Measurements of production cross-sections and mixing of charm mesons at LHCb \dots and ReDecay

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LHCb UK meeting 3rd January 2019



Thank you very much!

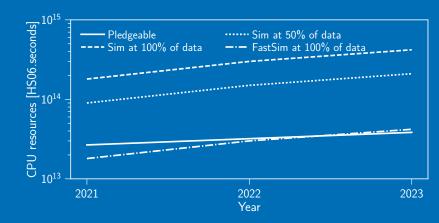
Overview

► Thesis: <u>CERN-THESIS-2017-257</u>

- What did I do?
 - ReDecay fast simulation in LHCb
 - Run 2 charm meson cross-sections
 - Charm meson mixing studies
- What is this talk?
 - Summarise my thesis
 - Weighted and ordered by importance

ReDecay A novel approach to speed up the simulation at LHCb Eur. Phys. J. C 78 (2018) 1009

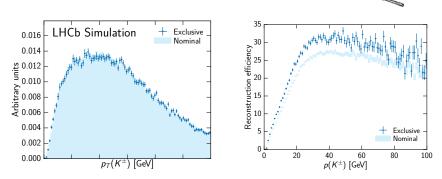
Motivation



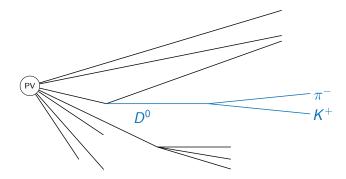
- Already today: very long waiting-times for samples!
- Vast majority limited by detector simulation speed
- ► Goal: reduce time spent in it!

Particle Gun - a simulation only containing signal

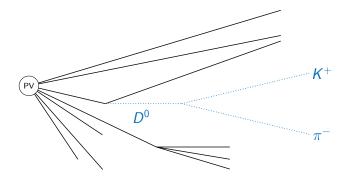
- Signal is main interest in simulation.
- A simulation of the signal candidate can be sufficient for some studies.
- About 30× faster
- Good agreement in kinematics
- Problem: efficiencies



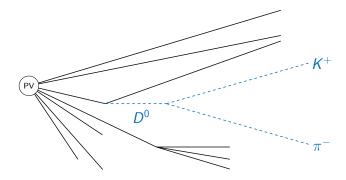
 D^*



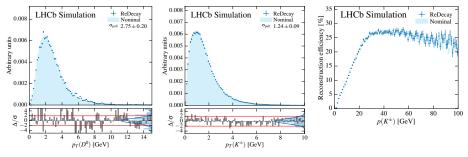
- New D^0 decay vertex along the fixed momentum vector.
- New decay product kinematics.
- Same efficiencies and resolution (by construction).
- 10 to 50 times faster!



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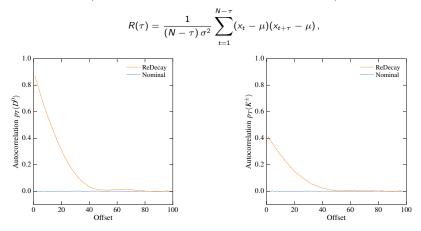


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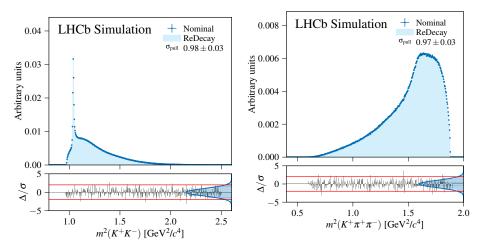
- All shapes in perfect agreement
- However: events correlated funny pulls

Autocorrelation (correlation of a random number with its future)?



How to deal with the statistical uncertainty

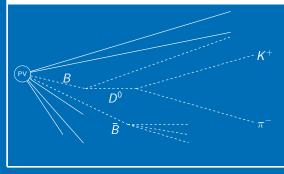
- Sample original events and take all redecayed replicas
 - However: might not be necessary!



How does it work?

- Implemented as a ProductionTool (i.e. replaces Pythia)
- Same logic to find and decay the signal
- Very flexible: can implement fancier things than just 'redecay the signal'

Default in production: ReDecay everything heavier



- ReDecay everything heavier than the signal
- Might be just the signal, usually some heavier resonances
- Usually captures both heavy flavour branches of cc and bb
- More variation in each ReDecay, less correlations

Future: choice of ReDecay modes

With decreasing speed:

Signal only

- Ideal if only the signal is of interest.
- Possibly largest correlations.

Heaviest ancestor (known to EvtGen)

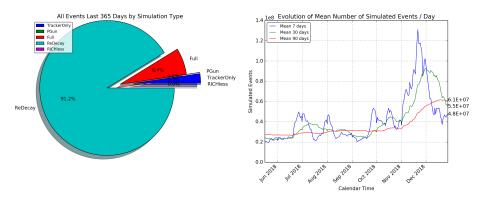
Captures secondary decays and heavier resonances

Everything heavier than signal (known to EvtGen)

- Captures secondary decays and heavier resonances
- Likely captures opposite heavy flavour
- Very useful for opposite side tagging

[WIP] All heavy flavour hadrons (known to EvtGen)

Mostly the same as 'Everything heavier'



First published use-case: LHCb-PAPER-2018-038

"Measurement of the charm-mixing parameter y_{CP} "

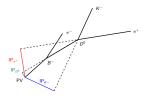
500 million events simulated

Charm cross-sections At $\sqrt{s} = 5$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV JHEP 03 (2016) 159 JHEP 06 (2017) 1

Early measurement task force

Idea

- Measure D^0 , D^+ , D^{*+} and D_s^+ production
- Good "test" that everything is working
- Input to QCD calculations
- First charm publication using TurboStream
- Cut-based selection
- Fit *m* and χ^2_{IP} in (*p*_T, *y*) bins



The $\sqrt{s} = 5 \text{ TeV } pp$ data

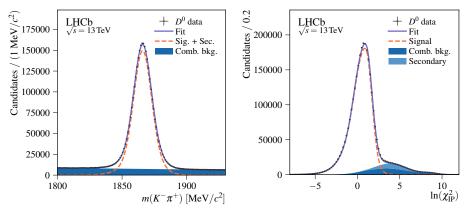
- End of 2016: a little *pp* data at $\sqrt{s} = 5 \text{ TeV}$
- Had reproducible analysis framework
- Just press the button . . .

Fits for D^0 at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

Two stage fit:

1. Fit *m* to constrain comb. bkg. in signal window

2. Fit $\chi^2_{\rm IP}$

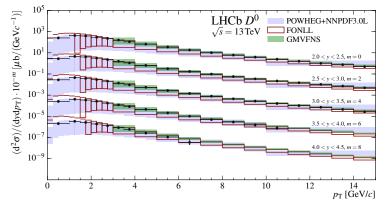


Efficiencies:

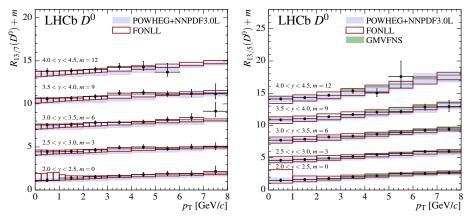
From MC, with PID and tracking corrections

Results:

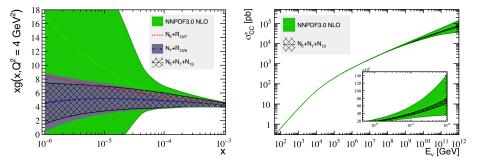
- 1. Main: Double-differential cross-section in (p_T, y) bins
- 2. Precise ratios between different centre-of-mass
- 3. Ratios between different mesons



Using LHCb result at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$



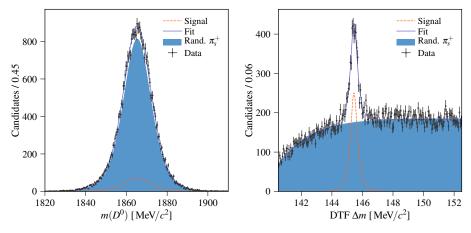
- Pretty good agreement, QCD actually works
- ▶ Gauld et al. (Phys. Rev. Lett. 118 (2017) 072001) constraints on low x gluon PDF:



Charm mixing

Overview

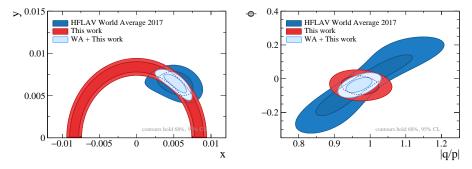
- Explored precision of model-dependent measurement
- Using Tim Evan's models (with fixed right-sign)
- 6D fit implemented in GooFit
- 2015+2016 data
- Non-parametric data-driven efficiencies



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Estimated precision

- Toys with yields as measured in data
- Systematic uncertainties set equal to stat. uncertainties



Continued by John Cobbledick et al. (Manchester & Cincinnati)

Summary

- Again thank you very much for the price!
- Thanks to everyone who has helped me during my PhD!