### Improving System Performance Through Log Analytics, Abnormality Detection, and Task Scheduling (Remotely)

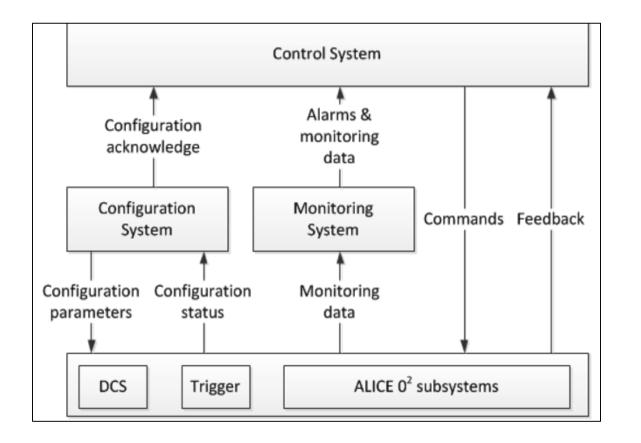
Baramee Sansaengtham November, 21 2018



## **Overview Topics**

- 1. Time Series Image Classification for Survival Analysis Using Deep Learning – *Baramee Sansaengtham*
- 2. Anomaly Detection Using Log Analytics Purimpat Cheansunan
- 3. Artificial Bee Colony Scheduler Ratchapong Krobpan

### Control, Configuration, and Monitoring System (CCM)



CCM are components act as a tightlycoupled entity that support users and automate day-to-day operations.

- **1. Control system**: responsible for coordinating all the O<sup>2</sup> processes.
- 2. Monitoring system: gathers information from the O<sup>2</sup> system, identifying unusual patterns and raising alarms.

#### Relationship between the CCM components

Baramee Sansaengtham | King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi | Improving System Performance Through Log Analytics, Abnormality Detection, and Task Scheduling

### Time Series Image Classification for Survival Analysis Using Deep Learning

### Baramee Sansaengtham November, 21 2018





## Outline

- Objective & Scope
- Data Gathering
  - 1. Monitoring Architecture
  - 2. Modular Stack
  - 3. Collected Dataset
  - 4. Solution: Google Cluster Dataset
- Model Architecture
- Project Schedule
- Future plan



# **Objective & Scope**

Proof of Concept:

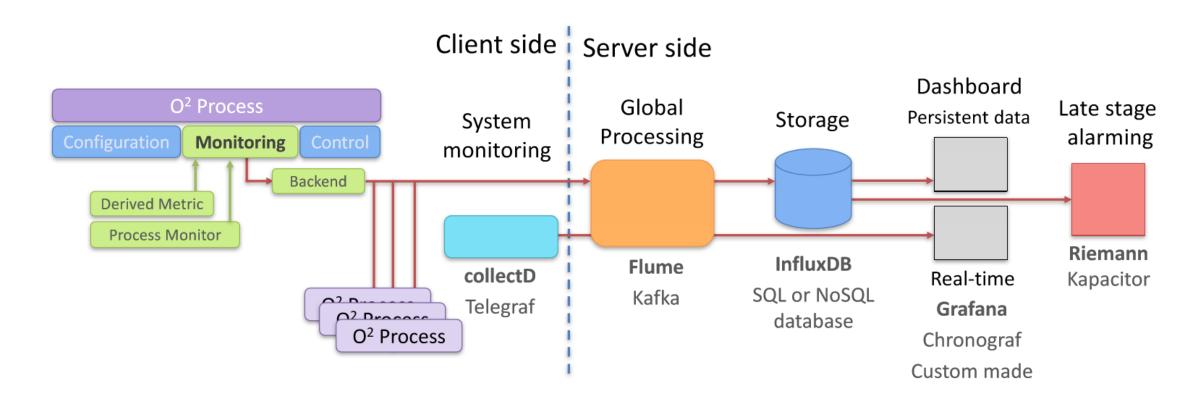
"To prove the concept of deep learning with predictive maintenance and improve the prediction model with time-series images"

#### Survival Analysis Scope

- Predicting the distribution of future time-to-failure (life cycle)
- Transform time-series data into sequential image and feed to the classification model
- The approach can be used to predict failures of any component in many other application domains



# Data Gathering - Modularity Architecture





### Collected Dataset

- System utilization metrics
- Time-series data
- Possible metrics from Collectd
  - 1. Disk
  - 2. Network
  - 3. CPU
  - 4. Entropy
  - 5. Load
  - 6. Memory
  - 7. Swap
  - 8. Uptime
  - 9. Processes
  - 10. Sensors

1530801664752690566	client	1	cpu	interrupt	0
1530801664752691515	client	0	cpu	softirq	325
1530801664752692446	client	1	cpu	softirq	77
1530801664752693395	client	0	cpu	steal	21661
1530801664752694307	client	1	cpu	steal	9646
1530801664752695179	client	0	cpu	idle	54034752
1530801664752696073	client	1	cpu	idle	54093184
1530801674647889260	client	0	cpu	user	17085
1530801674647900396	client	1	cpu	user	17862
1530801674647914649	client	0	cpu	system	12993
1530801674647919536	client	1	cpu	system	10623
1530801674647923419	client	0	cpu	wait	496
1530801674647927609	client	1	cpu	wait	502
1530801674647928915	client	0	cpu	nice	3521
1530801674647930024	client	1	cpu	nice	2117
1530801674647931715	client	0	cpu	interrupt	0
1530801674647933185	client	1	cpu	interrupt	0
1530801674647959081	client	0	cpu	softirq	6556
1530801674647959959	client	1	cpu	softirq	51
1530801674647960747	client	0	cpu	steal	3114



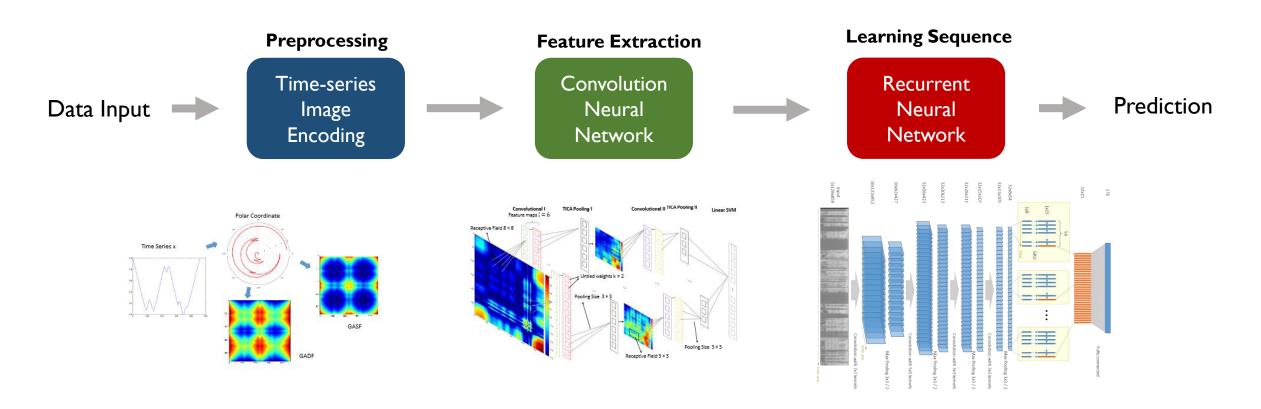
# Google Cluster Dataset

- Distributor: Google
- System: 12.5k machines in datacenter
- Data Type:
  - 1. The semantics, data format, and schema of usage traces of a Google compute cell
  - 2. Each task is a Linux program that was assigned to the cell by management system
- Duration: Trace represents 29 days from May 2011
- Data size: 41 GB

Advantage	Disadvantage
Plenty of useable metrics	Some missing information
Clear state of the task	
Cleaned data format	
Reliable	



### **Model Architecture**





## **Project Schedule**

Period	Description	
January – May 2018	<ul> <li>Study about tools and monitoring system to gather info data</li> <li>Research and implement a simple model with example data</li> </ul>	
June – July 2018	- At CERN, Deploy and test a gathering data tool	
August – December 2018	- Review the data to build a predictive models	
Until January 2019	<ul> <li>Process the models with the testing data</li> <li>Write down the result to the paper</li> </ul>	



### Future Plan

- Preprocess and transform data
- Develop the model architecture
- Test and improve the performance of the model
- Apply model with the data from ALICE

# Anomaly Detection Using Log Analytics

Purimpat Cheansunan November, 21 2018





# Outline

- Scope & Objective
- Overview architecture
- Project Status
  - 1. Gathering Phase
  - 2. Researching Phase
  - 3. Implementing Phase
- Future plan

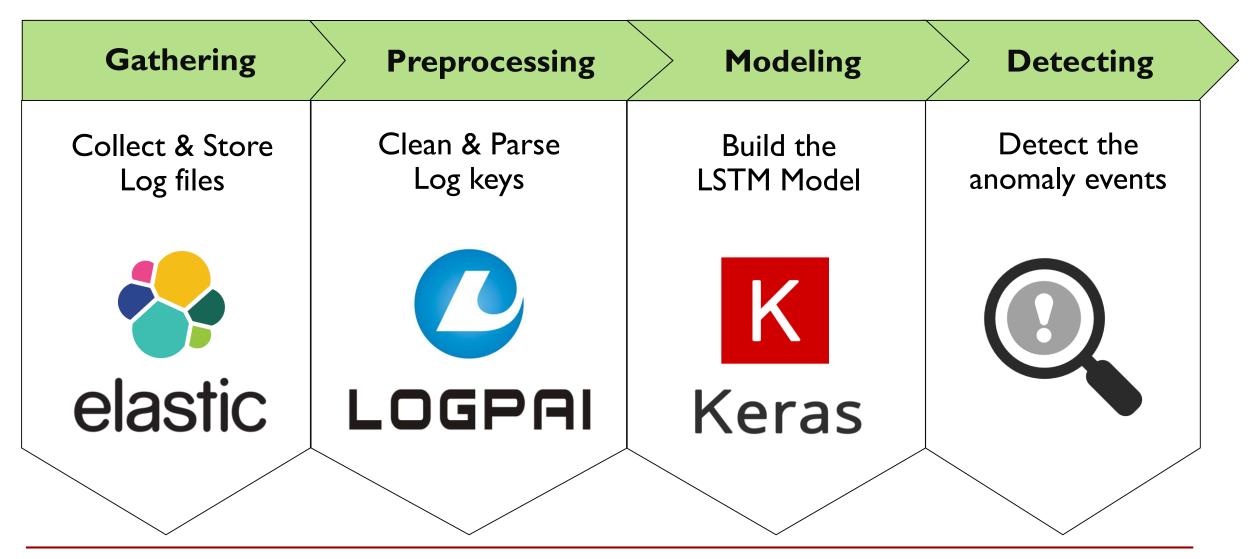


# Scope & Objective

- To build the AI-based monitoring system for detecting the anomaly event pattern inside the system log message.
- When the system detect the abnormal log pattern, system administrator will be alerted.
- To prevent the occurrence of system failure.

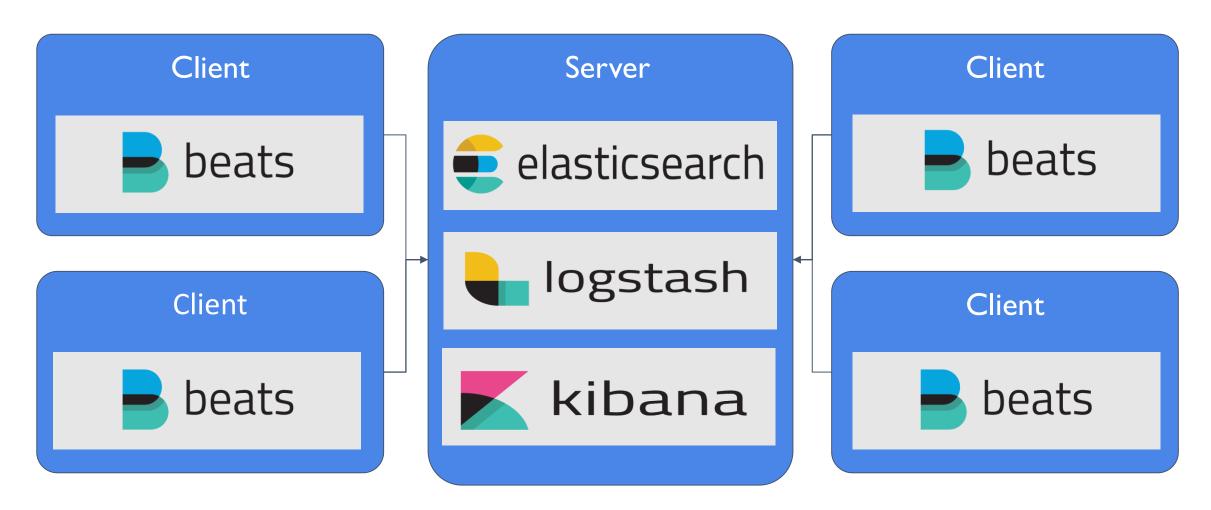


### **Overview Architecture**





### Elastic Stack





### Example of Log data from Elastic Stack

Timestamp	Syslog host	Program	Message
2018-07-05 13:25:22	kmutt-cern-elk-stack-client2	chronyd	Selected source 162.23.41.56
2018-07-05 13:25:23	kmutt-cern-elk-stack-client2	kernel	random: crng init done
2018-07-05 13:25:24	kmutt-cern-elk-stack-client2	systemd	Started Getty on tty1.
2018-07-05 13:25:24	kmutt-cern-elk-stack-client2	systemd	Starting Job spooling tools



### LOGPAI: Log parsing library

Key	Template Message	Example Message
1	* monitoring directory *	32346 monitoring directory `/etc` (2)
2	Starting Session * of user *	Starting Session 14 of user root.
3	* monitoring file *	23497 monitoring file `/etc/services` (4)
4	<info> * Loaded device plugin: * (internal)</info>	<info> [1530788604.4880] Loaded device plugin: NMBridgeDeviceFactory (internal)</info>

# Long-Short Term Memory (LSTM)

- Log generation patterns will be learned by LSTM.
- Model will predict what should be the following log from the incoming log sequence.



Output will be a pairs of log key and their probability to be next log entry.

### Future Plan

- Research more methods to compare the results from LSTM.
- Improve the performance of log parser
- Implement Detecting phase

# **Artificial Bee Colony Scheduler**

Ratchapong Krobpan November, 21 2018





## Outline

- Objective & Scope
- Task Summary
- Optimization model
  - Simulation Model
  - Simulation Result
- Future Plan



### **Objective & Scope**

- Build a better scheduler that use the data utilization to analyse task and resources
- Implement the knowledge of ABC analysis to extract some pattern of schedule
- The model will be improved and give a difference scheduler on each time



# Task Summary

- 1. Simulator <done>
  - Simulate VM resource and task status
- 2. Monitoring <pause>
  - This step will provide total measurement that can use for create Optimization Equation
- 3. Optimization model
  - Create simulation model
- 4. Create ABC for this problem
  - Create improve simulation model
- 5. Performance Proof
  - Compare ABC with normal scheduler



### **Optimization model**

#### **Objective:** Minimize run time

Resource	Unit	Task resource usage	Unit
CPU	MHz	CPU	MHz
Memory	Mb	Memory	Mb
Disk	Mb	Disk	Mb
Disk IO	MB/s	Disk IO	MB/s
Network IO	MB/s	Network IO	MB/s
		Run time X core*,**	ms.

\* Many process use multiple thread so runtime on single core cpu or multi core cpu may difference. \*\* This average runtime measure by running that process a machine that have more than enough resource



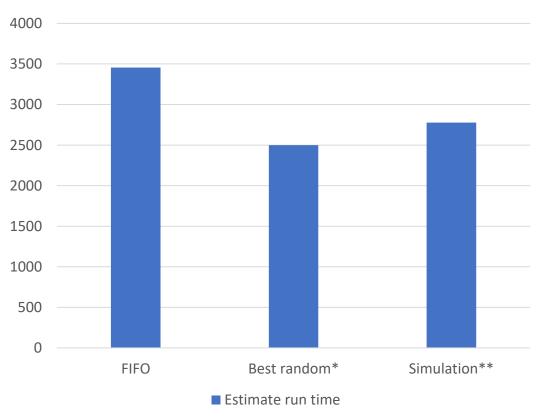
## Simulation Model

- List all available resource and incoming task
- For each task
  - Check If this task requirement (pervert task or result from other task)
  - Find and assign this task to the most utilization resource
  - If there is no resource fit for this task just skip this task
- After go through every task if there are still some tasks in the list
  - Shift the time to next (will be) finish tasks
  - Pop finished task and run the loop again



### Simulation Result <for now>

Method	Estimate run time	Generate time	
FIFO	3456 sec	25 ms	
Best random*	2500 sec	1998 ms	
Simulation**	2777 sec	22 ms	
<ul> <li>* Random and test for 2 sec <about 30="" samples=""></about></li> <li>** Resource utilization cap = 1.00</li> </ul>			



#### Estimate run time



## Future Plan

- Extract knowledge from simulator
  - Make the model can learn and find more effective scheduler
  - Apply ABC to the model
- Performance Proof
  - Simulate and compare result between ABC and other algorithm