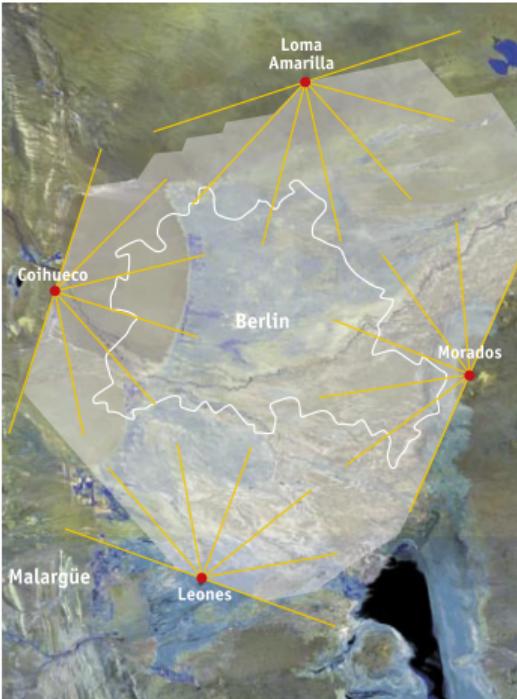
What are the **sources**?

How are they **accelerated**?

How do they **propagate**?

How do they **interact** in the atmosphere?

# The Pierre Auger Observatory



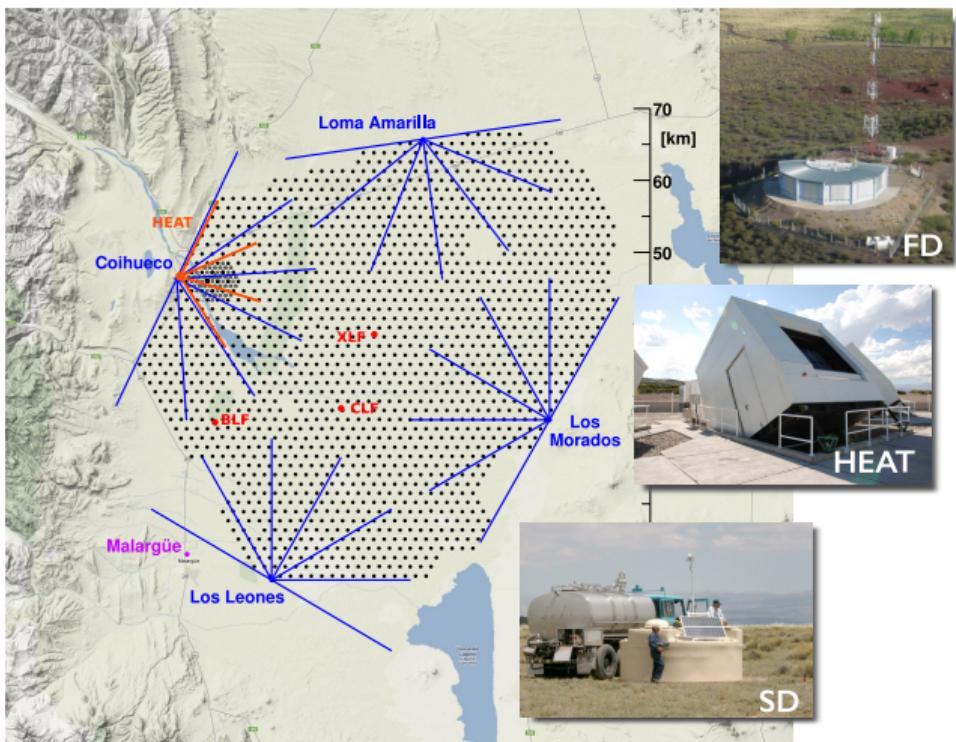
Located in Argentina, Province of Mendoza

Area of 3000 km<sup>2</sup> (4 x Berlin)

Collaboration includes

- 16 countries
- ~90 institutions
- ~450 authors

# The Pierre Auger Observatory



## Water-Cherenkov stations

- SD1500: 1600, 1.5 km grid, 3000 km<sup>2</sup>
- SD750: 61, 0.75 km grid, 25 km<sup>2</sup>
- ~100% duty cycle

## 4 Fluorescence Sites

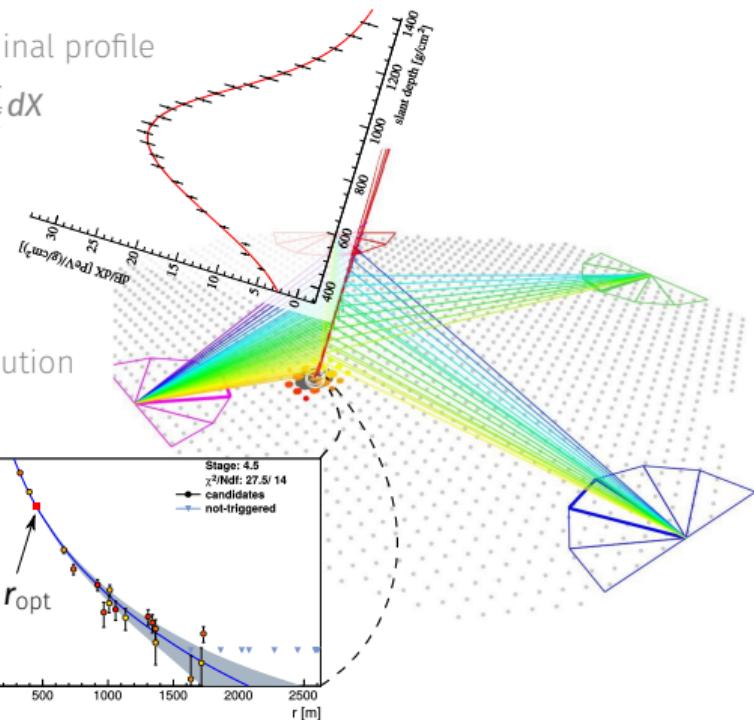
- 24 telescopes, 1-30° field of view
- HEAT: 3 high-elevation FD, 30-60° field of view
- ~15% duty cycle

+ Atmospheric monitoring devices

# Event reconstruction and energy scale

Longitudinal profile

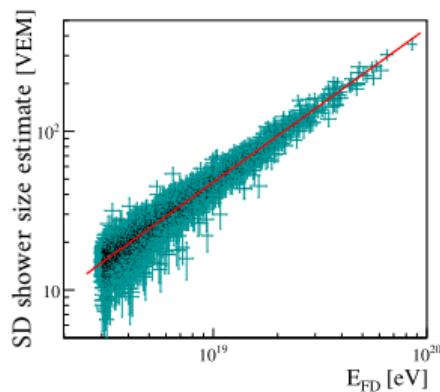
$$E \propto \int \frac{dE}{dx} dx$$



Total energy:  $E_{FD} = E_{cal} + E_{inv}$

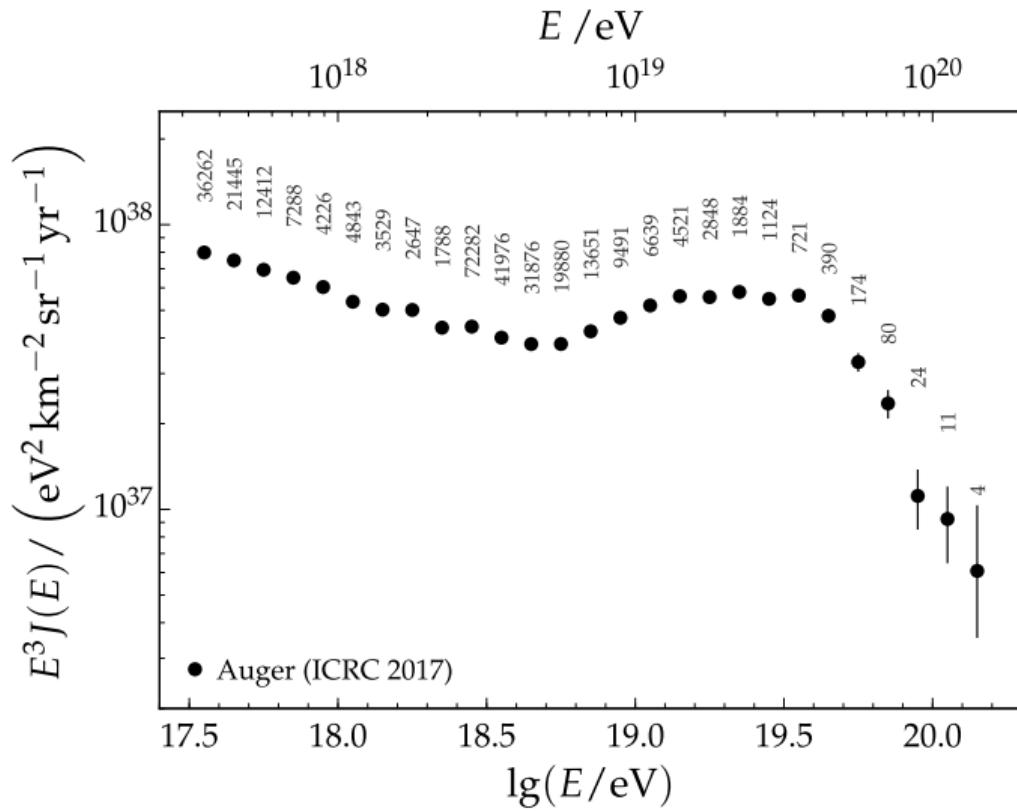
$\sigma(E_{FD})/E_{FD} \sim 8\%$

Systematic uncertainty of 14%

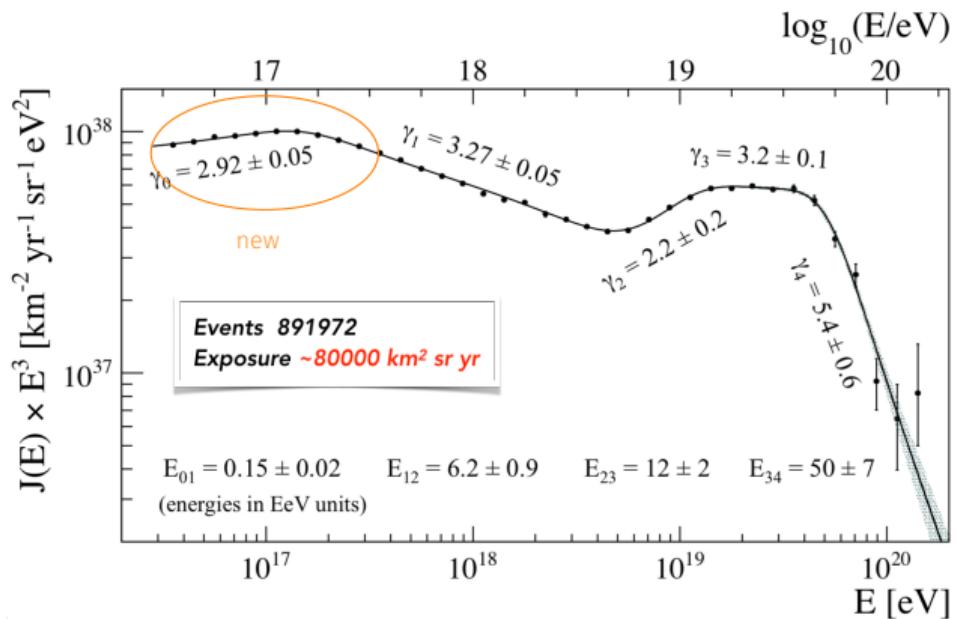


Using events which are well reconstructed by both detectors

## Energy spectrum



# Energy spectrum



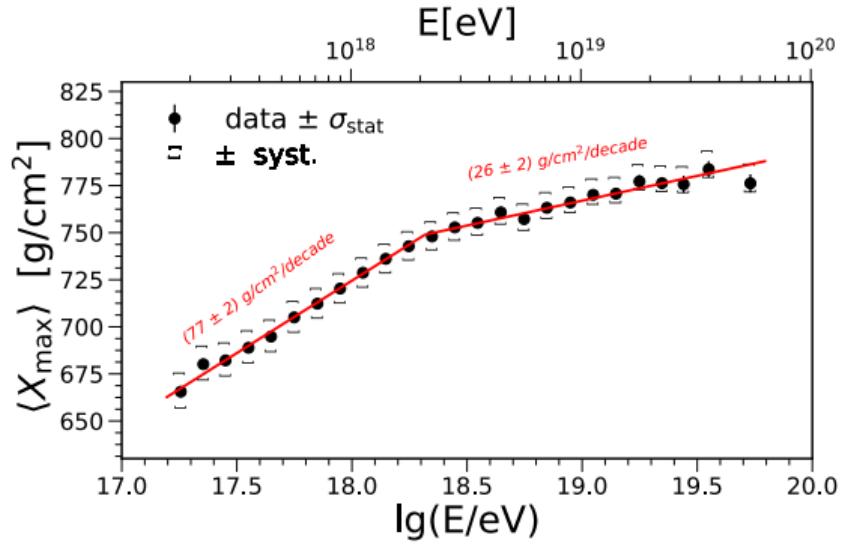
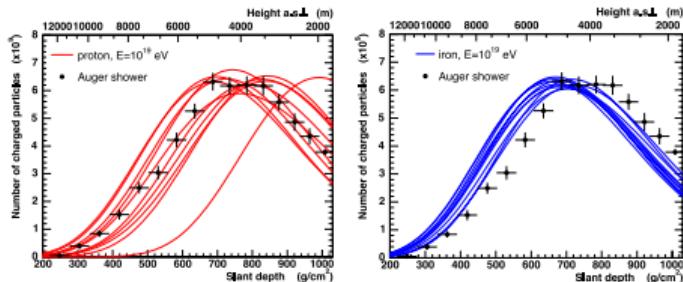
Extension of energy range by

- update to particle triggers in SD stations
- extension of FD reconstruction to low-energetic air showers (showers with high Cherenkov fraction)

Indication of second knee

# Evolution of $\langle X_{\max} \rangle$ with energy

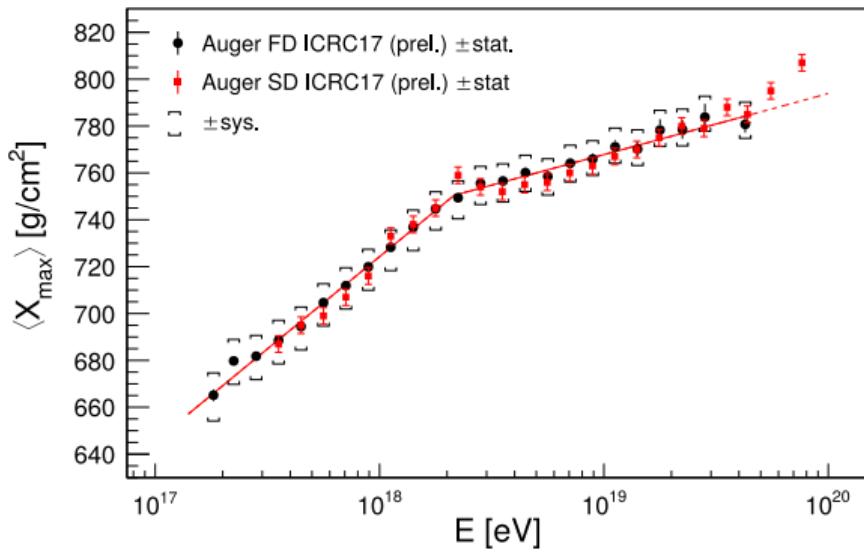
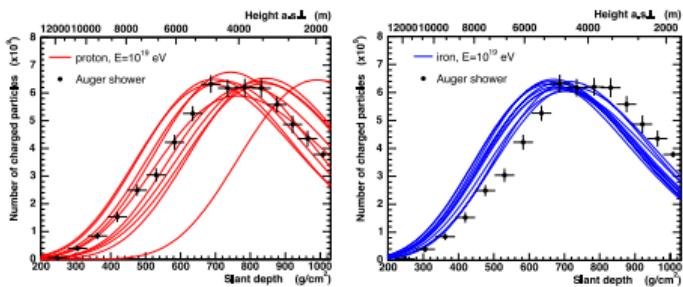
$X_{\max}$ : depth of shower maximum, one of the most robust observables for mass composition analysis



Change of composition @  $E \sim 2$  EeV

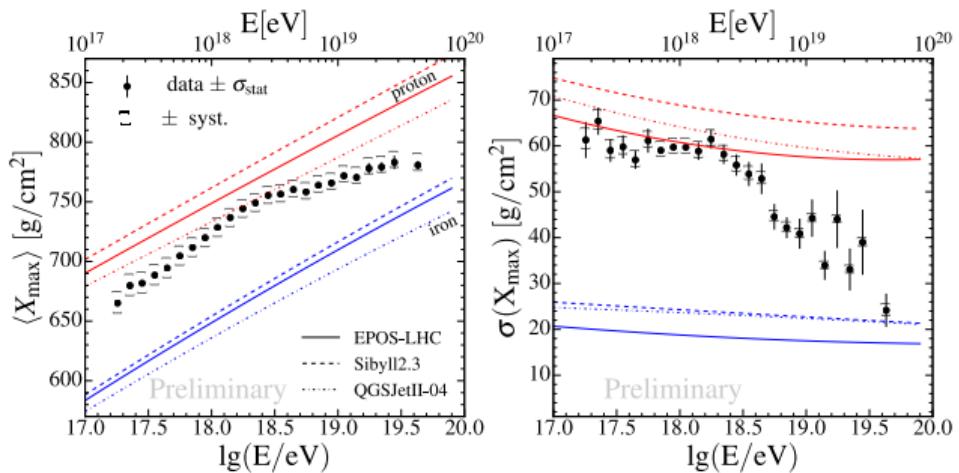
# Evolution of $\langle X_{\max} \rangle$ with energy

$X_{\max}$ : depth of shower maximum, one of the most robust observables for mass composition analysis



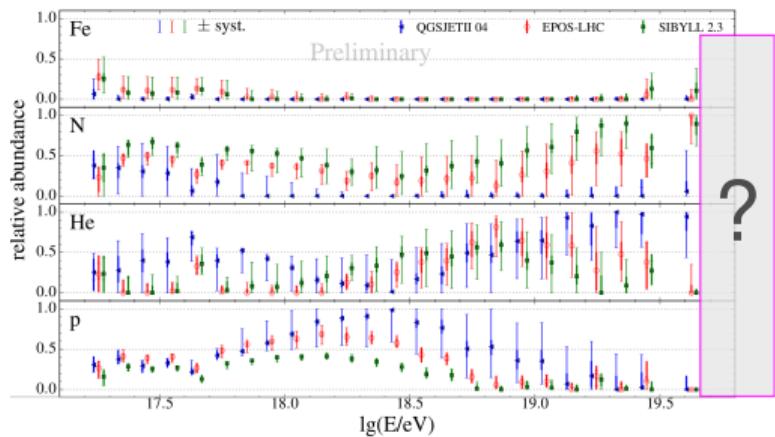
Change of composition @  $E \sim 2$  EeV

# $\langle X_{\max} \rangle$ and its fluctuations



Composition is getting lighter below  $E \sim 2 \text{ EeV}$  and heavier above

Decrease of fluctuations above  $10^{18.3} \text{ eV}$  indicates trend towards heavier composition



No composition data @ and above onset of suppression

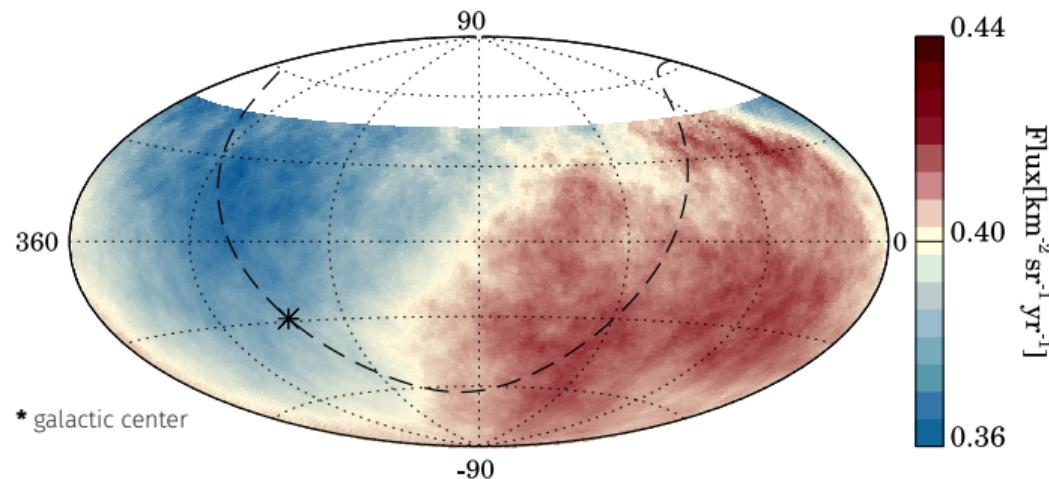
Composition fractions from description of full  $X_{\max}$  distribution

# Large scale anisotropy

Energies above 8 EeV

Harmonic analysis in right ascension  $\alpha$

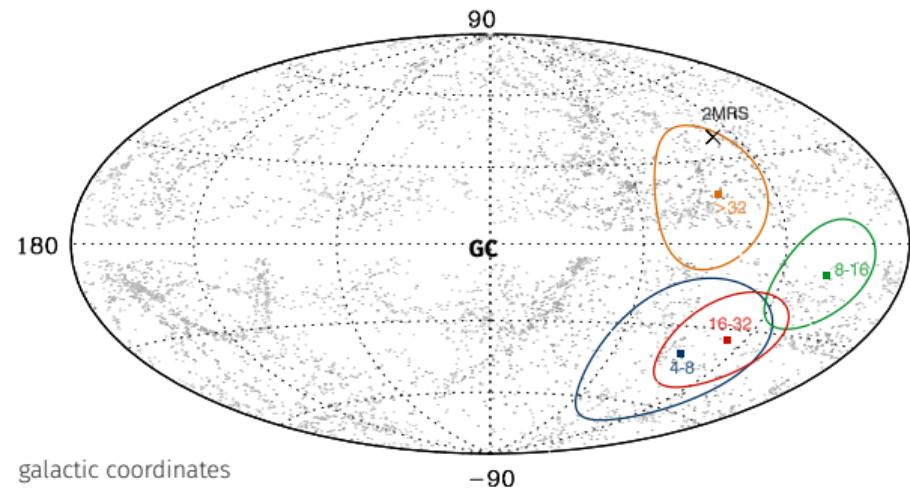
Significant dipolar modulation ( $5.2\sigma$ ) above 8 EeV:  $(6.6^{+1.2}_{-0.8})\%$  at  $(\alpha, \delta) = (98^\circ, -25^\circ)$



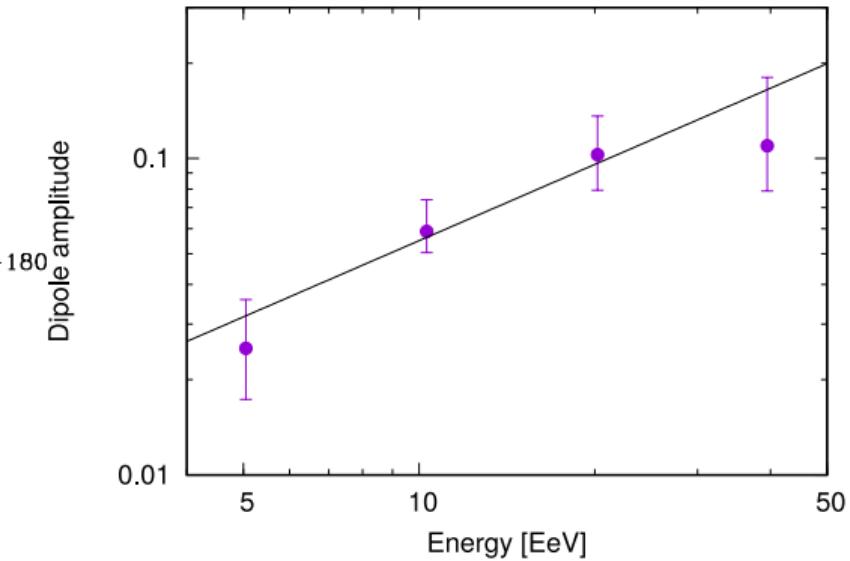
Expected if CRs diffuse to Galaxy from sources distributed similar to nearby galaxies  
Dipole points  $\sim 125^\circ$  away from the galactic center  $\rightarrow$  indication for extragalactic origin

# Large scale anisotropy

$4 \text{ EeV} \leq E \leq 8 \text{ EeV}$



Dipole direction for different energy bins

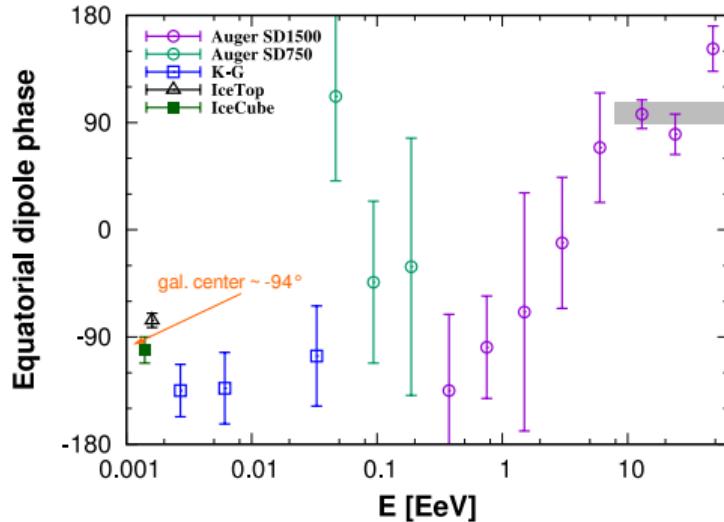
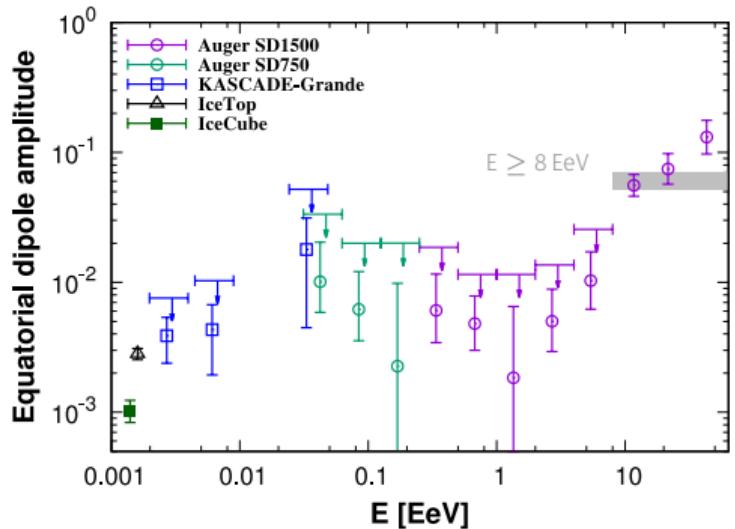


Amplitude increases with energy.

Energy-independent amplitude is disfavored at the level of  $5.1\sigma$

# Large scale anisotropy

Search at lower energies



Amplitudes grow with energy from sub-% to above 10%

Phases shift from  $\sim$  galactic center direction to  $\sim$  opposite direction

Predominantly galactic origin below  $\sim 1 \text{ EeV}$ , extragalactic origin above

# Search for Intermediate-scale Anisotropies

Sky models for two distinct populations of extragalactic gamma-ray emitters

**Intermediate:** experimental resolution ( $\sim 1^\circ$ ) < angular scale <  $45^\circ$

## Active Galactic Nuclei

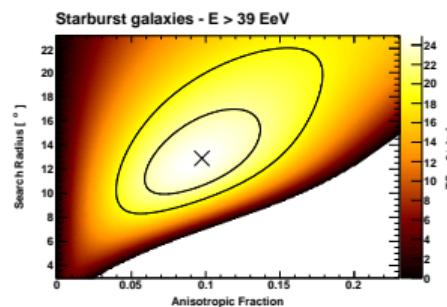
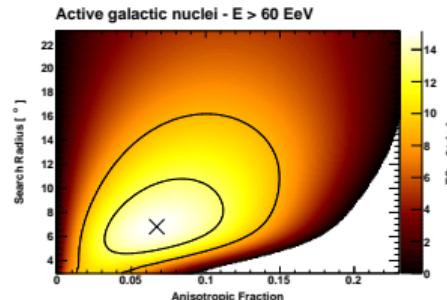
- 2FHL Catalog (*Fermi*-LAT, 360 sources)
- $\phi_\gamma (> 50 \text{ GeV})$  as proxy for UHECR flux
- 17 bright nearby sources ( $D < 250 \text{ Mpc}$ )

## Star-forming or Starburst Galaxies

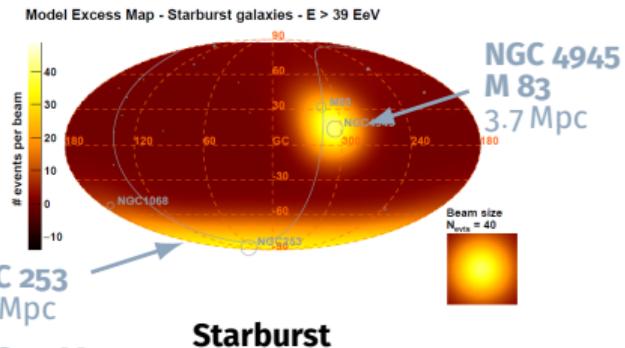
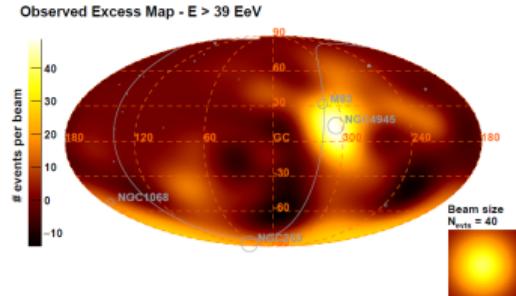
- *Fermi*-LAT search list
- $\phi_{\text{radio}} (> 1.4 \text{ GHz}) > 0.3 \text{ Jy}$  as proxy
- 23 brightest objects ( $D < 250 \text{ Mpc}$ )

## Likelihood ratio analysis

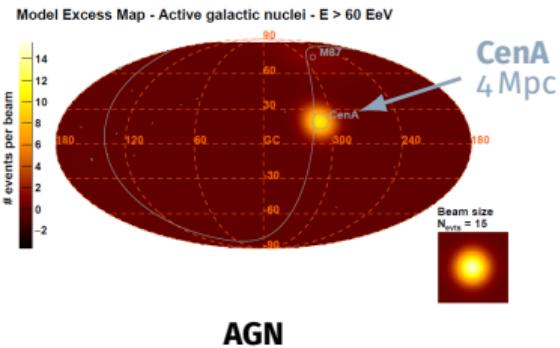
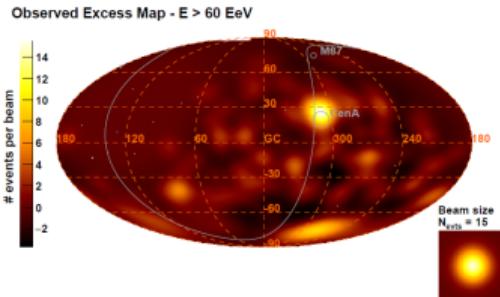
- smearing angle  $\Psi$
- $H_0$  : isotropy
- $H_1 : (1 - f) \times \text{isotropy} + f \times \text{fluxMap}(\Psi)$
- $\text{TS} = 2 \log(H_1/H_0)$



# Search for Intermediate-scale Anisotropies



$$f = 10\%, \Psi = 13^\circ$$
$$3.9\sigma$$



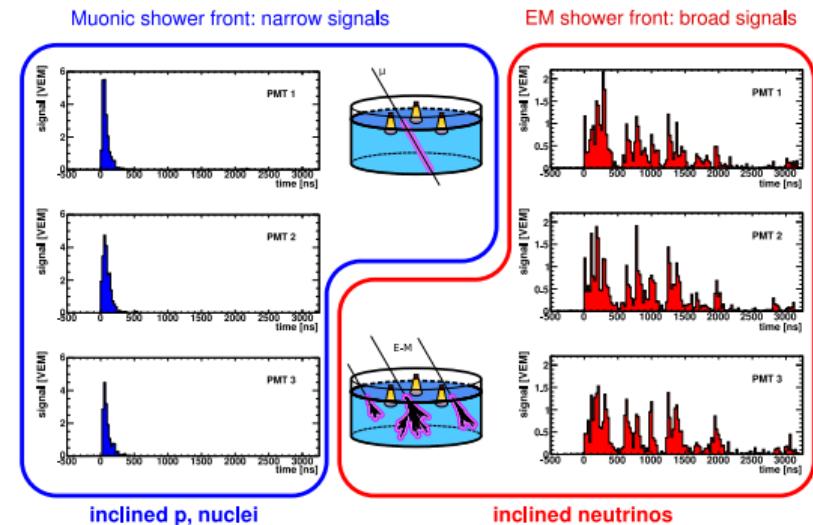
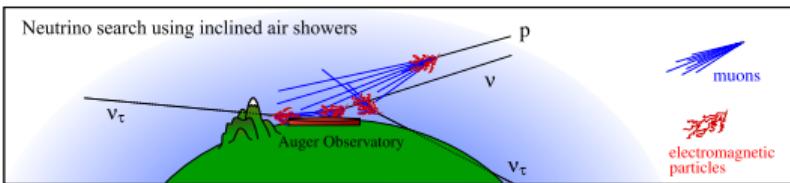
$$f = 7\%, \Psi = 7^\circ$$
$$2.7\sigma$$

# Searches for cosmogenic neutrinos

**Production:**  $N + \gamma_{\text{CMB}} \rightarrow N + \pi^\pm$  and  $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm + \nu_\mu (\bar{\nu}_\mu)$  and  $\mu^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm + \bar{\nu}_\mu (\nu_\mu) + \nu_e (\bar{\nu}_e)$

**Identification:** Highly inclined showers.

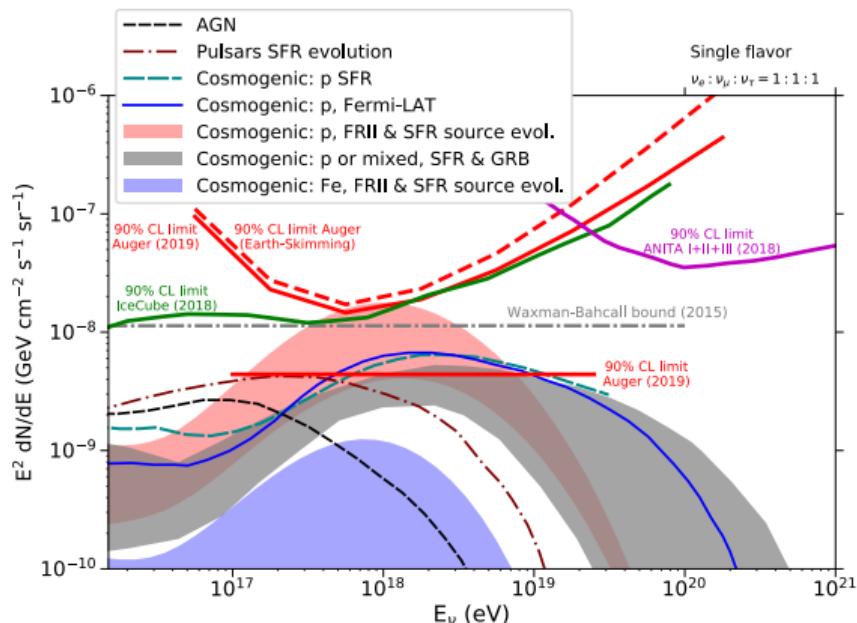
**Nuclei:** no electromagnetic component. **Neutrinos:** deep showers, large electromagnetic component



# Searches for cosmogenic neutrinos

Assumption of differential neutrino flux:  $dN(E_\nu)/dE_\nu = k \cdot E_\nu^{-2}$

$$k \sim 4.4 \times 10^{-9} \text{ GeV cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1}$$



# Upgrade - Motivations

Study the origin of suppression at the highest energies

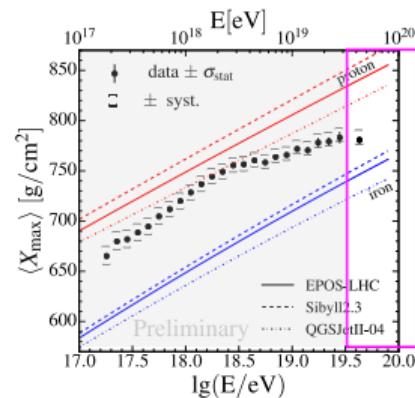
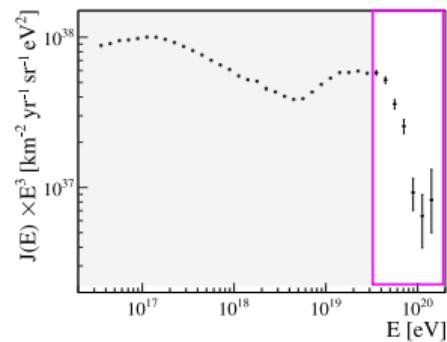
Mass composition at the highest energies

Select light primaries for charged particle astronomy

Improve estimates of neutrino and gamma flux

Improve measurement of shower components to deepen the study of hadronic interactions at ultra-high energies

Improve sensitivity to composition by disentangling the electromagnetic and muonic components

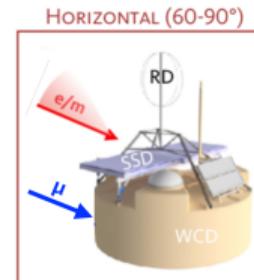
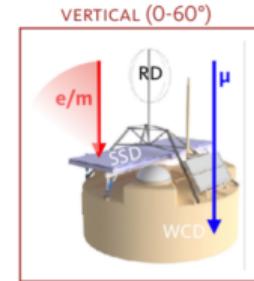


# Upgrade to AugerPrime



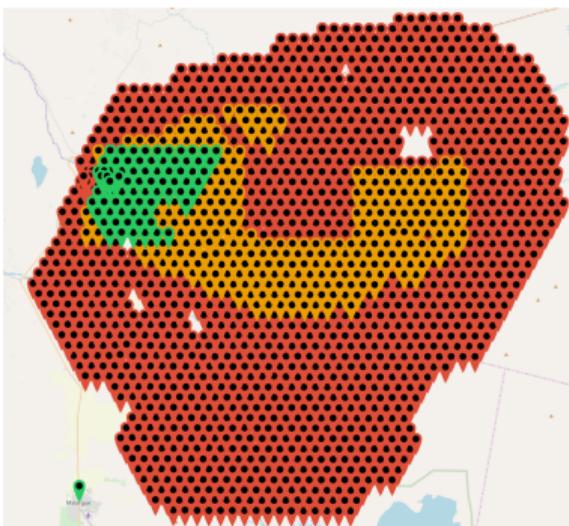
+ extended dynamic range and new electronics of the SD,  
extended duty cycle of the FD

Complementarity of particle response used to discriminate electromagnetic and muonic components



hybrid:  $E_{\text{rad}}$  from radio,  
muons from water-Cherenkov stations

# Upgrade to AugerPrime

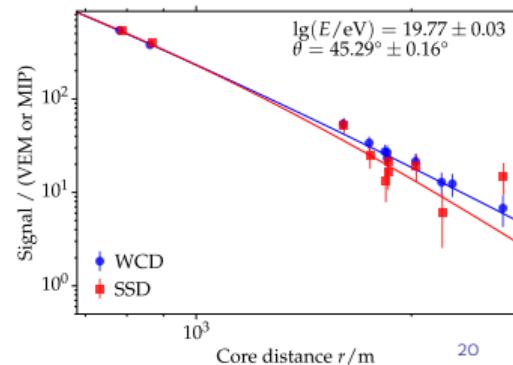
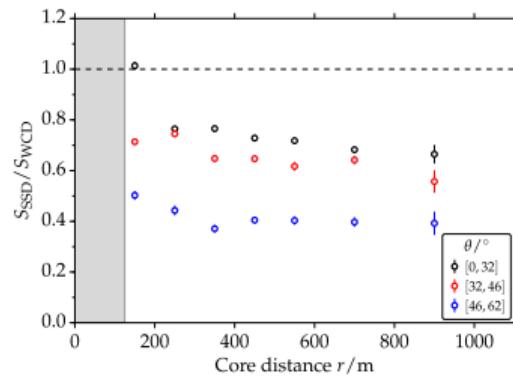


→ 12 upgraded stations (Engineering Array) since 2016 with new electronics, higher sampling, large dynamic range

→ SSD preproduction array: 80 stations (since 03/2019)

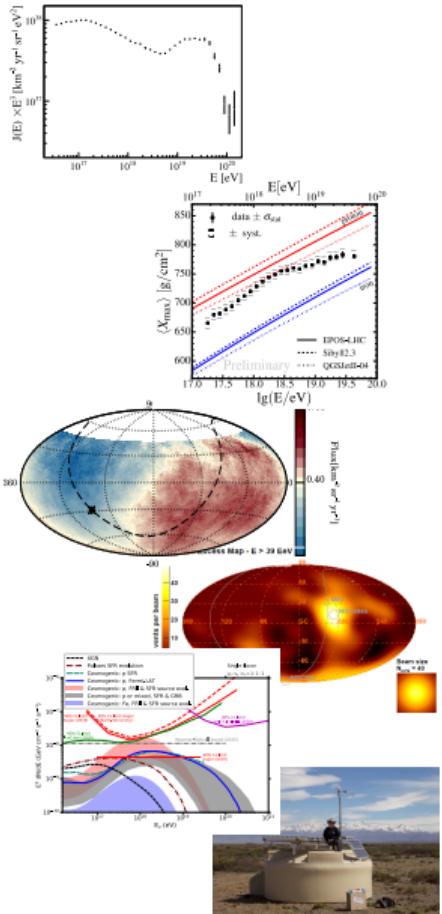
→ 356 SSD stations already deployed

+ Underground Muon detector, + largest radio detector



# Summary

**Spectrum** → high statistics measurement from  $10^{17.5}$  eV to  $\sim 10^{19.5}$  eV,  
15 events above  $10^{20}$  eV



**Mass composition** → light @ ankle, mixed @ higher energies

**Arrival direction** → dipolar modulation @ large scales  
→ amplitude increasing with energy

→ @ intermediate scales, most significant excess found  
for densely-populated region, significance of starburst model  
increased with more data

**Neutrino search** → constraints on p-dominated sources

Thanks for your attention!

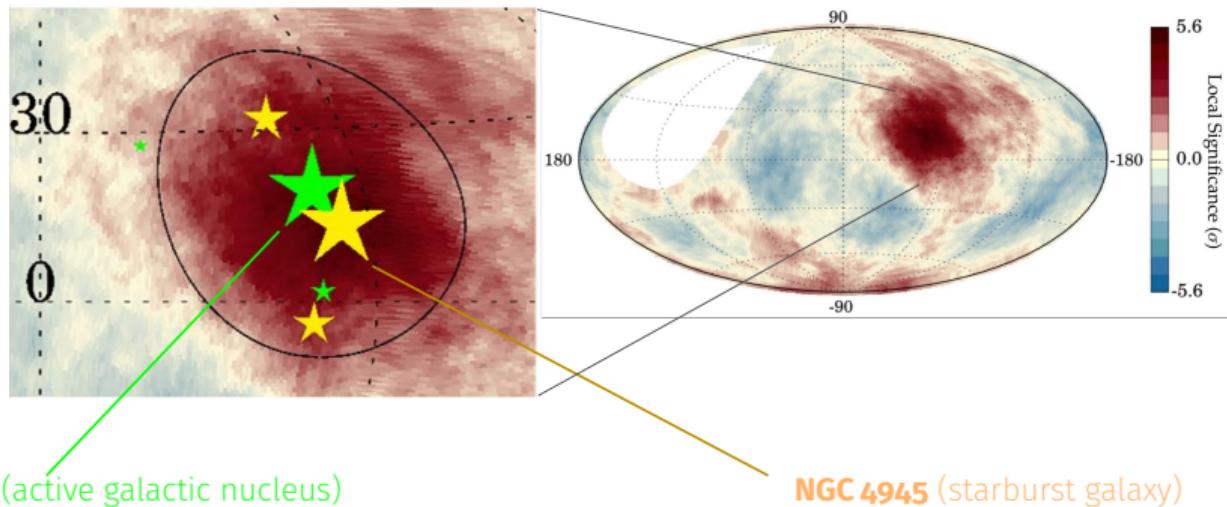
Backup slides

# Intermediate scale anisotropy

Search for event excess using a blind search

Events with  $E > 32$  EeV: 2157

Total exposure: 101,400 km<sup>2</sup> sr yr



Scan ranges:

$32 \text{ EeV} \leq E \leq 80 \text{ EeV}$  in 1 EeV steps

$1^\circ \leq \Psi \leq 30^\circ$  in  $1^\circ$  steps

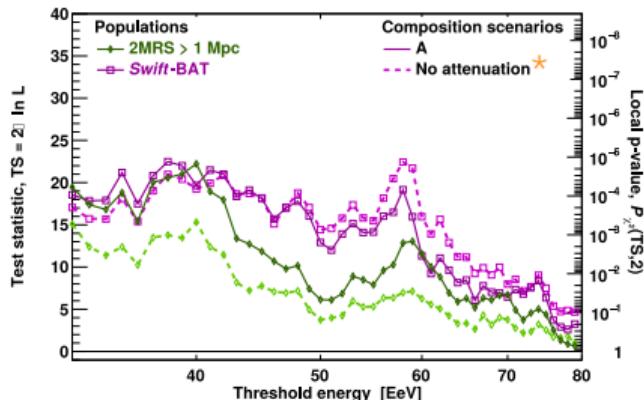
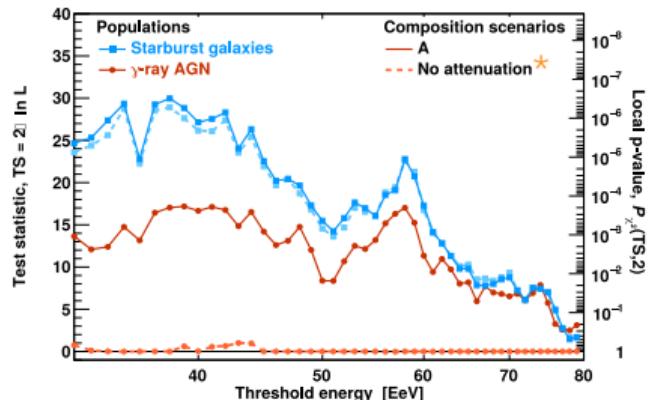
Most significant excess found for  $E > 38$  EeV with a local significance of  $5.6\sigma$  ( $2.5\sigma$  post-trial)

# Intermediate scale anisotropy

Matching with candidate sources

**Assumption:** bright objects have a higher contribution to the CR flux

Likelihood analysis  $TS = 2 \log[L(\Psi, f)/L(f=0)]$ .  $\Psi$  = search radius,  $f$  = anisotropy fraction

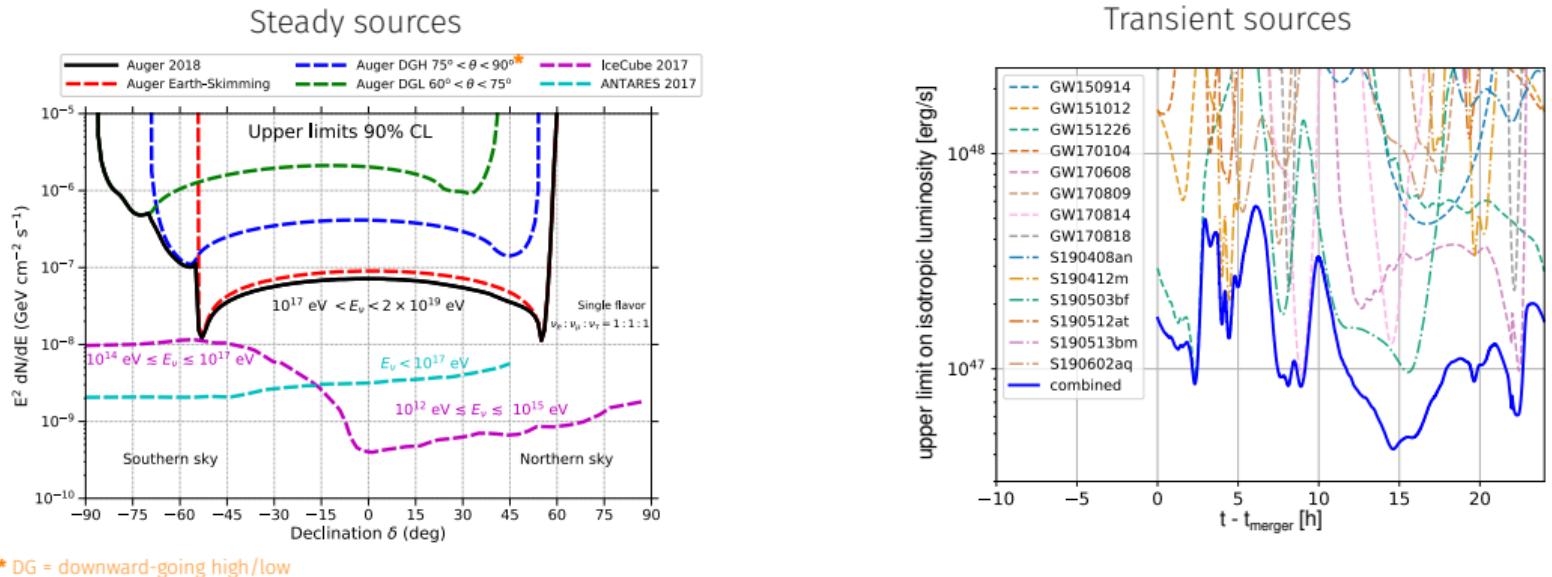


\*flux attenuation due to propagation

Catalog	E / EeV	$\Psi$ / °	f / %	TS	Post-trial
Starburst	38	$15^{+5}_{-4}$	$11^{+5}_{-4}$	29.5	$4.5\sigma$
$\gamma$ -AGNs	39	$14^{+6}_{-4}$	$6^{+4}_{-3}$	17.8	$3.1\sigma$
Swift-Bat	38	$15^{+6}_{-4}$	$8^{+4}_{-3}$	22.2	$3.7\sigma$
2MRS	40	$15^{+7}_{-4}$	$19^{+10}_{-7}$	22.0	$3.7\sigma$

Arrival direction of CRs above 38 EeV best matched by model with  $\sim 11\%$  clustered around nearby & bright starburst galaxies

# Point-like sources of UHE $\nu$



Complementary energy range to IceCube and ANTARES

Good sensitivity at EeV energies in a broad declination range

Best sensitivity where sources spend more time in Earth-skimming field of view

Example of transient sources: 21 binary black hole mergers detected by Ligo-Virgo

24h follow-up search after BBH merger

No neutrinos found

Sensitivity improved by combining the sources