

Laser Control System Workshop@EMIS

CS++ Add-On Libraries for the NI Actor Framework

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Motivation I

CS Framework

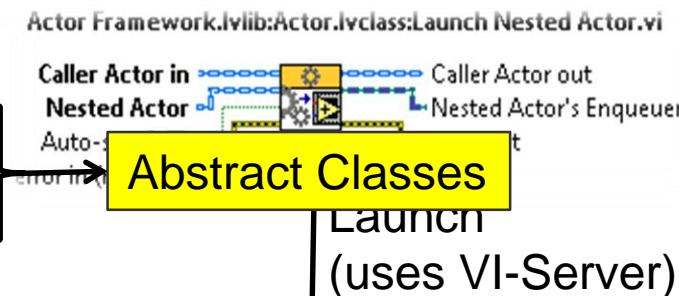


- CS Framework
 - CS is a LabVIEW/DIM based control system framework
 - multi-threaded,
 - event driven,
 - object oriented and
 - distributed with
 - SCADA functionality.
 - An experiment control system can be developed by combining the CS framework with experiment specific add-ons.
 - CS is supported on MS-Windows and on Linux (real-time OS Pharlap, LabVIEW RT)
- Artificial object-oriented approach started with LabVIEW 6i
 - Reference based (VI-Server), Multiple Inheritance like C++
 - *Complex with many recommendations which cannot be enforced.*
- Network layer: **Distributed Information Management (DIM)**
- Mainly used with Laser (PHELIX, POLARIS) and many Iontraps

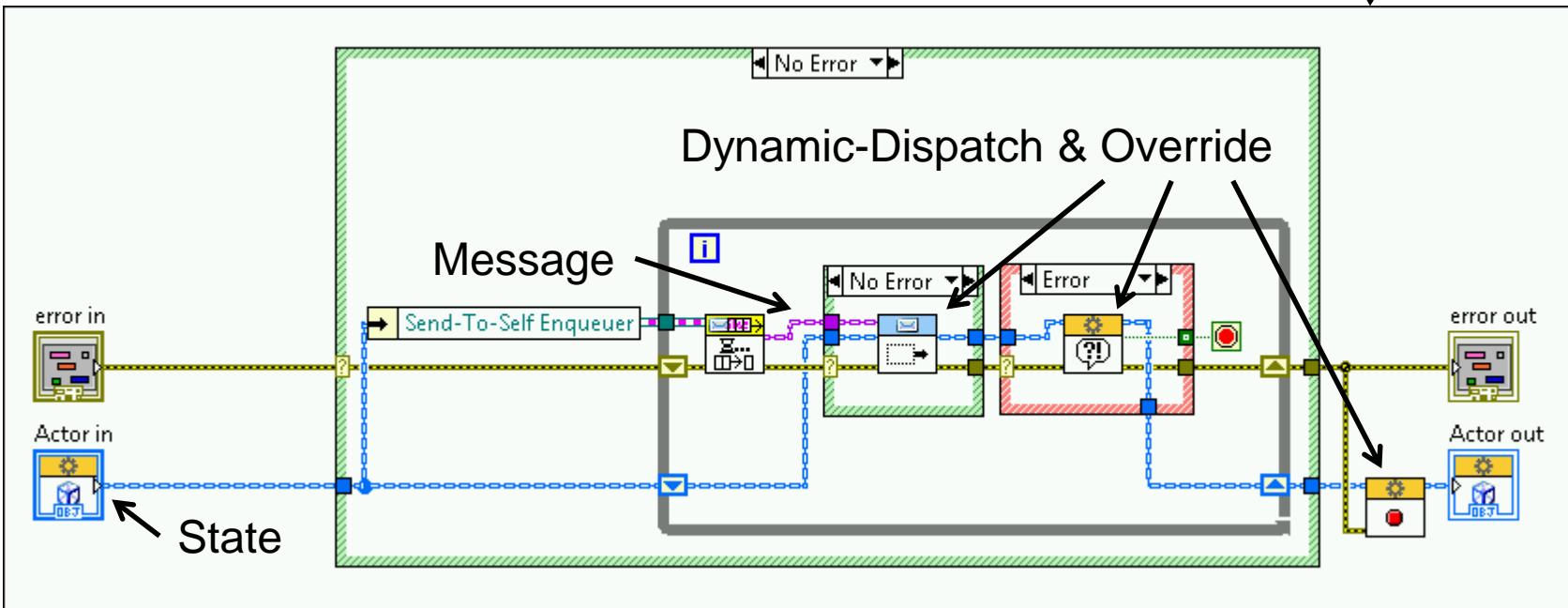
- Successful Feasibility Study: Mobile Agent
 - Based on LVOOP (LabVIEW 8.5)
 - Diploma Thesis
- NI Actor Framework provides simple and efficient design
 - Released with LV 2012
 - First application: Gas Flow Control for the COMPACT Detector
- Profit from NI maintenance and community developments
- Integrate non LabVIEW experts like short term Bachelor & Master students
- CLAD level implementing derived classes using a cooking recipe
- Use as much NI Tools as possible
 - Data Logging & Supervisory Control Module (DSC)
 - Distributed System Manager (DSM)
 - TDMS & DIAdem
 - (Teststand)

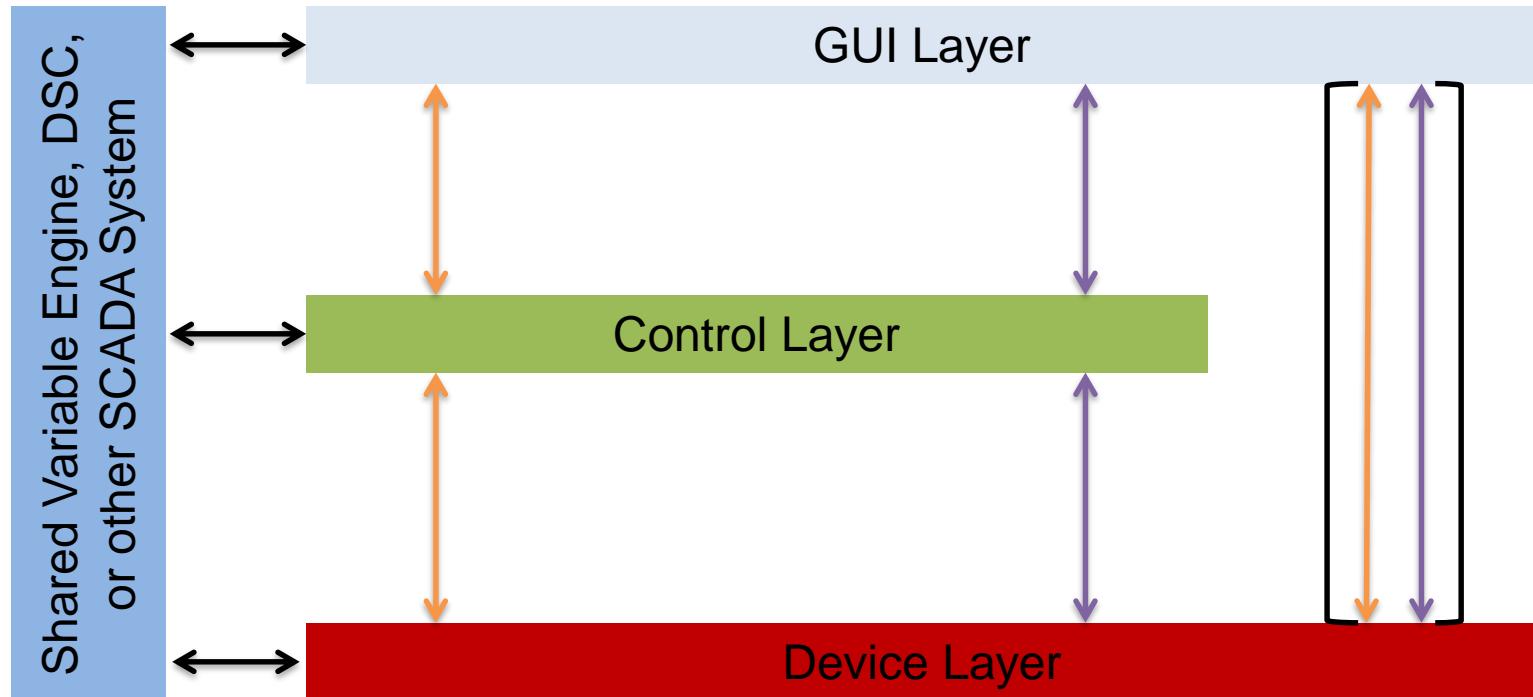
QSM → Actor Framework

- QSM.vi → Actor Core.vi
 - State Cluster → Actor Class
 - Command Cluster → Message Class
 - Case Structure → Message:Do.vi
 - Error-Handling → Handle Error.vi
 - Stop → Stop Core.vi



Caller Actor in → Caller Actor out
 Nested Actor → Nested Actor's Enqueuer
 Auto-start →
 Error in → Error out
 Launch (uses VI-Server)





↔ Process
Variable

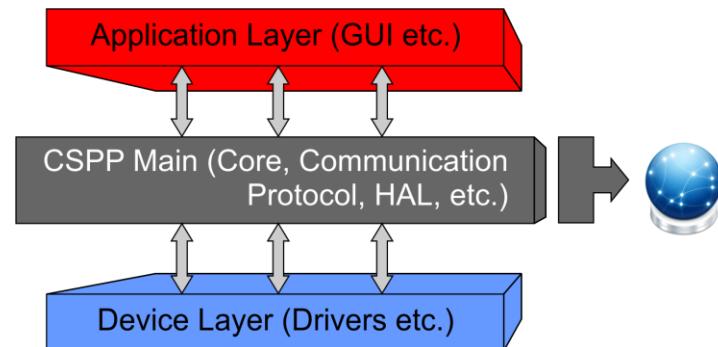
↔ Message

↔ Linked Network Actor,
Network Endpoints

Migration I

CS Framework → CS++

- **Similar feature set** as CS Framework based on
 - LVOOP & Dataflow
 - Actor Framework
- **Plan:** Extend Actor Framework
 - Concentration on necessary features for our Control Systems!
- **Architecture:** 3-Layer
 - Application Layer (GUI etc.)
 - CSPP Main (Core, Communication Protocol, HAL, etc.)
 - Device Layer (Drivers etc.)
- **Developer groups**
 - Core Developer:
 - CS++ core and add-on libraries
 - Profound LVOOP/AF and CS++ knowledge
 - Local Developer:
 - experiment-specific GUI- and Device-Actors
 - ~CLAD knowledge sufficient
 - User:
 - Use and/or configuration of Application



- Focus of development
 - Development of hardware layer
 - Commissioning of hardware layer
 - Simple Device GUI's
 - Stability of core system
 - Device Base Classes
 - Generic interface classes
- Projects & Applications
 - Motion Control (CaveA)
 - TASCA and COMPACT (LabVIEW-FPGA)
 - Under development
 - GEMDiscProduction (LabVIEW-RT-FPGA)
 - Vacuum Heating Control (LabVIEW-RT)
 - Planned developments
 - Migrate SHIPTRAP/HITRAP/TRIGATRAP
 - New Sequencer
 - Interface to MMn
 - Laser Spectroscopy at GSI
 - MATS for FAIR
- CS++Tools
 - CS++MessageMaker continuous improvements
 - CS++Configuration under development

References

- DIM: <https://dim.web.cern.ch/dim/>
- Actor Framework
 - <https://forums.ni.com/t5/Actor-Framework-Documents/tkb-p/7301>
- CS++
 - H.Brand, D. Neidherr, Scientific Report 2014 GSI Report 2015-1, 459 p. (2015), <http://repository.gsi.de/record/184173/files/FG-GENERAL-41.pdf>
 - H.Brand, D. Neidherr; "CS++ - NI Actor Framework-based Class Library"; "Virtuelle Instrumente in der Praxis 2016 - Begleitband zum 21. VIP-Kongress", Rahman Jamal, Ronald Heinze (Hrsg.), VDE Verlag, ISBN 978-3-8007-4208-0
 - H.Brand, D. Neidherr, D. Krebs, B.Voss; "Anwendung von AF/CS++ auf CompactRIO am Beispiel der GEM-Disc-Produktionsanlage für PANDA@FAIR"; "Virtuelle Instrumente in der Praxis 2017 - Begleitband zum 22. VIP-Kongress", Rahman Jamal, Ronald Heinze (Hrsg.), VDE Verlag, ISBN 978-3-8007-4441-1
 - <https://git.gsi.de/EE-LV/CSPP>
- Successful Feasability Study: Mobile Agent based on LVOOP (LabVIEW 8.5)
 - <https://wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/bin/view/NIUser/LVMobileAgentSystem>
 - <https://wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/pub/NIUser/LVMobileAgentSystem/DiplomarbeitFrederikBerck.pdf>
 - <https://forums.ni.com/t5/LabVIEW-Development-Best/Developing-a-Mobile-Agent-System-Using-LabVIEW-Object-Oriented/ta-p/3531213>
 - <https://forums.ni.com/t5/LabVIEW-Development-Best/Studying-the-Feasibility-of-an-Agent-System-Based-on-LabVIEW/ta-p/3531225>

Lessons Learned – What Users say about CS

(from a talk by Stefan Götte, at the NI BIG PHYSICS Round Table, Paris, 2009)



■ Stress Field of the Responsible Person:

- The OS (Win7) and/or the intranet are always unreliable,
- the programming language (LabVIEW) never really fulfills the need,
- the framework (CS) is only close to the requirement,
- the classes of other CS collaborators are typically not usable,
- there is no way to test things since there is no test system available while the real system is always in use,
- the users never define what the program has to do, but
- are not pleased with what the programmer delivers, and
- they misuse the system additionally.
- Anyhow: The goal is an easy system where the happy user does not realize what happens behind the scene, which works reliable and for ever (better: till the next LabVIEW version is installed).

- Wikipedia: “...software frameworks ... reducing overall development time” (?)
- Amount of time for solving a problem
- decreases dramatically, if a problem may be solved with (generic) existing software. “configuration instead of coding”
- does not change – but the solution is much better
- may even increase (short-term), compared to a dedicated solution not (!) using the framework (required: training, courses, understanding and application of conventions)
- decreases (long-term): framework maintained by others, re-usability of code, replacing hardware, coding conventions enforced, maintainability, common language, know-how transfer, ...