UK experience with publishing CE description in json format

Alastair Dewhurst, Alessandra Forti

Motivation

- Flat cash funding means real term cuts to effort.
 - Across the UK 18 Site BDIIs and 2 Top BDIIs probably at least 0.5FTE looking after it.
- BDII is not fit for purpose:
 - New users (e.g. DUNE, SKA) are getting their information elsewhere.
 - It cannot be easily extended for new services.
- Already know we can manage without BDII:
 - New services (e.g. Echo) are not publishing to the BDII
 - US stopped supporting it.



Types of information

Static

- Describes how a service is configured.
- Changes rare, normally because of significant change.

Semi-Static

- Accounting information.
- Space usage.

Dynamic

• Job status - This should be got directly from the CEs which should have been designed to cope with the number of jobs being run.

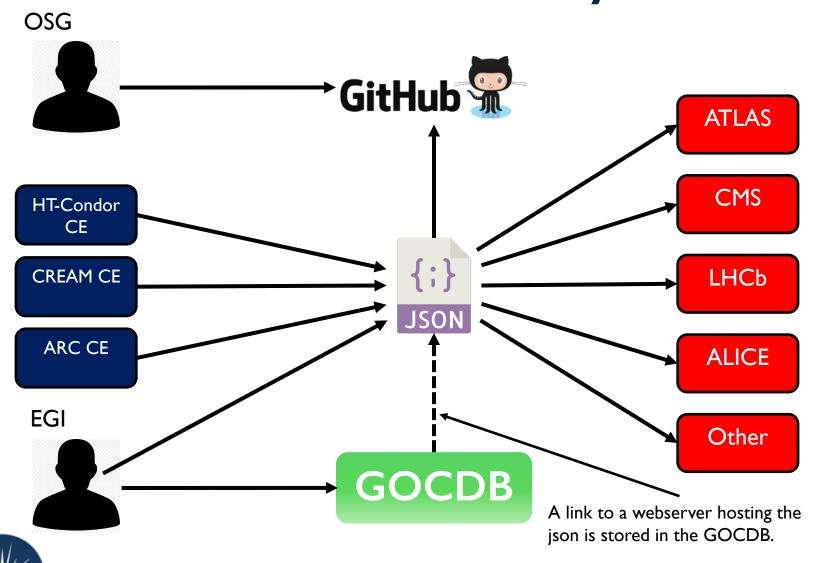


Types of usage

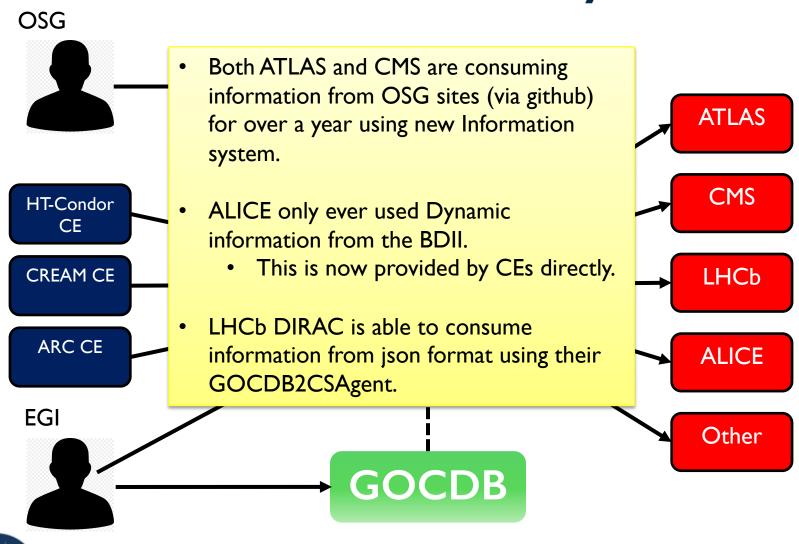
- Functional
 - E.g. Test jobs 1 an hour.
 - Reasonable to expect json to provide sufficient information to do this!
 - Site admin shouldn't have to be involved.
- Scale
 - E.g. Production work 10 000 an hour.
 - Optimal setup will require dialogue between Site admin and experiment.
- We are not trying to build an information system that can describe all the nuances of every system.
 - Major changes to systems running at scale should always have human oversight! (e.g. $SL6 \rightarrow Centos$?)

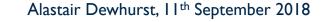


New Information System



New Information System





Security implications

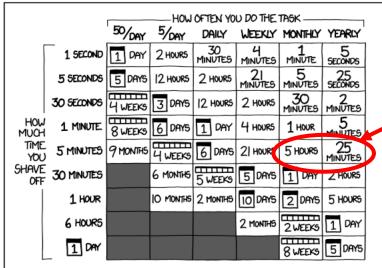
- Main security monitoring EGI CSIRT uses relies upon Argo.
 - Migration to Argo ongoing.
 - Argo developers need to be able to understand new format.
- Other things to consider:
 - Make sure up to date information on sites for incident response.
 - Need to propagate suspension information.
 - BDII is used to identify endpoints for security service challenges.



Manual vs Automated

- What if CE scripts to create json are not available?
 - Time taken to manually edit json file ~5 minutes.
 - The information is static, so only needs updating when site make a significant change.
 - Doing more than one update a month seems unlikely...

HOW LONG CAN YOU WORK ON MAKING A ROUTINE TASK MORE EFFICIENT BEFORE YOU'RE SPENDING MORE TIME THAN YOU SAVE? (ACROSS FIVE YEARS)



Not automating the json update will cost between 30 minutes and half a day of work for each site admin over the next 5 years.

Keeping the automated script running may use more time.

Running a BDII is significantly more effort than either.



Info System updates

- ATLAS Grid Information System polls BDII every 2 hours.
 - All updates are logged.
- Comparison between new OSG system and BDII has been performed over last 1.8 years of updates.
- New OSG system updates each Panda Queue on average once every 5 years.
- The vast majority of BDII changes are flip-flopping between two values.
 - We assume a correct one and a "default" one when the automated updates breaks.

	EGI (BDII)	OSG (New InfoSys)
Number of Panda Queues	722	349
Maxwallclock time updates	32643	75
Status updates	92925	45
Maxcputime updates	31761	I
Total updates per year	120 / PQ	0.2 / PQ



Practical experiences



GOCDB

- Link to json is stored in GOCDB in a "Property Extension"
 - We need to agree on a name.
 - Suggestion: "InformationSystem"
- All json could be extracted from GOCDB via:

\$ wget https://goc.egi.eu/gocdbpi/public/?method=get service endpoint&extensions=(InformationSystem=)

Currently only RAL available.







First attempt looked like this:

```
"computingservices" [
    "ce id": 1234,
    "ce name": "arc-ce01.gridpp.rl.ac.uk",
    "cs endpointurl": "https://arc-ce01.gridpp.rl.ac.uk:2811/",
    "cs_flavour": "ARC-CE",
    "cs version": "5.64",
    "cs jobmanager": "condor",
    "cs_jobmanager_version": "2",
    "cs status": "production",
    "cs state": "production",
    "cs queue name": "grid3000M",
    "cs_queue_maxcputime": 0,
    "cs queue maxwalltime": 345600,
    "cs_queue_maxmainmemory": "8048",
    "cs queue maxrunningjobs": "25000",
     "cs_assigned_vo": ["ATLAS", "CMS", "LHCb", "ALICE",],
     "cs message": "some free form text" }
```



Initial feedback

- We can simplify the names of JSON since all the data is inside the "computingservices".
 - The "cs_" or "ce_" prefixes can be dropped.
- The "id" and "name" are unnecessary, we can identify it via the endpoint.
- We need to add "site" field to represent GOCDB/OIM site name.



Json take 2

```
"computingservices": [
     "site": "RAL-LCG2".
     "endpointurl": "https://arc-ce01.gridpp.rl.ac.uk:2811/",
     "flavour": "ARC-CE",
     "version": "5.0.5",
     "jobmanager": "condor",
     "jobmanager_version": "8.6.9",
     "status": "production",
     "state": "production",
     "queue_name": "grid3000M",
     "queue_maxcputime": 0,
     "queue_maxwalltime": 345600,
     "queue maxmainmemory": 8048,
     "queue maxrunningjobs": 25000,
     "assigned_vo": ["ATLAS", "CMS", "LHCb", "ALICE"],
     "message": "some free form text"
},
```



More feedback

- Its better but the structure is still flat.
 - We have several CEs, which all have access to the same batch resources How do we publish this?
- This is not a new problem and Brian B / OSG have made a proposal.
 - https://docs.google.com/document/d/lpg_5Kibc_-Z4JF4_HJyW5xL6GVYKwXx0U7DXf2QP9Ag/edit



Json proposal

```
"computingservices": [
     "site": "RAL-LCG2".
     "jobmanager": "condor",
     "jobmanager_version": "8.6.9",
     "maxcputime": 0,
     "maxwalltime": 345600,
     "maxmainmemory": 8048,
     "maxrunningjobs": 25000,
     "assigned vo": ["ATLAS", "CMS", "LHCb", "ALICE"],
     "message": "some free form text",
     "endpoints": [
           "url": "https://arc-ce01.gridpp.rl.ac.uk:2811/",
           "flavour": "ARC-CE",
           "version": "5.0.5",
           "status": "production",
           "state": "production"
```

Conclusions

- Discussion of json format has prevented a new information system for being rolled out.
 - We need to find a way forward.
 - Json does allow things to evolve.
- The information system needs to provide enough information to allow the automated submission of test jobs.
 - It should provide guidance for those running at scale.



Backup



UK BDII instances

Site	Site Bdii	Top Bdii
ECDF	info4.glite.ecdf.ed.ac.uk	
внам	epgr09.ph.bham.ac.uk	
Liverpool	hepgrid4.ph.liv.ac.uk	
Manchester	site-bdii.tier2.hep.manchester.ac.uk	top-bdii.tier2.hep.manchester.ac.uk
Sheffield	lcg.shef.ac.uk	
Durham	site-bdii.dur.scotgrid.ac.uk	
Brunel	dc2-grid-68.brunel.ac.uk	
RHUL	sbdii2.ppgrid1.rhul.ac.uk	
Cambridge	vserv02.hep.phy.cam.ac.uk	
Bristol	lcgbdii02.phy.bris.ac.uk	
Sussex	grid-bdii-02.hpc.susx.ac.uk	
Lancaster	py-fjalar.hec.lancs.ac.uk	
QMUL	bdii02.esc.qmul.ac.uk	
Oxford	t2bdii06.physics.ox.ac.uk	
Imperial	bdii.grid.hep.ph.ic.ac.uk (2)	topbdii.grid.hep.ph.ic.ac.uk (2)
Glasgow	svr030.gla.scotgrid.ac.uk	
RALPP	site-bdii.pp.rl.ac.uk	
RAL Tier-I	site-bdii.gridpp.rl.ac.uk (2)	lcgbdii.gridpp.rl.ac.uk (2)
TOTAL hosts	20	5

