



**UNIVERSITY OF  
CAMBRIDGE**  
DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING

# HTS Thin Films for Flux Pumping

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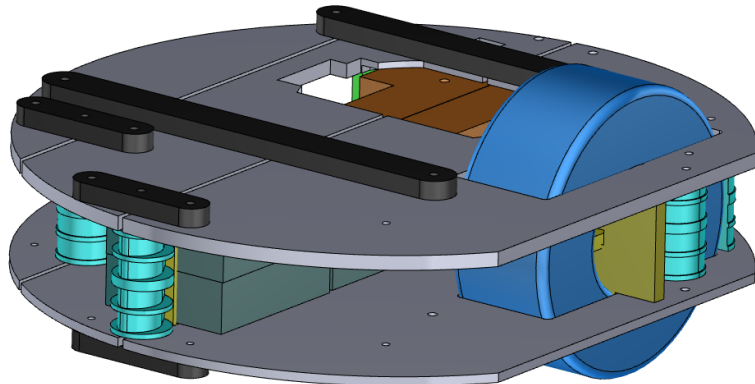
# Contents

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- HTS thin film AC field switch
- Thin film flux pump initial results
- Proposed future designs

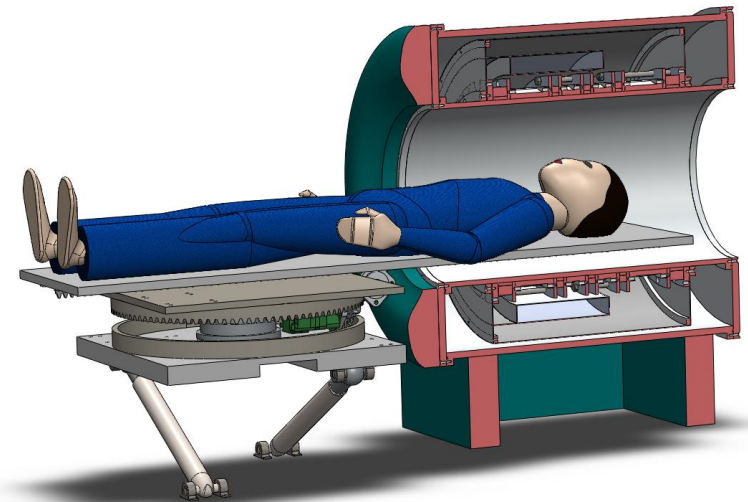
# Flux Pumps – Superconducting Rectifiers

- **Wireless** (inductive) **power supply** for superconducting magnets
- Provides **thermal, mechanical, electrical isolation** of magnet
- **No high-current DC supply or current leads** required

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Application: High Field Magnets

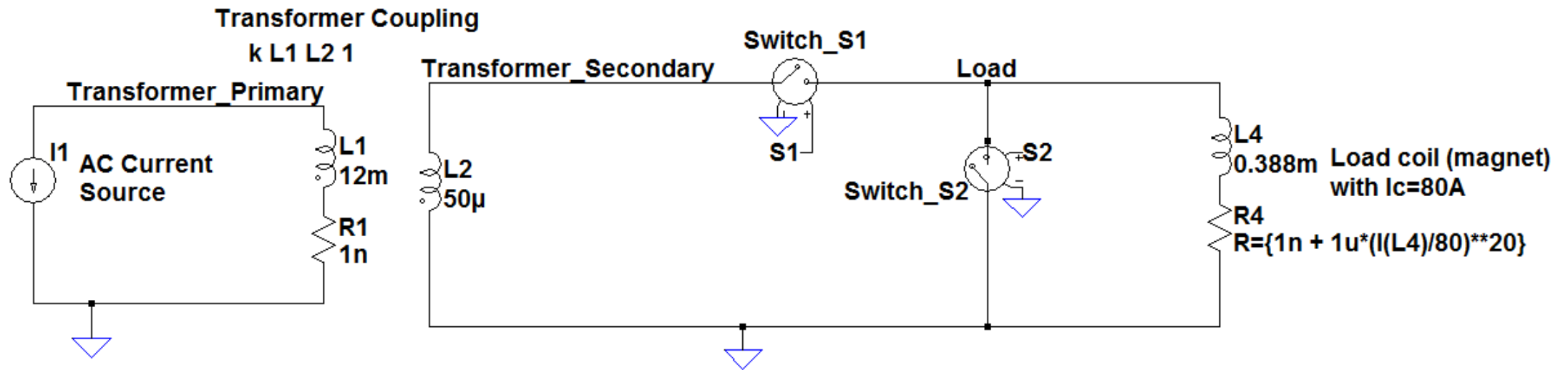
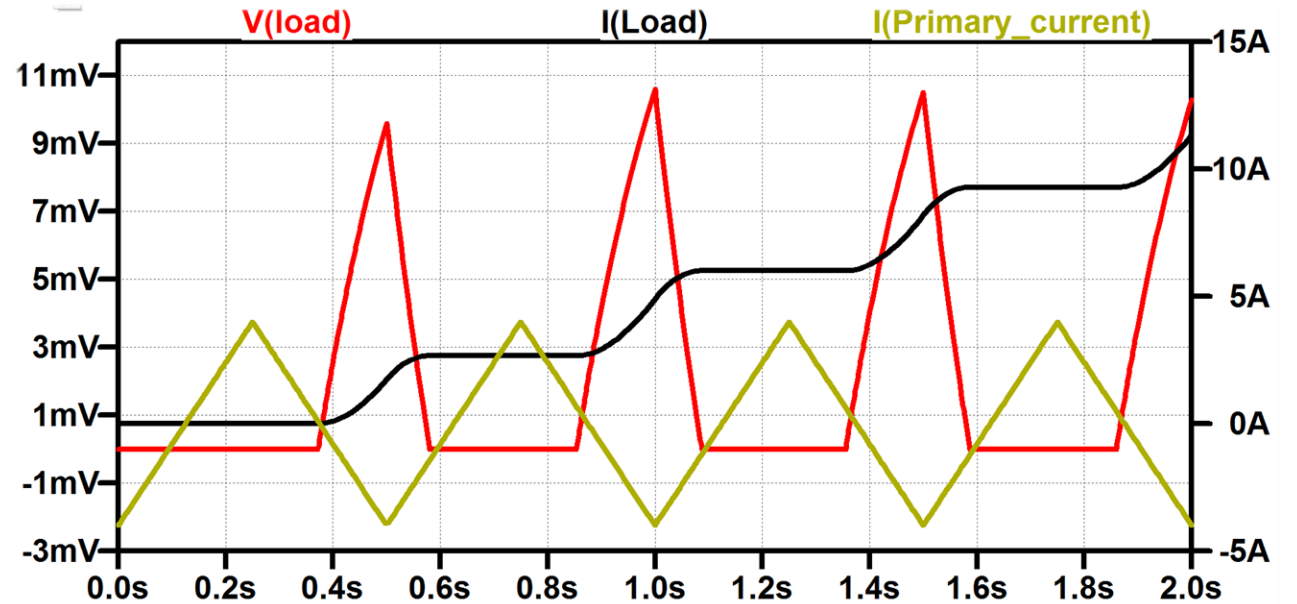


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Application: Compact MRI



# SPICE Simulation

- Standard for simulating SMPS
- Verified with prototypes
- Useful for design and analysis



# Key Findings from Simulation

- **Superconducting transformer**
  - **Power density** proportional to **operating frequency**
- **Superconducting switches**
  - Operation **frequency** is limited by on/off **switching time**
  - Majority of power **loss** depends on switch **off-state resistance**
  - Maximum **pump current** limited by **switch  $I_c$**

# AC Field Switch

$$R_{d\perp} = \frac{4aLf}{I_{c0}} (B_{a,\perp} - B_{th,\perp})$$

(for  $B_{a,\perp} \gg B_{th,\perp}$ )

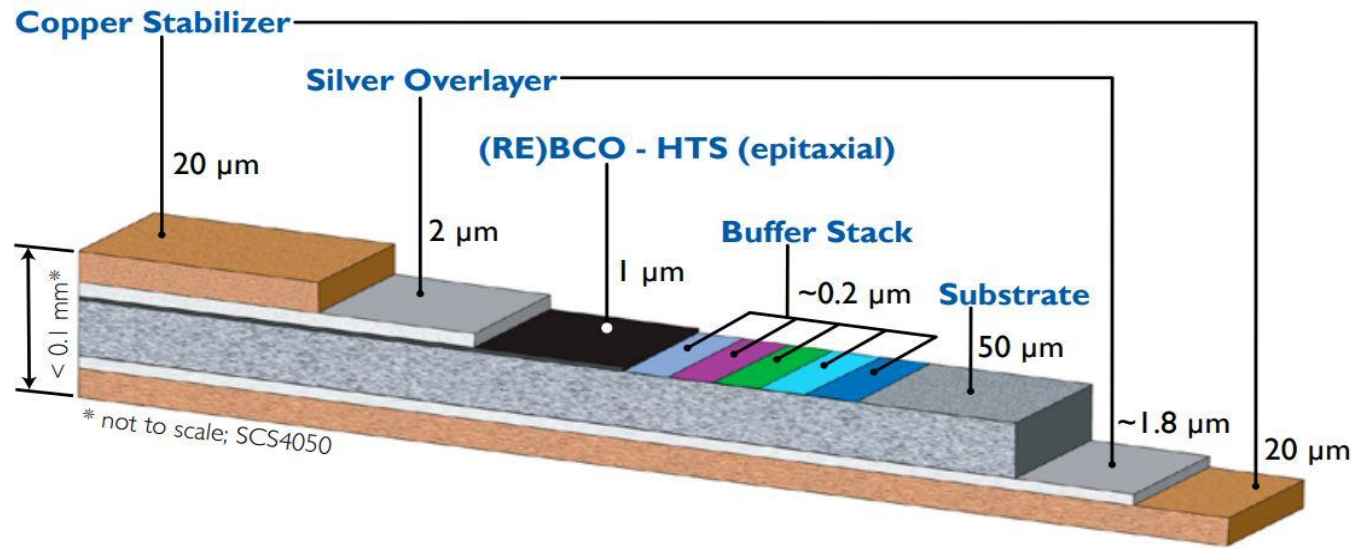
- Off-state resistance only  $\approx 0.2\text{m}\Omega$
- Increase frequency and field
  - Better electromagnets
- Use **suitable superconductors**

AC Field Switch Developed by Geng [2]



[2] J. Geng *et al.*, "HTS Persistent Current Switch Controlled by AC Magnetic Field," *IEEE Trans. Appl. Supercond.*, vol. 26, no. 3, pp. 1–4, Apr. 2016

# Improved AC Field Switch – Conductor

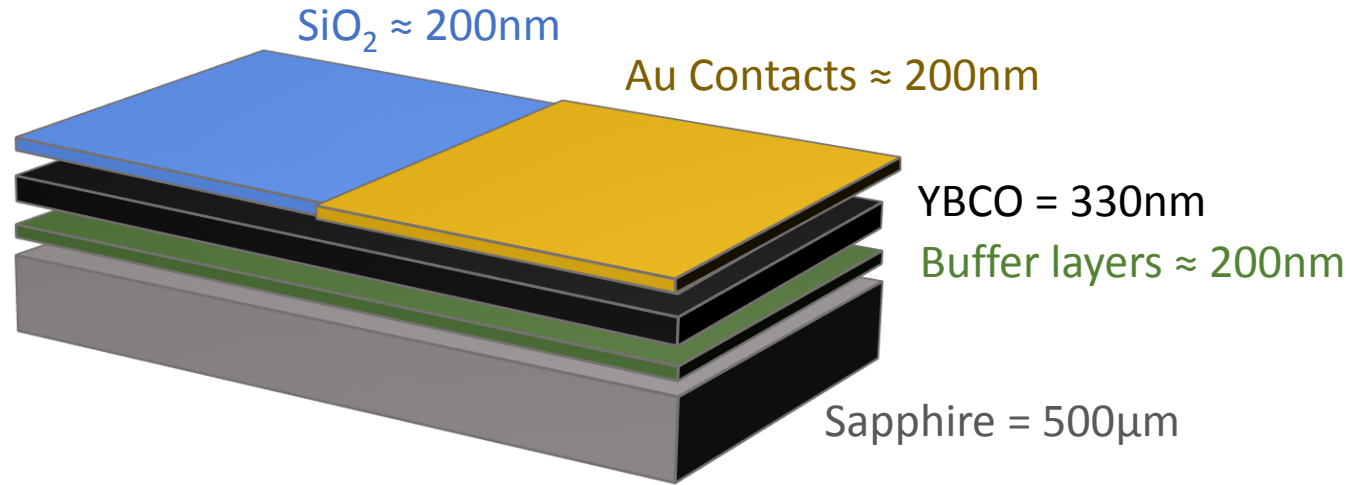


'2G HTS Wire'. <http://www.superpower-inc.com/content/2g-hts-wire>

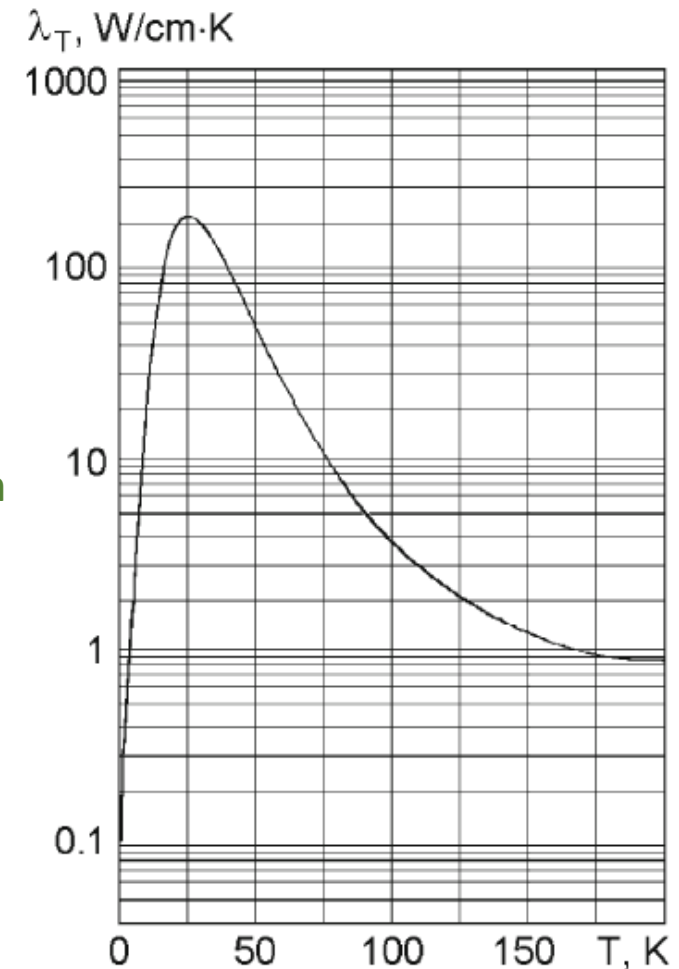
- Mechanically strong and high  $I_c$
- Stabilizer and Ag provide parallel conduction
- Stabilizer and Ag shield applied field

Layer	Resistance per meter ( $\Omega$ )
40 $\mu\text{m}$ Copper Stabilizer at 77 K	0.015
3.8 $\mu\text{m}$ Ag layer at 77 K	0.3
50 $\mu\text{m}$ Hastelloy at 77 K	7.5
Dynamic Resistance of YBCO layer at 100 mT, 1 kHz	1.5
Dynamic resistance of YBCO layer at 100 mT, 10 kHz	15
1 $\mu\text{m}$ YBCO Thin Film at 100 K*	120

# HTS Thin Films on Insulator



- No parallel conduction paths
- Excellent heat sinking to sapphire at 77K
- **Brittle substrate**
- **More expensive than coated conductor**

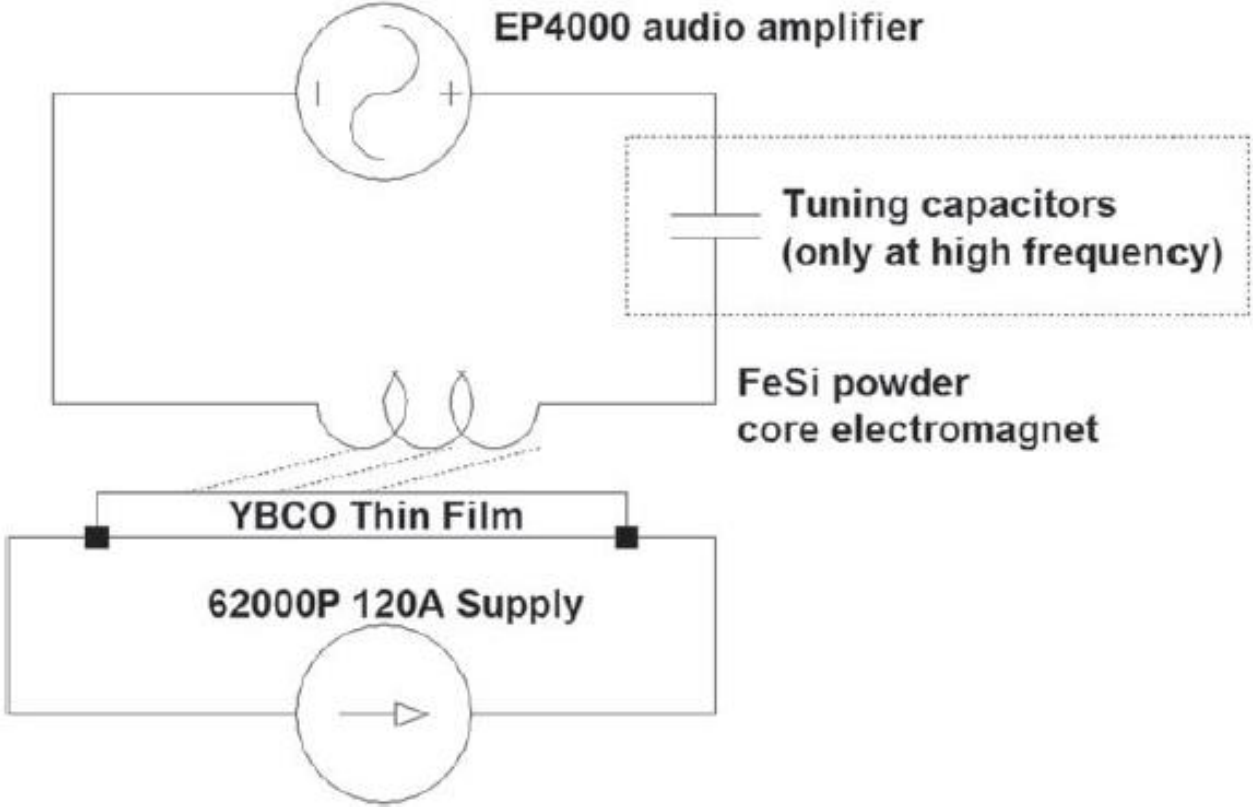
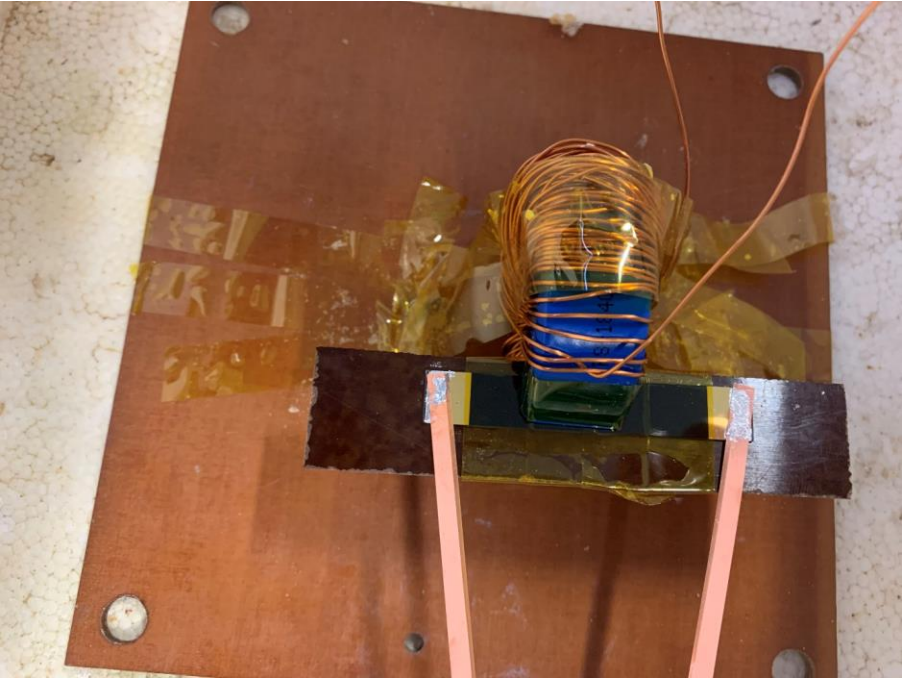


Thermal Conductivity of sapphire vs temperature

E. R. Dobrovinskaya, L. A. Lytvynov, and V. Pishchik, *Sapphire: Material, Manufacturing, Applications*. Springer US, 2009.



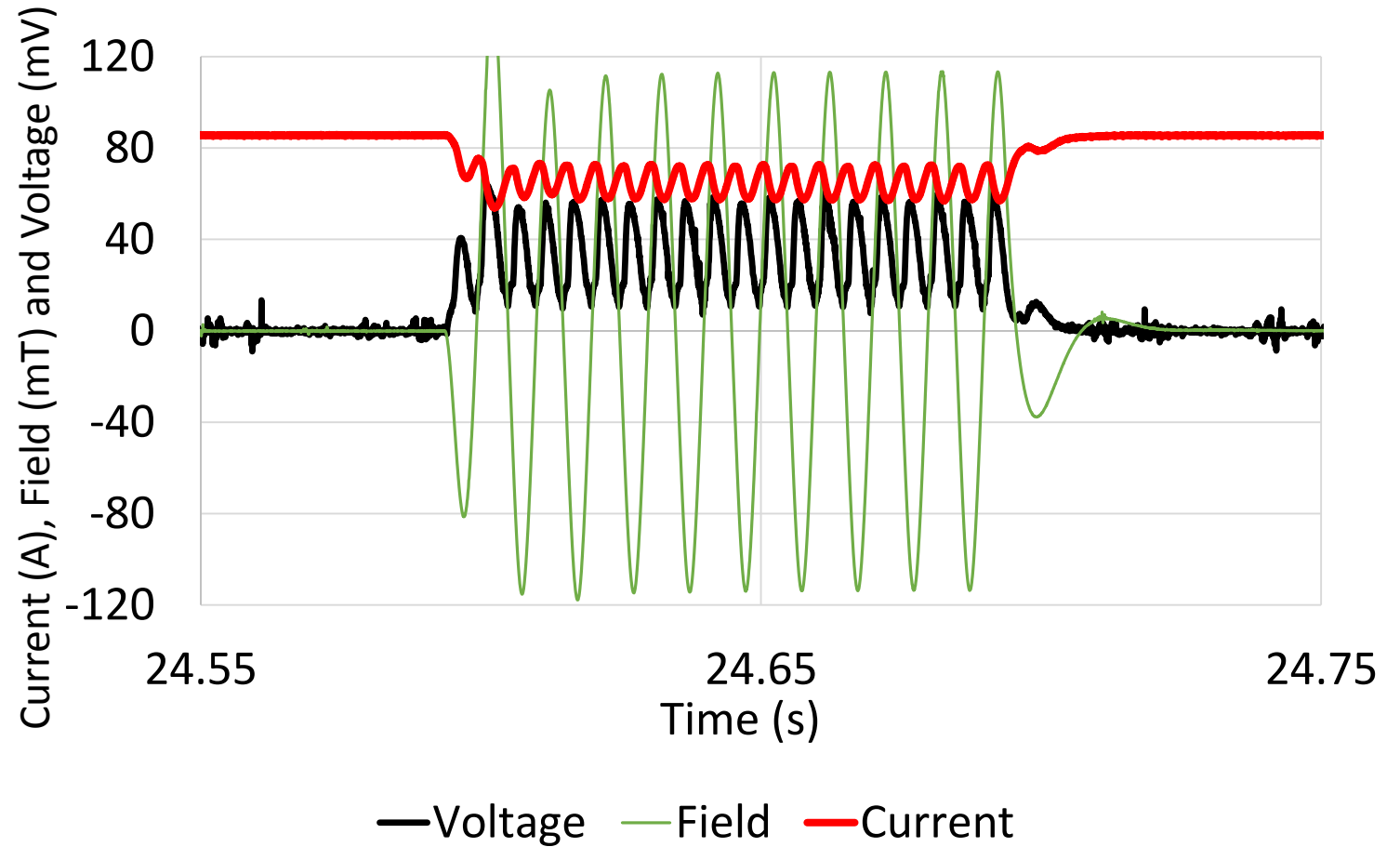
# Thin Film Switch



# Thin Film Switch

- $\approx 0.5\text{m}\Omega$  off-state
- Negligible switching delay
- Decent electric field ( $\approx 2\text{Vm}^{-1}$ )

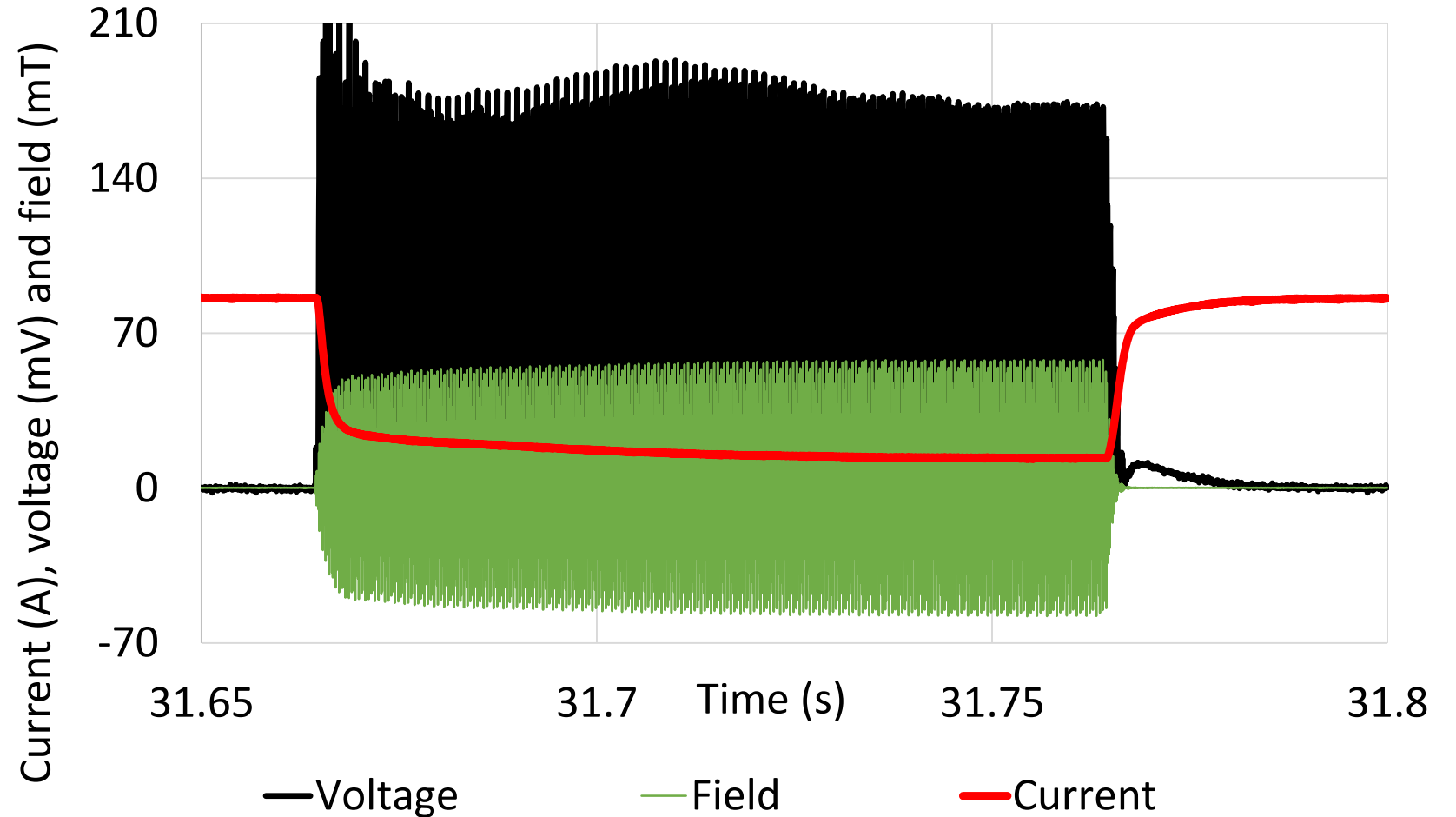
## 100Hz Applied Field on 20mm Thin Film



# Thin Film Switch

- $\approx 9\text{m}\Omega$  off-state
- Short switching time ( $<15\text{ms}$ )
- Good electric field ( $\approx 5\text{Vm}^{-1}$ )
- Current limiting demonstrated

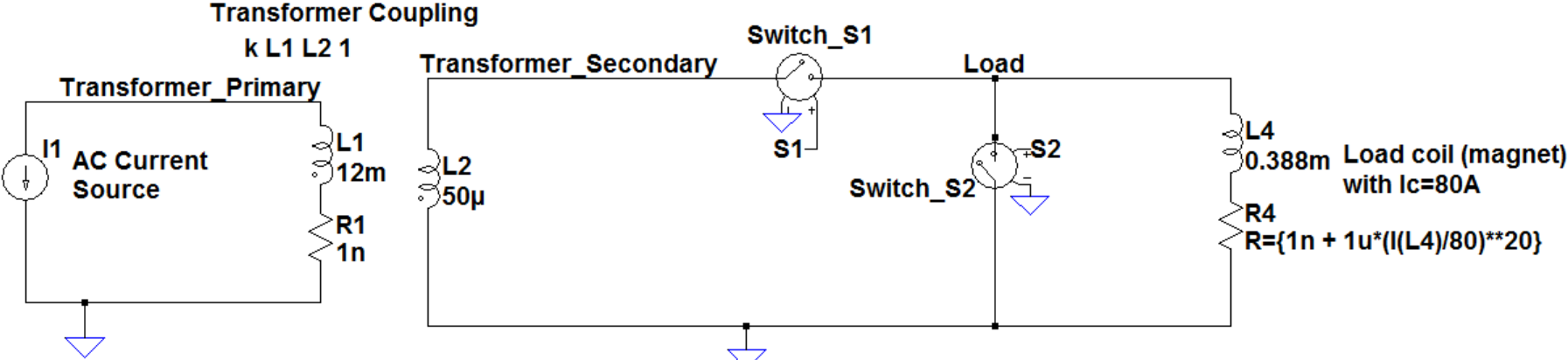
## 8.8kHz Applied Field on 20mm Thin Film



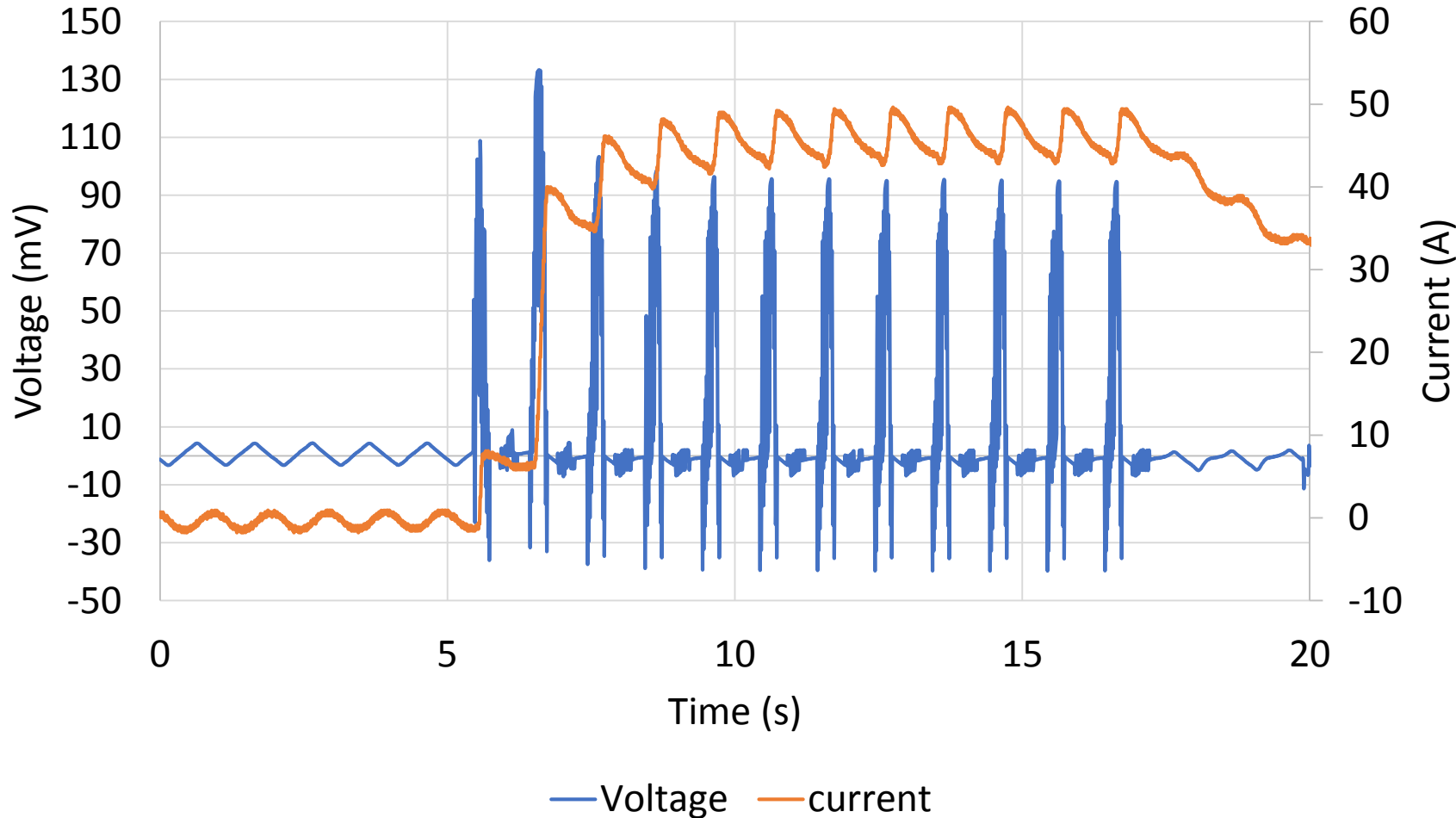
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# Thin Film Flux Pump

- Half-bridge configuration
- 1Hz operating frequency
- 25cm<sup>2</sup> iron-core transformer cross section

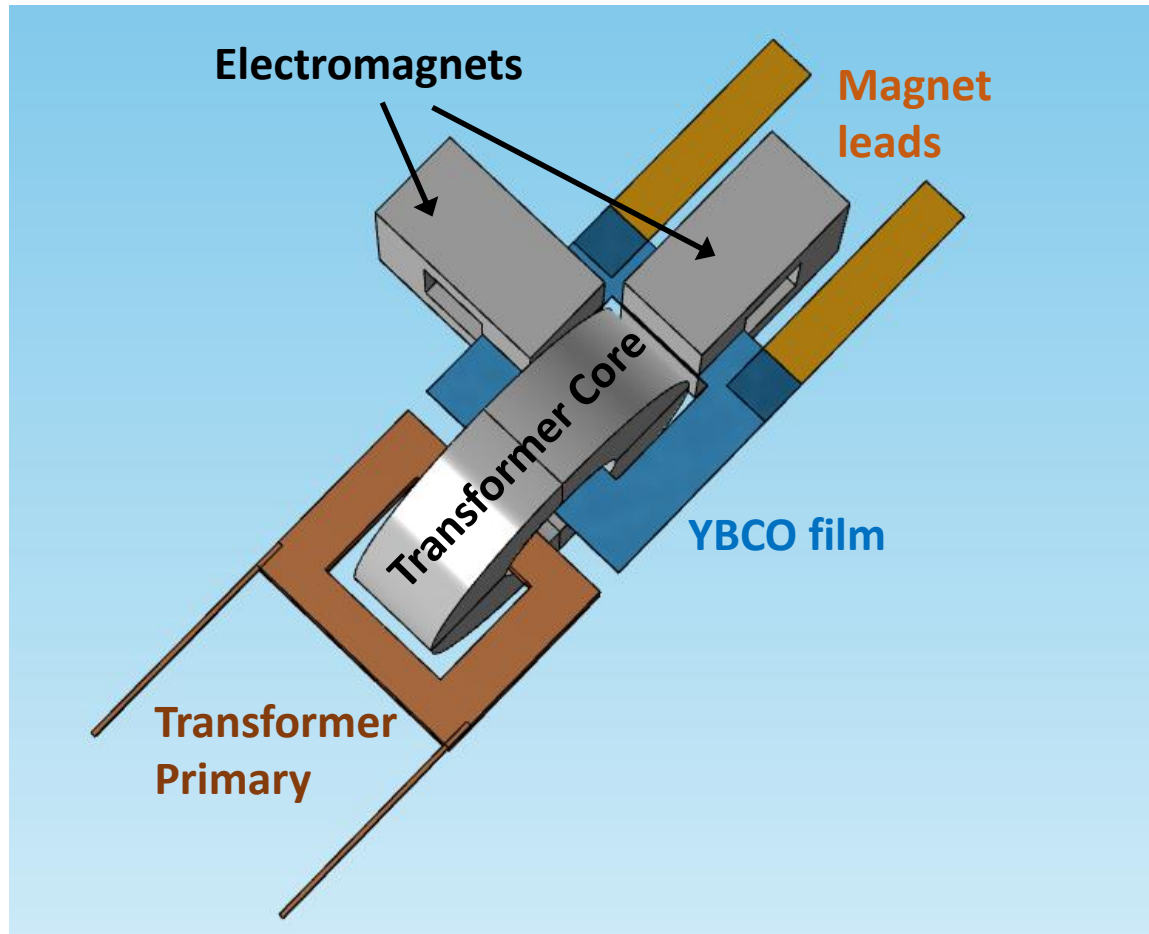


# Thin Film Flux Pump Results



- Can provide  $>100\text{mV}$  to load
- Fast Recovery
- Performance limited by high joint resistance (10 joints)
- Development ongoing

# Single Film Flux Pump – Concept

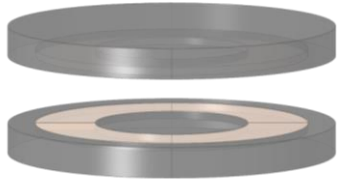


- Transformer and switches integrated on a single film
- Only 2 joints (down from 10!)
- Low stray switch inductance
- Bulky transformer and electromagnet cores
- Incomplete mechanical isolation due to transformer core

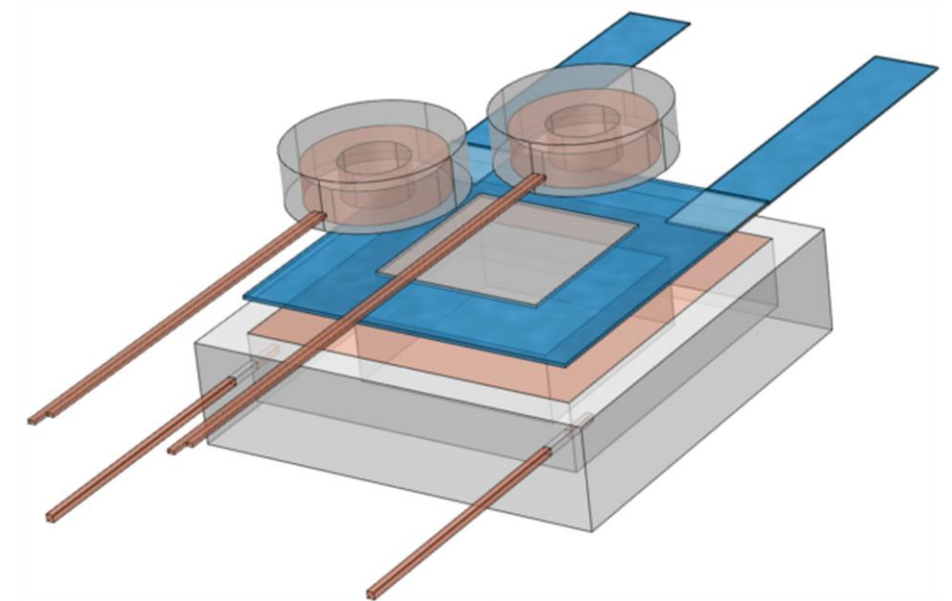
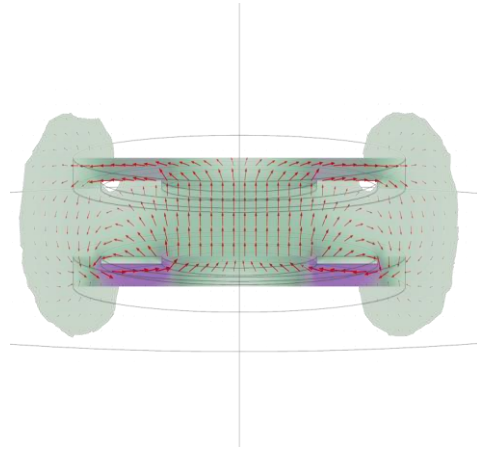


# Wireless Power Coupler Flux Pump – Concept

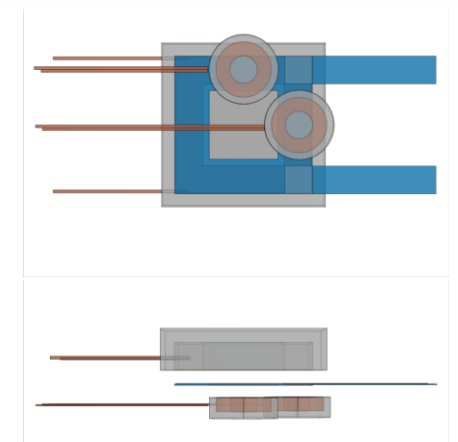
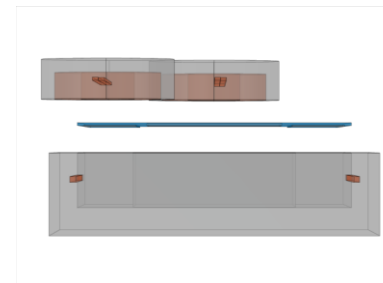
Ferromagnetic Core



Copper coil

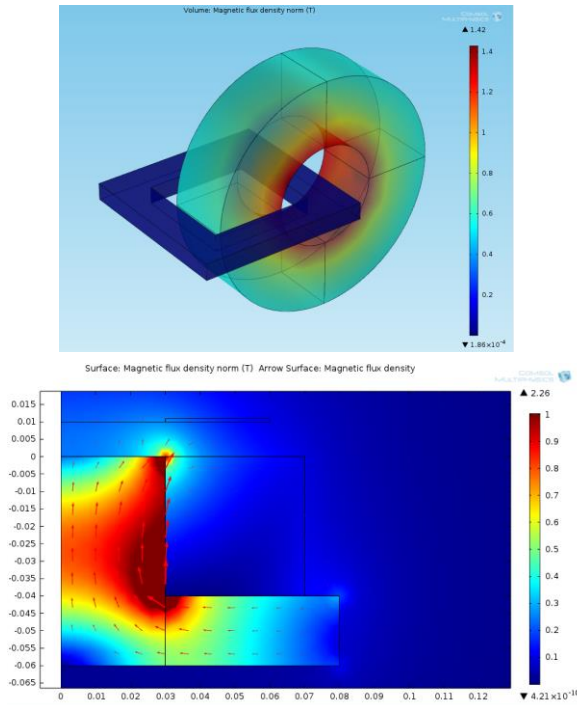


- Mechanically compact
- Full mechanical isolation
- Stray fields from transformer and switches may cause  $I_c$  reduction, power loss

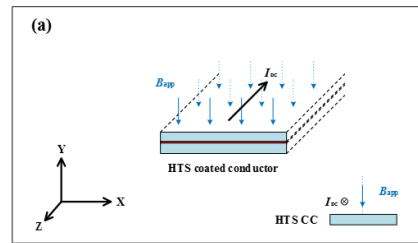
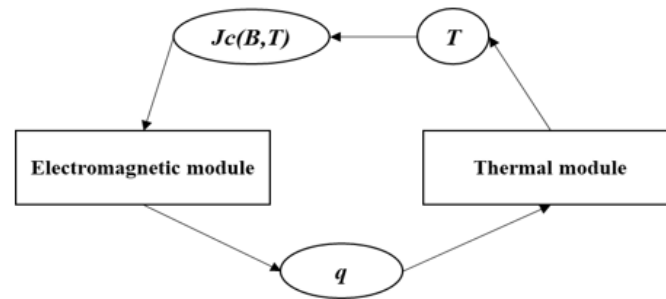


# Design Workflow

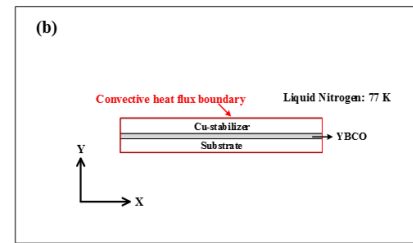
## Magnetostatics 2D/3D FEM



## Thermal-Magnetic 2D Transient

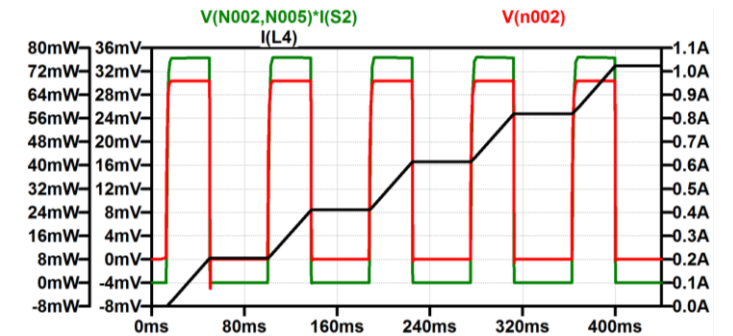
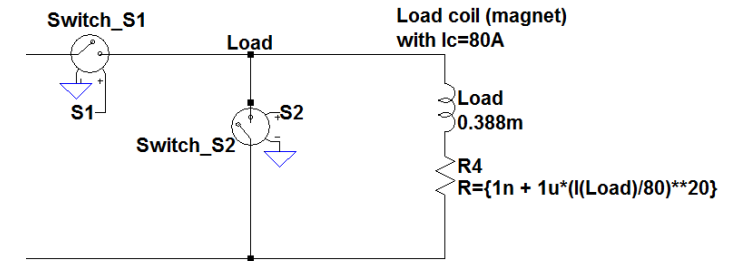


Electromagnetic module



Thermal module

## Circuit Simulation Transient



Switch and Transformer  
Field Profiles



Switch resistance, electric field,  
power loss and temperature



System behaviour, transformer and  
switch interaction, total power loss



# Conclusion

- **Flux pumps** are a **promising alternative** to conventional superconducting magnet power supplies
- Better **switches** needed for better flux pumps
- Good **switches** can be made using **thin YBCO films** on insulator
- These switches have been used to build a **prototype**
- Flux pumps can be **fully simulated** from component to system level
- Many **avenues** exist for significantly **improving** flux pumps

# Thanks for Listening!

## Contact:

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Cambridge Trust

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Fitzwilliam College

## YBCO Films supplied by:

Ceraco GmbH



## Cambridge EPEC Superconductivity Group

James Gawith

# Future Work

## System

- Improve thin film flux pump joints
- Build integrated transformer secondary and switches on a single film

## Switches

- Look at other candidate HTS materials and other switching mechanisms
- Outperform semiconductor technology in the low voltage/high current space

## Transformer

- Wireless power transfer - primary outside cryostat
- Operate at higher frequency (HTS AC Conductor)

## Control

- Lossless commutation
- Bi-directional power transfer
- High field stability