



# Search for new vector boson decaying to a top quark and bottom quark using 36.1/fb data with the ATLAS detector

Rui Yuan

Michigan State University, Shandong University

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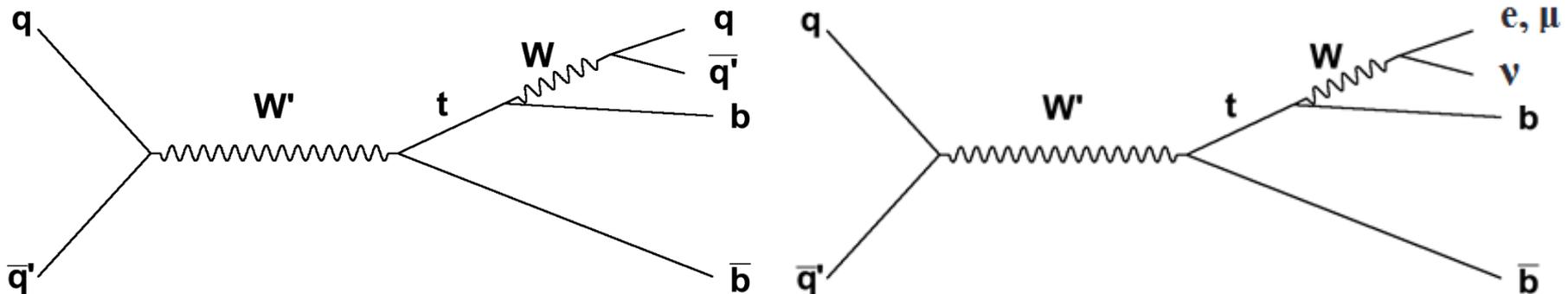
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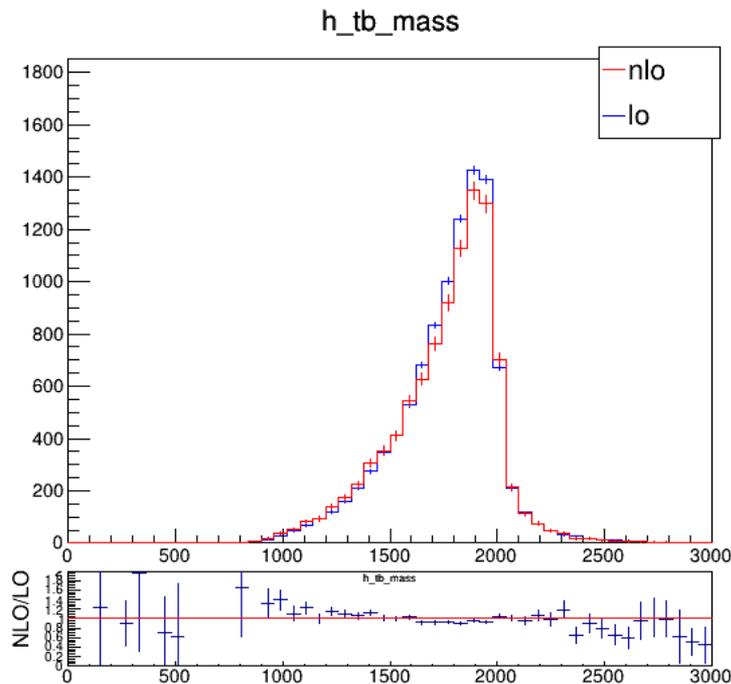
# $W' \rightarrow tb$ : Introduction

- Boson, spin 1, charge  $\pm 1$ , introduced by many BSM theories
- Chirality  $W'_L$  and  $W'_R$
- $W'_R$  can't decay to  $l\nu$  if  $m_{\nu_R} > m_{W'_R}$
- All-hadronic/semi-leptonic channel: decay mode of W boson comes from top
  - Hadronic: 1 top quark(include 1 b quark and 2 light quarks) + 1 isolated b quark
  - Leptonic: 2 b quarks + 1 lepton(e,  $\mu$ ) + 1 neutrino

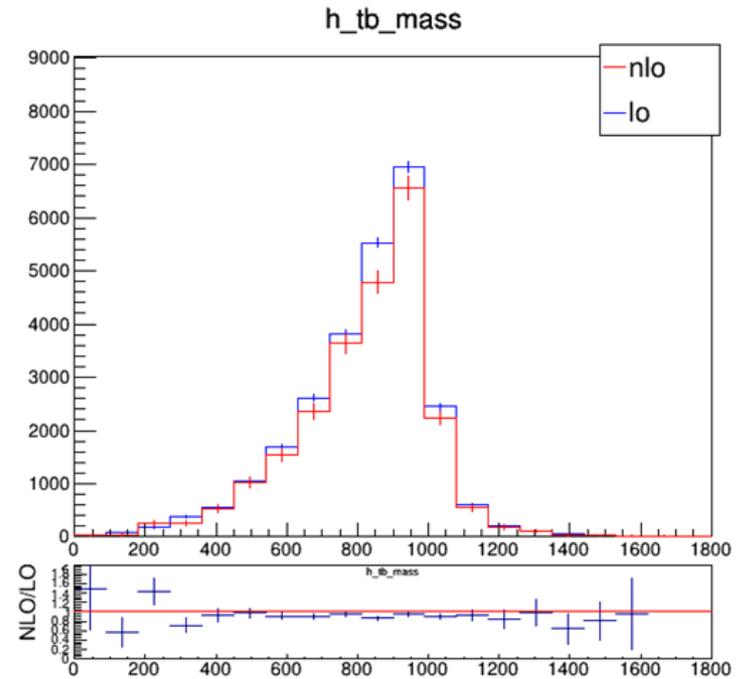


# $W' \rightarrow tb$ : Signal

- We use the signal sample generated at LO, and rescaled to NLO calculations using NLO/LO K-factors given by ZTOP (D. Duffy, Z. Sullivan, Phys. Rev. D 86 (2012) 075018)
- Generated by Madgraph5 at NLO is consistent with LO\*K-factors on particle level(k-factors from 1.1 to 1.4 for semi-leptonic channel, 1.3 to 1.4 for all-hadronic channel)



all-hadronic, 3.5 TeV

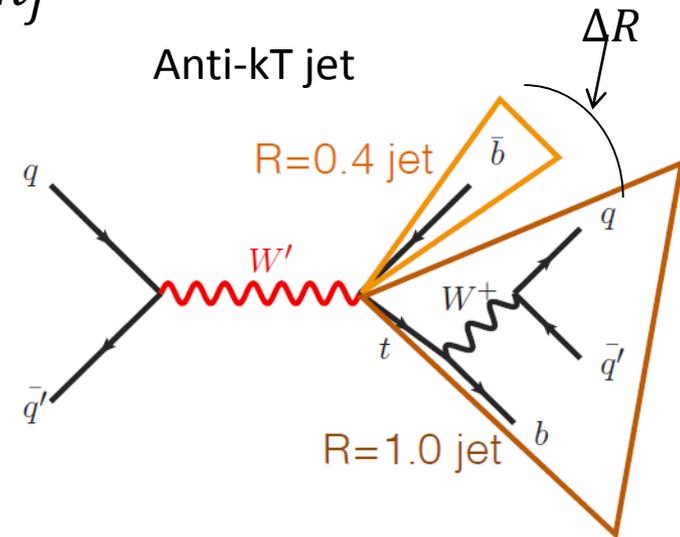


semi-leptonic, 1TeV,

$W'_R$ , NLO compare to LO\*K-factor, normalize to same luminosity

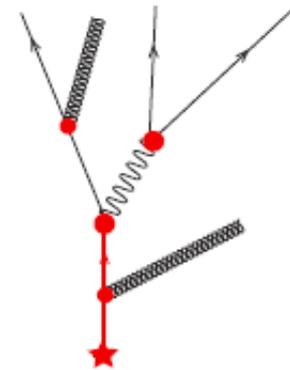
# All-hadronic: Selection

- Data-driven method requires definition of top and bottom candidates before tagging
  - Effective mass:  $m_{eff} = m_j + 0.15 * m_J$
  - J: R = 1.0 jet,  
j: highest  $p_T$  R = 0.4 jet  
among those of which are inside J
  - R=1.0 jet with the highest effective Mass -> top-candidate jet
  - R=0.4 jet with the highest  $p_T$  and  $\Delta R > 2$  -> b-candidate jet
- 2 signal categories: 0 b-tag inside top-candidate jet and 1 b-tag inside top-candidate jet

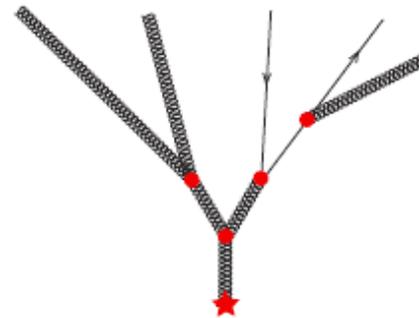


# All-hadronic: Top tag

- Top-tag method: Shower deconstruction
- Exclusive  $k_T$  sub-jet inside 'top jet' (splitting scale threshold = 15 GeV)
- 2 sub-jets to match  $W$  mass plus 1 more sub-jet to match top-quark mass
- Estimate the likelihood of a top-quark decay vs that of a light-quark/gluon showering
- Better performance in high  $p_T$



Top quark shower history



light jet shower history

# All-hadronic: Background

- “2D sideband” method for estimating background
- Top-tag: loose/tight
- b-tag: tagged/not tagged
- Two taggers have non-negligible correlation. Correlation factors R are derived from QCD background simulation for each SR

Preselected large-R jet	Loose top-tagged but not tight top-tagged	3	6
	Tight top-tagged	2	5
	Tight top-tagged	1	4
		b-tagged	Not b-tagged

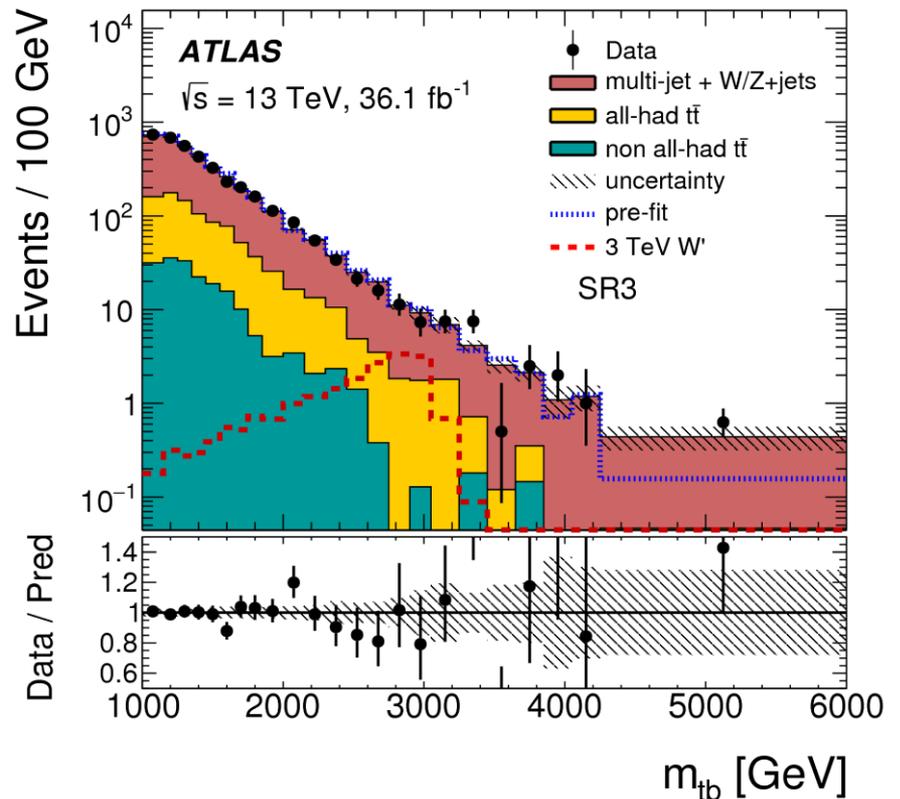
Preselected small-R jet

$$R_1^{corr} = \frac{N_1^{QCD_{MC}} \cdot N_6^{QCD_{MC}}}{N_3^{QCD_{MC}} \cdot N_4^{QCD_{MC}}}$$

$$N_1^{QCD} = R_1^{corr} \cdot \frac{N_3^{QCD} \cdot N_4^{QCD}}{N_6^{QCD}}, \quad N_i^{QCD} = N_i^{Data} - N_i^{ttbar} \quad i = 3,4,5,6$$

# All-hadronic: Mass Spectrum

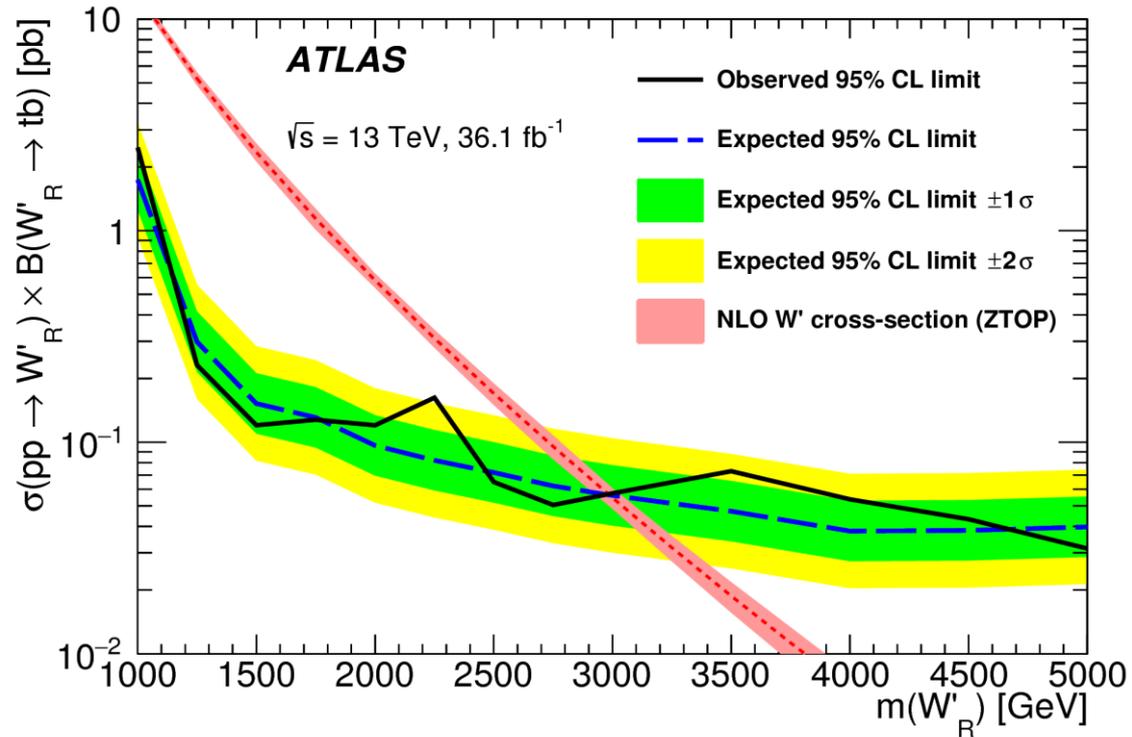
- 3 Signal regions
  - Tight top tag, 0 b-tag in
  - Loose top tag, 1 b-tag in
  - Tight top tag, 1 b-tag in
- Profile likelihood fit
- Most significant systematic uncertainties
  - 2D sideband correlation factors and b-tagging
- No excess found



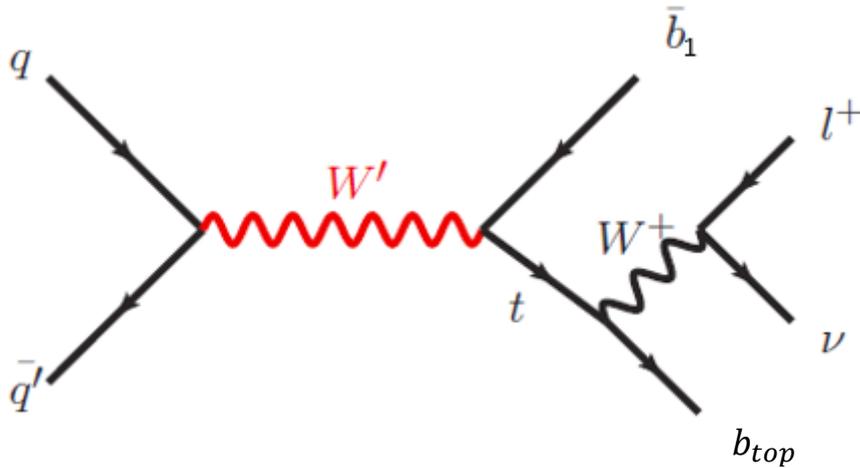
Tight top tag, 1 b-tag in

# All-hadronic: Limits Setting

- Limits for  $W'_R$  on cross-section\*BR
- Exclude  $W'_R$  mass up to 3 TeV at 95% CL
- Exclude  $W'_L$  mass up to 2.85 TeV 95% CL
- Run 1 ( $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$ ) limits of  $W'_R$ : 1.76 TeV, 95% CL



# Semi-leptonic: Selection & Reconstruction



- Neutrino  $p_z$  calculation
  - Estimated from MET and W mass constraint
- Top and W' reconstruction
  - Find jet that gives  $m_{l\nu b}$  closest to top-quark mass: jet “b from top”
  - Assign highest  $p_T$  remaining jet to W' decay: jet “b from W' ”

Signal Region	VR <sub>pretag</sub>	VR <sub><math>t\bar{t}</math></sub>	VR <sub>HF</sub>
2 or 3 jets	2 or 3 jets	4 jets	2 or 3 jets
1 or 2 $b$ -jets	pretag	1 or 2 $b$ -jets	1 $b$ -jet
$\Delta R(\ell, b_{\text{top}}) < 1.0$			$\Delta R(\ell, b_{\text{top}}) > 2.0$
$m_{tb} > 500 \text{ GeV}$			$\Delta R(b_1, b_{\text{top}}) > 1.5$

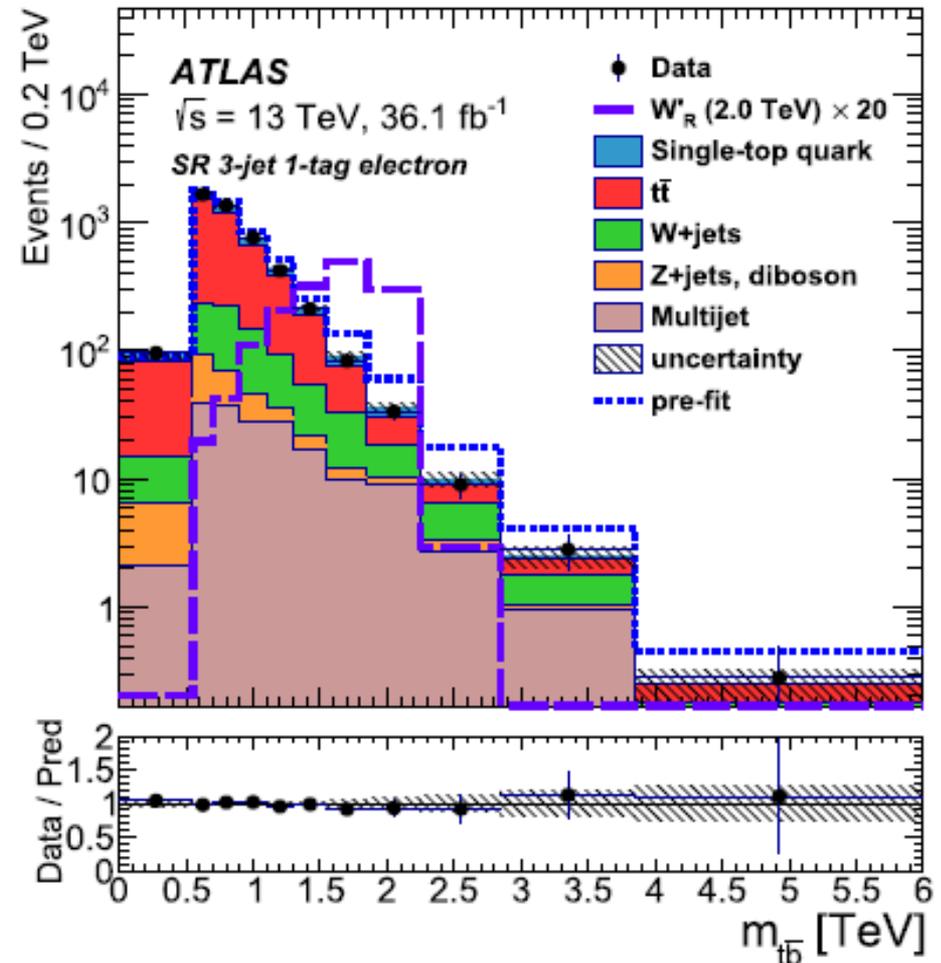
# Semi-leptonic: Background

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- $t\bar{t}$ , single-top, diboson and  $W$ +jets backgrounds
  - Modeled using the simulated MC samples
  - Dominant in signal regions:  $t\bar{t}$  and  $W$ +jets production, the normalization of these backgrounds is allowed to float freely in fit
  
- Multijet background
  - Estimate from data using Matrix Method

# Semi-leptonic: Mass Spectrum

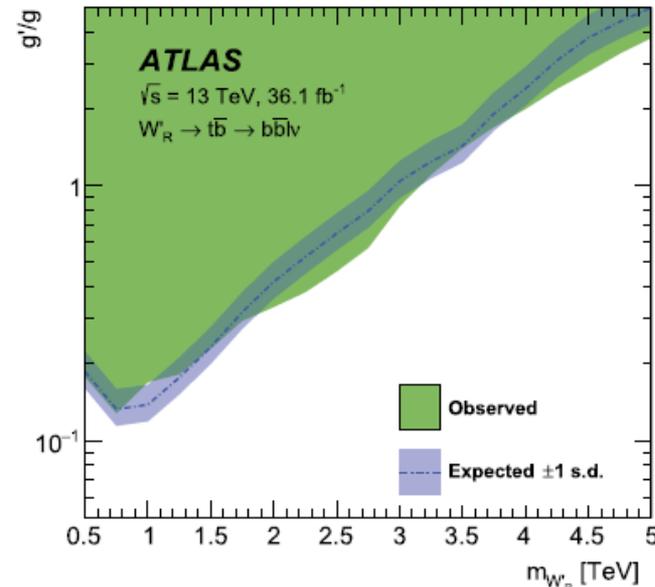
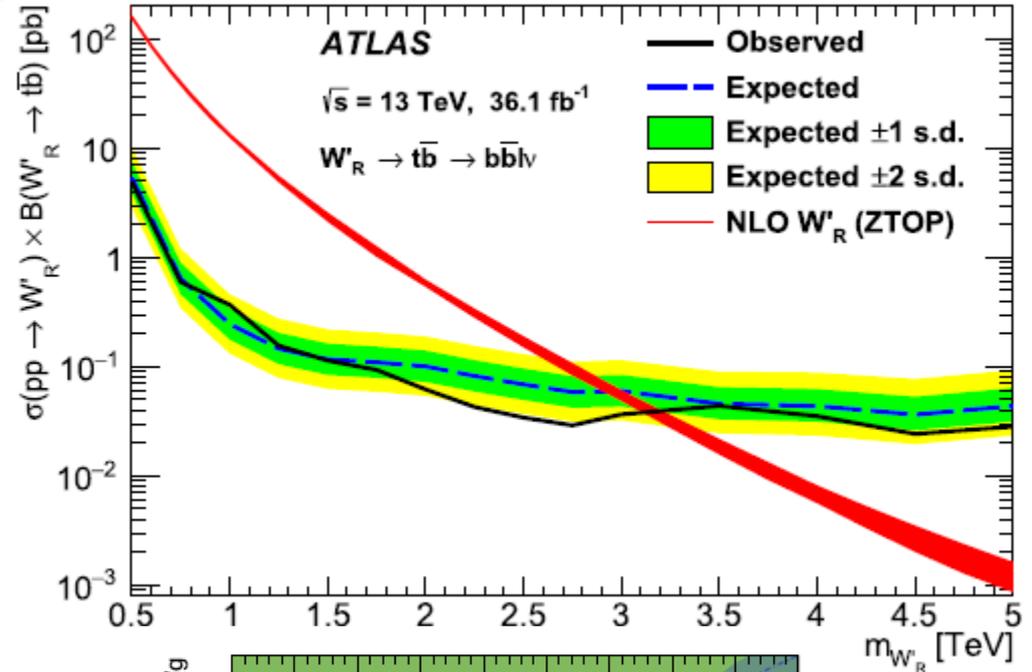
- SR: 2/3jets+1/2b-tag+e/ $\mu$
- Below masses of 2 TeV the dominant uncertainty:  $t\bar{t}$  normalization and shape modeling
- At higher masses the dominant source of uncertainty: multijet background and b-tagging uncertainty



3-jet, 1 b-tag, electron

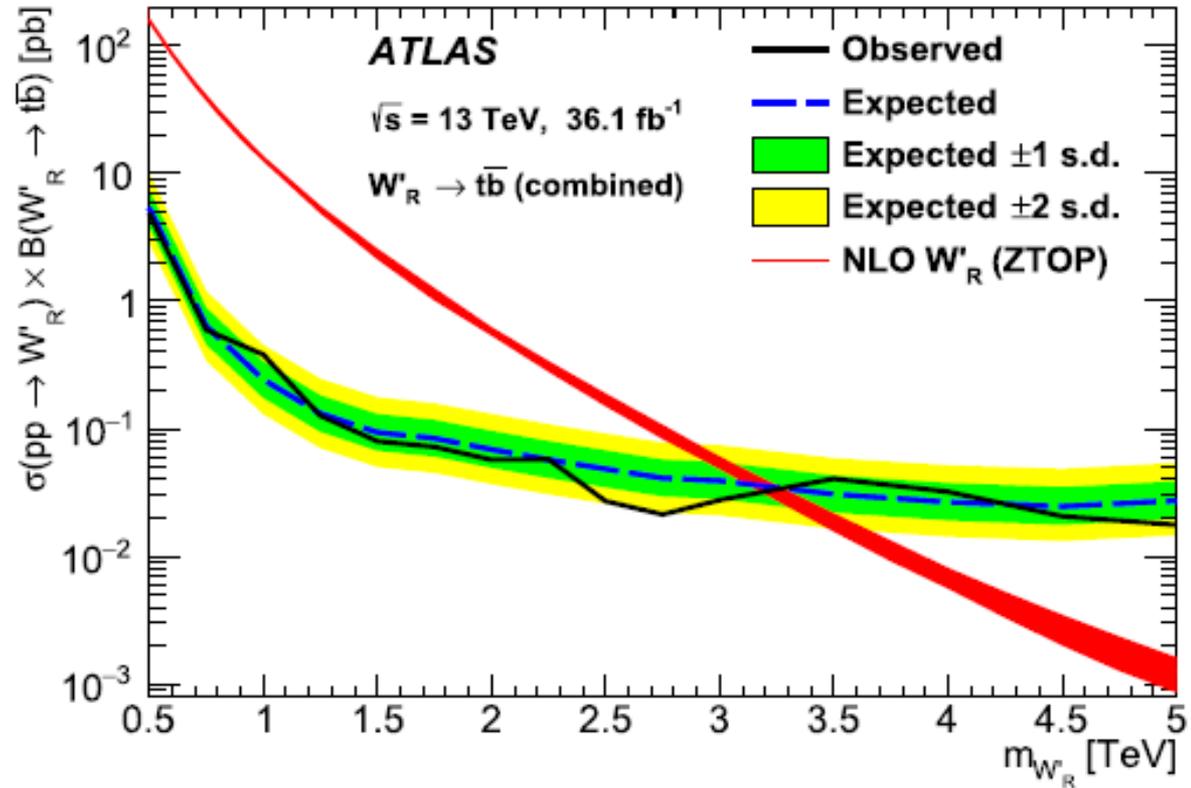
# Semi-leptonic: Limit Setting

- Limits on  $W'_R$  cross-section \* BR
- Exclude  $W'_R$  mass up to 3.15 TeV at 95% CL
- Run 1 ( $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$ ) limits of  $W'_R$ : 1.92 TeV, 95% CL
- Limits on the ratio of couplings  $g'/g$  are derived from the limits on the  $W'$  cross-section



# Combined $W'_R$ limit

- Exclude  $W'_R$  mass up to 3.25 TeV at 95% CL, combined with  $W' \rightarrow t\bar{b}$  hadronic channel result



# CMS: Mass Spectrum

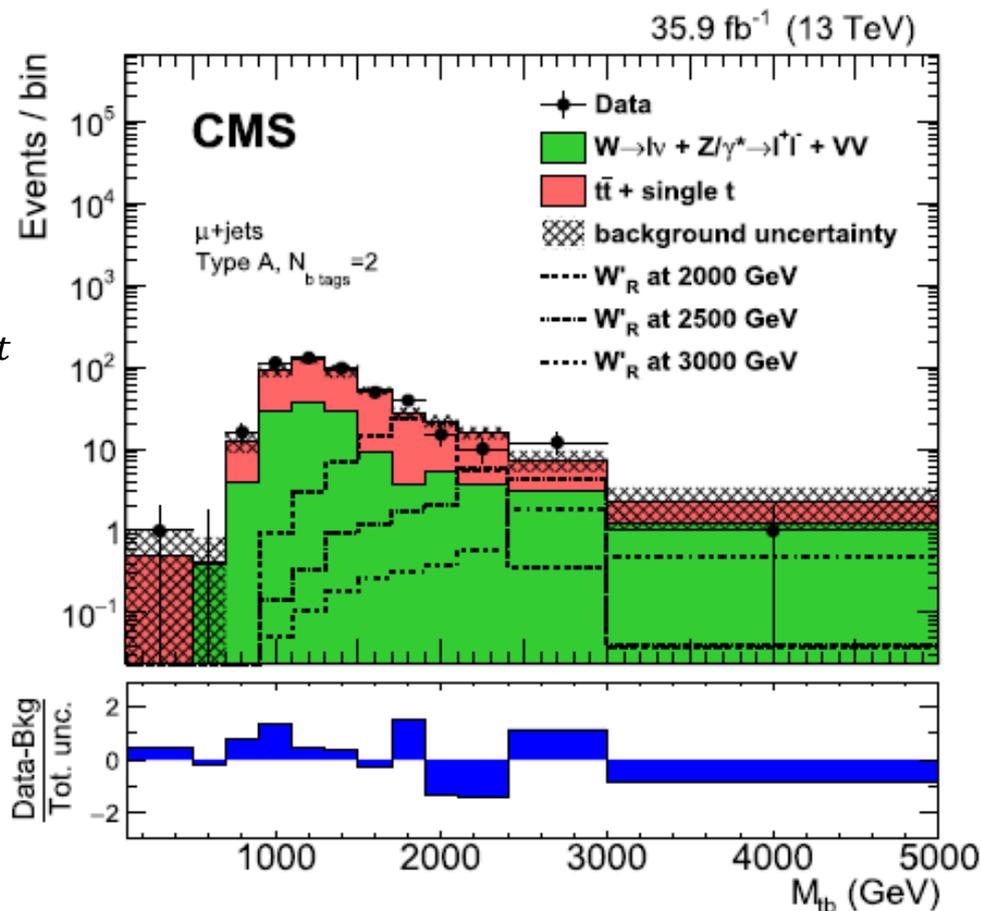
➤ Study of the  $W' \rightarrow tb$  in lepton + jets final state (Phys. Lett. B777 (2018) 39-63)

➤ An extra cut on  $P_T$  of the four-vector sum of the two leading  $P_T$  jets ( $P_T^{j_1+j_2}$ ), and set categorization based on  $P_T^t$  and  $P_T^{j_1+j_2}$

- Type A:  $P_T^t > 250$  GeV,  $100 < m_t < 250$  GeV,  $P_T^{j_1+j_2} > 350$  GeV
- Type B:  $P_T^t > 650$  GeV,  $P_T^{j_1+j_2} > 700$  GeV

➤ 2/1 b-tags + muon/electron

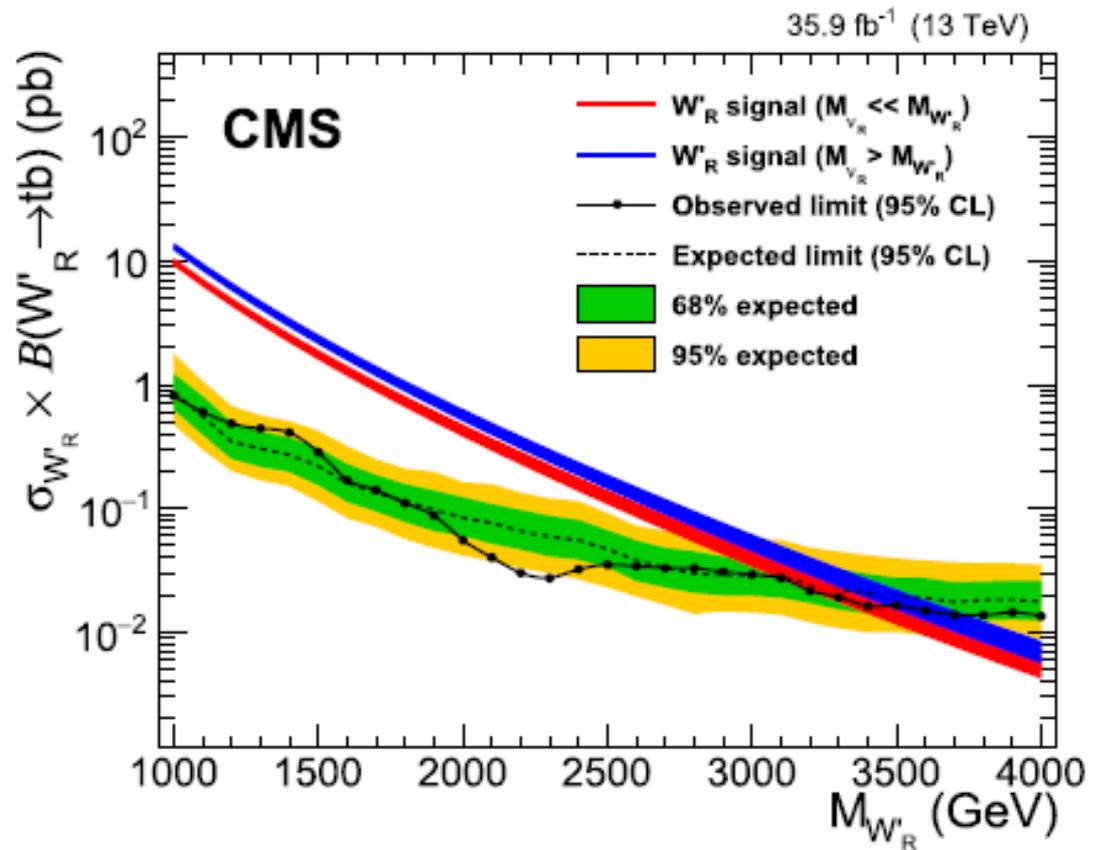
➤ Basically rejects multijet background



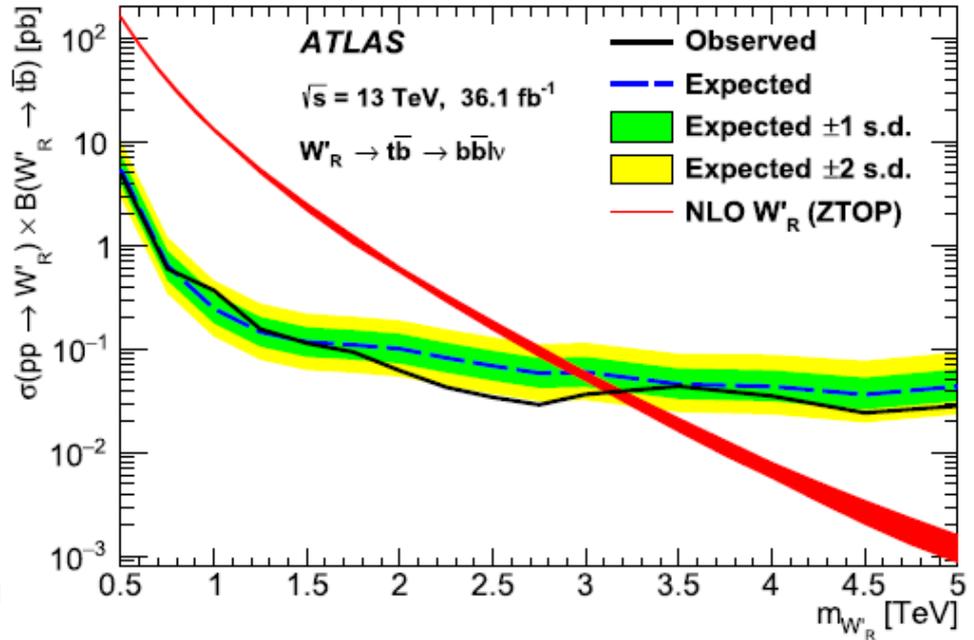
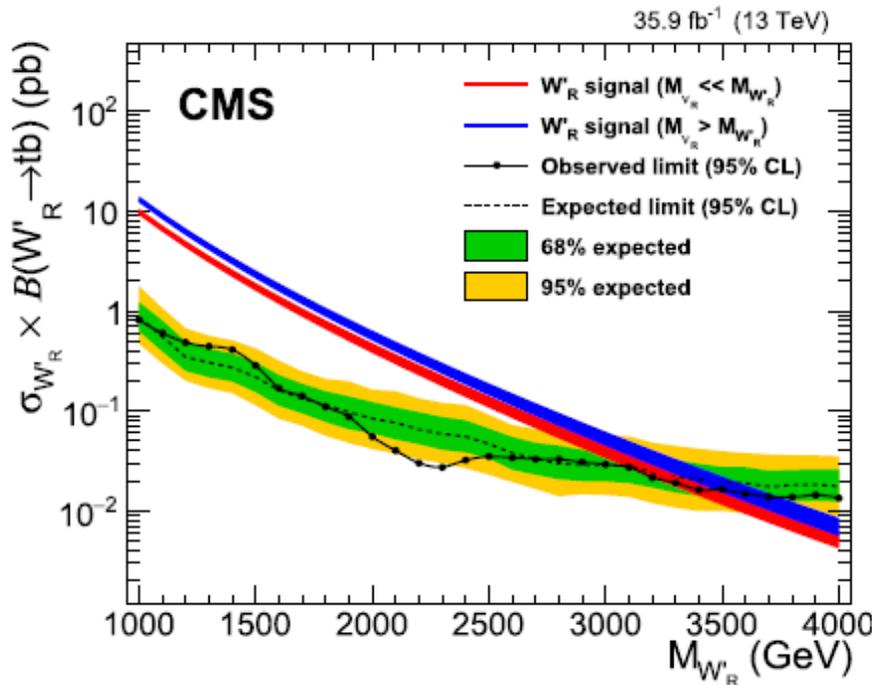
Type A, 2b-tag,  $\mu$  channel

# CMS: Limit

- Better exclusion result in muon channel
- Exclude  $W'_R$  mass up to 3.4 TeV at 95% CL

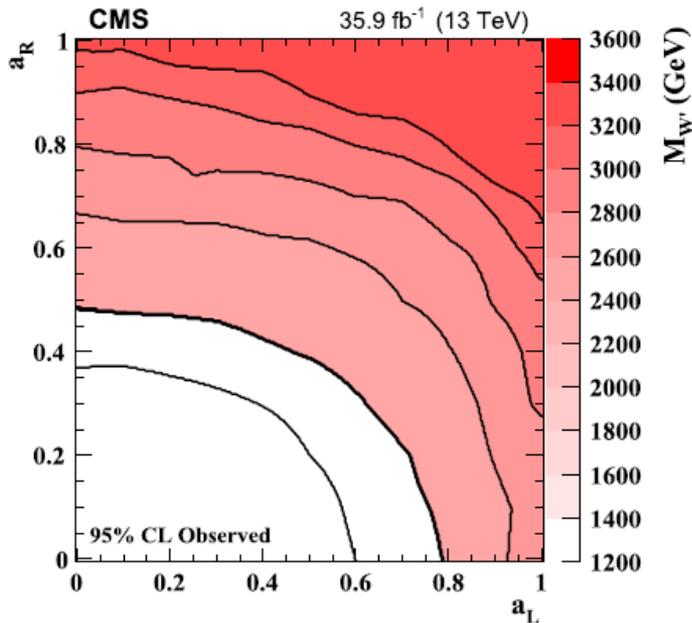
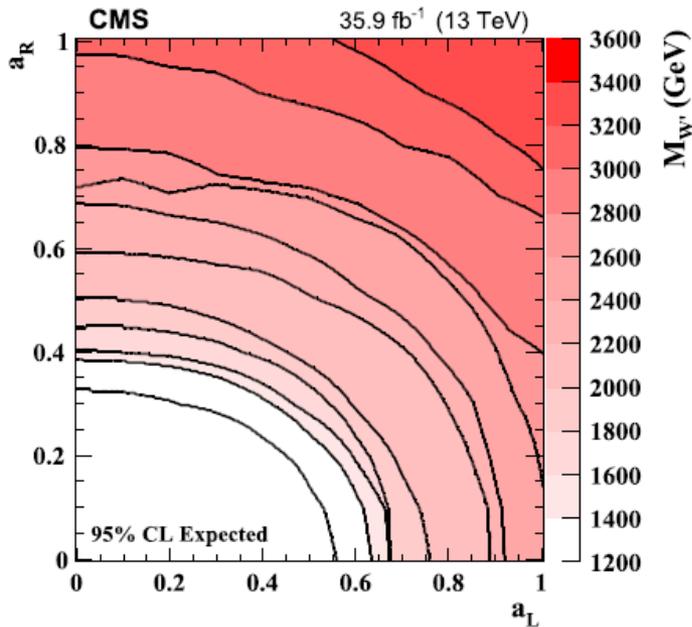


# CMS: Key difference



- Doesn't require leptons to be isolated, but with tighter cuts for leptons.
- Requires tighter cut on jets in  $\mu$  channel than in e channel, and tighter cut on MET in e channel than in  $\mu$  channel
- Better b-tagging efficiency at high  $P_T$  region

# CMS: Limit



- Scan the  $a_R$  and  $a_L$  in 0.1 steps from 0 to 1 to produce cross section limits for arbitrary combinations of  $a_R$  and  $a_L$ .
- Black lines represent contours of equal  $W'$  boson mass separated by 200 GeV.

# Summary

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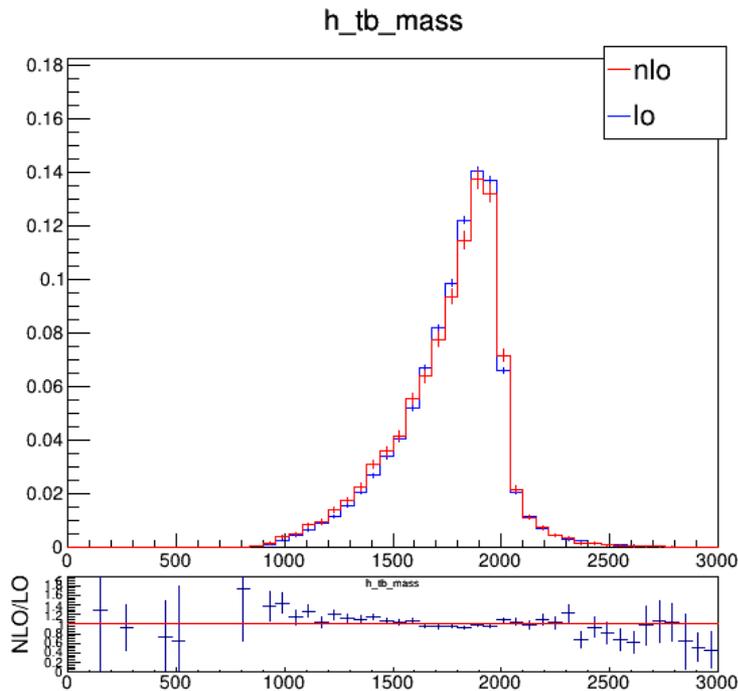
- Present 2 recent results of searching for heavy resonances decayed to top and bottom quark
  - $W' \rightarrow tb \rightarrow qqbb$
  - $W' \rightarrow tb \rightarrow lvbb$
- No significant deviation between data and background prediction
- Significant improvement on mass limits from Run 1 for both analyses
- CMS result shows better sensitivity in the study of lepton+jets final state
- The study of  $W' \rightarrow tb$  with full Run2 data is on-going

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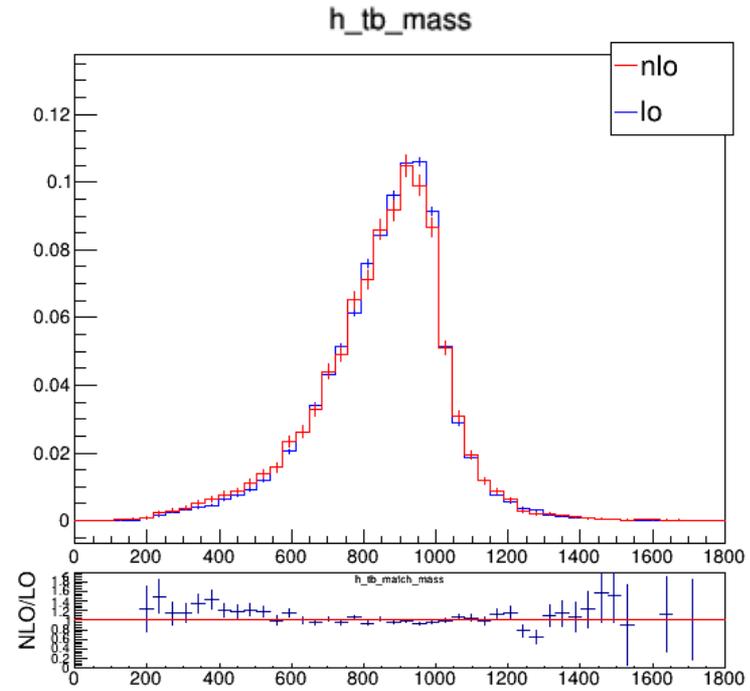
# Backup

# $W' \rightarrow tb$ : Signal

- We use the signal sample generated at LO, and rescaled to NLO calculations using NLO/LO K-factors given by ZTOP (D. Duffy, Z. Sullivan, Phys. Rev. D 86 (2012) 075018)
- Generated by Madgraph5 at NLO is consistent with LO\*K-factors on particle level(k-factors from 1.1 to 1.4 for semi-leptonic channel, 1.3 to 1.4 for all-hadronic channel)



all-hadronic, 2 TeV



semi-leptonic, 1TeV,

right-handed, normalize to same unity

# Semi-leptonic: Reconstruction

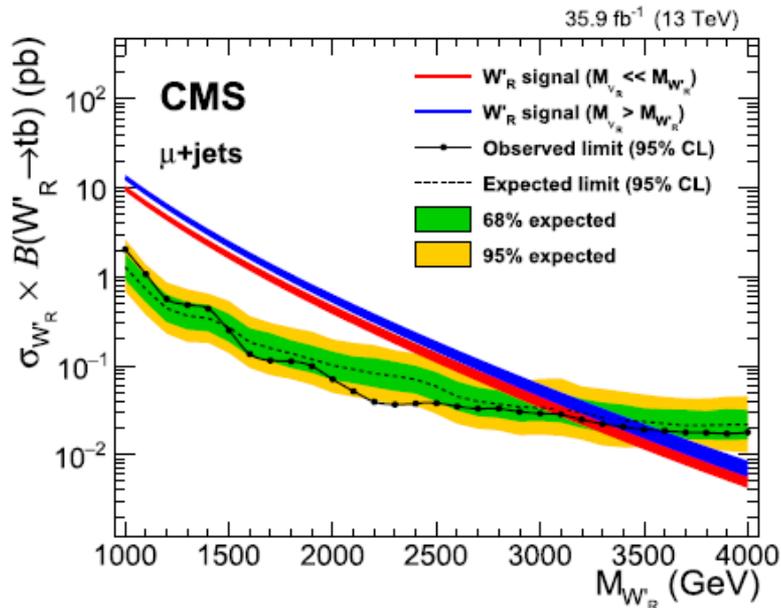
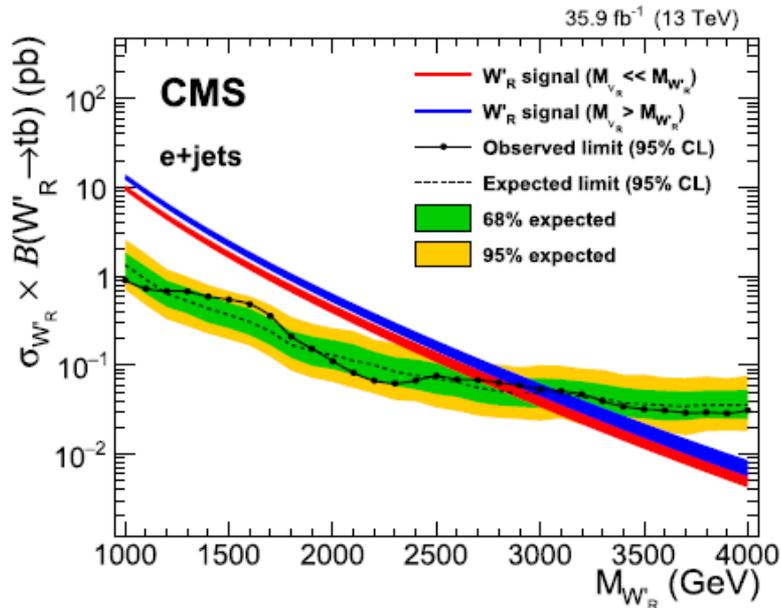
$$P_{z,\nu}^2 - 2 \cdot \frac{\mu \cdot P_{z,\ell}}{E_\ell^2 - P_{z,\ell}^2} \cdot P_{z,\nu} + \frac{E_\ell^2 \cdot P_{T,\nu}^2 - \mu^2}{E_\ell^2 - P_{z,\ell}^2} = 0, \quad (1)$$

$$\text{with } \mu = \frac{m_W^2}{2} + \cos \Delta\Phi \cdot P_{T,\ell} \cdot P_{T,\nu}. \quad (2)$$

$$P_{z,\nu}^\pm = \frac{\mu \cdot p_{z,l}}{p_{T,l}^2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mu^2 \cdot p_{z,l}^2}{p_{T,l}^4} - \frac{E_\ell^2 \cdot p_{T,\nu}^2 - \mu^2}{p_{T,l}^2}}. \quad (3)$$

- Neutrino  $p_z$  calculation
  - Estimated from MET and W mass constraint
  - Modify when discriminant  $< 0$
  
- Top and  $W'$  reconstruction
  - Find jet that gives  $m_{l\nu b}$  closest to top-quark mass: jet “b from top”
  - Assign highest  $p_T$  remaining jet to  $W'$  decay: jet “b from  $W'$ ”

# CMS: Limit

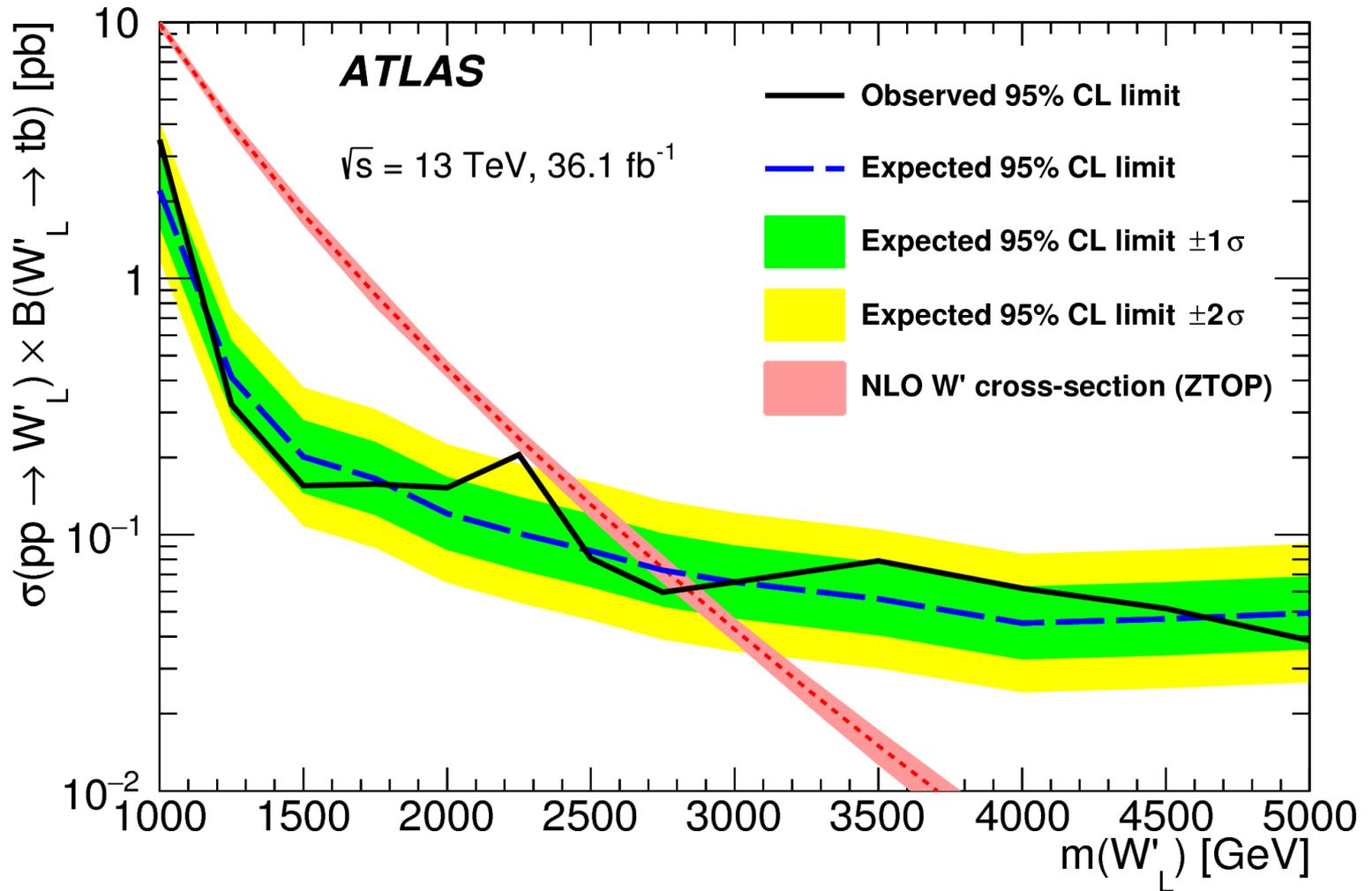


- Better exclusion result in muon channel
- Exclude  $W'_R$  mass up to 3.4 TeV at 95% CL

# All-hadronic: Event yields

<b>“0 <i>b</i>-tag in” category</b>						
	<b>SR1</b>	<b>QCD validation region</b>	<b>Region 3</b>	<b>Region 4</b>	<b>Region 5</b>	<b>Region 6</b>
Data	16333	57626	65600	267000	959000	12600000
QCD + <i>V</i> +jets(ABCD)	15247.40 (96.11%)	54474.10 (98.59%)				
$t\bar{t}$	616.57 (3.88%)	778.50 (1.41%)	1517.00	2372.50	3434.00	5066.00
<b>“1 <i>b</i>-tag in” category</b>						
	<b>SR3</b>	<b>SR2</b>	<b>Region 3</b>	<b>Region 4</b>	<b>Region 5</b>	<b>Region 6</b>
Data	4265	12834	78300	56000	188000	1220000
QCD + <i>V</i> +jets(ABCD)	3251.66 (74.45%)	11155.20 (99.69%)				
$t\bar{t}$	1115.72 (25.54%)	1144.43 (9.30%)	1116.00	5312.30	6700.00	5590.00

# All-hadronic: $W'_L$ limit plot

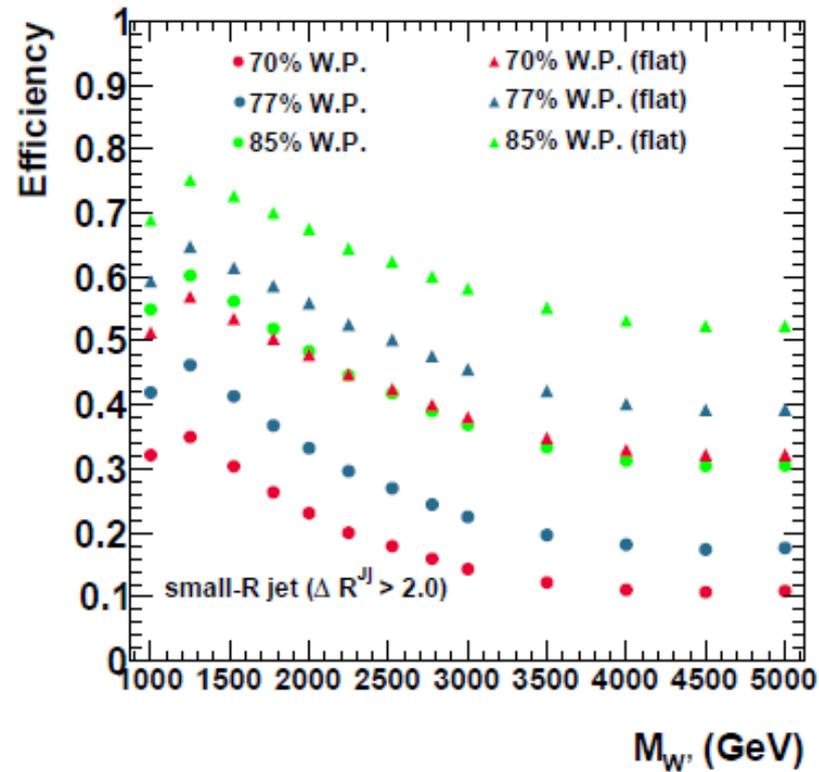


## Semi-leptonic: Event yields

	2-jet 1-tag ( $e^\pm$ )	2-jet 1-tag ( $\mu^\pm$ )	3-jet 1-tag ( $e^\pm$ )	3-jet 1-tag ( $\mu^\pm$ )
$W'_R$ (1.0 TeV)	$1517 \pm 32$	$2029 \pm 39$	$1159 \pm 31$	$1665 \pm 35$
$W'_R$ (2.0 TeV)	$83.4 \pm 1.7$	$132.9 \pm 2.1$	$105.0 \pm 1.9$	$167.4 \pm 2.2$
$W'_R$ (3.0 TeV)	$4.7 \pm 0.1$	$10.4 \pm 0.2$	$7.0 \pm 0.2$	$15.7 \pm 0.2$
$W'_R$ (4.0 TeV)	$0.4 \pm 0.0$	$1.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.6 \pm 0.0$	$1.6 \pm 0.0$
$W'_R$ (5.0 TeV)	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$
$t\bar{t}$	$1144 \pm 24$	$1531 \pm 30$	$3356 \pm 57$	$4270 \pm 78$
Single-top	$472 \pm 20$	$655 \pm 28$	$484 \pm 23$	$639 \pm 27$
W+jets	$500 \pm 51$	$1285 \pm 140$	$530 \pm 45$	$1100 \pm 100$
Multijets	$330 \pm 37$	$640 \pm 120$	$173 \pm 20$	$394 \pm 70$
Z+jets	$115 \pm 17$	$179.4 \pm 9.8$	$113 \pm 13$	$215 \pm 23$
diboson	$20.7 \pm 1.7$	$34.4 \pm 9.8$	$16.5 \pm 2.2$	$28.5 \pm 3.1$
Total background	$2583 \pm 72$	$4320 \pm 190$	$4672 \pm 80$	$6650 \pm 150$
Data	2637	4307	4642	6606

	2-jet 2-tag ( $e^\pm$ )	2-jet 2-tag ( $\mu^\pm$ )	3-jet 2-tag ( $e^\pm$ )	3-jet 2-tag ( $\mu^\pm$ )
$W'_R$ (1.0 TeV)	$1584 \pm 35$	$2055 \pm 38$	$1241 \pm 30$	$1749 \pm 34$
$W'_R$ (2.0 TeV)	$33.5 \pm 1.0$	$55.5 \pm 1.2$	$51.6 \pm 1.2$	$84.3 \pm 1.5$
$W'_R$ (3.0 TeV)	$1.4 \pm 0.1$	$2.6 \pm 0.1$	$2.5 \pm 0.1$	$5.1 \pm 0.1$
$W'_R$ (4.0 TeV)	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.3 \pm 0.0$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.5 \pm 0.0$
$W'_R$ (5.0 TeV)	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$
$t\bar{t}$	$565 \pm 15$	$810 \pm 17$	$2582 \pm 33$	$2737 \pm 37$
Single-top	$125.6 \pm 6.8$	$187 \pm 12$	$242 \pm 14$	$304 \pm 18$
W+jets	$29.0 \pm 6.0$	$38.9 \pm 4.2$	$49.2 \pm 4.9$	$79.4 \pm 8.0$
Multijets	$33.4 \pm 6.4$	$70 \pm 15$	$84 \pm 11$	$119 \pm 22$
Z+jets	$2.2 \pm 0.4$	$10.2 \pm 1.5$	$11.8 \pm 1.4$	$17.3 \pm 2.1$
diboson	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$1.2 \pm 0.2$	$11.5 \pm 2.0$	$5.2 \pm 0.7$
Total background	$755 \pm 18$	$1117 \pm 26$	$2980 \pm 38$	$3262 \pm 48$
Data	706	1117	2976	3278

# B-tag efficiency: ATLAS



# B-tag efficiency: CMS

