

Development of Prototype MgB₂ Superconducting Solenoid Magnet for High-efficiency Klystron Applications

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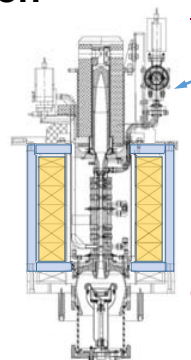
1. Introduction

Motivation

* Compact Linear Collider

5000 klystrons for CLIC* by CERN

Cu magnet
• 0.58 T
• 20 kW
→ 100 MW



MgB₂ magnet
• 0.8 T
• <3 kW
→ <15 MW



2. Design and experimental approach

2.1 Energy-saving design concept and conductor parameters

Consumption energy

≡ Refrigerator Power consumption

→ Low current design for power lead is effective!

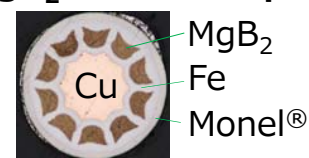
Instrumentations, 0.8 W

Radiation
2.2 W
Support
2.2 W

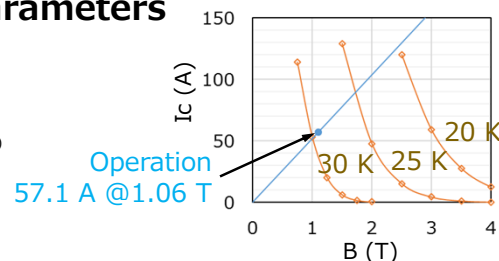
Normally conducting power-lead Joule heat
6.4 W → Current is set at 57 A

Heat load distribution of the MgB₂ magnet

MgB₂ conductor parameters



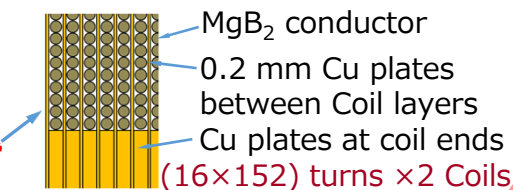
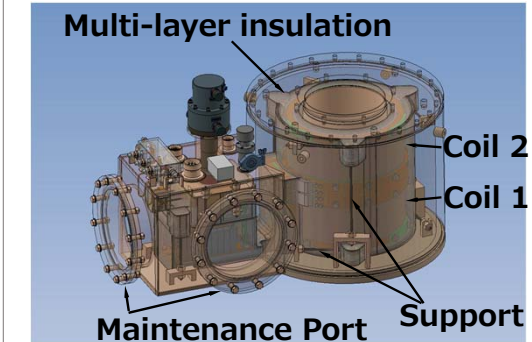
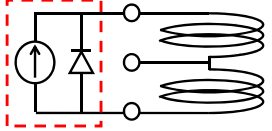
- O.D. = 0.67 mm
- 10 filaments



2.2 Coil structure and magnet design

For passive quench protection

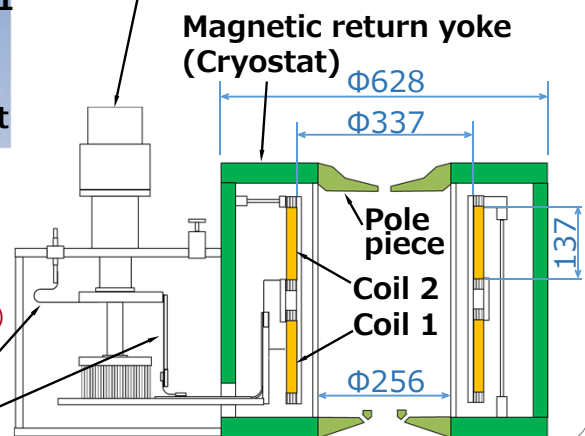
Power supply
Turn off over 5 V



Cold head ... CH-204(SHI)
• 1st stage : 14.9 W at 80 K
• 2nd stage : **12 W at 22 K**
• Power consumption : **3 kW**

- Wind & React
- Central field : 0.8 T
- Max. field in the winding : 1.06 T
- Stored energy : 11.8 kJ
- Coil weight : 19.5 kg (inc. Cu plates)
- Conductor length : 5600 m

Normally conducting power lead
BSCCO power lead



2.3 Series of various tests



(1) Small Coil Test
Quench propagation velocity



(2) Prototype Coils Test
Temperature rise after quench



(3) Magnet Test
Quench tests & Field measurements

3. Results and discussion

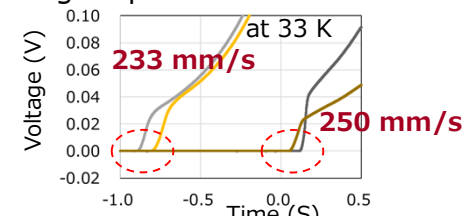
3.1 Energy consumption

Measured values

- 1st stage : 13.2 W at 71.3 K
 - 2nd stage : **5.3 W at 14.7 K**
- In the case of two magnets in series, Power consumption : **1.5 kW/magnet**

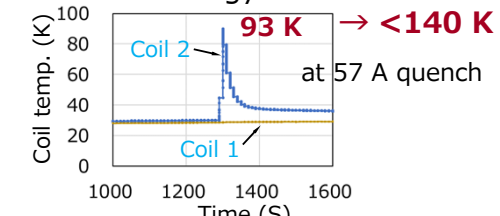
3.2 Quench propagation velocity

- Forced quench test at 57 A
- Voltage taps on the coil surface



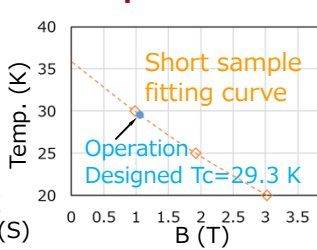
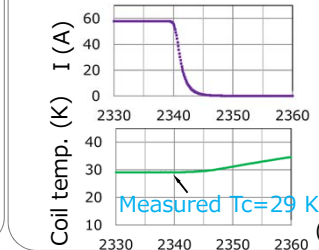
3.3 Temperature Rise

- Coil max. temperature
- Stored energy ratio : 1.5 times



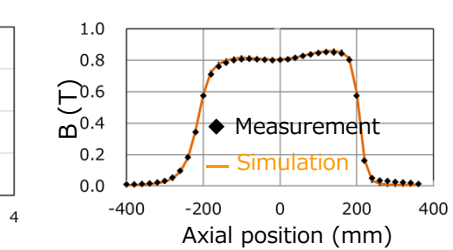
3.4 Quench tests

Coil's Tc meets short sample



3.5 Field measurement

Field distribution meets simulation



4. Conclusion

- The performance test of the prototype MgB₂ magnet has been completed.
- Energy consumption per magnet is less than 3 kW.
- The coil has been passively protected through 13 times quench tests.

5. Future Plan

- Wind & react was adopted in this coil, but react & wind is supposed to be adopted in the future.
- MgB₂ superconducting magnets have huge potential for further development and in various areas including MRI applications.

Klystron system and the MgB₂ conductor are presented in Wed-Af-Po3.15-08 and Wed-Af-Po3.25-04.