Stability study of triple GEM detector with radioactive source S. Roy, S. Rudra, S. Shaw, S. Chakraborty, S. Chatterjee, R. P.Adak, S. Biswas, S. Das, S. K. Ghosh, S. K. Prasad, S. Raha

Bose Institute, Kolkata



RD51 Mini-Week, 4-6 December 2018, CERN

At Bose Institute, an initiative has been taken for R&D of GEM detector (stability test) for ALICE TPC upgrade and CBM Muon Chamber (MuCh)

Set-up at Bose Institute



Triple GEM detector





Triple GEM detector



Schematic representation of the electronics setup



- Flow rate: 3 lt/hr
- Conventional NIM electronics
- Pre-amplifier:VV 50-2 (Heidelberg)

Fe⁵⁵ Signals from GEM





Energy Spectrum



Fe⁵⁵ spectra at different voltages



Gain and Energy resolution Vs. GEM voltage



Experimental details

- Same Fe⁵⁵ source used for irradiation and monitoring spectrum
- Gas:Ar/CO₂ 70/30
- Constant applied voltage to the divider: -4100 V
- ∆V ~ 384 V
- Rate ~ 350 kHz in 50 mm² area
- Fe⁵⁵ spectrum obtained in every 10 minutes
- Temperature, pressure are measured continuously



Gain and and T/p Vs. time





Correlation of gain and T/p





Normalised gain Vs. dQ/dA



S. Roy, et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods A (2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2018.10.060. 14



Distribution of normalized gain





Energy resolution Vs. time





Energy resolution Vs. T/p





Normalised resolution Vs. dQ/dA



Distribution of normalised energy resolution





Uniformity



S. Chatterjee, et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods A (2018), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2018.08.068.



Uniformity



Fluctuation ~8.4%

18.6%

17.9%



Summary

- Characteristic studies are performed for GEM detector with Ar/CO₂ gas mixture using conventional NIM electronics.
- Count rate, gain, energy are studied
- Stability of gain and energy resolution at high rate is under investigation for GEM detector. No ageing after accumulation of 7 mC/mm²
- Uniformity checked

Thank you!