



Using CVMFS on a distributed Kubernetes cluster
The PRP experience



Outline

- What is PRP?
- How does Kubernetes fit in?
- Why do we need CVMFS?
- What was done?
- Operational experience
- Wishlist
- Integration with OSG StashCache



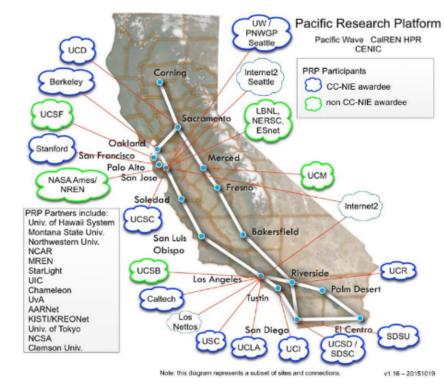
The PRP originally created as a regional networking project

 Establishing end-to-end links between 10Gbps and 100Gbps

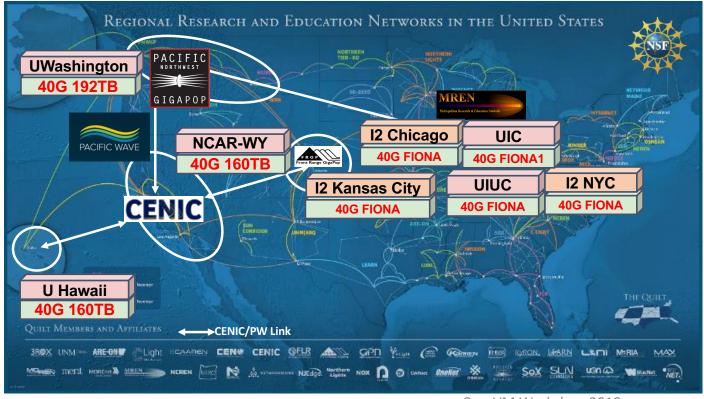


http://pacificresearchplatform.org



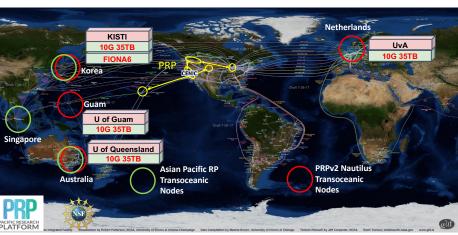


Toward the National Research Platform



PRP morphing into TNRP

- We expanded nationally
- And beyond, too







Getting into the Compute Business

Recently we evolved into a major resource provider, too

- Because scientists really need more than bandwidth tests
- They need to share their data at high speed and compute on it, too

Extensive compute power

About 330 GPUs and 3.5k CPU cores

A large distributed storage area

• About 2 PBytes

Kubernetes as a Resource Manager

PRP decided to use Kubernetes as the Resource Manager

- Industry standard
- Large and active development and support community

Containers provide major benefits

- Great for network heavy workloads
- Very convenient for users

Docker based

Kubernetes has flexible scheduler

Great for mixing service and user Pods

Great plugin infrastructure

- Both for networking
- and storage



Serving OSG users

Earlier this year we wanted to add support for OSG users

And OSG has long been an active user of CVMFS



CVMFS and Unprivileged Containers

OSG Pods run only unprivileged containers

- Like all other users in the k8s cluster
- To minimize risk

Docker based

CVMFS cannot be mounted from inside an unprivileged container

- Using FUSE is a privileged operation
- Unless (maybe) using properly configured latest kernel, which we cannot assume

Installing CVMFS bare-metal not an option

We want to have only k8s at bare-metal level

Kubernetes CSI to the Rescue

Kubernetes Container Storage Interface (CSI)

• Provides a standard way to add custom filesystems

Driver deployed by cluster admin

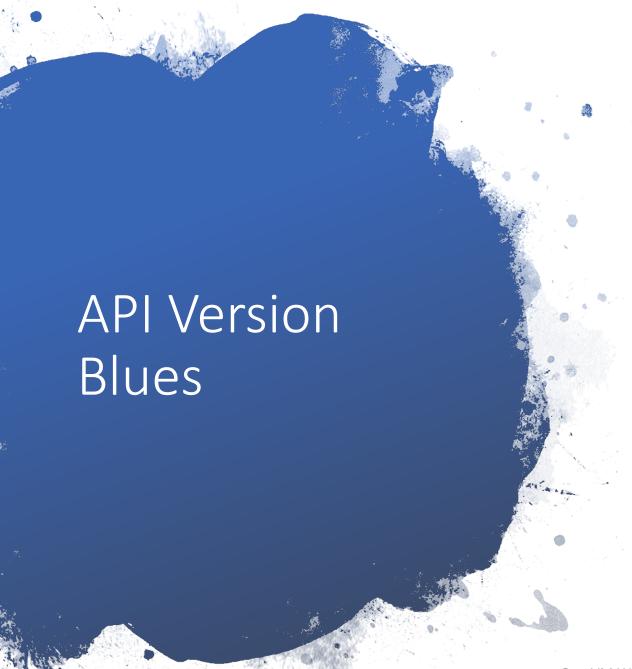
- Privileged operation
- But admin controls and can inspect the container images

User Pods see it as an additional mount option

No privileges needed











- The CVMFS team developed a **Kubernetes CSI driver** https://github.com/cernops/cvmfs-csi
- But they developed against the beta version
 - Which has since been deprecated!

Kubernetes CSI Spec Compatibility		Status
v1.9	v0.1.0	Alpha
v1.10	v0.2.0	Beta
v1.11	v0.3.0	Beta
v1.13	v0.3.0, v1.0.0	GA

https://kubernetes-csi.github.io/docs/introduction.html

UCSD Team Does the Refactoring

The changes in the API were not huge

• But big enough to make the CERN-provided version unusable out-of-the-box

Dima Mishin from our UCSD team fixed it

- Now fully 1.0 compliant
- Also did minor polishing so it can co-exist with other CSI plugins

Have been running it since February 2019 on our cluster

Contributed back as a Pull Request

• Still not merged, though

https://github.com/cernops/cvmfs-csi/pull/1

CERN vs OSG Setup

CERN provided version was optimized for CERN use

- Assuming only CERN-based repositories would ever be used
- Would not allow for mounting of OSG repositories

The restriction is not really necessary

- Removed it from the code
- Contributed back as a PR (also still pending) https://github.com/cernops/cvmfs-csi/pull/2

Also switched to OSG packaged CVMFS

Gives me all the needed config out-of-the-box
 https://github.com/sfiligoi/cvmfs-csi/blob/prp-osg/deploy/docker/Dockerfile
 https://cloud.docker.com/u/sfiligoi/repository/docker/sfiligoi/csi-cvmfsplugin



A little more details, now





CVMFS Driver Pods deployed as a DaemonSet

- One (privileged) Pod starts on each node
- Plus a couple Service Pods https://github.com/sfiligoi/prp-osg-cvmfs/tree/master/k8s/cvmfs/csi-processes

CVMFS config needs a Squid

- We deploy one as a Kubernetes Service
- Using the OSG maintained Frontier Squid Image https://github.com/sfiligoi/prp-osg-cvmfs/tree/master/k8s/frontier

\$ kubectl get services -n cvmfs					
NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	PORT(S)		
csi-cvmfsplugin-attacher	ClusterIP	10.100.161.182	12345/TCP		
csi-cvmfsplugin-provisioner	ClusterIP	10.103.119.130	12345/TCP		
frontier-squid	ClusterIP	10.97.246.52	3128/TCP		
frontier-squid	ClusterIP	10.97.246.52	3128/TCP		

<pre>\$ kubectl get pods -n cvmfs</pre>		
NAME	READY	STATUS
csi-cvmfsplugin-2mlqw	2/2	Running
csi-cvmfsplugin-2zx76	2/2	Running
•••		
csi-cvmfsplugin-8qfdf	2/2	Running
csi-cvmfsplugin-provisioner-0	1/1	Running
frontier-squid-77bb5546bd-swwdh	1/1	Running

Defining Mountpoints

AutoFS not an option

- Seems a limit of the Linux kernel
- We have to explicitly list all the supported mountpoints

Using one StorageClass x mountpoint

 The desired mountpoint is specified as a parameter

https://github.com/sfiligoi/prp-osg-cvmfs/tree/master/k8s/cvmfs/storageclasses

```
$ cat storageclass-oasis.yaml
apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1
kind: StorageClass
metadata:
   name: csi-cvmfs-oasis
provisioner: csi-cvmfsplugin
parameters:
   repository: oasis.opensciencegrid.org
```

```
$ cat storageclass-stash.yaml
apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1
kind: StorageClass
metadata:
   name: csi-cvmfs-stash
provisioner: csi-cvmfsplugin
parameters:
   repository: stash.osgstorage.org
```



PersistentVolumeClaims can now be used by the users

 Note: Need to be defined in each and all namespaces that use them https://github.com/sfiligoi/prp-osg-cvmfs/tree/master/k8s/cvmfs/pvcs

No privileges needed by users to use them in Pods

- Just regular "external volumes"
- One per CVMFS mountpoint

```
$ cat pvc-oasis.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
   name: csi-cvmfs-pvc-oasis
   namspace: osggpus
spec:
   accessModes:
   - ReadOnlyMany
   resources:
     requests:
     storage: 1Gi
   storageClassName: csi-cvmfs-oasis
```

Using CVMFS

PersistentVolumeClaims car

 Note: Need to be defined in each a https://github.com/sfiligoi/prp-osg-cvmfs/tr

No privileges needed by use

- Just regular "external volumes"
- One per CVMFS mountpoint

```
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: osg-wn-gpu
  namespace: osggpus
spec:
  template:
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: osg-wn-gpu
        volumeMounts:
        - name: cvmfs-connect
          mountPath: /cvmfs/connect.opensciencegrid.org
          readOnly: true
        - name: cvmfs-stash
          mountPath: /cvmfs/stash.osgstorage.org
          readOnly: true
      volumes:
      - name: cvmfs-oasis
        persistentVolumeClaim:
          claimName: csi-cvmfs-pvc-oasis
          readOnly: true
      - name: cvmfs-stash
        persistentVolumeClaim:
          claimName: csi-cvmfs-pvc-stash
          readOnly: true
            CornV/M/ Workshop 2010
```

Claim

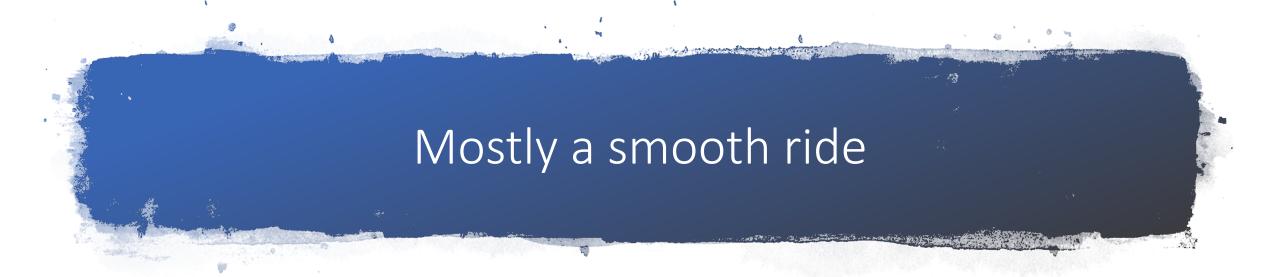
oasis

i-cvmfs-oasis



Operational experience





No major problems so far

• CVMFS CSI just works

Driver Pod restarts can be annoying

- The user pods using CVMFS on that node will hang
- Makes CVMFS maintenance non-trivial

Current CSI Driver leaving Zombie processes behind

• Not critical, but still annoying

Outstanding problems

Cannot mount the came CVMFS mountpoint from two namespaces

- CVMFS CSI Driver fails on an internal check
- Recently discovered, did not have time to properly investigate or fix it



Wishlist

Can we get our PRs accepted?

- Would rather use a CERN-maintained version
- Please let us know if there is anything else we can do to help there

AutoFS capabilities

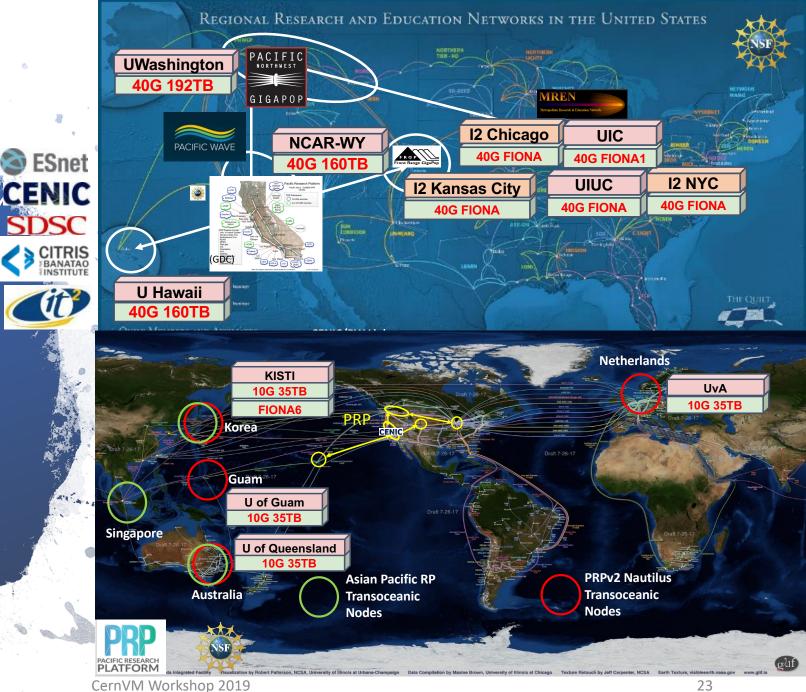
- If at all possible
- Any other ideas to avoid explicit listing of all possible repositories?



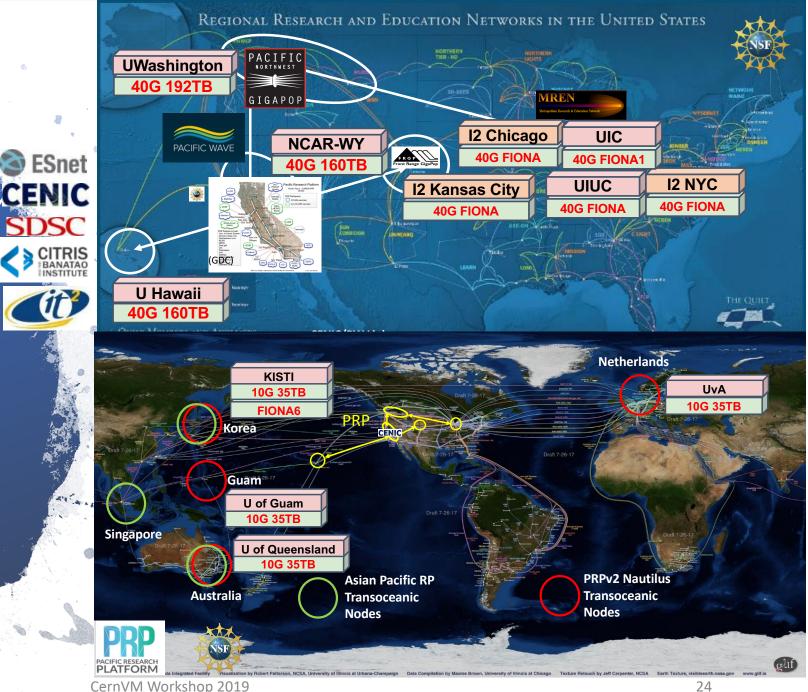
CVMFS and OSG StashCache



PRP/TNRP a Distributed Setup



Single Squid makes no sense



ESnet

CITRIS BANATAO INSTITUTE

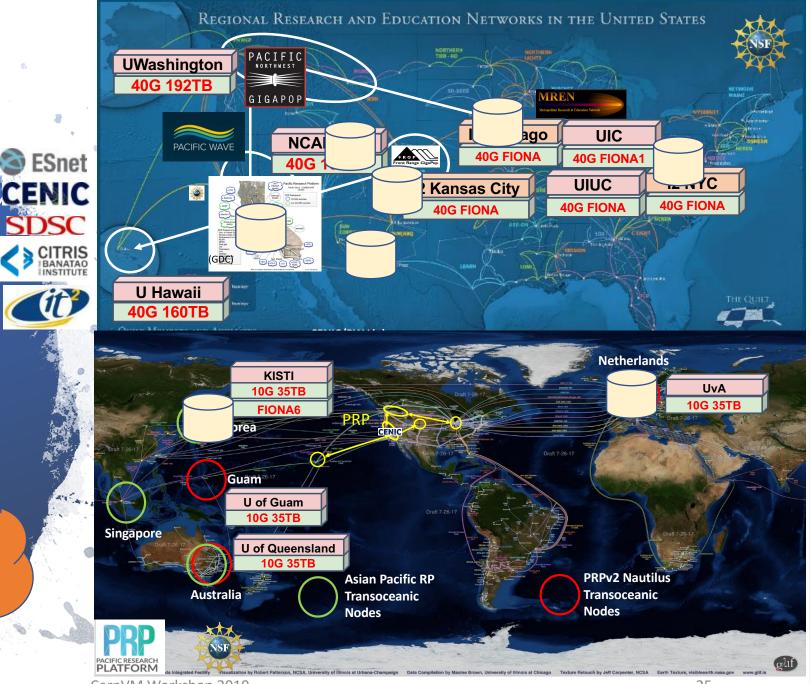
PACIFIC RESEARCH



Open Science Grid

OSG Operates a set of StashCache nodes

> Using the same PRP Kubernetes cluster



SDSC

(it)

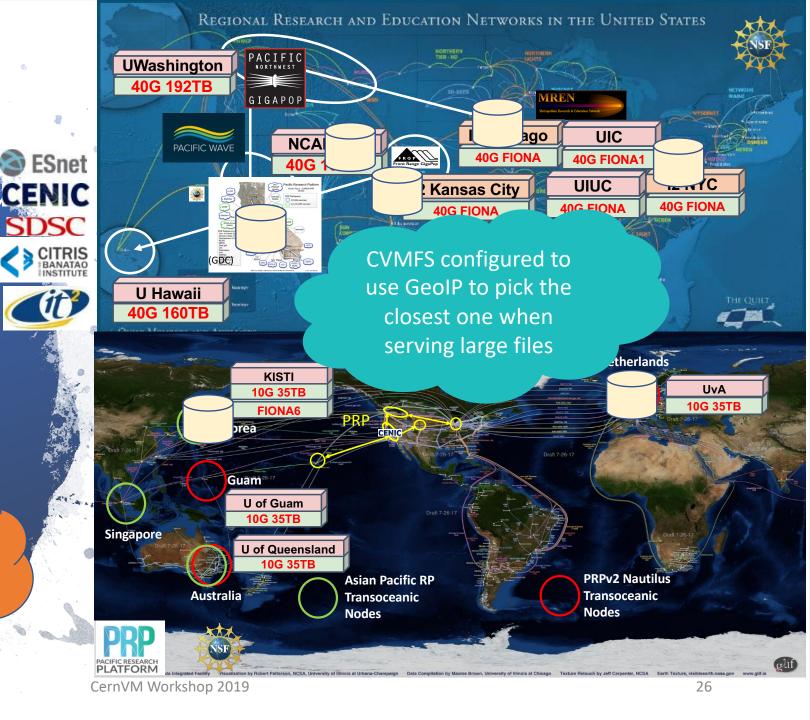
PACIFIC RESEARCH PLATFORM



Open Science Grid

OSG Operates a set of StashCache nodes

Essentially XRootD servers



Summary

PRP is using Kubernetes as a resource manager

OSG users need CVMFS



CVMFS cannot be mounted from unprivileged containers

Using Kubernetes CSI to mount CVMFS in PRP

Had to fix CERN-provided version

No major operational issues found

Using Squid for small files and OSG StashCache for large files



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