

# CMS input/status to the WG2 “BSM Higgs“ section

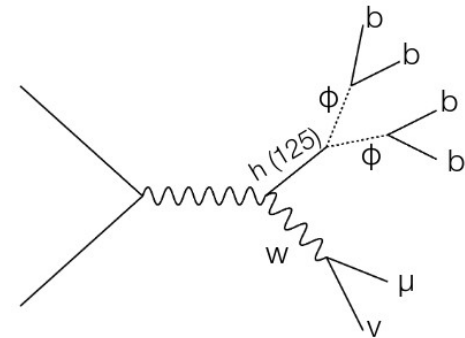
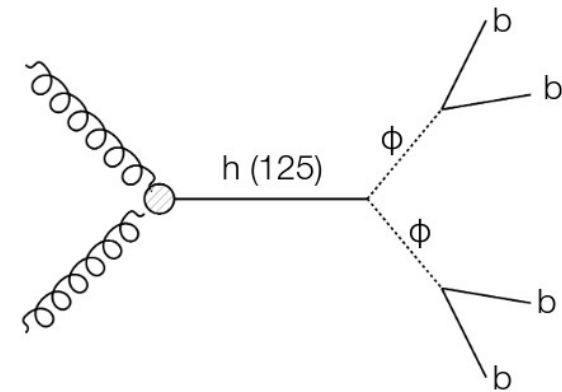
Martin Flechl (HEPHY Vienna)  
for the CMS collaboration  
HL/HE-LHC WG2, 2018/10/23



- Status
  - Two CMS contributions pre-approved
    - i.e. can be shown in WG2 meetings and in the overleaf document
  - Still on track: two additional contributions
    - Projection of  $h \rightarrow aa$  decays ( $\rightarrow 2\mu 2\tau / 2b 2\tau / 4\mu$ )
    - Heavy Higgs searches in  $ZZ \rightarrow llqq$
  
- Details on pre-approved analyses
  - L1 Track jets to trigger on BSM Higgs signatures with displaced jets
  - MSSM  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  projection

# L1 Track jets to trigger on BSM Higgs

- Many BSM searches have multi-jet signatures
  - stop decays to top, RPV SUSY, scalar decays (e.g.  $\Phi \rightarrow bb$ )
  - How much can we gain with L1 track jets (new @Phase-2)?
    - In particular in the low-HT region not covered by current triggers
    - Long-lived scalar  $\Phi$ : Currently, focus on associated production (e.g. VH)
      - Huge rate reduction, typically  $O(100)$

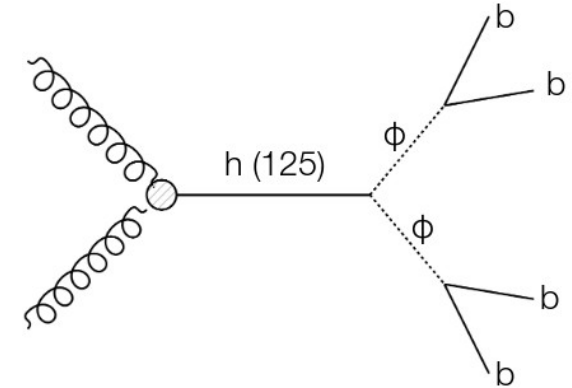


- L1 track jets: handle to lower trigger rates via
  - including displaced track information ( $\rightarrow$  “long“-lived particles)
  - fake jet rejection with track multiplicity requirements

- Signal

$H(125) \rightarrow \phi\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ , with masses of 15, 30, and 60 GeV, and  $c\tau$  of 0, 1, and 5 cm

$H(250)$  -“-



- Displaced particle decays  $\rightarrow$  displaced tracks (high  $d_0$ )

- Low reconstruction efficiency for usual prompt tracking algorithms
- L1: reconstruct displaced tracks with IP up to about 5 cm
  - Then, cluster these tracks into displaced „track jets“

# Displaced track jet: L1 reconstruction

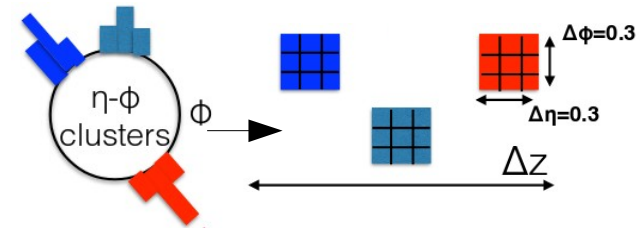
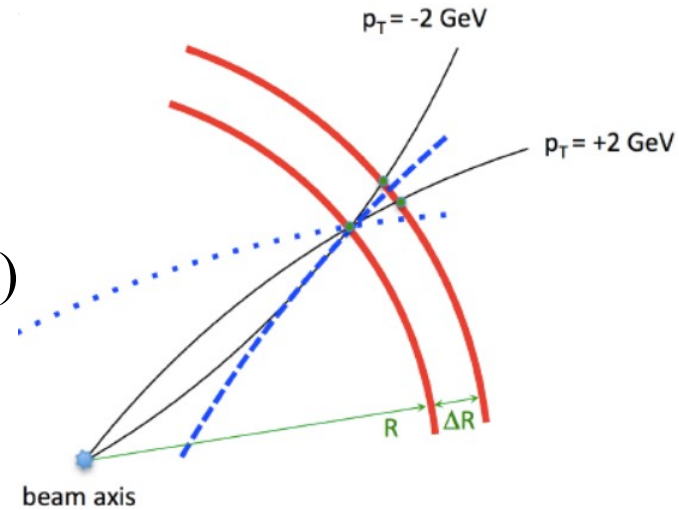
- HL-LHC: can reconstruct displaced tracks at the first trigger level (L1)
- Algorithm

- Seeded by stubs (pair of hits in two sensors, separated by a few mm, consistent with a prompt track w.  $p_T > 2$  GeV)

- Loose criteria on #stubs & track fit quality
- | track $p_T$ | 4 stubs       | 5 stubs       | 6stubs       |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 2 – 10 GeV  | $\chi^2 < 15$ | $\chi^2 < 15$ | accept       |
| 10 – 50 GeV | reject        | $\chi^2 < 10$ | accept       |
| > 50 GeV    | reject        | $\chi^2 < 5$  | $\chi^2 < 5$ |

- Clustering:

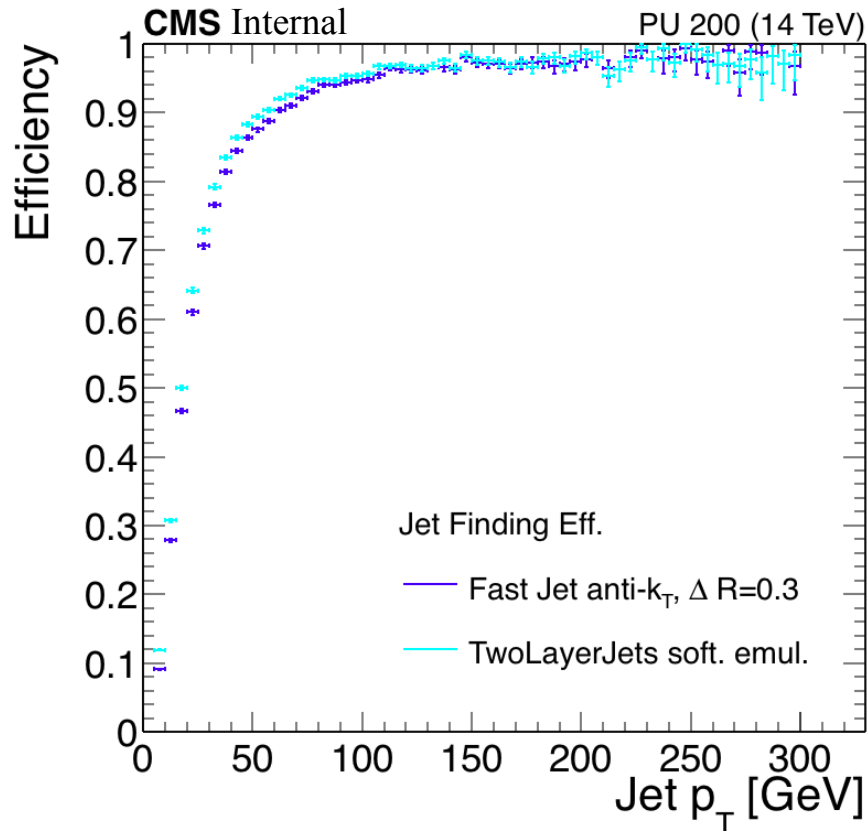
- Sum track  $p_T$  in bins of size  $\eta \times \phi = 0.2 \times 0.23$
- Nearest-neighbour clustering of these bins
- Sum  $p_T$  of clusters in each  $z_0$  bin
- Select  $z_0$  bin with highest sum- $p_T$



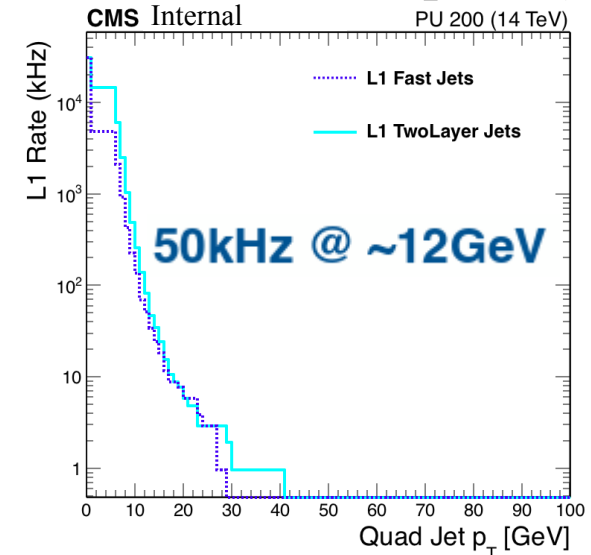
( $z_0$ ...distance of track to z axis, bin size=6cm)

- Coded in Verilog & tested on CTP7 Demo Proj; full firmware integration to be done

- Simplified trigger algorithm gives performance comparable to anti-kT algorithm with (FASTJET,  $\Delta R=0.3$ )
  - Track jet reco efficiency vs hadron-level jet  $p_T$

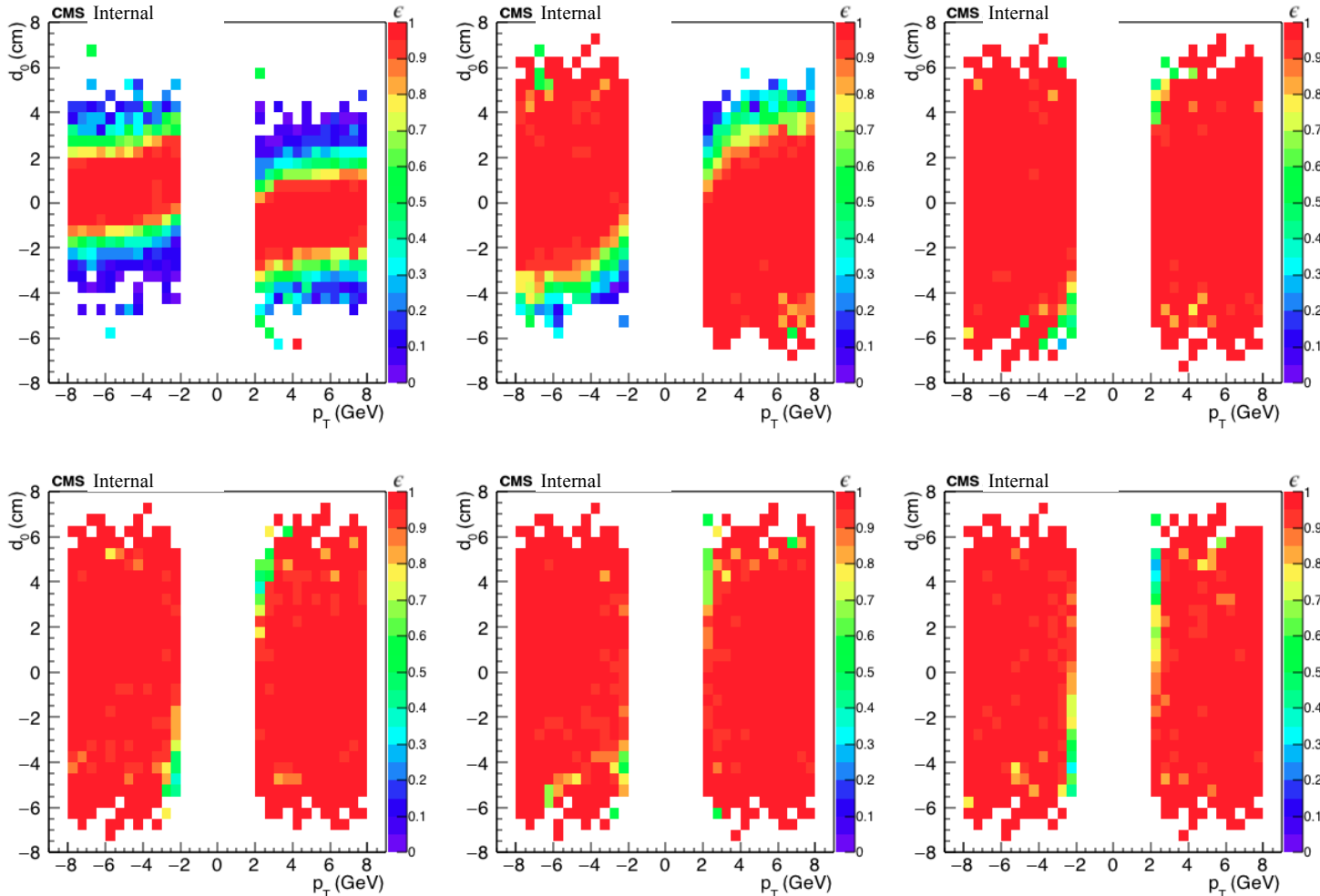


- Rate (4 jets with  $p_T > X$ )



# Efficiency for a displaced muon stub

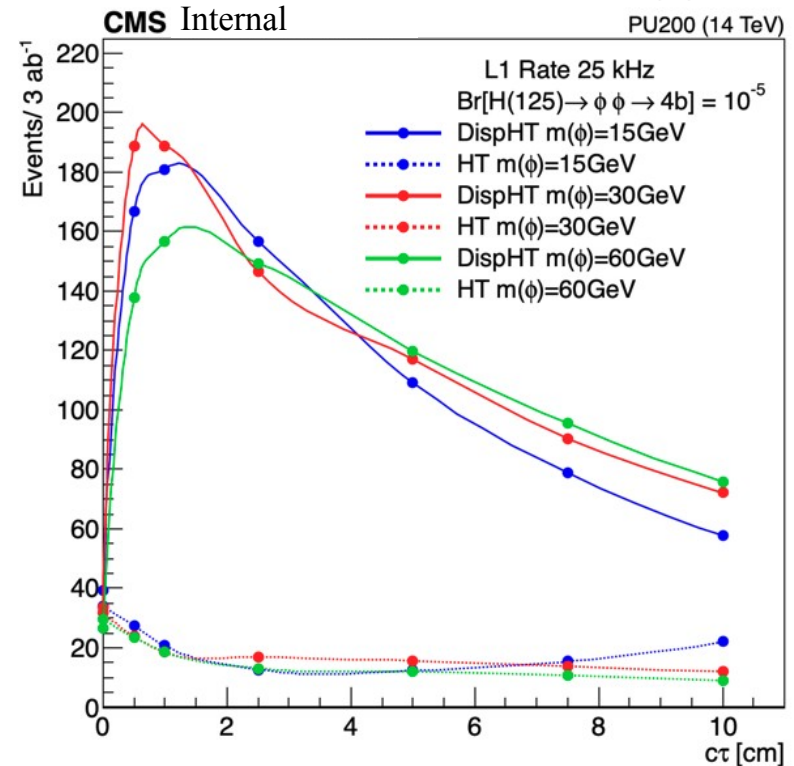
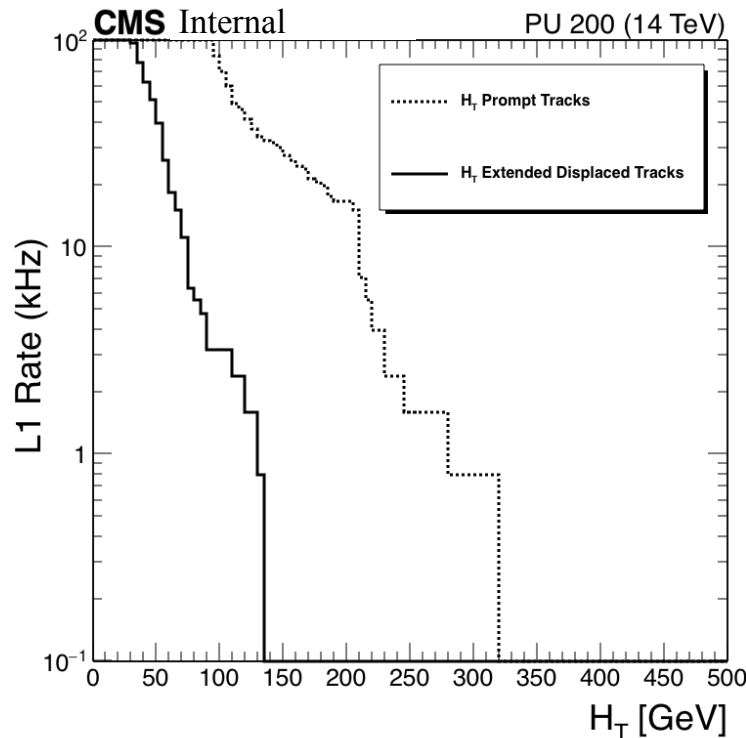
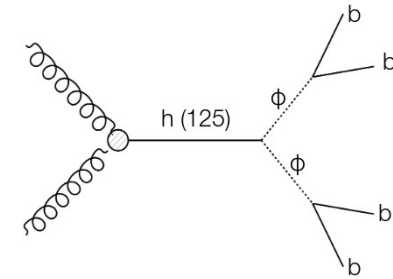
- In the six layers of the L1 tracker barrel,  $p_T(\text{muon})=2-8$  GeV
  - Efficiency close to 1 for the outer layers



# Trigger rates for displaced tracks

- Requiring at least one displaced jet for HT trigger:

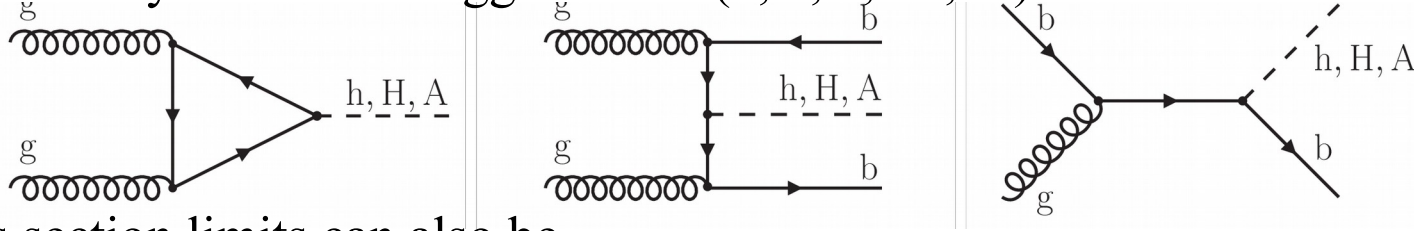
- Can reduce online HT cut from 110 to 50 GeV (const. rate 25 kHz)
- Feasible to trigger on exotic H(125) decays
- Can collect up to  $O(10)$  more Higgs events wrt a prompt track trigger





# Heavy $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : projections

- Motivated by MSSM: 5 Higgs bosons ( $h, H, A, H^+, H^-$ )

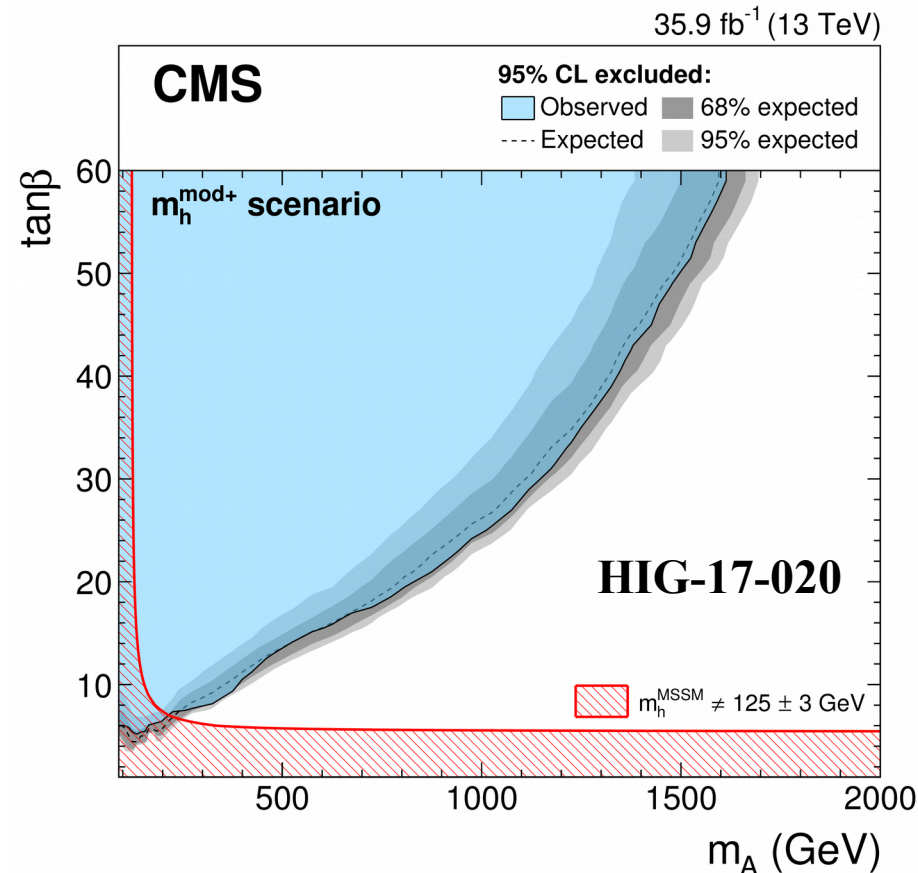


- Cross section limits can also be interpreted in other models, though

- Starting point:  
CMS MSSM HTT search with 2016 data

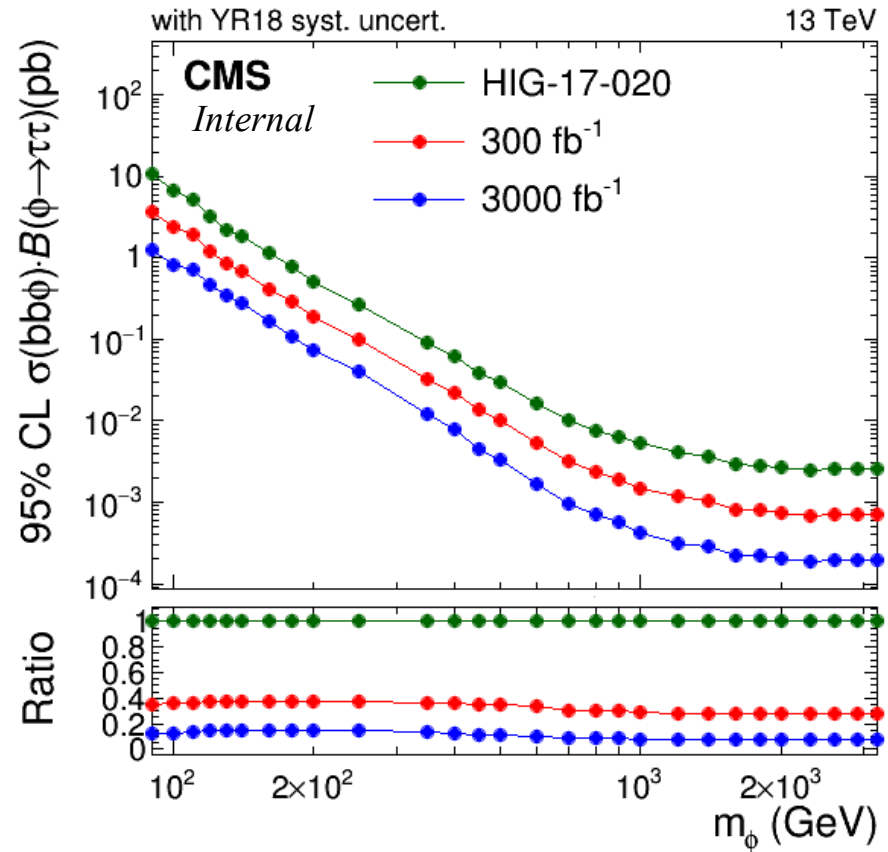
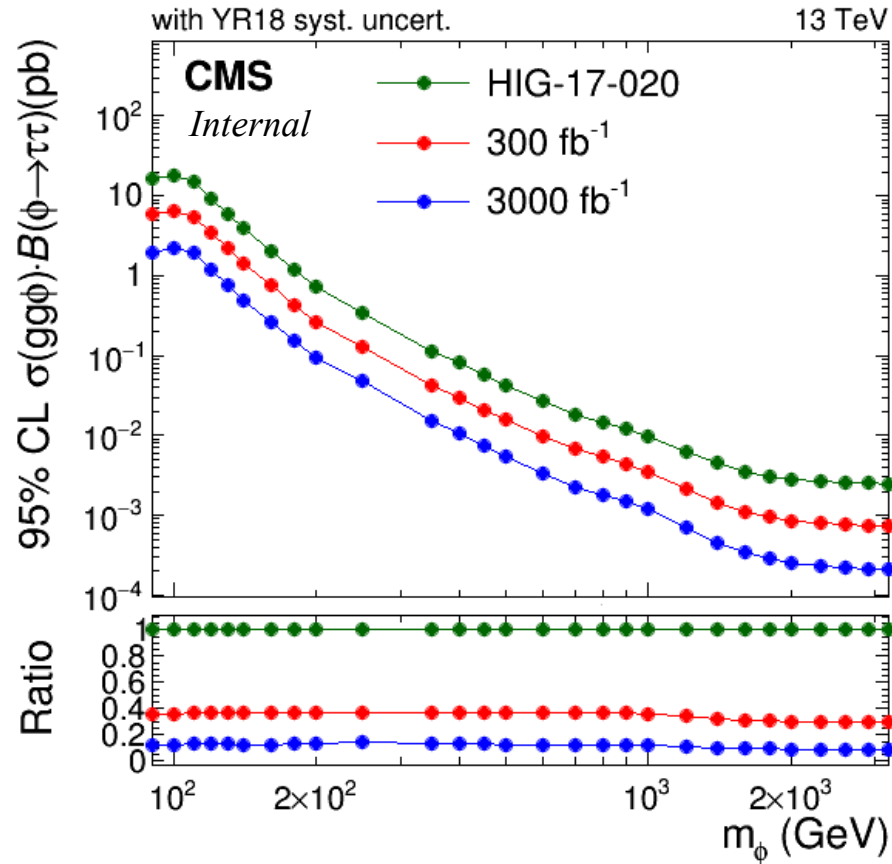
- Search for  $gg \rightarrow A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  /  $gg \rightarrow A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau + b[b]$

- Extrapolation to  $3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (plus intermediate  $300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )  
 $\Rightarrow$  Extrapolation by 1 and 2 orders of magnitude



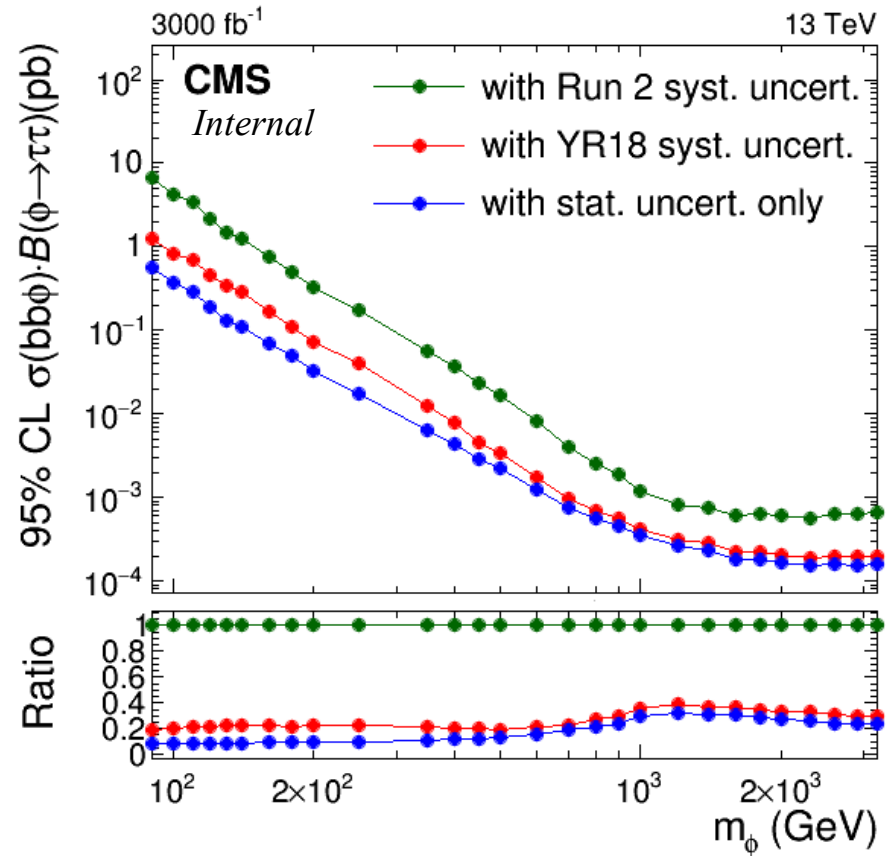
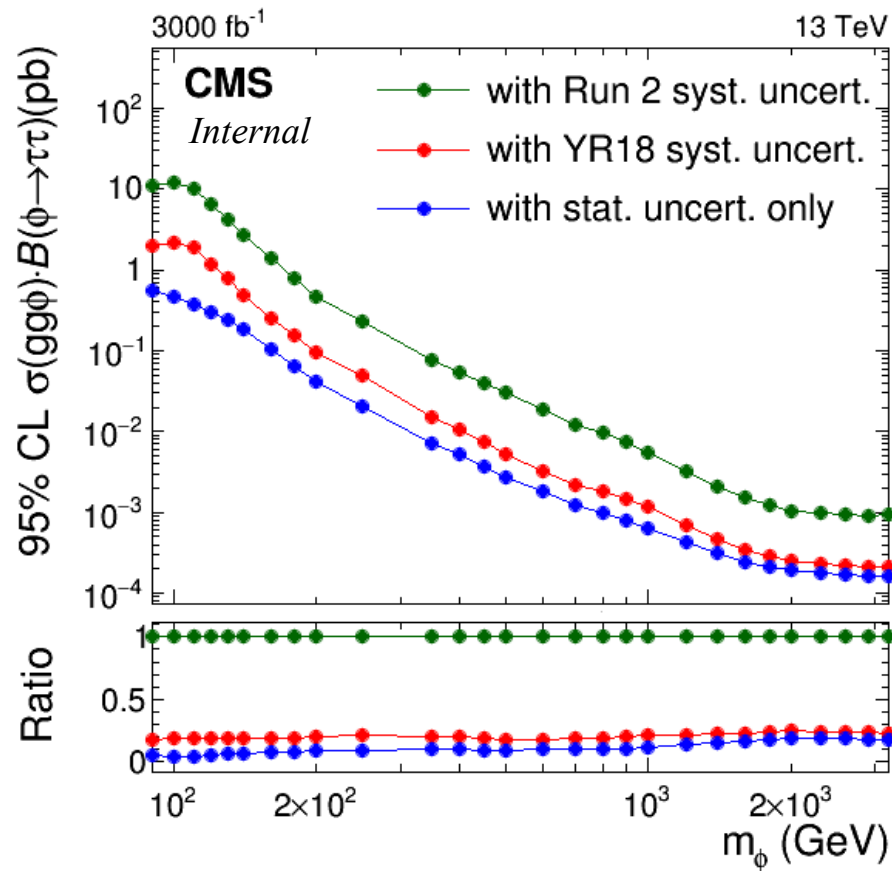
# Model-independent limits: lumi

- Sensitivity gain almost directly proportional to  $\sqrt{L}$ 
  - In particular at high mass



# Model-independent limits: uncertainties

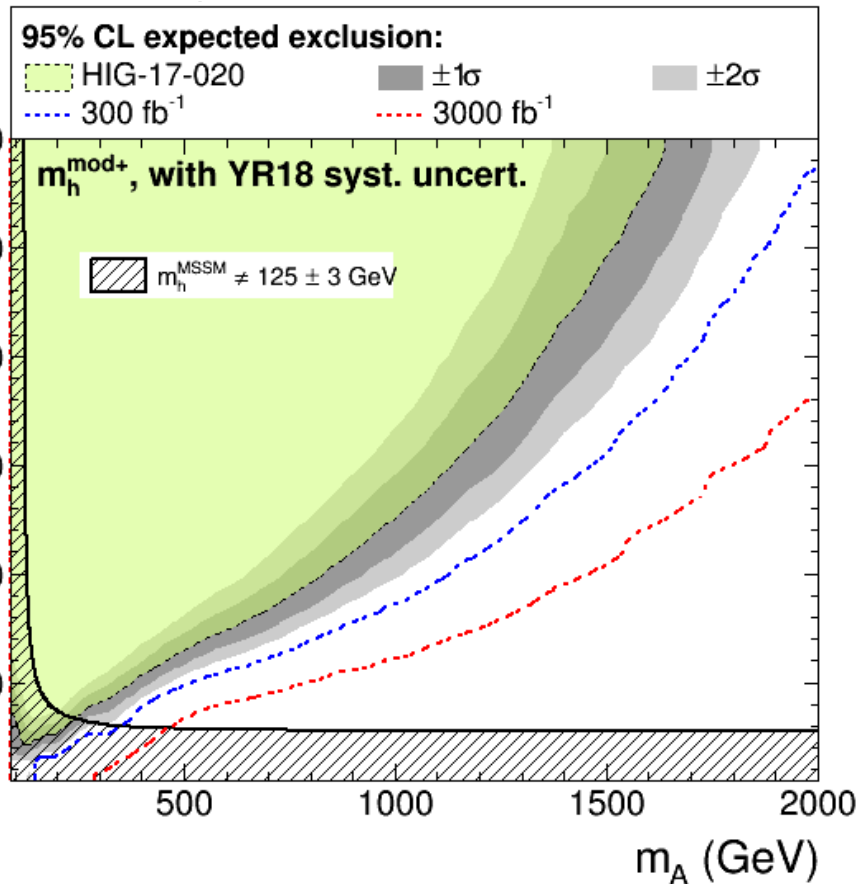
- Sensitivity driven by statistics
  - At high mass, YR18 scenario approaches stat-only limit



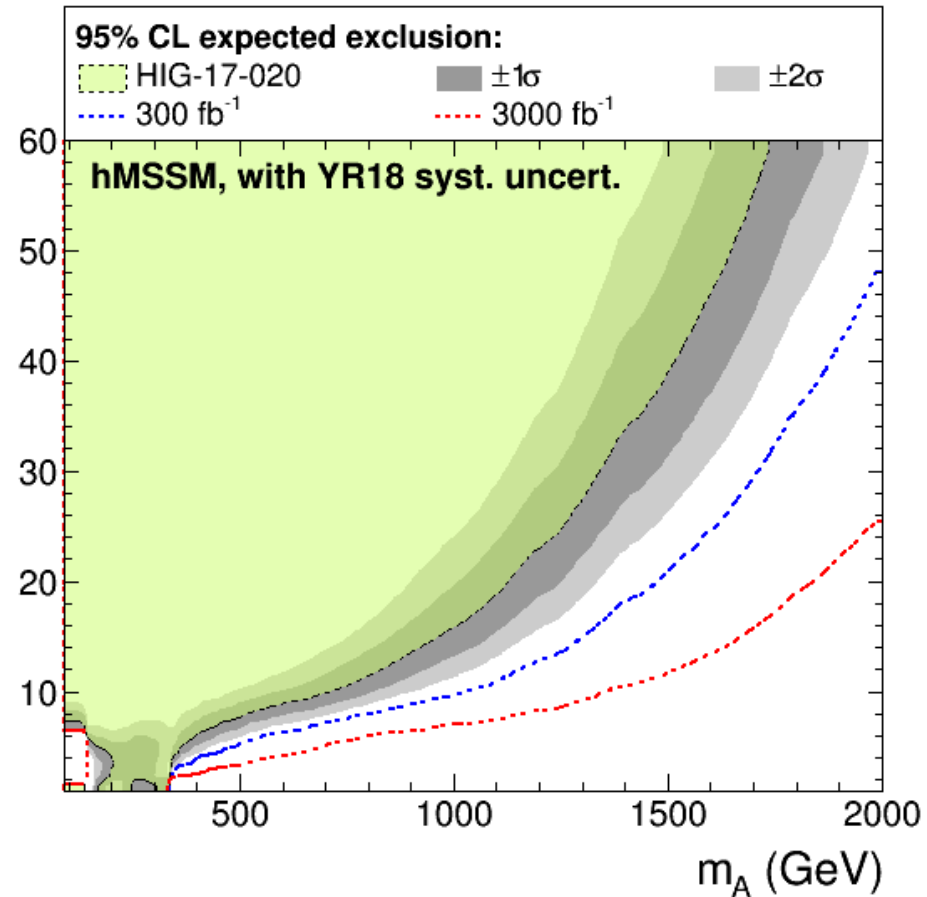
# MSSM limits

- At  $\tan \beta=36$ , reach extended from 1.25 TeV to 2 TeV

**CMS Internal**



**CMS Internal**





- Four contributions from CMS side:
  - Ready to be added/already added to the overleaf document:
    - L1 track jets for BSM Higgs
    - MSSM HTT projection
  - Almost there:
    - $h \rightarrow aa$  decays ( $\rightarrow 2\mu 2\tau / 2b 2\tau / 4\mu$ )
    - Heavy Higgs searches in  $ZZ \rightarrow llqq$

# Backup slides

- Search for  $gg \rightarrow A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  /  $gg \rightarrow A/H \rightarrow \tau\tau + b[b]$
- Channels: by tau decay modes:  $e\mu$   $e\tau_h$   $\mu\tau_h$   $\tau_h\tau_h$
- Categories: with / without b-tag (plus subcategories)
- Background estimates
  - fake factor for  $j \rightarrow \tau_h$  misID backgrounds
  - CRs to normalized true-tau backgrounds
- Limits on  $ggH/A$  and  $bbH/A$
- $\Rightarrow$  translated into MSSM (benchmark) limits

	No b-tag			b-tag		
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e\mu$	Low- $D_\zeta$	Medium- $D_\zeta$	High- $D_\zeta$	Low- $D_\zeta$	Medium- $D_\zeta$	High- $D_\zeta$
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e\tau_h$	Loose- $m_T$		Tight- $m_T$	Loose- $m_T$		Tight- $m_T$
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$	Loose- $m_T$		Tight- $m_T$	Loose- $m_T$		Tight- $m_T$
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \tau_h\tau_h$						
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	Control region			Control region		
$t\bar{t}(e\mu)$	Control region					

	Signal region (SR)
	Control region

