

The role of the CMS trigger in Higgs sector observations and searches for new resonances in Run II

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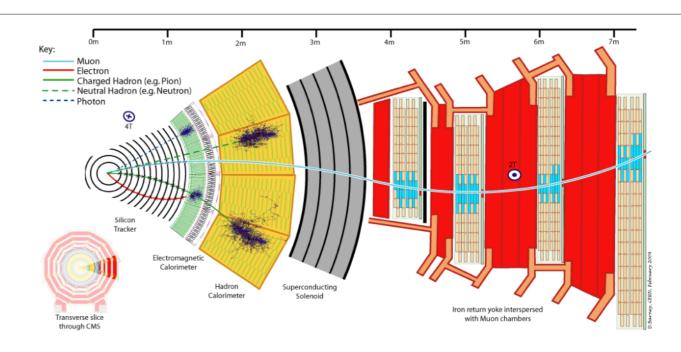
on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Lake Louise Winter Institute

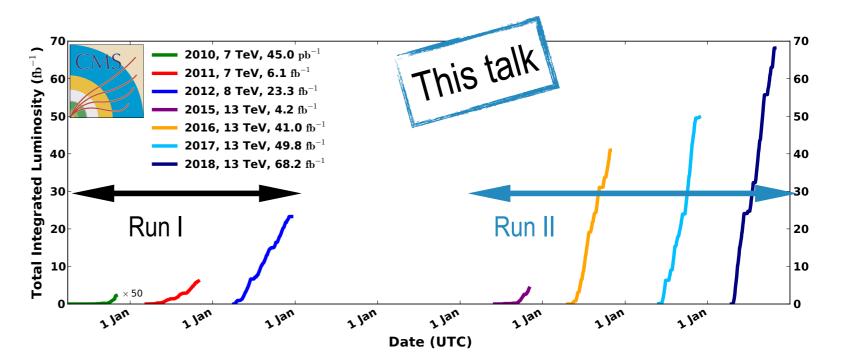
11 February 2019 Alberta, Canada

The CMS detector

- Multipurpose experiment at the LHC, CERN.
- Broad physics program:
 Higgs Physics, SM precision measurements, BSM searches...
- Outstanding performance in the harsh experimental conditions of **Run II**:
 - Peak lumi 2.1x10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹
 - Pileup up to 80!
- 163 fb⁻¹ of p-p collision data during Run II.

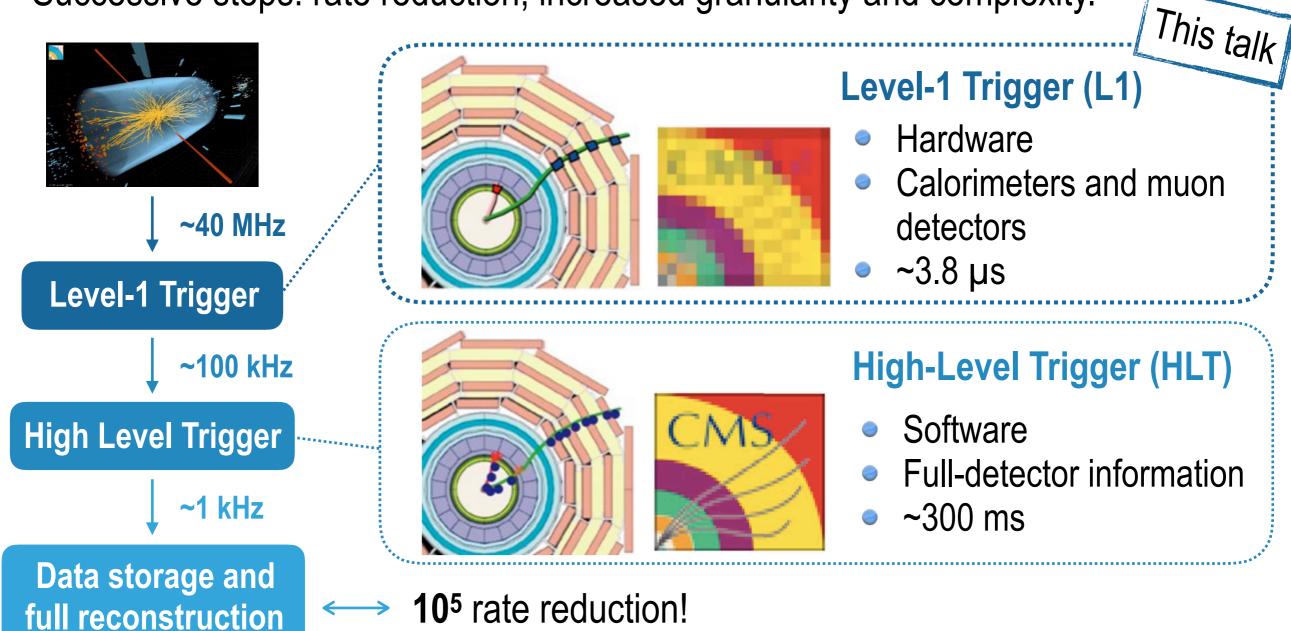


	Run I (2010-12)	Run II (2015-18)
Energy	7-8 TeV	13 TeV
Inst. Lumi.	7x10 ³³ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	2x10 ³⁴ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹
PU	25	50



The CMS trigger system

- LHC bunch crossing rate: ~40 MHz → data storage unsustainable.
- Trigger system: fast selection of interesting events based on kinematic cuts.
- Successive steps: rate reduction, increased granularity and complexity.



The CMS trigger upgrade in Run II

The experimental challenges of Run II lead to the **upgrade** of the L1 trigger HW and strategy (2016):

Calorimetric trigger (e, γ, τ_h, jet, sums)

- Improved granularity: better E_T/position resolution
- Improved object isolation: better particle ID
- Implementation of **PU estimation**/subtraction: resilience to LHC conditions

+

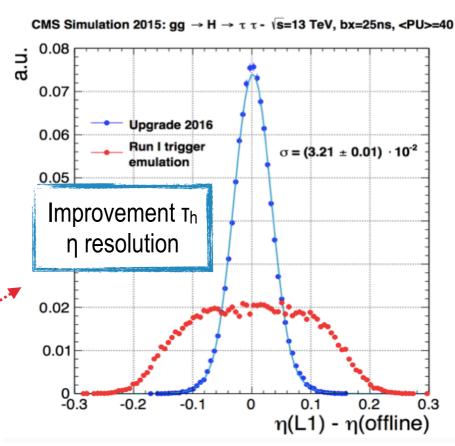
Muon trigger (μ)

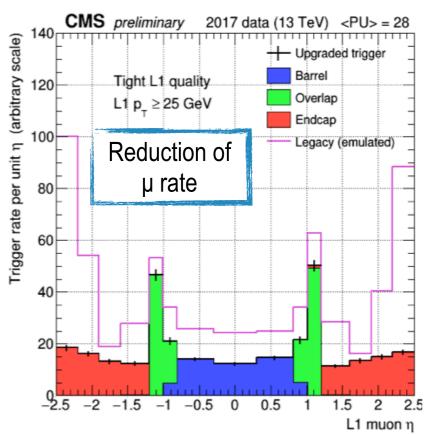
From detector-oriented to **geometry**-oriented: no redundancy, higher efficiency, lower rate



Global trigger (Trigger menu)

More sophisticated object candidates, more algorithms, with more complex correlations

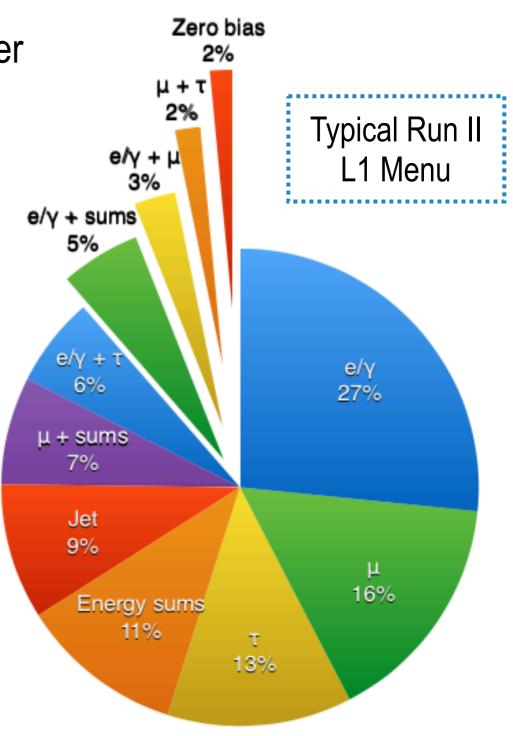




Trigger Upgrade <u>TDR</u>

The CMS trigger menu

- Extensive list of algorithms in the Global Trigger designed to select potentially interesting events.
- Starting point of the CMS physics program: maximize physics acceptance and background rejection.
- Flexible and scalable: evolve with CMS physics interests and adapt to the changes of LHC parameters.
- Up to 512 algorithms with:
 - Single/multiple objects (single-µ, dijet...)
 - Cross-object triggers (τ+e...)
 - Kinematic cuts (E_T, η, φ)
 - Topological correlations (Δη, Δφ, ΔR)
 - Invariant mass (W, Z, VBF)

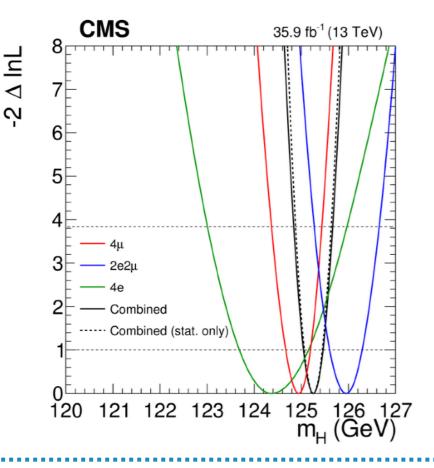


The CMS Higgs physics program

(1) PLB 779 (2018) 283 (2) PRL 121 (2018) 121801 (3) PRL 120 (2018) 231801

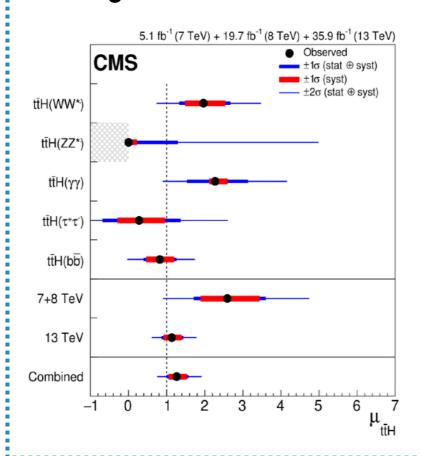
Precision measurements

- Mass/width, anomalous couplings, diff. x-sections.
- High-resolution channels:
 H→γγ,H→ZZ→4I
- μ, e, γ trigger selection and resolution essential.



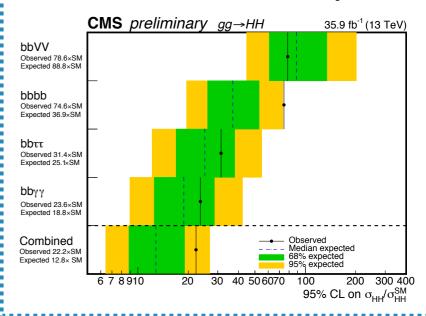
Couplings to fermions

- Recent observations:
 - $\bullet \quad \mathsf{H} \to \mathsf{TT}(1), \ \mathsf{H} \to \mathsf{bb}(2)$
 - ttH(3) process
- Efficiently triggered in Run II and accumulated large statistics.



Rare processes

- H→μμ, HH...
- Trigger optimisation enhanced sensitivity.

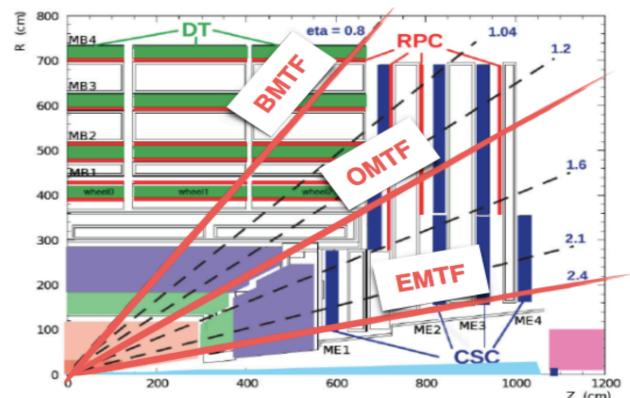


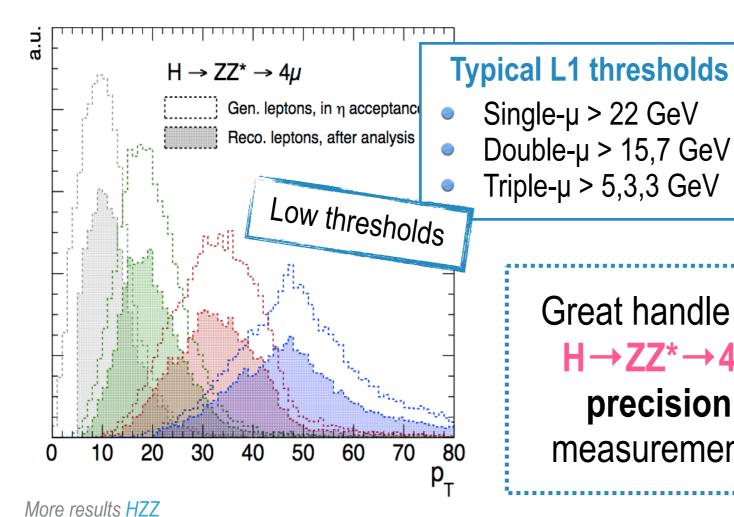
BSM searches

- Additional Higgs scalars,
 H→invisible...
- Relied on energy imbalance triggers.

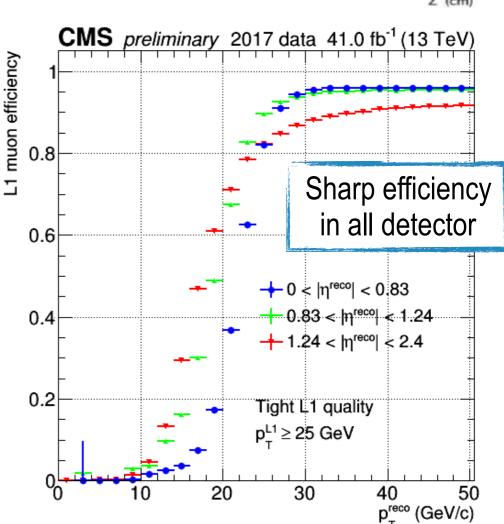
The CMS Level-1 µ trigger

- From detector- to **geometry-oriented**: simultaneous information from the three overlapping detectors (DT, RPC, CSC).
- Combined track finders (BMTF/OMTF/ EMTF) assign p_T, position and quality criteria to each candidate.





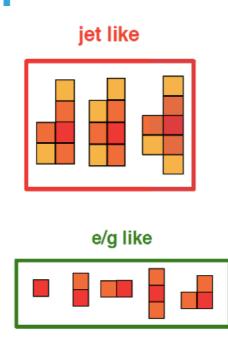
Great handle for $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\mu$ precision measurements

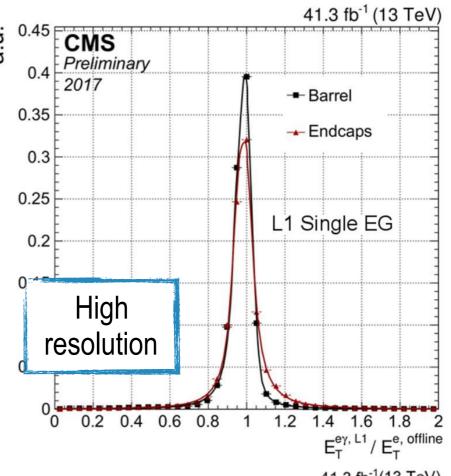


The CMS Level-1 e/y trigger

Low

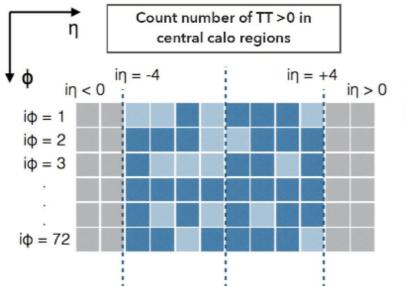
- Identification of e/y candidates through shape and ECAL/HCAL deposits.
- **Pileup estimation** based on energy deposit in center of detector.
- **Isolation** requirements (vs. jets) dependent on pileup and position, relaxed with p_T for maximal efficiency.

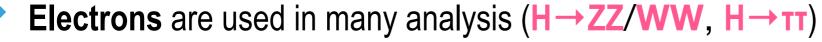




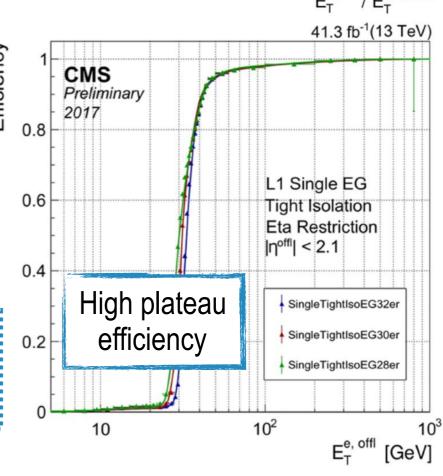
thresholds **Typical L1 thresholds**

- Single-e χ > 30 GeV
- Double-e χ > 25,14 GeV
- Triple-e γ > 18,17,8 GeV





Photon selection essential in $H \rightarrow yy$, most sensitive channel



More results: HGG. HWW

The CMS Level-1 Th trigger

- **Dedicated hadronic τ** algorithm implemented at HW-level for the first time for Run II.
- Merging hadronic decay products into single candidate.
- Pileup estimation based on energy deposit in center of detector.
- Isolation (against jets) dependent on position, energy and pileup, and relaxed with p_T for maximal efficiency.

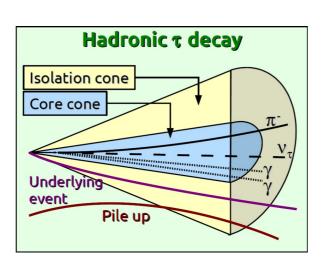
thresholds
Single- τ > 120 GeV
Double- τ > 34,34 GeV
T-ey > 22,26 GeV

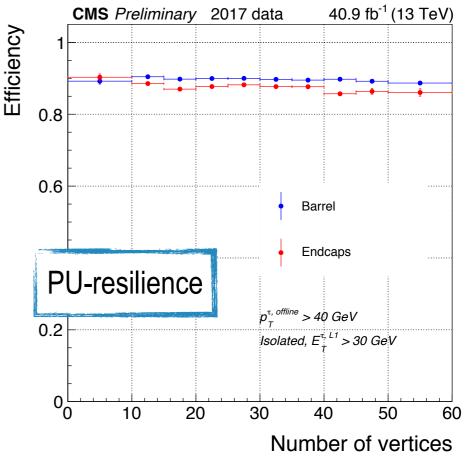
Clusters

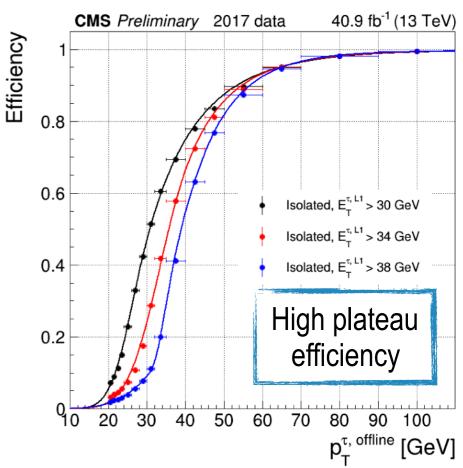
Isolation area

More results: HTT

H→TT observed in 2017 thanks to a dedicated Th algorithm

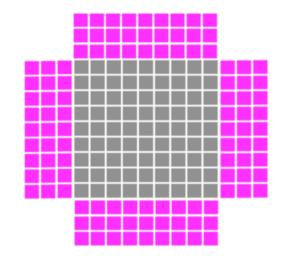






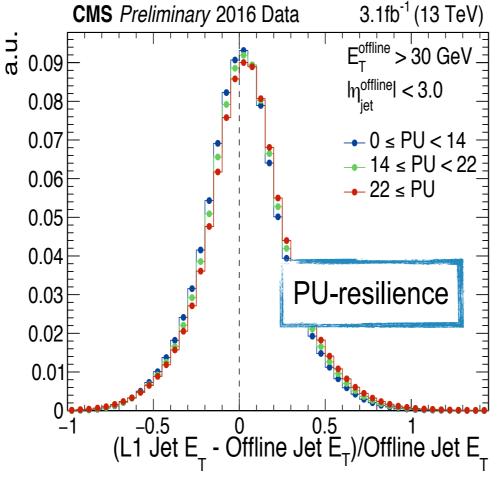
The CMS Level-1 jet / sums triggers

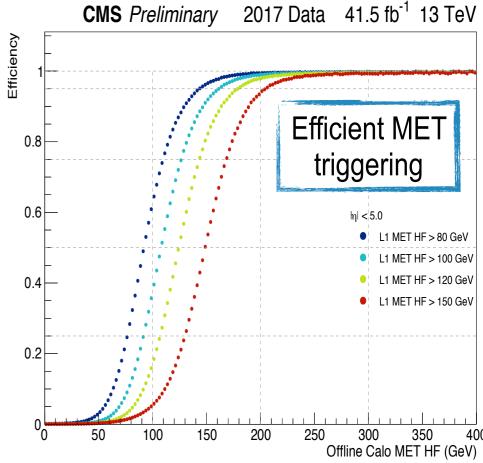
- Dynamic clustering and overlap removal.
- Pileup energy computed based on deposit around jet candidate and subtracted from jet energy.
- Computation of global energy sums: scalar transverse jet energy (HT) and missing transverse energy (MET).
- The L1 jet trigger played a crucial role in the H→bb and ttH (fully hadronic) observations.
- The L1 sums trigger is the starting point of H→inv. searches.



Typical L1 thresholds

- MET > 110 GeV
- HT > 300 GeV

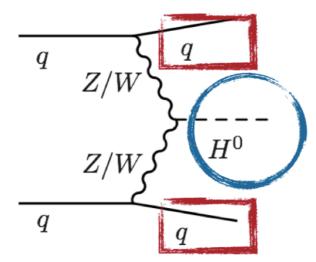




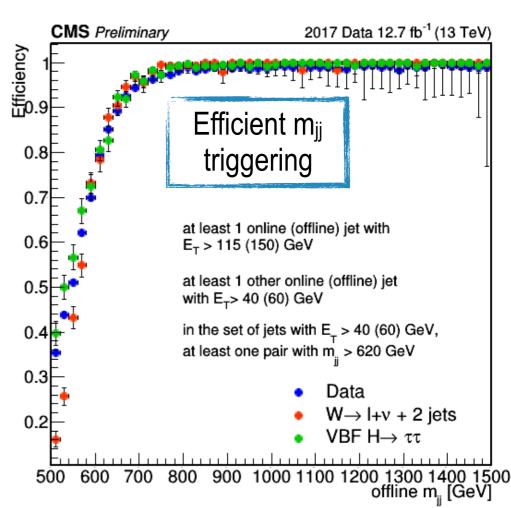
More results: <u>Hbb</u>, <u>ttH</u>, <u>Hinv</u>

The CMS Level-1 VBF trigger

- Introduced after the trigger upgrade, it is the first trigger targeting a Higgs production mode, not a decay mode.
- Characteristic signature:
 - VBF jets with high invariant mass and angular separation
 - Higgs boson decay products in central part of the detector



- at least one jet with E_T > 115 GeV
- at least two jets with E_T > 40 GeV
 and m_{ii} > 620 GeV
- Complement to classic triggers: expansion of the phase space and improvement of sensitivity.



- VBF contributes as ~10% to the Higgs production and is the most sensitive channel in H→TT analysis.
- The VBF trigger provided in 2017 ~40% additional VBF H→ττ events with respect to the Double-τ trigger alone.

Conclusions

- The CMS trigger menu is the starting point of many physics analysis and it evolves with the collaboration interests and accelerator parameters.
- The CMS L1 trigger was upgraded for the challenging conditions of Run II:
 - More sophisticated object algorithms (isolation, PU resilence)
 - Complex correlations among objects (invariant masses)
 - Analysis-targeted algorithms (VBF)
- The Run II L1 trigger upgrade showed extremely good performance, being able to maintain the nominal thresholds and excellent efficiencies in spite of the LHC high pileup and instantaneous luminosities.
- This enabled an exhaustive and complete coverage of CMS Higgs physics program during Run II, where the trigger played a key role in the H→ττ, H→bb and ttH observations.

Thank you for your attention

Further reading:

- Trigger upgrade TDR
- Run-I trigger
- Level-1 trigger performance

The CMS Level-1 trigger

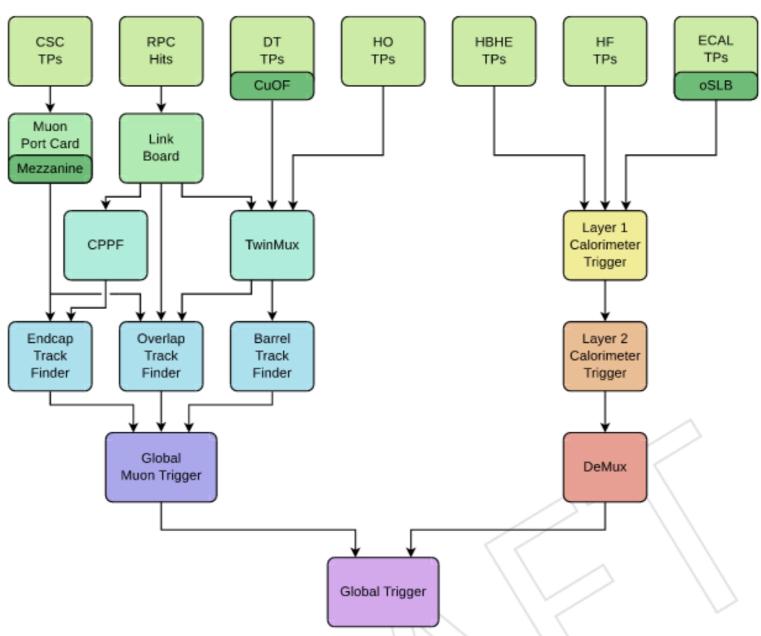
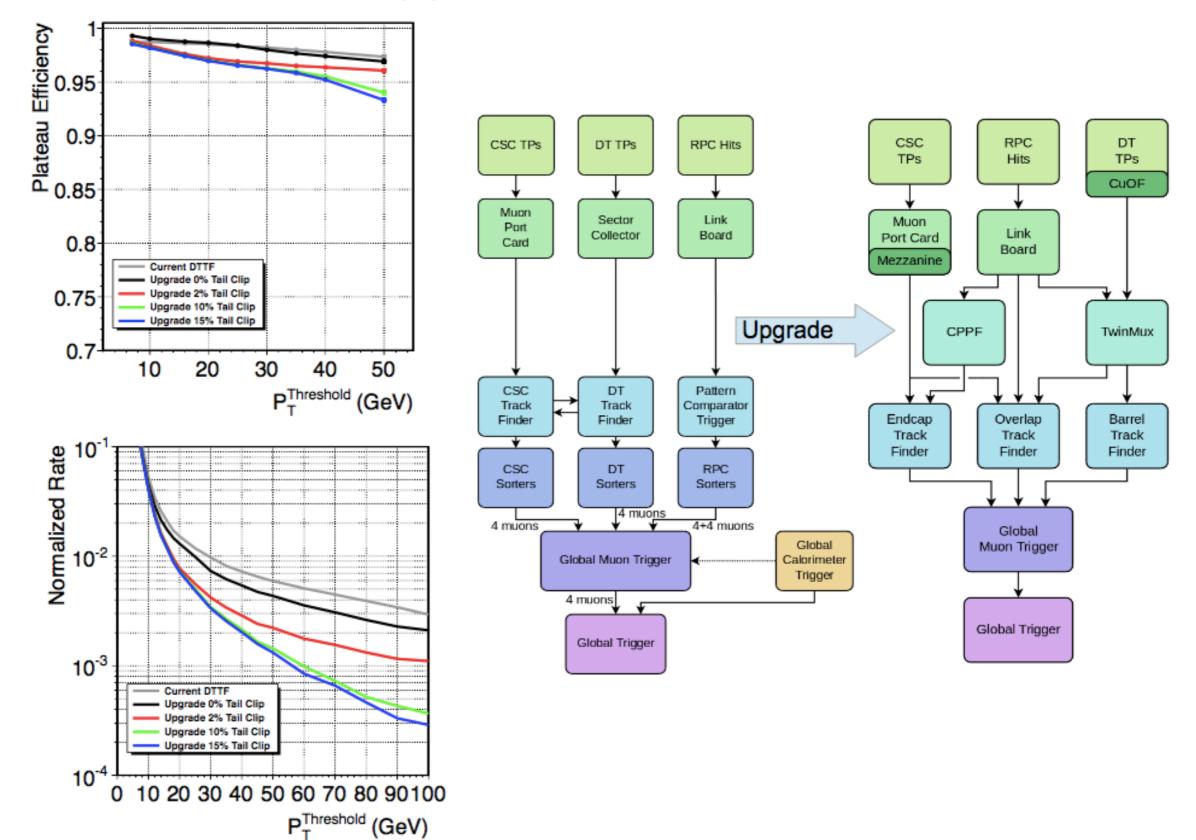
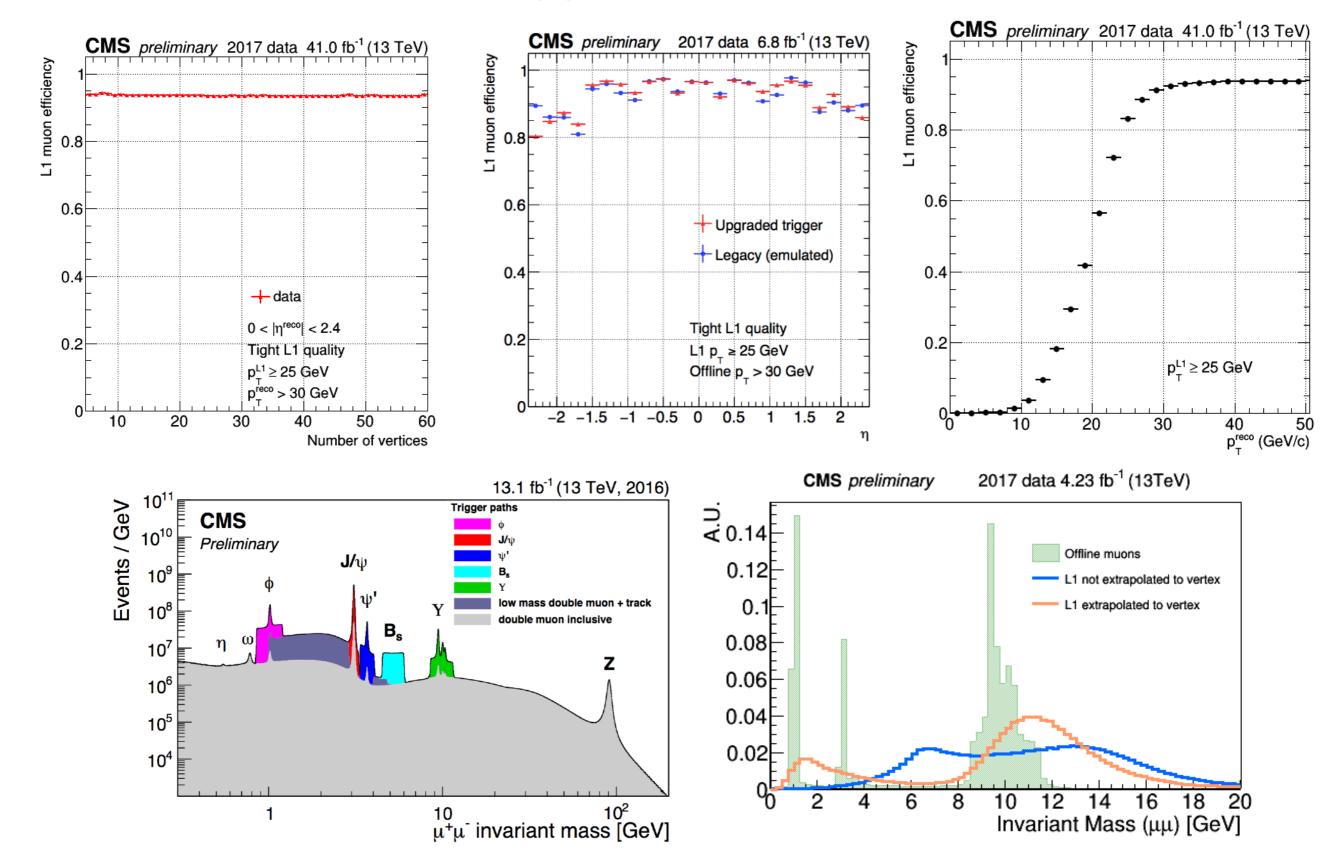


Figure 2: Diagram of the Level-1 trigger systems during Run-2.

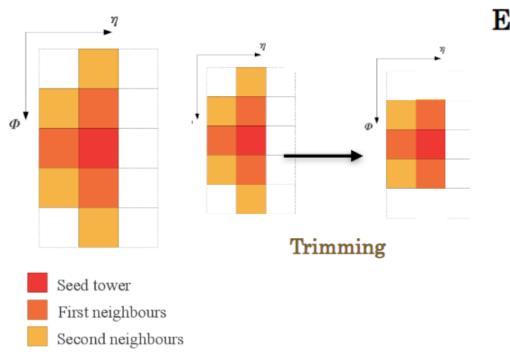
The CMS Level-1 µ trigger



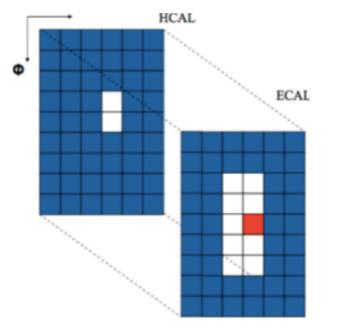
The CMS Level-1 µ trigger

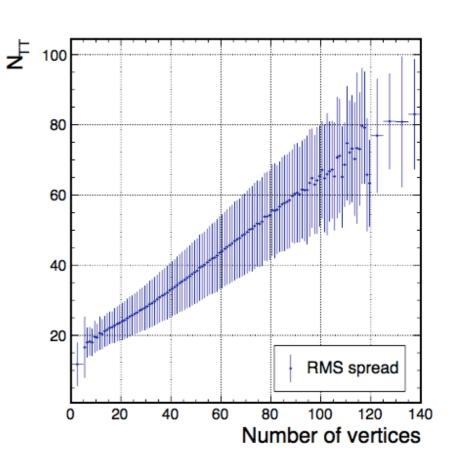


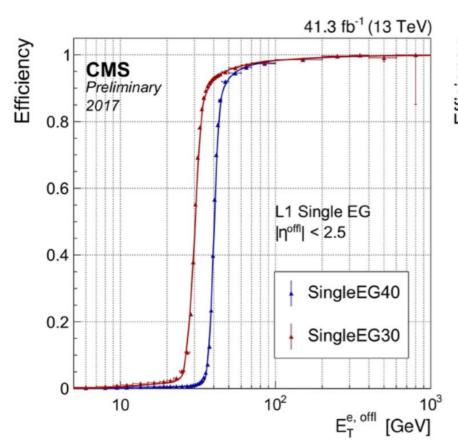
The CMS Level-1 e/y trigger

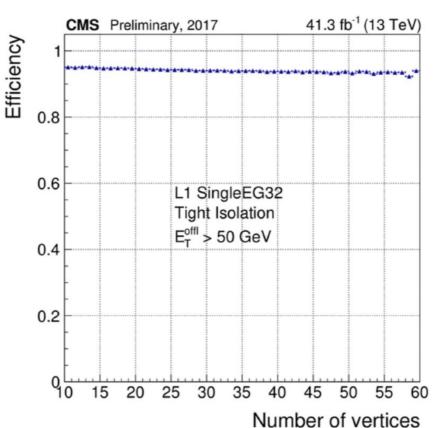


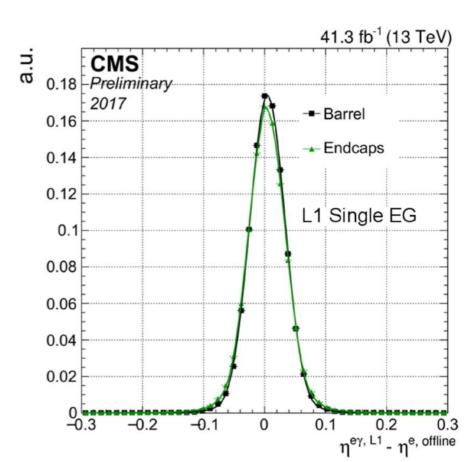
 $E+H_{6x9}-E_{2x5}-H_{1x2}$ <isolation cut



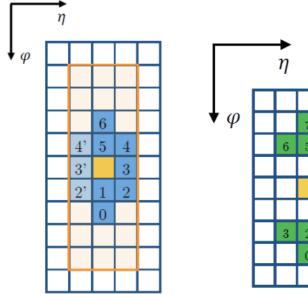




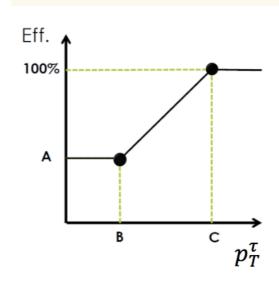




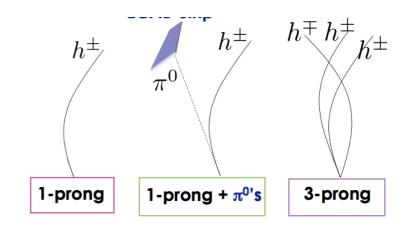
The CMS Level-1 Th trigger

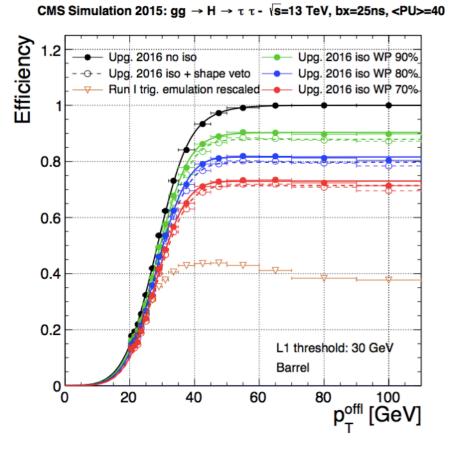


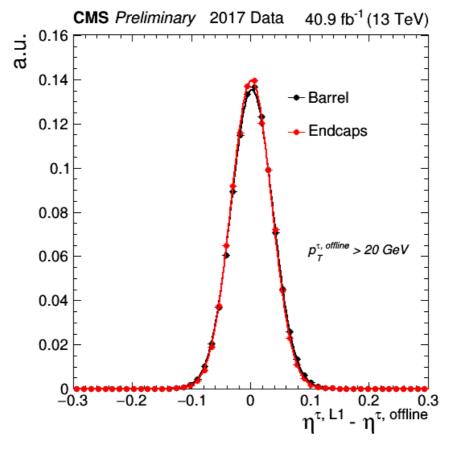
$$E_{T,iso}^{\tau} = E_T^{6x9} - E_{T,raw}^{\tau}$$

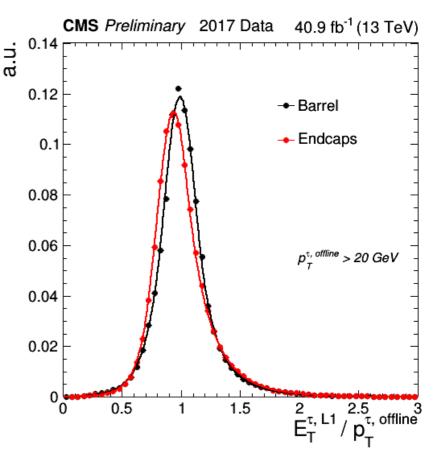


Decay mode	Meson resonance	B[%]
$ au^- ightarrow e^- \overline{ u}_e u_ au$		17.8
$ au^- o \mu^- \overline{ u}_\mu u_ au$		17.4
$\tau^- ightarrow h^- u_{ au}$		11.5
$ au^- ightarrow ext{h}^- \pi^0 u_ au$	$\rho(770)$	26.0
$ au^- ightarrow \mathrm{h}^- \pi^0 \pi^0 u_ au$	$a_1(1260)$	9.5
$ au^- ightarrow ext{h}^- ext{h}^+ ext{h}^- u_ au$	$a_1(1260)$	9.8
$ au^- ightarrow ext{h}^- ext{h}^+ ext{h}^- \pi^0 u_ au$		4.8
Other modes with hadrons		3.2
All modes containing hadrons		64.8

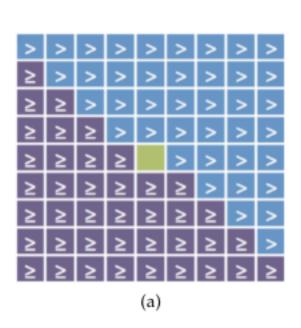


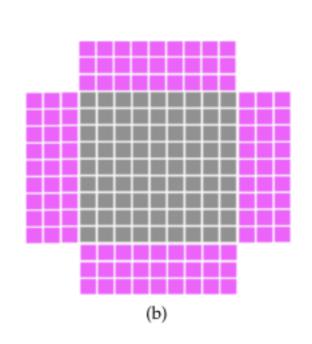


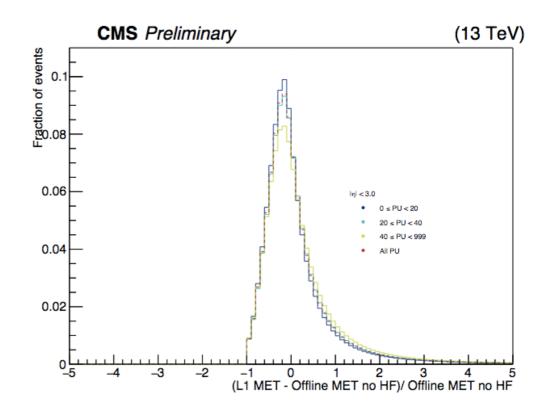


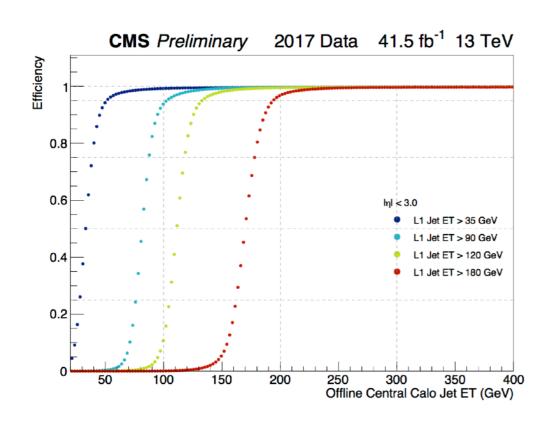


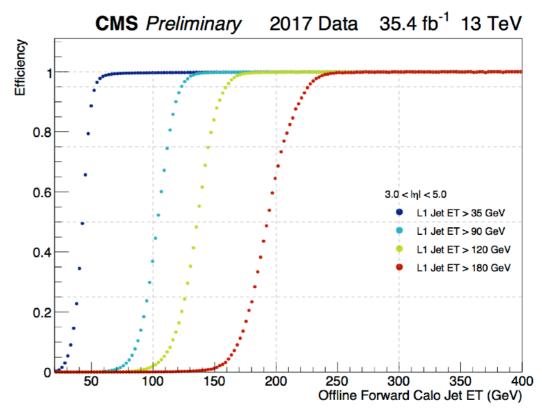
The CMS Level-1 jets and sums trigger





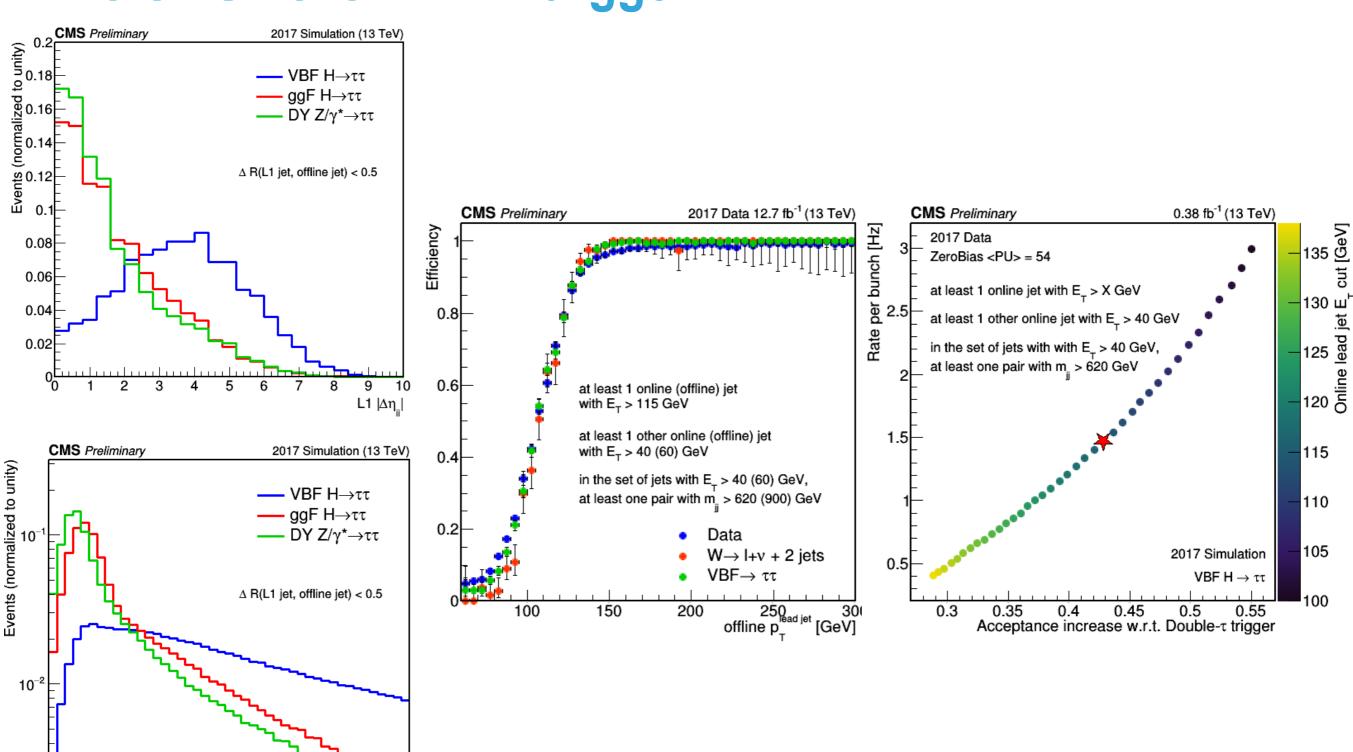




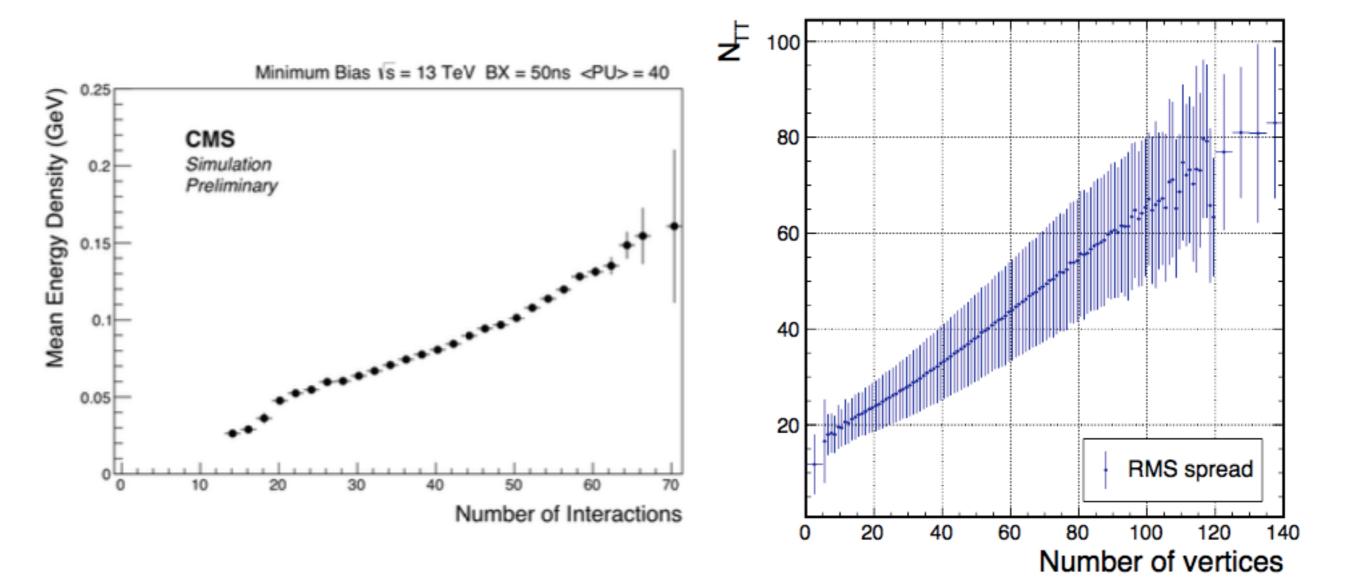


The CMS Level-1 VBF trigger

L1 M_{ii} [GeV]



Pileup



Menu

	#Instances	Width [bits]	Quantities
Muon	8	64	ϕ , η , p_T , quality, charge, and charge valid
Jet	12	32	ϕ , η , $E_{\rm T}$, quality
e/γ	12	32	ϕ , η , $E_{\rm T}$, isolation, quality
Tau	12	32	ϕ , η , $E_{\rm T}$, isolation, quality
HF min. bias	4	4	One instance per detector side, two thresholds.
Tower count	1	13	$E_{ m T}$
$E_{\rm T}$, $E_{\rm TTEM}$	1	12	$E_{ m T}$
$H_{ m T}$	1	12	$E_{ m T}$
$E_{T,miss}$	1	20	ϕ , $E_{\rm T}$
$H_{ m T,miss}$	1	20	ϕ , $E_{\rm T}$
$E_{T,HF,miss}$	1	20	ϕ , $E_{\rm T}$
$H_{T,HF,miss}$	1	20	ϕ , E_{T}

Higgs Physics

