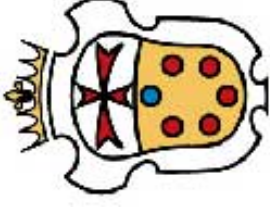


Planck 2010, Geneve, June 01

Paolo Lodone

SNS of Pisa

and INFN



SCUOLA
NORMALE
SUPERIORE
PISA

(in collaboration with:

R. Barbieri, E. Bertuzzo, M. Farina,

D. Pappadopulo)

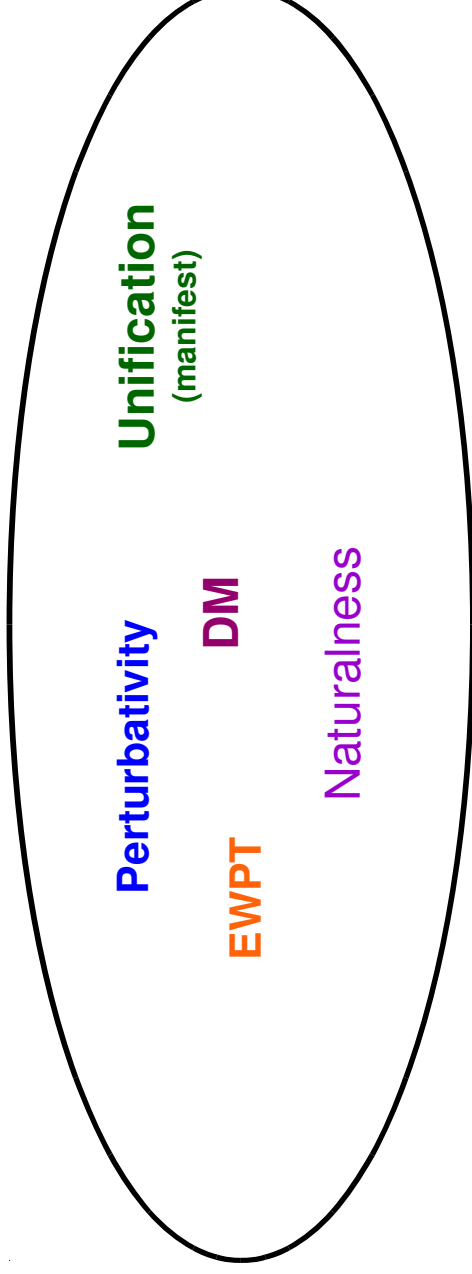
Naturalness bounds in extensions of the MSSM without a light Higgs boson

Reference: P.L. [1004.1271]; see also R. Barbieri *et al* [1004.2256].

1/6) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry: crucial at the LHC

L. E. SUSY

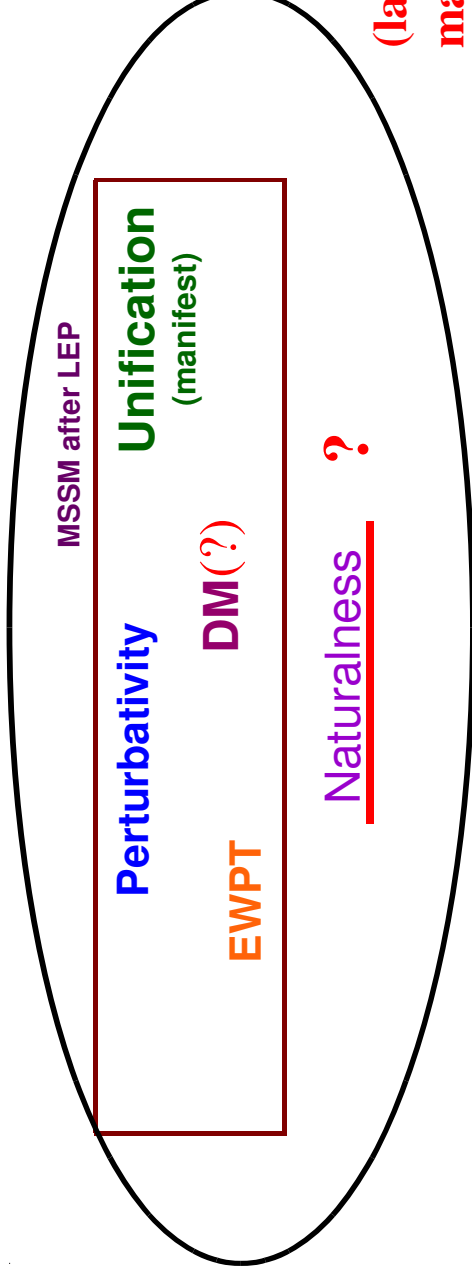


1/6) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry: crucial at the LHC

- Status of the MSSM:

L. E. SUSY $(m_h > 114.4 \text{ GeV})$



$m_h \lesssim 120 \text{ GeV}$

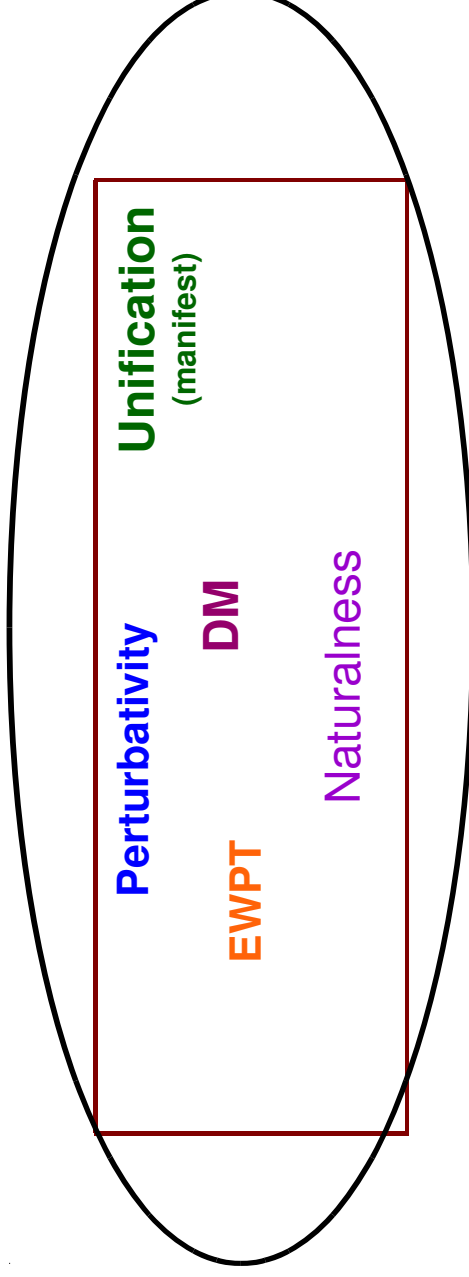
1/6) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry: crucial at the LHC

- Status of the MSSM:

L. E. SUSY

$$m_h > 114.4 \text{ GeV}$$



Conventional extensions:
(typically)

$$m_h \lesssim 150 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_h \approx$$

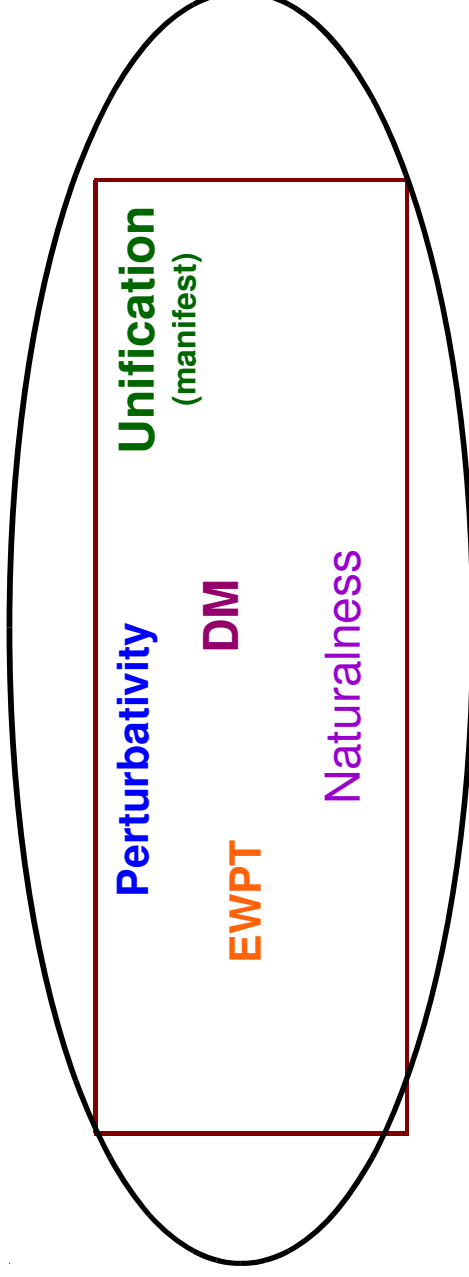
1/6) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry: crucial at the LHC

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$$m_h > 114.4 \text{ GeV}$$



Conventional extensions: (typically)

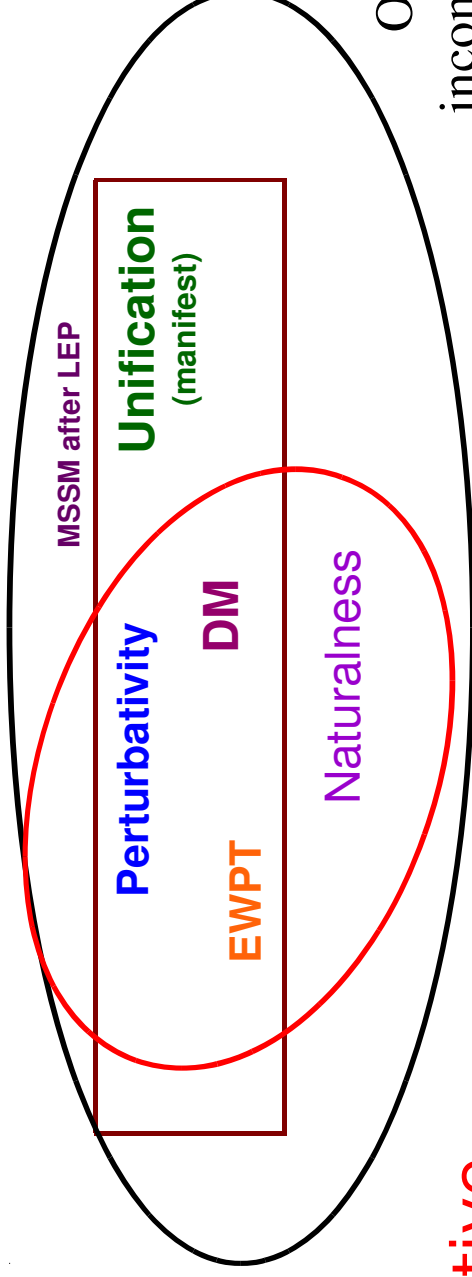
$$m_h \lesssim 150 \text{ GeV}$$

What if larger at the LHC?

1/6) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry: crucial at the LHC
- Status of the MSSM:

L. E. SUSY



Alternative approach:

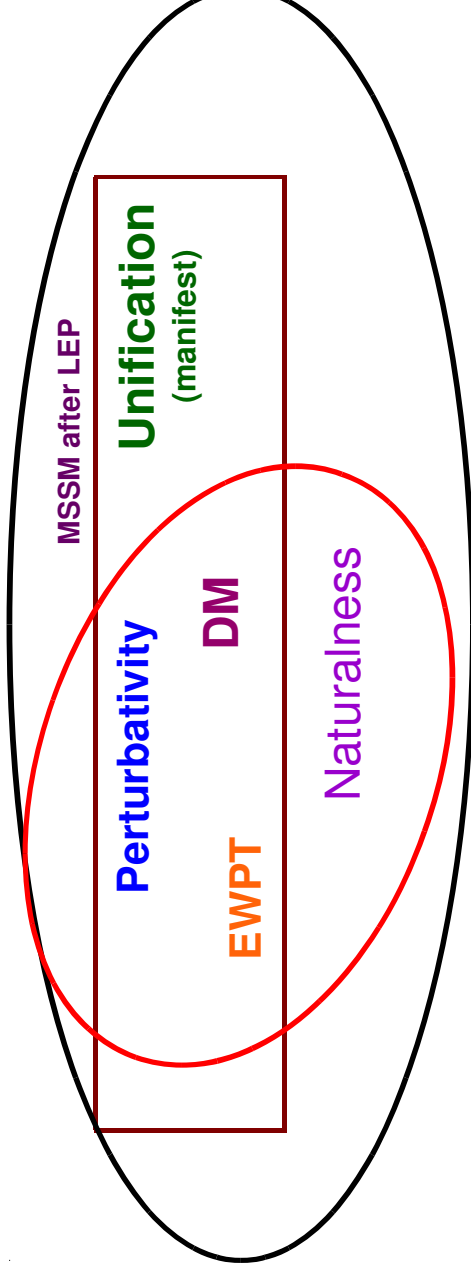
($m_h \sim 200\text{-}300$ GeV ?)

Obs: NOT incompatible with unification! (eg: "Fat Higgs" 0311349, 0405267, 0408329, 0504224)

1/6) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry: crucial at the LHC
- Status of the MSSM:

L. E. SUSY



- Scope: comparative study of the simplest models from bottom-up p.o.v. (semipert. at Λ)

2/6) Models

(lightest Higgs mass
↔ quartic coupling)

■ MSSM:

$$m_h \leq m_Z |\cos 2\beta|$$

2/6) Models

(lightest Higgs mass
↔ quartic coupling)

■ MSSM:

$$m_h \leq m_Z |\cos 2\beta|$$

■ Gauge ext U(1): $m_h^2 \leq (m_Z^2 + \frac{g_x^2 v^2}{2(1 + \frac{M_X^2}{2M_\phi^2})}) \cos^2 2\beta$

P. Batra, A. Delgado, E. Kaplan, T. M. P. Tait, (2004)

■ Gauge ext SU(2): $m_h^2 \leq m_Z^2 \frac{g'^2 + \eta g^2}{g'^2 + g^2} \cos^2 2\beta$ $\eta = \frac{1 + \frac{g_I^2 M_\Sigma^2}{g^2 M_X^2}}{1 + \frac{M_\Sigma^2}{M_X^2}}$

P. Batra, A. Delgado, E. Kaplan, T. M. P. Tait, (2004)

A. Maloney, A. Pierce, J. G. Wacker. (2006)

■ λSUSY:

$$m_h^2 \leq m_Z^2 (\cos^2 2\beta + \frac{2\lambda^2}{g^2 + g'^2} \sin^2 2\beta)$$

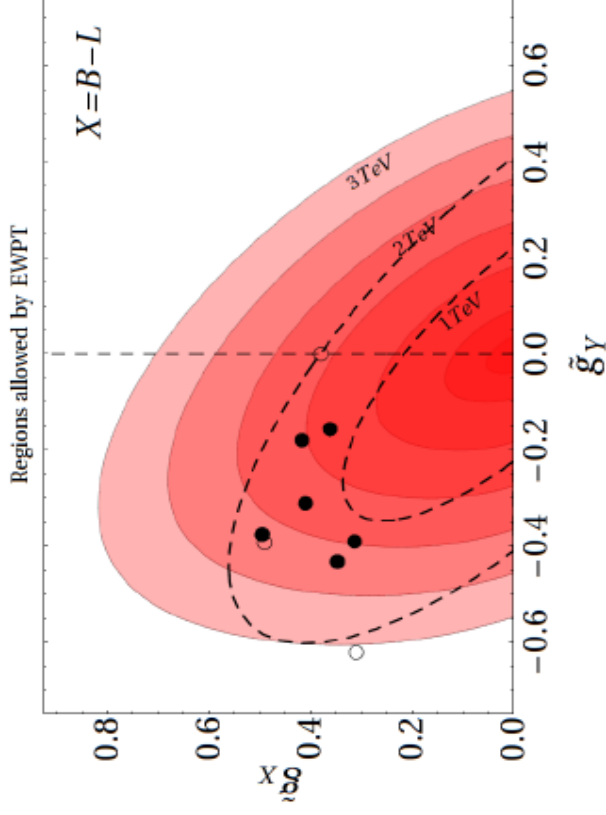
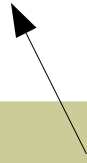
R. Barbieri, L. J. Hall, Y. Nomura, V. S. Rychkov (2007)

3/6) Electroweak Precision Tests

- Gauge ext U(1): $M_X \gtrsim 5 \text{ TeV}$



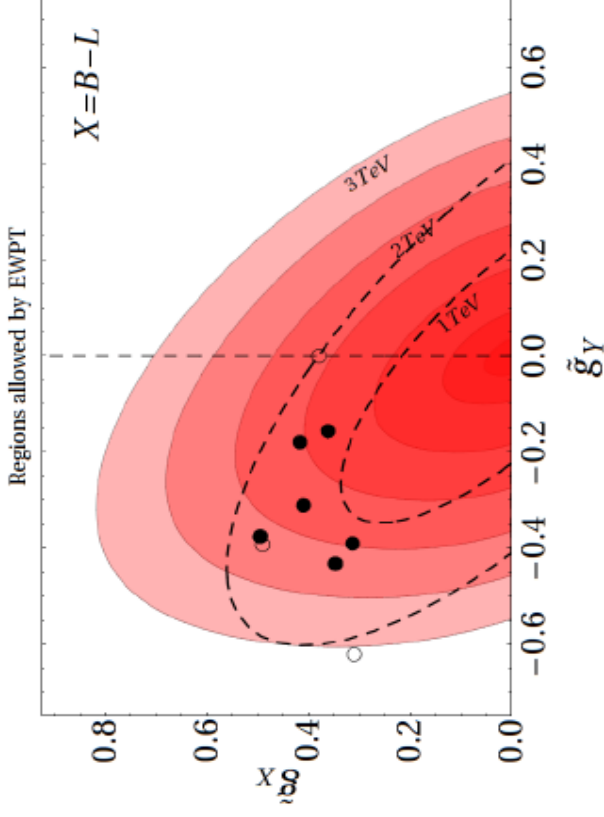
$[m_h = 2m_Z]$



E. Salvioni, A. Strumia, G. Villadoro, F. Zwirner
(2010)

3/6) Electroweak Precision Tests

- Gauge ext U(1): $M_X \gtrsim 5 \text{ TeV}$
($m_h = 2m_Z$)
- Gauge ext SU(2): $\frac{M_X}{5 \text{ TeV}} \gtrsim \frac{g_X}{g_Z}$
(estimate)

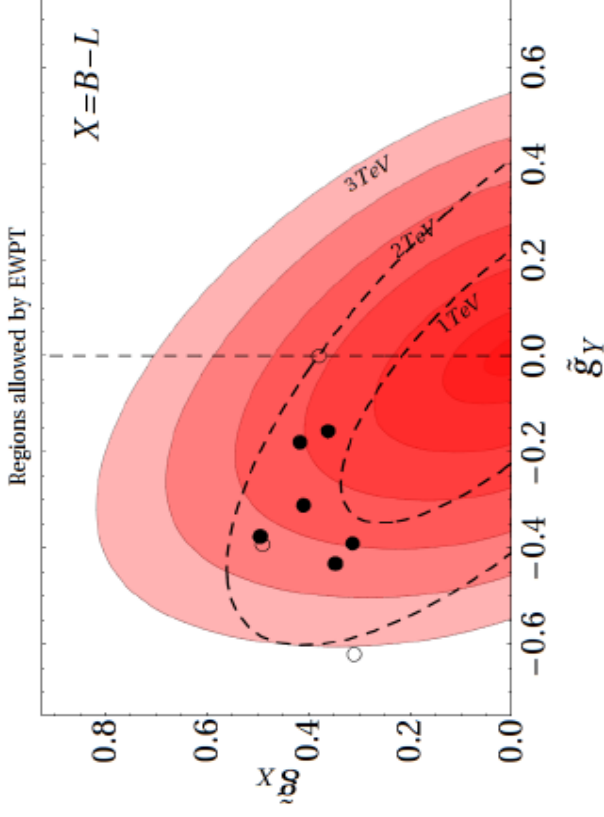


E. Salvioni, A. Strumia, G. Villadoro, F. Zwirner
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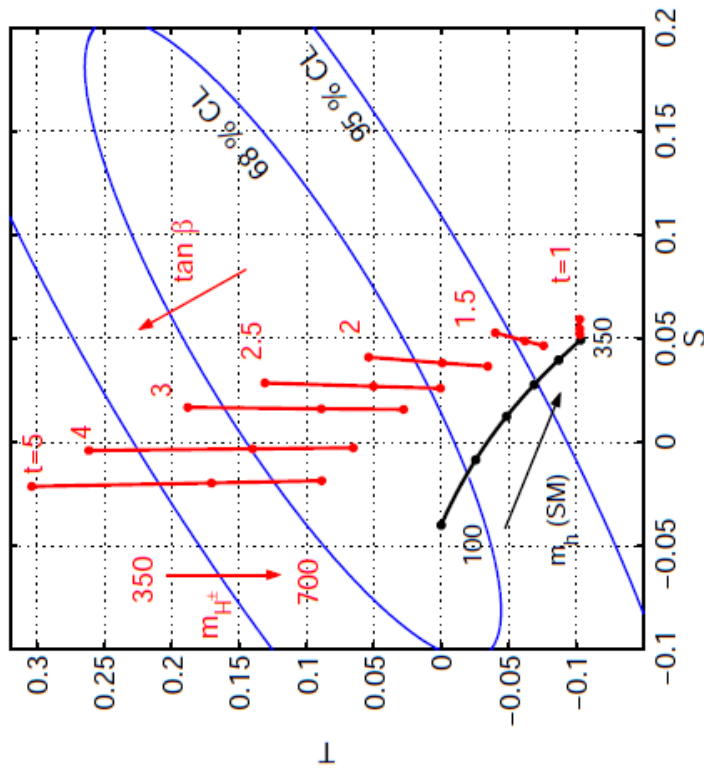
3/6) Electroweak Precision Tests

- Gauge ext U(1): $M_X \gtrsim 5 \text{ TeV}$
 $(m_h = 2m_Z)$
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■ λ SUSY:



E. Salvioni, A. Strumia, G. Villadoro, F. Zwirner (2010)

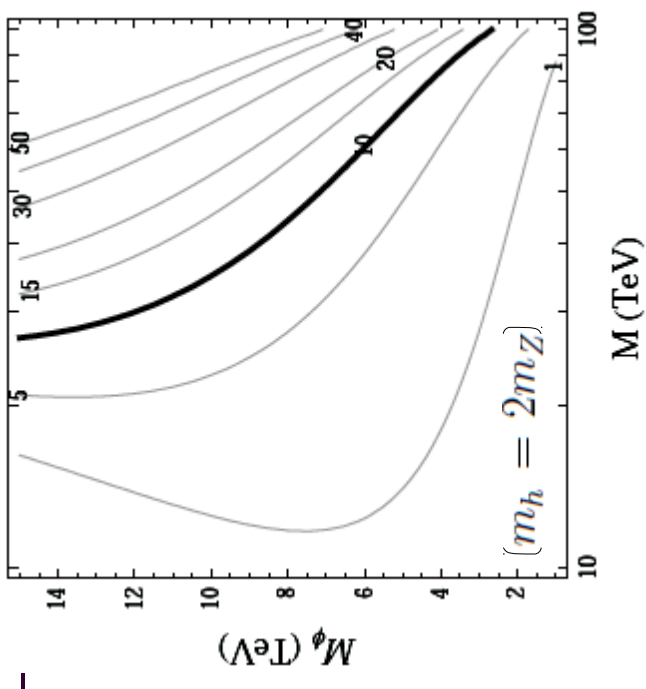


R. Barbieri, L. J. Hall, Y. Nomura, V. S. Rychkov (2007)

4/6) Naturalness bounds: tree + loop

- Gauge ext U(1):

$$M_X \geq 0.40 M_\phi +$$



4/6) Naturalness bounds: tree + loop

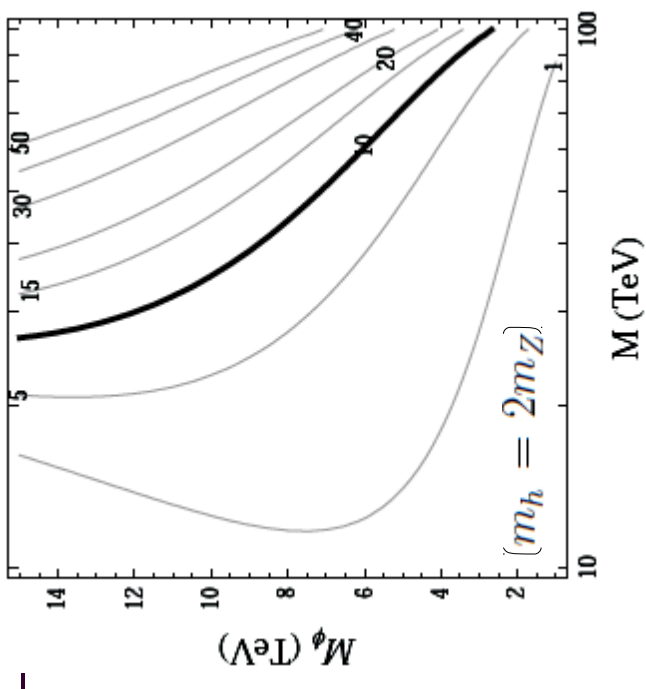
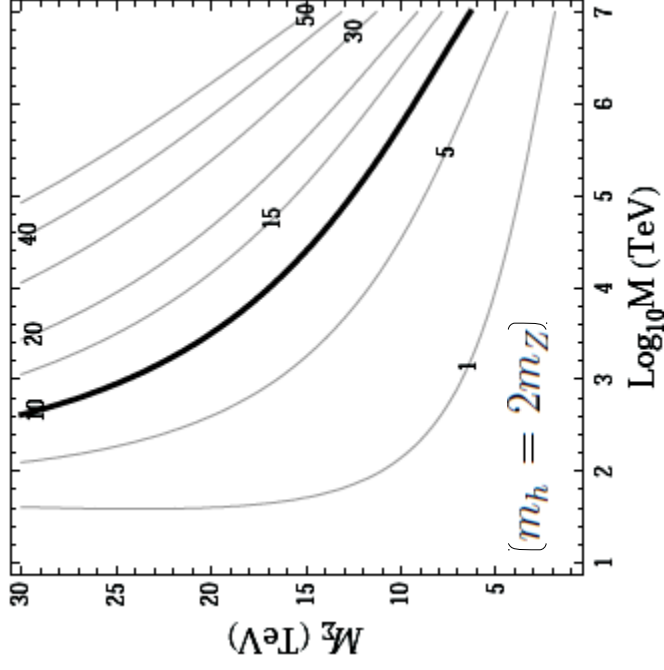
- Gauge ext U(1):

$$M_X \geq 0.40 M_\phi$$

+

- Gauge ext SU(2):

$$M_X \geq 0.22 M_\Sigma$$



4/6) Naturalness bounds: tree + loop

- Gauge ext U(1):

$$M_X \geq 0.40 M_\phi$$

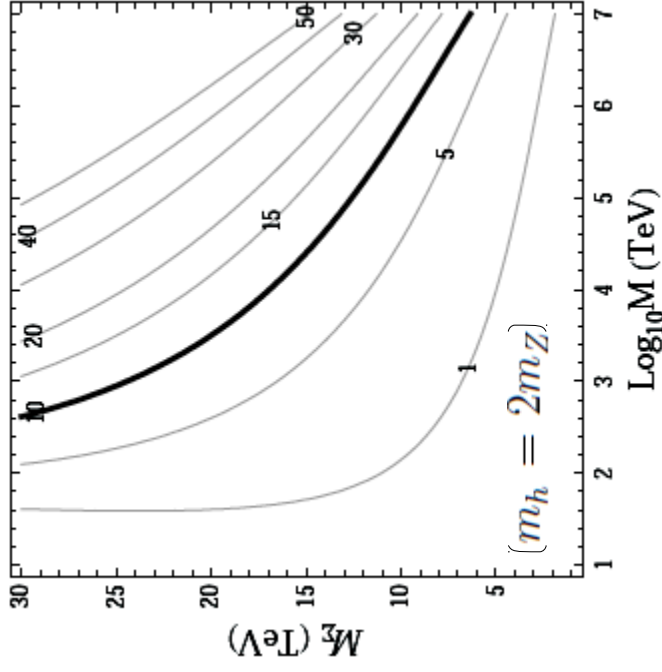
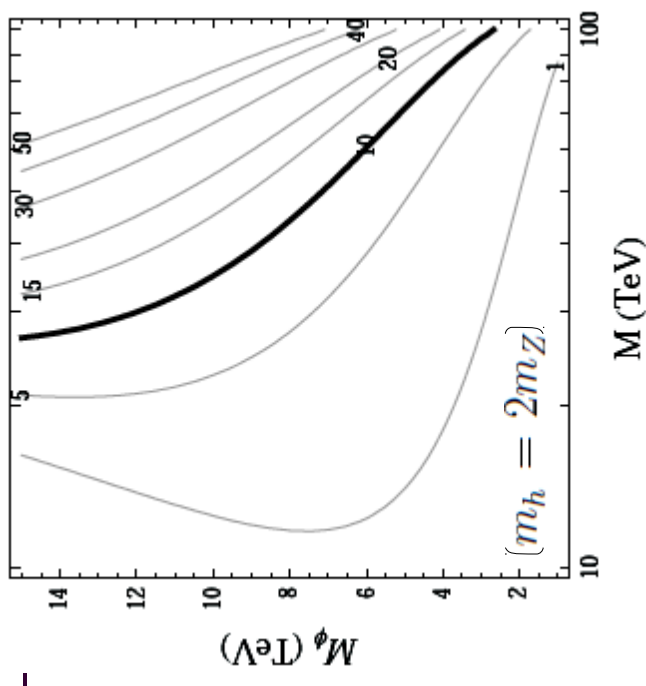
+

- Gauge ext SU(2):

$$M_X \geq 0.22 M_\Sigma$$

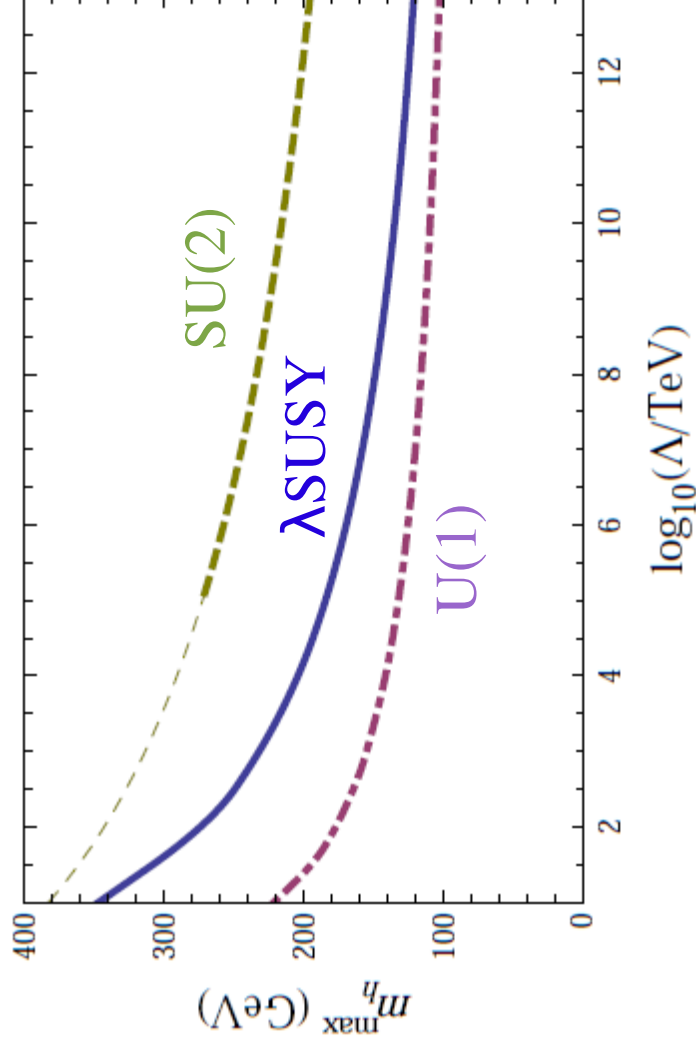
+

- λ SUSY: $m_s \lesssim 1 \text{ TeV}$
(but no problem)



5/6) Conclusions

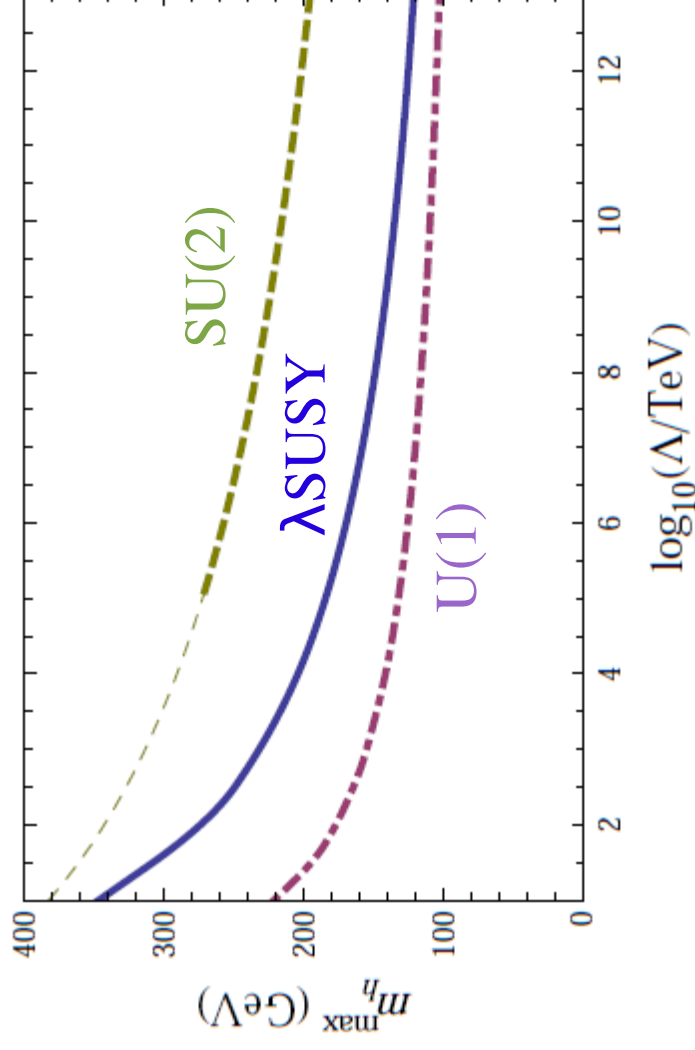
From a bottom-up
point of view, the
goal can be achieved.



5/6) Conclusions

From a bottom-up point of view, the goal can be achieved.

- Price to pay:
- 1) low Λ
 - 2) low M
 - 3) diff. soft scales
 - 4) need ΔT :



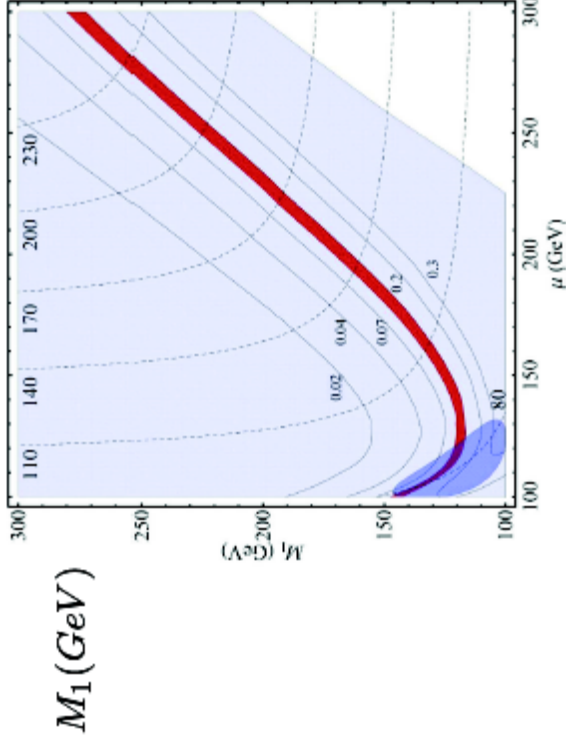
	m_h^{\max} / m_Z	Price to pay
$U(1)$	2	(1),(2),(3)
$SU(2)$	2	(3)
$SU(2)$	3	(2),(3),(4)
λ SUSY	2	-
λ SUSY	3	(1)

6/6) Phenomenological consequences

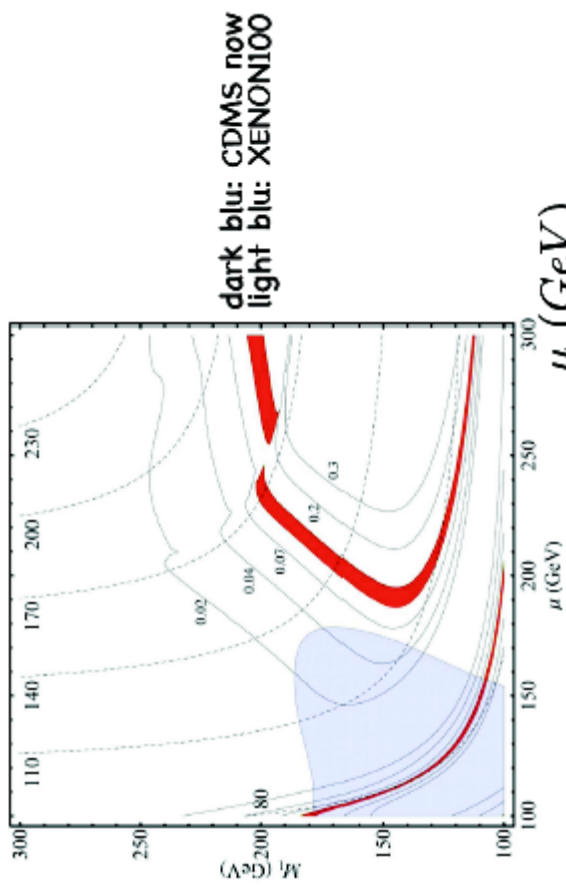
in brief (discussed yesterday by R. Barbieri, see [1004.2256])

- Peculiar signature

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\chi, t\bar{b}\chi (\bar{t}b\chi), b\bar{b}\chi \\ h \rightarrow ZZ, H \rightarrow hh, hhh \end{array} \right)$$
- Dark matter: no 'well temperament' (Ark.-Hamed, Delgado, Giudice [0601041])



MSSM $m_h = 120 \text{ GeV}$



$\lambda\text{SUSY: } m_h = 200 \text{ GeV}$

- If $m_{1,2} \sim 15\text{-}20 \text{ TeV} \rightarrow$ possible to alleviate Flavour (...)



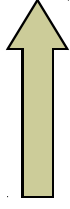
Backup Slides

B1) Flavour problem: hierarchy

Simplified discussion

■ Flavour probl.

(How to suppress corrections from squark mass matrices and trilinears)



- Alignment
- Degeneracy
- Hierarchy

■ Only hierarchy: not enough

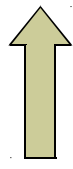
$$\left[\begin{array}{l} m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}} \gtrsim 35 \text{ TeV} \quad (\text{from } \Delta S = 2) \\ m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}} \gtrsim 800 \text{ TeV} \quad (\text{from } \epsilon_K) \end{array} \right]$$

■ If:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \delta^{LL} \gg \delta^{RR}, \delta^{LR} \quad (\text{or } \delta^{RR} \gg \delta^{LL}, \delta^{LR}) \\ \delta_{12}^{LL} \approx \lambda, \quad \frac{|m_1^2 - m_2^2|}{(m_1^2 + m_2^2)/2} \approx \lambda \\ \sin \phi_{CP} \approx 0.3 \\ \delta_{i3} \approx \frac{m_{q3}^2}{m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}}^2} \end{array} \right.$$

Then one can defend:

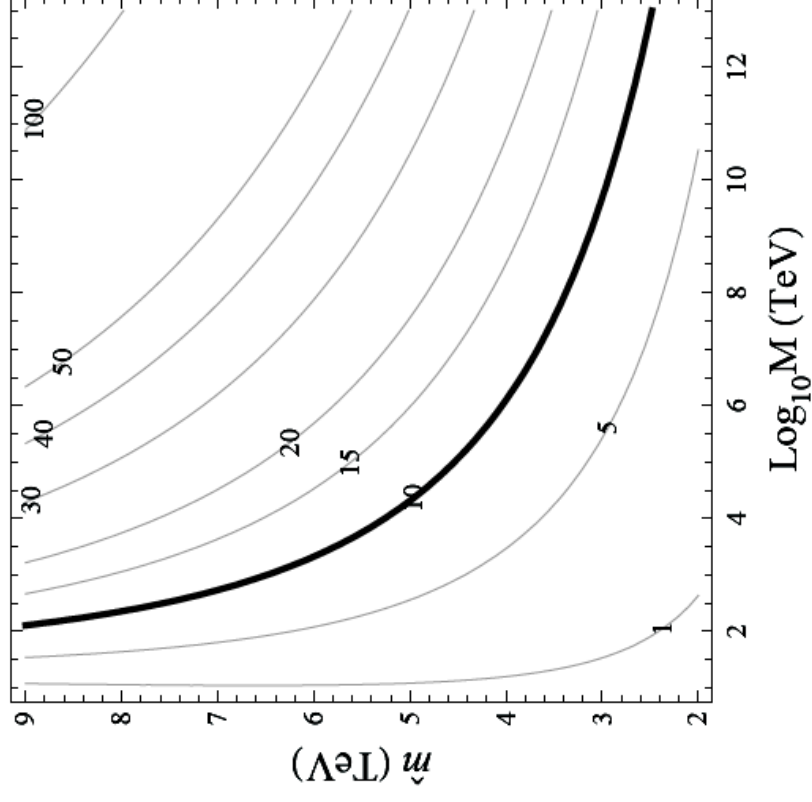
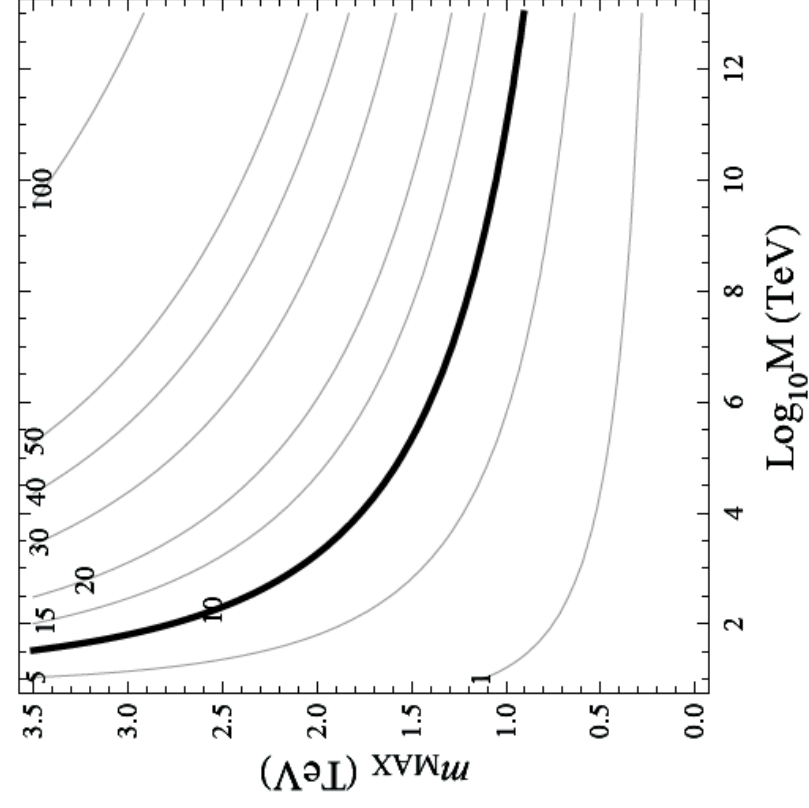
$$m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}} \gtrsim 15 \text{ TeV}$$



Statement based on the analysis:

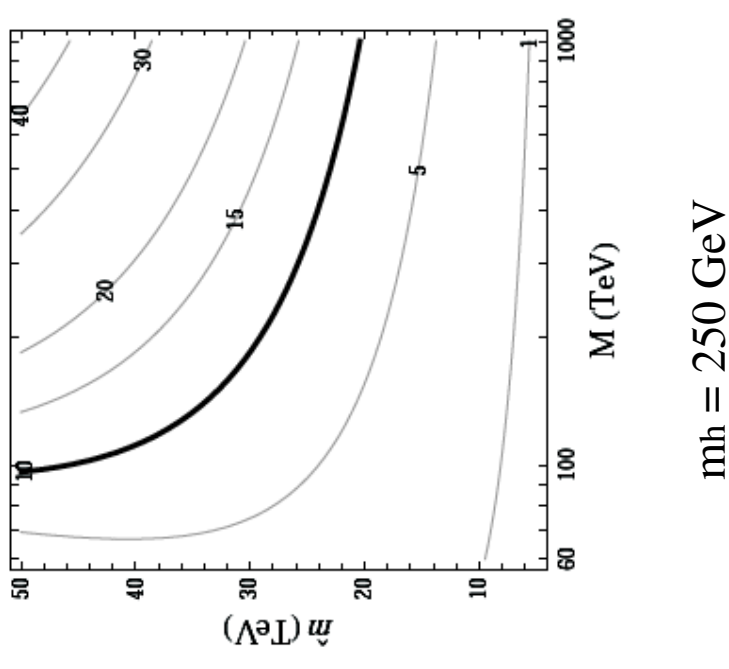
G. F. Giudice, M. Nardecchia, A. Romanino, *Hierarchical soft terms and flavour physics*, Nucl Phys B **813** (2009) 156-173.

B2) Naturalness in MSSM (1° - 2° gen)

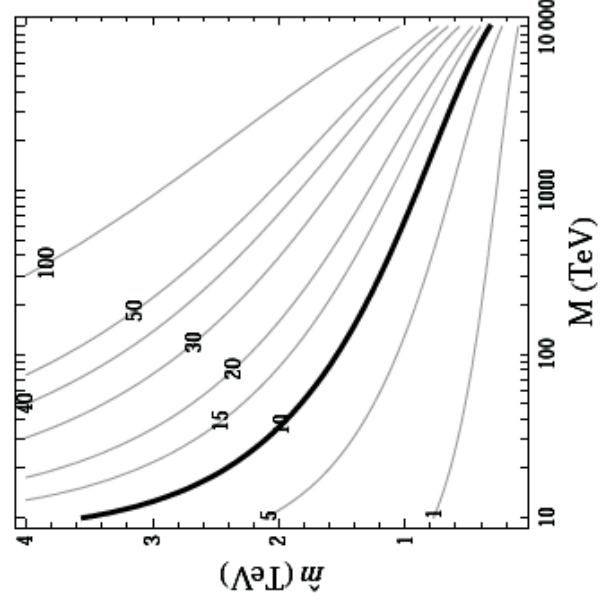


B3) Naturalness in Extended Models

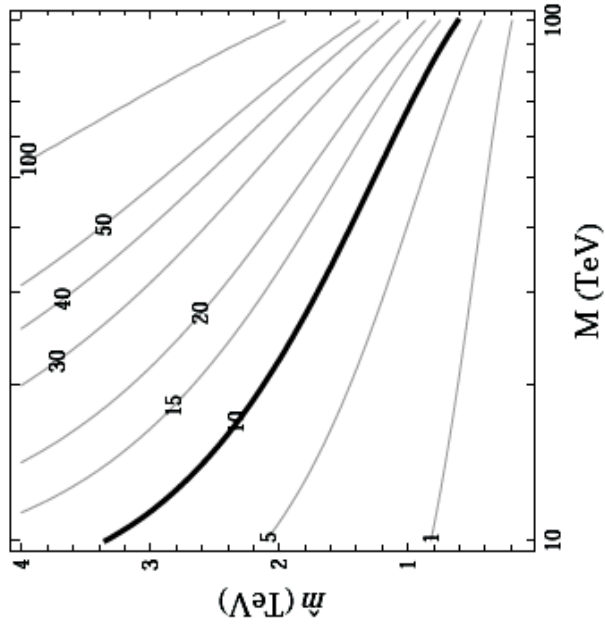
λ SUSY



SU(2)



U(1)

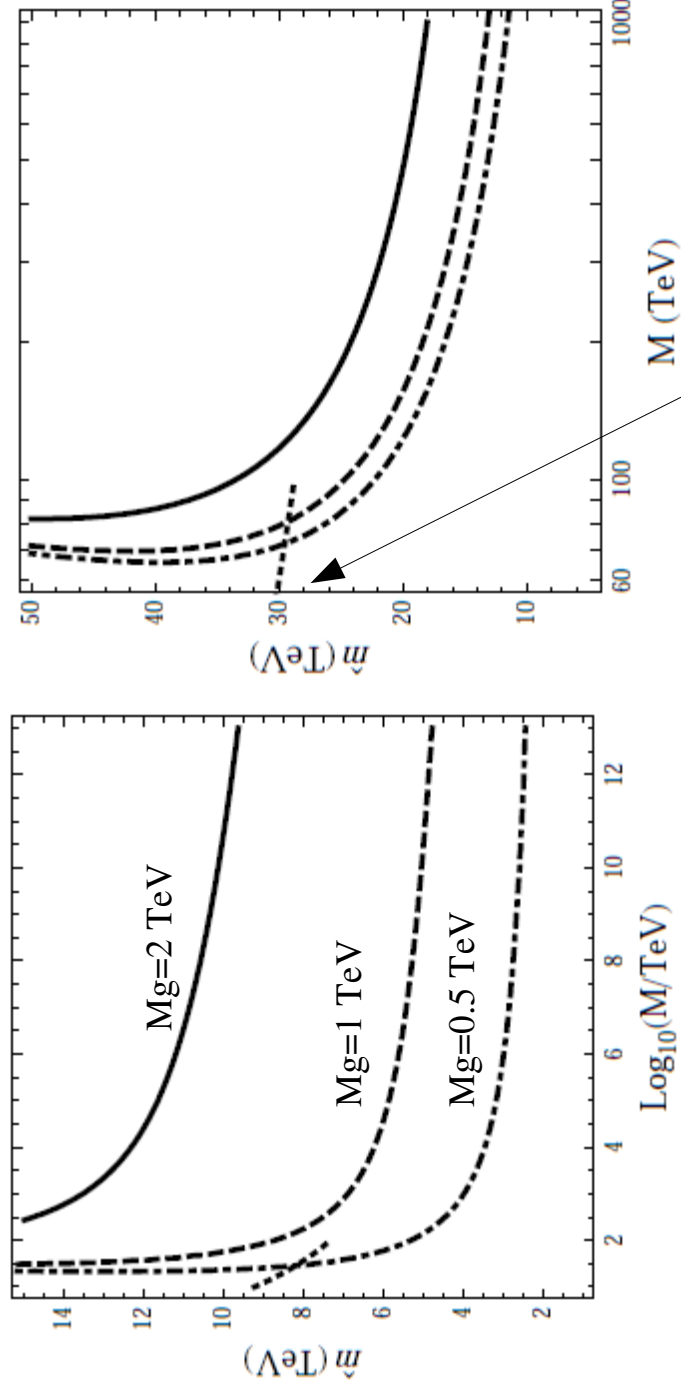


$m_h = 250$ GeV

$m_h = 180$ GeV

B4) Colour/EM conservation

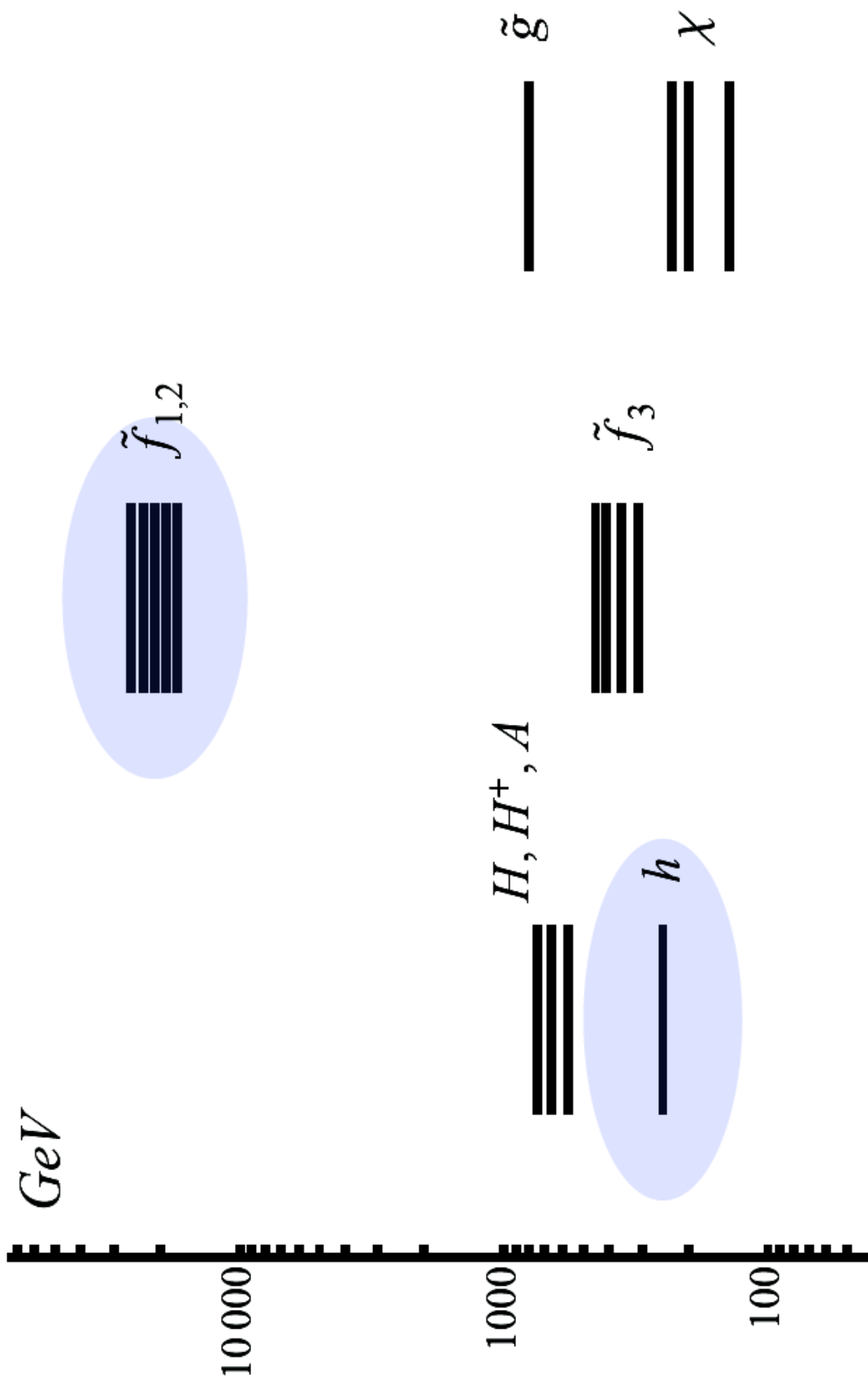
- Fix maximum m_3 from: $\frac{\partial \log v^2}{\partial \log m_3^2} \approx \frac{6 (m_t/175 \text{ GeV})^2}{16\pi^2} \frac{m_3^2}{m_h^2/2} \log \frac{M}{200 \text{ GeV}} \leq 10$
- Then impose positive squared masses:



See also: Arkani-Hamed, Murayama [9703259]; Agashe, Graesser [9801446]

B5) “A Non Standard Supersymmetric Spectrum”

R. Barbieri, E. Bertuzzo, M. Farina, P.L., D. Pappadopulo, [1004.2256]



B6) Gauge extension $U(1)$

- Idea: increase D-term: -New gauge group $U(1)_x$

-Extra scalars s, ϕ, ϕ^c

	ϕ	ϕ^c	H_u	H_d	d	u	Q	e	n	L
Y	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$
$X = \frac{L-B}{2} + X_\phi$	q	$-q$	0	0	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$-\frac{1}{6}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$Y + X$	q	$-q$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0

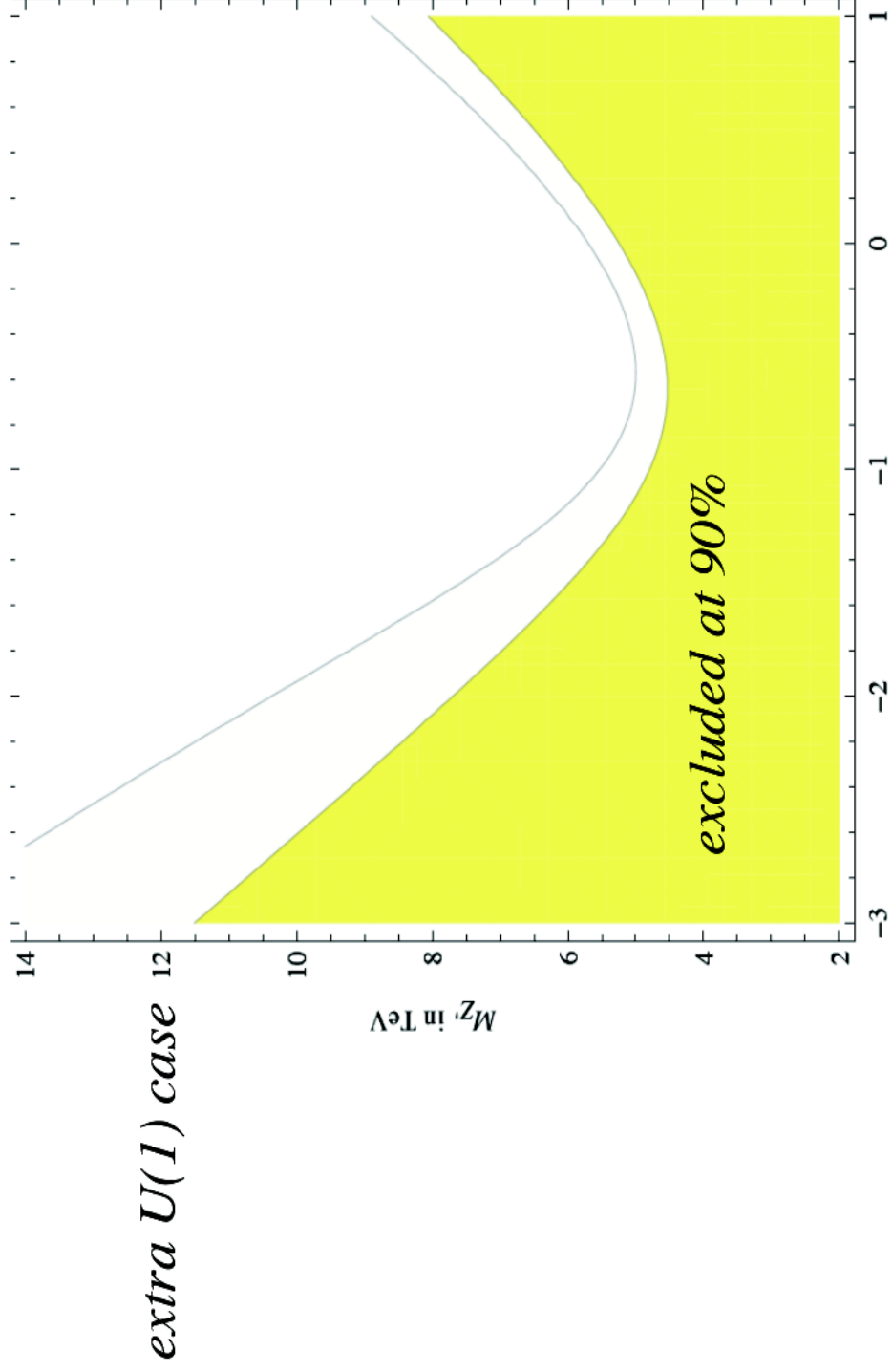
- Potential for scalars: $V = V_{MSSM} + V_{H\phi} + V_\phi$

$$V_{H\phi} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}g_x^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}|H_u|^2 - \frac{1}{2}|H_d|^2 + q|\phi|^2 - q|\phi^c|^2 + \dots \right)^2}_{\text{new D-term}}$$

$$V_\phi = \lambda^2|\phi|^2|\phi^c|^2 - B(\phi\phi^c + h.c.) + M_{(\phi)}^2|\phi|^2 + M_{(\phi^c)}^2|\phi^c|^2$$

- Superpotential $W = \lambda s(\phi\phi^c - w^2)$ + soft terms

B7) EWPT in $U(1)$ case



B8) Gauge extension SU(2)

- Gauge group: $SU(2)_I \times SU(2)_{II} \times U(1)_Y$
- Fields: $\Sigma(2, 2)$, s (singlet), MSSM fields charged under $SU(2)_I$
- Potential of scalar sector:

$$V_{H\Sigma} = \mu_u^2 |H_u|^2 + \mu_d^2 |H_d|^2 + \mu_3^2 (H_u H_d + h.c.) \\ + \frac{1}{2} g'^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} |H_u|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |H_d|^2 + \dots \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} g_{II}^2 \sum_a (\text{Tr} [\Sigma T^a \Sigma^+])^2 \\ + \frac{1}{2} g_I^2 \sum_a (\text{Tr} [\Sigma^+ T^a \Sigma]) + H_u^+ T^a H_u + H_d^+ T^a H_d + \dots)^2$$