## **Strangeness in Quark Matter 2019**



Contribution ID: 69 Type: Poster

## Study of Strange Particle Production in pp and pPbCollision at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7 \, TeV$ using the simulation data

Tuesday 11 June 2019 18:45 (2 hours)

The yields of strange hadrons:  $K_s^0$  -meson,  $\Lambda^-$  and  $\bar{\Xi}$  -hyperon produced in proton-proton (pp) and protonnucleus (pPb) collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=7\,TeV$  (in rapidity interval of |y|<2 and traverse momentum range of  $0 < p_T < 10~GeV/c$ ) as a function of  $p_T$  are presented. The simulation codes, EPOS1.99, EPOS-LHCand QGSJETII-04 are used as event generators. The predictions of simulation results for the pp collisions are compared with the experimental data obtained by ALICE and CMS detectors. It was observed that: for the pp collisions, the simulation codes cannot describe well the experimental data on strangeness production in pp collisions at  $7 \, TeV$ . In the area of low  $p_T$  less than  $1.6 \, GeV/c$  for the  $K_S^0$ -mesons and  $1.3 \, GeV/c$  for the  $\Lambda^-$ -hyperons, models predictions are systematically greater than the experimental data. Then in the II regions the simulation data and experimental ones cross each other. In the III regions experimental data are systematically greater than the models' predictions. For the  $\bar{\Xi}$  -hyperons the production results were observed only from the EPOS1.99 and EPOS-LHC. In case of pPb, all 3 codes give almost same predictions for the  $p_T$  distributions of  $K_s^0$  -mesons. But with increasing the mass of particles some deviations from QGSJETII-04 model predictions for the  $\Lambda^-$  -hyperon is observed in the regions of  $p_T>1.5\,GeV/c$ . For the  $p_T$  distributions of the  $\Xi$ -hyperons the deviations observed even between the 2 tunes of the EPOS code in the interval of  $p_T > 2 \, GeV/c$ . The codes predictions depend on the mass of the strange particles produced in the pPb interactions at  $7 \, TeV$ . Unfortunately, there are not experimental data for the strange particles  $p_T$  distributions at this energy of pPb collisions. Then thethe ratios of the experimental data to model simulations give the quantitative results to characterized the differences between the model predictions and the experimental data for the pp and pPb collisions at  $7\,TeV$ .

## Collaboration name

## Track

Strangeness and Light Flavour

**Primary author:** TABASSAM, Uzma (COMSATS University Islamabad)

Presenter: TABASSAM, Uzma (COMSATS University Islamabad)

Session Classification: Poster session with "aperitivo"