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## The magnetic moments of muon and electron and implications for a large muon EDM

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With the long-standing tension between experiment and Standard-Model (SM) prediction in the anomalous magnetic moment of the muon,  $a_{\mu} = (g - 2)_{\mu}/2$ , at the level of  $3-4\sigma$ , it is natural to ask if there could be a sizable effect in the electric dipole moment (EDM)  $d_{\mu}$  as well. In this context it has often been argued that in UV complete models the electron EDM, which is very precisely measured, excludes a large effect in  $d_{\mu}$ . However, the recently observed  $2.5\sigma$  tension in  $a_e = (g - 2)_e/2$ , if confirmed, requires that the muon and electron sectors effectively decouple to avoid constraints from  $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ . I discuss UV complete models that possess such a decoupling and show that, in such scenarios, there is no reason to expect a correlation between the electron and muon EDM. New limits on  $d_{\mu}$  improved by up to two orders of magnitude are expected from the upcoming  $(g - 2)_{\mu}$  experiments at Fermilab and J-PARC. Beyond, a proposed dedicated muon EDM experiment at PSI could further advance the limit. In this way, future improved measurements of  $a_e$ ,  $a_{\mu}$ , as well as the fine-structure constant  $\alpha$  are not only set to provide exciting precision tests of the SM, but, in combination with EDMs, to reveal crucial insights into the flavor structure of physics beyond the SM.

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