

# Performance Evaluation of Practical REBCO Coated Conductor Tapes for Superconducting Wind Power Coils

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## Introduction

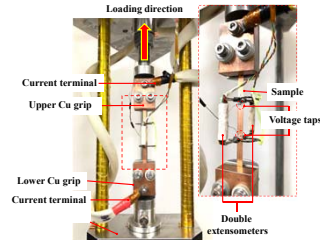
- Large-scale applications of REBCO coated conductor (CC) tapes, particularly in superconducting wind turbine generators, must encompass high power generation efficiencies and low-weight designs; they can do so by utilizing the REBCO CC tapes with high performance at cryogenic temperatures and under magnetic fields.
- Performance evaluations of the CC tapes are carried out by investigating the dependency of  $I_c$  on stress and strain, including the irreversible  $I_c$  degradation region under an external magnetic field.
- In this study, electromechanical properties such as  $I_c$  degradation behavior and its irreversible strain/stress limits of three commercially available REBCO CC tapes were examined using uniaxial tension tests at the expected CC coils operating conditions, 35 K and 2 T. Results were also compared to those obtained at 77 K and self-field.

## Experimental procedure

### Sample specifications

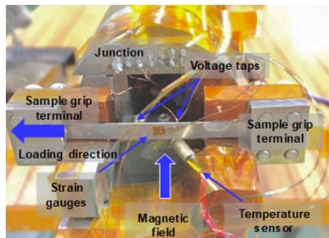
Fabrication process	IBAD/RCE-DR	ISD/RCE	IBAD/MOCVD
Type	Cu-stabilized Ag/GdBCO/ LaMnO <sub>3</sub> /	Ag-stabilized	Cu-stabilized Ag/YBCO/LaMO/
Structure	Homo-epi MgO/ IBAD-MgO/Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> / AlO <sub>3</sub> /Stainless steel	Ag/GdBCO/ MgO/Hastelloy	Homo-epi MgO/IBAD- MgO/Hastelloy
REBCO film thickness	~ 1.5 μm	~ 3-5 μm	~ 1.6 μm
Critical current, $I_c$ @ 77 K	~ 245 A	~ 250 A	~ 111 A
Dimension, $t \times w$ (mm)	0.131 x 4.04	0.099 x 4.02	0.085 x 4.05
Substrate/ thickness	Stainless steel/ ~100 μm	Hastelloy/ ~50 μm	Hastelloy/ ~50 μm
Stabilizer/ thickness	Cu electroplated/ (~15 μm)	Ag-electroplated/ (~5 μm)	Cu electroplated/ (~15 μm)

### Uniaxial tension test setup for electro-mechanical properties measurement at 77 K and self-field



- ✓ Voltage tap separation: 20 mm
- ✓  $I_c$  was measured at an electric field criterion of 1 μV/cm in 0.05% strain interval

### Set-up for $I_c$ measurement of CC tapes during uniaxial tension at 35 K and 2 T

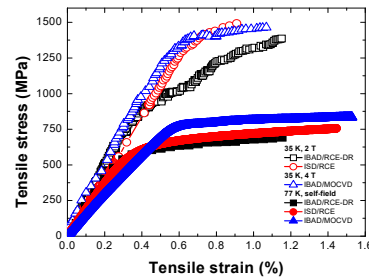


- ✓ The CC tape sample was mounted to the bottom part of the test rig probe.
- ✓ The external magnetic field coming from the 10-T cryocooled superconducting magnet was directed to the B/c-axis of CC tape sample.
- ✓ ~2 mm wide and 20 mm long bridge was fabricated on the center of the CC tape for  $I_c$  measurement at 35 K.
- ✓ Voltage tap separation: 10 mm

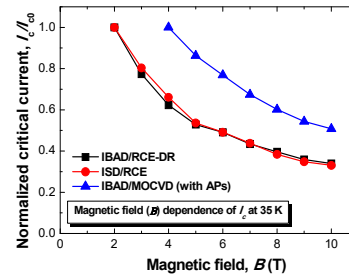
Characterization of the CC tape samples was conducted using the Katagiri-type tension rig in the High Field Laboratory for Superconducting Materials, Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University

## Results and Discussion

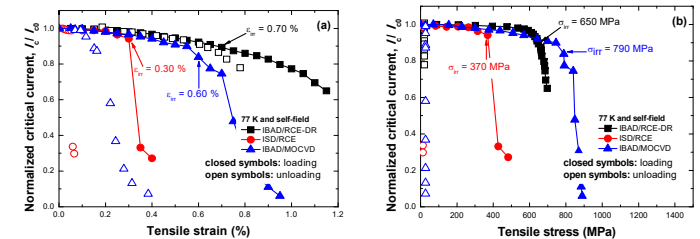
### Mechanical properties of REBCO CC tapes at cryogenic temperatures



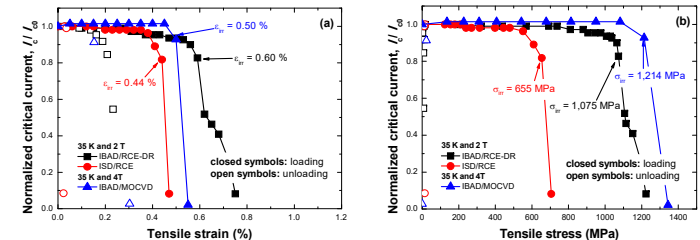
### Magnetic field dependence of $I_c/I_{c0}$ of REBCO CC tape samples at 35 K (at unstrained state).



### Electromechanical properties of REBCO CC tapes at various test conditions



[Normalized critical current as a function of (a) tensile strain (b) tensile stress at 77 K and self-field.]



[Normalized critical current as a function of (a) tensile strain (b) tensile stress at 35 K and 2 T.]

### Electromechanical properties of commercially available REBCO CC tapes at various test conditions.

CC tape Sample	Critical current, $I_c$ (A)	Elastic modulus, E (GPa)	Yield strength, $\sigma_y$ (MPa)	Irreversible strain limit, $\epsilon_{irr}$ (%)	Irreversible stress limit, $\sigma_{irr}$ (MPa)	35 K and 2 T		77 K and 0 T		
						Critical current, $I_c$ (A)	Elastic modulus, E (GPa)	Yield strength, $\sigma_y$ (MPa)	Irreversible strain limit, $\epsilon_{irr}$ (%)	Irreversible stress limit, $\sigma_{irr}$ (MPa)
IBAD/RCE-DR	245	189	682	0.70	650	55*	234	1,046	0.60	1,075
ISD/RCE	234	153	944	0.30*	370*	112*	207	1,493	0.44	655
IBAD/MOCVD	110	156	782	0.60	790	138	226	1,420	0.50*	1,214*

\*  $I_c$  was measured at 2mm width bridge introduced on the 4 mm CC tapes. \* 95%  $I_{c0}$  retention criterion was used. ( $\epsilon_{ret}$ ,  $\sigma_{ret}$ )

## Conclusions

- All samples showed a significant increase in elastic modulus, yield strength, and irreversible stress limit, due to the hardening effect at low-temperatures.
- RCE-DR CC tapes showed superior irreversible strain limit at 35 K and 2 T, and MOCVD CC tape exhibited the greatest irreversible stress limit at 35 K and 4 T.
- ISD/RCE CC tape showed a behavior that the irreversible limit values enhanced as test conditions were changed from 77 K and a self-field to 35 K and 2 T.
- All practical CC tape samples exhibited critical values exceeding the irreversible strain/stress limits required for offshore wind power coil applications.