# Status and Prospects at NICA

V.Kekelidze,

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research

NICA

Volga river



The 18<sup>th</sup> International Conference on **Strangeness in Quark Matter (SQM 2019)** 10-15 June 2019, Bari (Italy)

# NICA (Nuclotron based Ion Collider fAcility)

## Goals: to obtain comprehensive information on

hot and dense baryonic matter:

- whether there is a phase transition ?
- is it a first-order phase transition ?
- whether there is a critical end-point?

nucleon spin structure:

- how the spin of proton / neutron is composed?
- Essential upgrade of existing accelerator complex

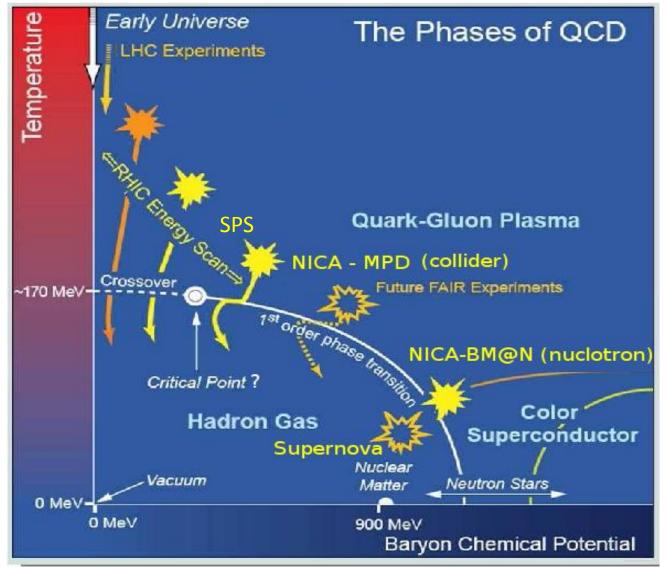
Construction of Collider to provide collisions of

- ion species from **p** to **Au** at energy range  $\sqrt{S_{NN}}$  = 4 11 GeV
- polarized **p** u **d** up to energy  $\sqrt{S} = 27 \text{ GeV}(p)$

Construction of 3 detectors: Baryonic Matter @ Nuclotron (BM@N), Multi Purpose Detector (MPD) and Spin Physics Detector (SPD)

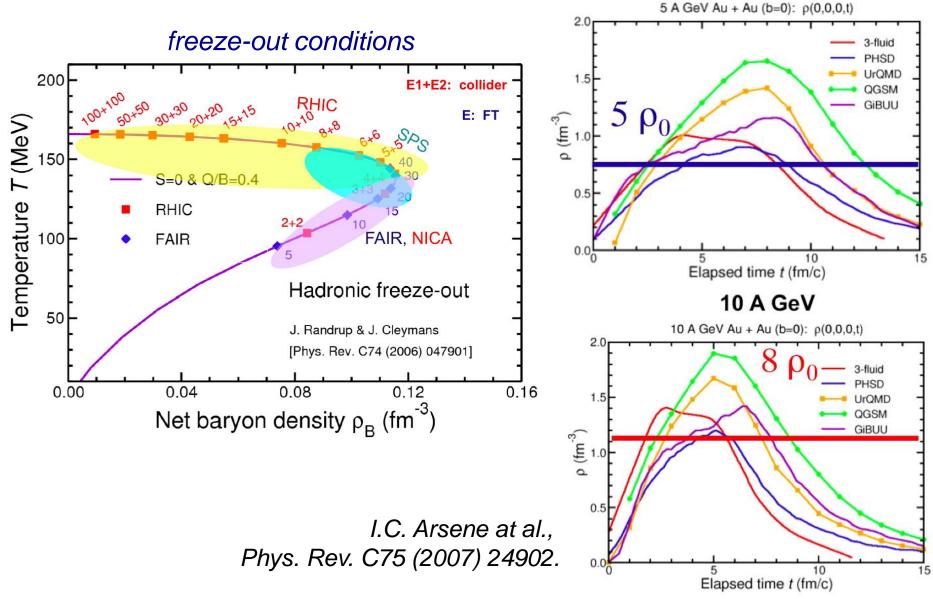
# **Exploration of the QCD Phase Diagram**

Exploring high-density baryonic matter: maximum freeze-out density



## Net Baryonic density to be reached in Au + Au collisions

5 A GeV

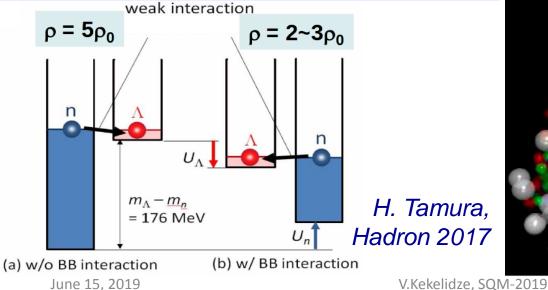


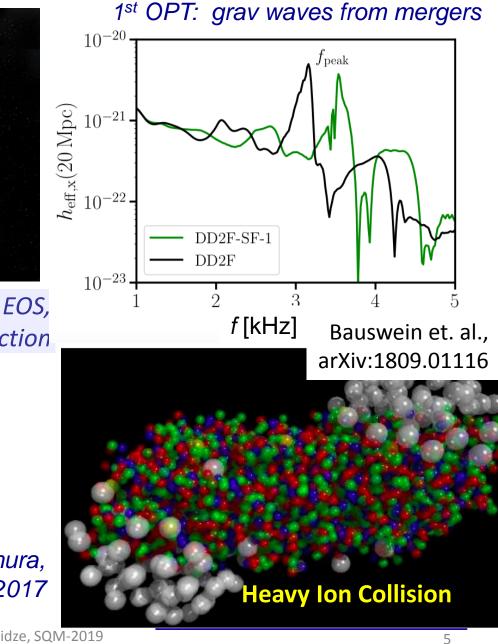
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## **Similarity of Stellar Objects & Heavy Ion Collisions**

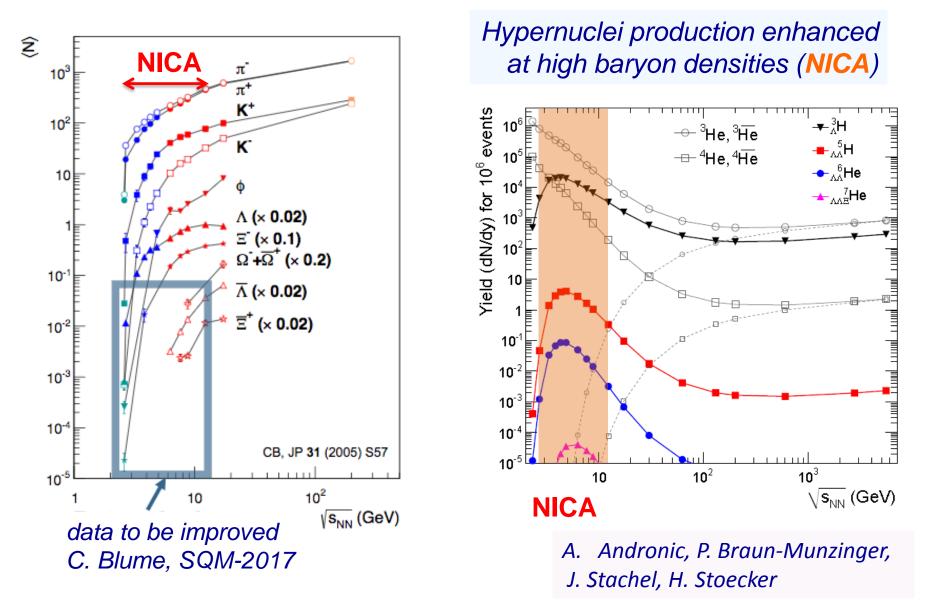


appearance of strangeness changes EOS, depends on strangeness-nucleon interaction





## **Energy Dependence of Total Yields**



## **QCD** matter at the **NICA** energies:

- high net baryon density density frontier;
- > maximum in  $K^+/\pi^+$  ratio;
- > maximum in  $\Lambda/\pi$  ratio;
- transition from a Baryon dominated system

to a Meson dominated one;

- $\succ$  maximum of the  $\Lambda$  polarization;
- 1-st order transition & mixed phase creation;
- *Critical Endpoint ?*

## **NICA Whte Paper**



Physics targets for the exploration of first order phase transitions in the region of the QCD phase diagram accessible to NICA & FAIR and possible observable effects of a "mixed phase indicated in the release of the "NICA White Paper" as a Topical Issue of the **EPJ A** (July 2016).

JOURNAL OF PHYSICS: CONFERENCE SERIES The open access journal for conferences 15th International Conference on Strangeness in Quark Matter (SQM2015)

ISSN 1742-6588

Dubna, Russia 6–11 July 2015

Editors: David E. Alvarez-Castillo, David Blaschke, Vladimir Kekelidze, Victor Matveev and Alexander Sorin

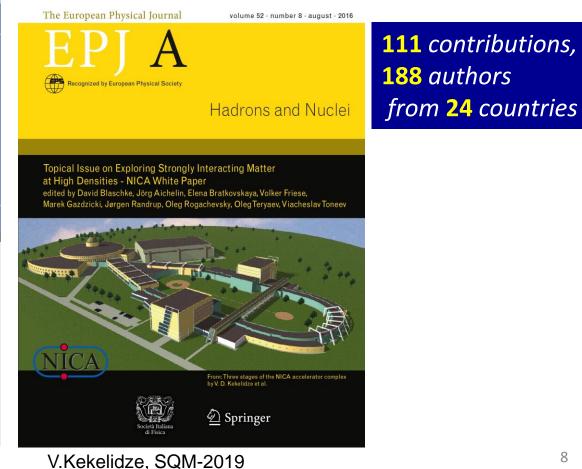
Volume 668 2016

jpcs.iop.org

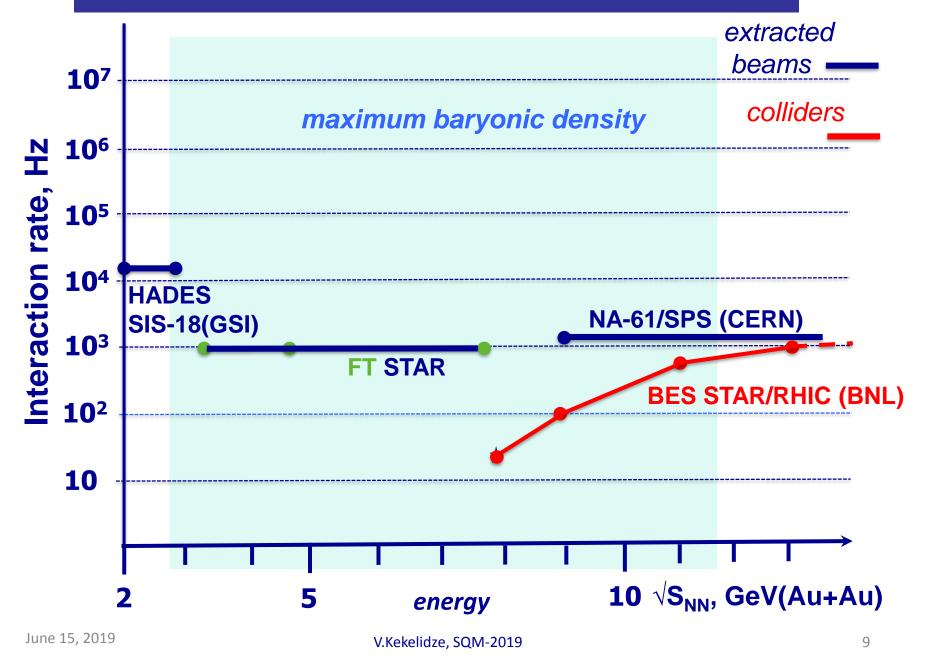


IOP Publishing

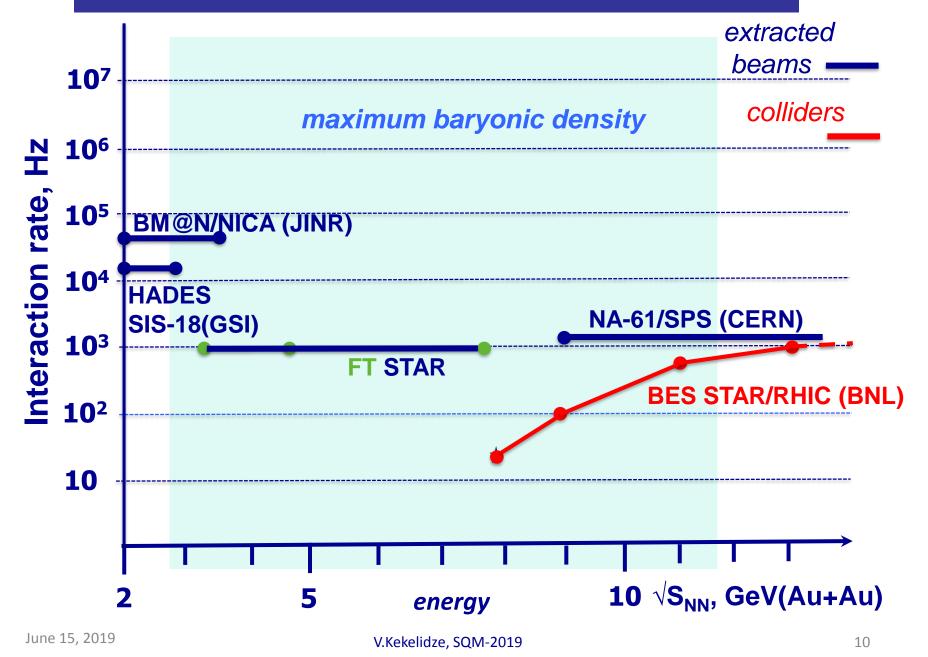
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## Set-ups: in operation



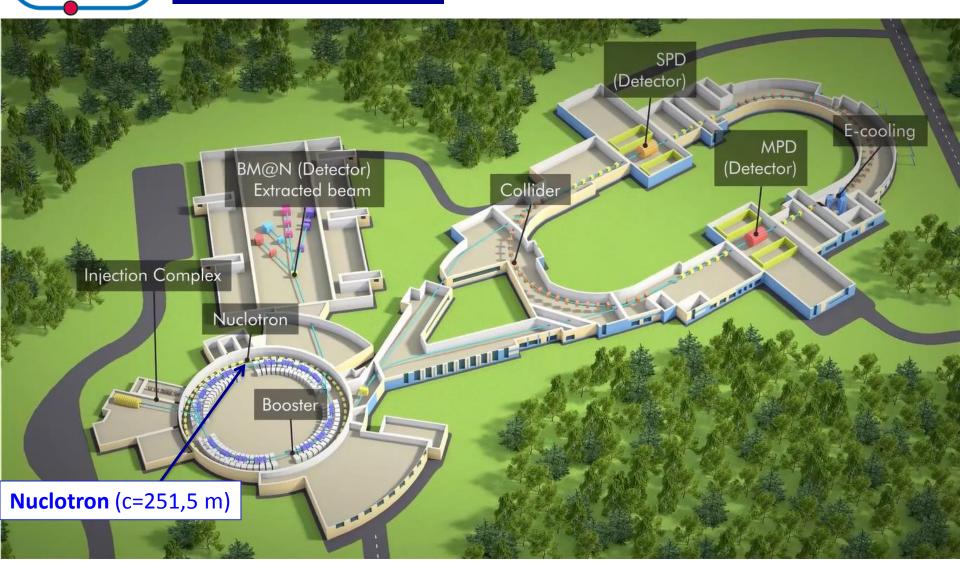
## Set-ups: in operation



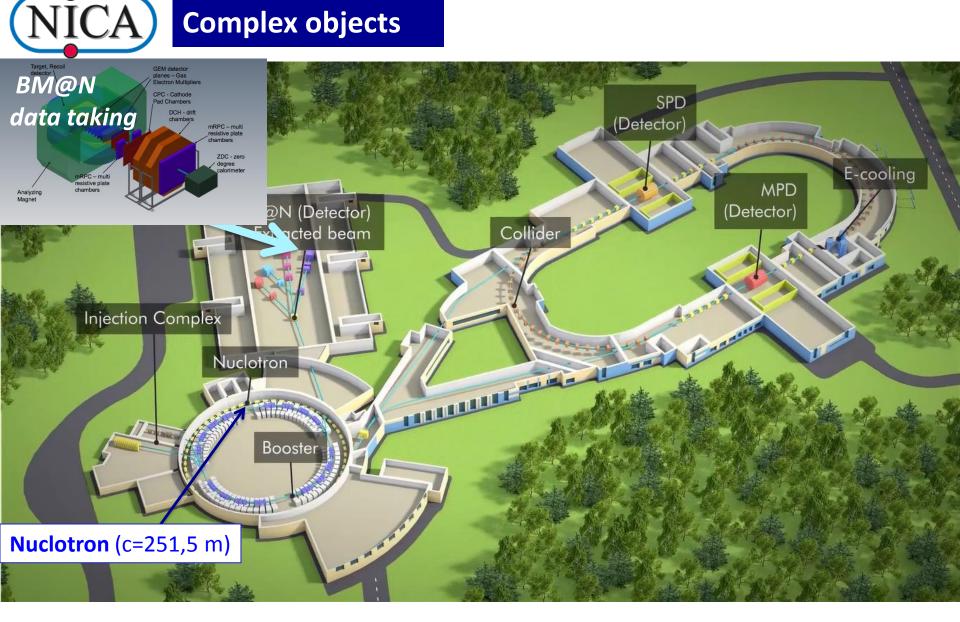
#### Set-ups: in operation In construction extracted CBM/SIS-100(FAIR) 2025 beams 107 colliders maximum baryonic density **10**<sup>6</sup> P Interaction rate, **10**<sup>5</sup> **BM@N/NICA (JINR) MPD/NICA (JINR)** 2022 **10**<sup>4</sup> HADES NA-61/SPS (CERN) SIS-18(GSI) **10**<sup>3</sup> FT STAR **BES STAR/RHIC (BNL) 10**<sup>2</sup> 10 **10** $\sqrt{S_{NN}}$ , GeV(Au+Au) 5 2 energy

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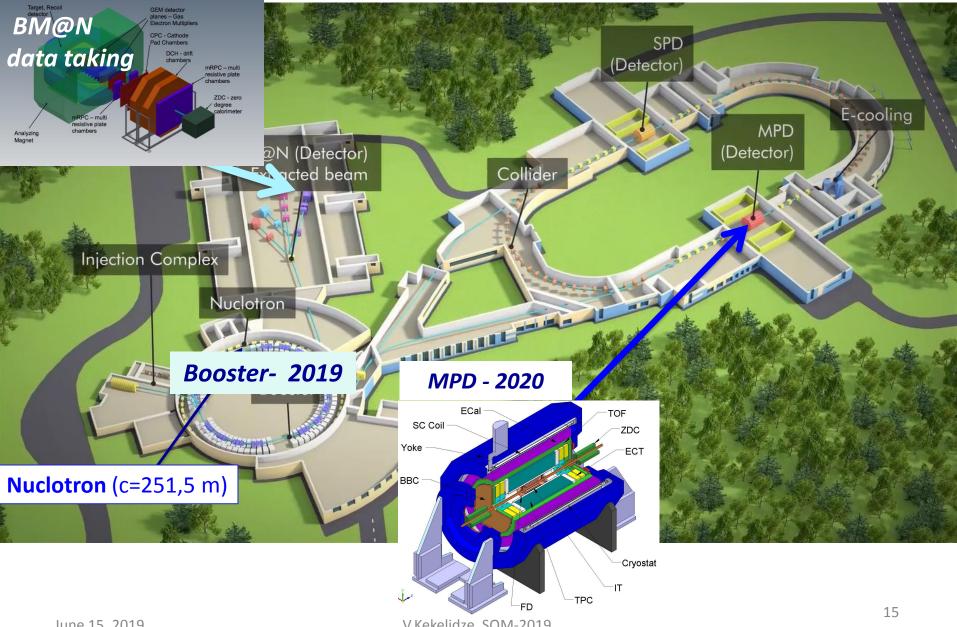




IICA



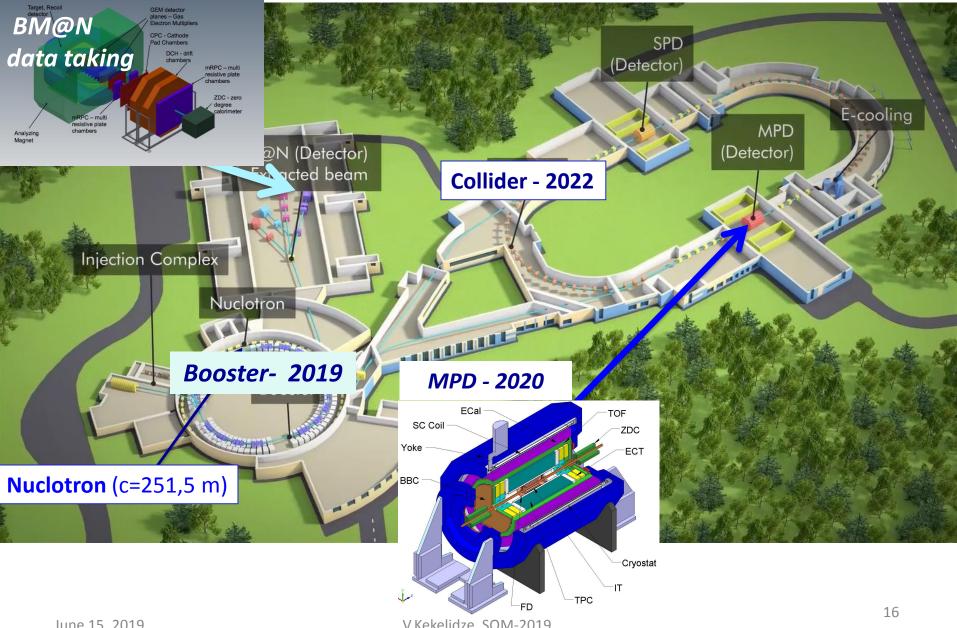




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**JICA** 

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JICA

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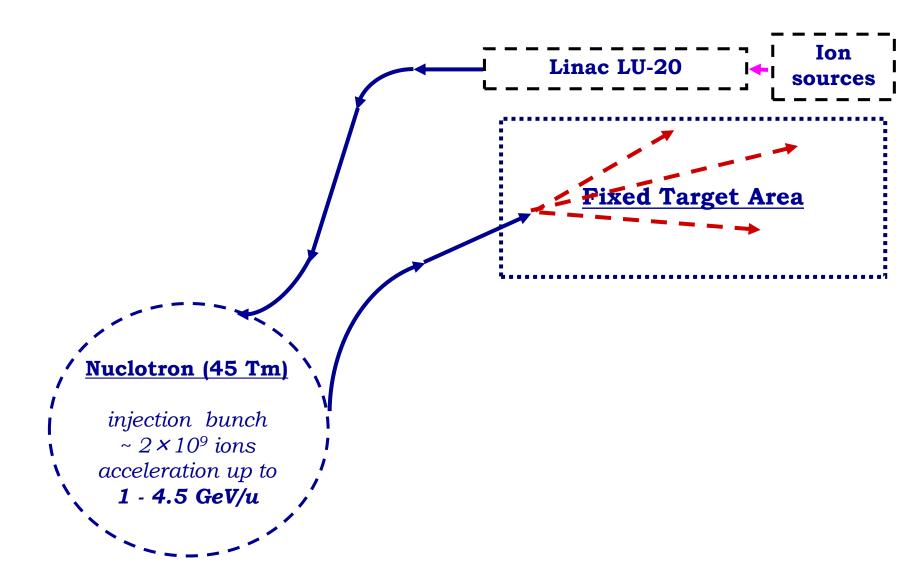
# NUCLOTRON in operation since 1993

### modernized in 2010-2015

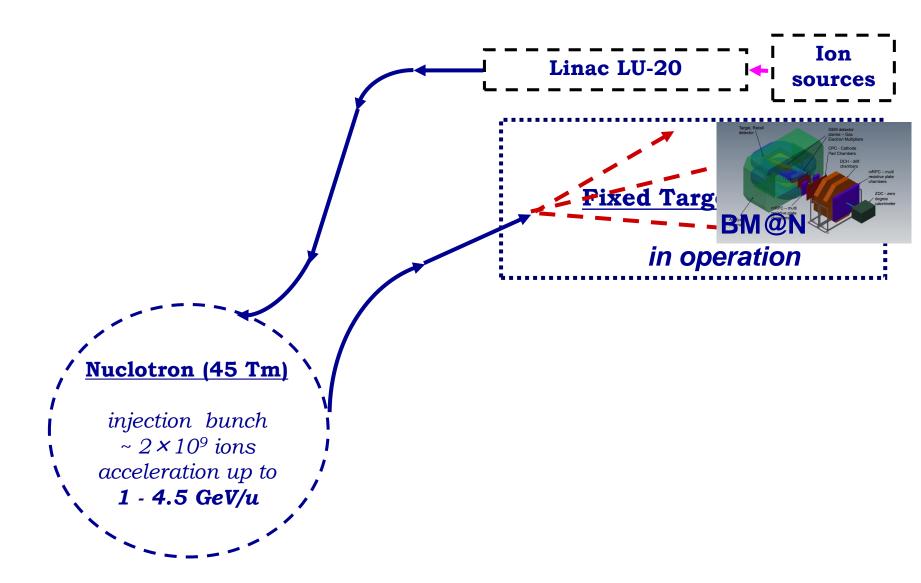
Parameters		
type	SC synchrotron	
particles	↑p,↑d, nuclei	
max. kin. energy, GeV/u	12.07 (↑p);  5.62 (↑d) 4.38 ( <mark>Au</mark> )	
injection energy, MeV/u	5 (↑p,↑d) 570-685 ( <mark>Au</mark> )	
magnetic rigidity, T m	25 – 43.25	
circumference, m	251.52	
vacuum, Torr	10 <sup>-9</sup>	THE ALL AND
intensity, <b>Au</b> /pulse	1 10 <sup>9</sup>	

~

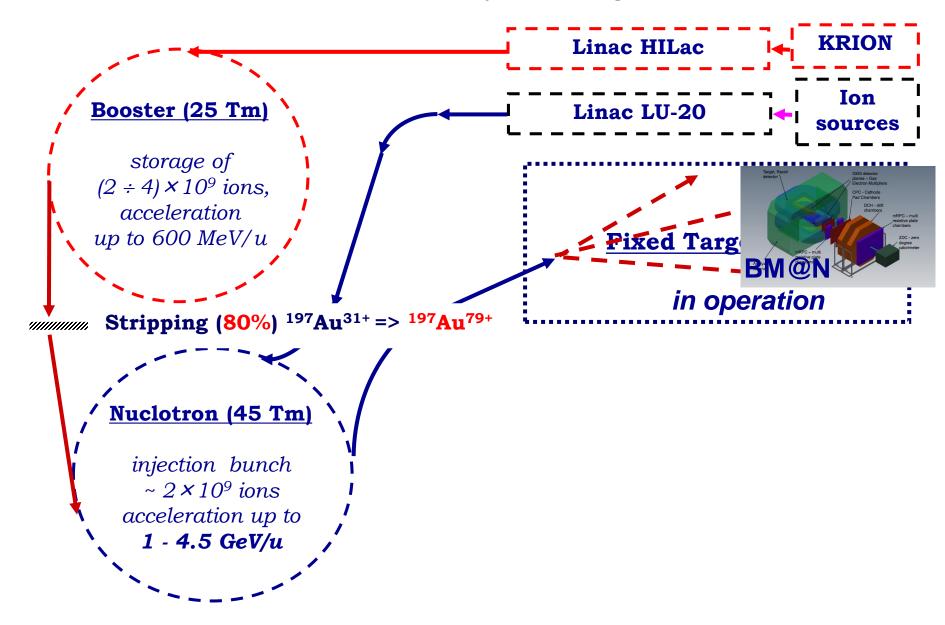
#### **Structure and Operation Regimes**



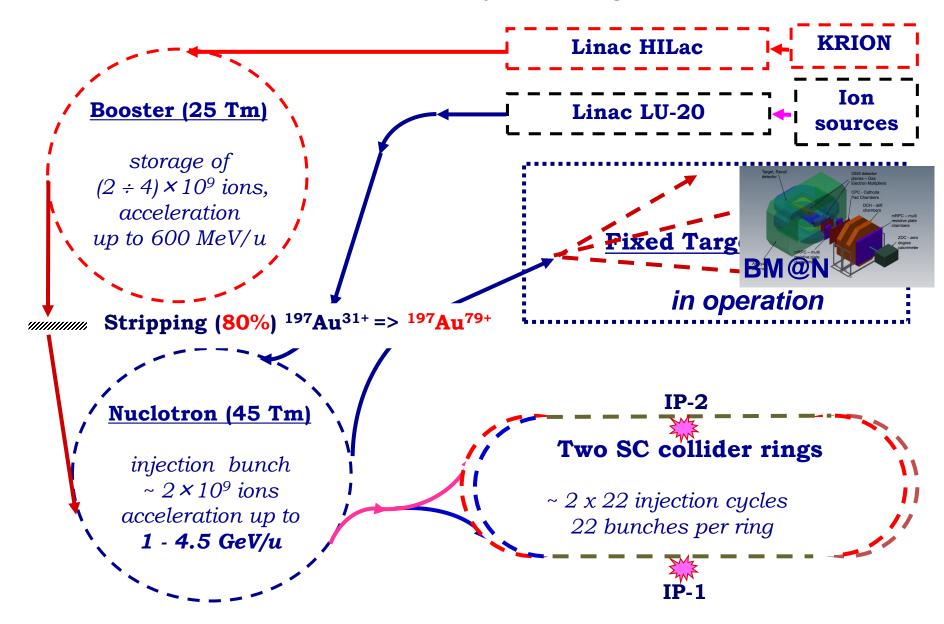
#### **Structure and Operation Regimes**



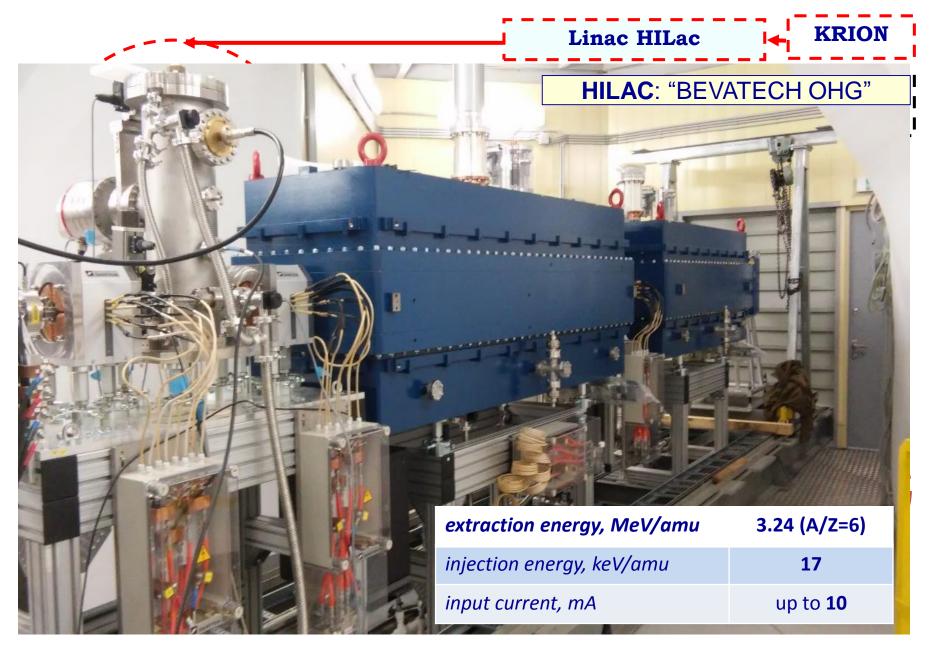
**Structure and Operation Regimes** 

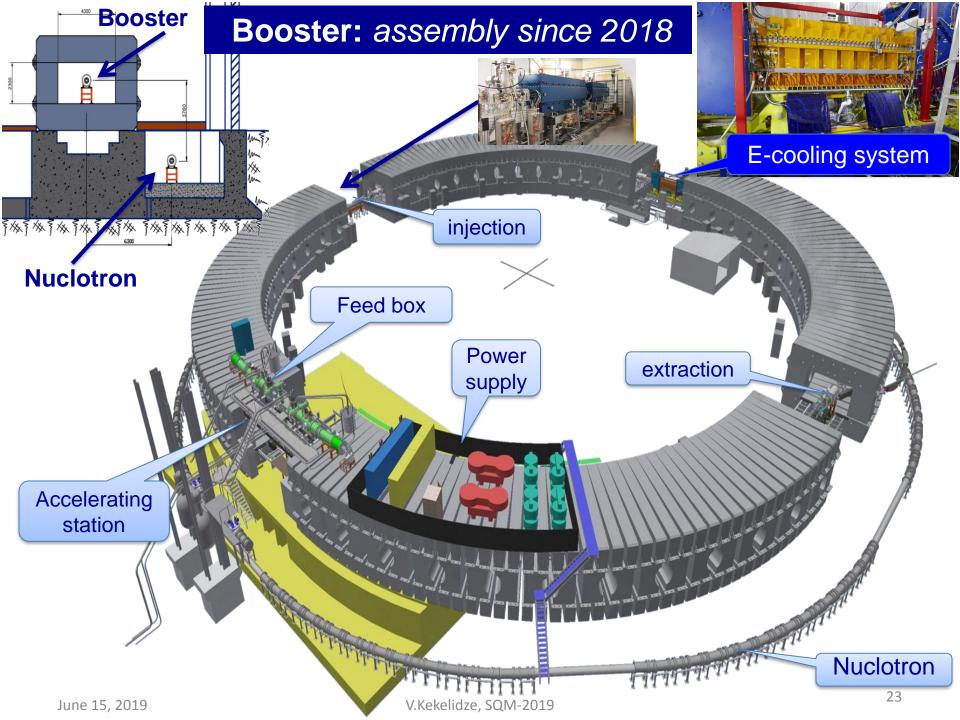


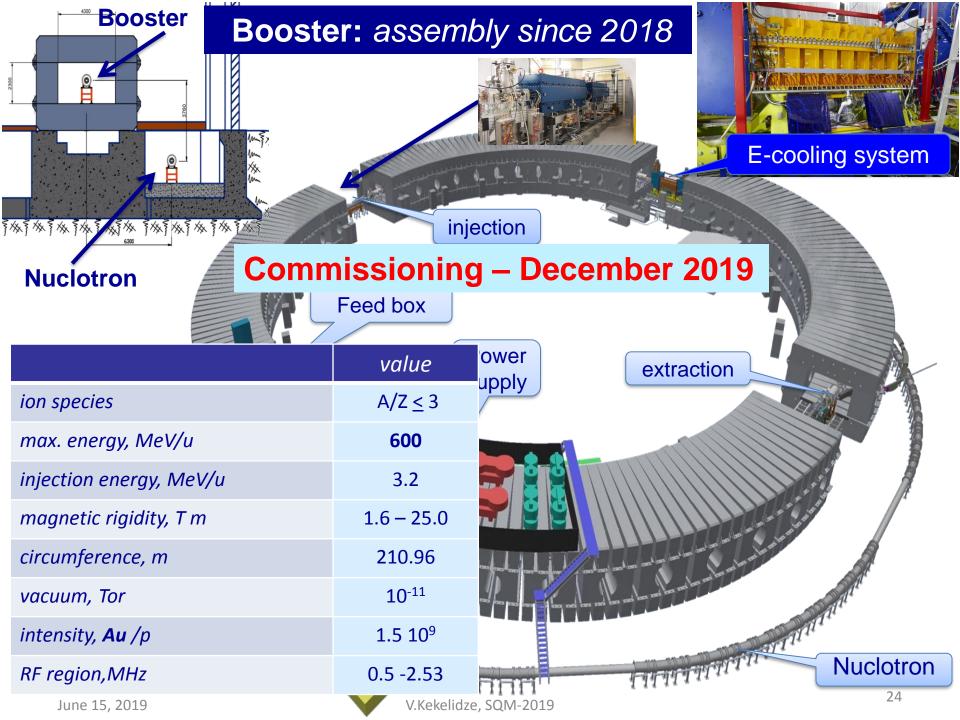
**Structure and Operation Regimes** 



#### **Structure and Operation Regimes**









## section with reference magnets

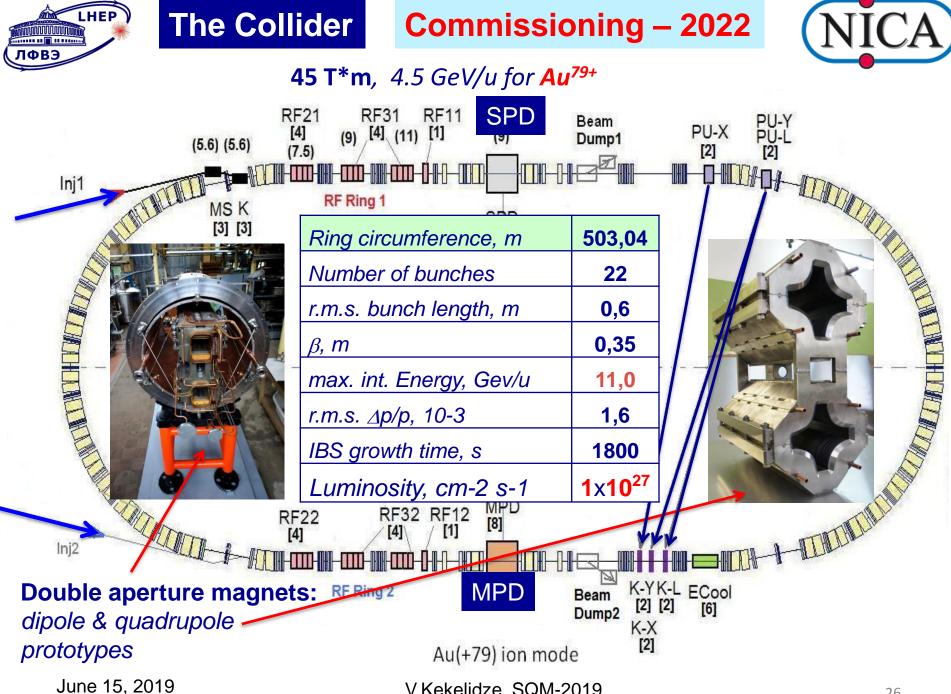
HIL

Kekelic

power supply system

TAT

dipoles in the tunnel



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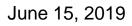




MPD hall



tunnel circuit (503 m) completed

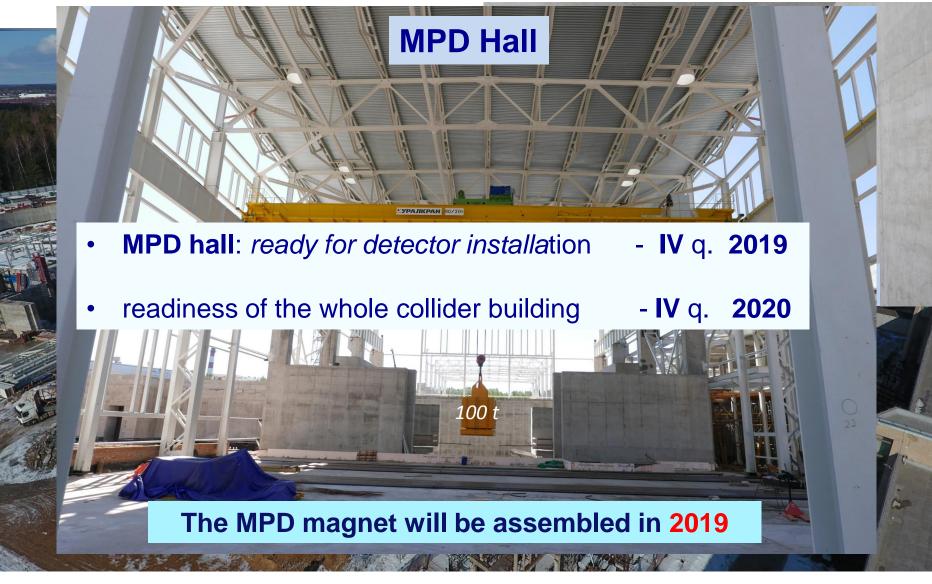


ILA









# kick-off meeting on formation of the MPD and BM@N Collaborations



carried out in Dubna on 11-13 April, 2018

https://indico.jinr.ru/conferenceDisplay.py?ovw=True&confId=385



#### The II and III meetings took place in October 2018 and April 2019

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# Baryonic Matter at Nuclotron (BM@N) Collaboration:

**11** Countries, 2**1** Institutions, **230** paricipants

spokesperson – M. Kapishin, JINR

University of Plovdiv, **Bulgaria;** Institute of High Energy Physics, **China;** Shanghai Institute of Nuclear and Applied Physics, CFS**, China;** Tsinghua University, Beijing, **China;** 

Nuclear Physics Institute CAS, **Czech Republic;** 

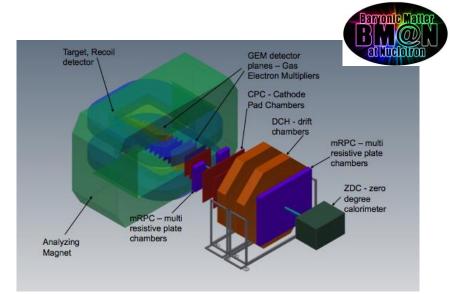
Tubingen University, **Germany**; Tel Aviv University, **Israel**;

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research;

Almaty Institute of Physics & Technology, *Kazakhstan;* 

Institute of Applied Physics, Chisinev, **Moldova;** 

Warsaw University of Technology, Poland;



University of Wroclaw, Wroclaw, Poland; Institute of Nuclear Research RAS, Moscow, **Russia**; Institute of Theoretical & Experimental Physics, NRC KI, Moscow, Russia; NRC Kurchatov Institute, Moscow, Russia: Moscow Engineer and Physics Institute, Russia; Skobeltsin Institute of Nuclear Physics, MSU, **Russia**; Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA.

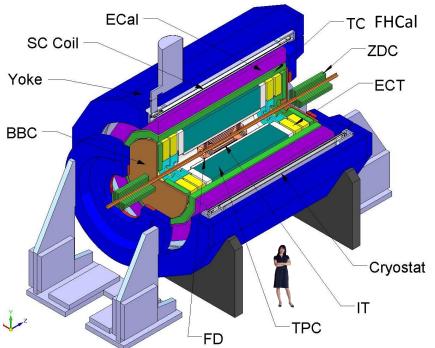
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## **MPD Collaboration:**

spokesperson – A. Kiesel WUT, Poland



#### 10 Countries, 32 Institutes, 465 participants



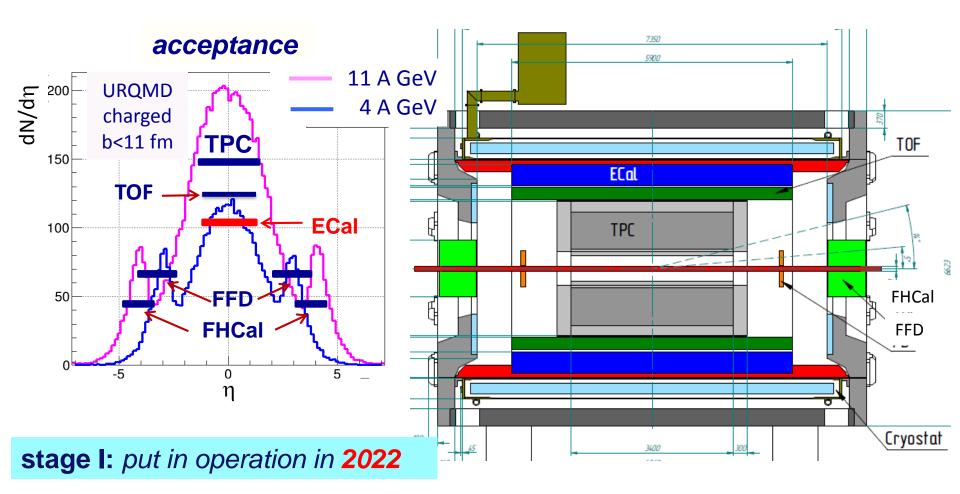
Baku State University, NNRC, **Azerbaijan**; University of Plovdiv, **Bulgaria**; University Tecnica Federico Santa Maria, Valparaiso, **Chili**; Tsinghua University, Beijing, **China**; USTC, Hefei, **China**; Huizhou University, Huizhou, **China**; Institute of Nuclear and Applied Physics, CAS, Shanghai, **China**; Central China Normal University, **China**; Shandong University, Shandong, **China**; June 15, 2019

IHEP, Beijing, China; University of South China, China; Palacky University, Olomouc, Czech Republic; NPI CAS, Rez, Czech Republic; Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia; Tubingen University, Tubingen, Germany; Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel; Joint Institute for Nuclear Research: IPT, Almaty, Kazakhstan; UNAM, Mexico City, Mexico; Institute of Applied Physics, Chisinev, Moldova; WUT, Warsaw, **Poland**; NCN, Otwock – Swierk, **Poland**; UW. Wroclaw. Poland: Jan Kochanowski University, Kielce, Poland; INR RAS, Moscow, Russia; MEPhl, Moscow, Russia; PNPI, Gatchina, Russia; INP MSU, Moscow, Russia; KI NRS, Moscow, Russia; SPSU - Dept. of NP, Russia; St. Petersburg, **Russia**; SPSU – Dept. of HEP, St. Petersburg, **Russia**; North Ossetia State University, Vladikavkaz, Russia;

Multi-Purpose Detector (MPD)



## stage I: TPC, TOF, ECAL, FHCal, FFD

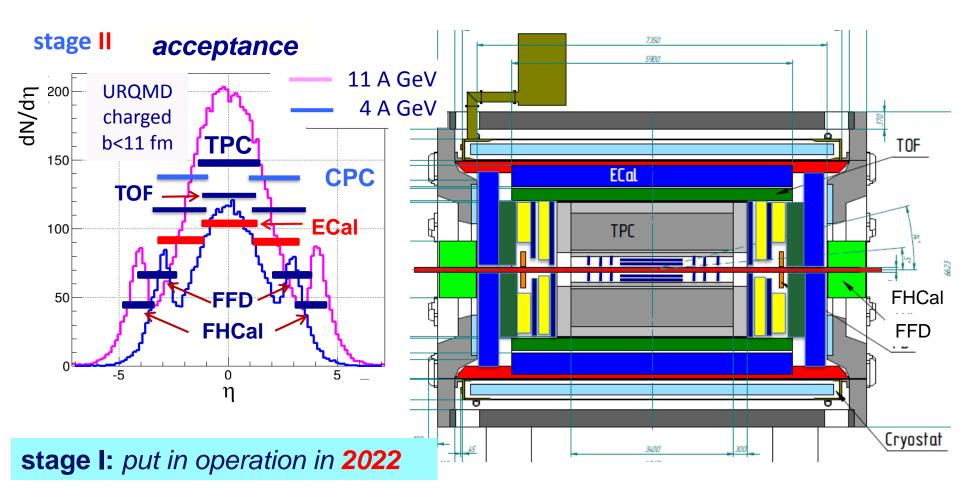


Multi-Purpose Detector (MPD)



## stage I: TPC, TOF, ECAL, FHCal, FFD

stage II ( 2023): + ITS + EndCap (CPC, Straw, TOF, ECAL)



# The yoke



# The yoke



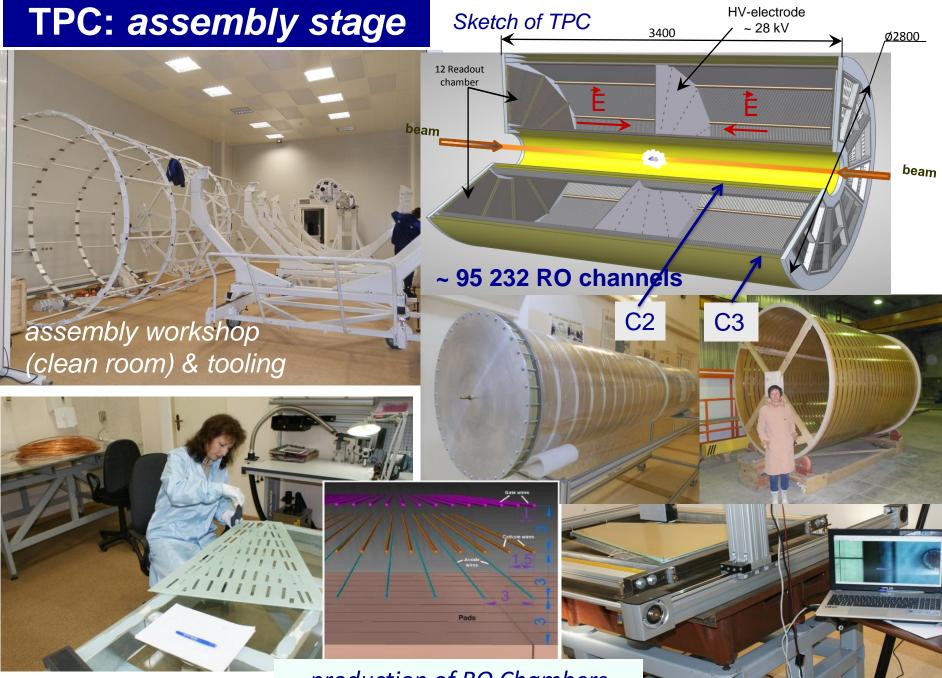
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# The SC Coil and cold mass



# The SC Coil and cold mass





production of RO Chambers

# TOF Barrel: MRPC ready for mass production

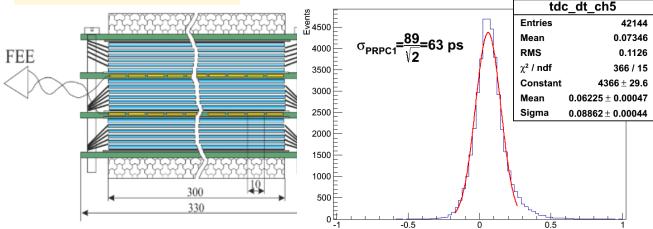
#### module box housing 10 PRC's

# 28 modules280 MPRC's13 440 channels

**MRPC** 

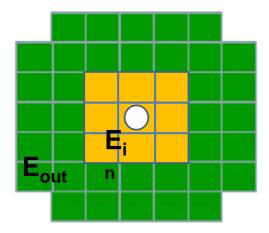
#### workshop for the MRPC mass-production

T<sub>PRPC1</sub>-T<sub>PRPC2</sub>, ns



basic elements - NINO & HPTDC chips have been Purchased to produce read-out electronics for the TOF + reserve

### FHCAL: for determination of reaction plane and centrality



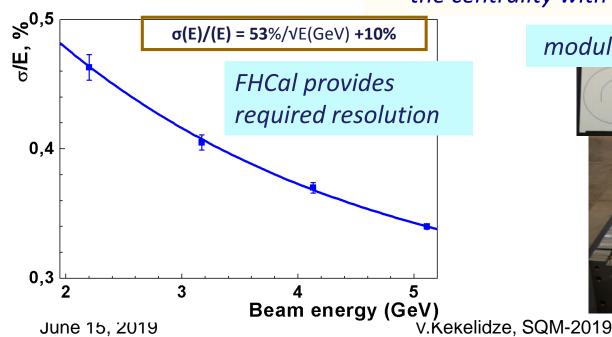
# responsibility of INR RAS

- 2-arm (left/right) calorimeter (at ~3.2 m from the IP)
- arm consists of 45 modules 15x15 cm<sup>2</sup> each
- module 42 lead/scintillator layers

#### **FHCal coverage:** 2.2<|η|< 4.8

#### **Transverse granularity allows to measure:**

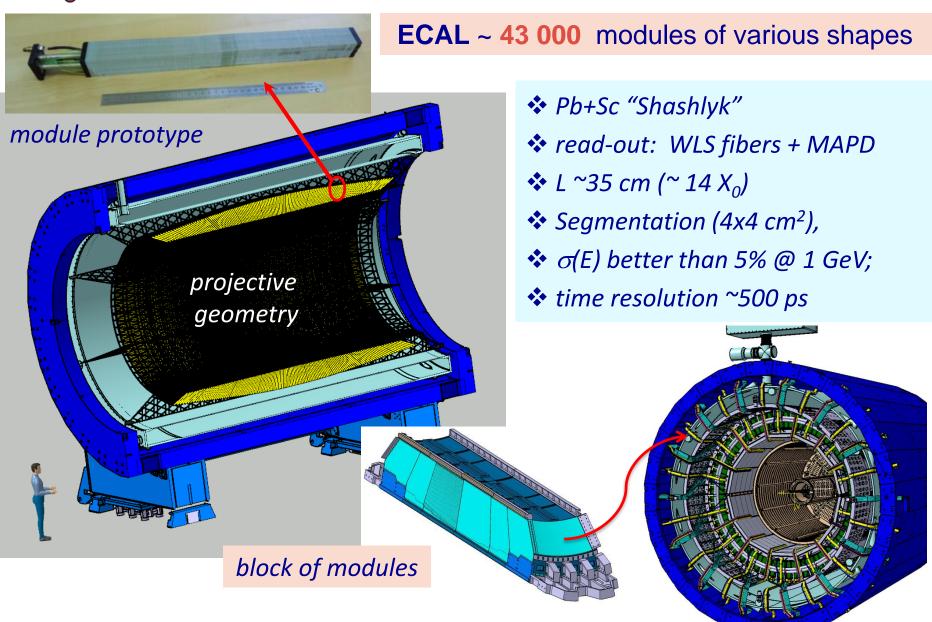
- the reaction plane with the accuracy ~ 20<sup>0</sup>-30<sup>0</sup>
- the centrality with accuracy below **10%**.



#### *modules production – in progress*



# **ECAL:** common project with **Tsinghua University, China**



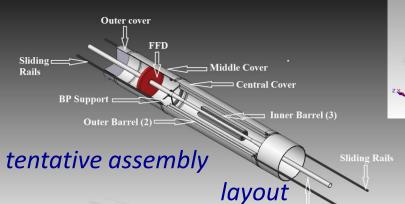
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#### **Inner Tracker System**



# technology from ALICE / CERN

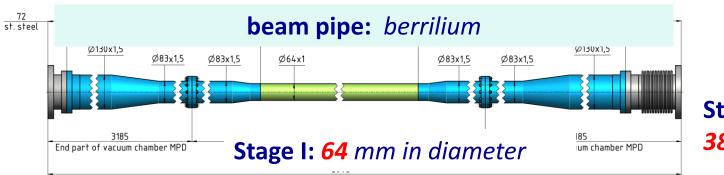
- MAPS of new ALICE ITS
- carbon fiber space frames;



# ALPIDE MAPS

in 5 cylinders of 2 barrels

#### **4,9** • **10**<sup>9</sup> pixels, active area **3,9** m<sup>2</sup>.

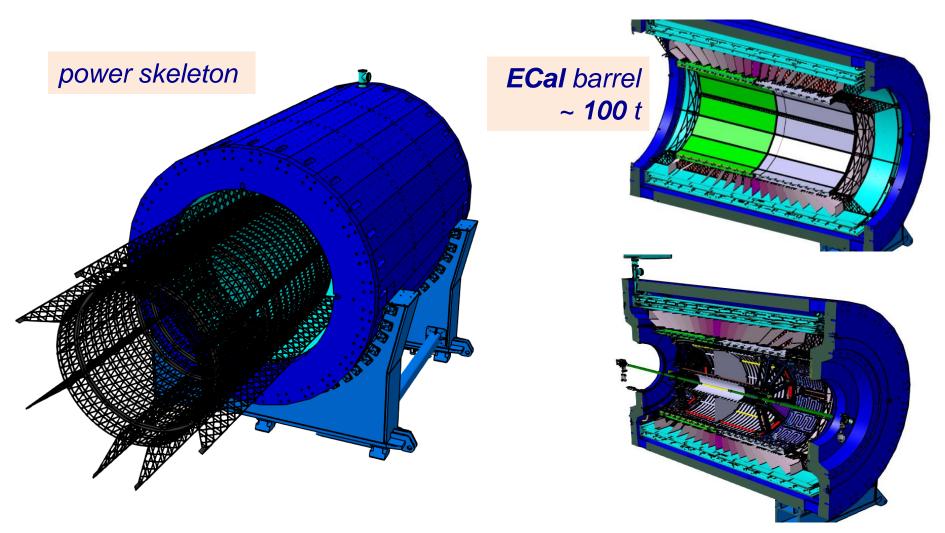


Stage II: 38 mm in diameter



# Integration

#### support structure of carbon fiber



# **MPD** feasibility study

UrQMD Au+Au √s=11 AGeV event Simulated within MpdROOT

# **MPD Physiscs Working Groups**

#### **PWG1** Global observables

- Total event multiplicity
- Total event energy
- Centrality determination
- Total cross-section
   measurement
- Vertex determination
- Event plane measurement at all rapidities
- Spectator measurement

#### **PWG2** Spectra of light flavor and hypernuclei

- Light flavor spectra
- Hyperons and hypernuclei
- Total particle yields and yield ratios
- Kinematic and chemical properties of the event
- Mapping QCD Phase diagram

#### PWG3 Correlations and

# Fluctuations

- Collective flow for hadrons
- Vorticity, Λ polarization
- E-by-E fluctuation of multiplicity, momentum and conserved quantities
- Femtoscopy
- Forward-Backward corr.
- Jet-like correlations

#### PWG4

#### **Electromagnetic probes**

- Electromagnetic calorimeter measurements
- Photons in ECAL and central barrel
- Low mass dilepton spectra and search for inmedium modification of resonances and intermediate mass region

#### PWG5

#### **Heavy flavor**

- Study of open charm production
- Charmonium with ECAL and central barrel
- Charmed meson through secondary vertices
   in ITS and HF electrons
- Explore production at charm threshold

# **Study of hyperons**

#### V. Vasendina, A. Zinchenko, V. Kolesnikov

- 8M minbias Au+Au @ 11 GeV (PHSD model)
- TPC & TOF,  $|\eta| < 1.3$

Λ

 $7.3 \ 10^7$ 

Λ

6 10<sup>9</sup>

track reconstruction and PID (dE/dx+TOF)

 $\Xi^{-}$ 

3 10<sup>7</sup>

secondary vertex finding technique

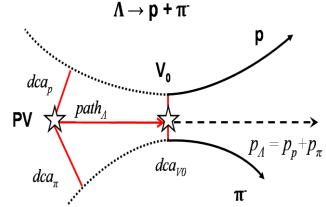
#### Yields for 10 weeks of running

Ξij

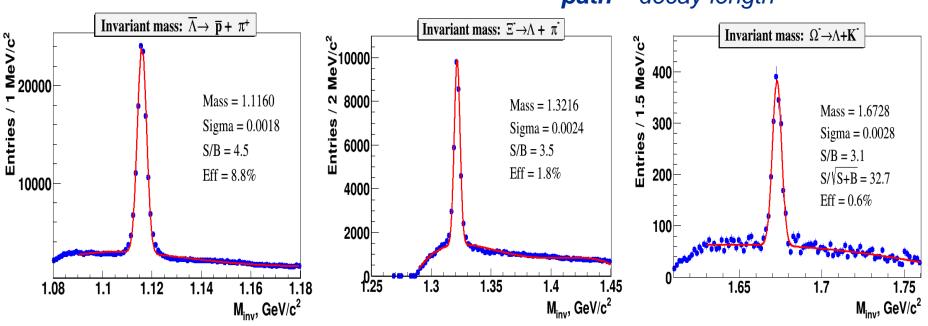
1 10<sup>6</sup>

 $\Omega^{-}$ 

1 10<sup>6</sup>



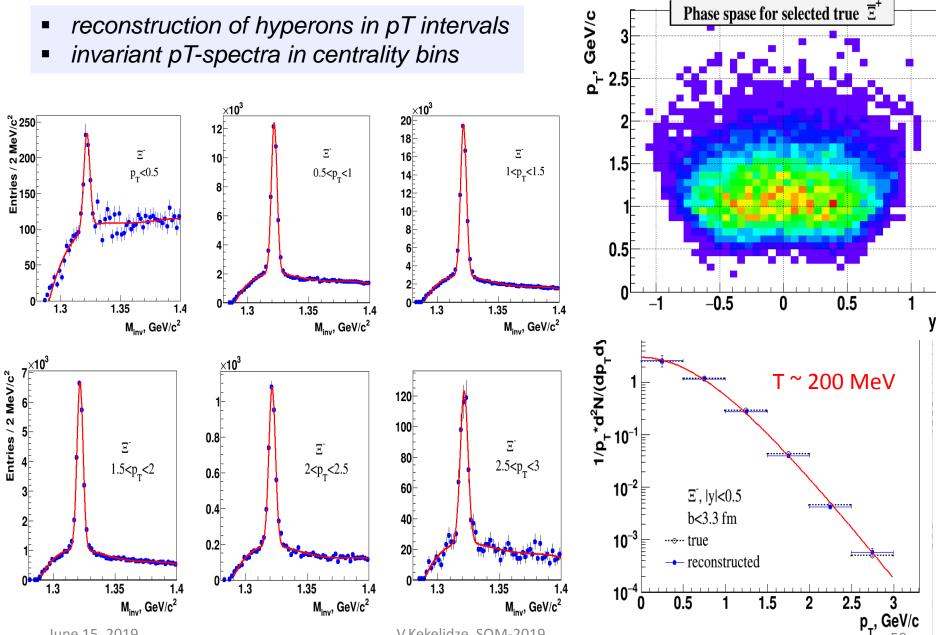
PV - primary vertex;
V0 - vertex of decay;
dca- distance of closest approach;
path – decay length



 $\Omega^+$ 

3 10<sup>5</sup>

# $\Xi$ -reconstruction, phase space, invariant spectra



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#### Resonances D. Ivanishchev, D. Kotov, M. Malaev, V. Riabov, Yu. Ryabov

 $\Sigma(1385)^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} \Lambda \ (\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi)$ 

 $\gamma^2/nd$ 

Prob

Mass

Yield

47.67/24

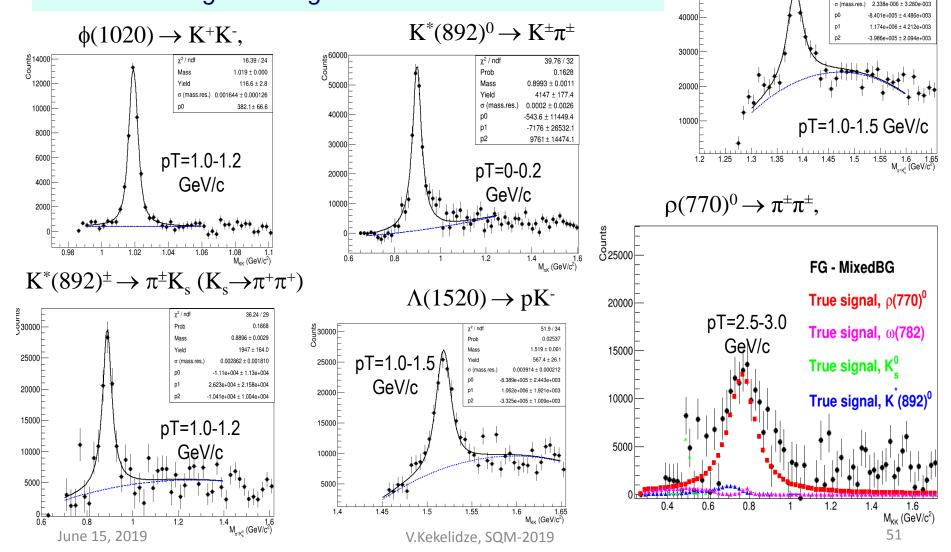
0.002774

 $1.385 \pm 0.00$ 

1563 ± 105.3

Sounds 20000⊢

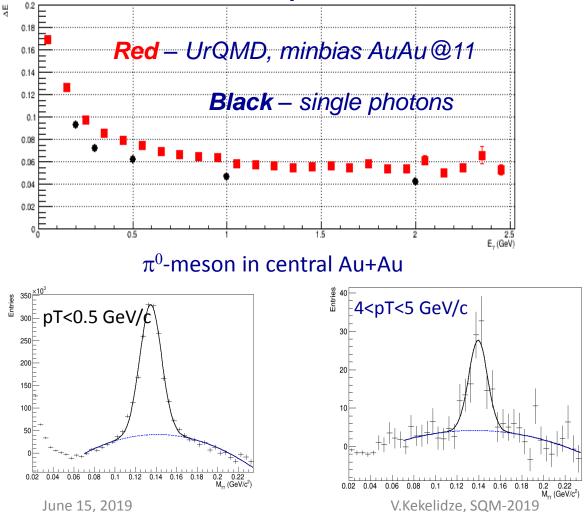
- Minbias Au+Au@11 (UrQMD modle)
- Full event reconstruction and realistic PID
- Topoly cuts and secondary vertex finding for hyperons
- Event mixing for background estimation



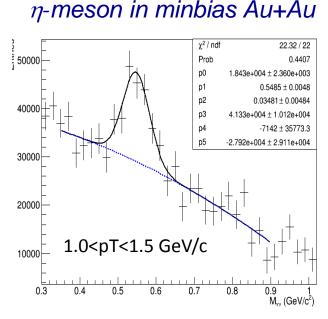
# ECAL simulation V. Riabov, A. Zinchenko, M. Martemyanov, V. Kulikov

Realistic ECAL reconstruction & analysis – large acceptance **ECAL** of good energy resolution is an ideal tool for measurement of neutral mesons

in a wide momentum range

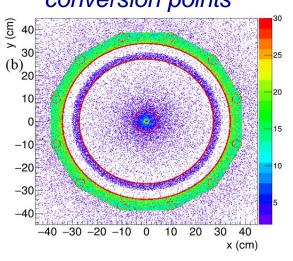


**ECAL** resolution for photons

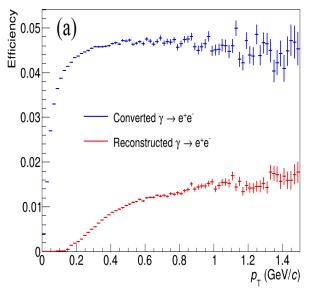


 $\pi^0(\eta)$  reconstruction with ECAL – feasible!

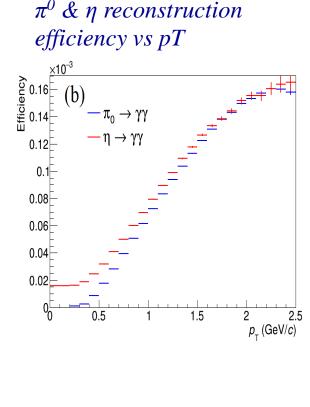
#### $\pi^{0}$ and $\eta$ reconstruction via conversion D. Ivanishchev, D. Kotov, E. Kryshen, M. Malaev, V. Riabov, Yu. Ryabov conversion points

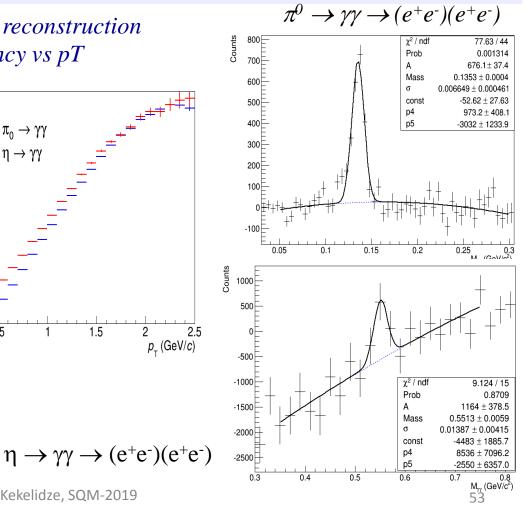


γ-conversion efficiency in the beam pipe & TPC vs pT



- Photon reconstruction, complimentary to ECAL
- Direct photons, neutral mesons, geometry scan etc.
- Minbias AuAu@11, UrQMD conversion on the beam pipe and inner layers of the TPC

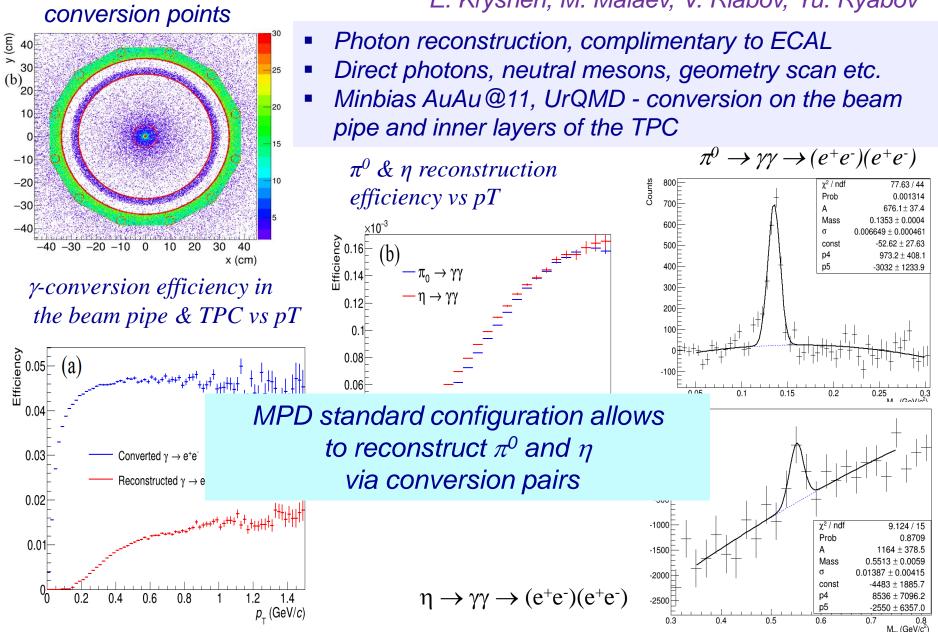




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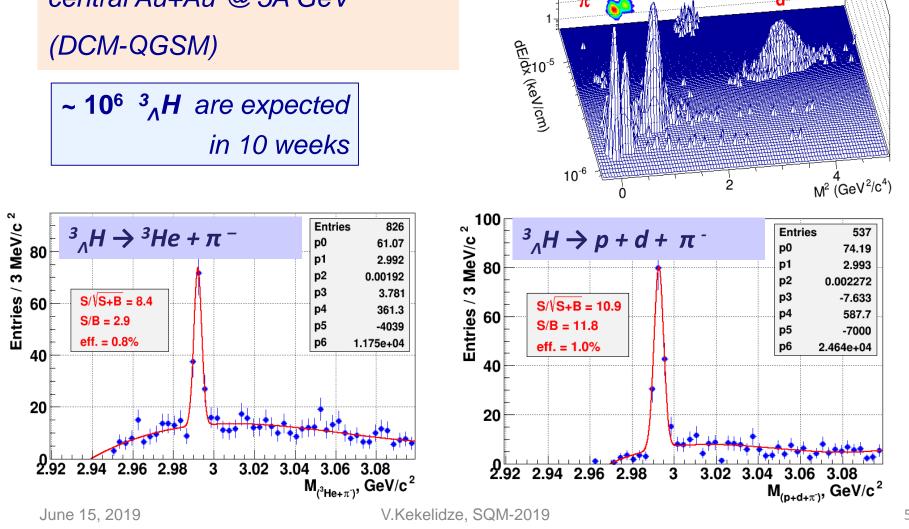
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10<sup>3</sup>

10<sup>2</sup> =

10-

pPID

# Hypernuclei @ MPD

**Hypertritons** central Au+Au @ 5A GeV

55

P = 1 GeV/c

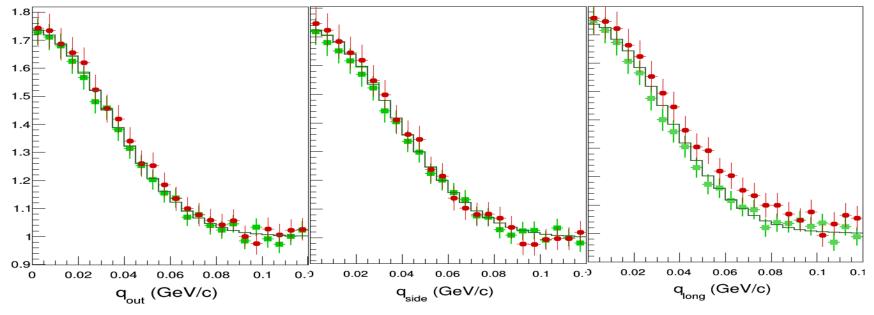
# **Femtoscopy correlations**

P. Batyuk, L. Malinina, K. Mikhaylov, G. Nigmatkulov

Study of collective effects, space-time characteristics of the emitting source at kinetic freeze-out, collision dynamics and quark-hadron phase transitions via femtoscopic correlations of hadrons

- MC input: vHLLE+UrQMD model implements hydro stage with different EoS, tuned to reproduce experimental data
- Data set : Au+Au collisions at 11 GeV, MPD full reconstruction chain
- Kaon particle ID and Correlation Function (CF) reconstruction

Projections of 3D kaon CF on the Out-Side-Long directions **Green** – first order phase transition (1PT), **Red** – crossover (XPT)



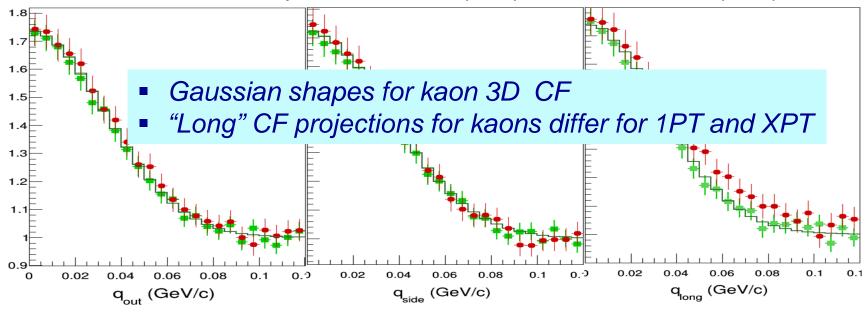
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**Concluding remarks** 



Density frontier is less explored area and its study could lead to new interesting results

NICA complex has a potential for competitive research in the field of baryon rich matter

The BM@N experiment has already started data taking

The construction of both NICA Collider and detector (MPD) are going close to the schedule

New participants are welcome to join NICA

