

ATLAS Computing towards HL-LHC

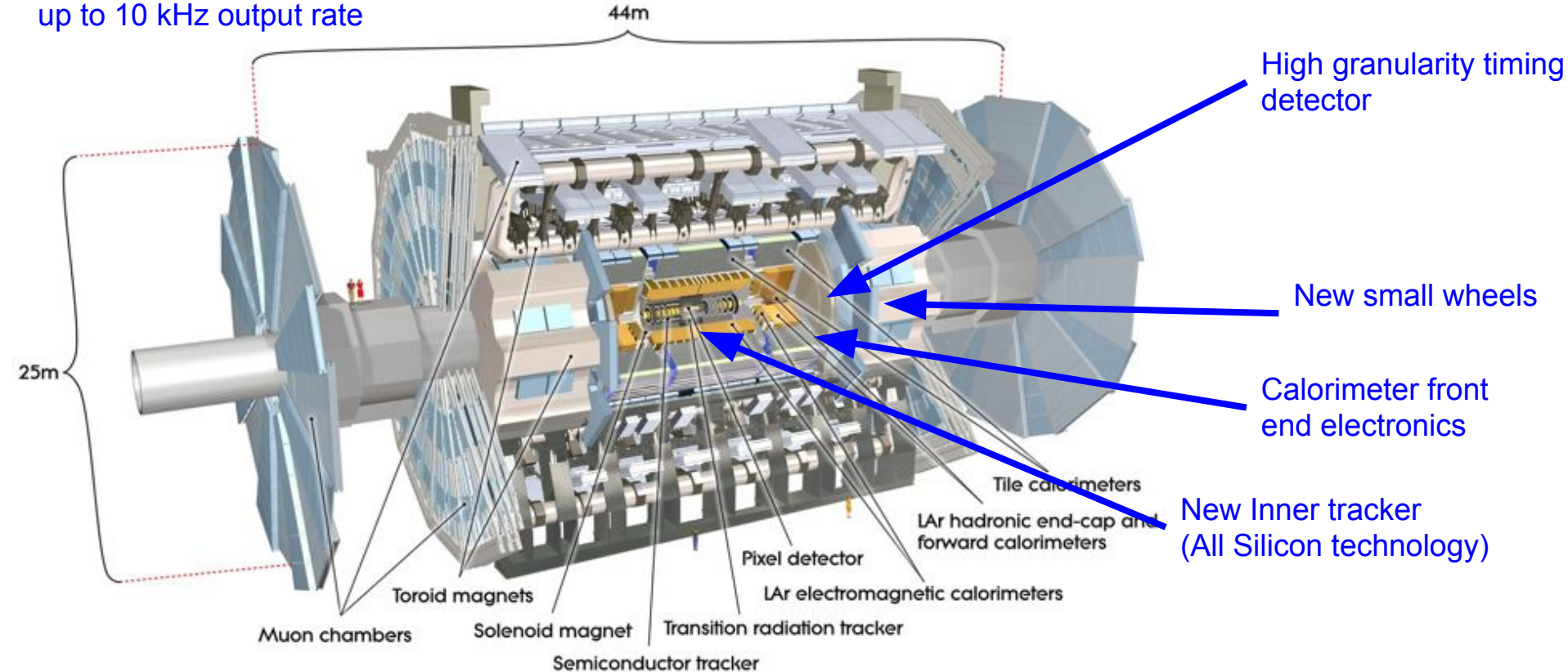
H.O.W. Workshop

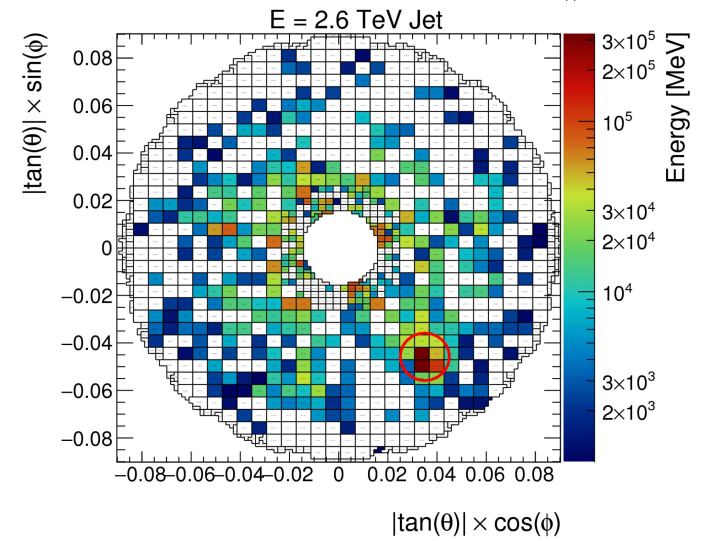
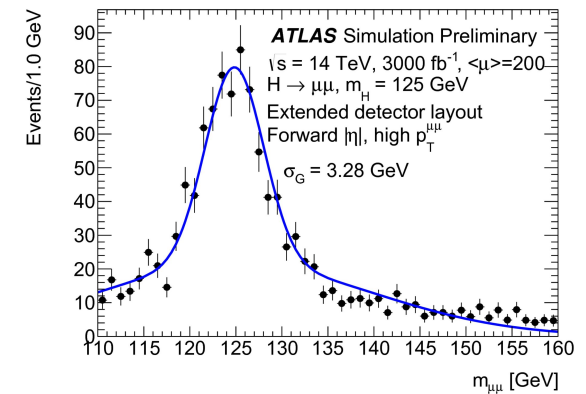
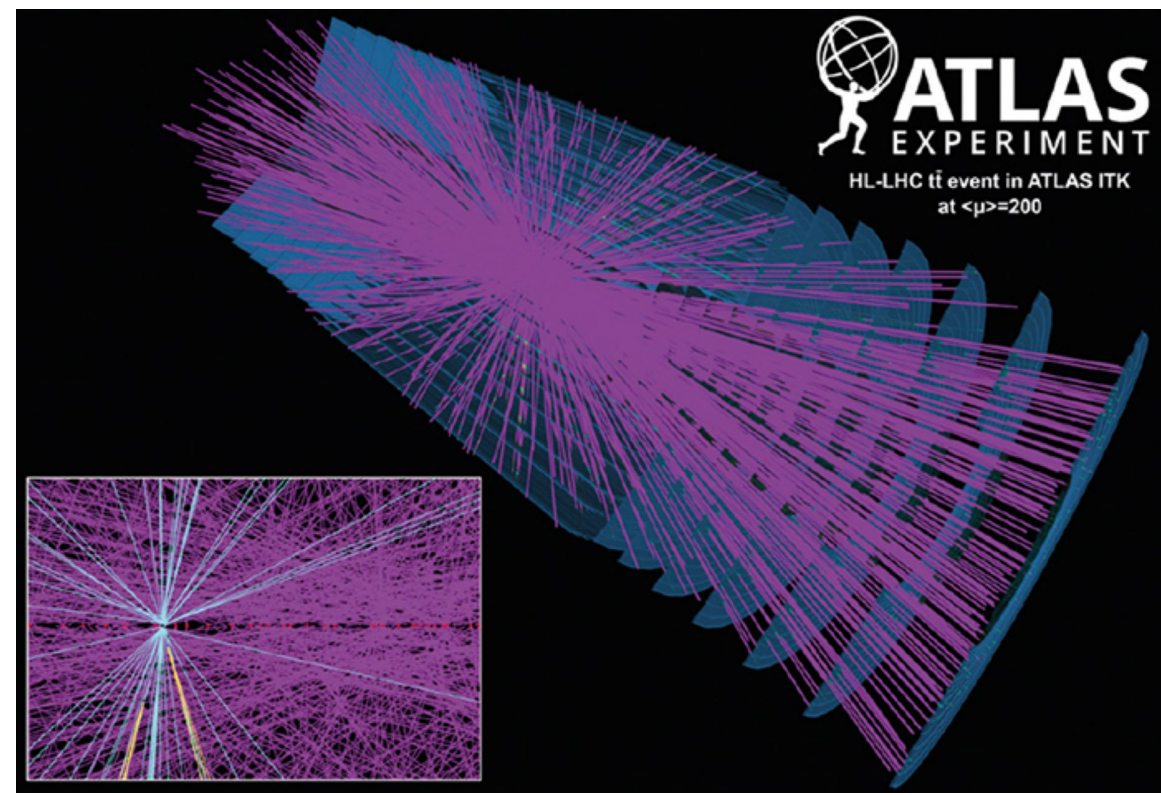
18-Mar-2019

James Catmore, Davide Costanzo

- The ATLAS upgrade
- Computing projections for HL-LHC
- The big challenges

New trigger system:
up to 10 kHz output rate



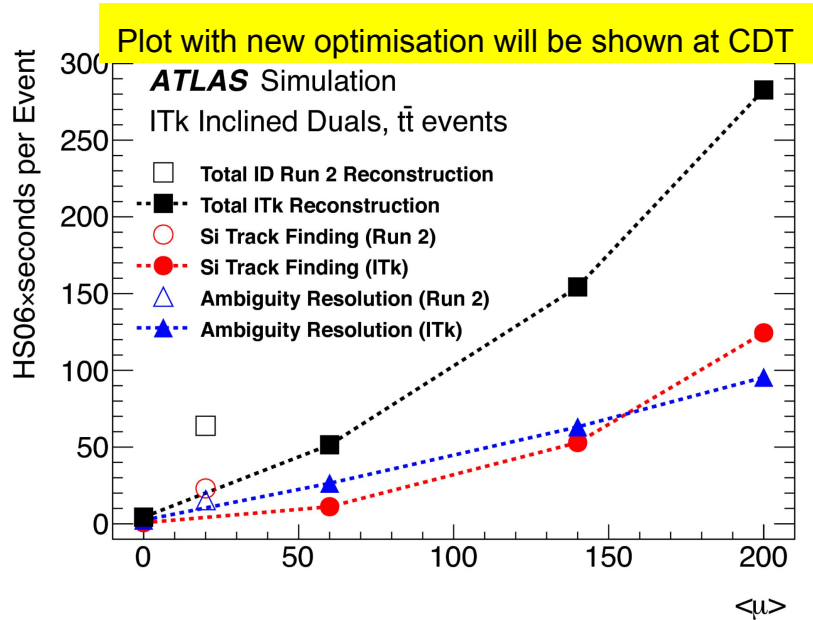


Event processing

- Higher luminosity
 - More interactions per crossing
- Increased event rate
- Bigger and more complex events
 - ITk with $> \sim 5B$ channels
- Desire to do “better” physics



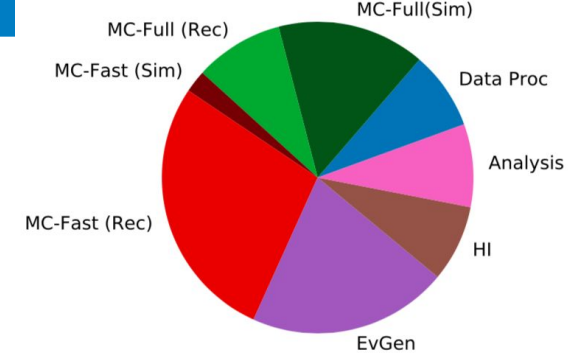
- Better physics performance
 - improved algorithms
- Better CPU efficiency
 - better software engineering
- Reconstruction session on Wed
- Multithreaded running at the event level
 - Exploit parallelism
 - Technology watch session on Tuesday
- Use of diverse hardware architectures
 - Better infrastructure
 - Paolo's [ACAT talk](#)
 - Later talks by Graeme, Charles
 - Session on SW on accelerators on Tue



Challenge: Skills shortage, Training
(Session on Thursday)

CPU projections for HL-LHC

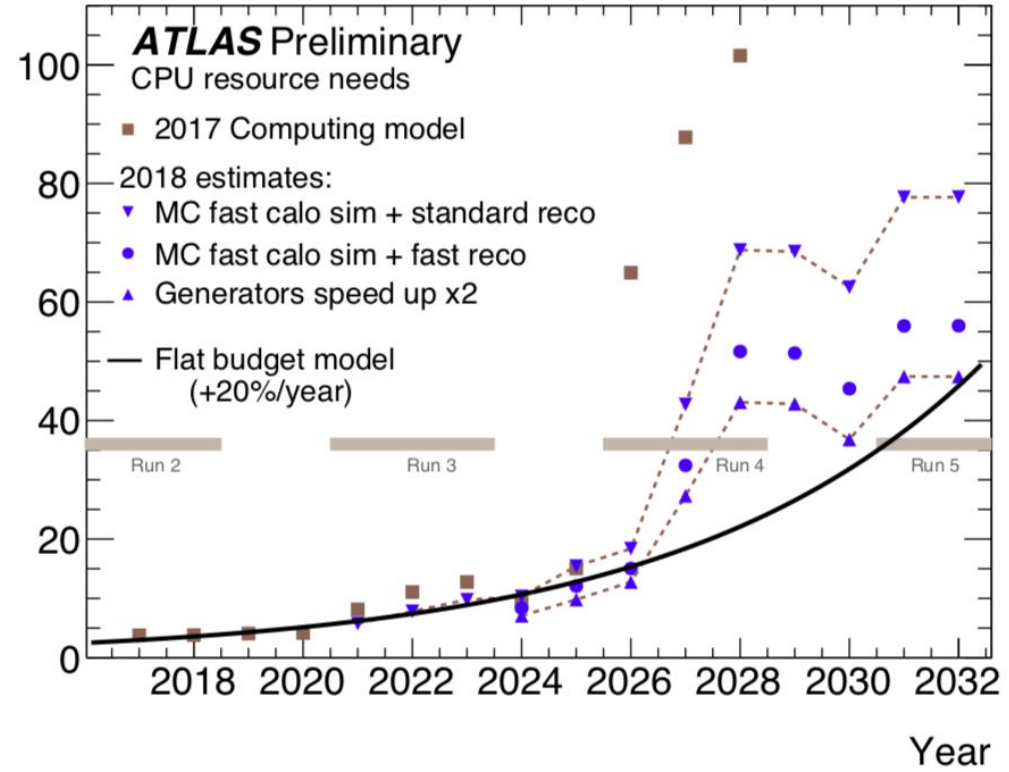
ATLAS Preliminary. 2028 CPU resource needs
MC fast calo sim + standard reco



Fast vs Full simulation:

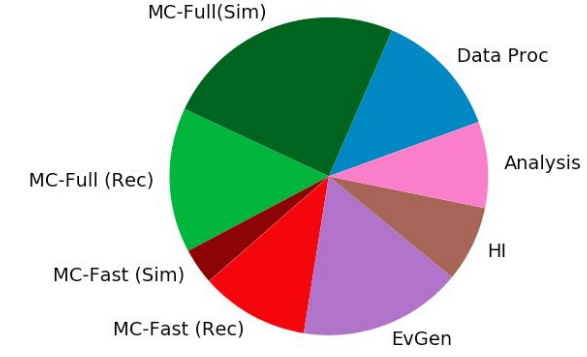
- Run 3: 50% of simulation with fast sim
- Run 4: 75% of simulation with fast sim

Annual CPU Consumption [MHS06]



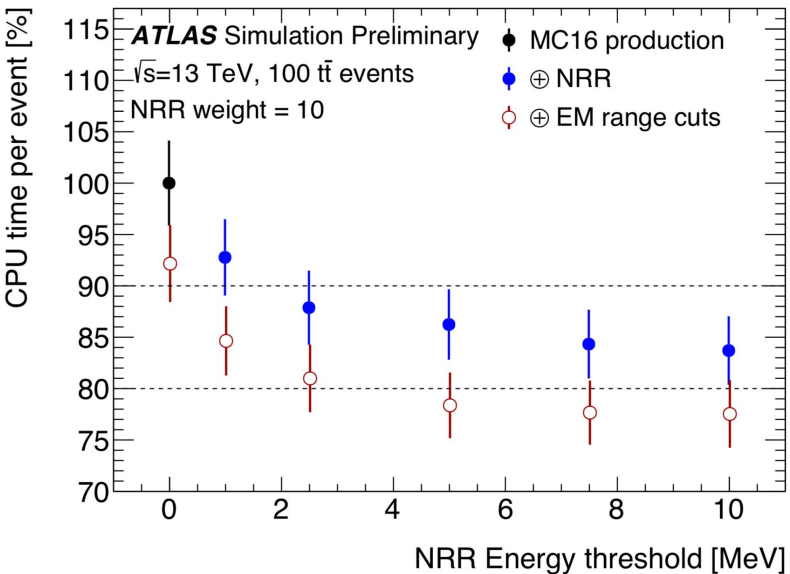
2/3 of global CPU time for simulation

ATLAS Preliminary. 2028 CPU resource needs
MC fast calo sim + fast reco, generators speed up x2



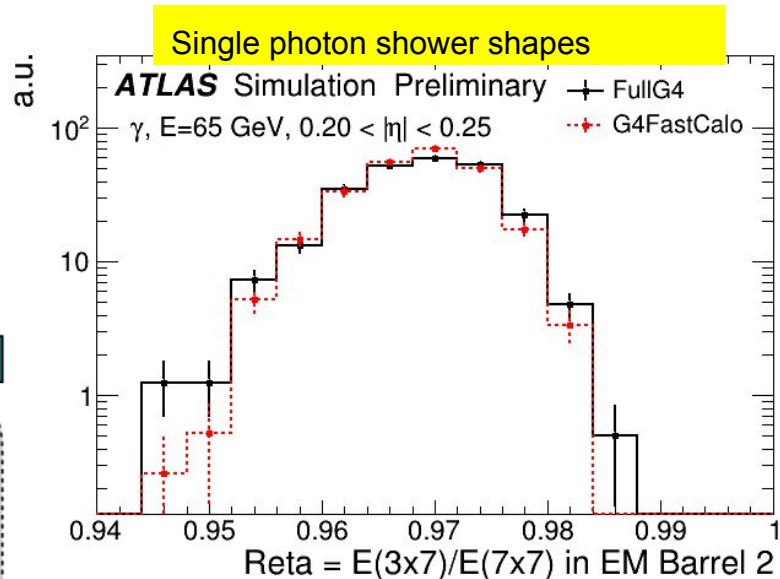
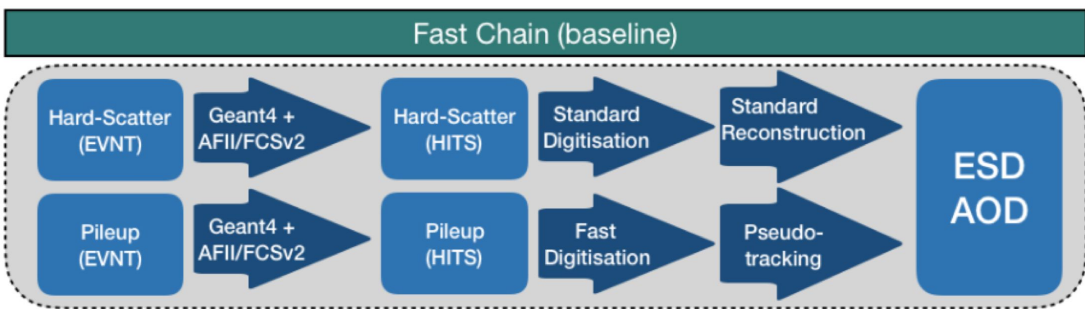
Event generation crucial
(generators [workshop](#) last Nov)

Simulation evolution: From full sim to fast chain



- At least 1/4 of CPU to be used for Full simulation:
 - Tuning and improvement of simulation very important
 - Example: Neutron Russian Roulette and EM range
- Fast Chain as a key ingredient
 - Validation as “good for physics” is a major challenge
- New ideas are needed, eg GAN
- Simulation session on Thursday

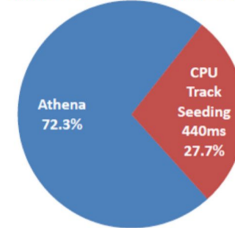
Challenge: Do better with less CPU → FastChain



Using accelerators and HPCs

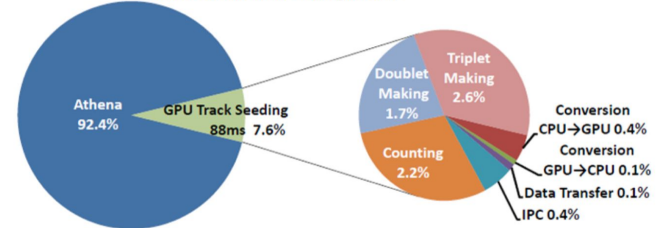
- Supercomputers are evolving away from the “usual” hardware we have on WLCG resources (it’s all in the flops)
 - Eg Summit Power9 + Nvidia V100
 - Other architectures becoming popular - ARM
 - **Challenge of portability**
- How do we use of accelerators
 - GPU, FPGA, TPU, ...
 - GPGPUs demonstrator in ATLAS in 2016
- More in Charles’ talk

Inner Detector Track Seeding on CPU

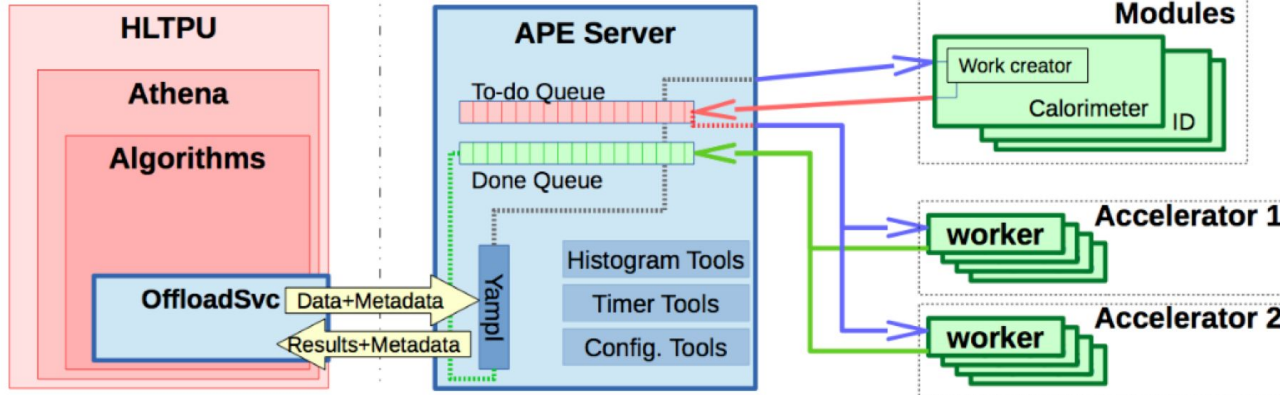


Time per event 1.6 s

Inner Detector Track Seeding on GPU

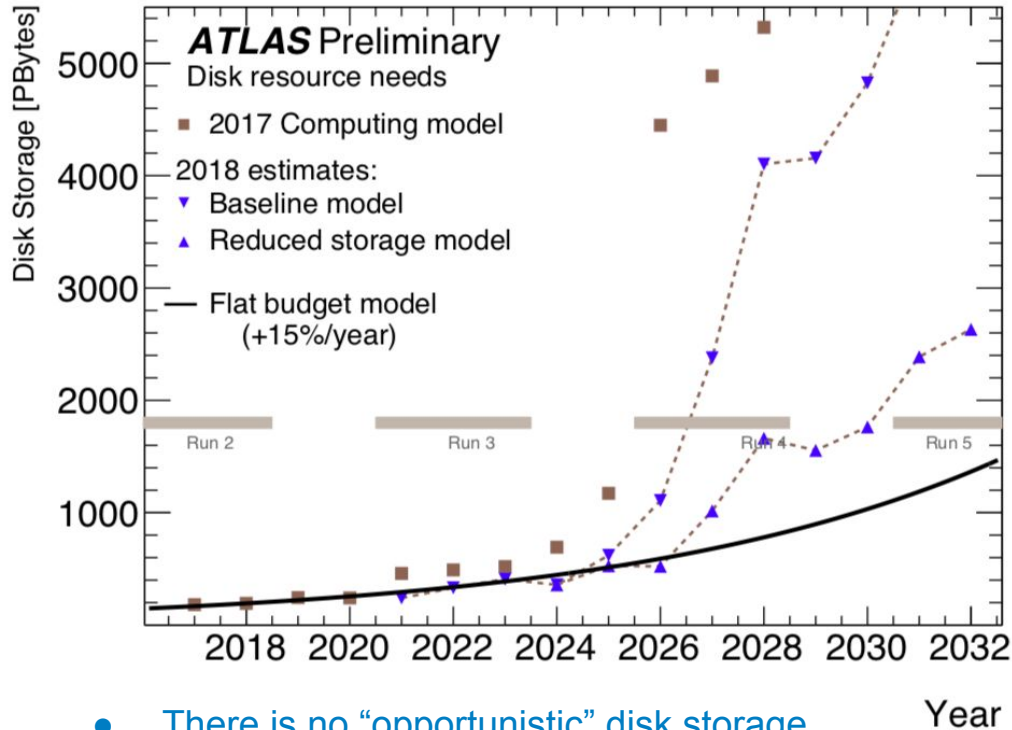


Time per event 1.2 s



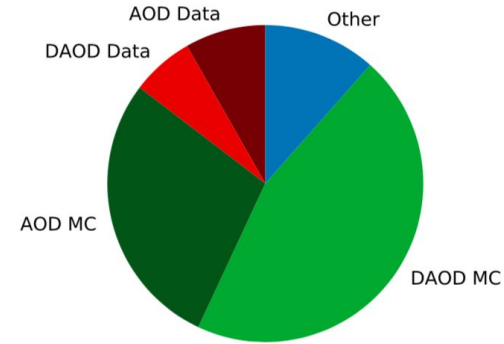
Challenge:
Use accelerators, avoid a lock-in to a specific technology

Disk storage projections for HL-LHC

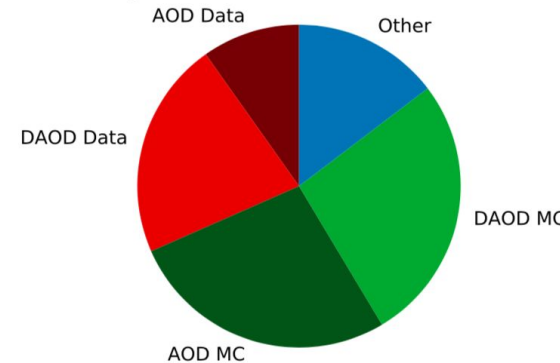


- There is no “opportunistic” disk storage
 - We are on our own...
- Solutions from physics (analysis model)
- Technical solutions
 - Cross-experiment: **DOMA -- Session on Wed**

ATLAS Preliminary. 2028 Disk resource needs
Baseline model

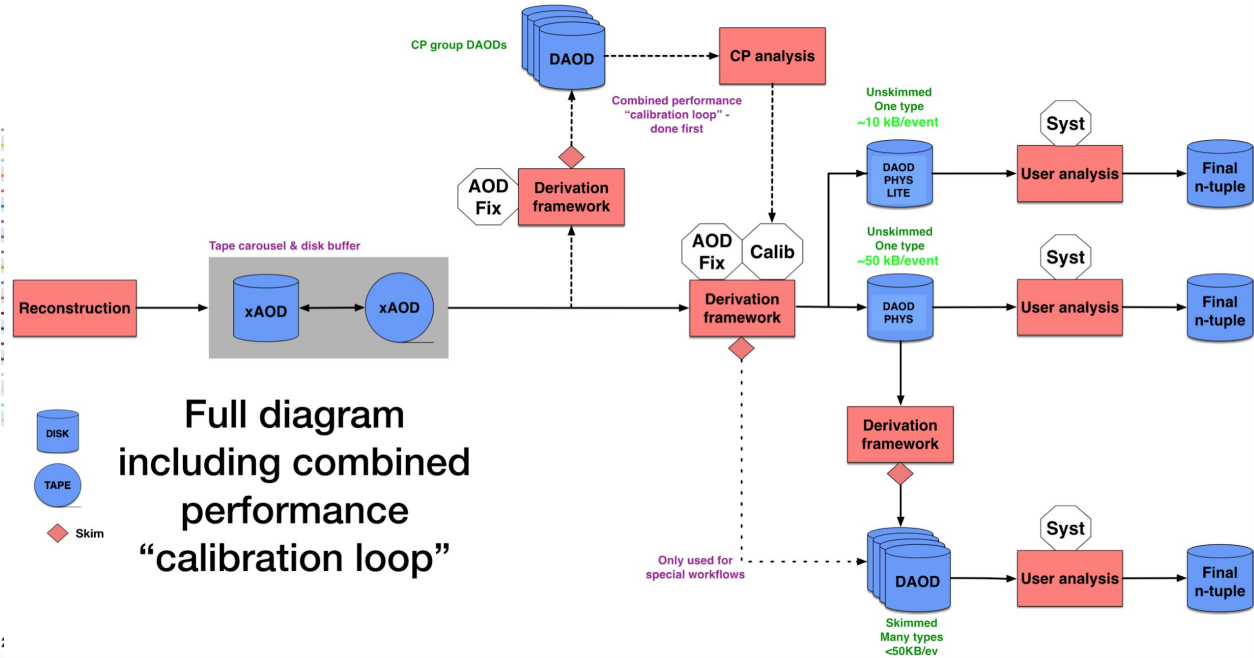
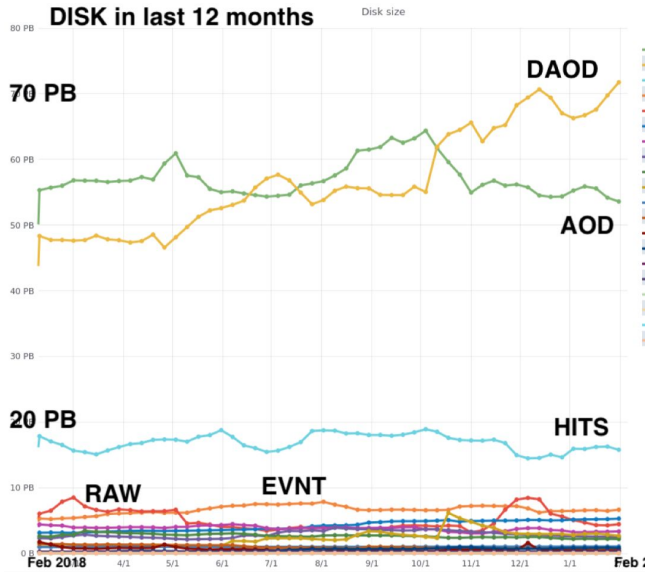


ATLAS Preliminary. 2028 Disk resource needs
Reduced storage model

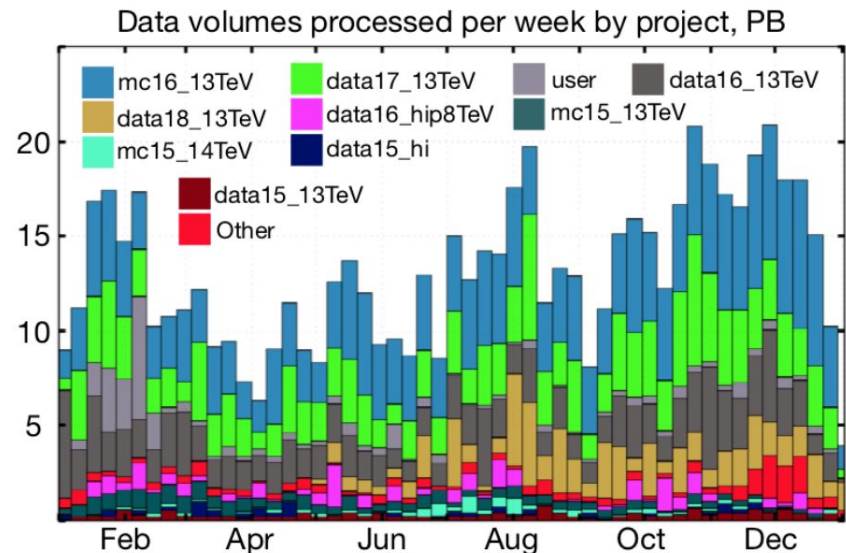


Analysis model evolution

- Most disk space is used by analysis formats
 - Access is often time critical due to conferences, paper deadlines, competition with CMS, ...
 - Situation currently requires active management from ATLAS
- Ongoing Analysis Model Study Group for Run-3 (AMSG-R3)
 - Further evolution expected for Run-4
 - Analysis session on Wed

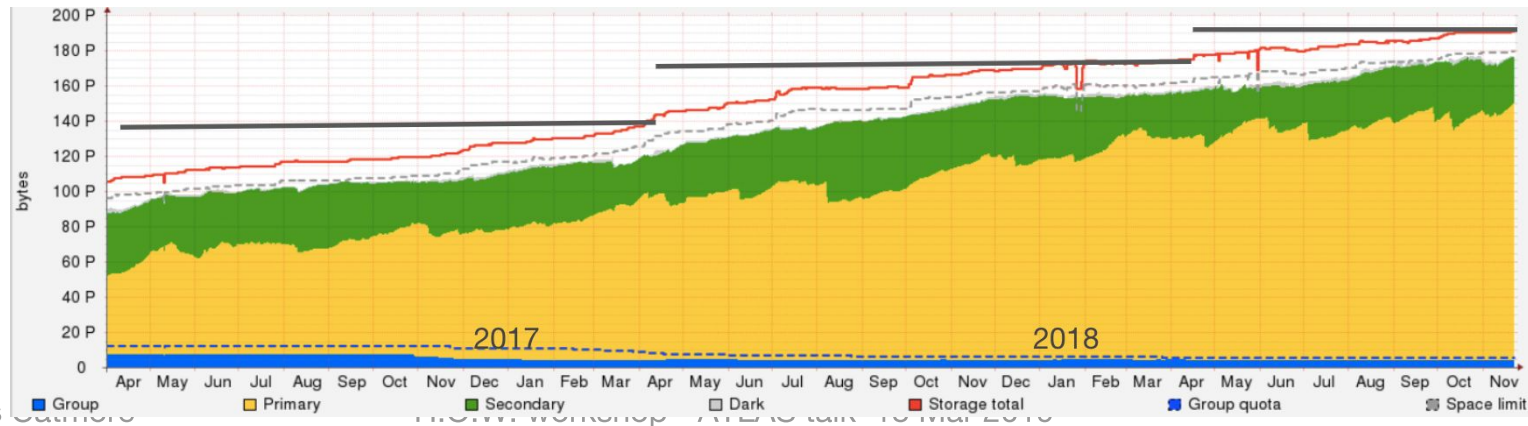
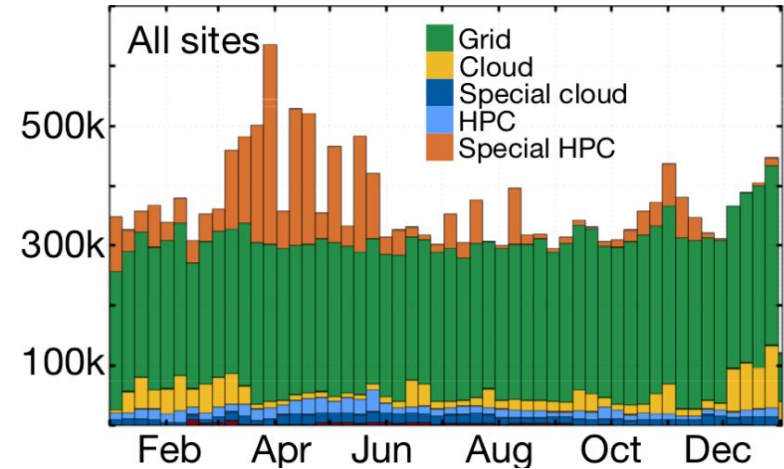


- I call tape a “cold storage”, cheaper but slow access
- Large needs just for two custodial copies of the raw data
- Keep on disk data needed quickly
 - Analysis formats AOD and DAOD
- Move to tape data that is processed less often with set schedules (data carousel)
 - Currently capable to stage ~0.8 PB/day bulk staging
- Need to evaluate the relative cost of storage vs reprocessing
 - Can we avoid storing intermediate formats?

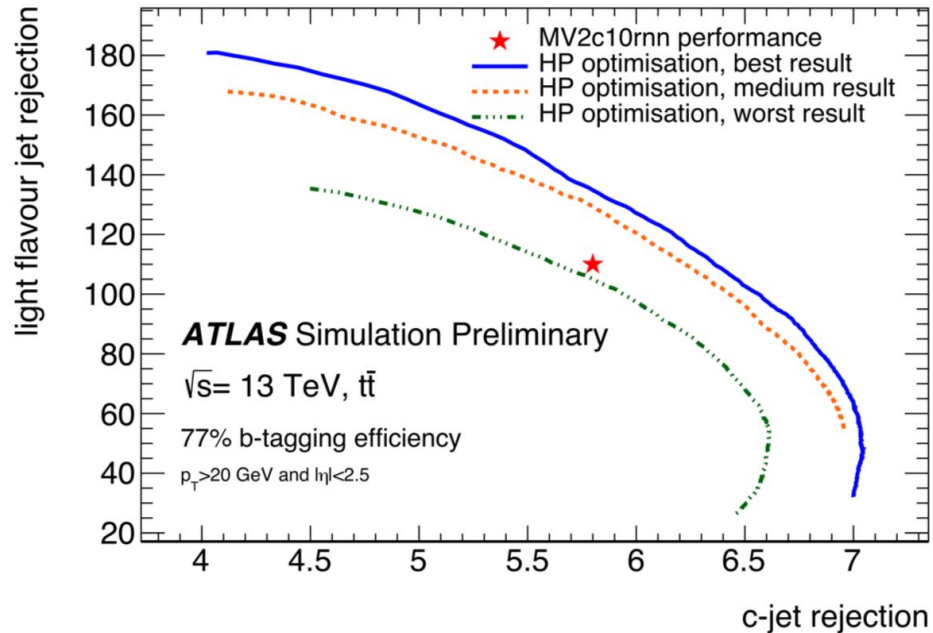


- Very efficient at using all resources available
- We will certainly use up all the flat budget increases
- HL-LHC requirements are above flat-budget
 - Priority will to store and process all the data
 - Reduced MC → larger uncertainty from MC stats and larger systematic uncertainties
 - Cost model WG on Wed
 - Analysis processing time also an important consideration

CPU usage 2018



- Deep learning is known to be well suited for accelerators
 - Especially GPU, driving new hardware development (more in Charles' talk)
- Artificial intelligence techniques are developed in the HEP area
 - This is moving really fast
 - It could radically speed up simulation and reconstruction at the inference step
- Current usage still at the ML driven reconstruction/analysis
 - Some tasks are particularly well suited (eg flavour tagging)
 - Role on track reconstruction and simulation (big CPU consumers) still to be fully proven
- Training of neural networks becoming a major user of GPU resources
 - Hyperparameter scanning on the grid
 - Training phases will pause once networks are deployed
 - Neural networks should not be considered as the only way to fill Supercomputers
 - Deep learning of complex patterns requires lots of simulation → **Fast simulation**



- Luckily we are not alone
 - The challenges of CMS are very similar to ours! LHCb and ALICE also in the same boat
 - We need to collaborate with other HEP and non-HEP experiments (spirit of this workshops!)
- Data management tools should be shared - DOMA project
 - Rucio adopted by many communities
- Grid WLCG infrastructure is already shared across LHC experiments
 - Good practice, delivered over many years
 - Session on Thurs (and throughout the workshop)
- Some software tools are shared, eg ROOT, Geant4, ...
- Can we really share experimental software?
 - Probably no, but we can share experience and ideas!
- Training and careers
 - This is really something we can and should do together as a community
 - Younger colleagues may not be trained to use C++
 - Ensure there is a professional development for people who work on software (and computing) for large physics experiments

- Many challenges ahead of us
 - But also a strong community to support these challenges
 - And people are attracted by interesting challenges
- Training and ensuring a healthy turnover is critical
 - We need young people and fresh ideas
 - This is very valuable as people move on to great new jobs
 - But we would like to retain some of these people in our community!
- It's great to work together
 - We should keep the exchange of ideas and tools flowing
- LHCC review and TDR are the next milestones

